

Wi-Tron, Inc.
Form 10QSB
August 20, 2007

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-QSB

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED June 30, 2007.

☐ TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934.

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM _____ TO _____

Commission File Number 0-21931

WI-TRON, INC.

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

22-3440510
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

59 LaGrange Street
Raritan, New Jersey 08869
(Address of principal executive offices)

(908) 253-6870
(Issuer's telephone number)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes ☐ No ☒

The number of shares outstanding of the Issuer's Common Stock, \$.0001 Par Value, as of August 13, 2007 was 50,028,293.

Transitional Small Business Format (check one); Yes ☐ No ☒

WI-TRON, INC.
FORM 10-QSB
SIX MONTHS ENDED June 30, 2007

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 Financial Statements (Unaudited):

Balance Sheets	1-2
Statements of Operations	3
Statements of Cash Flows	4
Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Deficiency	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6-10

Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations 11-16

Item 3. Controls and Procedures 16-17

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings 18

Item 2. Change in Securities 18

Signatures 19

Exhibit 31.1 20

Exhibit 31.2 21

Exhibit 32.1 22

Exhibit 32.2 23

The following unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations, although the company believes that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information not misleading.

It is suggested that these condensed financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto included in the company's latest shareholders' annual report (Form 10-KSB).

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

**WI-TRON, INC.
BALANCE SHEETS**

	(Unaudited) June 30 2007	Reclassified for comparability to current period December 31 2006
ASSETS - Pledged		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$10,000 and \$702 in 2007 and 2006, respectively	398	25,077
Inventories	84,407	94,587
Total current assets	84,805	119,664
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - AT COST		
Machinery and equipment	587,276	587,276
Furniture and fixtures	43,750	43,750
Leasehold improvements	8,141	8,141
	639,167	639,167
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(627,801)	(625,635)
	11,366	13,532
SECURITY DEPOSITS AND OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS	5,500	5,500
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 101,671	\$ 138,696

Note: The balance sheet at December 31, 2006 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

WI-TRON, INC.
BALANCE SHEETS

	(Unaudited) June 30 2007	Reclassified for comparability to current period December 31, 2006
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Overdraft	\$ 37,419	\$ 36,140
Secured note payable in connection with Phoenix investor rescinded agreement - payment in default	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000
Accounts payable	199,863	142,064
Notes payable issued in connection with private placement of common stock, including accrued interest of \$34,016 (2007) and \$25,016 (2006)	334,016	325,016
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	176,436	195,575
Delinquent payroll taxes, penalties & interest	154,381	1,822
Loans payable to Tek, Ltd.	551,257	114,136
Loans payable - officers	149,600	150,100
Total current liabilities, representing total liabilities	1,612,972	974,853
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY		
Convertible Preferred stock, Series C authorized 5,000,000 shares of \$.0001 par value; NIL and 131,000 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively, with a liquidation preference of \$2	-	13
Common stock - authorized, 100,000,000 shares of \$.0001 par value; shares 50,028,293 and 36,928,293 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively -- Note C	5,003	3,694
Additional paid-in capital	26,002,776	25,999,095
Accumulated deficit	(27,519,080)	(26,838,959)
	(1,511,301)	(836,157)
	\$ 101,671	\$ 138,696

Note: The balance sheet at December 31, 2006 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

WI-TRON, INC.
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)
Six Months Ended June 30

	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Net sales	\$ 42,200	\$ 77,375	\$ 56,224	\$ 117,529
Cost of goods sold	101,330	157,383	145,166	222,906
Gross profit (loss)	(59,130)	(80,008)	(88,942)	(105,377)
Operating expenses				
Selling, general and administrative	111,688	223,859	261,553	414,301
Research, engineering and development	110,819	87,531	284,159	176,342
Total operating expenses	222,507	311,390	545,712	590,643
Operating loss	(281,637)	(391,398)	(634,654)	(696,020)
Nonoperating income (expenses)				
Interest income and other income	-	-	-	3,292
Interest expense	(4,500)	(4,500)	(9,000)	(9,000)
Tax penalties and interest	(25,309)	(13,325)	(35,947)	(26,152)
Loss before income taxes.	(311,446)	(409,223)	(679,601)	(727,880)
Provision for income taxes	-	125	520	625
NET LOSS.	\$ (311,446)	\$ (409,348)	\$ (680,121)	\$ (728,505)
Net loss per share - basic and diluted	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.03)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	50,028,293	31,929,946	49,232,160	28,519,857

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

WI-TRON, INC.
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)
Six Months Ended June 30

	Six Months Ended June 30	
	2007	2006
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net Loss	\$ (680,121)	\$ (728,505)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	2,166	1,747
Provision for doubtful accounts	9,000	(2,878)
Amortization of share-based compensation	4,978	
Salaries deferred, added to officer loans	-	3,942
Interest accrued on notes payable - private placement	9,000	600
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	15,680	2,498
Inventories	10,180	(42,532)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	-	
Customer advances	-	22,008
Accounts payable and accrued expense	38,658	(18,125)
Delinquent payroll taxes payable	152,559	64,364
Total adjustments	242,221	(12,392)
Net cash (used) for operating activities	(437,900)	(740,897)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Change in overdraft	1,279	-
Loans from Tek, Ltd.	437,121	-
Repayment of officers' loans	(500)	(5,700)
Proceeds from convertible notes received directly in cash pursuant to Lee financing agreement	-	194,745
Partial payment of Phoenix secured promissory note (Note H)	-	(10,000)
Proceeds from private placement of common stock	-	270,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	437,900	449,045
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	-	(291,852)
Cash at beginning of period	-	122,234
Cash at end of period	\$ NIL	\$ (169,618)
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for: Interest	\$ NIL	\$ NIL
Income taxes	\$ 520	\$ 625

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

WI-TRON, INC.
STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY
Six Months Ended June 30, 2007

	Series C Convertible Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional	Accumulated	Total
	Shares	Par Value	Shares	Par Value	Paid-InCapital	Deficit	
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2006	131,000	\$ 13	36,928,293	\$ 3,694	\$ 25,999,095	\$ (26,838,959)	\$ (836,157)
Net loss for the quarter ended June 30, 2007						(680,121)	(680,121)
Conversion of preferred stock into common stock	(131,000)	(13)	13,100,000	1,309	(1,296)		
Amortization of share based compensation					4,977		4,977
BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2007	-	-	50,028,293	\$ 5,003	\$ 26,002,776	\$ (27,519,080)	\$ (1,511,301)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

WI-TRON, INC.
NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2007

NOTE A - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Wi-Tron, Inc. designs, manufactures and sells state-of-the-art ultra-linear single and multi-channel power amplifiers, cellular base station components, and broadband wireless products to the worldwide wireless telecommunications market.

Recent Developments

On June 29, 2007, the Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Agreement") with Tek Ltd., a New Jersey corporation ("Tek") and John Chase Lee, the sole shareholder of Tek and president and CEO of the Registrant ("Lee").

Pursuant to the Agreement, (a) the Company will form a wholly-owned subsidiary to merge with and into Tek, whereby Tek is the surviving corporation, and (b) the Company will issue 40,000,000 shares of its common stock to the shareholders of Tek in exchange for all of Tek's outstanding stock. Upon completion of the merger, the Company will have 90,528,293 shares of common stock outstanding, with Lee beneficially owning 54,380,632 shares or approximately 60%. The merger was scheduled to close on or about July 15, 2007, and is conditioned upon satisfactory completion of due diligence and other corporate actions. As of the date of this filing, the merger has not been consummated.

NOTE B - UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for financial statements. For further information, refer to the audited financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2006 included in the Company's Form 10-KSB filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 18, 2007.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of (a) results of operations for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, (b) the financial position at June 30, 2007, (c) the statements of cash flows for the six month period ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, and (d) the changes in stockholders' deficiency for the six month period ended June 30, 2007 have been made. The results of operations for the three or six months ended June 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

The Company's financial statements have been presented on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The liquidity of the Company has been adversely affected in recent years by significant losses from operations. As further discussed in Note F, the Company incurred losses of \$680,121 for the six months ended June 30, 2007, its working capital deficiency increased by \$672,978 to a deficiency of \$1,528,167 since the beginning of the fiscal year and has fully depleted its cash reserves. Current liabilities exceed cash and receivables by \$1,612,574 indicating that the Company may have difficulty meeting its financial obligations for the balance of this fiscal year. These factors raise substantial doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Recently, operations have been funded by issuances of restricted common stock to an individual who is a public/investor relations consultant of the Company.

WI-TRON, INC.
NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2007

As further discussed in Note F, management intends to seek additional financing, aggressively market its products, control operating costs and broaden its product base through development and marketing new products. The Company believes that these measures will provide sufficient liquidity for it to conduct current operations as going concern. Accordingly, the financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amount and classification of liabilities or any other adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern in its present form.

Off-balance sheet arrangements

We do not have any transactions, agreements or other contractual arrangements that constitute off balance sheet arrangements.

NOTE C - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

1. Warrants and Options

At June 30, 2007, the following 1,370,000 warrants, remained outstanding:

- (1) 20,000 exercisable at \$1.00 through May 2010
- (2) 600,000 exercisable at \$.20 through August 2009
- (3) 750,000 exercisable at \$.20 through August 2009

At June 30, 2007, the Company had employee stock options outstanding to acquire 2,900,000 shares of common stock at exercise prices of \$0.15 to \$.20 per share.

2. Private Placements of Common Stock and Debt

In August 2005, the Company completed a private placement of common stock and notes payable aggregating 600,000 shares with \$336,000 in cash proceeds as of December 31, 2005. The offering was represented by 6 units at \$56,000 each. Each unit consists of 100,000 shares of common stock and a \$50,000 note payable with interest at 6%. A total of 600,000 shares were issued in this offering for a total of \$36,000. The notes, aggregating \$300,000, are due upon the earlier of the Company completing any financing with gross proceeds in excess of \$1,000,000; or March 1, 2006. Since the Company was unable to repay the notes on March 1, 2006. The Company requested and all of the investors agreed to a 90 day extension on the notes until June 1, 2006 and again through November 2006. The Company issued warrants to purchase an aggregate of 600,000 shares of common stock exercisable at \$.20 per share. These notes remain unpaid at June 30, 2007, and the Company may continue to seek further similar extensions on an ongoing basis. No actions have been taken by the note holders to collect the balance up to and since June 30, 2007 through the date of this filing.

WI-TRON, INC.
NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2007

3. Series C Convertible Preferred Stock

As of December 31, 2006, there were 131,000 shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock outstanding, 125,000 of which were owned by John Lee, the Chief Executive Officer and 6,000 of which were owned by Jessica Lee, the former Chief Financial Officer. Each share of the preferred stock was convertible into 100 shares of common stock (13,100,000 shares of common stock). On January 11, 2007, all of the 131,000 outstanding preferred shares were converted into 13,100,000 shares of common stock.

NOTE D - LOSS PER SHARE

The Company complies with the requirements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, "Earnings per Share" ("SFAS No. 128"). SFAS No. 128 specifies the compilation, presentation and disclosure requirements for earnings per share for entities with publicly held common stock or potential common stock. Net loss per common share - basic and diluted is determined by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of common stock outstanding.

Net loss per common share - diluted does not include potential common shares derived from stock options and warrants (see Note C) because they are antidilutive.

NOTE E - LITIGATION

From time to time, the Company is party to what it believes are routine litigation and proceedings that may be considered as part of the ordinary course of its business. Except for the proceedings noted below, the Company is not aware of any pending litigation or proceedings that could have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

In April 2004, a law firm filed a judgment against the Company in the amount of approximately \$40,000 in connection with non-payment of legal fees owed to it. Inasmuch as this is a perfection of an already recorded liability, management does not believe that the judgment will have a material impact on the financial position of the Company. In March 2005, a settlement was reached whereby the Company made a down payment of \$2,500 and agreed to pay the balance in 24 equal monthly installments of \$1,595.

NOTE F - LIQUIDITY

The Company's financial statements are presented on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has a recent history of significant losses and has incurred losses of \$680,121 and \$728,505 for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Furthermore, we are delinquent in paying Federal and State payroll taxes of which we currently owe \$154,381 including accrued interest and penalties.

WI-TRON, INC.
NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2007

Our financial condition relies on continuing equity investment until, if ever, we are successful in commercializing our new product lines and opening up new geographic regions. During the first six months of 2007 sales revenues were not enough to offset operations, SG&A and R&D expenses. Management believes that the merger with Tek, Ltd. will provide liquidity to sustain operations and continue research and development. There is no assurance that the merger will take place or that if it occurs, that it will provide the necessary working capital to sustain operations without additional sales. Our failure to consummate that merger or to substantially improve our revenues will have serious adverse consequences and, accordingly, there is substantial doubt in our ability to remain in business over the next 12 months. There can be no assurance that any financing will be available to the Company on acceptable terms, or at all. If adequate funds are not available, the Company may be required to delay, scale back or eliminate its research, engineering and development or manufacturing programs or obtain funds through arrangements with partners or others that may require the Company to relinquish rights to certain of its technologies or potential products or other assets. Accordingly, the inability to obtain such financing could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

From time-to-time, we have issued stock, options and warrants to satisfy operating expenses, which provides us with a form of liquidity. Due, in part, to our prior lack of earnings, our current net losses, and our current debt level our success in attracting additional funding has been limited to transactions with accredited investors. In light of the availability of this type of financing, the continued use of our equity for these purposes may be necessary if we are to sustain operations, prior to reaching operating profitability. Equity financings of the type we have been required to pursue are dilutive to our stockholders and may adversely impact the market price for our shares. Furthermore, we have been unable to raise any capital in the manner since 2006 and our operations have been sustained solely by loans from Tek, Ltd.

The Company is working to increase sales of legacy systems while simultaneously developing cutting edge technological designs for near and long term sales growth. The key to long term growth in the wireless industry is anticipating and leading the evolution of power amplifier development. The Company plans to build partnerships and marketing strengths from a series of new design platforms - some of which have already have been developed - in order to expand market opportunities across technologies, frequency bands and power ranges.

NOTE G - OFFICERS LOANS AND OTHER RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

1. Officer Loans and Employment Agreements

As of June 30, 2007, the Company owes \$150,000 to Devendar S. Bains, a former Chief Executive Officer for loans and unpaid salaries. These balances are non-interest bearing, unsecured, and have no fixed maturity date. During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company repaid \$500 to other officers.

WI-TRON, INC.
NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2007

NOTE H - COMMITMENTS AND OTHER COMMENTS

1. Premises leases

On April 22, 2005, concurrent with the closing of the purchase of the building by Tek, Ltd. ("Tek") a company wholly owned by John Lee, the Company entered into a non cancelable operating lease with Tek which commenced on June 1, 2005 and expires on May 31, 2008. Tek is holding a security deposit of \$5,500 in connection with this lease.

The Company is obligated for minimum annual rental payments as follows:

Year ending December 31		
2006	\$	24,000
2007		72,000
2008		30,000
	\$	126,000

Rent expense, including the Company's share of real estate taxes, utilities and other occupancy costs, was \$36,000 and \$34,500 for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

2. Phoenix Opportunity Fund II, L.P.

On January 28, 2004, the Company entered into a Subscription Agreement (the "Agreement") with Phoenix Opportunity Fund II, L.P. ("Phoenix"), to make certain investments in the Company. Due to a dispute among the Parties with respect to the terms of the loan transaction, the Company and Phoenix agreed to rescind their agreement, and the Company agreed to pay Phoenix in settlement, which included a \$40,000 secured promissory note due March 31, 2005, and bearing interest at the rate of eight percent per annum secured by substantially all the assets of the Company. The Company did not make all of the required payments due under the Phoenix rescission agreement, and the Company remains currently delinquent. The balance due on the note at June 30, 2007 was \$10,000. In May 2006, the Company responded to a demand by Phoenix and paid \$10,000 leaving a balance of \$10,000 due as of the date of this filing. As yet, no action has been taken by Phoenix concerning this default.

2. Delinquent Federal and State Payroll Taxes

We are delinquent in paying Federal and State payroll taxes of which we currently owe \$154,381 including accrued interest and penalties.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Certain disclosures in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB include certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the safe harbor protections of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Statements that include words such as "believe," "expect," "should," "intend," "may," "anticipate," "likely," "contingent," "could," "may," "estimate," or other future-oriented statements, are forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our business plans, strategies and objectives, and, in particular, statements referring to our expectations regarding our ability to continue as a going concern, realize improved gross margins, and timely obtain required financing. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ from anticipated results. The forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations and what we believe are reasonable assumptions given our knowledge of the markets; however, our actual performance, results and achievements could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements. Factors, within and beyond our control, that could cause or contribute to such differences include, among others, the following: the success of our capital-raising and cost-cutting efforts, developing and marketing new technology devices, including technological advancements and innovations; consumer receptivity, preferences and availability and affordability; whether a third-party can successfully develop, manufacture and market products that incorporate our technology; political and regulatory environments and general economic and business conditions; the effects of our competition; the success of our operating, marketing and growth initiatives; development and operating costs; the amount and effectiveness of our advertising and promotional efforts; brand awareness; the existence of adverse publicity; changes in business strategies or development plans; quality and experience of our management; availability, terms and deployment of capital; labor and employee benefit costs, as well as those factors in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, particularly the discussions under "Risk Factors" in our 10KSB filed on April 6, 2006. Readers are urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made by us in this report and those detailed from time to time in our reports and filings with the SEC.

Our fiscal year ends on December 31. References to a fiscal year refer to the calendar year in which such fiscal year ends.

The following analysis of our financial condition and results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 should be read in conjunction with the Financial Statements and other information presented elsewhere in this report and in the Company's 10-KSB annual report filed April 6, 2006.

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT WI-TRON

Background: August 2005, the Company, which was formerly known as Amplidyne, Inc., changed its name to Wi-Tron, Inc. and commenced with a reorganization of management. The Chairman of the Board, Mr. John C. Lee brought new management and RF design engineers to help make the Company a global leader in RF amplifier design and sales for wireless telecommunications.

Results of Operations - The Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2006.

Revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2007 declined by \$35,175 from \$77,375 to \$42,200, or 45% compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006. The sales decreases were primarily in amplifiers. The majority of the amplifier sales for the six months ended June 30, 2007 were obtained from the Wireless Local Loop amplifier products to two European customers. Sales of amplifiers were 100% of total sales compared to 100% of total sales for the same period last year.

The Company has continued to develop and refine its amplifier products for the wireless communications market. The company completed the development of its W-CDMA amplifier with DSP control. The sale of this product is initially targeted at Asian markets. To this end product is being submitted to potential customers for evaluation. The company hopes this will turn into production orders and such company is retaining its core production personnel even though the sales of older product are declining

Cost of sales was \$101,330 or 240% of sales compared to \$157,383 or 203% of sales during the same period for 2006. Gross margin for the three months ended June 30, 2007 amounted to a loss of \$(59,130) ((140%)) compared to a loss of \$(80,008) ((103%)), for the three months ended June 30, 2006. The decline in gross margin was principally due to the lowered production while staff levels were maintained in preparation for new product production. The Company is continuing to assess cost reduction and is promoting increased product demand to improve gross margins in 2007.

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased in 2007 by \$112,171 to \$111,688 from \$223,859 in 2006. Expressed as a percentage of sales, the selling, general and administrative expenses were 265% in 2007 and 289% in 2006. The principal factors contributing to the decrease of selling, general and administrative expenses were terminations of consulting relationships.

Research, engineering and development expenses were \$110,819 or 263% of net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$87,531 or 113% of net sales in 2006. In 2007, the principal activity of the business related to the design and production of product for OEM manufacturers, particularly for the W-CDMA with DSP control. The research, engineering and development expenses consist principally of salary cost for engineers and the expenses of equipment purchases specifically for the design and testing of the prototype products. The Company's research and development (R&D) efforts are expected to result in revenues for new product sales beginning in 4th quarter, 2006 and increasing substantially in the future.

Interest income was \$NIL in 2007 and 2006 because we have had no available cash balances to invest.

Interest expense was \$9,000 in 2007 compared to \$9,000 in 2006 and was for accrued interest on other promissory notes issued in connection with a private placement in both periods.

As a result of the foregoing, the Company incurred net losses of \$311,446 or \$0.01 per share for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 compared with net losses of \$409,348 or \$0.01 per share for the same quarter in 2006.

Results of Operations - The Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2006.

Revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2007 declined by \$61,305 from \$117,529 to \$56,224, or 52% compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006.

The majority of the amplifier sales for the six months ended June 30, 2007 were obtained from the Wireless Local Loop amplifier products to major European customers.

The Company has continued to develop and refine its amplifier products for the wireless communications market. Sales and marketing efforts have been focused on Asian markets.

Cost of sales was \$145,166 or nearly 258% of sales compared to \$222,906 or 190% of sales during the same period for 2006. The decline in gross margin was principally due to the lowered production while staff in production was retained in anticipation rotating into new product. The Company is continuing to assess cost reduction and is promoting increased product demand to improve gross margins in 2007.

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased in 2007 by \$(152,748) to \$261,553 from \$414,301, in 2006. Expressed as a percentage of sales, the selling, general and administrative expenses (excluding stock based compensation) were 465% in 2007 and 353% in 2006. The principal factors contributing to the decrease of selling, general and administrative expenses were terminations of consulting relationships.

Research, engineering and development expenses were \$284,159 or 505% of net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$176,342 or 150% in 2006. In 2007, the principal activity of the business related to the design and production of product for OEM manufacturers, particularly for the W-CDMA amplifier. The research, engineering and development expenses consist principally of salary cost for engineers and the expenses of equipment purchases specifically for the design and testing of the prototype products. The Company's research and development efforts are influenced by available funds and the level of effort required by the engineering staff on customer specific projects.

Interest income was \$NIL in 2007 and because we have had no available cash balances to invest.

As a result of the foregoing, the Company incurred net losses of \$680,121 or \$0.01 per share for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared with net losses of \$728,505 or \$0.03 per share for the same period in 2006.

Item 3. Financial Condition - Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity refers to our ability to generate adequate amounts of cash to meet our needs. We have incurred a loss in each year since inception. We expect to incur further losses, that the losses may fluctuate, and that such fluctuations may be substantial. As of June 30, 2007 we had an accumulated deficit of \$27,519,080. Due, in part, to our prior lack of earnings, our current net losses, and our current debt level our success in attracting additional funding has been limited to transactions with accredited investors. In light of the availability of this type of financing, the continued use of our equity for these purposes may be necessary if we are to sustain operations, prior to reaching operating profitability. Equity financings of the type we have been required to pursue are dilutive to our stockholders and may adversely impact the market price for our shares.

As of June 30, 2007, our current liabilities exceeded our cash and receivables by \$1,612,574. Our current ratio was 0.05 to 1.00, but our ratio of accounts receivable to current liabilities was only NIL to 1.00. This indicates that we will have difficulty meeting our obligations as they come due. We are carrying \$84,407 in inventory, of which \$28,392 represents component parts. Based on year to date usage, we are carrying 136 days worth of parts inventory. Because of the lead times in our manufacturing process, we will likely need to replenish many items before we use everything we now have in stock. Accordingly, we will need more cash to replenish our component parts inventory before we are able realize cash from all of our existing inventories.

As of June 30, 2007, we had cash of \$NIL compared to an cash of \$NIL at December 31, 2006. Overall our cash increased by \$NIL during 2007. Our cash used for operating actives was \$437,900. This year we repaid loans of \$500 and deferred salary payments to officer/stockholders of \$NIL. We also received proceeds from private placements of \$-.

Because of our small number of customers and low sales volume, accounts receivable balances and allowances for doubtful accounts do not reflect a consistent relationship to sales. We determine our allowance for doubtful accounts based on a specific customer-by-customer review of collectibility.

Our inventories decreased by \$10,180 to \$84,407 in 2007 compared to \$94,587 at December 31, 2006, a decrease of 11%.

The Company has a lease obligation for its premises requiring minimum monthly payments of approximately \$5,500 to \$6,000 through 2008.

In the past, the officers of the Company have deferred a portion of their salaries or provided loans to the Company to meet short-term liquidity requirements. Where possible, the Company has issued stock or granted warrants to certain vendors in lieu of cash payments, and may do so in the future. There can be no assurance that any additional financing will be available to the Company on acceptable terms, or at all. If adequate funds are not available, the Company may be required to delay, scale back or eliminate its research, engineering and development or manufacturing programs or obtain funds through arrangements with partners or others that may require the Company to relinquish rights to certain of its technologies or potential products or other assets. Accordingly, the inability to obtain such financing could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

The Company has plans to raise \$1.5 million through a private equity placement. There can be no assurance that any financing will be available to the Company on acceptable terms, or at all. If adequate funds are not available, the Company may be required to delay, scale back or eliminate its research, engineering and development or manufacturing programs or obtain funds through arrangements with partners or others that may require the Company

to relinquish rights to certain of its technologies or potential products or other assets. Accordingly, the inability to obtain such financing could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

-14-

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

Under SEC regulations, we are required to disclose our off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to investors. An off-balance sheet arrangement means a transaction, agreement or contractual arrangement to which any entity that is not consolidated with us is a party, under which we have:

- Any obligation under certain guarantee contracts;
- Any retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity or similar arrangement that serves as credit, liquidity or market risk support to that entity for such assets;
- Any obligation under a contract that would be accounted for as a derivative instrument, except that it is both indexed to our stock and classified in stockholder's equity in our statement of financial position; and
- Any obligation arising out of a material variable interest held by us in an unconsolidated entity that provides financing, liquidity, market risk or credit risk support to us, or engages in leasing, hedging or research and development services with us.

As of the date of this Report, the Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

SEASONALITY AND INFLATION

The wireless telecommunications products business is not considered seasonal in nature, and management does not believe that our operations have been materially affected by inflationary forces. If the increase in energy (oil, gas, coal, electricity) prices continues, we believe interest in our higher efficiency products will increase.

Critical Accounting Policies

1. REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is recognized upon shipment of products to customers because our shipping terms are F.O.B. shipping point. And there are generally no rights of return, customer acceptance protocols, installation or any other post-shipment obligations. All of our products are custom built to customer specifications. We provide an industry standard one-year limited warranty under which the customer may return the defective product for repair or replacement.

2. INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market; cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method. As virtually all of our products are made to customer specifications, we do not keep finished goods in stock except for completed customer orders that have not been shipped. Our work-in-progress generally consists of customer orders that are in the process of manufacture but are not yet complete at the period end date. We review all of our components for obsolescence and excess quantities on a periodic basis and make the necessary adjustments to net realizable value as deemed necessary.

3. ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

Because of our small customer base, we determine our allowance for doubtful accounts based on a specific customer-by-customer review of collectibility. Therefore, our allowance for doubtful accounts and our provision for doubtful accounts may not bear a consistent relationship to sales but we believe that this is the most accurate and conservative approach under our circumstances.

4. USE OF ESTIMATES

In preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The principal areas that we use estimates in are: allowance for doubtful accounts; work-in-process percentage of completion; accounting for stock based employee compensation; and inventory net realizable values.

5. STOCK-BASED EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION

The proforma disclosures previously permitted are no longer an alternative to financial statement recognition. Accordingly, the Company has adopted FASB Statement No. 123R and has recognized \$4,978 of stock-based compensation for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

6. LOSS PER SHARE

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.128 (SFAS No. 128), Earnings per Share, specifies the computation, presentation and disclosure requirements for earnings per share for entities with publicly held common stock or potential common stock.

Net loss per common share - basic and diluted is determined by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding. Net loss per common share - diluted does not include potential common shares derived from stock options and warrants because they are antidilutive.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As required by Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), the Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and the Principal Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report in reaching a reasonable level of assurance that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Based upon that evaluation, the CEO and Principal Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

As required by Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(d), the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the Company's internal control over financial reporting to determine whether any changes occurred during the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2007 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Based on that evaluation, other than the changes reported in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2006, which remained in effect during the quarter ended March 31, 2007, there were no other changes during such quarter.

Item 6. EXHIBITS

The following is a list of exhibits to this Form 10-QSB:

- * 31.1 - Certification of the Company's Chief Executive pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
- * 31.2 - Certification of Principal Accounting Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- * 32.1 - Certification of the Company's Chief Executive pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
- * 32.2 - Certification of Principal Accounting Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

-17-

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None

ITEM 2. CHANGE IN SECURITIES

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company issued securities as follows.

On January 11, 2007, John C. Lee converted 125,000 shares of preferred stock into 12,500,000 shares of common stock.

On January 11, 2007, Jessica Lee converted 6,000 shares of preferred stock into 600,000 shares of common stock.

-18-

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

WI-TRON, INC.

Date: August 20, 2007

By: /s/ John C. Lee

Name: John C. Lee

Title: Chief Executive Officer,

Date: August 20, 2007

By: /s/ Tarlochan S. Bains

Name: Tarlochan S. Bains

Title Vice President and Principal Accounting Officer