

BRENDAN TECHNOLOGIES INC
Form 10QSB
February 14, 2007

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

(Mark One)

Quarterly Report Under Section 13 Or 15(d) Of The Securities Exchange Act Of 1934

For quarterly period ended **December 31, 2006**

Transition Report Under Section 13 Or 15(d) Of The Securities Exchange Act Of 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 0-17493

BRENDAN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

NEVADA

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

88-0237223

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

2236 Rutherford Road, Suite 107

Carlsbad, California 92008

(Address of principal executive offices)

Issuer's telephone number **(760) 929-7500**

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. **Yes x No o**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes o No x

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date:

Common Stock, \$.004995 par value
(Class)

23,705,594
Outstanding at February 14, 2007

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (Check one): Yes **No x**

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* No information provided due to inapplicability of the item.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**Item 1. Financial Statements**

**Brendan
Technologies,
Inc.
Condensed
Consolidated
Balance
Sheets**

	December 31, 2006 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2006
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 315,313	\$ 149,512
Accounts receivable, net	62,290	56,107
Prepaid expenses	1,357	301
Total current assets	378,960	205,920
Property and equipment, net	81,920	72,740
Other assets	100,424	8,190
	\$ 561,304	\$ 286,850
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Current liabilities:		
Notes payable in default	\$ 130,000	\$ 255,000
Accrued interest in default	86,630	78,217
Accounts payable	52,884	161,430
Accrued wages and vacation	833,268	772,030
Accrued interest	458,490	414,959
Deferred revenue	99,118	77,651
Current portion of lease obligations	7,073	6,442
Total current liabilities	1,667,463	1,765,729
Long term portion of lease obligations	7,293	10,996
8% Convertible debentures net of debt discount	938,084	23,002
8% Convertible debentures net of debt discount - related parties	110,585	83,652

Stockholders' deficit

Preferred stock, \$.004995 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized: none outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$.004995 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized: 23,705,594 and 25,498,794 issued and outstanding at December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2006, respectively	118,409	127,366
Additional paid in capital	4,925,880	4,517,814
Accumulated deficit	(7,206,410)	(6,241,709)
Total stockholders' deficit	(2,162,121)	(1,596,529)
	\$ 561,304	\$ 286,850

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Brendan
Technologies,
Inc.
Condensed
Consolidated
Statements of
Operation
(Unaudited)**

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Revenue	\$ 135,253	\$ 111,806	\$ 222,648	\$ 221,648
Selling expenses	24,756	25,594	47,961	51,863
General and administrative expenses	565,225	272,738	966,284	514,887
	589,981	298,332	1,014,245	566,750
Loss from operations	(454,728)	(186,526)	(791,597)	(345,102)
Other expense				
Interest expense	(104,101)	(64,019)	(173,104)	(147,741)
Loss before provision for income taxes	(558,829)	(250,545)	(964,701)	(492,843)
Provision for income taxes	-	-	-	-
Net loss	\$ (558,829)	\$ (250,545)	\$ (964,701)	\$ (492,843)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.10)
Basic and diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	23,705,594	5,205,667	23,715,340	4,962,213

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Conversion of Brendan notes payable into common stock				
Conversion of Brendan accrued interest into common stock	\$	-	\$	961,226
Issuance of common stock in payment of accounts payable	\$	-	\$	35,000

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

BRENDAN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 - Business

Nature of Business

Brendan Technologies, Inc., a Nevada corporation (the “**Company**”, “**we**” or “**Brendan**”) provides software solutions to improve the accuracy, quality control, workflow, and regulatory compliance of immunoassay testing in laboratories in the biopharmaceutical, clinical, research, veterinarian and agricultural industries.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and the Company’s wholly owned subsidiary, Brendan Technologies, Inc., a Michigan corporation. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. All material inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal and recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and the results of operations for the periods presented have been included. Operating results for the three and six month periods ended December 31, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007. For further information, refer to the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Brendan Technologies, Inc. Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On July 13, 2006, FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes — an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 (“FIN 48”) was issued. The provisions of FIN 48 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise’s financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. It also prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of FIN 48 on its results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

In September 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements (“SAB No. 108”), which provides interpretive guidance on the consideration of the effects of prior year misstatements in quantifying current year misstatements for the purpose of a materiality assessment. SAB No. 108 requires registrants to quantify misstatements using both the balance sheet and income statement approaches and to evaluate whether either approach results in quantifying an error that is material based on relevant quantitative and qualitative factors. The guidance is effective for the first fiscal period ending after November 15, 2006. Upon adoption the Company does not expect SAB No. 108 to have a material effect on its results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

Note 2- Going Concern

Going Concern

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. However, during the six months ended December 31, 2006 and the year ended June 30, 2006, the Company incurred net losses of \$964,701 and \$845,393,

respectively, and had an accumulated deficit of \$7,206,410 and \$6,241,709, at December 31 and June 30, 2006, respectively. In addition, as of December 31, 2006, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$1,288,503 and is in default on \$216,630 of debt and interest. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate profitable operations in the future and/or to obtain the necessary financing to meet its obligations and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations when they come due. The outcome of these matters cannot be predicted with any certainty at this time and as such raise substantial doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Since inception, the Company has satisfied its capital needs through debt and equity financings and expects to fund the Company from these sources until profitability is achieved. There can be no assurance that funds will be available at terms favorable to the Company or that future profitability can be achieved. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

BRENDAN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)**Management's Plans

Management's plans to eliminate the going concern situation include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Obtain additional equity or debt financing from investors.
- Increase revenue from the sale of its software. The Company is anticipating to release an upgraded version of its software during the next twelve months that will address customer enterprise level requirements.
- If necessary, the Company will initiate cost cutting programs that would reduce cash requirements.

Note 3 - Loss Per Share

The Company utilizes SFAS No. 128, "Earnings per Share." Basic loss per share is computed by dividing loss available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted loss per share is computed similar to basic loss per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potential common shares had been issued and if the additional common shares were dilutive. Common equivalent shares are excluded from the computation if their effect is anti-dilutive.

For the six months ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, the following common equivalent shares were excluded from the computation of loss per share since their effects are anti-dilutive.

	December 31,	
	2006	2005 (Post-merger)
Options	4,635,000	3,840,000
Warrants	6,060,667	54,000
Total	10,695,667	3,894,000

BRENDAN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)**Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 4- Notes Payable In Default

Notes payable in default consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2006	June 30, 2006
Two unsecured, senior subordinated notes payable, due on various dates on or before September 2004, bearing interest at 8% per annum.	\$ 130,000	\$ 130,000
Unsecured, note payable for \$125,000, with interest at a rate of 12% per annum.	-	125,000
	\$ 130,000	\$ 255,000

The above notes which were not converted as part of the reverse merger remain in default.

Note 5- 8% Convertible Debentures

Overview. During the period of June 20, 2006 through December 31, 2006, we sold an aggregate of \$1,350,000 of 8% convertible debentures to a group of thirteen individual investors, two of which are affiliates of the Company, and one institutional investor. Subsequent to December 31, 2006, we sold an additional aggregate of \$342,500 of 8% convertible debentures to a group of nine individual investors. The convertible debentures entitle the debenture holder to convert the principal into our common stock for two years from the date of closing. Interest on the debentures is payable quarterly in cash. In accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force Issue 98-5, Accounting for Convertible Securities with a Beneficial Conversion Features or Contingently Adjustable Conversion Ratios ("EITF 98-5"), the Company recognized an embedded beneficial conversion feature present in the Convertible Note. The Company allocated a portion of the proceeds equal to the intrinsic value of that feature to additional paid-in capital and recorded a corresponding discount against the carrying value of the Convertible Notes. The Company valued the warrants in accordance with EITF 00-27 using the Black-Scholes pricing model and the following assumptions: contractual terms of from 1 to 5 years, an average risk free interest rate of 4.57% to 5.20%, a dividend yield of 0%, and volatility of 39% to 43%. The debt discount attributed to the beneficial conversion feature and value of the warrants issued are amortized over the term of the Convertible Note (2 years) as interest expense. If the debenture is converted to common stock previous to its maturity date, any debt discount not previously amortized is expensed to non-cash interest at the time of the conversion.

Number of Shares Debentures May Be Converted Into. The debentures can be converted into a number of our common shares at a conversion price equal to \$0.50 per share.

Warrants. Concurrent with the issuance of the convertible debentures, we issued to the debenture holders warrants to purchase shares of our common stock. These warrants are exercisable for one to five years from the date of issuance at

exercise prices ranging from \$0.60 to \$1.00 per share.

Right of First Refusal. The debenture holders have a right of first refusal to purchase or participate in any equity securities offered by us in any private transaction which closes on or prior to the date that is two years after the issue date of each debenture.

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BRENDAN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)**

Registration Rights. We are responsible for registering the resale of the shares of our common stock which will be issued on the conversion of the debentures.

Restrictions on Use of Funds. We may not pay any cash dividends without the debenture holders prior written approval.

The following table presents the status, as of December 31 and June 30, 2006, of our convertible debentures:

	December 31, 2006	As of	June 30, 2006
Convertible debentures issued	\$ 1,350,000	\$	125,000
Less debt discount	(301,331)		(18,346)
	1,048,669		106,654
Less current portion	-		-
Long term portion	\$ 1,048,669	\$	106,654
Issued to related parties	\$ 110,585	\$	83,652
Maturity dates of outstanding convertible debentures			
Year Ending			
June 30, 2007	\$ -	\$	-
June 30, 2008	125,000		125,000
June 30, 2009	1,225,000		-
	\$ 1,350,000	\$	125,000

Note 6- Shareholder's Deficit**Common Stock**

The Company has authorized 50,000,000 shares of common stock at \$.004995 par value.

	Common Shares	Dollars
Balance July 1, 2006	25,498,794	\$ 4,645,180
Cancellation of shares	(1,793,200)	-
Warrant valuation related to financing costs	-	19,655
Non cash issuance of stock options	-	46,278
Non cash debt discount on issuance of 8% convertible debentures, net of amortization	-	333,176
Balance December 31, 2006	23,705,594	\$ 5,044,289

BRENDAN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

During the six months ended December 31, 2006, the Company cancelled 1,793,200 shares reserved for issuance to an individual as a result of a 1999 agreement with an investment banking firm in which the individual was a principal. The individual was obligated to use his best efforts to secure private placement financings and the investment banking firm was to underwrite an initial public offering for the Company. The Company determined that due to performance the individual was not entitled to these shares.

Warrants

During the six months ended December 31, 2006, the Company issued warrants exercisable into up to 4,900,000 shares of common stock to investors as part of the issuance of 8% convertible debentures. In addition, the Company issued a warrant for the purchase of up to 200,000 shares to one individual who assisted the Company in raising funds and a warrant for the purchase of up to 240,000 shares to one individual who is providing investor relations services to the Company. The Company estimated the fair value of the warrants at the issuance date by using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions used for the six months ended December 31, 2006: dividend yield of zero percent; expected volatility of 39% to 43%; risk free interest rate of 4.57% to 5.20%; and expected lives of 1 to 5 years.

In August 2005, Brendan issued a warrant exercisable, after giving effect to the reverse merger on December 29, 2005, into 54,000 shares of the Company's stock at an exercise price of \$.75 per share with an expiration date of five years from the date of grant. The Company estimated the fair value of the warrant at the issuance date by using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions used for the six months ended December 31, 2005: dividend yield of zero percent; expected volatility of 100%; risk free interest rate of 4.08%; and expected life of 5 years. The valuation of the warrant, \$7,407, was recorded as a stock offering cost.

As of December 31, 2006, 6,060,667 warrants are outstanding at prices ranging from \$0.60 to \$6.00 per share with expiration dates ranging from 2007 to 2011. Included in the warrants outstanding are 166,667 warrants remaining from the predecessor's obligations transferred to the Company.

Stock Option Plan

In April 2006 we adopted a Stock Option Plan, which we refer to as the "Plan," which provides for the grant of stock options intended to qualify as "incentive stock options" and "nonqualified stock options" (collectively "stock options") within the meaning of Section 422 of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). Stock options may be issued to any of our officers, directors, key employees or consultants.

Under the Plan, we have reserved 7.5 million shares underlying stock options for issuance to executive officers, employees and consultants of the Company. The Plan is administered by the full Board of Directors, who determine which individuals shall receive stock options, the time period during which the stock options may be exercised, the number of shares of common stock that may be purchased under each stock option and the stock option price.

During the six months ended December 31, 2006, the Company issued stock options exercisable into up to 310,000 shares of common stock to employees and a director of the Company. The Company estimated the fair value of the stock options at the date of grant by using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions used for the six months ended December 31, 2006: dividend yield of zero percent; expected volatility of 39% to 43%; risk free interest rate of 4.62% to 4.78%; and expected lives of 5 years. During the six months ended December 31, 2006, a stock option that would have been exercisable into up to 297,334 shares expired. The stock

option had been issued from the predecessor's stock option plan.

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BRENDAN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

As of December 31, 2006, 4,635,000 options are outstanding at prices ranging from \$0.025 to \$4.87 per share with expiration dates ranging from 2009 to 2011. Included in the options outstanding are 25,000 options remaining from the predecessor's stock option plan.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION.

THE FOLLOWING DISCUSSION INCLUDES FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS WITH RESPECT TO OUR FUTURE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE. ACTUAL RESULTS MAY DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE CURRENTLY ANTICIPATED AND FROM HISTORICAL RESULTS DEPENDING UPON A VARIETY OF FACTORS, INCLUDING THOSE DESCRIBED BELOW UNDER THE SUB-HEADING, "RISK FACTORS." SEE ALSO OUR ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-KSB FOR OUR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities.

On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to our product returns, bad debts, intangible assets, long-lived assets and contingencies and litigation. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

We have identified three accounting policies that we believe are key to an understanding of our financial statements. These important accounting policies require management's most difficult, subjective judgments.

1. Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenues related to software licenses and software maintenance in accordance with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("AICPA") Statements of Position ("SOP") No. 97-2, "Software Revenue Recognition," as amended by SOP No. 94-4 and SOP No. 98-9. We follow the guidance established by the SEC in Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, as well as generally accepted criteria for revenue recognition, which require that, before revenue is recorded, there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, the fee is fixed or determinable, collection is reasonably assured, and delivery to our customer has occurred. In addition, our invoices may include multiple elements that identify vendor specific objective evidence of fair value for each of those elements. The Company recognizes revenue as follows:

Software- our software is sold with an indefinite license period, and as such, product revenue is recorded at the time of the customer's acceptance (generally 30 days after shipment which allows for a 30 day return guarantee if the customer is not satisfied with the product), net of estimated allowances and returns.

Post-contract customer support- ("PCS") obligations are generally for annual services and are recognized over the period of service. Revenues for which payment has been received are treated as deferred revenue until services are provided and revenues have been earned.

Training and service calls- recognized at the time training or service calls are provided.

Royalties- we recognize revenue from royalties only after the cash has been collected (typically 30 days after the end of the quarter on which the royalty payment is based.)

Licensing- we also derive license revenue from fees for the transfer of proven and reusable intellectual property components. Generally, these payments will include a nonrefundable technology license fee, which will be payable upon the transfer of intellectual property. License fees will be recognized upon the execution of the license agreement

and transfer of intellectual property provided no further significant performance obligations exist and collectibility is deemed probable.

Customization revenue- fees related to software service contracts to aid customers in adapting such intellectual property to their particular instruments, which will be performed on a best efforts basis and for which we will receive periodic milestone payments, will be recognized as revenue over the estimated development period, using a cost-based percentage of completion method.

2. Debt Discount

In determining the accounting treatment to be used for our convertible debentures and associated stock warrants we relied upon Emerging Issues Task Force Issue (EITFI) 98-5 "Accounting for Convertible Securities with Beneficial Conversion Features or Contingently Adjustable Conversion Ratios" and EITFI 00-27 "Application of Issue No. 98-5 to Certain Convertible Securities." We issue warrants as part of our convertible debentures and other financings. We value the warrants using the Black-Scholes pricing model based on expected fair value at issuance and the estimated fair value and any beneficial conversion feature expense is recorded as debt discount. The debt discount is amortized to non-cash interest over the life of the debenture assuming the debenture will be held to maturity which is normally 2 years. If the debenture is converted to common stock previous to its maturity date, any debt discount not previously amortized is expensed to non-cash interest at the time of the conversion.

3. Going Concern

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. However, during the six months ended December 31, 2006 and the year ended June 30, 2006, the Company incurred net losses of \$964,701 and \$845,393, respectively, and had an accumulated deficit of \$7,206,410 and \$6,241,709, at December 31 and June 30, 2006, respectively. In addition, as of December 31, 2006, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$1,288,503 and is in default on \$216,630 of debt and interest. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate profitable operations in the future and/or to obtain the necessary financing to meet its obligations and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations when they come due. The outcome of these matters cannot be predicted with any certainty at this time and as such raise substantial doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Since inception, the Company has satisfied its capital needs through debt and equity financings and expects to fund the Company from these sources until profitability is achieved. There can be no assurance that funds will be available at terms favorable to the Company or that future profitability can be achieved.

Results of Operations

On December 29, 2005, the Company completed the acquisition of substantially all the assets of Brendan Sub pursuant to a Merger Agreement and completed the disposition of substantially all the assets of Omni-Washington and Butler pursuant to a Stock Purchase Agreement. As a result of these transactions and the issuance of common stock to the shareholders, noteholders and individuals who assisted in the merger, Brendan Sub, a now wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, became the accounting acquirer and the transaction was accounted for as a reverse merger acquisition.

As a result of Brendan Sub being the accounting acquirer and the post acquisition financial statements being the historical statements of Brendan Sub, the fiscal year end of Brendan Sub was changed from December 31 to June 30. The Company's transition period was the six months ended June 30, 2005.

Three Months Ended December 31, 2006 Compared to Three Months Ended December 31, 2005

Selected Financial Information

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Increase	
	2006	2005	(Decrease)	%
Statements of Operations				
Revenues	\$ 135,253	\$ 111,806	\$ 23,447	21.0%
Selling expenses	24,756	25,594	(838)	-3.3%
General and administrative expenses	565,225	272,738	292,487	107.2%
Interest expense	104,101	64,019	40,082	-62.6%
Total expenses	694,082	362,351	331,731	91.5%
Net (loss)	\$ (558,829)	\$ (250,545)	\$ 308,284	123.0%
Net (loss) per basic and diluted share	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.03)	-60.0%

Revenues

Revenues for the quarter ended December 31, 2006 increased \$23,447, 21.0%, to \$135,253 compared to \$111,806 for the quarter ended December 31, 2005. The primary reason for the revenue increase was approximately \$16,000 increase in maintenance and support plus approximately \$11,000 increase in training revenues. We anticipate that revenue will decline for the next several quarters as our customers are anticipating the release of our upgraded version of the StatLIA software to an enterprise level during the first half of calendar year 2007.

Selling Expenses

Selling expenses decreased by \$838, a 3.3% decrease, to \$24,756 for the three months ended December 31, 2006 from \$25,594 for the three months ended December 31, 2005. This decrease was primarily due to a reduction in commission expense for the three months ended December 31, 2006 related to the customer validation.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses increased by \$292,487, a 107.2% increase, to \$565,225 for the quarter ended December 31, 2006 from \$272,738 for the quarter ended December 31, 2005. The primary reasons for the increase were approximately \$38,000 increase in expenses related to investor relations, \$11,000 increase in expenses related to becoming a public company, \$28,000 increase in non-cash compensation as a result of expensing employee stock options, and \$208,000 related to an increase in personnel and infrastructure related to upgrading our StatLIA software to an enterprise version.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased by \$40,082, a 62.6% increase, to \$104,101 for the quarter ended December 31, 2006 from \$64,019 for the quarter ended December 31, 2005. The primary reason for the increase was the increase in interest related to the issuance of 8% convertible debentures partially offset by the conversion of notes payable into common stock of Omni in December 2005.

Six Months Ended December 31, 2006 Compared to Six Months Ended December 31, 2005

Selected Financial Information

	Six Months Ended December 31,		Increase	
	2006	2005	(Decrease)	%
Statements of Operations				
Revenues	\$ 222,648	\$ 221,648	\$ 1,000	0.5%
Selling expenses	47,961	51,863	(3,902)	-7.5%
General and administrative expenses	966,284	514,887	451,397	87.7%
Interest expense	173,104	147,741	25,363	-17.2%
Total expenses	1,187,349	714,491	472,858	66.2%
Net (loss)	\$ (964,701)	\$ (492,843)	\$ 471,858	95.7%
Net (loss) per basic and diluted share	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.06)	-60.0%

Revenues

Revenues for the six months ended December 31, 2006 remained stable at \$222,648 compared to \$221,648 for the six months ended December 31, 2005. We anticipate that revenue will decline for the next quarter as our customers are anticipating the release of our upgraded version of the StatLIA software to an enterprise level during the first half of calendar year 2007.

Selling Expenses

Selling expenses decreased by \$3,902, a 7.5% decrease, to \$47,961 for the six months ended December 31, 2006 from \$51,863 for the six months ended December 31, 2005. This decrease was primarily due to a reduction in commission expense for the six months ended December 31, 2006 related to customer validation.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses increased by \$451,397, an 87.7% increase, to \$966,284 for the six months ended December 31, 2006 from \$514,887 for the six months ended December 31, 2005. The primary reasons for the increase were approximately \$39,000 increase in consulting expenses associated with becoming a public company which included the retaining of a chief financial officer, \$15,000 increase in expenses related to becoming a public company, \$46,000 increase in non-cash compensation as a result of expensing employee stock options, and \$306,000 related to an increase in personnel and infrastructure related to upgrading our StatLIA software to an enterprise version.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased by \$25,363, a 17.2% increase, to \$173,104 for the six months ended December 31, 2006 from \$147,741 for the six months ended December 31, 2005. The primary reason for the increase was the increase in interest related to the issuance of 8% convertible debentures partially offset by the conversion of notes payable into common stock of Omni in December 2005.

Capital Resources

	December 31, 2006	As of June 30, 2006	Increase (Decrease)
Working Capital			
Current assets	\$ 378,960	\$ 205,920	\$ 173,040
Current liabilities	1,667,463	1,765,729	(98,266)
Working capital deficit	\$ (1,288,503)	\$ (1,559,809)	\$ (271,306)
Long-term debt	\$ 1,055,962	\$ 117,650	\$ 938,312
Stockholders' deficit	\$ (2,162,121)	\$ (1,596,529)	\$ 565,592

	Six Months Ended December 31,		Increase (Decrease)
	2006	2005	
Statements of Cash Flows Select Information			
Net cash provided (used) by:			
Operating activities	\$ (804,297)	\$ (443,667)	\$ 360,630
Investing activities	\$ (26,830)	\$ (17,136)	\$ 9,694
Financing activities	\$ 996,928	\$ 482,980	\$ 513,948

	December 31, 2006	As of June 30, 2006	Increase (Decrease)
Balance Sheet Select Information			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 315,313	\$ 149,512	\$ 165,801
Accounts receivable	\$ 62,290	\$ 56,107	\$ 6,183
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,344,642	\$ 1,348,419	\$ (3,777)

Liquidity

Brendan has historically financed its operations through debt and equity financings. At December 31, 2006, we had cash holdings of \$315,313, an increase of \$165,801 compared to June 30, 2006. Our net working capital deficit at December 31, 2006, was \$1,208,503 compared to \$1,559,809 as of June 30, 2006.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. However, during the six months ended December 31, 2006 and the year ended June 30, 2006, the Company incurred net losses of \$964,701 and \$845,393, respectively, and had an accumulated deficit of \$7,206,410 and \$6,241,709, at December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2006, respectively. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate profitable operations in the future and/or to obtain the necessary financing to meet its obligations and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations when they come due. The outcome of these matters cannot be predicted with any certainty at this time. Since inception, the Company has satisfied its capital needs through debt and equity financings. During the six months ended December 31, 2006, the Company issued \$1,125,000 of 8% convertible debentures, net of costs amounting to \$100,000.

Management plans to continue to provide for its capital needs during the twelve months ending December 31, 2007, by increasing sales through the continued development of its products and by debt and/or equity financings. These financial statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that may be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On July 13, 2006, FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes — an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 (“FIN 48”) was issued. The provisions of FIN 48 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise’s financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. It also prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of FIN 48 on its results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

In September 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements (“SAB No. 108”), which provides interpretive guidance on the consideration of the effects of prior year misstatements in quantifying current year misstatements for the purpose of a materiality assessment. SAB No. 108 requires registrants to quantify misstatements using both the balance sheet and income statement approaches and to evaluate whether either approach results in quantifying an error that is material based on relevant quantitative and qualitative factors. The guidance is effective for the first fiscal period ending after November 15, 2006. Upon adoption the Company does not expect SAB No. 108 to have a material effect on its results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

- (a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures. Our Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, after evaluating the effectiveness of our "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB (the "Evaluation Date"), have concluded that as of the Evaluation Date, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to provide reasonable assurance that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.
- (b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting. There were no significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that materially affected, or were reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 2. RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

During the period of October 1, 2006 through January 24, 2007, the Company sold to and received cash from a group of investors 8% Convertible Debentures for an aggregate \$567,500 and common stock purchase warrants to purchase up to 2,270,000 common shares. In addition, the Company issued warrants to two individuals for services provided to purchase up to 280,000 common shares.

8% Convertible Debentures

Debenture holder	Issuance Date of Debenture	Amount of Debenture	Number of Shares May Be Converted Into	Maturity Date of Debenture
Tim Flowers	12/18/2006	\$ 10,000	20,000	12/18/2008
Steven Pratt	12/18/2006	\$ 10,000	20,000	12/18/2008
Donald Opperman	12/18/2006	\$ 10,000	20,000	12/18/2008
Mitchell Luedloff	12/18/2006	\$ 10,000	20,000	12/18/2008
Nazeah Aladray	12/18/2006	\$ 10,000	20,000	12/18/2008
James and Josephine Zolin	12/18/2006	\$ 25,000	50,000	12/18/2008
Lowell Giffhorn	12/18/2006	\$ 50,000	100,000	12/18/2008
Victor Gabourel	12/18/2006	\$ 50,000	100,000	12/18/2008
Anthony Wayne Opperman	12/18/2006	\$ 50,000	100,000	12/18/2008
Jesse Giffhorn	1/2/2007	\$ 12,500	25,000	1/2/2009
Todd Flannery	1/10/2007	\$ 50,000	100,000	1/10/2009
Jason Neilitz	1/10/2007	\$ 75,000	150,000	1/10/2009
Doug Kincaid Jr.	1/10/2007	\$ 75,000	150,000	1/10/2009
Adnan Aladray	1/15/2007	\$ 20,000	40,000	1/15/2009
James and Josephine Zolin	1/24/2007	\$ 10,000	20,000	1/24/2009
Jerome Chrobak	1/24/2007	\$ 25,000	50,000	1/24/2009
Bruce Belz, Trustee Belz Family Trust	1/24/2007	\$ 25,000	50,000	1/24/2009
Victor Gabourel	1/24/2007	\$ 50,000	100,000	1/24/2009

Common Stock Purchase Warrants

Name	Date of Issuance	Number of Shares	Exercise Price	Expiration Date	
Dian Griesel	10/1/2006	240,000	\$ 0.60	10/1/2011	Services
Lowell Giffhorn	12/18/2006	100,000	\$ 0.60	12/18/2011	Debenture
James and Josephine Zolin	12/18/2006	50,000	\$ 0.60	12/18/2011	Debenture
Victor Gabourel	12/18/2006	100,000	\$ 0.60	12/18/2011	Debenture
Anthony Wayne Opperman	12/18/2006	100,000	\$ 0.60	12/18/2011	Debenture
Tim Flowers	12/18/2006	20,000	\$ 0.60	12/18/2011	Debenture
Steven Pratt	12/18/2006	20,000	\$ 0.60	12/18/2011	Debenture
Donald Opperman	12/18/2006	20,000	\$ 0.60	12/18/2011	Debenture
Mitchell Luedloff	12/18/2006	20,000	\$ 0.60	12/18/2011	Debenture
Nazeah Aladray	12/18/2006	20,000	\$ 0.60	12/18/2011	Debenture
Lowell Giffhorn	12/18/2006	100,000	\$ 1.00	12/18/2007	Debenture
James and Josephine Zolin	12/18/2006	50,000	\$ 1.00	12/18/2007	Debenture
Victor Gabourel	12/18/2006	100,000	\$ 1.00	12/18/2007	Debenture
Anthony Wayne Opperman	12/18/2006	100,000	\$ 1.00	12/18/2007	Debenture
Tim Flowers	12/18/2006	20,000	\$ 1.00	12/18/2007	Debenture
Steven Pratt	12/18/2006	20,000	\$ 1.00	12/18/2007	Debenture
Donald Opperman	12/18/2006	20,000	\$ 1.00	12/18/2007	Debenture
Mitchell Luedloff	12/18/2006	20,000	\$ 1.00	12/18/2007	Debenture
Nazeah Aladray	12/18/2006	20,000	\$ 1.00	12/18/2007	Debenture
Jesse Giffhorn	1/2/2007	25,000	\$ 0.60	1/2/2012	Debenture
Jesse Giffhorn	1/2/2007	25,000	\$ 1.00	1/2/2008	Debenture
Jason Neilitz	1/10/2007	150,000	\$ 0.60	1/10/2012	Debenture
Doug Kincaid Jr.	1/10/2007	150,000	\$ 0.60	1/10/2012	Debenture
Todd Flannery	1/10/2007	100,000	\$ 0.60	1/10/2012	Debenture
Michael Morrisett	1/10/2007	40,000	\$ 0.60	1/10/2008	Services
Jason Neilitz	1/10/2007	150,000	\$ 1.00	1/10/2008	Debenture
Doug Kincaid Jr.	1/10/2007	150,000	\$ 1.00	1/10/2008	Debenture
Todd Flannery	1/10/2007	100,000	\$ 1.00	1/10/2008	Debenture
Adnan Aladray	1/15/2007	40,000	\$ 0.60	1/15/2012	Debenture
Adnan Aladray	1/15/2007	40,000	\$ 1.00	1/15/2008	Debenture
James and Josephine Zolin	1/24/2007	20,000	\$ 0.60	1/24/2012	Debenture
Victor Gabourel	1/24/2007	100,000	\$ 0.60	1/24/2012	Debenture
Jerome Chrobak	1/24/2007	50,000	\$ 0.60	1/24/2012	Debenture
Bruce Belz, Trustee Belz Family Trust	1/24/2007	50,000	\$ 0.60	1/24/2012	Debenture
James and Josephine Zolin	1/24/2007	20,000	\$ 1.00	1/24/2008	Debenture
Victor Gabourel	1/24/2007	100,000	\$ 1.00	1/24/2008	Debenture
Jerome Chrobak	1/24/2007	50,000	\$ 1.00	1/24/2008	Debenture
Bruce Belz, Trustee Belz Family Trust	1/24/2007	50,000	\$ 1.00	1/24/2008	Debenture

With respect to the above securities issuances, the Registrant relied on exemptions provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and Rule 506 under the Securities Act. No advertising or general solicitation was employed in offering the securities. The securities were issued to a limited number of persons all of whom were accredited investors as that term is defined in Rule 501 of Regulation D under the Securities Act. All were capable of analyzing the merits and risks of their investment, acknowledged in writing that they were

acquiring the securities for investment and not with a view toward distribution or resale, and understood the speculative nature of their investment. All securities issued contained a restrictive legend prohibiting transfer of the shares except in accordance with federal securities laws.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.

(a) Exhibits -

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Title</u>
31.1	302 Certification of John R. Dunn II, Chief Executive Officer
31.2	302 Certification of Lowell W. Giffhorn, Chief Financial Officer
32.1	906 Certification of John R. Dunn II, Chief Executive Officer
32.2	906 Certification of Lowell W. Giffhorn, Chief Financial Officer

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BRENDAN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
a Nevada corporation

Date: February 14, 2007

By: /s/ JOHN R. DUNN II

John R. Dunn II
Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive and duly authorized
to sign on behalf of the Registrant)