MAGIC COMMUNICATIONS INC Form 10KSB March 04, 2005

Yes___ No _X__

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-KSB

(Mark One) [X] ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	d) OF THE SECURITIES
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003	
[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	. 15 (d) OF THE
For the transition period from to	
Commission file number 333-117495	
MAGIC COMMUNICATIONS, INC.	
(Name of Small Business Issuer in its Chart	er)
Delaware	13-3926203
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	
5 West Main Street Elmsford, New York	10523
(Address of principal Executive Offices)	(Zip Code)
Issuer's Telephone Number: 914-345-0800	
Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Act:	
Common Stock par value \$.0001 per share	
Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Act:	None
Check whether the issuer (1) has filed all reports required	to be filed by

Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-B contained in this form and will not be contained, to the best of Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB. [X]

Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2)

State Issuer's revenues for its most recent year: \$81,937\$ as of December 31, 2003.

has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

The number of shares outstanding of each of the Registrant's classes of common

stock, as of February 28, 2005 is 2,780,000 shares, all of one class, \$.0001 par value per share. Of this number, 1,632,900 shares were held by non-affiliates of the Registrant.

The Company's common stock has not traded on the OTCBB or elsewhere and, accordingly, there is no aggregate "market value" to be indicated for such shares. The "value" of the 1,632,900 shares held by non-affiliates, based upon the book value as of February 28, 2005 is \$-0-.

*Affiliates for the purpose of this item refers to the Registrant's officers and directors and/or any persons or firms (excluding those brokerage firms and/or clearing houses and/or depository companies holding Registrant's securities as record holders only for their respective clienteles' beneficial interest) owing 5% or more of the Registrant's common stock, both of record and beneficially.

ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PAST FIVE YEARS

Check whether the issuer has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court.

Yes	No	NOT	APPLICABLE

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following documents are herewith incorporated by reference: NONE

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format [] Yes [] No

PART I

Item 1. Description of Business

The Company was originally formed as a New York corporation on January 16, 1997 (and reincorporated as a Delaware corporation in November 2002) for the purpose of offering Internet kiosks where the public could access the Internet for a fee. The internet Kiosks business proposals remain in their embryonic and developmental stages, have not been activated and the Company has no current plans to further pursue such activities. Since June 1997 the Company has engaged in the business of contracting with various locations such as malls, gas stations, stores and office buildings to install pay phones that are an alternative to those provided by the primary local service provider (Verizon). The Company places its phones by offering larger payments to the store owner or property owner than Verizon pays to retail location operators. The Company realizes net revenues through the difference between what is in the coin box when it is emptied and what it must pay to the property owner, Verizon and long distance and local service providers as well as payments from others for toll free calls. The Company's net revenues are principally comprised of: (i) the difference between what the Company charges for local calls (\$.25 in New York and \$.35 in New Jersey and Pennsylvania for a three minute call) and the \$.042that the Company pays to Verizon for each three (3) minute call; (ii) the difference between the fixed rate per call that the Company pays to Qwest for each long distance call and the rates which the Company charges for long

distance calls (as established by the Company); (iii) a commission of 50% paid by Qwest (long distance carrier) on operator assisted services, such as collect, reverse charges or credit card long distance calls made on the Company's phones; and (iv) a payment of \$.249 on each toll-free (800) call from Company phones by major long distance carriers, such as: AT&T, MCI, Qwest, Sprint, etc., through a contract with a call aggregator, Private Payphone Owners' Network ("PPON") which computes all toll free calls made from Company phones and pays the Company directly. The Company's expenses include the marketing expense to place telephones, the cost of the phones and phone maintenance. The Company does not have a written agreement with Verizon, but has a written agreement with Qwest as well as the aggregator (PPON). Copies of such written Agreements were annexed as Exhibits 99.01 and 99.02 to the Company's Form 10-KSB for year ended December 31, 2002.

As of December 31, 2003, the Company had approximately 100 pay phones placed in locations in New York , New Jersey and Pennsylvania. These phones are marketed through the Company's own employees, principally the Company's President, through word-of-mouth. The Company filed a Registration Statement on Form 10-SB because Management believes that as a reporting Company with the potential of trading on the NASD Electronic Bulletin Board ("OTCBB") the Company will be better able to attract investment capital. No assurance is given that investment capital can ever be raised.

The Company currently purchases its phones from North Atlantic Marketing and during the calendar year ended December31, 2003 purchased no additional telephones. The price for phones in the twelve month period ending December 31, 2003 averaged \$1,000 for each individual telephone, which comprises: (i) the purchase price from independent suppliers for all hardware; and (ii) wall installation, but does not include wiring which is done by Verizon. In addition, the Company arranges for the installation of the phones at the customers' place of business and pays Verizon to connect the wires to the phones. The Company's marketing is conducted primarily through the personal efforts of its President and through "word of mouth" in order to obtain customer leads.

${\tt Competition}$

The Company continues to encounter substantial competition in its efforts to locate pay telephones from both the local telephone company (Verizon) and from other pay phone operators such as the Company. Many of these entities have greater experience, resources and managerial capabilities than the Company. The Company tries to compete primarily on the terms that it offers to location owners. The Company's ability to place phones and the revenues derived from each phone may be impaired by a general perception on the part of many consumers that independent coin phone companies, such as the Company, charge higher rates to consumers.

Employees

The Company currently has 1 full time employee and 2 part time employees. Its full time employee is engaged in sales and marketing and a service technician as well as the Company's Secretary are employed part time. The Company's employees do not have any collective bargaining agreement and management believes that the Company's relations with its employees are satisfactory.

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The Company currently leases 350 square feet of office space pursuant to a month to month lease from a related party at a nominal cost. The Company believes that its offices are sufficient for its current and short term anticipated needs and that similar space is available in the general vicinity of its offices for similar prices should the need arise.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

None

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

None

PART II

Item 5. Market for Common Equity and Stockholder Matters.

The Company became subject to '34 Exchange Act reporting requirements as of January 13, 2003. To date there has been no established trading market for the Company's common stock. No symbol has been assigned for its securities and its securities have not been listed on any Exchange to date.

A. Holders.

As of the close of business on February 28, 2005 there were 96 stockholders of record of the Registrant's Common Stock and 2,780,000 shares were issued and outstanding.

B. Dividends.

The payment by the Registrant of dividends, if any, in the future rests within the discretion of its Board of Directors and will depend, among other things, upon the Company's earnings, its capital requirements and its financial condition, as well as other relevant factors. The Registrant has not paid or declared any dividends upon its Common Stock since its inception and, by reason of its present financial status and its contemplated financial requirements, does not contemplate or anticipate paying any dividends upon its Common Stock in the foreseeable future.

Item 6. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation.

Year ended December 31, 2003 vs. Year ended December 31, 2002

Sales increased from \$73,617 at year ended December 31, 2002 to \$81,937 for year ended December 31, 2003. Operating expenses increased from \$109,044 to \$180,174. The increase of operating expenses was primarily due to a \$47,325 increase in

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professional fees and a \$25,388 increase in general and administrative expenses, while sales increased by \$8,320 and operating costs increased by \$71,130. Accordingly, the Company's net loss increased by \$62,810 so that as of December 31, 2003, the Company had an accumulated deficit of (\$136,396) and a total stockholders deficit of (\$127,243). The number of pay telephones in service during the years ended December 31, 2002 and December 31, 2003 were approximately 150 and 100 respectively.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

On December 31, 2003 the Company had \$4,801 in cash on hand. With these limited funds the Company will (a) be dependent upon management to fund operations and/or (b) be dependent upon some form of debt or equity financing, if available, and if available, under terms deemed reasonable to management. The Company's auditors have included a "going concern" opinion in their report on the Company's financial statements.

Need for Additional Financing

The Company believes that its existing capital will be insufficient to meet the Company's cash needs, including the costs of compliance with the continuing reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, for the current fiscal year which should not exceed \$50,000. The Company may rely upon issuance of its securities to pay for the services necessary to meet reporting requirements.

Forward-Looking Statements

When used in this form 10-KSB, or in any document incorporated by reference herein, the words or phrases "will likely result", "are expected to," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimate," "project," or similar expressions are intended to identify "forward looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties including changes in economic conditions in the Company's market area, changes in policies by regulatory agencies, fluctuations in interest rates, demand for loans in the Company's market area and competition, that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical earnings, if any, and those presently anticipated or projected. The Company wishes to caution readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, which speak only as to the date made. The Company wishes to advise readers that the factors listed above could affect the Company's financial performance and could cause the Company's actual results for future periods to differ materially from any opinions or statements expressed with respect to future periods in any current statements. The Company does not undertake, and specifically disclaims any obligation, to publicly release the result of any revisions which may be made to any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events.

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Item 7. Financial Statements

The financial statements filed as part of this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB are set forth starting on pagell.

Item 8. Changes In And Disagreements With Accountants On Accounting And Financial Disclosure.

None

Item 8A. Controls And Procedures

Our President currently serves as both our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (collectively, the "Certifying Officer") and is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures for us. He has concluded (based upon his evaluation of these controls and procedures as of

a date within 90 days of the filing of this report) that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in this report is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officers as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

The Certifying Officer also has indicated that there were no significant changes in our internal controls or other factors that could significantly affect such controls subsequent to the date of his evaluation, and there were no corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Item 8B. Other Information

None.

PART III

Item 9. Directors And Executive Officers Of The Registrant

Set forth below is certain information concerning each current director and executive officer of the Registrant, including age, position(s) with the Registrant, present principal occupation and business experience during the past five years.

Name	Age	Position Held
Stephen D. Rogers	55	President, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Director
Maureen Rogers	49	Vice President and Director
Edwin Osias	58	Director
Suzanne Keating	34	Secretary

The directors named above will serve until the next annual meeting of the Company's stockholders. Thereafter, directors will be elected for one-year terms at the annual stockholders' meeting. Officers will hold their positions at the

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pleasure of the board of directors, absent any employment agreement, of which none currently exists or is contemplated. There is no arrangement or understanding between the directors and officers of the Company and any other person pursuant to which any director or officer was or is to be selected as a director or officer.

Biographical Information

STEPHEN D. ROGERS: President, has been in the communications business since 1997 along with his wife Maureen. He has installed and maintained hundreds of Public Pay Phones and public access equipment including Internet kiosks in hotels, hospitals, truck stops and multiple other locations. Prior to working in the communication field, Mr. Rogers was a principal and founder in Magic Restaurants, and its subsidiaries from September 1985 until December 1994, which owned and operated over 30 restaurants throughout the Northeast. He graduated from Queens College in 1971with a Bachelors degree in Psychology and Education and is currently living in Westchester with his wife and 3 children.

MAUREEN ROGERS: Vice President and Secretary (the latter until late November2002) has been in the communications business since January 1997 along with her husband Stephen. In addition to the communications field, Mrs. Rogers is the principal and founder of Just Desserts, a small baking business which she

continues to own and operate since 1992. She was born and raised in England and is currently living in Westchester, New York with her husband and 3 children.

EDWIN OSIAS: Director, is a former U.S. Naval Officer who worked from 1981through 1985 with Chemical Bank as an officer, then from 1985 through 1998 as the National Sales Manager for Tungsram and then from 1989 through 1994 as the Executive Vice President for Sternberger Warehousing Trucking in Long Island City, New York. He is currently the President and owner of Osias Sales Inc. since 1994, a company which designs and produces custom ties and scarves for the museum industry. He currently is married and resides in Long Island, New York.

SUZANNE KEATING: She became Secretary of the Company in late November 2002, having previously been employed by the Company since 1999 in administrative and clerical capacities. Prior thereto and from 1994 until 1999, she was employed by Magic Restaurant, Inc., holding positions from Accounts Payable Manager to Office Manager until the firm filed for bankruptcy. From 1992 until 1994 Ms. Keating was employed by Universal Hotels, a hotel management company. Ms. Keating graduated in 1992 from the Westchester Business Institute in White Plains, New York with an Associates Degree in Accounting and Business Administration.

Item 10. Executive Compensation

There are no written agreements or oral understandings as relates to executive compensation. To date, there has not been any executive compensation paid or accrued other than \$36,970 paid to the Registrant's Vice President.

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Item 11. Security Ownership Of Certain Beneficial Owners And Management And Related Stockholder Matters

The following table sets forth certain information regarding beneficial ownership of the Common Stock as of February 28, 2005 (except where otherwise noted) with respect to (a) each person known by the Registrant to be the beneficial owner of more than five percent of the outstanding shares of Common Stock, (b) each director of the Registrant, (c) the Registrant's executive officers and (d) all officers and directors of the Registrant as a group. Except as may be indicated in the footnotes to the table, all such shares of Common Stock are owned with sole voting and investment power. The title of class of all securities indicated below is Common Stock with \$.0001 par value per share.

1 Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	2 Number of Shares Beneficially Owned	3 Percentage of Class
Maureen Rogers	240,000	8.63%
Stephen D. Rogers	0	
Edwin Osias	100	3
4Boulder Hill, Inc.	210,000	7.55%
Karen Glenn	240,000	8.63%
Suzanne Keating	5,000	3
5First Southwest Company	252,000	9.06%
6National Financial Services LLC	200,000	7.19%
All officers and directors as a group		
(4 persons)	245,100	8.82%

Management has no plans to issue any additional securities to management,

promoters or their affiliates or associates and will do so only if such issuance is in the best interests of shareholders of the Company and complies with all applicable federal and state securities rules and regulations.

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Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The Company has a 2 year consulting agreement with Magic Consulting Group, Inc., a company owned by Barbara Bennett, the adult niece of the Company's President which provides consulting services. This is an oral agreement and no payments have been made to date, however, the Company has accrued a payable of \$52,306 for services performed. Magic Consulting was hired to assist and consult in finding locations for communications equipment including public payphones and public Internet terminals (kiosks). It assisted in designing a marketing package as well as setting up appointments with various hotels in the New York metropolitan area. The Company's President disclaims any beneficial interest in this Agreement.

The Company also has payables to its President's brother in the amount of \$5,000, a receivable from its President in the amount \$4,300, and a payable to its President in the amount of \$10,000. During the year ended December 31, 2003, Boulder Hill, a related party, advanced the Company money to pay for various expenses. At December 31, 2003, the Company owes Boulder Hill \$11,391. These transactions are unsecured and non-interest bearing and have no specified payment terms.

Item 13. Exhibits

a. Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification Pursuant To Section 302 Of The Sarbanes-Oxley
 Act Of 2002
- 32.1 Certification Pursuant Section 906 Of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act Of 2002

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees And Services

During 2003 the Company incurred professional service fees of \$24,075 for audit

¹ The address for each person is c/o Magic Communications, Inc., 5 West Main Street, Elmsford, New York 10523

² Unless otherwise indicated, the Company believes that all persons named in the table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of the Common Stock beneficially owned by them. A person is deemed to be the beneficial owner of securities which may be acquired by such person within 60 days from the date indicated above upon the exercise of options, warrants or convertible securities. Each beneficial owner's percentage ownership is determined by assuming that options, warrants or convertible securities that are held by such person (but not those held by any other person) and which are exercisable within 60 days of the date indicated above, have been exercised.

³ Represents less than 1% of the 2,780,000 outstanding shares of common stock.

⁴ Boulder Hill, Inc. is a New York Corporation formed in March 1998 and its sole shareholder is Georgia Rogers.

⁵ First Southwest Company is located at 325 N. St. Paul, Suite 800, Dallas, Texas 75201.

⁶ National Financial Services LLC mailing address is P.O. Box 3731, Church Street Station, New York, New York 10281.

and audit related services provided by the principal accountant. During 2002 these fees totaled \$3,750. These fees included the cost of the annual audit and reviews of the quarterly and annual filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MAGIC COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

By: Stephen D. Rogers

Stephen D. Rogers, President, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Director

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MAGIC COMMUNICATIONS GROUP, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders'
Magic Communications Group, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Magic Communications Group, Inc. as of December 31, 2003 and the related statements of operations, stockholders' deficit and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, the financial position of Magic Communications Group, Inc. as of December 31, 2003 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/Sherb & Co., LLP
Certified Public Accountants

New York, New York January 6, 2005

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MAGIC COMMUNICATIONS GROUP, INC.

BALANCE SHEET

DECEMBER 31, 2003

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS: Cash	\$ 4,801
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	4,801
EQUIPMENT, net	39,146
SECURITY DEPOSITS	11,550
DUE FROM RELATED PARTY	4,300
	\$ 59,797 ======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'	DEFICIT
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Loan Payable Due to related parties	\$ 58,343 50,000 78,697
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	187,040
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT: Common stock, \$.0001 par value; authorized 50,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 2,530,000 shares Preferred stock, \$.0001 par value; authorized 1,000,000 shares; issued and	253
outstanding -0- shares Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit	- 8,900 (136,396)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	 (127,243)
	\$ 59,797 ======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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MAGIC COMMUNICATIONS GROUP, INC.

STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	For the Years	Ended December 31,
	2003	2002
REVENUES	\$ 81,937	\$ 73,617
OPERATING EXPENSES: Depreciation	17,280	17 , 280

Salaries Equipment lease Professional fees General and administrative	36,970 4,522 61,375 60,027	30,536 12,539 14,050 34,639
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	180,174	109,044
NET LOSS	\$ (98,237) ======	\$ (35,427) ======
BASIC AND DILUTED NET LOSS PER SHARE	\$ (0.04) =====	\$ (0.01) ======
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING Basic and Diluted	2,505,000	2,500,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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MAGIC COMMUNICATIONS GROUP, INC.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

	Common S			Additional Paid-In		Accumulated		Total Stockholders'	
	Shares	ount	Capital		Deficit		Deficit		
Balance, January 1, 2002	2,500,000	\$ 250	\$	750	\$	(2,732)	\$	(1,732)	
Contribution of common stock	(5,100)	(1)		1		_		_	
Shares issued for services	5,100	1		152		_		153	
Options issued for services	-	_		5,000		_		5,000	
Net loss	-	-		-		(35,427)		(35, 427)	
Balance, December 31, 2002	2,500,000	 250		5,903	_	(38,159)		(32,006)	

			=======	=======	=========
Balance, December 31, 2003	2,530,000	\$ 253	\$ 8,900	\$(136,396)	\$ (127,243)
Net loss	_ 		_	(98 , 237)	(98 , 237)
Shares issued for services	30,000	3	2,997	_	3,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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MAGIC COMMUNICATIONS GROUP, INC.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the Years E	nded December 31,
	2003	2002
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in) provided by	\$(98,237)	\$ (35,427)
operating activities: Depreciation Stock based compensation	17,280 3,000	17,280 5,153
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts payable	18,817	18,111
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	39,097	40,544
NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(59,140)	5,117
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Return of security deposits	3,850	-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	3,850 	-
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from loan payable (Payments to) proceeds from related	50,000	-
parties	10,091	(5,117)
NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	60,091	(5,117)
NET INCREASE IN CASH	4,801	_

CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	_
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 4,801	\$ -
	======	=======
Cash paid for:		
Interest	\$ -	\$ -
	======	=======
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -
	======	=======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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MAGIC COMMUNICATIONS GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS:

Magic Communications Group, Inc. ("Magic" or the "Company") was incorporated in New York on January 16, 1997. The Company was originally formed for the purpose of offering Internet kiosks where the public could access the Internet for a fee. The Company did not develop that business and the financial statements do not include any amounts related to it. The Company's operations consist primarily of owning and operating pay phones in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. This business commenced on February of 1997.

In November 2002 the Company was merged into a Delaware corporation which was created for the purpose of reincorporating the Company accounted for as a reorganization of entities under common control.

2. GOING CONCERN:

The Company's financial statements as of December 31, 2002 have been prepared on a going-concern basis, which presumes that the Company will be able to continue to meet its obligations and realize its assets in the normal course of business. At December 31, 2003, the audited financial statements have not been prepared as a going concern due to the fact that the audit report has been issued twelve months past the December 31, 2003 balance sheet date.

As shown in the accompanying financial statements, the Company has a history of losses with an accumulated deficit of \$136,396 at December 31, 2003 and, as of that date, a working capital deficiency of \$182,239. These conditions would raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern had the audit report not been issued twelve months past the balance sheet date. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to ultimately attain profitable operations, generate sufficient cash flow to meet its obligations, and obtain additional financing as may be required.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

A. Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reporting amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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- B. Cash The Company considers all highly liquid temporary cash investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.
- C. Revenue recognition The Company realizes net revenues through the difference between what is in the coin box when it is emptied and what it must pay to the property owner, Verizon and long distance and local service providers as well as payments from others for toll free calls.
- D. Equipment Equipment is recorded at cost. Expenditures for major additions and betterment's are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Depreciation of equipment is computed by the straight-line method over the assets estimated useful lives of ten years. Upon sale or retirement of plant and equipment, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is reflected in operations.
- E. Security deposit The Company makes a deposit in the amount of \$300 to Verizon for each pay telephone installed. The purpose of these deposits is to secure amounts owed to Verizon by the Company for monthly phone charges as describe in Note 6. This amount is returned to the Company after three years if it is current with all its payments. During the year ended December 31, 2003 the Company used \$3,850 of the security deposits to pay expenses charged by Verizon. In 2004 the Company decided to use Qwest instead of Verizon and used up the remaining security deposit to offset Verizon expenses.
- F. Fair value of financial instruments The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for, accounts payable, and due to related parties approximate fair value based on the short-term maturity of these instruments.
- G. Income taxes Income taxes are accounted for in accordance

with the provisions of SFAS No. 109. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amounts expected to be realized, but no less than quarterly.

H. Stock based compensation - Financial Accounting Statement No. 123, Accounting for Stock Based Compensation, encourages, but does not require companies to record compensation cost for stock-based employee compensation plans at fair value. The Company has chosen to continue to account for stock-based compensation using the intrinsic method prescribed in Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and related interpretations. Accordingly, compensation cost for stock options is measured as the excess, if any, of the quoted market price of the Company's stock at the date of the grant over the amount an employee must pay to acquire the stock. The Company has

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adopted the "disclosure only" alternative described in SFAS 123 and SFAS 148, which require pro forma disclosures of net income and earnings per share as if the fair value method of accounting had been applied.

I. New Accounting Pronouncements - Management does not believe that recently issued, but not yet effective accounting pronouncements if currently adopted would have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

4 EQUIPMENT:

Equipment consists of the following at December 31, 2003:

Payphones \$ 172,790
Less: accumulated depreciation (133,644)
-----\$ 39,146

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 was \$17,280 and \$17,280, respectively.

5. LOAN PAYABLE:

On August 14, 2003, the Company signed a promissory note for \$50,000. The note is due on demand and bears interest at a rate of 4% per annum. As per the terms of the note the Company was supposed to issue 25,000 shares which have not been issued as of the above balance sheet date. The fair value of the common stock to be issued (\$2,500) is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses. The Company has accrued interest

of \$750 from the date of the note to December 31, 2003

6. COMMITMENTS:

The Company rents office space from a related party on a month — to — month basis at a nominal cost.

The Company has entered into third party agreements with Verizon, Qwest and property or store owners of payphone locations. Verizon services the local telephone calls made on the payphones owned and operated by the Company. The Company pays Verizon \$0.042 per minute for each call. Qwest services the long-distance phone calls made on the payphones owned and operated by the Company. The Company pays Qwest between \$0.03 to \$0.04 per minute on each long-distance call. The Company pays Verizon and Qwest on a monthly basis. There is no expiration date on the agreement with Verizon and the Qwest agreement renews annually. The property or store owners allow the Company to place its phones on their locations for a percentage of the money in the coin box of the payphone.

7. DUE TO RELATED PARTIES:

At December 31, 2003, the Company has a payable to Magic Consulting of \$52,306 for consulting services performed. The Company also has payables to a related party in the amount of \$5,000, a receivable from

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an officer in the amount \$4,300, and a payable to the same officer in the amount of \$10,000. During the year ended December 31, 2003, Boulder Hill, a related party, advanced the Company money to pay for various expenses. At December 31, 2003, the Company owes Boulder Hill \$11,391. These transactions are unsecured and non-interest bearing and have no specified payment terms.

8. STOCK OPTION PLAN:

The board of directors, on November 24, 2002, adopted the Company's 2002 Non-Statutory Stock Option Plan ("Plan") so as to provide a critical long-term incentive for employees, non-employee directors, consultants, attorneys and advisors of the Company and its subsidiaries, if any. The board of directors believes that the Company's policy of granting stock options to such persons will continue to provide it with a critical advantage in attracting and retaining qualified candidates. In addition, the Plan is intended to provide the Company with maximum flexibility to compensate plan participants. It is expected that such flexibility will be an integral part of the Company's policy to encourage employees, non-employee directors, consultants, attorneys and advisors to focus on the long-term growth of stockholder value. The board of directors believes that important advantages to the Company are gained by an option program such as the 2002 Plan which includes incentives for motivating employees of the Company, while at the same time promoting a closer identity of interest between employees, non-employee directors, consultants, attorneys and advisors on the one hand, and the stockholders on the other.

During the year ended December 31, 2002, management issued 1,000,000 options to certain current members of its management team as well as other persons whom it considered to be important to its current and

proposed business activities. On December 13, 2002 the Company voided these options as if never issued and without receipt by any of the option holders of any form of consideration. The fair value of each option grant was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions dividend yield of -0- percent; -0- percent volatility; risk-free interest rate of 4.00 percent and an expected holding period of 19 days. In connection with these options the Company recorded consulting expense of \$5,000 for the year ended December 31, 2002.

The Company uses the intrinsic value method in accounting for stock options issued to employees and directors. Had compensation cost for the Company's option plans been determined based on the fair value at the grant dates for awards, the Company's net loss and loss per share would have resulted in the pro forma amounts indicated below.

		December 31,			
					2002
		_	2002		2003
Net	loss as reported	\$	35 , 427	\$	97,486
Pro	forma net loss	\$	50,427	\$	97,486
Net	loss per share as reported	\$	0.01	\$	0.04
Pro	forma net loss per share	\$	0.02	\$	0.04

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A summary of stock option transactions is presented below:

	Number of Shares	Weighted average exercise price	
Granted on November 24, 2002 Canceled on December 13, 2002	1,000,000 (1,000,000)	\$.01
Outstanding at December 31, 2002 No activity	- -		- 0 - - 0 -
Outstanding at December 31, 2003		\$ ===	-0- -======

9. INCOME TAXES

The Company accounts for income taxes under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes ("SFAS No.109"). SFAS No.109 requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for both the expected impact of differences between the financial statements and tax basis of assets and liabilities, and for the expected future tax benefit to be derived from tax loss and tax credit carry-forwards. SFAS No. 109 additionally requires the establishment of a valuation allowance to reflect the likelihood of realization of deferred tax assets. Prior to 2003, the Company and its stockholders elected to be taxed under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. As a result, all income and losses were reported by the Company's stockholders. The following is a reconciliation of income taxes computed using the statutory Federal rate to the income tax expense in the financial statements for December 31, 2003.

Income tax (benefit) computed at statutory rate \$ (34,000)

State income tax (benefit), net of federal benefit	(6,000)
Permanent difference - stock based compensation	1,000
Change in valuation allowance	39,000
Provision for income taxes	\$ _

As of December 31, 2003, the Company has net operating losses for Federal income tax purposes totaling approximately \$95,000, expiring at December 31, 2023.

The following is a schedule of deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2003:

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10. STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT:

In November 2002 the Company was merged into a Delaware corporation which was created for the purpose of reincorporating the Company and accounted for as a reorganization of entities under common control. In connection with the reincorporation merger the original shares of the Company were changed into 2,500,000 shares, par value \$.0001 per share. All but 240,000 shares were gifted to 109 persons or entities. Of these shares, 5,000 shares were issued to employee and 100 shares issued to a director. The shares were valued at \$.03 per share and were recorded as stock based compensation. The authorized capital stock of the Company consists of 50,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$.0001 per share, of which 2,530,000 were issued an outstanding as of the date of this filing, and 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$.0001 per share, none of which were issued, outstanding or designated as of the date of this filing.

On October 31, 2003, the Company issued 30,000 shares of common stock for consulting services. The Company valued the shares at \$0.10 per share and recorded \$3,000 of consulting expense accordingly.