

BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORP \DE\

Form 10-Q

May 15, 2013

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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2013

**TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 000-27464

**BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

<b>Delaware</b> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	<b>95-4547287</b> (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
<b>5055 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 500</b>  <b>Los Angeles, California</b> (Address of principal executive offices)	<b>90036</b> (Zip Code)
<b>(323) 634-1700</b>  (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated, or a smaller reporting company. See the definition of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller Reporting Company <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: 1,917,422 shares of the Company's Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, were outstanding as of May 3, 2013.

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**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition**

	<b>March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)</b>	<b>December 31, 2012</b>
	(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)	
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash	\$ 13,464	\$ 13,420
Federal funds sold	62,310	50,940
Cash and cash equivalents	75,774	64,360
Securities available-for-sale, at fair value	12,180	13,378
Loans receivable held for sale, at lower of cost or fair value	15,306	19,051
Loans receivable held for investment, net of allowance of \$10,450 and \$11,869	235,107	251,723
Accrued interest receivable	1,176	1,250
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) stock	3,737	3,901
Office properties and equipment, net	2,597	2,617
Real estate owned	9,294	8,163
Bank owned life insurance	2,704	2,688
Investment in affordable housing limited partnership	1,473	1,528
Other assets	3,765	5,034
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 363,113</b>	<b>\$ 373,693</b>
<b>Liabilities and shareholders equity</b>		
<b>Liabilities:</b>		
Deposits	\$ 247,648	\$ 257,071
FHLB advances	79,500	79,500
Junior subordinated debentures	6,000	6,000
Other borrowings	5,000	5,000
Accrued interest payable	2,171	1,941
Dividends payable	2,318	2,104
Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	332	711
Other liabilities	2,966	3,359
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>345,935</b>	<b>355,686</b>
<b>Shareholders Equity:</b>		
Senior preferred cumulative and non-voting stock, \$.01 par value, authorized, issued and outstanding 9,000 shares of Series D at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012; liquidation preference of \$10,391 at March 31, 2013 and \$10,262 at December 31, 2012	8,963	8,963
Senior preferred cumulative and non-voting stock, \$.01 par value, authorized, issued and outstanding 6,000 shares of Series E at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012; liquidation preference of \$6,928 at March 31, 2013 and \$6,842 at December 31, 2012	5,974	5,974
Preferred non-cumulative and non-voting stock, \$.01 par value, authorized 985,000 shares; issued and outstanding 55,199 shares of Series A, 100,000 shares of Series B and 76,950 shares of Series C at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012; liquidation preference of \$552 for Series A, \$1,000 for Series B and \$1,000 for Series C at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012	2,457	2,457
Preferred stock discount	(498)	(598)
Common stock, \$.01 par value, authorized 8,000,000 shares at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012; issued 2,013,942 shares at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012; outstanding 1,917,422 shares at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012	20	20

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Additional paid-in capital	10,115	10,095
Accumulated deficit	(8,919)	(7,988)
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of taxes of \$400 at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012	300	318
Treasury stock-at cost, 96,520 shares at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012	(1,234)	(1,234)
<b>Total shareholders equity</b>	<b>17,178</b>	<b>18,007</b>
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders equity</b>	<b>\$ 363,113</b>	<b>\$ 373,693</b>

*See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.*

**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)****(Unaudited)**

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2013      2012 (In thousands, except per share)</b>	
<b>Interest income:</b>		
Interest and fees on loans receivable	\$ 3,887	\$ 5,330
Interest on mortgage backed and other securities	89	148
Other interest income	48	16
<b>Total interest income</b>	<b>4,024</b>	<b>5,494</b>
<b>Interest expense:</b>		
Interest on deposits	624	975
Interest on borrowings	712	833
<b>Total interest expense</b>	<b>1,336</b>	<b>1,808</b>
Net interest income before provision for loan losses	2,688	3,686
Provision for loan losses	0	959
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	2,688	2,727
<b>Non-interest income:</b>		
Service charges	142	145
Loan servicing fees, net	6	(166)
Net gains on sales of loans	16	0
Net gains on sales of REO	8	412
Other	49	32
<b>Total non-interest income</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>423</b>
<b>Non-interest expense:</b>		
Compensation and benefits	1,454	1,589
Occupancy expense, net	340	287
Information services	217	213
Professional services	182	108
Provision for (recapture of) losses on loans held for sale	470	(2)
Provision for (recapture of) losses on REO	0	(19)
FDIC insurance	202	217
Office services and supplies	105	109
Other	550	419
<b>Total non-interest expense</b>	<b>3,520</b>	<b>2,921</b>

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Income (loss) before income taxes	(611)	229
Income tax expense	5	75
Net income (loss)	\$ (616)	\$ 154
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:		
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities available for sale	\$ (18)	\$ 7
Income tax effect	0	0
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(18)	7
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (634)	\$ 161
Net income (loss)	\$ (616)	\$ 154
Dividends and discount accretion on preferred stock	(315)	(286)
Loss available to common shareholders	\$ (931)	\$ (132)
Loss per common share-basic	\$ (0.49)	\$ (0.08)
Loss per common share-diluted	\$ (0.49)	\$ (0.08)
Dividends declared per share-common stock	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00

*See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.*

**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows****(Unaudited)**

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>	
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ (616)	\$ 154
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Provision for loan losses	0	959
Provision for (recapture of) losses on loans receivable held for sale	470	(2)
Provision for (recapture of) losses on REO	0	(19)
Depreciation	52	78
Net amortization of deferred loan origination costs	62	27
Net amortization of premiums on mortgage-backed securities	10	15
Amortization of investment in affordable housing limited partnership	55	46
Stock-based compensation expense	20	20
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	(16)	(20)
Net gains on sales of REO	(8)	(412)
Net gains on sales of loans	(16)	0
Net change in accrued interest receivable	74	97
Net change in deferred tax assets	0	78
Net change in other assets	1,269	1,030
Net change in accrued interest payable	230	200
Net change in other liabilities	(393)	(446)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,193	1,805
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Net change in loans receivable held for investment	9,104	11,389
Proceeds from sales of loans receivable held for sale	9,322	0
Principal repayments on loans receivable held for sale	143	77
Available-for-sale securities:		
Maturities, prepayments and calls	1,170	944
Proceeds from sales of REO	152	3,989
Net redemption of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	164	188
Additions to office properties and equipment	(32)	0
Net cash provided by investing activities	20,023	16,587
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Net change in deposits	(9,423)	(4,334)
Net change in advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	(379)	(478)
Net cash used in financing activities	(9,802)	(4,812)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	11,414	13,580
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	64,360	31,597



Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 75,774	\$ 45,177
<b>Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:</b>		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 1,106	\$ 1,608
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 3	\$ 0
<b>Supplemental disclosures of non-cash investing and financing activities:</b>		
Transfers of loans receivable held for investment to REO	\$ 1,275	\$ 817
Transfers of loans receivable from loans receivable held for investment to loans receivable held for sale	\$ 6,174	\$ 0

*See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.*

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**BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements**

**March 31, 2013**

**NOTE (1) Basis of Financial Statement Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include Broadway Financial Corporation (the Company) and its wholly owned subsidiary, Broadway Federal Bank, f.s.b. (the Bank). Also included in the unaudited consolidated financial statements is Broadway Service Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Bank. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions for quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. These unaudited consolidated financial statements do not include all disclosures associated with the Company's consolidated annual financial statements included in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 and, accordingly, should be read in conjunction with such audited consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (all of which are normal and recurring in nature) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2013.

Some items in the consolidated financial statements for the prior period were reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

**NOTE (2) Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-11, Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities (ASU 2011-11). The amendments in ASU 2011-11 require the disclosure of information on offsetting and related arrangements for financial and derivative instruments to enable users of its financial statements to understand the effect of those arrangements on its financial position. Amendments under ASU 2011-11 will be applied retrospectively for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after January 1, 2013. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02, Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive (ASU 2013-02). This guidance is the culmination of the FASB's deliberation on reporting reclassification adjustments from accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI). The amendments in ASU 2013-02 do not change the current requirements for reporting net income or other comprehensive income. However, the amendments require disclosure of amounts reclassified out of AOCI in its entirety, by component, on the face of the statement of operations or in the notes thereto. Amounts that are not required to be reclassified in their entirety to net income must be cross-referenced to other disclosures that provide additional detail. This standard is effective prospectively for public entities for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

**NOTE (3) Going Concern, Regulatory Matters and Management's Plan for Recapitalization of the Company**

**Going Concern**

The Company's financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going-concern, which contemplates continuity of operations, and realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on many factors, one of which is regulatory action, including acceptance of its capital plan. The following discussion describes matters that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as well as management's plans for responding to these matters.

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**BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)**

**March 31, 2013**

**Holding Company Liquidity**

The Company has a tax sharing liability to the Bank which exceeds operating cash at the Company level. The Company used its cash available at the holding company level to pay a substantial portion of this liability pursuant to the terms of the Tax Allocation Agreement between the Bank and the Company on March 30, 2012 and does not have cash available to pay its operating expenses. Additionally, the Company is deferring interest payments on its \$6.0 million aggregate principal amount of Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Debentures that mature in March 17, 2014, and is in default under the terms of a \$5.0 million line of credit with another financial institution lender (see Note 8).

The Company's principal source of funds for the payment of operating expenses, as well as for the declaration and payment of dividends, is dividends received from the Bank. The Office of the Comptroller of the Currency ( OCC ) regulations limit the amount of dividends that may be paid by the Bank without prior approval of the OCC. Under these regulations, the amount of dividends that may be paid in any calendar year is limited to the current year's net profits, combined with the retained net profits of the preceding two years, subject to the capital requirements described above. Based on the above limitation and further regulatory restrictions on dividends described below, the Bank may not declare dividends during the year 2013 without OCC approval, and such approval is not likely to be given. Accordingly, the Company will not be able to meet its payment obligations noted above within the foreseeable future unless the Company is able to secure new capital.

**Regulatory Matters**

As a result of significant deficiencies in the Company's and the Bank's operations noted in a regulatory examination, the Company and the Bank entered into cease and desist orders (the Orders ) issued by the OCC's predecessor effective September 9, 2010, requiring, among other things, that the Company and the Bank take remedial actions to improve the Bank's loan underwriting and internal asset review procedures, to reduce the amount of its non-performing assets and to improve other aspects of the Bank's business, as well as the Company's management of its business and the oversight of the Company's business by the Board. Furthermore, the Orders, which are now administered by the OCC with respect to the Bank and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System ( FRB ) with respect to the Company, require the Bank to attain, and thereafter maintain, a Tier 1 (Core) Capital to Adjusted Total Assets ratio of at least 8% and a Total Risk-Based Capital to Risk-Weighted Assets ratio of at least 12%, both of which ratios are greater than the respective 5% and 10% levels for such ratios that are generally required under OCC regulations. The Orders also prohibit the Bank from paying dividends to the Company, and prohibit the Company from paying dividends to its shareholders, without the prior written approval of the OCC and the FRB, respectively. In addition, the Company is not permitted to incur, issue, renew, repurchase, make payments on or increase any debt or redeem any capital stock without prior notice to and receipt of written notice of non-objection from the FRB.

Additionally, the Orders issued by the OTS have imposed certain limitations on the Company and the Bank. These limitations include the following, among others:

The Bank may not increase its total assets during any quarter in excess of an amount equal to the net interest credited on deposit liabilities during the prior quarter without the prior written notice to and receipt of notice of non-objection from the OCC.

Neither the Company nor the Bank may declare or pay any dividends or make any other capital distributions without the prior written approval of the FRB and the OCC.

Neither the Company nor the Bank may make any changes in its directors or senior executive officers without prior notice to and receipt of notice of non-objection from the FRB and the OCC.

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The Company and the Bank are subject to limitations on severance and indemnification payments and on entering into or amending employment agreements and compensation arrangements, and on the payment of bonuses to Bank directors and officers.

As noted above, the Company may not incur, issue, renew, repurchase, make payments on or increase any debt or redeem any capital stock without prior notice to and receipt of written notice of non-objection from the FRB.

As noted above, the Bank is not permitted to increase the amount of its brokered deposits beyond the amount of interest credited without prior notice to and receipt of notice of non-objection from the OCC.

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**BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)**

**March 31, 2013**

The Orders require the submission of a capital plan that is acceptable to the FRB and the OCC. The capital plan of the Company and the Bank has been preliminarily approved by the FRB and OCC subject to the successful completion of the Company's recapitalization plan described below.

**Management's Plans for Recapitalization of the Company and the Bank**

Management's plan to address the conditions described above is to raise additional equity capital for the Company and exchange senior securities for common equity. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on the timely implementation and success of this plan. There can be no assurance that management's plan will be achieved.

Management of the Company is pursuing a comprehensive recapitalization plan to strengthen and simplify the Company's capital structure. To date, the Company has entered into a written agreement with the U.S. Department of the Treasury pursuant to which the U.S. Treasury will exchange its holdings of the Company's Series D and Series E Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock for common stock (or initially common stock equivalents) at a discount of 50% of the liquidation amount, plus an undiscounted exchange of the accumulated but unpaid dividends on such preferred stock, for common stock (or initially common stock equivalents). The exchange by the U.S. Treasury is subject to various conditions, including the exchange of the Company's other outstanding series of preferred stock at discounts of 50% of the aggregate liquidation values, the placement of at least \$5 million of new common equity capital, and other conditions. The exchange by the U.S. Treasury is expected to close contemporaneously with the closing of separate placements of common stock and exchange transactions with the holders of each other series of the Company's preferred stock. In addition, the Company has entered into a written agreement with the holder of its Series A Perpetual Preferred Stock pursuant to which the holder will exchange its holdings of Series A Preferred for common stock (or initially equivalents) at a discount of 50% of the liquidation amount. This exchange is subject to various conditions, including the exchange of the Company's other outstanding series of preferred stock, the placement of new common equity capital, and other conditions.

The Company has reached agreements in principle with the holders of its Series B Perpetual Preferred Stock and Series C Noncumulative Perpetual Convertible Preferred Stock to exchange their holdings for common stock (or initially common stock equivalents) at a discount of 50% of the liquidation amount. Also, the Company has reached agreements in principle with its senior lender, pursuant to which the lender will exchange a portion of the line of credit, which is currently in default, for common stock (or initially common stock equivalents) at 100% of the face amount to be exchanged; forgive the accrued interest on the entire amount of the line of credit to the date of the exchange; and enter into a modified credit agreement for the remainder of the existing loan that would be outstanding after the exchange. As presently contemplated, the series of transactions related to the exchange of a portion of the existing loan will reduce the Company's senior debt by approximately \$2.5 million and eliminate the accrued interest on the line of credit, which totaled \$1.5 million at March 31, 2013.

As a condition to consummating these exchanges, the Company plans to concurrently complete private placements or other sales of the Company's common stock aggregating \$5 million, or approximately \$4 million if approved by the U.S. Department of the Treasury, in gross proceeds. Based on various assumptions, including, for illustrative purposes only, a placement price of \$1.00 per share, the Company projects that these exchanges and placements and sales of common stock would, if completed, result in the issuance of approximately 18.0 million new shares of the Company's common stock, which would constitute approximately 90% of the pro forma outstanding shares of the Company's common stock. If the placement price is materially closer to our current stock price, then the number of shares to be issued in the recapitalization, and the percentage ownership represented by such shares, will be significantly higher. The 18.0 million new shares of common stock would exceed the Company's current unissued authorized shares. Accordingly, the Company plans to issue a form of common stock equivalent to the lender and holders of Preferred Stock in exchange for their securities to consummate the recapitalization, after which the Company plans to seek shareholder approval to increase the Company's authorized shares, and issue a portion of such authorized shares to replace the common stock equivalents issued in the recapitalization.

There can be no assurance that management's capital plan will be achieved. Failure to maintain capital sufficient to meet the higher capital requirements required by the Orders to which the Company and the Bank are currently subject, or future increases in capital requirements, could result in further regulatory action, which could include seizure of the Bank through the appointment of a conservator or receiver.



**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)****March 31, 2013****NOTE (4) Loss Per Common Share**

Basic loss per common share is computed by dividing loss available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Diluted loss per common share is computed by dividing loss available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period, increased for the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents.

The following table shows how the Company computed basic and diluted loss per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

	<b>For the three months ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>(In thousands, except share and per share)</b>	
<b>Basic</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ (616)	\$ 154
Less: Preferred stock dividends and accretion	(315)	(286)
Loss available to common shareholders	\$ (931)	\$ (132)
<b>Weighted average common shares outstanding</b>	<b>1,917,422</b>	<b>1,744,565</b>
Loss per common share basic	\$ (0.49)	\$ (0.08)
<b>Diluted</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ (616)	\$ 154
Less: Preferred stock dividends and accretion	(315)	(286)
Loss available to common shareholders	\$ (931)	\$ (132)
<b>Weighted average common shares outstanding</b>	<b>1,917,422</b>	<b>1,744,565</b>
Add: dilutive effects of assumed exercises of stock options	0	0
<b>Average shares and dilutive potential common shares</b>	<b>1,917,422</b>	<b>1,744,565</b>
Loss per common share diluted	\$ (0.49)	\$ (0.08)

Stock options for 164,178 and 227,075 shares of common stock were not considered in computing diluted loss per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 because they were anti-dilutive.

**NOTE (5) Securities**

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The following table summarizes the amortized cost and fair value of the available-for-sale investment securities portfolios at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 and the corresponding amounts of unrealized gains which are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
	(In thousands)			
<b>March 31, 2013:</b>				
Residential mortgage-backed	\$ 11,480	\$ 700	\$ 0	\$ 12,180
<b>Total available-for-sale securities</b>	<b>\$ 11,480</b>	<b>\$ 700</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 12,180</b>
<b>December 31, 2012:</b>				
Residential mortgage-backed	\$ 12,660	\$ 718	\$ 0	\$ 13,378
<b>Total available-for-sale securities</b>	<b>\$ 12,660</b>	<b>\$ 718</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 13,378</b>



**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)****March 31, 2013**

There were no securities with unrealized losses at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012. At March 31, 2013, the Bank's investment portfolio consisted of residential mortgage-backed securities with an estimated remaining life of 4.9 years. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities if borrowers have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

Securities pledged had a carrying amount of \$1.5 million at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, and were pledged to secure public deposits. At March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, there were no holdings of securities of any one issuer, other than the U.S. Government and its agencies, in an amount greater than 10% of shareholders' equity. There were no sales of securities during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

**NOTE (6) Loans Receivable Held For Sale**

Loans receivable held for sale at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were as follows:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
	(In thousands)	
One-to-four units	\$ 0	\$ 7,916
Five or more units	6,857	5,795
Commercial real estate	4,008	1,358
Church	4,758	4,300
Valuation allowance for unrealized losses	(317)	(318)
Loans receivable held for sale, net	\$ 15,306	\$ 19,051
Non-performing loans receivable held for sale (1)	\$ 8,060	\$ 10,168
Valuation allowance	0	0
Non-performing loans receivable held for sale, net	\$ 8,060	\$ 10,168
Performing loans receivable held for sale	\$ 7,563	\$ 9,201
Valuation allowance	(317)	(318)
Performing loans receivable held for sale, net	\$ 7,246	\$ 8,883

(1) Net of charge-offs of \$3.2 million and \$2.5 million at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

When management decides to sell certain loans held in portfolio, we reclassify them to held for sale at the lower of cost or fair value, less estimated selling costs. During the three months ended March 31, 2013, eight non-performing loans secured by five or more units, seven non-performing loans secured by commercial real estate and seven non-performing loans secured by churches, were transferred to held for sale. The loans had a carrying amount of \$6.2 million, net of charge-offs of \$2.4 million.

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During the first quarter of 2013, certain delinquent and non-performing loans secured by one-to-four units and church properties totaling \$9.3 million were sold at a net gain of \$16 thousand. There were no loan sales during the first quarter of 2012. No loans receivable held for sale were transferred to REO during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

Net lower of cost or market write-downs on non-performing loans receivable held for sale totaled \$471 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2013, compared to net lower of cost or market recoveries of \$1 thousand for the same period in 2012. Additionally, during the first quarter of 2013 and 2012, we decreased our valuation allowance by \$1 thousand on loans held for sale that are considered performing loans.

**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)****March 31, 2013****NOTE (7) Loans Receivable Held for Investment**

Loans at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were as follows:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
	(In thousands)	
Real estate:		
One-to-four units	\$ 55,196	\$ 57,733
Five or more units	78,321	83,350
Commercial real estate	35,060	41,124
Church	72,321	76,254
Construction	456	735
Commercial:		
Sports	1,701	1,711
Other	1,922	2,115
Consumer:		
Other	130	104
Total gross loans receivable	245,107	263,126
Loans in process	(46)	(74)
Net deferred loan costs	513	557
Unamortized discounts	(17)	(17)
Allowance for loan losses	(10,450)	(11,869)
Loans receivable, net	\$ 235,107	\$ 251,723

The following tables present the activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2013							
	One-to- four units	Five or more units	Commercial real estate	Church	Construction	Commercial	Consumer	Total
	(In thousands)							
Beginning balance	\$ 2,060	\$ 2,122	\$ 2,685	\$ 4,818	\$ 8	\$ 98	\$ 78	\$ 11,869
Provision for loan losses	(449)	(361)	(207)	1,029	0	(12)	0	0
Recoveries	259	0	15	7	0	95	0	376
Loans charged off	(36)	(638)	(944)	(177)	0	0	0	(1,795)
Ending balance	\$ 1,834	\$ 1,123	\$ 1,549	\$ 5,677	\$ 8	\$ 181	\$ 78	\$ 10,450

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Three Months Ended March 31, 2012

	One-to- four units	Five or more units	Commercial real estate	Church	Construction	Commercial	Consumer	Total
	(In thousands)							
Beginning balance	\$ 4,855	\$ 2,972	\$ 3,108	\$ 5,742	\$ 249	\$ 247	\$ 126	\$ 17,299
Provision for loan losses	336	41	(206)	979	(16)	(133)	(42)	959
Recoveries	0	0	15	4	0	117	2	138
Loans charged off	(355)	0	(58)	(231)	0	0	0	(644)
Ending balance	\$ 4,836	\$ 3,013	\$ 2,859	\$ 6,494	\$ 233	\$ 231	\$ 86	\$ 17,752

**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)****March 31, 2013**

The following tables present the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio segment and based on impairment method as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

	<b>March 31, 2013</b>							
	<b>One-to- four units</b>	<b>Five or more units</b>	<b>Commercial real estate</b>	<b>Church</b>	<b>Construction</b>	<b>Commercial</b>	<b>Consumer</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>							
<b>Allowance for loan losses:</b>								
Ending allowance balance attributable to loans:								
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 587	\$ 26	\$ 59	\$ 1,333	\$ 0	\$ 97	\$ 69	\$ 2,171
Collectively evaluated for impairment	1,247	1,097	1,490	4,344	8	84	9	8,279
<b>Total ending allowance balance</b>	<b>\$ 1,834</b>	<b>\$ 1,123</b>	<b>\$ 1,549</b>	<b>\$ 5,677</b>	<b>\$ 8</b>	<b>\$ 181</b>	<b>\$ 78</b>	<b>\$ 10,450</b>
<b>Loans:</b>								
Loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 3,760	\$ 2,382	\$ 6,136	\$ 22,230	\$ 0	\$ 97	\$ 69	\$ 34,674
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	51,436	75,939	28,924	50,091	456	3,526	61	210,433
<b>Total ending loans balance</b>	<b>\$ 55,196</b>	<b>\$ 78,321</b>	<b>\$ 35,060</b>	<b>\$ 72,321</b>	<b>\$ 456</b>	<b>\$ 3,623</b>	<b>\$ 130</b>	<b>\$ 245,107</b>

	<b>December 31, 2012</b>							
	<b>One-to- four units</b>	<b>Five or more units</b>	<b>Commercial real estate</b>	<b>Church</b>	<b>Construction</b>	<b>Commercial</b>	<b>Consumer</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>							
<b>Allowance for loan losses:</b>								
Ending allowance balance attributable to loans:								
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 719	\$ 125	\$ 543	\$ 1,276	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 69	\$ 2,732
Collectively evaluated for impairment	1,341	1,997	2,142	3,542	8	98	9	9,137
<b>Total ending allowance balance</b>	<b>\$ 2,060</b>	<b>\$ 2,122</b>	<b>\$ 2,685</b>	<b>\$ 4,818</b>	<b>\$ 8</b>	<b>\$ 98</b>	<b>\$ 78</b>	<b>\$ 11,869</b>
<b>Loans:</b>								
Loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 4,576	\$ 3,766	\$ 10,364	\$ 25,328	\$ 273	\$ 0	\$ 69	\$ 44,376
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	53,157	79,584	30,760	50,926	462	3,826	35	218,750
<b>Total ending loans balance</b>	<b>\$ 57,733</b>	<b>\$ 83,350</b>	<b>\$ 41,124</b>	<b>\$ 76,254</b>	<b>\$ 735</b>	<b>\$ 3,826</b>	<b>\$ 104</b>	<b>\$ 263,126</b>



**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)****March 31, 2013**

The following table presents information related to loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

	March 31, 2013			December 31, 2012		
	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated (In thousands)	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated
<b>With no related allowance recorded:</b>						
One-to-four units	\$ 1,989	\$ 1,444	\$ 0	\$ 1,986	\$ 1,484	\$ 0
Five or more units	2,049	2,049	0	2,038	1,819	0
Commercial real estate	8,080	4,765	0	10,184	6,423	0
Church	14,717	12,598	0	18,664	15,689	0
Construction	0	0	0	279	273	0
Commercial:						
Sports	3,888	0	0	3,888	0	0
<b>With an allowance recorded:</b>						
One-to-four units	2,316	2,316	587	3,092	3,092	719
Five or more units	333	333	26	1,947	1,947	125
Commercial real estate	1,371	1,371	59	3,941	3,941	543
Church	9,632	9,632	1,333	9,677	9,639	1,276
Commercial:						
Other	97	97	97	0	0	0
Consumer:						
Other	69	69	69	69	69	69
Total	\$ 44,541	\$ 34,674	\$ 2,171	\$ 55,765	\$ 44,376	\$ 2,732

The recorded investment in loans excludes accrued interest receivable and loan origination fees, net due to immateriality. For purposes of this disclosure, the unpaid principal balance is not reduced for net charge-offs.

The following table presents monthly average of individually impaired loans by class of loans and the related interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

	Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2013	Cash Basis	March 31, 2012	Cash Basis
	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized
(In thousands)				
One-to-four units	\$ 3,987	\$ 32	\$ 13,477	\$ 124
Five or more units	3,507	16	3,826	22

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Commercial real estate	9,154	81	7,476	84
Church	24,139	137	31,768	291
Construction	202	5	300	5
Commercial:				
Other	73	0	0	0
Consumer:				
Other	69	0	70	1
Total	\$ 41,131	\$ 271	\$ 56,917	\$ 527



**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)****March 31, 2013**

Cash-basis interest income recognized represents cash received for interest payments on accruing impaired loans. Interest income that would have been recognized for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 had loans performed in accordance with their original terms were \$762 thousand and \$1.2 million.

The following table presents the recorded investment in non-accrual loans by class of loans as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
	(In thousands)	
<b>Loans receivable held for sale:</b>		
One-to-four units	\$ 0	\$ 6,656
Five or more units	3,033	1,956
Commercial real estate	3,004	0
Church	2,023	1,556
<b>Loans receivable held for investment:</b>		
One-to-four units	1,444	1,489
Five or more units	1,676	2,312
Commercial real estate	2,874	7,090
Church	12,598	15,689
Construction	0	273
Commercial:		
Other	97	0
Consumer:		
Other	69	69
 Total non-accrual loans	 \$ 26,818	 \$ 37,090

There were no loans 90 days or more delinquent that were accruing interest as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

The following tables present the aging of the recorded investment in past due loans, including loans receivable held for sale, as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 by class of loans:

	March 31, 2013				
	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	Greater than 90 Days Past Due (In thousands)	Total Past Due	Total Loans Not Past Due
<b>Loans receivable held for sale:</b>					
Five or more units	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 3,033	\$ 3,033	\$ 3,824
Commercial real estate	0	0	3,004	3,004	1,004
Church	0	0	2,023	2,023	2,735
<b>Loans receivable held for investment:</b>					
One-to-four units	949	0	1,444	2,393	52,803

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Five or more units	0	0	1,676	1,676	76,645
Commercial real estate	0	0	2,874	2,874	32,186
Church	279	3,192	12,598	16,069	56,252
Construction	0	0	0	0	456
Commercial:					
Sports	0	0	0	0	1,701
Other	0	0	97	97	1,825
Consumer:					
Other	0	0	69	69	61
Total	\$ 1,228	\$ 3,192	\$ 26,818	\$ 31,238	\$ 229,492

**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)****March 31, 2013**

	December 31, 2012				
	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	Greater than 90 Days Past Due (In thousands)	Total Past Due	Total Loans Not Past Due
<b>Loans receivable held for sale:</b>					
One-to-four units	\$ 0	\$ 871	\$ 6,656	\$ 7,527	\$ 389
Five or more units	0	0	1,956	1,956	3,839
Commercial real estate	0	0	0	0	1,358
Church	0	0	1,556	1,556	2,744
<b>Loans receivable held for investment:</b>					
One-to-four units	1,077	0	1,489	2,566	55,167
Five or more units	587	554	2,312	3,453	79,897
Commercial real estate	0	0	7,090	7,090	34,034
Church	1,617	0	15,689	17,306	58,948
Construction	0	0	273	273	462
Commercial:					
Sports	0	0	0	0	1,711
Other	0	0	0	0	2,115
Consumer:					
Other	0	0	69	69	35
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 3,281</b>	<b>\$ 1,425</b>	<b>\$ 37,090</b>	<b>\$ 41,796</b>	<b>\$ 240,699</b>

**Troubled Debt Restructurings**

During the three months ended March 31, 2013, the terms of certain loans were modified as troubled debt restructurings. The modification of the terms of such loans included payments of delinquent property taxes, which the borrower would be required to repay over a six to twelve month period.

The Company has allocated \$2.1 million and \$2.5 million of specific reserves for loans for which the terms have been modified in troubled debt restructurings ( TDRs ) and were performing as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012. At March 31, 2013, loans classified as TDRs totaled \$34.4 million, of which \$18.0 million were included in non-accrual loans and \$16.4 million were on accrual status. Pro forma for a bulk sale of multi-family and commercial real estate loans that we completed in the second quarter, our TDRs totaled \$32.4 million at such date. At December 31, 2012, loans classified as TDRs totaled \$41.1 million, of which \$22.8 million were included in non-accrual loans and \$18.3 million were on accrual status. TDRs on accrual status are comprised of loans that were accruing at the time of restructuring or loans that have complied with the terms of their restructured agreements for a satisfactory period of time, and for which the Bank anticipates full repayment of both principal and interest. TDRs that are on non-accrual can be returned to accrual status after a period of sustained performance, generally determined to be six months of timely payments as modified. As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company has no commitment to lend additional amounts to customers with outstanding loans that are classified as troubled debt restructurings.

**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)****March 31, 2013**

The following table presents loans by class modified as troubled debt restructurings that occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2013			Three Months Ended March 31, 2012		
	Number of Loans	Pre-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Number of Loans	Pre-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment
One-to-four units	5	\$ 715	\$ 765	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Commercial real estate	0	0	0	1	229	229
Church	0	0	0	3	1,013	1,013
Total	5	\$ 715	\$ 765	4	\$ 1,242	\$ 1,242

The troubled debt restructurings described above increased the allowance for loan losses by \$23 thousand and \$87 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 and resulted in charge-offs of \$23 thousand and \$0 during the first quarter of 2013 and 2012.

A loan is considered to be in payment default once it is 90 days contractually past due under the modified terms. The following table presents loans by class modified as troubled debt restructurings for which there was a payment default within twelve months following the modification during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2013		Three Months Ended March 31, 2012	
	Number of Loans	Pre-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Number of Loans	Pre-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment
Church	0	\$ 0	1	\$ 100
Total	0	\$ 0	1	\$ 100

All loan modifications during the three months ended March 31, 2013 were considered troubled debt restructurings. The terms of certain other loans were modified during the three months ended March 31, 2012 that did not meet the definition of a troubled debt restructuring. These loans have a total recorded investment of \$3.2 million as of March 31, 2012. The modification of these loans involved either a modification of the terms of a loan to borrowers who were not experiencing financial difficulties or a delay in a payment that was considered to be insignificant.

In order to determine whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulty, an evaluation is performed of the probability that the borrower will be in payment default on any of its debt in the foreseeable future without the modification. This evaluation is performed under the Company's internal underwriting policy.



**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)****March 31, 2013****Credit Quality Indicators**

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. For one-to-four family residential, consumer and other smaller balance homogenous loans, a credit grade is established at inception, and generally only adjusted based on performance. Information about payment status is disclosed elsewhere. The Company analyzes all other loans individually by classifying the loans as to credit risk. This analysis is performed at least on a quarterly basis. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

**Special Mention.** Loans classified as special mention have a potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution's credit position at some future date.

**Substandard.** Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

**Doubtful.** Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

**Loss.** Loans classified as loss are considered uncollectible and of such little value that to continue to carry the loan as an active asset is no longer warranted.

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above described process are considered to be pass rated loans. Based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans by class of loans as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 is as follows:

	March 31, 2013				
	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss
	(In thousands)				
One-to-four units	\$ 53,126	\$ 626	\$ 1,444	\$ 0	\$ 0
Five or more units	71,139	3,234	3,948	0	0
Commercial real estate	24,417	1,903	8,740	0	0
Church	33,259	16,237	22,729	96	0
Construction	456	0	0	0	0
Commercial:					
Sports	0	1,701	0	0	0
Other	1,805	20	97	0	0

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Consumer:					
Other	61	0	69	0	0
Total	\$ 184,263	\$ 23,721	\$ 37,027	\$ 96	\$ 0

**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)****March 31, 2013**

	December 31, 2012				
	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss
	(In thousands)				
One-to-four units	\$ 55,613	\$ 631	\$ 1,489	\$ 0	\$ 0
Five or more units	73,673	5,250	4,427	0	0
Commercial real estate	25,605	2,541	12,921	57	0
Church	33,532	19,502	23,220	0	0
Construction	462	0	273	0	0
Commercial:					
Sports	0	1,711	0	0	0
Other	1,877	141	97	0	0
Consumer:					
Other	35	0	69	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 190,797</b>	<b>\$ 29,776</b>	<b>\$ 42,496</b>	<b>\$ 57</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>

**NOTE (8) Junior Subordinated Debentures and Other Borrowings**

On March 17, 2004, the Company issued \$6.0 million of Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Debentures in a private placement. The subordinated debentures mature in 10 years and interest is payable quarterly at a rate per annum equal to the 3-month LIBOR plus 2.54%. The interest rate is determined as of each March 17, June 17, September 17, and December 17, and was 2.82% at March 31, 2013. The Company stopped paying interest on the debentures in September 2010. The accrued interest on the subordinated debentures was \$497 thousand as of March 31, 2013. Under the Cease and Desist Order applicable to the Company discussed in Note 3, the Company is not permitted to make payments on its debt without prior notice to and receipt of written notice of non-objection from the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, acting through the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco, (the FRB ). In addition, under the terms of the subordinated debentures, the Company is not allowed to make payments on the subordinated debentures if the Company is in default on any of its senior indebtedness, which term includes the senior line of credit described below.

On February 28, 2010, the Company borrowed an aggregate of \$5.0 million under its \$5.0 million line of credit with another financial institution, and invested all of the proceeds in the equity capital of the Bank. The interest rate on the line of credit adjusts annually, subject to a minimum of 6.00% and increases by an additional 5% in the event of default. Borrowings under this line of credit are secured by the Company's investment in the Bank. The full amount of this borrowing became due and payable on July 31, 2010. This line of credit has not been repaid and the Company is in default under the line of credit agreement. On April 7, 2011, the lender agreed to forbear from exercising its rights (other than increasing the interest rate by the default rate margin) pursuant to the line of credit agreement until January 1, 2012, subject to certain conditions. The lender has declined to extend the forbearance agreement. The accrued interest on the line of credit was \$1.5 million as of March 31, 2013.

Management's plans to address these matters are described in Note 3 to these consolidated financial statements.



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**BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)**

**March 31, 2013**

**NOTE (9) Fair Value**

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The Company used the following methods and significant assumptions to estimate fair value:

The fair values of securities available-for-sale are determined by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges (Level 1 inputs) or matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities, but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities (Level 2 inputs).

The fair value of non-performing loans receivable held-for-sale is generally based upon the fair value of the collateral which is obtained from recent real estate appraisals. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are usually significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. Non-performing loans held for sale are evaluated on a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted accordingly.

The fair value of impaired loans with specific allocations of the allowance for loan losses is generally based on recent real estate appraisals of the underlying collateral. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are usually significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. Impaired loans are evaluated on a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted accordingly.

Assets acquired through or instead of loan foreclosure are initially recorded at fair value less costs to sell when acquired, establishing a new cost basis. These assets are subsequently accounted for at lower of cost or fair value less estimated costs to sell. Fair value is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals which are updated every nine months. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are usually significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. Real estate owned properties are evaluated on a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted accordingly.

**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)****March 31, 2013**

Appraisals for collateral-dependent impaired loans, non-performing loans held for sale and real estate owned are performed by certified general appraisers (for commercial properties) or certified residential appraisers (for residential properties) whose qualifications and licenses have been reviewed and verified by the Company. Once received, an independent third-party licensed appraiser reviews the appraisals for accuracy and reasonableness, reviewing the assumptions and approaches utilized in the appraisal as well as the overall resulting fair value in comparison with independent data sources such as recent market data or industry-wide statistics.

**Assets Measured on a Recurring Basis**

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:

	Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2013 Using			Total
	Quoted Prices			
	in	Significant	Significant	
	Active	Other	Unobservable	
Markets	Observable	Inputs		
for	Inputs	(Level 3)		
Identical	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Assets	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
(Level	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
	(In thousands)			
<b>Assets:</b>				
Securities available-for-sale - residential mortgage-backed	\$ 0	\$ 12,180	\$ 0	\$ 12,180

	Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2012 Using			Total
	Quoted Prices			
	in	Significant	Significant	
	Active	Other	Unobservable	
Markets	Observable	Inputs		
for	Inputs	(Level 3)		
Identical	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Assets	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
(Level	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
	(In thousands)			
<b>Assets:</b>				
Securities available-for-sale - residential mortgage-backed	\$ 0	\$ 13,378	\$ 0	\$ 13,378

There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)****March 31, 2013****Assets Measured on a Non-Recurring Basis**

The following table provides information regarding the carrying values of our assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at the dates indicated. The fair value measurement for all of these assets falls within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

	<b>March 31, 2013</b>	<b>December 31, 2012</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>	
<b>Assets:</b>		
Non-performing loans receivable held-for-sale:		
One-to-four units	\$ 0	\$ 6,656
Five or more units	3,033	1,956
Commercial real estate	3,004	0
Church	2,023	1,556
Impaired loans carried at fair value of collateral:		
One-to-four units	1,235	1,284
Five or more units	0	1,679
Commercial real estate	417	3,385
Church	4,420	6,649
Real estate owned:		
Commercial real estate	2,591	2,752
Church	6,703	5,411

The following table provides information regarding gains (losses) recognized on assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
Non-performing loans receivable held-for-sale	\$ (471)	\$ 1
Impaired loans carried at fair value of collateral	(34)	(1,090)
Real estate owned	0	19
Total	\$ (505)	\$ (1,070)

**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)****March 31, 2013**

The following table presents quantitative information about level 3 fair value measurements for financial instruments measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at March 31, 2013:

	Fair Value	Valuation Technique(s)	Unobservable Input(s)	Range
(Dollars in thousands)				
Non-performing loans held for sale five or more units	\$ 3,033	Sales comparison approach Income approach	Adjustment for differences between the comparable sales Capitalization rate	-26% to 20% 6% to 9%
Non-performing loans held for sale commercial real estate	3,004	Sales comparison approach Income approach	Adjustment for differences between the comparable sales Capitalization rate	-49% to 1% 7% to 9%
Non-performing loans held for sale church	2,023	Sales comparison approach	Adjustment for differences between the comparable sales	-27% to 29%
Impaired loans one-to-four units	1,235	Sales comparison approach	Adjustment for differences between the comparable sales	-5% to 18%
Impaired loans commercial real estate	417	Sales comparison approach Income approach	Adjustment for differences between the comparable sales Capitalization rate	2% 4.5%
Impaired loans church	4,420	Sales comparison approach Income approach	Adjustment for differences between the comparable sales Capitalization rate	-45% to 8% 6.75% to 8%
Real estate owned commercial real estate	2,591	Sales comparison approach Income approach	Adjustment for differences between the comparable sales Capitalization rate	-67% to 1% 8% to 11%
Real estate owned church	6,703	Sales comparison approach Income approach	Adjustment for differences between the comparable sales Capitalization rate	-34% to 7% 11.5%

**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)****March 31, 2013****Fair Values of Financial Instruments**

The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of financial instruments, at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were as follows:

	Carrying Value	Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2013 Using			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
(In thousands)					
<b>Financial Assets:</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 75,774	\$ 75,774	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 75,774
Securities available-for-sale	12,180	0	12,180	0	12,180
Loans receivable held for sale	15,306	0	0	15,306	15,306
Loans receivable held for investment	235,107	0	0	234,852	234,852
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	3,737	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Accrued interest receivable	1,176	0	59	1,117	1,176
<b>Financial Liabilities:</b>					
Deposits	\$ (247,648)	\$ 0	\$ 244,197	\$ 0	\$ 244,197
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(79,500)	0	84,397	0	84,397
Junior subordinated debentures	(6,000)	0	0	(5,061)	(5,061)
Other borrowings	(5,000)	0	0	(4,353)	(4,353)
Accrued interest payable	(2,171)	0	(137)	(1,741)	(1,878)
Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	(332)	0	(332)	0	(332)

	Carrying Value	Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2012 Using			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
(In thousands)					
<b>Financial Assets:</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 64,360	\$ 64,360	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 64,360
Securities available-for-sale	13,378	0	13,378	0	13,378
Loans receivable held for sale	19,051	0	0	19,051	19,051
Loans receivable held for investment	251,723	0	0	252,043	252,043
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	3,901	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Accrued interest receivable	1,250	0	42	1,208	1,250
<b>Financial Liabilities:</b>					
Deposits	\$ (257,071)	\$ 0	\$ (253,155)	\$ 0	\$ (253,155)
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(79,500)	0	(84,769)	0	(84,769)
Junior subordinated debentures	(6,000)	0	0	(4,852)	(4,852)
Other borrowings	(5,000)	0	0	(4,205)	(4,205)
Accrued interest payable	(1,941)	0	(87)	(1,527)	(1,614)
Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	(711)	0	(711)	0	(711)

The methods and assumptions, not previously presented, used to estimate fair values are described as follows:

*(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents*

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents approximate fair values and are classified as Level 1.

*(b) Loans receivable held for sale*

The fair value of loans held for sale is estimated based upon binding contracts and quotes from third party investors or appraisal reports adjusted by sales commission assumptions resulting in a Level 3 classification.

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**BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)**

**March 31, 2013**

*(c) Loans receivable held for investment*

Fair values of loans, excluding loans held for sale, are estimated as follows: For variable rate loans that reprice frequently and with no significant change in credit risk, fair values are based on carrying values resulting in a Level 3 classification. Fair values for other loans are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses, using interest rates currently being offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality resulting in a Level 3 classification. Impaired loans are valued at the lower of cost or fair value as described previously. The methods utilized to estimate the fair value of loans do not necessarily represent an exit price.

*(d) FHLB Stock*

It is not practical to determine the fair value of FHLB stock due to restrictions placed on its transferability.

*(e) Deposits and Advance Payments by Borrowers for Taxes and Insurance*

The fair values disclosed for demand deposits (e.g., interest and non-interest checking, passbook savings, and certain types of money market accounts) are, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the reporting date (i.e., their carrying amount) resulting in Level 2 classification. Fair values for fixed rate certificates of deposit are estimated using discounted cash flow calculations that apply interest rates currently being offered on certificates to a schedule of aggregated expected monthly maturities on time deposits resulting in a Level 2 classification.

*(f) Federal Home Loan Bank Advances*

The fair values of the Federal Home Loan Bank advances are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the current borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements resulting in a Level 2 classification.

*(g) Junior Subordinated Debentures and Other Borrowings*

The fair values of the Company's Junior subordinated debentures and other borrowings are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the current borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements resulting in a Level 3 classification.

*(h) Accrued Interest Receivable*

The carrying amounts of accrued interest receivable approximate fair value and are classified the same as the related asset.

*(i) Accrued Interest Payable*

The carrying amounts of accrued interest on deposits and Federal Home Loan Bank advances approximate their fair value. The carrying amounts of accrued interest on junior subordinated debentures and other borrowings are estimated by applying a discount similar to the related debt. The fair values of accrued interest are classified the same as the related liability.

**NOTE (10) Stock-based Compensation**

In 2008, we adopted the 2008 Long-Term Incentive Plan ( 2008 LTIP ), which was approved by the shareholders. The 2008 LTIP replaced the Company's 1996 Long-Term Incentive Plan ( 1996 LTIP ) and 1996 Stock Option Plan ( Stock Option Plan ), which have expired and are no longer effective except as to outstanding awards. The 2008 LTIP permits the grant of non-qualified and incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, full value awards and cash incentive awards to the Company's non-employee directors and certain officers and employees for up to

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351,718 shares of common stock. Option awards are generally granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of the Company's common stock at the date of grant; those option awards have vesting periods ranging from immediate vesting to 5 years and have 10-year contractual terms. The Company has a policy of using shares held as treasury stock to satisfy share option exercises. Currently, the Company has a sufficient number of treasury shares to satisfy expected share option exercises.

No options were granted during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012. The Company recorded \$20 thousand of stock-based compensation expense, net of tax, during the first quarter of 2013 and 2012.



**Table of Contents****BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)****March 31, 2013****NOTE (11) Regulatory Matters**

The Bank is subject to regulatory capital requirements now administered by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, or OCC, which is the statutory successor under the Dodd-Frank Act to the former Office of Thrift Supervision, or OTS. The capital requirements, which remain the same as when administered by the OTS, involve quantitative measures of assets, liabilities, and certain off balance sheet items calculated under regulatory accounting practices. Capital amounts and classifications are also subject to qualitative judgments by the OCC. Failure to meet capital requirements can result in regulatory action.

Prompt corrective action regulations also administered by the OCC provide five classifications: well capitalized, adequately capitalized, undercapitalized, significantly undercapitalized, and critically undercapitalized, although these terms are not used to represent overall financial condition. If only adequately capitalized, regulatory approval is required to accept brokered deposits. If undercapitalized, capital distributions are limited, as is asset growth and expansion, and capital restoration plans are required.

The Bank met the minimum capital requirements at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 to conform to the general regulatory definition of well-capitalized under the prompt corrective action regulations, as well as the higher capital standards under the cease and desist orders, but it cannot be considered well capitalized while under the cease and desist order.

Actual and normally required capital amounts and ratios at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, together with the higher capital requirements that the Bank is required to meet under the cease and desist order applicable to it, are presented below.

	Actual		Required for Capital Adequacy Purposes		To Be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Regulations		Capital Requirements under Cease and Desist Order	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratios	Amount	Ratios
<b>March 31, 2013:</b>								
Tangible Capital to adjusted total assets	\$ 32,674	9.00%	\$ 5,446	1.50%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tier 1(Core) Capital to adjusted total assets	\$ 32,674	9.00%	\$ 14,522	4.00%	\$ 18,152	5.00%	\$ 29,043	8.00%
Tier 1(Core) Capital to risk weighted assets	\$ 32,674	13.94%	N/A	N/A	\$ 14,068	6.00%	N/A	N/A
Total Capital to risk weighted assets	\$ 35,698	15.22%	\$ 18,758	8.00%	\$ 23,447	10.00%	\$ 28,137	12.00%
<b>December 31, 2012:</b>								
Tangible Capital to adjusted total assets	\$ 32,936	8.82%	\$ 5,603	1.50%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tier 1(Core) Capital to adjusted total assets	\$ 32,936	8.82%	\$ 14,940	4.00%	\$ 18,675	5.00%	\$ 29,881	8.00%
Tier 1(Core) Capital to risk weighted assets	\$ 32,936	13.12%	N/A	N/A	\$ 15,067	6.00%	N/A	N/A
Total Capital to risk weighted assets	\$ 36,183	14.41%	\$ 20,090	8.00%	\$ 25,112	10.00%	\$ 30,135	12.00%

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**BROADWAY FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)**

**March 31, 2013**

**NOTE (12) Income Taxes**

The Company and its subsidiaries are subject to U.S. federal and state income taxes. Income tax expense is the total of the current year income tax due or refundable and the change in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carry-forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion, or all, of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. In assessing the realization of deferred tax assets, management evaluates both positive and negative evidence, including the existence of cumulative losses in the current year and the prior two years, the amount of taxes paid in available carry-back years, the forecasts of future income and tax planning strategies. This analysis is updated quarterly. Based on this analysis, the Company determined that a valuation allowance of \$9.4 million was required as of March 31, 2013, resulting in \$0 net deferred tax assets. The Company had recorded a valuation allowance of \$9.0 million and \$0 net deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2012.

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### **ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ( MD&A ) is intended to provide a reader of our financial statements with a narrative from the perspective of our management on our financial condition, results of operations, liquidity and certain other factors that may affect our future results. Our MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes included in Part I Item 1, Financial Statements, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

#### **Overview**

Total assets decreased during the first three months of 2013 primarily due to a decrease in our loan portfolio, as we implemented our strategy to sell non-performing and classified loans. During the first three months of 2013, we sold approximately \$9.3 million in non-performing and classified loans. The decrease in our loan portfolio, including loans held for sale, consisted of a \$10.5 million decrease in our one-to-four family residential real estate loan portfolio, a \$4.0 million decrease in our five or more units residential real estate loan portfolio, a \$3.4 million decrease in our commercial real estate loan portfolio, a \$3.5 million decrease in our church loan portfolio, a \$279 thousand decrease in our construction loan portfolio and a \$203 thousand decrease in our commercial loan portfolio.

Total deposits decreased \$9.4 million during the first three months of 2013, while FHLB borrowings, subordinated debentures and other borrowings remained unchanged.

Our net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2013 was \$616 thousand compared to net income of \$154 thousand for the same period a year ago, representing a decrease in profitability of \$770 thousand. The decrease from a net income to a net loss was primarily due to lower net interest income before provision for loan losses and higher non-interest expenses, primarily reflecting a \$470 thousand provision for losses on loans held for sale. Additionally, during the three months ended March 31, 2013, we recorded no provision for loan losses compared to \$959 thousand of provision for loan losses for the three months ended March 31, 2012.

#### **Going Concern and Regulatory Matters**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, the Company has a tax sharing liability to its consolidated subsidiary that exceeds its available cash, the Company is in default under the terms of a \$5 million line of credit with another financial institution lender in which the stock of its subsidiary bank, Broadway Federal Bank (the Bank ) is held as collateral for the line of credit and the Company and the Bank are both under formal regulatory agreements. The Company and the Bank are not in compliance with these agreements but management believes that the recapitalization plan that the Company is pursuing will allow it to address many of the areas of non-compliance. Failure to comply with these agreements exposes the Company and the Bank to further regulatory sanctions. These matters raise substantial doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on many factors, one of which is regulatory action, including acceptance of its capital plan. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 3. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

#### **Results of Operations**

##### *Net Income (Loss)*

We recorded net loss of \$616 thousand, or \$0.49 loss per diluted common share, for the three months ended March 31, 2013, compared to net income of \$154 thousand, or \$0.08 loss per diluted common share, for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The decrease from net income to net loss was primarily due to lower net interest income before provision for loan losses and higher non-interest expenses which were partially offset by lower provision for loan losses for the first quarter of 2013.

**Table of Contents***Net Interest Income*

For the first quarter of 2013, net interest income before provision for loan losses totaled \$2.7 million, down \$1.0 million, or 27%, from \$3.7 million of net interest income before provision for loan losses for the first quarter of 2012. The \$1.0 million decrease in net interest income primarily resulted from a \$47.1 million decrease in average interest-earning assets and a 64 basis point decrease in net interest margin.

Interest income decreased \$1.5 million, or 27%, to \$4.0 million for the first quarter of 2013 from \$5.5 million for the first quarter of 2012. The decrease in interest income was primarily due to a \$47.1 million decrease in average interest-earning assets, primarily reflecting a \$71.3 million decrease in the average balance of loans receivable, a \$5.4 million decrease in the average balance of securities available-for-sale and a \$29.8 million increase in the average balance of federal funds sold. The \$71.3 million decrease in average loans receivable from \$345.8 million for the first quarter of 2012 to \$274.5 million for the first quarter of 2013 resulted in \$1.0 million reduction in interest income. Additionally, the average yield on loans decreased from 6.17% for the first quarter of 2012 to 5.66% for the first quarter of 2013, which resulted in \$408 thousand reduction in interest income. The decrease in the average yield on loans was primarily a result of continued high levels of non-performing loans and payoffs of loans which carried a higher average yield than the average yield of loans receivable.

Interest expense decreased \$472 thousand, or 26%, to \$1.3 million for the first quarter of 2013 from \$1.8 million for the first quarter of 2012. The decrease in interest expense was primarily attributable to a 35 basis point decrease in the average cost of deposits, from 1.34% for the first quarter of 2012 to 0.99% for the first quarter of 2013, which resulted in \$211 thousand reduction in interest expense. Additionally, the average balance of deposits decreased from \$292.1 million for the first quarter of 2012 to \$253.2 million for the first quarter of 2013, which resulted in \$140 thousand reduction in interest expense. The 35 basis point decrease in the average cost of deposits reflects the impact of certificates of deposit at higher rates maturing and being replaced at lower interest rates. Also contributing to the decrease in interest expense during 2013 was lower average balance and average cost of FHLB advances. The average balance of FHLB advances decreased \$3.5 million, from \$83.0 million for the first quarter of 2012 to \$79.5 million for the first quarter of 2013, which resulted in \$26 thousand decrease in interest expense. The average cost of FHLB advances decreased 44 basis points, from 3.12% for the first quarter of 2012 to 2.68% for the first quarter of 2013, which resulted in \$89 thousand decrease in interest expense. The decrease in the average cost of FHLB advances was primarily due to the restructurings of \$20.0 million of FHLB advances since the first quarter of 2012.

*Provision and Allowance for Loan Losses*

We record a provision for loan losses as a charge to earnings when necessary in order to maintain the allowance for loan losses at a level sufficient, in management's judgment, to absorb probable incurred losses in the loan portfolio. At least quarterly, we conduct an assessment of the overall quality of the loan portfolio and general economic trends in the local market. The determination of the appropriate level for the allowance is based on that review, considering such factors as historical loss experience for each type of loan, the size and composition of our loan portfolio, the levels and composition of our loan delinquencies, non-performing loans and net loan charge-offs, the value of underlying collateral on problem loans, regulatory policies, general economic conditions, and other factors related to the collectability of loans in the portfolio.

There was no provision for loan losses for the first quarter of 2013, compared to \$959 thousand of provision for loan losses for the same period a year ago. During the first quarter of 2013, we did not record a provision for loan losses as our loan portfolio continues to shrink and our asset quality shows signs of improvement as total delinquencies and impairment losses have continued a downward trend. Our total delinquent loans, which include non-accurring loans and all other loans that are past due at least 30 days, totaled \$31.2 million, or \$25.1 million pro forma for the bulk loan sale completed in the second quarter, as of March 31, 2013, as compared to \$54.6 million as of March 31, 2012 and \$41.8 million as of December 31, 2012. This decline continues a trend that started in the first quarter of 2011, following a peak in delinquencies of \$70.7 million as of the end of 2010.

At March 31, 2013 our allowance for loan losses was \$10.4 million, or 4.26% of our loans receivable held for investment, compared to \$11.9 million, or 4.51% of our gross loans, at December 31, 2012. The decrease in the allowance for loan losses reflects the decrease in the size of our loan portfolio and the charge-offs taken to write down the loans transferred to loans held for sale to their estimated fair values. The ratio of the allowance for loan losses to non-performing loans, excluding loans held for sale, increased to 55.71% at March 31, 2013 from 49.41% at December 31, 2012, due to the planned bulk sale of certain non-performing loans that were classified as held for sale.

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When reviewing the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses as a percentage of non-performing loans, the impact of charge-offs is considered. We update our estimates of collateral values on non-performing loans every nine months. If the estimated fair value of the loan collateral less estimated selling costs is less than the recorded investment in the loan, a charge-off for the difference is recorded to reduce the loan to its estimated fair value less estimated selling costs. Therefore certain losses inherent in our non-performing loans are being recognized through a charge-off periodically. The impact of updating these estimates of collateral value and recognizing any required charge-offs is to increase charge-offs and reduce the allowance for loan losses required on these loans. As of March 31, 2013, 63% of our non-performing loans had already been written down to their estimated fair value less estimated selling costs. The remaining 37% of non-performing loans are reported at cost as the fair value of collateral less estimated selling costs exceeded the recorded investment in the loan.

Loan charge-offs during the first quarter of 2013 were \$1.8 million, or 2.62% of average loans, compared to \$644 thousand, or 0.74% of average loans, during the first quarter of 2012. Of the \$1.8 million of charge-offs, \$1.3 million charge-offs were related to the write down of certain classified loans that were transferred to loans held for sale in the first quarter of 2013 and were subsequently sold in April 2013. Another \$177 thousand of charge-offs were related to non-performing church loans that were sold in February and April 2013. Most of the remaining \$284 thousand of charge-offs were reserved for at year-end 2012 and were related to losses on impaired loans. Charge-offs in commercial real estate loans totaled \$944 thousand and represented 53% of charge-offs during the first quarter of 2013. Charge-offs in five or more unit residential real estate loans totaled \$638 thousand and represented 35% of charge-offs during the first quarter of 2013. Charge-offs in church loans totaled \$177 thousand million and represented 10% of charge-offs during the first quarter of 2013. Charge-offs in one-to-four family residential real estate loans totaled \$36 thousand and represented 2% of charge-offs during the first quarter of 2013.

Impaired loans at March 31, 2013 were \$34.7 million, compared to \$44.4 million at December 31, 2012. Specific reserves for impaired loans were \$2.1 million, or 6.26% of the aggregate impaired loan amount at March 31, 2013, compared to \$2.7 million, or 6.16%, at December 31, 2012. Excluding specific reserves for impaired loans, our coverage ratio (general allowance as a percentage of total non-impaired loans) was 3.93% at March 31, 2013, compared to 4.18% at December 31, 2012.

We performed an impairment analysis for all non-performing and restructured loans, and established specific reserves for impaired loans of \$2.1 million at March 31, 2013. Of the \$2.1 million specific reserves at March 31, 2013, \$166 thousand was related to \$166 thousand of unsecured loans that are non-performing. Additionally, we recorded \$2.0 million of specific reserves for impairment related to \$13.7 million of accruing loans that were modified in troubled debt restructurings. On \$13.6 million of impaired loans, the fair value of collateral less estimated selling costs exceeded the recorded investment in the loan and did not require a specific reserve or charge-off. The remaining \$12.1 million of impaired loans had been written down to fair value after charge-offs of \$10.0 million.

Management believes that the allowance for loan losses is adequate to cover probable incurred losses in the loan portfolio as of March 31, 2013, but there can be no assurance that actual losses will not exceed the estimated amounts. In addition, the OCC and the FDIC periodically review the allowance for loan losses as an integral part of their examination process. These agencies may require an increase in the allowance for loan losses based on their judgments of the information available to them at the time of their examinations.

*Non-interest Income*

Non-interest income for the first quarter of 2013 decreased \$202 thousand from \$423 thousand for the first quarter of 2012 to \$221 thousand for the first quarter of 2013. The \$202 thousand decrease in non-interest income was primarily due to \$404 thousand lower net gains on sales of REO. During the first quarter of 2013, we sold one REO property and recognized a gain of \$8 thousand. During the first quarter of 2012, we sold five REO properties and recognized a net gain of \$412 thousand. Net loan servicing fees totaled \$6 thousand for the first quarter of 2013, compared to net loan servicing expense of (\$166) thousand for the first quarter of 2012, primarily reflecting \$177 thousand higher amortization expense on mortgage servicing rights assets resulting from payoffs and repayments on loans sold to or serviced for investors.

**Table of Contents***Non-interest Expense*

Non-interest expense for the first quarter of 2013 increased \$599 thousand from \$2.9 million for the first quarter of 2012 to \$3.5 million for the first quarter of 2013. The \$599 thousand increase in non-interest expense was primarily due to a \$472 thousand increase in provision for losses on loans held for sale, as we wrote down three loans held for sale to fair value based on the bulk loan sale price. Other significant increases in non-interest expense include a \$74 thousand increase in professional services expense, a \$53 thousand increase in occupancy expense and a \$131 thousand increase in other expenses, primarily appraisal and REO expenses. Partially offsetting these increases was a \$135 thousand decrease in compensation and benefits expense, primarily reflecting the reversal of a liability for accrued sick leave.

*Income Taxes*

The Company's income tax expense was \$5 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to \$75 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The tax expense for the three months reflects the minimum taxes paid to the state of California. For the first three months of 2012, income taxes were computed by applying the projected annual effective income tax rate for the year to the year-to-date earnings plus discrete items (items incurred in the quarter). The projected effective tax rate incorporates certain non-taxable federal and state income items and expected increases to the valuation allowance for projected deferred tax assets.

**Financial Condition***Total Assets*

Total assets were \$363.1 million at March 31, 2013, which represented a decrease of \$10.6 million, or 3%, from December 31, 2012. During the first three months of 2013, net loans decreased by \$16.6 million, loans held for sale decreased by \$3.7 million, securities decreased by \$1.2 million and other assets, primarily income taxes receivable, decreased by \$1.3 million, while cash and cash equivalents increased by \$11.4 million and REO increased by \$1.1 million.

The C&Ds issued to us by the OTS effective September 9, 2010, which are now administered by the OCC with respect to the Bank, limit the increase in the Bank's total assets during any quarter to an amount equal to the net interest credited on deposit liabilities during the prior quarter without the prior written notice to and receipt of notice of non-objection from the OCC.

*Loans Receivable Held for Investment*

Our gross loan portfolio decreased by \$18.0 million to \$245.1 million at March 31, 2013 from \$263.1 million at December 31, 2012, due to the transfer of certain loans held for investment to loans held for sale as we implemented our strategy to sell non-performing and classified loans. The \$18.0 million decrease in our loan portfolio consisted of a \$2.5 million decrease in our one-to-four family residential real estate loan portfolio, a \$5.0 million decrease in our five or more units residential real estate loan portfolio, a \$6.1 million decrease in our commercial real estate loan portfolio, a \$3.9 million decrease in our church loan portfolio, a \$279 thousand decrease in our construction loan portfolio and a \$203 thousand decrease in our commercial loan portfolio.

Loan originations for the three months ended March 31, 2013 totaled \$1.4 million, compared to \$3.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. Loan repayments for the three months ended March 31, 2013 totaled \$10.1 million, compared to \$14.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. Loan charge-offs during the first quarter of 2013 totaled \$1.8 million, compared to \$644 thousand of charge-offs during the first quarter of 2012. Loans transferred to REO during the first quarter of 2013 totaled \$1.3 million, compared to \$817 thousand during the first quarter of 2012. Loans transferred to loans held for sale during the first quarter of 2013 totaled \$6.2 million, which represented multi-family and commercial real estate loans that we sold in a bulk sale consummated in the second quarter. There were no loans transferred to loans held for sale during the first quarter of 2012.

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### *Loans Receivable Held for Sale*

Loans held for sale decreased from \$19.1 million at December 31, 2012 to \$15.3 million at March 31, 2013. The \$3.7 million decrease during the first quarter of 2013 was primarily due to the sales of delinquent and non-performing classified single-family residential and church loans totaling \$9.3 million, repayments of \$144 thousand and charge-offs of \$470 thousand which were partially offset by the transfer of \$6.2 million of non-performing classified multi-family and commercial real estate loans from the held for investment loan portfolio to the held for sale portfolio.

### *Non-Performing Assets*

Non-performing assets ( NPAs ) include loans that are 90 days or more delinquent and still accruing, non-accrual loans and real estate owned through foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure ( REO ). NPAs at March 31, 2013 were \$36.1 million, or 9.95% of total assets, compared to \$45.3 million, or 12.11% of total assets, at December 31, 2012. Pro forma for the bulk sale of multi-family and commercial real estate loans consummated in the second quarter, NPAs were \$30.0 million, or 8.25% of pro forma total assets, at March 31, 2013.

At March 31, 2013, non-accrual loans were \$26.8 million, and \$20.7 million pro forma for the bulk loan sale completed in the second quarter, compared to \$37.1 million at December 31, 2012. These loans consist of delinquent loans that are 90 days or more past due and troubled debt restructurings that do not qualify for accrual status. The non-accrual loans at March 31, 2013 included 24 church loans totaling \$14.6 million, 11 commercial real estate loans totaling \$5.9 million, 14 five or more units residential real estate loans totaling \$4.7 million, 9 one-to-four family residential real estate loans totaling \$1.4 million, a commercial loan for \$97 thousand, and a consumer loan for \$69 thousand.

During the first quarter of 2013, REO increased by \$1.1 million to \$9.3 million at March 31, 2013, from \$8.2 million at December 31, 2012. At March 31, 2013 the Bank's REO consisted of fourteen commercial real estate properties, seven of which are church buildings. During the first quarter of 2013, two church loans totaling \$1.3 million were foreclosed and transferred to REO and one REO property was sold a gain of \$8 thousand.

### *Deposits*

Deposits totaled \$247.6 million at March 31, 2013, down \$9.4 million, or 4%, from December 31, 2012. This reflects our efforts to improve our net interest margin by reducing higher costing certificates of deposit. During the first quarter of 2013, certificates of deposit ( CDs ) decreased by \$13.0 million and represented 63% of total deposits at March 31, 2013, compared to 66% of total deposits at December 31, 2012. Of the \$13.0 million decrease in CDs during the first quarter of 2013, \$11.9 million were from higher rate deposits from QwickRate, a deposit listing service and \$499 thousand were from brokered deposits. Additionally, core deposits (NOW, demand, money market and passbook accounts) increased by \$3.6 million during the first quarter of 2013 and represented 37% of total deposits at March 31, 2013, compared to 34% of total deposits at December 31, 2012. Brokered deposits represented 1% of total deposits at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

The C&Ds issued to us by the OTS effective September 9, 2010, which are now administered by the OCC with respect to the Bank, prohibits the Bank from increasing the amount of its brokered deposits.

### *Borrowings*

At March 31, 2013, borrowings consisted of advances from the FHLB of \$79.5 million, junior subordinated debentures of \$6.0 million and other borrowings of \$5.0 million, unchanged from December 31, 2012. At March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, FHLB advances were 22% and 21%, respectively, of total assets, and the weighted average cost of advances at those dates was 2.67%.

### *Shareholders' Equity*

Shareholders' equity was \$17.2 million, or 4.73% of the Company's total assets, at December 31, 2012, compared to \$18.0 million, or 4.82% of the Company's total assets, at December 31, 2012. At March 31, 2013, the Bank's Total Risk-Based Capital ratio was 15.22%, its Tier 1 Risk-Based Capital ratio was 13.94%, and its Core Capital and Tangible Capital ratios were 9.00%. The Company is currently pursuing a Recapitalization Plan, described under "Capital Resources" below to increase equity capital and reduce debt and senior securities to further strengthen the Company's capital ratios, and position the Bank for future growth.





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### **Liquidity**

The objective of liquidity management is to ensure that we have the continuing ability to fund operations and meet other obligations on a timely and cost-effective basis. The Bank's sources of funds include deposits, advances from the FHLB and other borrowings, proceeds from the sale of loans, REOs, investment securities, and principal and interest payments from loans and investment securities. Primary uses of funds include withdrawal of and interest payments on deposits, originations of loans, purchases of investment securities, and payment of operating expenses.

Net cash inflows from operating activities totaled \$1.2 million and \$1.80 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net cash inflows from operating activities for the first three months of 2013 were primarily attributable to interest payments received on loans and securities and federal income tax refunds.

Net cash inflows from investing activities totaled \$20.0 million and \$16.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net cash inflows from investing activities for the first three months of 2013 were attributable primarily to proceeds from sales of loans receivable held for sale, principal repayments on loans and securities, proceeds from sales of REOs and proceeds from redemption of FHLB stock.

Net cash outflows from financing activities totaled \$9.8 million and \$4.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Net cash outflows from financing activities for the first three months of 2013 were attributable primarily to the net decrease in deposits.

When the Bank has more funds than required for reserve requirements or short-term liquidity needs, the Bank sells federal funds to the Federal Reserve Bank or other financial institutions and maintains a portion of its liquid assets in interest-bearing cash deposits with other banks and in securities available-for-sale that are not pledged. The Bank's liquid assets at March 31, 2013 consisted of \$75.8 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$10.7 million in securities available-for-sale that are not pledged, compared to \$64.4 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$11.9 million in securities available-for-sale that are not pledged at December 31, 2012.

Additionally, the Bank is currently approved by the FHLB to borrow up to \$100.0 million to the extent the Bank provides qualifying collateral and holds sufficient FHLB stock. That approved limit and collateral requirement would have permitted the Bank, as of March 31, 2013, to borrow an additional \$3.5 million.

The Company has a tax sharing liability to the Bank which exceeds operating cash at the Company level. The liability was partially settled pursuant to the terms of the Tax Allocation Agreement between the Bank and the Company on March 30, 2012, which settlement consumed the Company's operating cash. During the second half of 2012, the Company sold 172,857 shares of its common stock held as treasury shares to certain directors and officers for \$200,000. This capital was retained by the Company to help pay operating expenses.

Our ability to service our debt obligations and pay dividends and holding company expenses is dependent primarily on the recapitalization plan discussed herein under the caption "Capital Resources". The Company's debt obligations, which are included in other borrowings, are described below.

On March 17, 2004, the Company issued \$6.0 million of Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Debentures in a private placement. The debentures mature in 10 years and interest is payable quarterly at a rate per annum equal to the 3-month LIBOR plus 2.54%. The interest rate is determined as of each March 17, June 17, September 17, and December 17, and was 2.82% at March 31, 2013. The Company stopped paying interest on the debentures in September 2010. As disclosed previously, the Company is not permitted to make payments on any debts without prior notice to and receipt of written notice of non-objection from the FRB. In addition, under the terms of the subordinated debentures, the Company is not allowed to make payments on the subordinated debentures if the Company is in default on any of its senior indebtedness, which term includes the senior line of credit described below.

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On February 28, 2010, the Company borrowed an aggregate of \$5.0 million under its \$5.0 million line of credit with another financial institution, and invested all of the proceeds in the equity capital of the Bank. Borrowings under this line of credit are secured by the Company's assets. The interest rate on the line of credit adjusts annually, subject to a minimum of 6.00%, and increases by an additional 5% in the event of default. The full amount of this borrowing became due and payable on July 31, 2010. This senior line of credit has not been repaid and the Company is in default under the line of credit agreement. The Company does not have sufficient cash available to repay the borrowing at this time and would require approval of the FRB to make any payment on this senior line of credit or to obtain a dividend from the Bank for such purpose. On April 7, 2011, the lender agreed to forbear from exercising its rights (other than increasing the interest rate by the default rate margin) pursuant to the line of credit agreement until January 1, 2012 subject to certain conditions. The lender has declined to extend the forbearance agreement. Further information regarding this borrowing is included in Note 8 Junior Subordinated Debentures and Other Borrowings of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Due to the current regulatory cease and desist order that is in effect, the Bank is not allowed to make distributions to the Company without regulatory approval, and such approval is not likely to be given. Accordingly, the Company will not be able to meet its payment obligations within the foreseeable future unless the Company is able to secure new capital.

These conditions and the Company's operating losses raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These and related matters are discussed in Note 3 Going Concern, Regulatory Matters and Management's Plan for Recapitalization of the Company of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

## **Capital Resources**

On November 14, 2008, the Company issued 9,000 shares of the Company's Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series D, having a liquidation preference of \$1,000 per share, together with a ten-year warrant to purchase 183,175 shares of Company common stock at \$7.37 per share, to the U.S. Treasury Department for gross proceeds of \$9.0 million. The warrant was subsequently retired without cost because of our status as a Certified Community Development Financial Institution. The sale of the Series D Preferred Stock was made pursuant to the U.S. Treasury Department's TARP Capital Purchase Program.

On December 8, 2009, the Company issued 6,000 shares of the Company's Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series E, having a liquidation preference of \$1,000 per share, to the U.S. Treasury Department for gross proceeds of \$6.0 million. The sale of the Series E Preferred Stock was made pursuant to the U.S. Treasury Department's TARP Capital Purchase Program.

We are pursuing a comprehensive recapitalization plan to improve the Company's capital structure. To date, we:

Have obtained the agreement of the U.S. Treasury Department to exchange the shares of our Series D and E Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock held by it for our common stock (or initially common stock equivalents) at a discount of 50% of the liquidation amount, plus an undiscounted exchange of the accumulated but unpaid dividends on such preferred stock for common stock;

Have obtained the agreement of the holder of our Series A Perpetual Preferred Stock to exchange its holdings for common stock (or initially common stock equivalents) at a discount of 50% of the liquidation amount, subject to documentation and certain terms and conditions and have reached agreements in principle with the holders of our Series B and Series C Preferred Stock regarding exchanges of their holdings for common stock (or initially common stock equivalents) on a similar basis;

Have reached an agreement in principle with our senior bank lender regarding exchanging a portion of the \$5 million outstanding amount borrowed under our line of credit, which is currently in default, for common stock (or initially common stock equivalents) at 100% of the face amount to be exchanged; forgiving the accrued interest on the entire amount of the line of credit to the date of the exchange; and amending our credit agreement for the remainder of this debt that would be outstanding after the exchange.

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The conditions to each of the above proposed exchanges include that we concurrently complete private placements or other sales of our new shares of common stock. Based on various assumptions, including, for illustrative purposes only, a placement price of \$1.00 per share, we project that these exchanges and placements and sales of common stock would, if completed, result in the issuance of approximately 18.0 million new shares of the Company's common stock, which would constitute approximately 90% of the pro forma outstanding shares of the Company's common stock. If the placement price is materially closer to our current stock price, then the number of shares to be issued in the recapitalization, and the percentage ownership represented by such shares, will be significantly higher. The 18.0 million new shares of common stock would exceed the Company's current unissued authorized shares. We plan to seek existing shareholders approval to increase the Company's authorized shares of common stock, and issue a portion of the newly authorized shares as replacements for the equivalents issued in the exchanges at the closing for the recapitalization.

There can be no assurance that our recapitalization plan will be achieved on the currently contemplated terms, or at all. Failure to maintain capital sufficient to meet the higher capital requirements required by the Orders to which the Company and the Bank are currently subject, or future increases in capital requirements, could result in further regulatory action, which could include the appointment of a conservator or receiver for the Bank.

## **Regulatory Capital**

The capital regulations applicable to the Bank, which are now administered by the OCC, include three separate minimum capital requirements. First, the tangible capital requirement mandates that the Bank's shareholder's equity, less intangible assets, be at least 1.50% of adjusted total assets as defined in the capital regulations. Second, the core capital requirement currently mandates that core capital (tangible capital plus certain qualifying intangible assets) be at least 4.00% of adjusted total assets as defined in the capital regulations. Third, the risk-based capital requirement presently mandates that core capital plus supplemental capital (as defined by the OCC) be at least 8.00% of risk-weighted assets as prescribed in the capital regulations. The capital regulations assign specific risk weightings to all assets and off-balance-sheet items for this purpose.

The Bank was in compliance with all capital requirements in effect at March 31, 2013, and met the generally applicable capital ratio standards necessary to be considered "well-capitalized" under the prompt corrective action regulations adopted pursuant to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act of 1991. However, in March 2010, the Company and the Bank were determined to be "in troubled condition" by the OTS and they consented to the issuance to them of cease and desist orders by the OTS effective September 9, 2010, which orders remain in effect and are now administered by the OCC. The cease and desist orders require the Bank to achieve and maintain higher levels of regulatory capital than normally required. Under the applicable regulations, the Bank is therefore precluded from being considered to be more than "adequately capitalized" until such special capital requirements are terminated and the Company and the Bank are no longer considered to be "in troubled condition."

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The Bank met the minimum capital requirements under the cease and desist order at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012. Actual and normally required capital amounts and ratios at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, together with the higher capital requirements that the Bank is required to meet under the cease and desist order applicable to it, are presented below.

	Actual		Required for Capital Adequacy Purposes		To Be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Regulations		Capital Requirements under Cease and Desist Order	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratios	Amount	Ratios
<b>March 31, 2013:</b>								
Tangible Capital to adjusted total assets	\$ 32,674	9.00%	\$ 5,446	1.50%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tier 1(Core) Capital to adjusted total assets	\$ 32,674	9.00%	\$ 14,522	4.00%	\$ 18,152	5.00%	\$ 29,043	8.00%
Tier 1(Core) Capital to risk weighted assets	\$ 32,674	13.94%	N/A	N/A	\$ 14,068	6.00%	N/A	N/A
Total Capital to risk weighted assets	\$ 35,698	15.22%	\$ 18,758	8.00%	\$ 23,447	10.00%	\$ 28,137	12.00%
<b>December 31, 2012:</b>								
Tangible Capital to adjusted total assets	\$ 32,936	8.82%	\$ 5,603	1.50%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tier 1(Core) Capital to adjusted total assets	\$ 32,936	8.82%	\$ 14,940	4.00%	\$ 18,675	5.00%	\$ 29,881	8.00%
Tier 1(Core) Capital to risk weighted assets	\$ 32,936	13.12%	N/A	N/A	\$ 15,067	6.00%	N/A	N/A
Total Capital to risk weighted assets	\$ 36,183	14.41%	\$ 20,090	8.00%	\$ 25,112	10.00%	\$ 30,135	12.00%

**ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

Not Applicable

**ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES****Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

An evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures was performed under the supervision of the Company's Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) as of March 31, 2013. Based on that evaluation, the Company's CEO and CFO concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2013. There were no significant changes during the quarter ended March 31, 2013 in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

***OTS Investigation***

In 2010, the OTS notified us that it had initiated a formal investigation of the activities of a former loan officer of the Bank whose employment was terminated in March 2010. In connection with the investigation, the OTS issued subpoenas to the chief lending officer and chief executive officer requesting documents relating to our former loan officer and loans he originated while employed by the Bank. The subpoenas also contemplate taking oral testimony from the officers. While the OTS did not inform us of the scope of its investigation, we believe the investigation includes, but may not be limited to, inquiry into whether documentation submitted in connection with loan applications for loans originated by the loan officer contained inaccurate or deliberately falsified information and whether the loan officer received unauthorized direct or indirect benefits from payments made by the borrowers on such loans to loan brokers or other persons associated with the lending process. All of the loans originated by the former loan officer have been reviewed by us and by the independent loan review firm we engaged to perform a general review of our loan portfolio pursuant to the C&D issued to us by the OTS. We have taken the results of these loan reviews into account, along with all other relevant information known to us, in determining the amounts of our loan loss provisions and the level of our allowance for loan losses as of March 31, 2013.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

Not Applicable

Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None

Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None

Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not Applicable

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None

Item 6. EXHIBITS

**Exhibit  
Number\***

2.1 Plan of Conversion, including Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws of the Registrant and Federal Stock Charter and Bylaws of Broadway Federal (Exhibit 2.1 to Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, No. 33-96814,

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filed by Registrant on November 13, 1995)

- 3.1 Certificate of Incorporation of Registrant (contained in Exhibit 2.1)
- 3.2 Bylaws of Registrant (contained in Exhibit 2.1)
- 4.1 Form of Common Stock Certificate (Exhibit 4.1 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, No. 33-96814, filed by the Registrant on September 12, 1995)
- 4.2 Form of Series A Preferred Stock Certificate (Exhibit 4.2 to Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, No. 33-96814, filed by the Registrant on November 6, 1995)
- 4.3 Form of Certificate of Designation for Series A Preferred Stock (contained in Exhibit 2.1)

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<b>Exhibit Number*</b>	
4.4	Form of Series B Preferred Stock Certificate (Exhibit 4.4 to Form 10-KSB filed by the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003)
4.5	Form of Certificate of Designation for Series B Preferred Stock (Exhibit 4.5 to Form 10-KSB filed by the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003)
4.6	Form of Series C Preferred Stock Certificate (Exhibit 4.6 to Form 10-KSB filed by the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006)
4.7	Form of Certificate of Designation for Series C Preferred Stock (Exhibit 4.7 to Form 10-KSB filed by the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006)
4.8	Form of Series D Preferred Stock Certificate (Exhibit 4.8 to Form 8-K filed by the Registrant on November 19, 2008)
4.9	Form of Certificate of Designation for Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock Series D (Exhibit 3.3 to Form 8-K filed by the Registrant on November 19, 2008)
4.11	Form of Series E Preferred Stock Certificate (Exhibit 4.2 to Form 8-K filed by the Registrant on December 9, 2009)
4.12	Form of Certificate of Designation for Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock Series E (Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K filed by the Registrant on December 9, 2009)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document **
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document **
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document **
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definitions Linkbase Document **
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document **
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document **

\* Exhibits followed by a parenthetical reference are incorporated by reference herein from the document filed by the Registrant with the SEC described therein. Except as otherwise indicated, the SEC File No. for each incorporated document is 000-27464.

\*\* Pursuant to SEC rules, these interactive data file exhibits shall not be deemed filed for purposes of Section 11 or 12 of the Securities Act or Section 18 of the Exchange Act or otherwise subject to the liability of those sections.

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**SIGNATURES**

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 15, 2013

By: /s/ Wayne-Kent A. Bradshaw  
Wayne-Kent A. Bradshaw  
Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 15, 2013

By: /s/ Brenda J. Battey  
Brenda J. Battey  
Chief Financial Officer