

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORP

Form 497

December 10, 2018

Prospect Capital Corporation

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

5.750% Notes due 2023 (the "2023 Notes")

6.000% Notes due 2025 (the "2025 Notes," and together with the 2023 Notes, the "Notes")

Filed under Rule 497, Registration Statement No. 333-227124

Pricing Supplement Nos. 625 and 626 — Dated Monday, December 10, 2018

(To: Prospectus Dated October 31, 2018, and Prospectus Supplement Dated November 9, 2018)

CUSIP Number	ISIN Number	Principal Amount	Selling Price	Gross Concession	Net Proceeds	Coupon Type	Coupon Rate	Coupon Frequency	Maturity Date	1st Call Date
74348YF89	US74348YF89	\$1,179,000.00	100.000%	1.250%	\$1,164,262.50	Fixed	5.750%	Semi-Annual	12/15/2023	6/15/2019

Redemption Information: Callable at 100.000% on 6/15/2019 and every business day thereafter ("Optional Redemption Date")

CUSIP Number	ISIN Number	Principal Amount	Selling Price	Gross Concession	Net Proceeds	Coupon Type	Coupon Rate	Coupon Frequency	Maturity Date	1st Call Date
74348YF97	US74348YF97	\$2,013,000.00	100.000%	1.750%	\$1,977,772.50	Fixed	6.000%	Semi-Annual	12/15/2025	6/15/2019

Redemption Information: Callable at 100.000% on 6/15/2019 and every business day thereafter ("Optional Redemption Date")

Trade Date: Monday, December 10, 2018 @ 12:00 PM ET

Settle Date: Thursday, December 13, 2018

Minimum Denomination/Increments: \$1,000.00/\$1,000.00

Initial trades settle flat and clear SDFS: DTC Book Entry only

The Notes will be issued pursuant to the Indenture, dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and supplemented by that certain Six Hundred Twenty-Fifth and Six Hundred Twenty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture dated as of December 13, 2018.

The date from which interest shall accrue on the Notes is Thursday, December 13, 2018. The "Interest Payment Dates" for the Notes shall be June 15 and December 15 of each year, commencing June 15, 2019; the interest payable on any Interest Payment Date, will be paid to the Person in whose name the Notes (or one or more predecessor Notes) is registered at the close of business on the Regular Record Date (as defined in the Indenture) for such interest, which shall be June 1 or December 1, as the case may be, next preceding such Interest Payment Date.

The Notes will be redeemable in whole or in part at any time or from time to time, at the option of Prospect Capital Corporation, on or after June 15, 2019 at a redemption price of \$1,000 per Note plus accrued and unpaid interest payments otherwise payable for the then-current semi-annual interest period accrued to, but excluding, the date fixed for redemption and upon not less than 5 days nor more that 60 days prior notice to the noteholder and the trustee, as described in the prospectus.

Except for Notes sold to level-fee accounts, Notes offered to the public will be offered at the public offering price set forth above. Agents purchasing Notes on an agency basis for client accounts shall purchase Notes at the public offering price. Notes sold by the Agents for their own account may be sold at the public offering price less the discount specified above. Notes purchased by the Agents on behalf of level-fee accounts may be sold to such accounts at the discount to the public offering price specified above, in which case, such Agents will not retain any portion of the sales price as compensation.

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that lends to and invests in middle market, privately-held companies. We are organized as an externally-managed, non-diversified closed-end management investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Prospect Capital Management L.P. manages our investments and Prospect Administration LLC provides the administrative services necessary for us to operate.

This pricing supplement relates only to the securities described in the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, is only a summary of changes and should be read together with the accompanying prospectus supplement

and prospectus, including among other things the section entitled “Risk Factors” beginning on page S-8 of such prospectus supplement and page 12 of such prospectus. This pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus contain important information you should know before investing in our securities. Please read it before you invest and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the “SEC.” This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40th Street, 42nd Floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at (212) 448-0702. The SEC maintains a website at www.sec.gov where such information is available without charge upon written or oral request. Our internet website address is www.prospectstreet.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed on the adequacy or accuracy of this pricing supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. Obligations of Prospect Capital Corporation and any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Neither Prospect Capital Corporation nor any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation is a government-sponsored enterprise or an instrumentality of the United States of America.

InterNotes® is a registered trademark of Incapital Holdings LLC.

Recent Developments:

Pursuant to notice to call provided on October 12, 2018, we redeemed \$70.1 million of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par maturing between May 15, 2020 and November 15, 2020, with a weighted average rate of 4.92%. Settlement of the call occurred on November 15, 2018.

During the period from November 10, 2018 through November 29, 2018, we issued \$6.6 million in aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$6.4 million.

On November 19, 2018, we increased total commitments to our revolving credit facility (“the Revolving Credit Facility”) for Prospect Capital Funding LLC, one of our GAAP consolidated subsidiaries, by \$80.0 million to \$910.0 million in the aggregate. On November 28, 2018, we further increased total commitments to the Revolving Credit Facility by \$55.0 million to \$965.0 million in the aggregate. On December 3, 2018, we further increased total commitments to the Revolving Credit Facility by \$25.0 million to \$990.0 million in the aggregate.

On December 4, 2018, we made a \$25.0 million Second Lien Term Loan investment in Global Tel*Link Corporation, a leading provider of integrated technology solutions used by inmates, investigators, and administrators in the U.S. corrections industry.

On November 28, 2018, we priced an underwritten public offering of \$50.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.875% unsecured notes due 2029 (the “2029 Notes”). The 2029 Notes settled on December 5, 2018 for total proceeds, net of underwriting discounts, of \$48.4 million. We have granted the underwriters a 30 day option to purchase up to an additional \$7.5 million in aggregate principal amount of the Notes.

On November 28, 2018, Rocket Software, Inc. fully repaid the \$50.0 million Second Lien Term Loan receivable to us. After the repayment, we made a new \$50.0 million Second Lien Term Loan investment in Rocket Software, Inc., a global provider of infrastructure software with over 16,000 global corporate customers across a variety of industries in over 80 countries.

On December 7, 2018, we made additional \$12.0 million of Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$12.0 million of Senior Secured Term Loan B investments in MRP Holdco, Inc. to support an acquisition.

On December 7, 2018, we made an investment of \$2.7 million to refinance and extend our 90.54% ownership of the subordinated notes in Symphony CLO XV, Ltd. In addition to the equity injection, we made an investment of \$11.4 million to purchase the single-B rated debt tranche of Symphony CLO XV, Ltd.

During the period from November 9, 2018 to December 7, 2018, we issued \$1.3 million in aggregate principal amount of our 2024 Notes for net proceeds of \$1.3 million and have issued \$0.6 million in aggregate principal amount of our 2028 Notes for net proceeds of \$0.6 million.

Legal Matters:

In the opinion of Sean Dailey, Authorized Signatory of Prospect Administration, administrator for Prospect Capital Corporation, a Maryland corporation (the “Company”), the certificates evidencing the Notes (the “Note Certificates”) constitute the valid and binding obligations of the Company, entitled to the benefits of the Indenture and enforceable against the Company in accordance with their terms under the laws of the State of New York subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency and similar laws affecting creditors’ rights generally, concepts of reasonableness and equitable principles of general applicability (including, without limitation, concepts of good faith, fair dealing and the lack of bad faith), provided that such counsel expresses no opinion as to the effect of fraudulent conveyance, fraudulent transfer or similar provision of applicable law on the conclusions expressed above. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and is limited to the law of the State of New York as in effect on the date hereof. In addition, this opinion is subject to the same assumptions and qualifications stated in the letter of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom, LLP dated March 8, 2012, filed as Exhibit (1)(5) to the Company’s registration statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-176637) and to the further assumptions that (i) the Note Certificates have been duly authorized by all requisite corporate action on the part of the Company and duly executed by the Company under Maryland law, and (ii) they were duly authenticated by the Trustee and issued and delivered by the Company against payment therefor in accordance with the terms of the Fifth Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement and the Indenture. Capitalized terms used in this paragraph without definition have the meanings ascribed to them in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

Prospect Capital Corporation
10 East 40th Street, 42nd Floor
New York, New York 10016

In the opinion of Venable LLP, as Maryland counsel to the Company, (i) the execution and delivery by the Company of the Indenture, dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and as supplemented through the Six Hundred Twenty-Fifth and Six Hundred Twenty-Sixth Supplemental Indentures, between the Company and U.S. Bank National Association, and the global notes representing the Notes issued pursuant to such Supplemental Indentures, and the performance by the Company of its obligations thereunder, have been duly authorized by the Company and (ii) the issuance of the Notes has been duly authorized by the Company. This opinion is given to the Company as of December 10, 2018 and is limited to the laws of the State of Maryland as in effect on December 10, 2018. In addition, this opinion is subject to the same assumptions, qualifications and limitations stated in the opinion letter to the Company of Venable LLP, dated May 11, 2018, filed as Exhibit (l)(12) to the Company's Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-213391). Capitalized terms used in this paragraph without definition have the meanings ascribed to them in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

Very truly yours,
/s/ Venable LLP

Filed pursuant to Rule 497
File No. 333-227124

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

(To Prospectus dated October 31, 2018)

Prospect Capital Corporation

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

We may offer to sell our Prospect Capital InterNotes® from time to time. The specific terms of the notes will be set prior to the time of sale and described in a pricing supplement. You should read this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the applicable pricing supplement carefully before you invest. We may offer other debt securities from time to time other than the notes under our Registration Statement or in private placements.

We may offer the notes to or through agents for resale. The applicable pricing supplement will specify the purchase price, agent discounts and net proceeds of any particular offering of notes. The agents are not required to sell any specific amount of notes but will use their reasonable best efforts to sell the notes. We also may offer the notes directly. We have not set a date for termination of our offering.

The agents have advised us that from time to time they may purchase and sell notes in the secondary market, but they are not obligated to make a market in the notes and may suspend or completely stop that activity at any time. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, we do not intend to list the notes on any stock exchange.

Investing in the notes involves certain risks, including those described in the “Risk Factors” section beginning on page S-9 of this prospectus supplement and page 12 of the accompanying prospectus.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information you should know before investing in our securities. Please read it before you invest and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the “SEC.” This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40th Street, 42nd Floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at (212) 448-0702. The SEC maintains a website at www.sec.gov where such information is available without charge upon written or oral request. Our internet website address is www.prospectstreet.com.

Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed on the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Obligations of Prospect Capital Corporation and any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Neither Prospect Capital Corporation nor any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation is a government-sponsored enterprise or an instrumentality of the United States of America.

We may sell the notes to or through one or more agents or dealers, including the agents listed below.

Incapital LLC Citigroup RBC Capital Markets

Prospectus Supplement dated November 9, 2018.

®InterNotes is a registered trademark of Incapital Holdings LLC

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the “Exchange Act,” which involve substantial risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements predict or describe our future operations, business plans, business and investment strategies and portfolio management and the performance of our investments and our investment management business. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as “intends,” “intend,” “intended,” “goal,” “estimate,” “estimates,” “expects,” “expect,” “expected,” “project,” “projected,” “projects,” “seeks,” “anticipates,” “anticipated,” “should,” “could,” “may,” “will,” “designed to,” “foreseeable future,” “believe,” “believe in,” “scheduled” and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Our actual results or outcomes may differ materially from those anticipated. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

- our future operating results,
- our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies,
- the impact of investments that we expect to make,
- our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties,
- the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest,
- the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives,
- difficulty in obtaining financing or raising capital, especially in the current credit and equity environment,
- the level and volatility of prevailing interest rates and credit spreads, magnified by the current turmoil in the credit markets,
- adverse developments in the availability of desirable loan and investment opportunities whether they are due to competition, regulation or otherwise,
- a compression of the yield on our investments and the cost of our liabilities, as well as the level of leverage available to us,
- our regulatory structure and tax treatment, including our ability to operate as a business development company and a regulated investment company,
- the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital,
- the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies,
- the ability of our investment adviser to locate suitable investments for us and to monitor and administer our investments,
- authoritative generally accepted accounting principles or policy changes from such standard-setting bodies as the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the SEC, Internal Revenue Service, the NASDAQ Global Select Market, and other authorities that we are subject to, as well as their counterparts in any foreign jurisdictions where we might do business, and
- the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in “Risk Factors” and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new loans and investments, ability to obtain certain margins and levels of profitability and the availability of additional capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, respectively, should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These risks and uncertainties include those described or identified in “Risk Factors” and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, respectively. You should not

place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply

(i)

only as of the date of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, as applicable. These forward-looking statements do not meet the safe harbor for forward-looking statements pursuant to Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the “Securities Act.”

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, and the accompanying prospectus. We have not, and the agent(s) or dealer(s) has not, authorized any other person to provide you with information that is different from that contained in this prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and the agents are not, making an offer of these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, and the accompanying prospectus is accurate only as of their respective dates and we assume no obligation to update any such information. Our business, financial condition and results of operations may have changed since those dates. Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, you are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we have filed with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

This prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, supersedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information that is different from or in addition to the information in that prospectus.

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This section summarizes the legal and financial terms of the notes that are described in more detail in “Description of Notes” beginning on page S-13. Final terms of any particular notes will be determined at the time of sale and will be contained in the pricing supplement, which will be included with this prospectus supplement, relating to those notes. The terms in that pricing supplement may vary from and supersede the terms contained in this summary and in “Description of Notes.” In addition, you should read the more detailed information appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and in that pricing supplement.

The terms “we,” “us,” “our” and “Company” refer to Prospect Capital Corporation; “Prospect Capital Management,” “Investment Adviser” and “PCM” refer to Prospect Capital Management L.P.; and “Prospect Administration” and the “Administrator” refer to Prospect Administration LLC.

Our \$101.6 million aggregate principal amount of 5.875% Senior Convertible Notes due 2019 are referred to as the “2019 Notes.” Our \$392.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.75% Senior Convertible Notes due 2020 are referred to as the “2020 Notes.” Our \$328.5 million aggregate principal amount of 4.95% Convertible Notes due 2022 are referred to as the “2022 Notes” and, collectively with the 2019 Notes and the 2020 Notes, the “Convertible Notes.” Our \$320.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.875% Senior Notes due 2023 are referred to as the “2023 Notes.” Our \$214.8 million aggregate principal amount of 6.25% Notes due 2024 are referred to as the “2024 Notes.” Our \$65.1 million aggregate principal amount of 6.25% Senior Notes due 2028 are referred to as the “2028 Notes.” Our \$100.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.375% Notes due 2024 are referred to as the “6.375% 2024 Notes.” The 2023 Notes, 2024 Notes, 2028 Notes and the 6.375% 2024 Notes, are collectively referred to as the “Public Notes.” Any Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued pursuant to our medium term notes program are referred to as the “Prospect Capital InterNotes.” The Convertible Notes, the Public Notes and the Prospect Capital InterNotes are referred to as the “Unsecured Notes.”

The Company

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. We are a closed-end investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company (“BDC”) under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “1940 Act”). As a BDC, we have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company (“RIC”) under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the “Code”). We were organized on April 13, 2004 and were funded in an initial public offering completed on July 27, 2004. We are one of the largest BDCs with approximately \$6.2 billion of total assets as of September 30, 2018.

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management. Prospect Administration provides administrative services and facilities necessary for us to operate.

On May 15, 2007, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Capital Funding LLC (“PCF”), a Delaware limited liability company and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, which holds certain of our portfolio loan investments that are used as collateral for the revolving credit facility at PCF. Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC (“PSBL”) was formed on January 27, 2014 and purchases small business whole loans on a recurring basis from online small business loan originators, including On Deck Capital, Inc. (“OnDeck”). On September 30, 2014, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Yield Corporation, LLC (“PYC”) and effective October 23, 2014, PYC holds our investments in collateralized loan obligations (“CLOs”). Each of these subsidiaries have been consolidated since operations commenced.

We currently have nine strategies that guide our origination of investment opportunities: (1) lending to companies controlled by private equity sponsors, (2) lending to companies not controlled by private equity sponsors, (3) purchasing controlling equity positions and lending to operating companies, (4) purchasing controlling equity positions and lending to financial services companies, (5) purchasing controlling equity positions and lending to real estate companies, (6) purchasing controlling equity positions and lending to aircraft leasing companies, (7) investing in structured credit, (8) investing in syndicated debt and (9) investing in consumer and small business loans and asset-backed securitizations. We may also invest in other strategies and opportunities from time to time that we view as attractive. We continue to evaluate other origination strategies in the ordinary course of business with no specific top-down allocation to any single origination strategy.

Lending to Companies Controlled by Private Equity Sponsors - We make agented loans to companies which are controlled by private equity sponsors. This debt can take the form of first lien, second lien, unitranche or unsecured loans. These loans typically have equity subordinate to our loan position. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 40%-60% of our portfolio.

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Lending to Companies not Controlled by Private Equity Sponsors - We make loans to companies which are not controlled by private equity sponsors, such as companies that are controlled by the management team, the founder, a family or public shareholders. This origination strategy may have less competition to provide debt financing than the private-equity-sponsor origination strategy because such company financing needs are not easily addressed by banks and often require more diligence preparation. This origination strategy can result in investments with higher returns or lower leverage than the private-equity-sponsor origination strategy. Historically, this strategy has comprised up to approximately 15% of our portfolio.

Purchasing Controlling Equity Positions and Lending to Operating Companies - This strategy involves purchasing yield-producing debt and controlling equity positions in non-financial-services operating companies. We believe that we can provide enhanced certainty of closure and liquidity to sellers and we look for management to continue on in their current roles. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our portfolio.

Purchasing Controlling Equity Positions and Lending to Financial Services Companies - This strategy involves purchasing yield-producing debt and controlling equity investments in financial services companies, including consumer direct lending, sub-prime auto lending and other strategies. These investments are often structured in tax-efficient partnerships, enhancing returns. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our portfolio.

Purchasing Controlling Equity Positions and Lending to Real Estate Companies - We purchase debt and controlling equity positions in tax-efficient real estate investment trusts (“REIT” or “REITs”). National Property REIT Corp.’s (“NPRC”), an operating company and the surviving entity of the May 23, 2016 merger with American Property REIT Corp. (“APRC”) and United Property REIT Corp. (“UPRC”), real estate investments are in various classes of developed and occupied real estate properties that generate current yields, including multi-family properties, student housing, and self-storage. NPRC seeks to identify properties that have historically significant occupancy rates and recurring cash flow generation. NPRC generally co-invests with established and experienced property management teams that manage such properties after acquisition. Additionally, NPRC purchases loans originated by certain consumer loan facilitators. It purchases each loan in its entirety (i.e., a “whole loan”). The borrowers are consumers, and the loans are typically serviced by the facilitators of the loans. This investment strategy has comprised approximately 10%-20% of our business.

Purchasing Controlling Equity Positions and Lending to Aircraft Leasing Companies - We invest in debt as well as equity in companies with aircraft assets subject to commercial leases to airlines across the globe. We believe that these investments can present attractive return opportunities due to cash flow consistency from long-term leases coupled with hard asset residual value. We believe that these investment companies seek to deliver risk-adjusted returns with strong downside protection by analyzing relative value characteristics across a variety of aircraft types and vintages. This strategy historically has comprised less than 5% of our portfolio.

Investing in Structured Credit - We make investments in CLOs, often taking a significant position in the subordinated interests (equity) and debt of the CLOs. The underlying portfolio of each CLO investment is diversified across approximately 100 to 200 broadly syndicated loans and does not have direct exposure to real estate, mortgages, or consumer-based credit assets. The CLOs in which we invest are managed by established collateral management teams with many years of experience in the industry. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-20% of our portfolio.

Investing in Syndicated Debt - On a primary or secondary basis, we purchase primarily senior and secured loans and high yield bonds that have been sold to a club or syndicate of buyers. These investments are often purchased with a long term, buy-and-hold outlook, and we often look to provide significant input to the transaction by providing anchoring orders. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our portfolio.

Investing in Consumer and Small Business Loans and Asset-Backed Securitizations - We purchase loans originated by certain consumer and small-and-medium-sized business (“SME”) loan platforms. We generally purchase each loan in its entirety (i.e., a “whole loan”) and we invest in asset-backed securitizations collateralized by consumer or small business loans. The borrowers are consumers and SMEs and the loans are typically serviced by the platforms of the loans. This investment strategy has comprised up to approximately 0% of our portfolio.

Typically, we concentrate on making investments in companies with annual revenues of less than \$750 million and enterprise values of less than \$1 billion. Our typical investment involves a secured loan of less than \$250 million. We also acquire controlling interests in companies in conjunction with making secured debt investments in such companies. In most cases, companies in which we invest are privately held at the time we invest in them. We refer to these companies as “target” or “middle market” companies and these investments as “middle market investments.”

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We seek to maximize total returns to our investors, including both current yield and equity upside, by applying rigorous credit analysis and asset-based and cash-flow based lending techniques to make and monitor our investments. We are constantly pursuing multiple investment opportunities, including purchases of portfolios from private and public companies, as well as originations and secondary purchases of particular securities. We also regularly evaluate control investment opportunities in a range of industries, and some of these investments could be material to us. There can be no assurance that we will successfully consummate any investment opportunity we are currently pursuing. If any of these opportunities are consummated, there can be no assurance that investors will share our view of valuation or that any assets acquired will not be subject to future write downs, each of which could have an adverse effect on our stock price.

As of September 30, 2018, we had investments in 137 portfolio companies and CLOs. The aggregate fair value as of September 30, 2018 of investments in these portfolio companies held on that date is approximately \$5.9 billion. Our portfolio across all our performing interest-bearing investments had an annualized current yield of 13.5% as of September 30, 2018. Our annualized current yield was 10.8% as of September 30, 2018 across all investments.

Recent Developments

Investment Activity

On October 1, 2018, Fleetwash, Inc. fully repaid the \$21.5 million Senior Secured Term Loan B receivable to us.

On October 10, 2018, we made a \$25.0 million Second Lien Term Loan investment in 8th Avenue Food & Provisions, Inc., a private food brands provider and manufacturer of peanut and other nut butters, pasta and healthy snacks.

On October 12, 2018, we made a \$35.0 million Second Lien Term Loan investment in CCS-CMGC Holdings, Inc., a leading provider of outsourced correctional healthcare and behavioral healthcare solutions for government customers.

On October 18, 2018, ATS Consolidated, Inc. fully repaid the \$15.0 million Second Lien Term Loan receivable to us.

On October 25, 2018, we made a \$12.5 million Second Lien Term Loan investment in GlobalTranz Enterprises, Inc., a technology-enabled third-party logistics provider of transportation services, including full truckload, less-than-truckload, expedited (air), and intermodal services, along with logistics services and supply chain management solutions.

Debt and Equity

During the period from October 1, 2018 through November 8, 2018 we issued \$17.3 million aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$17.0 million.

During the period from October 1, 2018 through November 8, 2018, we issued \$2.8 million in aggregate principal amount of our 2024 Notes for net proceeds of \$2.8 million and issued \$1.7 million in aggregate principal amount of our 2028 Notes for net proceeds of \$1.7 million.

We have provided notice to call on October 12, 2018 with settlement on November 15, 2018, \$70.1 million of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par maturing between May 15, 2020 and November 15, 2020, with a weighted average rate of 4.92%.

On October 11, 2018, we increased total commitments to our revolving credit facility for Prospect Capital Funding LLC, one of our GAAP consolidated subsidiaries, by \$35.0 million to \$830.0 million in the aggregate.

On October 31, 2018, our Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-227124) was declared effective by the SEC. Under this Shelf Registration Statement, we can issue up to an aggregate of \$5.0 billion in securities, including debt and equity, in the public market.

Dividends

On November 6, 2018, we announced the declaration of monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

\$0.06 per share for November 2018 to holders of record on November 30, 2018 with a payment date of December 20, 2018.

\$0.06 per share for December 2018 to holders of record on January 2, 2019 with a payment date of January 24, 2019.

\$0.06 per share for January 2019 to holders of record on January 31, 2019 with a payment date of February 21, 2019.

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The Offering Issuer	Prospect Capital Corporation
Purchasing Agent	Incapital LLC
Agents	Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and RBC Capital Markets, LLC. From time to time, we may sell the notes to or through additional agents.
Title of Notes	Prospect Capital InterNotes®
Amount	We may issue notes from time to time in various offerings up to \$1.5 billion, the aggregate principal amount authorized by our board of directors for notes. As of November 8, 2018, approximately \$1.3 billion aggregate principal amount of notes has been issued. We have, from time to time, repurchased certain notes and, therefore, as of November 8, 2018, \$715.2 million aggregate principal amount of notes were outstanding, including intended repurchases of \$70.1 million on November 15, 2018. There are no limitations on our ability to issue additional indebtedness in the form of Prospect Capital InterNotes® or otherwise other than under the 1940 Act and the asset coverage requirement under our credit facility.
Denominations	The notes will be issued and sold in denominations of \$1,000 and multiples of \$1,000 (unless otherwise stated in the pricing supplement).
Status	The notes will be our direct unsecured senior obligations and will rank equally in right of payment with all of our other unsecured senior indebtedness from time to time outstanding.
Maturities	Each note will mature 12 months or more from its date of original issuance.
Interest	Notes may be issued with a fixed or floating interest rate; a floating interest rate note will be based on the London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”). Interest on each fixed or floating interest rate note will be payable either monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually on each interest payment date and on the stated maturity date. Interest also will be paid on the date of redemption or repayment if a note is redeemed or repaid prior to its stated maturity in accordance with its terms. Interest on the notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months, often referred to as the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention.
Principal	The principal amount of each note will be payable on its stated maturity date at the corporate trust office of the paying agent or at any other place we may designate.
Redemption and Repayment	Unless otherwise stated in the applicable pricing supplement, a note will not be redeemable at our option or be repayable at the option of the holder prior to its stated maturity date. The notes will not be subject to any sinking fund.
Survivor’s Option	Specific notes may contain a provision permitting the optional repayment of those notes prior to stated maturity, if requested by the authorized representative of the beneficial owner of those notes, following the death of the beneficial owner of the notes, so long as the notes were owned by the beneficial owner or his or her estate at least six months prior to the request. This feature is referred to as a “Survivor’s Option.” Your notes will not be repaid in this manner unless the pricing supplement for your notes provides for the Survivor’s Option. If the pricing supplement for your notes provides for the Survivor’s Option, your right to exercise the Survivor’s Option will be subject to limits set by us

on (1) the permitted dollar amount of total exercises by all holders of notes in any calendar year, and (2) the permitted dollar amount of an individual exercise by a holder of a note in any calendar year. Additional details on the Survivor's Option are described in the section entitled "Description of Notes—Survivor's Option."

Sale and
Clearance

We will sell notes in the United States only. Notes will be issued in book-entry only form and will clear through The Depository Trust Company. We do not intend to issue notes in certificated form.

Trustee

The trustee for the notes is U.S. Bank National Association, under an indenture dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and as supplemented from time to time.

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Selling
Group

The agents and dealers comprising the selling group are broker-dealers and securities firms. Each of the Purchasing Agent, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and RBC Capital Markets, LLC entered into a Seventh Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement with us dated November 9, 2018 (as amended, the “Selling Agent Agreement”). Additional agents appointed by us from time to time in connection with the offering of the notes contemplated by this prospectus supplement will become parties to the Selling Agent Agreement. Dealers who are members of the selling group have executed a Master Selected Dealer Agreement with the Purchasing Agent. The agents and the dealers have agreed to market and sell the notes in accordance with the terms of those respective agreements and all other applicable laws and regulations. You may contact the Purchasing Agent at info@incapital.com for a list of selling group members.

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SELECTED CONDENSED FINANCIAL DATA

You should read the condensed consolidated financial information below with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Financial information below for the years ended June 30, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, and 2014 has been derived from the financial statements that were audited by our independent registered public accounting firm. The selected consolidated financial data at and for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 has been derived from unaudited financial data. Interim results for the three months ended September 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending June 30, 2019. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period financial information to conform to the current period presentation. See “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” starting on page S-22 for more information.

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Year Ended June 30,				
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
(in thousands except data relating to shares, per share and number of portfolio companies)							
Performance Data:							
Total interest income	\$ 159,442	\$ 148,085	\$ 607,012	\$ 668,717	\$ 731,618	\$ 748,974	\$ 613,741
Total dividend income	14,927	544	13,046	5,679	26,501	7,663	26,837
Total other income	6,053	9,950	37,787	26,650	33,854	34,447	71,713
Total Investment Income	180,422	158,579	657,845	701,046	791,973	791,084	712,291
Interest and credit facility expenses	(37,908)	(41,035)	(155,039)	(164,848)	(167,719)	(170,660)	(130,103)
Investment advisory expense	(51,247)	(46,096)	(189,759)	(199,394)	(219,305)	(225,277)	(198,296)
Other expenses	(6,108)	(7,716)	(26,197)	(30,722)	(33,821)	(32,400)	(26,669)
Total Operating Expenses	(95,263)	(94,847)	(370,995)	(394,964)	(420,845)	(428,337)	(355,068)
Net Investment Income	85,159	63,732	286,850	306,082	371,128	362,747	357,223
Net realized and net change in unrealized (losses) gains	(1,364)	(51,759)	13,013	(53,176)	(267,766)	(16,408)	(38,203)
Net Increase in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 83,795	\$ 11,973	\$ 299,863	\$ 252,906	\$ 103,362	\$ 346,339	\$ 319,020
Per Share Data:							
Net Increase in Net Assets from Operations(1)	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.98	\$ 1.06

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Dividends declared per share	\$(0.18)	\$(0.23)	\$(0.77)	\$(1.00)	\$(1.00)	\$(1.19)	\$(1.32)	
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	364,783,137	360,171,834	361,456,075	358,841,714	356,134,297	353,648,522	300,283,941	
Assets and Liabilities Data:								
Investments at Fair Value	\$5,936,683	\$5,687,117	5,727,279	\$5,838,305	\$5,897,708	\$6,609,558	\$6,253,739	
Other Assets(4)	262,799	291,985	111,541	334,484	338,473	144,356	166,520	
Total Assets(4)	6,199,482	5,979,102	5,838,820	6,172,789	6,236,181	6,753,914	6,420,259	
Revolving Credit Facility	404,000	—	37,000	—	—	368,700	92,000	
Convertible notes(4)	810,138	938,716	809,073	937,641	1,074,361	1,218,226	1,219,676	
Public notes (4)	687,706	738,805	716,810	738,300	699,368	541,490	637,584	
Prospect Capital	757,012	902,471	748,926	966,254	893,210	811,180	766,781	
InterNotes®(4)								
Due to Prospect Administration and Prospect Capital Management	51,327	48,223	51,257	50,159	55,914	6,788	2,211	
Other liabilities	58,355	63,896	68,707	125,483	77,411	104,481	83,825	
Total Liabilities(4)	2,768,538	2,692,111	2,431,773	2,817,837	2,800,264	3,050,865	2,802,077	
Net Assets	\$3,430,944	\$3,286,991	\$3,407,047	\$3,354,952	\$3,435,917	\$3,703,049	\$3,618,182	
Investment Activity Data:								
No. of portfolio companies at period end	137	120	135	121	125	131	142	
Acquisitions	\$254,642	\$221,151	\$1,730,657	\$1,489,470	\$979,102	\$1,867,477	\$2,933,365	
Sales, repayments, and other disposals	\$55,166	\$310,984	\$1,831,286	\$1,413,882	\$1,338,875	\$1,411,562	\$767,978	
Total return based on market value(2)	12.03	% (14.40)	% (7.42)	% 16.80	% 21.84	% (20.84)	% 10.88	%
Total return based on net asset value(2)	2.99	% 1.22	% 12.39	% 8.98	% 7.15	% 11.47	% 10.97	%
Weighted average yield on debt portfolio at	13.5	% 11.8	% 13.0	% 12.2	% 13.2	% 12.7	% 12.1	%

period end(3)									
Weighted									
average yield									
on total	10.8	% 9.9	% 10.5	% 10.4	% 12.0	% 11.9	% 11.9	%	
portfolio at									
period end(5)									

(1) Per share data is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the year/period presented (except for dividends to shareholders which is based on actual rate per share).

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- Total return based on market value is based on the change in market price per share between the opening and ending market prices per share in each year/period and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our dividend reinvestment plan. Total return based on net asset value is based upon the change in net asset value per share between the opening and ending net asset values per share in each year/period and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our dividend reinvestment plan. For a period less than a year, the return is not annualized.
- (2)
- (3) Excludes equity investments and non-performing loans.
We have changed our method of presentation relating to debt issuance costs in accordance with ASU 2015-03, Interest - Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30). Unamortized deferred financing costs of \$40,526, \$44,140, and
- (4) \$57,010 previously reported as an asset on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, respectively, have been reclassified as a direct deduction to the respective Unsecured Notes. See Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates for further discussion.
- (5) Includes equity investments and non-performing loans.

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RISK FACTORS

Your investment in the notes will involve certain risks. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not describe all of those risks.

You should, in consultation with your own financial and legal advisors, carefully consider the following discussion of risks before deciding whether an investment in the notes is suitable for you. The notes will not be an appropriate investment for you if you are not knowledgeable about significant features of the notes or financial matters in general. You should not purchase the notes unless you understand, and know that you can bear, these investment risks.

Our amount of debt outstanding will increase as a result of this offering. Our current indebtedness could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt.

As of November 8, 2018, together with our subsidiaries, we had approximately \$2.3 billion of unsecured senior indebtedness outstanding and \$270.0 million of secured indebtedness outstanding.

The use of debt could have significant consequences on our future operations, including:

- making it more difficult for us to meet our payment and other obligations under the notes and our other outstanding debt;

- resulting in an event of default if we fail to comply with the financial and other restrictive covenants contained in our debt agreements, which event of default could result in substantially all of our debt becoming immediately due and payable;

- reducing the availability of our cash flow to fund investments, acquisitions and other general corporate purposes, and limiting our ability to obtain additional financing for these purposes;

- subjecting us to the risk of increased sensitivity to interest rate increases on our indebtedness with variable interest rates, including borrowings under our amended senior credit facility; and

- limiting our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, and increasing our vulnerability to, changes in our business, the industry in which we operate and the general economy.

Any of the above-listed factors could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt.

Our ability to meet our payment and other obligations under our debt instruments depends on our ability to generate significant cash flow in the future. This, to some extent, is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors as well as other factors that are beyond our control. We cannot assure you that our business will generate cash flow from operations, or that future borrowings will be available to us under our existing or amended senior credit facility or otherwise, in an amount sufficient to enable us to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt and to fund other liquidity needs. If we are not able to generate sufficient cash flow to service our debt obligations, we may need to refinance or restructure our debt, including any notes sold, sell assets, reduce or delay capital investments, or seek to raise additional capital. If we are unable to implement one or more of these alternatives, we may not be able to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt.

A downgrade, suspension or withdrawal of the rating assigned by a rating agency to us or the notes, if any, could cause the liquidity or market value of the notes to decline significantly.

Our credit ratings are an assessment by rating agencies of our ability to pay our debts when due. Consequently, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings will generally affect the market value of the notes. These credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact of risks relating to the structure or marketing of the notes. Credit ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, and may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the issuing organization in its sole discretion. Neither we nor the agents undertake any obligation to maintain the ratings or to advise holders of notes of any changes in ratings.

The notes will be rated by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, or "S&P," and Kroll Bond Rating Agency, Inc., or "Kroll." There can be no assurance that their rating will remain for any given period of time or that such rating will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by S&P or Kroll if in their respective judgment future circumstances relating to the basis of the rating, such as adverse changes in our company, so warrant.

An increase in market interest rates could result in a decrease in the market value of the notes.

The condition of the financial markets and prevailing interest rates have fluctuated in the past and are likely to fluctuate in the future, which could have an adverse effect on the market prices of the notes. In general, as market

interest rates

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rise, debt securities bearing interest at fixed rates of interest decline in value. Consequently, if you purchase notes bearing interest at fixed rates of interest and market interest rates increase, the market values of those notes may decline. We cannot predict the future level of market interest rates.

The notes will be effectively subordinated to any existing and future secured indebtedness and structurally subordinated to existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiaries.

The notes are our general, senior unsecured obligations and rank equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness, including without limitation, our Unsecured Notes. As a result, the notes are effectively subordinated to our existing and future secured indebtedness (including indebtedness that is initially unsecured to which we subsequently grant security) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiaries. Effective subordination means that in any liquidation, dissolution, bankruptcy or other similar proceeding, the holders of any of our existing or future secured indebtedness and the secured indebtedness of our subsidiaries may assert rights against the assets pledged to secure that indebtedness in order to receive full payment of their indebtedness before the assets may be used to pay other creditors. Structural subordination means that creditors of a parent entity are subordinate to creditors of a subsidiary entity with respect to the subsidiary's assets. These liabilities may include indebtedness, trade payables, guarantees, lease obligations and letter of credit obligations. The notes do not restrict us or our subsidiaries from incurring indebtedness, including senior secured indebtedness in the future, nor do they limit the amount of indebtedness we can issue that is equal in right of payment to the notes. As of November 8, 2018, we had \$270.0 million borrowings under our credit facility. Our credit facility is secured by certain of our assets and the indebtedness thereunder is therefore effectively senior to the notes to the extent of the value of such assets.

Certain of the Convertible Notes and 2023 Notes and certain Prospect Capital InterNotes® will be due prior to the 2024 Notes and the Convertible Notes, the 2023 Notes, the 2024 Notes, the 6.375% 2024 Notes and certain Prospect Capital InterNotes® will be due prior to the notes. We do not currently know whether we will be able to replace any such notes upon their respective maturities, or if we do, whether we will be able to do so on terms that are as favorable as such notes. In the event that we are not able to replace such notes at the time of their respective maturities, this could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and ability to fund new investments, our ability to make distributions to our stockholders, our ability to repay the notes and our ability to qualify as a regulated investment company, or "RIC."

The indenture and supplemental indentures under which the notes will be issued will contain limited protection for holders of the notes.

The indenture and supplemental indentures (collectively, the "indenture") under which the notes will be issued offer limited protection to holders of the notes. The terms of the indenture and the notes do not restrict our or any of our subsidiaries' ability to engage in, or otherwise be a party to, a variety of corporate transactions, circumstances or events that could have an adverse impact on your investment in the notes. In particular, the terms of the indenture and the notes will not place any restrictions on our or our subsidiaries' ability to:

issue securities or otherwise incur additional indebtedness or other obligations, including (1) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be equal in right of payment to the notes, (2) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be secured and therefore rank effectively senior in right of payment to the notes to the extent of the values of the assets securing such debt, (3) indebtedness of ours that is guaranteed by one or more of our subsidiaries and which therefore is structurally senior to the notes and (4) securities, indebtedness or obligations issued or incurred by our subsidiaries that would be senior to our equity interests in our subsidiaries and therefore rank structurally senior to the notes with respect to the assets of our subsidiaries, in each case other than an incurrence of indebtedness or other obligation that would cause a violation of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions;

pay dividends on, or purchase or redeem or make any payments in respect of, capital stock or other securities ranking junior in right of payment to the notes;

sell assets (other than certain limited restrictions on our ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets);

enter into transactions with affiliates;

create liens (including liens on the shares of our subsidiaries) or enter into sale and leaseback transactions;

- make investments; or
- create restrictions on the payment of dividends or other amounts to us from our subsidiaries.

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In addition, the indenture will not require us to offer to purchase the notes in connection with a change of control or any other event.

Furthermore, the terms of the indenture and the notes do not protect holders of the notes in the event that we experience changes (including significant adverse changes) in our financial condition, results of operations or credit ratings, as they do not require that we or our subsidiaries adhere to any financial tests or ratios or specified levels of net worth, revenues, income, cash flow, or liquidity other than certain limited restrictions on dividends and certain board structures or default provisions mandated by the 1940 Act.

Our ability to recapitalize, incur additional debt and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the notes may have important consequences for you as a holder of the notes, including making it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the notes or negatively affecting the trading value of the notes.

Certain of our current debt instruments include more protections for their holders than the indenture and the notes. See in the accompanying prospectus “Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Our Business—The notes present other risks to holders of our common stock, including the possibility that the notes could discourage an acquisition of the Company by a third party and accounting uncertainty” and “—In addition to regulatory restrictions that restrict our ability to raise capital, our credit facility contains various covenants which, if not complied with, could accelerate repayment under the facility, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations.” In addition, other debt we issue or incur in the future could contain more protections for its holders than the indenture and the notes, including additional covenants and events of default. The issuance or incurrence of any such debt with incremental protections could affect the market for and trading levels and prices of the notes.

We may be subject to certain corporate-level taxes which could adversely affect our cash flow and consequently adversely affect our ability to make payments on the notes.

We may be subject to certain corporate-level taxes regardless of whether we continue to qualify as a RIC.

Additionally, should we fail to qualify as a RIC, we would be subject to corporate-level taxes on all of our taxable income. The imposition of corporate-level taxes could adversely affect our cash flow and consequently adversely affect our ability to make payments on the notes.

We may choose to redeem notes when prevailing interest rates are relatively low.

If your notes will be redeemable at our option, we may choose to redeem your notes from time to time, especially when prevailing interest rates are lower than the rate borne by the notes. If prevailing rates are lower at the time of redemption, you would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the notes being redeemed. Our redemption right also may adversely impact your ability to sell your notes as the optional redemption date or period approaches.

Survivor’s Option may be limited in amount.

We will have a discretionary right to limit the aggregate principal amount of notes subject to the Survivor’s Option that may be exercised in any calendar year to an amount equal to the greater of \$2.0 million or 2% of the outstanding principal amount of all notes outstanding as of the end of the most recent calendar year. We also have the discretionary right to limit to \$250,000 in any calendar year the aggregate principal amount of notes subject to the Survivor’s Option that may be exercised in such calendar year on behalf of any individual deceased beneficial owner of notes. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that exercise of the Survivor’s Option for the desired amount will be permitted in any single calendar year.

We cannot assure that a trading market for your notes will ever develop or be maintained.

In evaluating the notes, you should assume that you will be holding the notes until their stated maturity. The notes are a new issue of securities. We cannot assure you that a trading market for your notes will ever develop, be liquid or be maintained. Many factors independent of our creditworthiness affect the trading market for and market value of your notes. Those factors include, without limitation:

the method of calculating the principal and interest for the notes;

- the time remaining to the stated maturity of the notes;

the outstanding amount of the notes;

- the redemption or repayment features of the notes;
- and

the level, direction and volatility of interest rates generally.

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There may be a limited number of buyers when you decide to sell your notes. This may affect the price you receive for your notes or your ability to sell your notes at all.

Your investment in the floating rate notes will involve certain risks not associated with an investment in conventional debt securities. You should consider carefully the following discussion of risks before you decide that an investment in the floating rate notes is suitable for you.

Floating rate notes present different investment considerations than fixed rate notes. For notes with only floating rates, the rate of interest paid by us on the notes for each applicable interest period is not fixed, but will vary depending on LIBOR and accordingly could be substantially less than the rates of interest we would pay on fixed rate notes of the same maturity. Additionally, the notes may change the interest rate or interest rate formula in relation to LIBOR at one or more points during the term of such notes (often referred to as a “step up” feature) or may switch from floating to fixed rate or from a fixed to a floating rate during the term of the notes. Consequently, the return on the notes may be less than returns otherwise payable on fixed rate debt securities issued by us with similar maturities whose interest rates cannot change. The variable interest rate on the notes, while determined, in part, by reference to LIBOR, may not actually pay at such rates. Furthermore, we have no control over any fluctuations in LIBOR.

If the relevant pricing supplement specifies a maximum rate, the interest rate for any interest period will be limited by the maximum rate. The maximum rate will limit the amount of interest you may receive for each such interest period, even if the fixed or floating rate component, as adjusted by any spread factor, if applicable, and/or a spread, if applicable, would have otherwise resulted in an interest rate greater than the maximum rate. As a result, if the interest rate for any interest period without taking into consideration the maximum rate would have been greater than the maximum rate, the notes will provide you less interest income than an investment in a similar instrument that is not subject to a maximum interest rate.

Our most recent NAV was calculated on September 30, 2018 and our NAV when calculated effective December 31, 2018 and thereafter may be higher or lower.

Our NAV per share is \$9.39 as of September 30, 2018. NAV per share as of December 31, 2018 may be higher or lower than \$9.39 based on potential changes in valuations, issuances of securities, repurchases of securities, dividends paid and earnings for the quarter then ended. Our Board of Directors has not yet determined the fair value of portfolio investments at any date subsequent to September 30, 2018. Our Board of Directors determines the fair value of our portfolio investments on a quarterly basis in connection with the preparation of quarterly financial statements and based on input from independent valuation firms, the Investment Adviser, the Administrator and the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

In addition to regulatory restrictions that restrict our ability to raise capital, our credit facility contains various covenants which, if not complied with, could accelerate repayment under the facility, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations.

The agreement governing our credit facility requires us to comply with certain financial and operational covenants.

These covenants include:

- restrictions on the level of indebtedness that we are permitted to incur in relation to the value of our assets;
- restrictions on our ability to incur liens; and
- maintenance of a minimum level of stockholders’ equity.

As of September 30, 2018, we were in compliance with these covenants. However, our continued compliance with these covenants depends on many factors, some of which are beyond our control. Accordingly, there are no assurances that we will continue to comply with the covenants in our credit facility. Failure to comply with these covenants would result in a default under this facility which, if we were unable to obtain a waiver from the lenders thereunder, could result in an acceleration of repayments under the facility and thereby have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

The following description of the particular terms of the notes being offered supplements and, to the extent inconsistent with or otherwise specified in an applicable pricing supplement, replaces the description of the general terms and provisions of the debt securities set forth under the heading “Description of Our Debt Securities” in the accompanying prospectus. Unless otherwise specified in an applicable pricing supplement, the notes will have the terms described below. Capitalized terms used but not defined below have the meanings given to them in the accompanying prospectus and in the indenture relating to the notes.

The notes being offered by this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the applicable pricing supplement will be issued under an indenture, dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and as supplemented from time to time. U.S. Bank National Association was appointed as trustee, as successor to American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC, pursuant to an Agreement of Resignation, Appointment and Acceptance dated as of March 9, 2012. The indenture is more fully described in the accompanying prospectus. The indenture does not limit the aggregate amount of debt securities that may be issued under it and provides that the debt securities may be issued under it from time to time in one or more series. The following statements are summaries of the material provisions of the indenture and the notes. These summaries do not purport to be complete and are qualified in their entirety by reference to the indenture, including for the definitions of certain terms. From time to time we may offer other debt securities either publicly or through private placement having maturities, interest rates, covenants and other terms that may differ materially from the terms of the notes described herein and in any pricing supplement.

The notes constitute a single series of debt securities for purposes of the indenture and are unlimited in aggregate principal amount under the terms of the indenture. Our board of directors has authorized the issuance and sale of the notes from time to time, up to an aggregate principal amount of \$1.5 billion. As of November 8, 2018, approximately \$1.3 billion aggregate principal amount of notes has been issued. We have, from time to time, repurchased certain notes and, therefore, as of November 8, 2018, \$785.2 million aggregate principal amount of notes were outstanding. Notes issued in accordance with this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the applicable pricing supplement will have the following general characteristics:

- the notes will be our direct unsecured senior obligations and will rank equally with all of our other unsecured senior indebtedness from time to time outstanding;
- the notes may be offered from time to time by us through the Purchasing Agent or the agents and each note will mature on a day that is at least 12 months from its date of original issuance;
- each note may be issued with a fixed or floating interest rate; any floating interest rate will be based on LIBOR;
- the notes will not be subject to any sinking fund; and
- the minimum denomination of the notes will be \$1,000 (unless otherwise stated in the pricing supplement).

In addition, the pricing supplement relating to each offering of notes will describe specific terms of the notes, including but not limited to:

- the stated maturity;
- the denomination of your notes;
- the price at which we originally issue your notes, expressed as a percentage of the principal amount, and the original issue date;
- whether your notes are fixed rate notes or floating rate notes;
- if your notes are fixed rate notes, the annual rate at which your notes will bear interest, or the periodic rates in the case of notes that bear different rates at different times during the term of the notes, and the interest payment dates, if different from those stated below under “—Interest Rates—Fixed Rate Notes;”
- if your notes are floating rate notes, the interest rate, spread or spread multiplier or initial base rate, maximum rate and/or minimum rate; if there is more than one spread to be applied at different times during the term of the notes for your interest rate, which spread during which periods applies to your notes; and the interest reset, determination, calculation and payment dates, all of which we describe under “—Interest Rates—Floating Rate Notes” below;
- if applicable, the circumstances under which your notes may be redeemed at our option or repaid at the holder’s option before the stated maturity, including any redemption commencement date, repayment date(s), redemption price(s) and redemption period(s), all of which we describe under “—Redemption and Repayment” below;

whether the authorized representative of the holder of a beneficial interest in the notes will have the right to seek repayment upon the death of the holder as described under “—Survivor’s Option;”
any special U.S. federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes; and
any other significant terms of your notes, which could be different from those described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, but in no event inconsistent with the indenture.

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We may at any time purchase notes at any price or prices in the open market or otherwise. Notes so purchased by us may, at our discretion, be held, resold or surrendered to the trustee for cancellation.

Types of Notes

We may issue either of the two types of notes described below. Notes may have elements of each of the two types of notes described below. For example, notes may bear interest at a fixed rate for some periods and at a floating rate in others.

Fixed Rate Notes. Notes of this type will bear interest at one or more fixed rates described in your pricing supplement.

Fixed rate notes will bear interest from their original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the notes has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of fixed rate notes at the fixed rate or rates per annum stated in your pricing supplement during the applicable time periods as stated in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. Each payment of interest due on an interest payment date or the maturity will include interest accrued from and including the last date to which interest has been paid, or made available for payment, or from the issue date if none has been paid or made available for payment, to but excluding the interest payment date or maturity. We will compute interest on fixed rate notes on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months (the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention) unless your pricing supplement provides that we will compute interest on a different basis. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below under “—Payments of Principal and Interest.” Notes may be offered that switch from a fixed rate to a floating rate or from a floating rate to a fixed rate during the term of the notes.

Floating Rate Notes. Notes of this type will bear interest at rates that are determined by reference to an interest rate formula based on LIBOR. In some cases, the rates may also be adjusted by adding or subtracting a spread in relation to LIBOR or multiplying by a spread multiplier and may be subject to a minimum rate and/or a maximum rate. The various interest rate formulas and these other features are described below in “—Interest Rates—Floating Rate Notes.” If your notes are floating rate notes, the formula and any adjustments that apply to the interest rate will be specified in your pricing supplement.

Floating rate notes will bear interest from their original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the notes has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of floating rate notes at a rate per annum determined according to the interest rate formula stated in your pricing supplement during the applicable interest rate periods as stated in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below “—Payments of Principal and Interest.” Notes may be offered that switch from a fixed rate to a floating rate or from a floating rate to a fixed rate during the term of the notes.

Interest Rates

This subsection describes the different kinds of interest rates that may apply to your notes, as specified in your pricing supplement.

Fixed Rate Notes. Fixed rate notes will bear interest from their original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the notes has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of fixed rate notes at the fixed yearly rate or rates stated in your pricing supplement during the applicable time periods as stated in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. Your pricing supplement will describe the interest periods and relevant interest payment dates on which interest on fixed rate notes will be payable. Each payment of interest due on an interest payment date or the maturity will include interest accrued from and including the last date to which interest has been paid, or made available for payment, or from the issue date if none has been paid or made available for payment, to but excluding the interest payment date or the maturity. We will compute interest on fixed rate notes on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months (the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention), unless your pricing supplement provides that we will compute interest on a different basis. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below under “—Payments of Principal and Interest.”

Floating Rate Notes. Floating rate notes will bear interest at rates that are determined by reference to an interest rate formula based on LIBOR. In some cases, the rates may also be adjusted by adding or subtracting a spread in relation to LIBOR or multiplying by a spread multiplier and may be subject to a minimum rate and/or a maximum rate. If your

note is a floating rate note, the formula and any adjustments that apply to the interest rate will be specified in your pricing supplement.

Each floating rate note will bear interest from its original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the note has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of a floating rate note at a rate per annum determined according to the interest rate formula stated in the pricing supplement during the applicable interest rate period specified in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below under “—Payment of Principal and Interest.”

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In addition, the following will apply to floating rate notes.

Initial Base Rate

Unless otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, for floating rate notes, the initial base rate will be the applicable LIBOR base rate in effect from and including the original issue date to but excluding the initial interest reset date. We will specify the initial LIBOR base rate in your pricing supplement.

Spread or Spread Multiplier

In some cases, the base rate for floating rate notes may be adjusted:

- by adding or subtracting a specified number of basis points, called the spread, with one basis point being 0.01%; or
- by multiplying the base rate by a specified percentage, called the spread multiplier.

If you purchase floating rate notes, your pricing supplement will specify whether a spread or spread multiplier will apply to your notes and, if so, the amount of the applicable spread or spread multiplier and any increases or decreases in the spread or spread multiplier during the term of your notes.

Maximum and Minimum Rates

The actual interest rate, after being adjusted by the spread or spread multiplier, may also be subject to either or both of the following limits:

- a maximum rate—i.e., a specified upper limit that the actual interest rate in effect at any time may not exceed; and/or
- a minimum rate—i.e., a specified lower limit that the actual interest rate in effect at any time may not fall below.

If you purchase floating rate notes, your pricing supplement will specify whether a maximum rate and/or minimum rate will apply to your notes and, if so, what those rates are.

Whether or not a maximum rate applies, the interest rate on floating rate notes will in no event be higher than the maximum rate permitted by New York law, as it may be modified by U.S. law of general application. Under current New York law, the maximum rate of interest, with some exceptions, for any loan in an amount less than \$250,000 is 16% and for any loan in the amount of \$250,000 or more but less than \$2,500,000 is 25%, per year on a simple interest basis. These limits do not apply to loans of \$2,500,000 or more.

The rest of this subsection describes how the interest rate and the interest payment dates will be determined, and how interest will be calculated, on floating rate notes.

Interest Reset Dates

Except as otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the rate of interest on floating rate notes will be reset, by the calculation agent described below, daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually (each, an “interest reset period”). The date on which the interest rate resets and the reset rate becomes effective is called the interest reset date. Except as otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the interest reset date will be as follows:

- for floating rate notes that reset daily, each London business day (as defined below);
- for floating rate notes that reset weekly, the Wednesday of each week;
- for floating rate notes that reset monthly, the third Wednesday of each month;
- for floating rate notes that reset quarterly, the third Wednesday of each of four months of each year as specified in your pricing supplement;
- for floating rate notes that reset semi-annually, the third Wednesday of each of two months of each year as specified in your pricing supplement; and
- for floating rate notes that reset annually, the third Wednesday of one month of each year as specified in your pricing supplement.

For floating rate notes, the interest rate in effect on any particular day will be the interest rate determined with respect to the latest interest reset date that occurs on or before that day. There are several exceptions, however, to the reset provisions described above.

Interest reset dates are subject to adjustment, as described below under “—Business Day Conventions.”

The base rate in effect from and including the original issue date to but excluding the first interest reset date will be the initial base rate. For floating rate notes that reset daily or weekly, the base rate in effect for each day following the fifth business

day before an interest payment date to, but excluding, the interest payment date, and for each day following the fifth business day before the maturity to, but excluding, the maturity, will be the base rate in effect on that fifth business day.

Interest Determination Dates

The interest rate that takes effect on an interest reset date will be determined by the calculation agent for the LIBOR base rates by reference to a particular date called an interest determination date. Except as otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the interest determination date relating to a particular interest reset date will be the second London business day preceding the interest reset date. We refer to an interest determination date for LIBOR notes as a LIBOR interest determination date.

Interest Calculation Date

The interest rate that takes effect on a particular interest reset date will be determined by reference to the corresponding interest determination date or interest reset date, as applicable. For some notes, however, the calculation agent will set the rate on a day no later than the corresponding interest calculation date. Unless otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the interest calculation date for rates to which a calculation date applies will be the business day immediately preceding the date on which interest will next be paid (on an interest payment date or the maturity, as the case may be). The calculation agent need not wait until the relevant interest calculation date to determine the interest rate if the rate information it needs to make the determination is available from the relevant sources sooner.

Interest Rate Calculations

Interest payable on floating rate notes for any particular interest period will be calculated as described below using an interest factor, expressed as a decimal, applicable to each day during the applicable interest period, unless otherwise specified in your pricing supplement.

Calculations relating to floating rate notes will be made by the calculation agent, an institution that we appoint as our agent for this purpose. We have initially appointed U.S. Bank National Association as our calculation agent for any floating rate notes. We may specify a different calculation agent in your pricing supplement. The applicable pricing supplement for your floating rate note will name the institution that we have appointed to act as the calculation agent for that note as of its original issue date. We may appoint a different institution to serve as calculation agent from time to time after the original issue date of your floating rate note without your consent and without notifying you of the change. Absent manifest error, all determinations of the calculation agent will be final and binding on you and us, without any liability on the part of the calculation agent.

For floating rate notes, the calculation agent will determine, on the corresponding interest calculation date or interest determination date, as described below, the interest rate that takes effect on each interest reset date. In addition, the calculation agent will calculate the amount of interest that has accrued during each interest period—i.e., the period from and including the original issue date, or the last date to which interest has accrued (which may be the interest payment date or any interest reset date in accordance with the business day convention), to but excluding the next date to which interest will accrue (which may be the interest payment date or any interest reset date in accordance with the business day convention). For each interest period, the calculation agent will calculate the amount of accrued interest by multiplying the face amount of the floating rate note by an accrued interest factor for the interest period. Such accrued interest rate factor is determined by multiplying the applicable interest rate for the period by the day count fraction. The day count fraction will be determined in accordance with the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention, where the number of days in the interest period in respect of which payment is being made is divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

where:

“Y1” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the interest period falls;

“Y2” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the interest period falls;

“M1” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the interest period falls;

“M2” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the interest period falls;

“D1” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the interest period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D1 will be 30; and

“D2” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the interest period, unless such number would be 31 and D1 is greater than 29, in which case D2 will be 30.

Upon the request of the holder of any floating rate note, the calculation agent will provide the interest rate then in effect, and, if determined, the interest rate that will become effective on the next interest reset date with respect to such floating rate note.

All percentages resulting from any calculation relating to any note will be rounded upward or downward, as appropriate, to the next higher or lower one hundred-thousandth of a percentage point, e.g., 9.876541% (or .09876541) being rounded down to 9.87654% (or .0987654) and 9.876545% (or .09876545) being rounded up to 9.87655% (or .0987655). All amounts used in or resulting from any calculation relating to any note will be rounded upward or downward to the nearest cent.

Sources and Corrections

If we refer to a rate as set forth on a display page, other published source, information vendor or other vendor officially designated by the sponsor of that rate, if there is a successor source for the display page, other published source, information vendor or other official vendor, we refer to that successor source as applicable as determined by the calculation agent. When we refer to a particular heading or headings on any of those sources, those references include any successor or replacement heading or headings as determined by the calculation agent.

If the applicable rate is based on information obtained from a Reuters screen, that rate will be subject to the corrections, if any, published on that Reuters screen within one hour of the time that rate was first displayed on such source.

LIBOR Calculation

LIBOR, with respect to the base rate and any interest reset date, will be the London interbank offered rate for deposits in U.S. dollars for the index maturity specified in your pricing supplement, appearing on the Reuters screen LIBOR page as of approximately 11:00 A.M., London time, on the relevant LIBOR interest determination date.

If the rate described above does not so appear on the Reuters screen LIBOR page, then LIBOR will be determined on the basis of the rates at which deposits in U.S. dollars are offered by four major banks in the London interbank market selected by the calculation agent at approximately 11:00 A.M., London time, on the relevant LIBOR interest determination date, to prime banks in the London interbank market for a period of the specified index maturity, beginning on the relevant interest reset date, and in a representative amount. The calculation agent will request the principal London office of each of these major banks to provide a quotation of its rate. If at least two quotations are provided, LIBOR for the relevant interest reset date will be the arithmetic mean of the quotations.

If fewer than two of the requested quotations described above are provided, LIBOR for the relevant interest reset date will be the arithmetic mean of the rates quoted by major banks in New York City selected by the calculation agent, at approximately 11:00 A.M., New York City time (or the time in the relevant principal financial center), on the relevant interest reset date, for loans in U.S. dollars (or the index currency) to leading European banks for a period of the specified index maturity, beginning on the relevant interest reset date, and in a representative amount.

If no quotation is provided as described in the preceding paragraph, then the calculation agent, after consulting such sources as it deems comparable to any of the foregoing quotations or display page, or any such source as it deems reasonable from which to estimate LIBOR or any of the foregoing lending rates, shall determine LIBOR for that interest reset date in its sole discretion.

For the purpose of this section, we define the term “index maturity” as the interest rate period of LIBOR on which the interest rate formula is based as specified in your pricing supplement.

In all cases, if the stated maturity or any earlier redemption date or repayment date with respect to any note falls on a day that is not a business day, any payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest otherwise due on such day will be made on the next succeeding business day, and no interest on such payment shall accrue for the period from and after such stated maturity, redemption date or repayment date, as the case may be.

Business Days

The term “London business day” will apply to your floating rate notes, as specified in your pricing supplement, and it means each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in London generally are authorized or obligated by law, regulation or executive order to close and is also a day on which dealings in the applicable index currency are transacted in the London interbank market.

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Business Day Convention

The business day convention that will apply to your notes is the “following business day convention.” The “following business day convention” means, for any interest payment date or interest reset date, other than the maturity, if such date would otherwise fall on a day that is not a business day, then such date will be postponed to the next day that is a business day.

Payment of Principal and Interest

Principal of and interest on beneficial interests in the notes will be made in accordance with the arrangements then in place between the paying agent and The Depository Trust Company (referred to as “DTC”) and its participants as described under “Registration and Settlement—The Depository Trust Company.” Payments in respect of any notes in certificated form will be made as described under “Registration and Settlement—Registration, Transfer and Payment of Certificated Notes.”

Interest on each note will be payable either monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually on each interest payment date and at the note’s stated maturity or on the date of redemption or repayment if a note is redeemed or repaid prior to maturity. Interest is payable to the person in whose name a note is registered at the close of business on the regular record date before each interest payment date. Interest due at a note’s stated maturity or on a date of redemption or repayment will be payable to the person to whom principal is payable.

We will pay any administrative costs imposed by banks in connection with making payments in immediately available funds, but any tax, assessment or governmental charge imposed upon any payments on a note, including, without limitation, any withholding tax, is the responsibility of the holders of beneficial interests in the note in respect of which such payments are made.

Payment and Record Dates for Interest

Interest on the notes will be paid as follows:

Interest Payment Frequency	Interest Payment Dates
Monthly	Fifteenth day of each calendar month, beginning in the first calendar month following the month the note was issued.
Quarterly	Fifteenth day of every third month, beginning in the third calendar month following the month the note was issued.
Semi-annually	Fifteenth day of every sixth month, beginning in the sixth calendar month following the month the note was issued.
Annually	Fifteenth day of every twelfth month, beginning in the twelfth calendar month following the month the note was issued.

The regular record date for any interest payment date will be the first day of the calendar month in which the interest payment date occurs, except that the regular record date for interest due on the note’s stated maturity date or date of earlier redemption or repayment will be that particular date. For the purpose of determining the holder at the close of business on a regular record date when business is not being conducted, the close of business will mean 5:00 P.M., New York City time, on that day.

Interest on a note will be payable beginning on the first interest payment date after its date of original issuance to holders of record on the corresponding regular record date.

“Business day” means any day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, that is neither a legal holiday nor a day on which banking institutions are authorized or required by law or regulation to close in The City of New York.

Redemption and Repayment

Unless we otherwise provide in the applicable pricing supplement, a note will not be redeemable or repayable prior to its stated maturity date.

If the pricing supplement states that the note will be redeemable at our option prior to its stated maturity date, then on such date or dates specified in the pricing supplement, we may redeem those notes at our option either in whole or from time to time in part, upon not less than five nor more than 60 days’ written notice to the holder of those notes. If the pricing supplement states that your note will be repayable at your option prior to its stated maturity date, we will require receipt of notice of the request for repayment at least 30 but not more than 60 days prior to the date or dates specified in

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the pricing supplement. We also must receive the completed form entitled “Option to Elect Repayment.” Exercise of the repayment option by the holder of a note is irrevocable.

Since the notes will be represented by a global note, DTC or its nominee will be treated as the holder of the notes; therefore DTC or its nominee will be the only entity that receives notices of redemption of notes from us, in the case of our redemption of notes, and will be the only entity that can exercise the right to repayment of notes, in the case of optional repayment. See “Registration and Settlement.”

To ensure that DTC or its nominee will timely exercise a right to repayment with respect to a particular beneficial interest in a note, the beneficial owner of the interest in that note must instruct the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds the beneficial interest to notify DTC or its nominee of its desire to exercise a right to repayment. Because different firms have different cut-off times for accepting instructions from their customers, each beneficial owner should consult the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds an interest in a note to determine the cut-off time by which the instruction must be given for timely notice to be delivered to DTC or its nominee. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC or its nominee to participants, by participants to indirect participants and by participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners of the notes will be governed by agreements among them and any applicable statutory or regulatory requirements.

The redemption of a note normally will occur on a specified interest payment date and any business day thereafter following receipt of a valid notice. The repayment of a note normally will occur on the interest payment date or dates following receipt of a valid notice. Unless otherwise specified in the pricing supplement, the redemption or repayment price will equal 100% of the principal amount of the note plus unpaid interest accrued to the date or dates of redemption or repayment.

We may at any time purchase notes at any price or prices in the open market or otherwise. We may also purchase notes otherwise tendered for repayment by a holder or tendered by a holder’s duly authorized representative through exercise of the Survivor’s Option described below. If we purchase the notes in this manner, we have the discretion to either hold, resell or surrender the notes to the trustee for cancellation.

Survivor’s Option

The “Survivor’s Option” is a provision in a note pursuant to which we agree to repay that note, if requested by the authorized representative of the beneficial owner of that note, following the death of the beneficial owner of the note, so long as the note was owned by that beneficial owner or the estate of that beneficial owner at least six months prior to the request. The pricing supplement relating to each offering of notes will state whether the Survivor’s Option applies to those notes.

If a note is entitled to a Survivor’s Option, upon the valid exercise of the Survivor’s Option and the proper tender of that note for repayment, we will, at our option, repay or repurchase that note, in whole or in part, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the deceased beneficial owner’s interest in that note plus unpaid interest accrued to the date of repayment.

To be valid, the Survivor’s Option must be exercised by or on behalf of the person who has authority to act on behalf of the deceased beneficial owner of the note (including, without limitation, the personal representative or executor of the deceased beneficial owner or the surviving joint owner with the deceased beneficial owner) under the laws of the applicable jurisdiction.

The death of a person holding a beneficial ownership interest in a note as a joint tenant or tenant by the entirety with another person, or as a tenant in common with the deceased holder’s spouse, will be deemed the death of a beneficial owner of that note, and the entire principal amount of the note so held will be subject to repayment by us upon request. However, the death of a person holding a beneficial ownership interest in a note as tenant in common with a person other than such deceased holder’s spouse will be deemed the death of a beneficial owner only with respect to such deceased person’s interest in the note.

The death of a person who, during his or her lifetime, was entitled to substantially all of the beneficial ownership interests in a note will be deemed the death of the beneficial owner of that note for purposes of the Survivor’s Option, regardless of whether that beneficial owner was the registered holder of that note, if entitlement to those interests can be established to the satisfaction of the trustee. A beneficial ownership interest will be deemed to exist in typical cases of nominee ownership, ownership under the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or Uniform Gifts to Minors Act, community property or other joint ownership arrangements between a husband and wife. In addition, a beneficial

ownership interest will be deemed to exist in custodial and trust arrangements where one person has all of the beneficial ownership interests in the applicable note during his or her lifetime.

We have the discretionary right to limit the aggregate principal amount of notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option shall be accepted by us from authorized representatives of all deceased beneficial owners in any calendar year to an amount equal to the greater of \$2,000,000 or 2% of the principal amount of all notes outstanding as of the end of the most recent calendar year. We also have the discretionary right to limit to \$250,000 in any calendar year the aggregate principal

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amount of notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option shall be accepted by us from the authorized representative of any individual deceased beneficial owner of notes in such calendar year. In addition, we will not permit the exercise of the Survivor's Option except in principal amounts of \$1,000 and multiples of \$1,000. An otherwise valid election to exercise the Survivor's Option may not be withdrawn. Each election to exercise the Survivor's Option will be accepted in the order that elections are received by the trustee, except for any note the acceptance of which would contravene any of the limitations described in the preceding paragraph. Notes accepted for repayment through the exercise of the Survivor's Option normally will be repaid on the first interest payment date that occurs 20 or more calendar days after the date of the acceptance. For example, if the acceptance date of a note tendered through a valid exercise of the Survivor's Option is September 1, 2017, and interest on that note is paid monthly, we would normally, at our option, repay that note on the interest payment date occurring on October 15, 2017, because the September 15, 2017 interest payment date would occur less than 20 days from the date of acceptance. Each tendered note that is not accepted in any calendar year due to the application of any of the limitations described in the preceding paragraph will be deemed to be tendered in the following calendar year in the order in which all such notes were originally tendered. If a note tendered through a valid exercise of the Survivor's Option is not accepted, the trustee will deliver a notice by first-class mail to the registered holder, at that holder's last known address as indicated in the note register, that states the reason that note has not been accepted for repayment. With respect to notes represented by a global note, DTC or its nominee is treated as the holder of the notes and will be the only entity that can exercise the Survivor's Option for such notes. To obtain repayment pursuant to exercise of the Survivor's Option for a note, the deceased beneficial owner's authorized representative must provide the following items to the broker or other entity through which the beneficial interest in the note is held by the deceased beneficial owner:

- a written instruction to such broker or other entity to notify DTC of the authorized representative's desire to obtain repayment pursuant to exercise of the Survivor's Option;
- appropriate evidence satisfactory to the trustee (a) that the deceased was the beneficial owner of the note at the time of death and his or her interest in the note was owned by the deceased beneficial owner or his or her estate at least six months prior to the request for repayment, (b) that the death of the beneficial owner has occurred, (c) of the date of death of the beneficial owner, and (d) that the representative has authority to act on behalf of the beneficial owner;
- if the interest in the note is held by a nominee of the deceased beneficial owner, a certificate satisfactory to the trustee from the nominee attesting to the deceased's beneficial ownership of such note;
- written request for repayment signed by the authorized representative of the deceased beneficial owner with the signature guaranteed by a member firm of a registered national securities exchange or of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. or a commercial bank or trust company having an office or correspondent in the United States;
- if applicable, a properly executed assignment or endorsement;
- tax waivers and any other instruments or documents that the trustee reasonably requires in order to establish the validity of the beneficial ownership of the note and the claimant's entitlement to payment; and
- any additional information the trustee reasonably requires to evidence satisfaction of any conditions to the exercise of the Survivor's Option or to document beneficial ownership or authority to make the election and to cause the repayment of the note.

In turn, the broker or other entity will deliver each of these items to the trustee, together with evidence satisfactory to the trustee from the broker or other entity stating that it represents the deceased beneficial owner.

The death of a person owning a note in joint tenancy or tenancy by the entirety with another or others shall be deemed the death of the holder of the note, and the entire principal amount of the note so held shall be subject to repayment, together with interest accrued thereon to the repayment date. The death of a person owning a note by tenancy in common shall be deemed the death of a holder of a note only with respect to the deceased holder's interest in the note so held by tenancy in common; except that in the event a note is held by husband and wife as tenants in common, the death of either shall be deemed the death of the holder of the note, and the entire principal amount of the note so held shall be subject to repayment. The death of a person who, during his or her lifetime, was entitled to substantially all of the beneficial interests of ownership of a note, shall be deemed the death of the holder thereof for purposes of this provision, regardless of the registered holder, if such beneficial interest can be established to the satisfaction of the

trustee and us. Such beneficial interest shall be deemed to exist in typical cases of nominee ownership, ownership under the Uniform Gifts to Minors Act, the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act, community property or other joint ownership arrangements between a husband and wife and trust arrangements where one person has substantially all of the beneficial ownership interest in the note during his or her lifetime.

We retain the right to limit the aggregate principal amount of notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option applicable to the notes will be accepted in any one calendar year as described above. All other questions regarding the eligibility

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or validity of any exercise of the Survivor's Option will be determined by the trustee, in its sole discretion, which determination will be final and binding on all parties.

The broker or other entity will be responsible for disbursing payments received from the trustee to the authorized representative. See "Registration and Settlement."

Forms for the exercise of the Survivor's Option may be obtained from the Trustee at 100 Wall Street, Suite 1600, New York, NY 10005, Attention: General Counsel.

If applicable, we will comply with the requirements of Section 14(e) of the Exchange Act, and the rules promulgated thereunder, and any other securities laws or regulations in connection with any repayment of notes at the option of the registered holders or beneficial owners thereof.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(All figures in this item are in thousands except share, per share and other data.)

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. Historical results set forth are not necessarily indicative of our future financial position and results of operations.

Overview

The terms "Prospect," "the Company," "we," "us" and "our" mean Prospect Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

Prospect is a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. We are a closed-end investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). As a BDC, we have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company ("RIC"), under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). We were organized on April 13, 2004 and were funded in an initial public offering completed on July 27, 2004.

On May 15, 2007, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Capital Funding LLC ("PCF"), a Delaware limited liability company and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, which holds certain of our portfolio loan investments that are used as collateral for the revolving credit facility at PCF. Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC ("PSBL") was formed on January 27, 2014 and purchases small business whole loans on a recurring basis from online small business loan originators, including On Deck Capital, Inc. ("OnDeck"). On September 30, 2014, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Yield Corporation, LLC ("PYC") and effective October 23, 2014, PYC holds our investments in collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"). Each of these subsidiaries have been consolidated since operations commenced.

We consolidate certain of our wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us in order to facilitate our investment strategy. The following companies are included in our consolidated financial statements and are collectively referred to as the "Consolidated Holding Companies": APH Property Holdings, LLC ("APH"); Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc. ("Arctic Equipment"); CCPI Holdings Inc.; CP Holdings of Delaware LLC ("CP Holdings"); Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC; Energy Solutions Holdings Inc.; First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC ("First Tower Delaware"); Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc.; MITY Holdings of Delaware Inc.; Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC; NMMB Holdings, Inc. ("NMMB Holdings"); NPH Property Holdings, LLC ("NPH"); STI Holding, Inc.; UPH Property Holdings, LLC ("UPH"); Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc.; Valley Electric Holdings II, Inc.; and Wolf Energy Holdings Inc. ("Wolf Energy Holdings"). On October 10, 2014, concurrent with the sale of the operating company, our ownership increased to 100% of the outstanding equity of ARRM Services, Inc., which was renamed SB Forging Company, Inc. ("SB Forging"). As such, we began consolidating SB Forging on October 11, 2014. Effective May 23, 2016, in connection with the merger of American Property REIT Corp. ("APRC") and United Property REIT Corp. ("UPRC") with and into National Property REIT Corp. ("NPRC"), APH and UPH merged with and into NPH, and were dissolved. Effective April 6, 2018, Arctic Equipment merged with and into CP Energy Services, Inc. ("CP Energy"), a substantially wholly-owned subsidiary of CP Holdings, with CP Energy continuing as the surviving entity.

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management L.P. ("Prospect Capital Management" or the "Investment Adviser"). Prospect Administration LLC ("Prospect Administration"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Investment Adviser, provides administrative services and facilities necessary for us to operate. Our investment objective is to generate both current income and long-term capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in senior and subordinated debt and equity of private companies in need of capital for acquisitions, divestitures, growth, development, recapitalizations and other purposes. We work with the management teams or financial sponsors to seek investments with historical cash flows, asset collateral or contracted pro-forma cash flows.

We currently have nine strategies that guide our origination of investment opportunities: (1) lending to companies controlled by private equity sponsors, (2) lending to companies not controlled by private equity sponsors, (3) purchasing controlling equity positions and lending to operating companies, (4) purchasing controlling equity positions and lending to financial services companies, (5) purchasing controlling equity positions and lending to real estate companies, (6) purchasing controlling equity positions and lending to aircraft leasing companies, (7) investing in structured credit, (8) investing in syndicated debt and (9) investing in consumer and small business loans and asset-backed securitizations. We may also invest in other strategies and opportunities from time to time that we view as attractive. We continue to evaluate other origination strategies in the ordinary course of business with no specific top-down allocation to any single origination strategy.

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Lending to Companies Controlled by Private Equity Sponsors - We make agented loans to companies which are controlled by private equity sponsors. This debt can take the form of first lien, second lien, unitranche or unsecured loans. These loans typically have equity subordinate to our loan position. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 40%-60% of our portfolio.

Lending to Companies not Controlled by Private Equity Sponsors - We make loans to companies which are not controlled by private equity sponsors, such as companies that are controlled by the management team, the founder, a family or public shareholders. This origination strategy may have less competition to provide debt financing than the private-equity-sponsor origination strategy because such company financing needs are not easily addressed by banks and often require more diligence preparation. This origination strategy can result in investments with higher returns or lower leverage than the private-equity-sponsor origination strategy. Historically, this strategy has comprised up to approximately 15% of our portfolio.

Purchasing Controlling Equity Positions and Lending to Operating Companies - This strategy involves purchasing yield-producing debt and controlling equity positions in non-financial-services operating companies. We believe that we can provide enhanced certainty of closure and liquidity to sellers and we look for management to continue on in their current roles. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our portfolio.

Purchasing Controlling Equity Positions and Lending to Financial Services Companies - This strategy involves purchasing yield-producing debt and control equity investments in financial services companies, including consumer direct lending, sub-prime auto lending and other strategies. These investments are often structured in tax-efficient partnerships, enhancing returns. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our portfolio.

Purchasing Controlling Equity Positions and Lending to Real Estate Companies - We purchase debt and controlling equity positions in tax-efficient real estate investment trusts (“REIT” or “REITs”). NPRC’s, an operating company and the surviving entity of the May 23, 2016 merger with APRC and UPRC, real estate investments are in various classes of developed and occupied real estate properties that generate current yields, including multi-family properties, student housing, and self-storage. NPRC seeks to identify properties that have historically significant occupancy rates and recurring cash flow generation. NPRC generally co-invests with established and experienced property management teams that manage such properties after acquisition. Additionally, NPRC purchases loans originated by certain consumer loan facilitators. It purchases each loan in its entirety (i.e., a “whole loan”). The borrowers are consumers, and the loans are typically serviced by the facilitators of the loans. This investment strategy has comprised approximately 10%-20% of our business.

Purchasing Controlling Equity Positions and Lending to Aircraft Leasing Companies - We invest in debt as well as equity in companies with aircraft assets subject to commercial leases to airlines across the globe. We believe that these investments can present attractive return opportunities due to cash flow consistency from long-term leases coupled with hard asset residual value. We believe that these investment companies seek to deliver risk-adjusted returns with strong downside protection by analyzing relative value characteristics across a variety of aircraft types and vintages. This strategy historically has comprised less than 5% of our portfolio.

Investing in Structured Credit - We make investments in CLOs, often taking a significant position in the subordinated interests (equity) and debt of the CLOs. The underlying portfolio of each CLO investment is diversified across approximately 100 to 200 broadly syndicated loans and does not have direct exposure to real estate, mortgages, or consumer-based credit assets. The CLOs in which we invest are managed by established collateral management teams with many years of experience in the industry. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-20% of our portfolio.

Investing in Syndicated Debt - On a primary or secondary basis, we purchase primarily senior and secured loans and high yield bonds that have been sold to a club or syndicate of buyers. These investments are often purchased with a long term, buy-and-hold outlook, and we often look to provide significant input to the transaction by providing anchoring orders. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our portfolio.

Investing in Consumer and Small Business Loans and Asset-Backed Securitizations - We purchase loans originated by certain consumer and small-and-medium-sized business (“SME”) loan platforms. We generally purchase each loan in its entirety (i.e., a “whole loan”) and we invest in asset-backed securitizations collateralized by consumer or small business loans. The borrowers are consumers and SMEs and the loans are typically serviced by the platforms of the loans. This investment strategy has comprised up to approximately 0% of our portfolio.

We invest primarily in first and second lien secured loans and unsecured debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. First and second lien secured loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of unsecured debt of a given portfolio company. These loans also have the benefit of security interests on the assets of the portfolio company, which may rank ahead of or be junior to other security interests. Our investments in CLOs are subordinated to senior loans and are generally unsecured. We invest in debt and equity positions of CLOs which are a form of securitization in which the cash flows of a portfolio of loans are pooled and passed on to different classes of owners in various tranches. Our CLO investments are derived from portfolios of corporate debt securities which are generally risk rated from BB to B.

We hold many of our control investments in a two-tier structure consisting of a holding company and one or more related operating companies for tax purposes. These holding companies serve various business purposes including concentration of management teams, optimization of third party borrowing costs, improvement of supplier, customer, and insurance terms, and enhancement of co-investments by the management teams. In these cases, our investment, which is generally equity in the holding company, the holding company's equity investment in the operating company and any debt from us directly to the operating company structure represents our total exposure for the investment. As of September 30, 2018, as shown in our Consolidated Schedule of Investments, the cost basis and fair value of our investments in controlled companies was \$2,331,620 and \$2,487,337, respectively. This structure gives rise to several of the risks described in our public documents and highlighted elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We consolidate all wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us for the purpose of holding our controlled investments in operating companies. There is no significant effect of consolidating these holding companies as they hold minimal assets other than their investments in the controlled operating companies. Investment company accounting prohibits the consolidation of any operating companies.

First Quarter Highlights

Investment Transactions

We seek to be a long-term investor with our portfolio companies. During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we acquired \$44,927 of new investments, completed follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies totaling approximately \$200,390, and recorded paid in kind ("PIK") interest of \$9,325, resulting in gross investment originations of \$254,642. During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we received full repayments on 2 investments and received several partial prepayments and amortization payments totaling \$55,166.

Debt Issuances and Redemptions

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we redeemed \$29,360 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par with a weighted average interest rate of 4.70% in order to replace shorter maturity debt with longer-term debt, and repaid \$2,434 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the three months ended September 30, 2018 was \$255.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018 we issued \$39,757 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® with a stated and weighted average interest rate of 5.48%, to extend our borrowing base. The newly issued notes mature between July 15, 2023 and September 15, 2028 and generated net proceeds of \$39,093.

On September 26, 2018, we repurchased the remaining \$153,536 aggregate principal amount of the 5.00% 2019 Notes at a price of 101.645, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a loss of \$2,874 during the three months ended September 30, 2018.

On September 27, 2018, we issued \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on January 15, 2024 (the "6.375% 2024 Notes"). The 6.375% 2024 Notes settled on October 1, 2018. The 6.375% 2024 Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.375% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning January 15, 2019. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 6.375% 2024 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$98,985. Net proceeds are reflected in Due from Broker on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

Equity Issuances

On July 19, 2018, August 23, 2018, and September 20, 2018, we issued 282,592, 270,136, and 262,473 shares of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan, respectively.

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Investment Holdings

As of September 30, 2018, we continue to pursue our investment strategy. At September 30, 2018, approximately \$5,936,683, or 173.0%, of our net assets are invested in 137 long-term portfolio investments and CLOs.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we originated \$254,642 of new investments, primarily composed of \$212,548 of debt and equity financing to non-controlled portfolio investments and \$42,094 of debt and equity financing to controlled investments. Our origination efforts are focused primarily on secured lending to non-control investments to reduce the risk in the portfolio by investing primarily in first lien loans, though we also continue to close select junior debt and equity investments. Our annualized current yield was 13.5% and 13.0% as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively, across all performing interest bearing investments, excluding equity investments and non-accrual loans. Our annualized current yield was 10.8% and 10.5% as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively, across all investments. The increase in yield across our performing interest bearing investments, excluding equity investments and non-accrual loans, is partially due to the increase in LIBOR above our floors amongst our interest bearing investments. Monetization of equity positions that we hold and loans on non-accrual status are not included in this yield calculation. In many of our portfolio companies we hold equity positions, ranging from minority interests to majority stakes, which we expect over time to contribute to our investment returns. Some of these equity positions include features such as contractual minimum internal rates of returns, preferred distributions, flip structures and other features expected to generate additional investment returns, as well as contractual protections and preferences over junior equity, in addition to the yield and security offered by our cash flow and collateral debt protections.

We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. As required by the 1940 Act, we classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, "Control Investments" are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of 25% or more of the voting securities of an investee company. Under the 1940 Act, "Affiliate Investments" are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person. "Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments" are those that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments. As of September 30, 2018, we own controlling interests in the following portfolio companies: CCPI Inc. ("CCPI"); CP Energy Services Inc. ("CP Energy"); Credit Central Loan Company, LLC ("Credit Central"); Echelon Transportation, LLC ("Echelon"); First Tower Finance Company LLC ("First Tower Finance"); Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC ("Freedom Marine"); InterDent, Inc. ("InterDent"); MITY, Inc. ("MITY"); NPRC; Nationwide Loan Company LLC (f/k/a Nationwide Acceptance LLC) ("Nationwide"); NMMB, Inc. ("NMMB"); Pacific World Corporation ("Pacific World"); R-V Industries, Inc.; SB Forging Company II, Inc. (f/k/a Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company) ("Gulfco"); USES Corp. ("USES"); Valley Electric Company, Inc. ("Valley Electric"); and Wolf Energy, LLC ("Wolf Energy"). As of September 30, 2018, we also own affiliated interests in Nixon, Inc. ("Nixon"), Targus Cayman HoldCo Limited ("Targus"), Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC ("Edmentum") and United Sporting Companies, Inc. ("USC"). The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by level of control as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018:

Level of Control	September 30, 2018				June 30, 2018			
	Cost	% of Portfolio	Fair Value	% of Portfolio	Cost	% of Portfolio	Fair Value	% of Portfolio
Control Investments	\$2,331,620	38.6 %	\$2,487,337	41.9 %	\$2,300,526	39.5 %	\$2,404,326	42.0 %
Affiliate Investments	175,235	2.9 %	95,993	1.6 %	55,637	0.9 %	58,436	1.0 %
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments	3,532,959	58.5 %	3,353,353	56.5 %	3,475,295	59.6 %	3,264,517	57.0 %
Total Investments	\$6,039,814	100.0 %	\$5,936,683	100.0 %	\$5,831,458	100.0 %	\$5,727,279	100.0 %

The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by type of investment as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018:

Type of Investment	September 30, 2018				June 30, 2018			
	Cost	% of Portfolio	Fair Value	% of Portfolio	Cost	% of Portfolio	Fair Value	% of Portfolio
Revolving Line of Credit	\$ 30,002	0.5	% \$ 29,871	0.5	% \$ 38,659	0.7	% \$ 38,559	0.7
Senior Secured Debt	2,737,167	45.4	% 2,601,554	43.8	% 2,602,018	44.6	% 2,481,353	43.3
Subordinated Secured Debt	1,360,127	22.5	% 1,290,476	21.7	% 1,318,028	22.6	% 1,260,525	22.0
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	38,712	0.6	% 31,178	0.5	% 38,548	0.7	% 32,945	0.6
Small Business Loans	—	—	% —	—	% 30	—	% 17	—
CLO Debt	26,085	0.4	% 27,424	0.5	% 6,159	0.1	% 6,159	0.1
CLO Residual Interest	1,106,222	18.3	% 937,899	15.8	% 1,096,768	18.8	% 954,035	16.7
Preferred Stock	92,346	1.5	% 78,148	1.3	% 92,346	1.6	% 75,986	1.3
Common Stock	455,569	7.5	% 567,988	9.6	% 445,364	7.6	% 517,858	9.0
Membership Interest	193,584	3.3	% 259,129	4.4	% 193,538	3.3	% 257,799	4.5
Participating Interest(1)	—	—	% 112,084	1.9	% —	—	% 101,126	1.8
Escrow Receivable	—	—	% 932	—	% —	—	% 917	—
Total Investments	\$ 6,039,814	100.0	% \$ 5,936,683	100.0	% \$ 5,831,458	100.0	% \$ 5,727,279	100.0

(1) Participating Interest includes our participating equity investments, such as net profits interests, net operating income interests, net revenue interests, and overriding royalty interests.

The following shows our investments in interest bearing securities by type of investment as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018:

Type of Investment	September 30, 2018				June 30, 2018			
	Cost	% of Portfolio	Fair Value	% of Portfolio	Cost	% of Portfolio	Fair Value	% of Portfolio
First Lien	\$ 2,766,992	52.2	% \$ 2,631,248	53.5	% \$ 2,632,843	51.6	% \$ 2,512,078	52.6
Second Lien	1,360,304	25.7	% 1,290,653	26.2	% 1,325,862	26.0	% 1,268,359	26.6
Unsecured	38,712	0.7	% 31,178	0.6	% 38,548	0.8	% 32,945	0.7
Small Business Loans	—	—	% —	—	% 30	—	% 17	—
CLO Debt	26,085	0.5	% 27,424	0.6	% 6,159	0.1	% 6,159	0.1
CLO Residual Interest	1,106,222	20.9	% 937,899	19.1	% 1,096,768	21.5	% 954,035	20.0
Total Debt Investments	\$ 5,298,315	100.0	% \$ 4,918,402	100.0	% \$ 5,100,210	100.0	% \$ 4,773,593	100.0

The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by geographic location as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018:

Geographic Location	September 30, 2018				June 30, 2018				
	Cost	% of Portfolio	Fair Value	% of Portfolio	Cost	% of Portfolio	Fair Value	% of Portfolio	
Canada	\$5,973	0.1	% \$5,973	0.1	% \$16,809	0.3	% \$17,816	0.3	%
Cayman Islands	1,132,307	18.7	% 965,323	16.3	% 1,102,927	18.9	% 960,194	16.8	%
France	12,572	0.2	% 12,566	0.2	% 12,490	0.2	% 12,334	0.2	%
MidAtlantic US	523,769	8.7	% 523,769	8.8	% 410,644	7.0	% 410,644	7.2	%
Midwest US	387,054	6.4	% 461,870	7.8	% 395,622	6.8	% 413,757	7.2	%
Northeast US	701,670	11.6	% 753,146	12.7	% 677,204	11.6	% 701,851	12.3	%
Northwest US	108,586	1.8	% 121,014	2.0	% 103,906	1.8	% 90,288	1.6	%
Puerto Rico	84,509	1.4	% 82,932	1.4	% 84,713	1.5	% 83,507	1.5	%
Southeast US	1,229,946	20.5	% 1,403,936	23.7	% 1,243,430	21.3	% 1,524,379	26.6	%
Southwest US	727,270	12.0	% 636,736	10.7	% 723,038	12.4	% 599,914	10.4	%
Western US	1,126,158	18.6	% 969,418	16.3	% 1,060,675	18.2	% 912,594	15.9	%
Total Investments	\$6,039,814	100.0	% \$5,936,683	100.0	% \$5,831,458	100.0	% \$5,727,278	100.0	%

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The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by industry as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018:

Industry	September 30, 2018				June 30, 2018				
	Cost	% of Portfolio	Fair Value	% of Portfolio	Cost	% of Portfolio	Fair Value	% of Portfolio	
Aerospace & Defense	\$71,961	1.2	% \$87,375	1.5	% \$69,837	1.2	% \$82,278	1.4	%
Auto Components	25,388	0.4	% 24,851	0.4	% 12,681	0.2	% 12,887	0.2	%
Building Products	19,824	0.3	% 20,000	0.3	% 9,905	0.2	% 10,000	0.2	%
Capital Markets	26,531	0.4	% 26,675	0.4	% 19,799	0.3	% 20,000	0.3	%
Commercial Services & Supplies	383,195	6.3	% 325,949	5.5	% 386,187	6.6	% 330,024	5.8	%
Communications Equipment	47,872	0.8	% 48,000	0.8	% 39,860	0.7	% 40,000	0.7	%
Construction & Engineering	69,515	1.2	% 81,943	1.4	% 64,415	1.1	% 50,797	0.9	%
Consumer Finance	474,512	7.9	% 570,417	9.6	% 485,381	8.3	% 586,978	10.2	%
Distributors	301,282	5.0	% 224,861	3.8	% 470,750	8.1	% 402,465	7.0	%
Diversified Consumer Services	156,555	2.6	% 143,942	2.4	% 173,695	3.0	% 163,152	2.8	%
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	54,667	0.9	% 62,555	1.1	% 54,805	0.9	% 62,964	1.1	%
Energy Equipment & Services	259,065	4.3	% 192,318	3.2	% 257,371	4.4	% 170,574	3.0	%
Entertainment	46,822	0.8	% 46,941	0.8	% —	—	% —	—	%
Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	510,063	8.4	% 839,637	14.1	% 499,858	8.6	% 811,915	14.2	%
Food Products	9,888	0.2	% 9,888	0.2	% 9,884	0.2	% 9,886	0.2	%
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	42,845	0.7	% 42,845	0.7	% 43,279	0.7	% 43,279	0.8	%
Health Care Providers & Services	441,972	7.3	% 423,853	7.1	% 421,198	7.2	% 404,130	7.1	%
Hotels & Personal Products	—	—	% —	—	% 24,938	0.4	% 24,938	0.4	%
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	37,108	0.6	% 37,108	0.6	% 37,295	0.6	% 37,295	0.6	%
Household Products	24,875	0.4	% 24,875	0.4	% —	—	% —	—	%
Household Durables	39,486	0.7	% 37,653	0.6	% 42,539	0.7	% 41,623	0.7	%
Insurance	2,987	—	% 2,987	0.1	% 2,986	0.1	% 2,986	0.1	%
Interactive Media & Services	48,718	0.8	% 48,718	0.8	% —	—	% —	—	%
Internet & Direct Marketing Retail	—	—	% —	—	% 39,813	0.7	% 39,813	0.7	%
Internet Software & Services	—	—	% —	—	% 229,717	4.0	% 229,791	4.0	%
IT Services	294,918	4.9	% 295,294	5.0	% 182,183	3.1	% 182,578	3.2	%
Leisure Products	43,463	0.7	% 43,552	0.7	% 45,531	0.8	% 45,626	0.8	%
Machinery	35,488	0.6	% 24,782	0.4	% 35,488	0.6	% 31,886	0.6	%
Media	158,762	2.6	% 157,653	2.7	% 143,063	2.5	% 140,365	2.4	%
Online Lending	318,909	5.2	% 232,326	4.0	% 327,159	5.6	% 243,078	4.2	%
Paper & Forest Products	11,337	0.2	% 11,337	0.2	% 11,328	0.2	% 11,226	0.2	%
Personal Products	228,325	3.8	% 164,158	2.8	% 228,575	3.9	% 165,020	2.9	%
Pharmaceuticals	11,882	0.2	% 12,000	0.2	% 11,882	0.2	% 12,000	0.2	%
Professional Services	161,174	2.7	% 165,608	2.8	% 74,272	1.3	% 76,991	1.3	%
Real Estate Management & Development	41,580	0.7	% 41,580	0.7	% 41,860	0.7	% 41,860	0.7	%
Software	69,462	1.2	% 70,259	1.2	% 66,435	1.1	% 67,265	1.2	%
Technology Hardware, Storage & Peripherals	12,388	0.2	% 12,500	0.2	% 12,384	0.2	% 12,500	0.2	%
	319,074	5.3	% 329,288	5.5	% 46,429	0.8	% 60,220	1.1	%

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Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods										
Tobacco	14,399	0.2	% 14,399	0.2	% 14,392	0.3	% 14,392	0.3	%	
Trading Companies & Distributors	63,700	1.1	% 45,129	0.8	% 63,863	1.1	% 56,199	1.0	%	
Transportation Infrastructure	27,515	0.5	% 28,104	0.5	% 27,494	0.5	% 28,104	0.5	%	
Subtotal	\$4,907,507	81.3	% \$4,971,360	83.7	% \$4,728,531	81.1	% \$4,767,085	83.2	%	
Structured Finance(1)	\$1,132,307	18.7	% \$965,323	16.3	% \$1,102,927	18.9	% \$960,194	16.8	%	
Total Investments	\$6,039,814	100.0	% \$5,936,683	100.0	% \$5,831,458	100.0	% \$5,727,279	100.0	%	

(1) Our CLO investments do not have industry concentrations and as such have been separated in the table above.

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Portfolio Investment Activity

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we acquired \$44,927 of new investments, completed follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies totaling approximately \$200,390, and recorded PIK interest of \$9,325, resulting in gross investment originations of \$254,642. The more significant of these transactions are briefly described below.

During the period from July 13, 2018 to July 16, 2018, we made follow-on first lien term loan investments of \$105,000 in Town & Country Holdings, Inc., to support acquisitions. The first lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 10.00% or LIBOR plus 8.50% and has a final maturity of January 26, 2023.

On August 1, 2018, we purchased from a third party \$14,000 of First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan A/B issued by InterDent, Inc. at par. On September 19, 2018, we made a \$5,000 Senior Secured Term Loan D follow-on investment. The First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan A/B bears interest at the greater of 1.00% or LIBOR plus 0.25% and has a final maturity of September 5, 2020. The Senior Secured Term Loan D bears interest at 1.00% PIK interest and has a final maturity of September 5, 2020.

On August 6, 2018, we made a \$17,500 senior secured investment in Halyard MD OPCO, LLC, a healthcare IT and advertising technology business that enables targeted advertising campaigns to healthcare providers and patients. Our investment is comprised of a \$12,000 first lien term loan, a \$2,000 unfunded revolving credit facility, and a \$3,500 unfunded delayed draw investment. The first lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 10.00% or LIBOR plus 8.00% and has a final maturity of August 6, 2023. The unfunded revolving credit facility and delayed draw bear interest at the greater of 10.00% or LIBOR plus 8.00% and has a final maturity of August 6, 2019.

During the period from July 19, 2018 through September 20, 2018, we provided \$10,206 of equity financing to NPRC, which was used to acquire additional real estate properties.

During the period from August 3, 2018 to September 6, 2018, we made follow-on second lien term loan investments of \$10,000 in Janus International Group, LLC. The senior lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 8.75% or LIBOR plus 7.75% and has a final maturity of February 12, 2026.

During the period from August 14, 2018 to September 24, 2018, we made follow-on second lien term loan investments of \$13,000 in K&N Parent, Inc. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 9.75% or LIBOR plus 8.75% and has a final maturity of October 21, 2024.

On September 14, 2018, we made a \$10,100 Senior Secured Term Loan A and a \$10,100 Senior Secured Term Loan B debt investment in Centerfield Media Holding Company, a provider of customer acquisition and conversion services, to fund an acquisition. The Senior Secured Term Loan A bears interest at the greater of 9.00% or LIBOR plus 7.00% and has a final maturity of January 17, 2022. The Senior Secured Term Loan B bears interest at the greater of 14.50% or LIBOR plus 12.50% and has a final maturity of January 17, 2022.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we received full repayments on two investments and received several partial prepayments and amortization payments totaling \$55,166, which resulted in net realized gains totaling \$1,041. The more significant of these transactions are briefly described below.

On September 7, 2018, CURO Financial Technologies Corp. fully repaid the \$10,896 Senior Secured Note receivable to us.

The following table provides a summary of our investment activity for each quarter within the three years ending September 30, 2018:

Quarter Ended	Acquisitions(1)	Dispositions(2)
September 30, 2016	347,150	114,331
December 31, 2016	469,537	644,995
March 31, 2017	449,607	302,513
June 30, 2017	223,176	352,043
September 30, 2017	222,151	310,894
December 31, 2017	738,737	1,041,126
March 31, 2018	429,928	116,978
June 30, 2018	339,841	362,287
September 30, 2018	254,642	55,166

(1) Includes investments in new portfolio companies, follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies, refinancings and PIK interest.

(2) Includes sales, scheduled principal payments, prepayments and refinancings.

Investment Valuation

In determining the range of values for debt instruments, except CLOs and debt investments in controlling portfolio companies, management and the independent valuation firm estimated corporate and security credit ratings and identified corresponding yields to maturity for each loan from relevant market data. A discounted cash flow technique was then prepared using the appropriate yield to maturity as the discount rate, to determine a range of values. In determining the range of values for debt investments of controlled companies and equity investments, the enterprise value was determined by applying earnings before interest, income tax, depreciation and amortization (“EBITDA”) multiples, the discounted cash flow technique, net income and/or book value multiples for similar guideline public companies and/or similar recent investment transactions. For stressed debt and equity investments, a liquidation analysis was prepared.

In determining the range of values for our investments in CLOs, the independent valuation firm uses a discounted multi-path cash flow model. The valuations were accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view as well as to determine an appropriate call date (i.e., expected maturity). These risk factors are sensitized in the multi-path cash flow model using Monte Carlo simulations, which is a simulation used to model the probability of different outcomes, to generate probability-weighted (i.e., multi-path) cash flows for the underlying assets and liabilities. These cash flows are discounted using appropriate market discount rates, and relevant data in the CLO market and certain benchmark credit indices are considered, to determine the value of each CLO investment. In addition, we generate a single-path cash flow utilizing our best estimate of expected cash receipts, and assess the reasonableness of the implied discount rate that would be effective for the value derived from the corresponding multi-path cash flow model.

With respect to our online consumer and SME lending initiative, we invest primarily in marketplace loans through marketplace lending platforms. We do not conduct loan origination activities ourselves. Therefore, our ability to purchase consumer and SME loans, and our ability to grow our portfolio of consumer and SME loans, are directly influenced by the business performance and competitiveness of the marketplace loan origination business of the marketplace lending platforms from which we purchase consumer and SME loans. In addition, our ability to analyze the risk-return profile of consumer and SME loans is significantly dependent on the marketplace platforms’ ability to effectively evaluate a borrower's credit profile and likelihood of default. If we are unable to effectively evaluate borrowers' credit profiles or the credit decisioning and scoring models implemented by each platform, we may incur unanticipated losses which could adversely impact our operating results.

The Board of Directors looked at several factors in determining where within the range to value the asset including: recent operating and financial trends for the asset, independent ratings obtained from third parties, comparable multiples for recent sales of companies within the industry and discounted cash flow models for our investments in CLOs. The composite of all these various valuation techniques, applied to each investment, was a total valuation of \$5,936,683.

Our portfolio companies are generally lower middle market companies, outside of the financial sector, with less than \$100,000 of annual EBITDA. We believe our investment portfolio has experienced less volatility than others because we believe there are more buy and hold investors who own these less liquid investments.

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Control investments offer increased risk and reward over straight debt investments. Operating results and changes in market multiples can result in dramatic changes in values from quarter to quarter. Significant downturns in operations can further result in our looking to recoveries on sales of assets rather than the enterprise value of the investment. Equity positions in our portfolio are susceptible to potentially significant changes in value, both increases as well as decreases, due to changes in operating results and market multiples. Several of our controlled companies discussed below experienced such changes and we recorded corresponding fluctuations in valuations during the three months ended September 30, 2018.

CP Energy Services Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of CP Holdings, a Consolidated Holding Company. CP Holdings owns 99.8% of the equity of CP Energy, and the remaining equity is owned by CP Energy management. CP Energy provides oilfield flowback services and fluid hauling and disposal services through its subsidiaries.

The fair value of our investment in CP Energy increased to \$142,640 as of September 30, 2018, reflecting a discount of \$36,836 to its amortized cost, compared to a discount of \$56,215 to its amortized cost as of June 30, 2018. The increase in fair value was driven by an improvement in operating performance driven by revenue growth and increased profitability.

Credit Central Loan Company, LLC

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC (“Credit Central Delaware”), a Consolidated Holding Company. Credit Central Delaware owns 98.26% of Credit Central Loan Company, LLC (f/k/a Credit Central Holdings, LLC (“Credit Central”)) as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, with entities owned by Credit Central management owning the remaining 1.74% of the equity. Credit Central is a branch-based provider of installment loans.

The fair value of our investment in Credit Central decreased to \$70,588, representing a premium of 14% to its amortized cost basis, as of September 30, 2018, from \$76,677, representing a premium of 25% to its amortized cost basis, as of June 30, 2018. The decrease in fair value was driven by a decline in comparable public company trading multiples and in Credit Central’s financial performance.

National Property REIT Corp.

NPRC is a Maryland corporation and a qualified REIT for federal income tax purposes. NPRC is held for purposes of investing, operating, financing, leasing, managing and selling a portfolio of real estate assets and engages in any and all other activities that may be necessary, incidental, or convenient to perform the foregoing. NPRC acquires real estate assets, including, but not limited to, industrial, commercial, and multi-family properties. NPRC may acquire real estate assets directly or through joint ventures by making a majority equity investment in a property-owning entity. Additionally, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, NPRC invests in online consumer loans. Effective May 23, 2016, APRC and UPRC merged with and into NPRC, to consolidate all of our real estate holdings, with NPRC as the surviving entity. As of September 30, 2018, we own 100% of the fully-diluted common equity of NPRC.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we provided \$10,206 of equity financing to NPRC to fund capital expenditures for existing properties. In addition, we received partial repayments of \$8,221 of our loans previously outstanding with NPRC and its wholly owned subsidiary.

The online consumer loan investments held by certain of NPRC’s wholly-owned subsidiaries are unsecured obligations of individual borrowers that are issued in amounts ranging from \$1 to \$50, with fixed terms ranging from 24 to 84 months. As of September 30, 2018, the outstanding investment in online consumer loans by certain of NPRC’s wholly-owned subsidiaries was comprised of 52,559 individual loans and residual interest in four securitizations, and had an aggregate fair value of \$308,267. The average outstanding individual loan balance is approximately \$5 and the loans mature on dates ranging from October 1, 2018 to April 19, 2025 with a weighted-average outstanding term of 26 months as of September 30, 2018. Fixed interest rates range from 4.0% to 36.0% with a weighted-average current interest rate of 23.9%. As of September 30, 2018, our investment in NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries relating to online consumer lending had a fair value of \$232,326.

As of September 30, 2018, based on outstanding principal balance, 7.1% of the portfolio was invested in super prime loans (borrowers with a Fair Isaac Corporation (“FICO”) score, of 720 or greater), 19.9% of the portfolio in prime loans (borrowers with a FICO score of 660 to 719) and 73.0% of the portfolio in near prime loans (borrowers with a FICO score of 580 to 659).

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Loan Type	Outstanding Principal Balance	Fair Value	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate*
Super Prime	\$ 18,093	\$17,495	4.0% - 26.0%	12.5%
Prime	50,792	47,786	4.0% - 36.0%	17.1%
Near Prime	186,177	171,273	6.0% - 36.0%	26.9%

*Weighted by outstanding principal balance of the online consumer loans.

As of September 30, 2018, our investment in NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries had an amortized cost of \$828,972 and a fair value of \$1,071,963, including our investment in online consumer lending as discussed above. The fair value of \$839,637 related to NPRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of forty-five multi-families properties, twelve self-storage units, eight student housing properties and three commercial properties. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by NPRC as of September 30, 2018.

No.	Property Name	City	Acquisition Date	Purchase Price	Mortgage Outstanding
1	Filet of Chicken	Forest Park, GA	10/24/2012	\$ 7,400	\$ —
2	5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC	Tampa, FL	1/17/2013	63,400	46,292
3	Lofton Place, LLC	Tampa, FL	4/30/2013	26,000	20,216
4	Arlington Park Marietta, LLC	Marietta, GA	5/8/2013	14,850	9,624
5	NPRC Carroll Resort, LLC	Pembroke Pines, FL	6/24/2013	225,000	175,108
6	Cordova Regency, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	13,750	11,375
7	Crestview at Oakleigh, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	17,500	13,845
8	Inverness Lakes, LLC	Mobile, AL	11/15/2013	29,600	24,700
9	Kings Mill Pensacola, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	20,750	17,550
10	Plantations at Pine Lake, LLC	Tallahassee, FL	11/15/2013	18,000	14,092
11	Verandas at Rocky Ridge, LLC	Birmingham, AL	11/15/2013	15,600	10,205
12	City West Apartments II, LLC	Orlando, FL	11/19/2013	23,562	22,997
13	Vinings Corner II, LLC	Smyrna, GA	11/19/2013	35,691	32,525
14	Atlanta Eastwood Village LLC	Stockbridge, GA	12/12/2013	25,957	22,455
15	Atlanta Monterey Village LLC	Jonesboro, GA	12/12/2013	11,501	10,925
16	Atlanta Hidden Creek LLC	Morrow, GA	12/12/2013	5,098	4,677
17	Atlanta Meadow Springs LLC	College Park, GA	12/12/2013	13,116	12,862
18	Atlanta Meadow View LLC	College Park, GA	12/12/2013	14,354	12,916
19	Atlanta Peachtree Landing LLC	Fairburn, GA	12/12/2013	17,224	15,300
20	NPH Carroll Bartram Park, LLC	Jacksonville, FL	12/31/2013	38,000	27,035
21	Crestview at Cordova, LLC	Pensacola, FL	1/17/2014	8,500	7,755
22	NPH Carroll Atlantic Beach, LLC	Atlantic Beach, FL	1/31/2014	13,025	8,401
23	Taco Bell, OK	Yukon, OK	6/4/2014	1,719	—
24	Taco Bell, MO	Marshall, MO	6/4/2014	1,405	—
25	23 Mile Road Self Storage, LLC	Chesterfield, MI	8/19/2014	5,804	4,350
26	36th Street Self Storage, LLC	Wyoming, MI	8/19/2014	4,800	3,600
27	Ball Avenue Self Storage, LLC	Grand Rapids, MI	8/19/2014	7,281	5,460
28	Ford Road Self Storage, LLC	Westland, MI	8/29/2014	4,642	3,480
29	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Ann Arbor, MI	8/29/2014	4,458	3,345
30	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Ann Arbor, MI	8/29/2014	8,927	6,695
31	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Kalamazoo, MI	8/29/2014	2,363	1,775
32	Canterbury Green Apartments Holdings LLC	Fort Wayne, IN	9/29/2014	85,500	86,635
33	Abbie Lakes OH Partners, LLC	Canal Winchester, OH	9/30/2014	12,600	14,236
34	Kengary Way OH Partners, LLC	Reynoldsburg, OH	9/30/2014	11,500	15,942

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35	Lakeview Trail OH Partners, LLC	Canal Winchester, OH	9/30/2014	26,500	28,986
36	Lakepoint OH Partners, LLC	Pickerington, OH	9/30/2014	11,000	14,480
37	Sunbury OH Partners, LLC	Columbus, OH	9/30/2014	13,000	15,363
38	Heatherbridge OH Partners, LLC	Blacklick, OH	9/30/2014	18,416	18,328

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No.	Property Name	City	Acquisition Date	Purchase Price	Mortgage Outstanding
39	Jefferson Chase OH Partners, LLC	Blacklick, OH	9/30/2014	\$13,551	\$19,500
40	Goldenstrand OH Partners, LLC	Hilliard, OH	10/29/2014	7,810	11,900
41	Jolly Road Self Storage, LLC	Okemos, MI	1/16/2015	7,492	5,620
42	Eaton Rapids Road Self Storage, LLC	Lansing West, MI	1/16/2015	1,741	1,305
43	Haggerty Road Self Storage, LLC	Novi, MI	1/16/2015	6,700	5,025
44	Waldon Road Self Storage, LLC	Lake Orion, MI	1/16/2015	6,965	5,225
45	Tyler Road Self Storage, LLC	Ypsilanti, MI	1/16/2015	3,507	2,630
46	SSIL I, LLC	Aurora, IL	11/5/2015	34,500	26,450
47	Vesper Tuscaloosa, LLC	Tuscaloosa, AL	9/28/2016	54,500	43,115
48	Vesper Iowa City, LLC	Iowa City, IA	9/28/2016	32,750	24,825
49	Vesper Corpus Christi, LLC	Corpus Christi, TX	9/28/2016	14,250	10,800
50	Vesper Campus Quarters, LLC	Corpus Christi, TX	9/28/2016	18,350	14,175
51	Vesper College Station, LLC	College Station, TX	9/28/2016	41,500	32,057
52	Vesper Kennesaw, LLC	Kennesaw, GA	9/28/2016	57,900	48,658
53	Vesper Statesboro, LLC	Statesboro, GA	9/28/2016	7,500	6,087
54	Vesper Manhattan KS, LLC	Manhattan, KS	9/28/2016	23,250	15,371
55	JSIP Union Place, LLC	Franklin, MA	12/7/2016	64,750	51,800
56	9220 Old Lantern Way, LLC	Laurel, MD	1/30/2017	187,250	153,580
57	7915 Baymeadows Circle Owner, LLC	Jacksonville, FL	10/31/2017	95,700	76,560
58	8025 Baymeadows Circle Owner, LLC	Jacksonville, FL	10/31/2017	15,300	12,240
59	23275 Riverside Drive Owner, LLC	Southfield, MI	11/8/2017	52,000	44,044
60	23741 Pond Road Owner, LLC	Southfield, MI	11/8/2017	16,500	14,185
61	150 Steeplechase Way Owner, LLC	Largo, MD	1/10/2018	44,500	36,668
62	Laurel Pointe Holdings, LLC	Forest Park, GA	5/9/2018	33,005	26,400
63	Bradford Ridge Holdings, LLC	Forest Park, GA	5/9/2018	12,500	10,000
64	Olentangy Commons Owner LLC	Columbus, OH	6/1/2018	113,000	92,876
65	Villages of Wildwood Holdings LLC	Fairfield, OH	7/20/2018	46,500	39,525
66	Falling Creek Holdings LLC	Richmond, VA	8/8/2018	25,000	19,335
67	Crown Pointe Passthrough LLC	Danbury, CT	8/30/2018	108,500	89,400
68	Ashwood Ridge Holdings LLC	Jonesboro, GA	9/21/2018	9,600	7,300
				\$2,034,164	\$1,690,186

The fair value of our investment increased in NPRC to \$1,071,963 as of September 30, 2018, a premium of \$242,991 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$227,989 premium recorded at June 30, 2018. This increase is primarily attributable to increases in property values, driven by an increase in net operating income and a decline in capitalization rates.

R-V Industries, Inc.

Prospect owns 88.27% of the fully-diluted equity of R-V Industries, Inc. ("R-V"), with R-V management owning the remaining 11.73% of the equity. R-V is an industrial engineering and metal fabrication company specializing in designing, building, and installing industrial process equipment for customers throughout the U.S. and worldwide. The fair value of our investment in R-V decreased to \$24,782, representing a discount of 30% to its amortized cost basis, as of September 30, 2018, from \$31,887, representing a premium of 10% to its amortized cost basis, as of June 30, 2018. The decrease in fair value was driven by a decline in operating performance.

Valley Electric Company, Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the common stock of Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc. ("Valley Holdings I"), a Consolidated Holding Company. Valley Holdings I owns 100% of Valley Electric Holdings II, Inc. ("Valley Holdings II"), a Consolidated Holding

Company. Valley Holdings II owns 94.99% of Valley Electric Company, Inc. (“Valley Electric”), with Valley Electric management owning the remaining 5.01% of the equity. Valley Electric owns 100% of the equity of VE Company, Inc., which owns 100% of the equity of Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. (“Valley”), a leading provider of specialty electrical services in the state of Washington and among the top electrical contractors in the United States. Due to increased demand for specialty electrical services

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and higher project margins, the fair value of our investment in Valley Electric increased to \$81,943 as of September 30, 2018, a premium of \$12,428 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$13,618 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2018.

Our controlled investments, other than those discussed above, are valued at \$60,672 below cost and did not experience significant changes in operating performance or value. Overall, combined with those portfolio companies discussed above, our controlled investments at September 30, 2018 are valued at \$155,717 above their amortized cost.

We hold four affiliate investments at September 30, 2018, which are valued at \$79,242 below their amortized cost. This discount is primarily driven by our affiliate investment in USC, which is valued at a discount to amortized cost of \$76,421.

With the non-control/non-affiliate investments, generally, there is less volatility related to our total investments because our equity positions tend to be smaller than with our control/affiliate investments, and debt investments are generally not as susceptible to large swings in value as equity investments. For debt investments, the fair value is generally limited on the high side to each loan's par value, plus any prepayment premium that could be imposed. However, as of September 30, 2018, one of our non-control/ non-affiliate investments, Universal Turbine Parts, LLC ("UTP") is valued at discount to amortized cost of \$18,571. As of September 30, 2018, our CLO investment portfolio is valued at a \$166,984 discount to amortized cost. Excluding UTP and the CLO investment portfolio, non-control/non-affiliate investments at September 30, 2018 are valued at \$5,949 above their amortized cost and did not experience significant changes in operating performance or value.

Capitalization

Our investment activities are capital intensive and the availability and cost of capital is a critical component of our business. We capitalize our business with a combination of debt and equity. Our debt as of September 30, 2018 consists of: a Revolving Credit Facility availing us of the ability to borrow debt subject to borrowing base determinations; Convertible Notes which we issued in December 2012, April 2014 and April 2017 (with a follow-on issuance in May 2018); Public Notes which we issued in March 2013, December 2015 (and from time to time through our 2024 Notes Follow-on Program), June 2018 (and from time to time through our 2028 Notes Follow-on Program), and September 2018; and Prospect Capital InterNotes® which we issue from time to time. Our equity capital is comprised entirely of common equity.

The following table shows our outstanding debt as of September 30, 2018:

	Principal Outstanding	Unamortized Debt Discount & Issuance Costs	Net Carrying Value	Fair Value (1)	Effective Interest Rate	
Revolving Credit Facility(2)	\$ 404,000	\$ 8,202	\$ 404,000	(3)\$ 404,000	1ML+2.20%	(6)
2019 Notes	101,647	183	101,464	102,282	(4)6.51	% (7)
2020 Notes	392,000	3,705	388,295	395,579	(4)5.38	% (7)
2022 Notes	328,500	8,121	320,379	325,458	(4)5.71	% (7)
Convertible Notes	822,147	12,009	810,138	823,319		
2023 Notes	320,000	3,874	316,126	325,837	(4)6.09	% (7)
2024 Notes	214,847	4,898	209,949	215,105	(4)6.76	% (7)
2028 Notes	65,078	2,132	62,946	64,454	(4)6.74	% (7)
6.375% 2024 Notes	100,000	1,315	98,685	99,460	(4)6.63	% (7)
Public Notes	699,925	12,219	687,706	704,856		
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	768,887	11,875	757,012	790,235	(5)5.81	% (8)
Total	\$ 2,694,959	\$ 44,305	\$ 2,658,856	\$ 2,722,410		

As permitted by ASC 825-10-25, we have not elected to value our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, (1)Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® at fair value. The fair value of these debt obligations are categorized as Level 2 under ASC 820 as of September 30, 2018.

(2)The maximum draw amount of the Revolving Credit facility as of September 30, 2018 is \$795,000.

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(3) Net Carrying Value excludes deferred financing costs associated with the Revolving Credit Facility. See Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates for accounting policy details.

(4) We use available market quotes to estimate the fair value of the Convertible Notes and Public Notes.

(5) The fair value of Prospect Capital InterNotes® is estimated by discounting remaining payments using current Treasury rates plus spread based on observable market inputs.

(6) Represents the rate on drawn down and outstanding balances. Deferred debt issuance costs are amortized on a straight-line method over the stated life of the obligation.

The effective interest rate is equal to the effect of the stated interest, the accretion of original issue discount and (7) amortization of debt issuance costs. For the 2024 Notes and the 2028 Notes, the rate presented is a combined effective interest rate of their respective original Note issuances and Note Follow-on Programs..

For the Prospect Capital InterNotes®, the rate presented is the weighted average effective interest rate. Interest (8) expense and deferred debt issuance costs, which are amortized on a straight-line method over the stated life of the obligation which approximates level yield, are weighted against the average year-to-date principal balance.

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of September 30, 2018:

	Payments Due by Period				
	Total	Less than 1 Year	1 – 3 Years	3 – 5 Years	After 5 Years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$404,000	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$404,000
Convertible Notes	822,147	101,647	392,000	328,500	—
Public Notes	699,925	—	—	320,000	379,925
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	768,887	—	285,650	226,047	257,190
Total Contractual Obligations	\$2,694,959	\$101,647	\$677,650	\$874,547	\$1,041,115

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of June 30, 2018:

	Payments Due by Period				
	Total	Less than 1 Year	1 – 3 Years	3 – 5 Years	After 5 Years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$37,000	\$—	\$37,000	\$—	\$—
Convertible Notes	822,147	101,647	392,000	328,500	—
Public Notes	727,817	—	153,536	320,000	254,281
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	760,924	—	276,484	246,525	237,915
Total Contractual Obligations	\$2,347,888	\$101,647	\$859,020	\$895,025	\$492,196

Historically, we have funded a portion of our cash needs through borrowings from banks, issuances of senior securities, including secured, unsecured and convertible debt securities, or issuances of common equity. For flexibility, we maintain a universal shelf registration statement that allows for the public offering and sale of our debt securities, common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights, and warrants and units to purchase such securities in an amount up to \$5,000,000 less issuances to date. As of September 30, 2018, we can issue up to \$4,221,013 of additional debt and equity securities in the public market under this shelf registration. We may from time to time issue securities pursuant to the shelf registration statement or otherwise pursuant to private offerings. The issuance of debt or equity securities will depend on future market conditions, funding needs and other factors and there can be no assurance that any such issuance will occur or be successful.

Each of our Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® (collectively, our “Unsecured Notes”) are our general, unsecured obligations and rank equal in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsecured indebtedness and will be senior in right of payment to any of our subordinated indebtedness that may be issued in the future. The Unsecured Notes are effectively subordinated to our existing secured indebtedness, such as our credit facility, and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of any of our subsidiaries.

Revolving Credit Facility

On August 29, 2014, we renegotiated our previous credit facility and closed an expanded five and a half year revolving credit facility (the “2014 Facility”). The lenders had extended commitments of \$885,000 under the 2014 Facility as of September 30, 2018. The 2014 Facility included an accordion feature which allowed commitments to be increased up to \$1,500,000 in the aggregate. Interest on borrowings under the 2014 Facility is one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points. Additionally, the lenders charged a fee on the unused portion of the 2014 Facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least 35% of the credit facility was drawn or 100 basis points otherwise.

On August 1, 2018, we renegotiated the 2014 Facility and closed an expanded five and a half year revolving credit facility (the “2018 Facility” and collectively with the 2014 Facility, the “Revolving Credit Facility”). The lenders have extended commitments of \$795,000 under the 2018 Facility as of September 30, 2018. The 2018 Facility includes an accordion feature which allows commitments to be increased up to \$1,500,000 in the aggregate. The 2018 Facility matures on March 27, 2024. It includes a revolving period that extends through March 27, 2022, followed by an additional two-year amortization period, with distributions allowed to Prospect after the completion of the revolving period. During such two-year amortization period, all principal payments on the pledged assets will be applied to reduce the balance. At the end of the two-year amortization period, the remaining balance will become due, if required by the lenders.

The 2018 Facility contains restrictions pertaining to the geographic and industry concentrations of funded loans, maximum size of funded loans, interest rate payment frequency of funded loans, maturity dates of funded loans and minimum equity requirements. The 2018 Facility also contains certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, including required minimum portfolio yield and limitations on delinquencies and charge-offs, violation of which could result in the early termination of the 2018 Facility. The 2018 Facility also requires the maintenance of a minimum liquidity requirement. As of September 30, 2018, we were in compliance with the applicable covenants.

Interest on borrowings under the 2018 Facility is one-month LIBOR plus 220 basis points. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the credit facility equal to either 50 basis points if more than 60% of the credit facility is drawn, or 100 basis points if more than 35% and an amount less than or equal to 60% of the credit facility is drawn, or 150 basis points if an amount less than or equal to 35% of the credit facility is drawn. The 2018 Facility requires us to pledge assets as collateral in order to borrow under the credit facility.

As of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, we had \$336,167 and \$547,205, respectively, available to us for borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility, with \$404,000 and \$37,000 outstanding as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively. As additional eligible investments are transferred to PCF and pledged under the Revolving Credit Facility, PCF will generate additional availability up to the current commitment amount of \$795,000. As of September 30, 2018, the investments, including cash, used as collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility had an aggregate fair value of \$1,513,897, which represents 25.0% of our total investments, including cash. These assets are held and owned by PCF, a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, and as such, these investments are not available to our general creditors. The release of any assets from PCF requires the approval of the facility agent.

In connection with the origination and amendments of the Revolving Credit Facility, we incurred \$8,431 of new fees and \$1,473 were carried over for continuing participants from the previous facility, all of which are being amortized over the term of the facility in accordance with ASC 470-50. As of September 30, 2018, \$8,202 remains to be amortized and is reflected as deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. As of September 30, 2018, \$325 of fees were expensed relating to credit providers in the 2014 Facility who did not commit to the 2018 Facility.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we recorded \$4,365 and \$2,954, respectively, of interest costs, unused fees and amortization of financing costs on the Revolving Credit Facility as interest expense.

Convertible Notes

On April 16, 2012, we issued \$130,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that matured on October 15, 2017 (the “2017 Notes”). The 2017 Notes bore interest at a rate of 5.375% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning October 15, 2012. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2017 Notes, net of

underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$126,035. On March 28, 2016, we repurchased \$500 aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes at a price of 98.25, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a \$9 gain for the period ended March 31, 2016. On April 6, 2017, we repurchased \$78,766 aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes at a price of 102.0, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a \$1,786 loss during the three months ended June 30, 2017. On October 15, 2017, we repaid the outstanding principal amount of \$50,734 of the 2017 Notes, plus interest. No gain or loss was realized on the transaction.

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On August 14, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that matured on March 15, 2018 (the “2018 Notes”). The 2018 Notes bore interest at a rate of 5.75% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2018 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600. On April 6, 2017, we repurchased \$114,581 aggregate principal amount of the 2018 Notes at a price of 103.5, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a \$4,700 loss during the three months ended June 30, 2017. On March 15, 2018, we repaid the outstanding principal amount of \$85,419 of the 2018 Notes, plus interest. No gain or loss was realized on the transaction.

On December 21, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on January 15, 2019 (the “2019 Notes”), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600. On May 30, 2018, we repurchased \$98,353 aggregate principal amount of the 2019 Notes at a price of 102.0, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a \$2,383 loss during the three months ended June 30, 2018. As of September 30, 2018, the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the 2019 Notes is \$101,647.

On April 11, 2014, we issued \$400,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on April 15, 2020 (the “2020 Notes”), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2020 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.75% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 each year, beginning October 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2020 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$387,500. On January 30, 2015, we repurchased \$8,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes at a price of 93.0, including commissions. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a gain of \$332, in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. As of September 30, 2018, the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes is \$392,000.

On April 11, 2017, we issued \$225,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on July 15, 2022 (the “Original 2022 Notes”), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The Original 2022 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.95% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 each year, beginning July 15, 2017. Total proceeds from the issuance of the Original 2022 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$218,010. On May 18, 2018, we issued an additional \$103,500 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on July 15, 2022 (the “Additional 2022 Notes”, and together with the Original 2022 Notes, the “2022 Notes”), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The Additional 2022 Notes were a further issuance of, and are fully fungible and rank equally in right of payment with, the Original 2022 Notes and bear interest at a rate of 4.95% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 each year, beginning July 15, 2018. Total proceeds from the issuance of the Additional 2022 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$100,749. Following the issuance of the Additional 2022 Notes and as of September 30 2018, the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Notes is \$328,500.

Certain key terms related to the convertible features for the 2019 Notes, the 2020 Notes and the 2022 Notes (collectively, the “Convertible Notes”) are listed below.

	2019 Notes	2020 Notes	2022 Notes
Initial conversion rate(1)	79.7766	80.6647	100.2305
Initial conversion price	\$12.54	\$12.40	\$9.98
Conversion rate at September 30, 2018(1)(2)	79.8360	80.6670	100.2305
Conversion price at September 30, 2018(2)(3)	\$12.53	\$12.40	\$9.98
Last conversion price calculation date	12/21/2017	4/11/2018	4/11/2018
Dividend threshold amount (per share)(4)	\$0.110025	\$0.110525	\$0.083330

(1) Conversion rates denominated in shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the Convertible Notes converted.

(2)

Represents conversion rate and conversion price, as applicable, taking into account certain de minimis adjustments that will be made on the conversion date.

(3) The conversion price will increase only if the current monthly dividends (per share) exceed the dividend threshold amount (per share).

The conversion rate is increased if monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend (4) threshold amount, subject to adjustment. Current dividend rates are at or below the minimum dividend threshold amount for further conversion rate adjustments for all bonds.

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Upon conversion, unless a holder converts after a record date for an interest payment but prior to the corresponding interest payment date, the holder will receive a separate cash payment with respect to the notes surrendered for conversion representing accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the conversion date. Any such payment will be made on the settlement date applicable to the relevant conversion on the Convertible Notes.

No holder of Convertible Notes will be entitled to receive shares of our common stock upon conversion to the extent (but only to the extent) that such receipt would cause such converting holder to become, directly or indirectly, a beneficial owner (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) of more than 5.0% of the shares of our common stock outstanding at such time. The 5.0% limitation shall no longer apply following the effective date of any fundamental change. We will not issue any shares in connection with the conversion or redemption of the Convertible Notes which would equal or exceed 20% of the shares outstanding at the time of the transaction in accordance with NASDAQ rules.

Subject to certain exceptions, holders may require us to repurchase, for cash, all or part of their Convertible Notes upon a fundamental change at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes being repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date. In addition, upon a fundamental change that constitutes a non-stock change of control we will also pay holders an amount in cash equal to the present value of all remaining interest payments (without duplication of the foregoing amounts) on such Convertible Notes through and including the maturity date.

In connection with the issuance of the Convertible Notes, we incurred \$27,323 of fees which are being amortized over the terms of the notes, of which \$12,009 remains to be amortized and is included as a reduction within Convertible Notes on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of September 30, 2018.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we recorded \$11,435 and \$13,656, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Convertible Notes as interest expense.

Public Notes

On March 15, 2013, we issued \$250,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on March 15, 2023 (the "Original 2023 Notes"). The Original 2023 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning September 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the Original 2023 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$243,641. On June 20, 2018, we issued an additional \$70,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on March 15, 2023 (the "Additional 2023 Notes", and together with the Original 2023 Notes, the "2023 Notes"). The Additional 2023 Notes were a further issuance of, and are fully fungible and rank equally in right of payment with, the Original 2023 Notes and bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning September 15, 2018. Total proceeds from the issuance of the Additional 2023 Notes, net of underwriting discounts, were \$69,403. As of September 30, 2018, the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Notes is \$320,000.

On April 7, 2014, we issued \$300,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on July 15, 2019 (the "5.00% 2019 Notes"). Included in the issuance is \$45,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® that were exchanged for the 5.00% 2019 Notes. The 5.00% 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.00% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 5.00% 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$295,998. On June 7, 2018, we commenced a tender offer to purchase for cash any and all of the \$300,000 aggregate principal amount outstanding of the 5.00% 2019 Notes. On June 20, 2018, \$146,464 aggregate principal amount of the 5.00% 2019 Notes, representing 48.8% of the previously outstanding 5.00% 2019 Notes, were validly tendered and accepted. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a loss of \$3,705 during the three months ended June 30, 2018. On September 26, 2018, we repurchased the remaining \$153,536 aggregate principal amount of the 5.00% 2019 Notes at a price of 101.645, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a loss of \$2,874 during the three months ended September 30, 2018.

On December 10, 2015, we issued \$160,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on June 15, 2024 (the “2024 Notes”). The 2024 Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.25% per year, payable quarterly on March 15, June 15, September 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2016. Total proceeds from the issuance of the Original 2024 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$155,043. On June 16, 2016, we entered into an at-the-market (“ATM”) program with FBR Capital Markets & Co. through which we could sell, by means of ATM offerings, from time to time, up to \$100,000 in aggregate principal amount of our existing 2024 Notes (“Initial 2024 Notes ATM”). Following the initial 2024 Notes ATM, the aggregate principal amount of the 2024 Notes issued was \$199,281 for net proceeds of \$193,253, after commissions and offering costs. On July 2, 2018, we entered into a second ATM program with B.Riley FBR, Inc. and BB&T Capital Markets, and on August 31, 2018 with Comerica Securities, Inc., through which we could sell, by means of ATM offerings, up to \$100,000 in aggregate principal amount of the 2024 Notes (“Second 2024 Notes ATM”, and together with the Initial 2024 Notes ATM, the “2024 Notes Follow-on Program”). The 2024 Notes are listed on the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) and trade thereon under the ticker “PBB.” During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we issued an additional \$15,566 aggregate principal amount under the second 2024 Notes ATM, for net proceeds of \$15,461, after commissions and offering costs. As of September 30, 2018, the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the 2024 Notes is \$214,847.

On June 7, 2018, we issued \$55,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on June 15, 2028 (the “2028 Notes”). The 2028 Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.25% per year, payable quarterly on March 15, June 15, September 15, and December 15 of each year, beginning September 15, 2018. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2028 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs were \$53,119. On July 2, 2018, we entered into an ATM program with B.Riley FBR, Inc. and BB&T Capital Markets, and on August 31, 2018 with Comerica Securities, Inc., through which we could sell, by means of ATM offerings, up to \$100,000 in aggregate principal amount of our existing 2028 Notes (“2028 Notes ATM” or “2028 Notes Follow-on Program”). The 2028 Notes are listed on the NYSE and trade thereon under the ticker “PBY.” During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we issued an additional \$10,078 aggregate principal amount under the 2028 Notes ATM, for net proceeds of \$9,963, after commissions and offering costs. As of September 30, 2018, the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the 2028 Notes is \$65,078.

On September 27, 2018, we issued \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on January 15, 2024 (the “6.375% 2024 Notes”). The 6.375% 2024 Notes settled on October 1, 2018. The 6.375% 2024 Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.375% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning January 15, 2019. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 6.375% 2024 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$98,985. Net proceeds are reflected in Due from Broker on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

The 2023 Notes, the 2024 Notes, the 2028 Notes, and the 6.375% 2024 Notes (collectively, the “Public Notes”) are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding. In connection with the issuance of the Public Notes we recorded a discount of \$3,337 and debt issuance costs of \$13,689, which are being amortized over the terms of the notes. As of September 30, 2018, \$2,093 of the original issue discount and \$10,126 of the debt issuance costs remain to be amortized and are included as a reduction within Public Notes on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we recorded \$11,363 and \$11,041, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Public Notes as interest expense.

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

On February 16, 2012, we entered into a selling agent agreement (the “Selling Agent Agreement”) with Incapital LLC, as purchasing agent for our issuance and sale from time to time of up to \$500,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (the “InterNotes® Offering”), which was increased to \$1,500,000 in May 2014. Additional agents may be appointed by us from time to time in connection with the InterNotes® Offering and become parties to the Selling Agent Agreement.

These notes are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding. Each series of notes will be issued by a separate trust. These notes bear interest at fixed interest rates and offer a variety of maturities no less than twelve months from the original date of issuance.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we issued \$39,757 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$39,093. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from

5.00% to 6.00% with a weighted average interest rate of 5.48%. These notes mature between July 15, 2023 and September 15, 2028.

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The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the three months ended September 30, 2018:

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Maturity Date Range
5	\$ 18,668	5.00	% 5.00	July 15, 2023 - September 15, 2023
7	7,172	5.50%–5.75%	5.73	% July 15, 2025 - September 15, 2025
8	385	5.75	% 5.75	% July 15, 2026
10	13,532	6.00	% 6.00	% July 15, 2028 - September 15, 2028
	\$ 39,757			

During the three months ended September 30, 2017, we issued \$27,402 aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$26,996. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00% with a weighted average interest rate of 4.57%.

The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the three months ended September 30, 2017:

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Maturity Date Range
5	\$ 17,059	4.00%–4.75%	4.42	% July 15, 2022 – September 15, 2022
7	2,825	4.75%–5.00%	4.93	% July 15, 2024
8	7,518	4.50%–5.00%	4.76	% August 15, 2025 – September 15, 2025
	\$ 27,402			

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we redeemed, prior to maturity, \$29,360 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par with a weighted average interest rate of 4.70% in order to replace shorter maturity debt with longer-term debt. During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we repaid \$2,434 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the three months ended September 30, 2018 was \$255.

The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of September 30, 2018:

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Maturity Date Range
5	\$245,127	4.00% – 5.50%	4.93	% July 15, 2020 - September 15, 2023
5.2	4,440	4.63	% 4.63	% August 15, 2020 - September 15, 2020
5.3	2,636	4.63	% 4.63	% September 15, 2020
5.5	69,570	4.25% – 4.75%	4.57	% May 15, 2020 - November 15, 2020
6	2,182	4.88	% 4.88	% April 15, 2021 - May 15, 2021
6.5	38,672	5.10% – 5.25%	5.23	% December 15, 2021 - May 15, 2022
7	143,604	4.00% – 5.75%	5.12	% January 15, 2020 - September 15, 2025
7.5	1,996	5.75	% 5.75	% February 15, 2021
8	24,820	4.50% – 5.75%	4.67	% August 15, 2025 - July 15, 2026
10	50,906	4.32% – 7.00%	6.11	% March 15, 2022 - September 15, 2028
12	2,978	6.00	% 6.00	% November 15, 2025 - December 15, 2025
15	17,163	5.25% – 6.00%	5.35	% May 15, 2028 - November 15, 2028

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18	20,199	4.13% – 6.25%	5.54	%	December 15, 2030 - August 15, 2031
20	4,060	5.75% – 6.00%	5.89	%	November 15, 2032 - October 15, 2033
25	32,834	6.25% – 6.50%	6.39	%	August 15, 2038 - May 15, 2039
30	107,700	5.50% – 6.75%	6.24	%	November 15, 2042 - October 15, 2043
	\$768,887				

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During the three months ended September 30, 2017, we redeemed, prior to maturity \$89,980 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par with a weighted average interest rate of 4.91% in order to replace debt with shorter maturity dates. During the three months ended September 30, 2017, we repaid \$1,884 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$445.

The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of June 30, 2018:

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Maturity Date Range
5	\$228,835	4.00% – 5.50%	4.92 %	July 15, 2020 - June 15, 2023
5.2	4,440	4.63	% 4.63 %	August 15, 2020 - September 15, 2020
5.3	2,636	4.63	% 4.63 %	September 15, 2020
5.5	86,097	4.25% – 4.75%	4.61 %	May 15, 2020 - November 15, 2020
6	2,182	4.88	% 4.88 %	April 15, 2021 - May 15, 2021
6.5	38,832	5.10% – 5.25%	5.23 %	December 15, 2021 - May 15, 2022
7	147,349	4.00% – 5.75%	5.05 %	January 15, 2020 - June 15, 2025
7.5	1,996	5.75%	5.75 %	February 15, 2021
8	24,720	4.50% – 5.25%	4.65 %	August 15, 2025 - May 15, 2026
10	37,424	5.34% – 7.00%	6.19 %	March 15, 2022 - December 15, 2025
12	2,978	6.00	% 6.00 %	November 15, 2025 - December 15, 2025
15	17,163	5.25% – 6.00%	5.35 %	May 15, 2028 - November 15, 2028
18	20,677	4.13% – 6.25%	5.55 %	December 15, 2030 - August 15, 2031
20	4,120	5.75% – 6.00%	5.89 %	November 15, 2032 - October 15, 2033
25	33,139	6.25% – 6.50%	6.39 %	August 15, 2038 - May 15, 2039
30	108,336	5.50% – 6.75%	6.24 %	November 15, 2042 - October 15, 2043
	\$760,924			

In connection with the issuance of Prospect Capital InterNotes®, we incurred \$24,904 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes, of which \$11,875 remains to be amortized and is included as a reduction within Prospect Capital InterNotes® on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of September 30, 2018. During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017 we recorded \$10,745 and \$13,384, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Prospect Capital InterNotes® as interest expense.

Net Asset Value

During the three months ended September 30, 2018 our net asset value increased by \$23,897, or \$0.04 per share. The increase was primarily attributable to net investment income exceeding dividends by \$0.05 per weighted average share for the three months ended September 30, 2018. The increase in net investment income per share resulted primarily from an increase in dividend income compared to the June 2018 quarter. The increase was partially offset by \$0.01 per share decline from reinvestment of our dividends on behalf of our stockholders at current market prices. The following table shows the calculation of net asset value per share as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018.

	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Net assets	\$3,430,944	\$3,407,047
Shares of common stock issued and outstanding	365,225,139	364,409,938
Net asset value per share	\$9.39	\$9.35
Results of Operations		

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017 was \$83,795, or \$0.23 per share, and \$11,973, or \$0.03 per share, respectively. The increase of \$71,822, or \$0.20 per share, is primarily due to net unrealized gains on investments of \$1,049 recognized for three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to a \$52,751

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net unrealized loss recognized for the three months ended September 30, 2017. For the three months ended September 30, 2017, the \$52,751 net change in unrealized losses was primarily the result of greater unrealized losses in our CLO portfolio and our investment in USC. Additionally, net investment income increased by \$21,427, or \$0.05 per share, for the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2017 due to an increase in interest income and dividend income of \$11,357, or \$0.03 per share, and \$14,383, or \$0.04 per share, respectively. This favorable variance was partially offset by a \$5,151, or \$0.01 per share, increase in advisory fees for the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2017.

While we seek to maximize gains and minimize losses, our investments in portfolio companies can expose our capital to risks greater than those we may anticipate. These companies typically do not issue securities rated investment grade, and have limited resources, limited operating history, and concentrated product lines or customers. These are generally private companies with limited operating information available and are likely to depend on a small core of management talents. Changes in any of these factors can have a significant impact on the value of the portfolio company.

Investment Income

We generate revenue in the form of interest income on the debt securities that we own, dividend income on any common or preferred stock that we own, and fees generated from the structuring of new deals. Our investments, if in the form of debt securities, will typically have a term of one to ten years and bear interest at a fixed or floating rate. To the extent achievable, we will seek to collateralize our investments by obtaining security interests in our portfolio companies' assets. We also may acquire minority or majority equity interests in our portfolio companies, which may pay cash or in-kind dividends on a recurring or otherwise negotiated basis. In addition, we may generate revenue in other forms including prepayment penalties and possibly consulting fees. Any such fees generated in connection with our investments are recognized as earned.

Investment income, which consists of interest income, including accretion of loan origination fees, prepayment penalty fees, dividend income and other income, including settlement of net profits interests, overriding royalty interests and structuring fees, was \$180,422 and \$158,579 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively. Investment income increased \$21,843, or \$0.05 per share from three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2018 primarily due to an increase in dividend income, an increase in cash-on-cash yields on our CLO investment portfolio due to a number of recent resets across the portfolio and the increase in LIBOR above our floors amongst our interest bearing investments.

The following table describes the various components of investment income and the related levels of debt investments:

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017
Interest income	\$ 159,442	\$ 148,085
Dividend income	14,927	544
Other income	6,053	9,950
Total investment income	\$ 180,422	\$ 158,579
Average debt principal of performing interest bearing investments ⁽¹⁾	\$5,516,765	\$5,421,375
Weighted average interest rate earned on performing interest bearing investments ⁽¹⁾	11.31	% 10.93
Average debt principal of all interest bearing investments ⁽²⁾	\$6,930,310	\$5,770,167
Weighted average interest rate earned on all interest bearing investments ⁽²⁾	10.52	% 10.27

⁽¹⁾ Excludes equity investments and non-accrual loans.

⁽²⁾ Excludes equity investments.

Average interest income producing assets increased from \$5,421,375 for the three months ended September 30, 2017 to \$5,516,765 for the three months ended September 30, 2018. The average interest earned on interest bearing performing assets increased from 10.93% for the three months ended September 30, 2017 to 11.31% for the three months ended September 30, 2018. The increase is primarily attributable to an increase in cash-on-cash yields on our CLO investment portfolio due to a number of recent resets across the portfolio. In addition, the increase in LIBOR above our floors amongst our interest bearing investments. See Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk for detailed disclosures with respect to the approximate annual impact on net investment income resulting from base rate changes in interest rate.

Investment income is also generated from dividends and other income which is less predictable than interest income. Dividend income increased from \$544 for the three months ended September 30, 2017 to \$14,927 for the three months ended September 30, 2018. The \$14,383 increase in dividend income is primarily attributable to a \$11,000 dividend received from our investment in NPRC, which was generated from taxable earnings and profits in connection with the gain on the sales of NPRC's St. Marin, Central Park, and Matthews Reserve properties. In addition, we received a \$3,500 dividend from our investment in Valley Electric. No such dividends were received from NPRC or Valley Electric for the three months ended September 30, 2017.

Other income is comprised of structuring fees, advisory fees, royalty interests, and settlement of net profits interests. Income from other sources decreased to \$6,053 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 from \$9,950 for the three months ended September 30, 2017. The \$3,897 decline is primarily attributable to a \$3,233 structuring fee from our investment in Pacific World for services rendered in connection with amending its revolving credit facility received during three months ended September 30, 2017. No such structuring fee was received for the three months ended September 30, 2018.

Operating Expenses

Our primary operating expenses consist of investment advisory fees (base management and income incentive fees), borrowing costs, legal and professional fees, overhead-related expenses and other operating expenses. These expenses include our allocable portion of overhead under the Administration Agreement with Prospect Administration under which Prospect Administration provides administrative services and facilities for us. Our investment advisory fees compensate the Investment Adviser for its work in identifying, evaluating, negotiating, closing and monitoring our investments. We bear all other costs and expenses of our operations and transactions. Operating expenses were \$95,263 and \$94,847 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively.

Total gross base management fee was \$30,095 and \$30,379 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively. The decrease in total gross base management fee is directly related a decrease in average total assets. The Investment Adviser has entered into a servicing agreement with certain institutions who purchased loans with us, where we serve as the agent and collect a servicing fee on behalf of the Investment Adviser. We received payments of \$138 and \$216 from these institutions for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively, on behalf of the Investment Adviser, for providing such services under the servicing agreement. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of

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base management fee payable by us to the Investment Adviser resulting in net base management fees of \$29,957 and \$30,163 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively.

For the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we incurred \$21,290 and \$15,933 of income incentive fees, respectively (\$0.06 and \$0.04 per weighted average share, respectively). This increase was driven by a corresponding increase in pre-incentive fee net investment income from \$79,665 for the three months ended September 30, 2017 to \$106,449 for the three months ended September 30, 2018. No capital gains incentive fee has yet been incurred pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we incurred \$37,908 and \$41,035 respectively, of interest and credit facility expenses related to our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® (collectively, our “Notes”). These expenses are related directly to the leveraging capacity and the levels of indebtedness actually undertaken in those periods.

The table below describes the various expenses of our Notes and the related indicators of leveraging capacity and indebtedness during these years.

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017
Interest on borrowings	\$32,985	\$35,538
Amortization of deferred financing costs	2,716	3,166
Accretion of discount on Public Notes	131	69
Facility commitment fees	2,076	2,262
Total interest and credit facility expenses	\$37,908	\$41,035
Average principal debt outstanding	\$2,496,642	\$2,666,070
Annualized weighted average stated interest rate on borrowings ⁽¹⁾	5.28	% 5.33
Annualized weighted average interest rate on borrowings ⁽²⁾	6.07	% 6.16

(1) Includes only the stated interest expense.

(2) Includes the stated interest expense, amortization of deferred financing costs, accretion of discount on Public Notes and commitment fees on the undrawn portion of our Revolving Credit Facility.

Interest expense decreased by \$3,127 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to three months ended September 30, 2017. The weighted average stated interest rate on borrowings (excluding amortization, accretion and undrawn facility fees) decreased from 5.33% for the three months ended September 30, 2017 to 5.28% for the three months ended September 30, 2018. This decrease is primarily due to increased utilization of our Revolving Credit Facility which bears a lower rate than our remaining debt.

The allocation of gross overhead expense from Prospect Administration was \$3,365 and \$4,710 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively. Prospect Administration received estimated payments of \$1,182 directly from our portfolio companies, and certain funds managed by the Investment Adviser for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services during the three months ended September 30, 2017. No such payments were received for the three months ended September 30, 2018. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services cost payable by us to Prospect Administration. Had Prospect Administration not received these payments, Prospect Administration’s charges for its administrative services would have increased by these amounts. Net overhead during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017 totaled \$3,365 and \$3,528, respectively.

Total operating expenses, excluding investment advisory fees, interest and credit facility expenses, and allocation of overhead from Prospect Administration (“Other Operating Expenses”), net of any expense reimbursements, were \$2,743 and \$4,188 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively. The \$1,445 decline was primarily attributable to decreases in audit, compliance and tax related fees and other general and administrative expenses.

Net Investment Income

Net investment income represents the difference between investment income and operating expenses. Net investment income was \$85,159 and \$63,732 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively. Net investment income for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017 was \$0.23 and \$0.18 per weighted average share, respectively. During the three months ended September 30, 2018, the increase of \$21,427, or \$0.05 per weighted average share, was due to an increase in interest income and dividend income of \$11,357, or \$0.03 per share, and \$14,383, or \$0.04 per share, respectively. This favorable variance was partially offset by a \$5,151, or \$0.01 per share, increase in advisory fees for the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2017.

Net Realized (Losses) Gains

Net realized gain for the three months ended September 30, 2018 was \$1,041, an unfavorable decrease in gains of \$396 compared to the \$1,437 net realized gain recognized during the three months ended September 30, 2017. The net realized gain during the three months ended September 30, 2018 was primarily due to the receipt of \$1,000 of bankruptcy settlement proceeds from our investment in New Century Transportation, Inc, which was written-down during the three months ended December 31, 2014. The net realized gain during the three months ended September 30, 2017 was primarily due to the exchange of our loans with Targus International, LLC into common shares of Targus Cayman Holdco Limited, resulting in a realized gain of \$846. Additionally, during the three months ended September 30, 2017, we recognized a realized gain on the call of our Madison IX CLO investment in the amount of \$827.

Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses), Net

Net change in unrealized gains (losses) was \$1,049 and (\$52,751) for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively. The \$53,800 net favorable change in unrealized losses were primarily the result of \$45,525 in unrealized gains related to our investments in CP Energy and Valley Electric driven by an improvement in operating performance driven by revenue growth and increased profitability. The fair value of our investment in NPRC increased resulting in an unrealized gain of \$15,002 primarily driven by an increase in net operating income and a decline in capitalization rates. The favorable changes in unrealized losses were offset by a \$10,907 decline in value of our investment in UTP due to a decline in operating performance. The value of our investment in USC also decreased by \$8,136 due to both a decline in operating performance and the overall decline in demand for firearms and ammunition. Finally, our portfolio experienced \$24,251 of unrealized losses in our CLO investments due to a decline in the weighted average spread in the underlying senior secured loan portfolios, increase in discount rates, and collateral losses.

During the three months ended September 30, 2017, the net change in unrealized losses of \$52,751 was primarily the result of \$44,754 unrealized losses in our CLO portfolio due to a decline in the weighted average spread in the underlying senior secured loan portfolios, increase in discount rates, and collateral losses. The value of our investment in USC decreased by \$13,407 due to both a decline in operating performance and the overall decline in demand for firearms and ammunition.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

For the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, our operating activities used \$238,434 and provided \$99,946 of cash, respectively. There were no investing activities for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017. Financing activities provided \$274,728 and used \$153,512 of cash during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively, which included dividend payments of \$59,849 and \$88,321, respectively. Our primary uses of funds have been to continue to invest in portfolio companies, through both debt and equity investments, repay outstanding borrowings and to make cash distributions to holders of our common stock.

Our primary sources of funds have historically been issuances of debt and equity. More recently, we have and may continue to fund a portion of our cash needs through repayments and opportunistic sales of our existing investment portfolio. We may also securitize a portion of our investments in unsecured or senior secured loans or other assets.

Our objective is to put in place such borrowings in order to enable us to expand our portfolio. During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we borrowed \$436,000 and we made repayments totaling \$69,000 under the Revolving Credit Facility. As of September 30, 2018, we had, net of unamortized discount and debt issuance costs, \$810,138 outstanding on the Convertible Notes, \$687,706 outstanding on the Public Notes and \$757,012 outstanding on the Prospect Capital InterNotes®, and \$404,000 outstanding balance on the Revolving Credit Facility. (See “Capitalization” above.)

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Undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans to our portfolio companies incur commitment and unused fees ranging from 0.00% to 5.00%. As of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, we had \$38,530 and \$29,675, respectively, of undrawn revolver and delayed draw term loan commitments to our portfolio companies. The fair value of our undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans was zero as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018.

Our shareholders' equity accounts as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018 reflect cumulative shares issued, net of shares repurchased, as of those respective dates. Our common stock has been issued through public offerings, a registered direct offering, the exercise of over-allotment options on the part of the underwriters, our dividend reinvestment plan and in connection with the acquisition of certain controlled portfolio companies. When our common stock is issued, the related offering expenses have been charged against paid-in capital in excess of par. All underwriting fees and offering expenses were borne by us.

As part of our Repurchase Program, we delivered a notice with our annual proxy mailing on September 25, 2018. We did not repurchase any shares of our common stock for the three months ended September 30, 2018 or September 30, 2017.

On August 31, 2016, we filed a registration statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-213391) with the SEC. We subsequently filed a Pre-Effective Amendment No. 2 thereto on November 1, 2016, which the SEC declared effective on November 3, 2016. On October 26, 2017, we filed Post-Effective Amendment No. 50 to the registration statement, which the SEC declared effective on October 30, 2017. The registration statement permits us to issue, through one or more transactions, up to an aggregate of \$5,000,000 in securities, consisting of common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, subscription rights to purchase our securities, warrants representing rights to purchase our securities or separately tradeable units combining two or more of our securities. As of September 30, 2018, we have the ability to issue up to \$4,221,013 in securities under the registration statement.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of September 30, 2018, we did not have any off-balance sheet liabilities or other contractual obligations that are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our financial condition, other than those which originate from 1) the investment advisory and management agreement and the administration agreement and 2) the portfolio companies.

Recent Developments

During the period from October 1, 2018 through November 5, 2018 we issued \$16,550 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$16,279.

During the period from October 1, 2018 through October 29, 2018, we issued \$2,806 in aggregate principal amount of our 2024 Notes for net proceeds of \$2,768 and issued \$1,741 in aggregate principal amount of our 2028 Notes for net proceeds of \$1,708.

On October 1, 2018, Fleetwash, Inc. fully repaid the \$21,544 Senior Secured Term Loan B receivable to us.

We have provided notice to call on October 12, 2018 with settlement on November 15, 2018, \$70,072 of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par maturing between May 15, 2020 and November 15, 2020, with a weighted average rate of 4.92%.

On October 10, 2018, we made a \$25,000 Second Lien Term Loan investment in 8th Avenue Food & Provisions, Inc., a private food brands provider and manufacturer of peanut and other nut butters, pasta and healthy snacks.

On October 11, 2018, we increased total commitments to our revolving credit facility for Prospect Capital Funding LLC, one of our GAAP consolidated subsidiaries, by \$35,000 to \$830,000 in the aggregate.

On October 12, 2018, we made a \$35,000 Second Lien Term Loan investment in CCS-CMGC Holdings, Inc., a leading provider of outsourced correctional healthcare and behavioral healthcare solutions for government customers.

On October 18, 2018, ATS Consolidated, Inc. fully repaid the \$15,000 Second Lien Term Loan receivable to us.

On October 25, 2018, we made a \$12,500 Second Lien Term Loan investment in GlobalTranz Enterprises, Inc., a technology-enabled third-party logistics provider of transportation services, including full truckload, less-than-truckload, expedited (air), and intermodal services, along with logistics services and supply chain management solutions.

On October 31, 2018, our Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-227124) was declared effective by the SEC. Under this Shelf Registration Statement, we can issue up to an aggregate of \$5,000,000 in debt and equity securities in the public market.

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On November 6, 2018, we announced the declaration of monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

\$0.06 per share for November 2018 to holders of record on November 30, 2018 with a payment date of December 20, 2018

\$0.06 per share for December 2018 to holders of record on January 2, 2019 with a payment date of January 24, 2019.

\$0.06 per share for January 2019 to holders of record on January 31, 2019 with a payment date of February 21, 2019.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q, ASC 946, Financial Services—Investment Companies (“ASC 946”), and Articles 6, 10 and 12 of Regulation S-X. Under the 1940 Act, ASC 946, and the regulations pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X, we are precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company or an operating company which provides substantially all of its services to benefit us. Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Prospect, PCF, PSBL, PYC, and the Consolidated Holding Companies. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The financial results of our non-substantially wholly-owned holding companies and operating portfolio company investments are not consolidated in the financial statements. Any operating companies owned by the Consolidated Holding Companies are not consolidated.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made in the presentation of prior consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes to conform to the presentation as of and for the three months ended September 30, 2018.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income, expenses, and gains and losses during the reported period. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, creditworthiness of the issuers of our investment portfolio and any other parameters used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ, and these differences could be material.

Investment Classification

We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. As required by the 1940 Act, we classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, “Control Investments” are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of more than 25% of the voting securities of an investee company. Under the 1940 Act, “Affiliate Investments” are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person. “Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments” are those that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments.

As a BDC, we must not acquire any assets other than “qualifying assets” specified in the 1940 Act unless, at the time the acquisition is made, at least 70% of our total assets are qualifying assets (with certain limited exceptions). As of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, our qualifying assets as a percentage of total assets, stood at 74.93% and 73.20%, respectively.

Investment Transactions

Investments are recognized when we assume an obligation to acquire a financial instrument and assume the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Specifically, we record all security transactions on a trade date basis.

Investments are derecognized when we assume an obligation to sell a financial instrument and forego the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. In accordance with ASC 325-40, Beneficial Interest in Securitized Financial Assets, investments in CLOs are periodically assessed for other-than-temporary impairment (“OTTI”). When the Company determines that a CLO has OTTI, the amortized cost basis of the CLO is written down to its fair value as of

the date of the determination based on events and information evaluated and that write-down is recognized as a realized loss. Amounts for investments traded but not yet settled are reported in Due to Broker or Due from Broker, in the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

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Foreign Currency

Foreign currency amounts are translated into US Dollars (USD) on the following basis:

- i. fair value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities—at the spot exchange rate on the last business day of the period; and
- ii. purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses—at the rates of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such investment transactions, income or expenses.

We do not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in fair values of investments held or disposed of during the period. Such fluctuations are included within the net realized and net change in unrealized gains or losses from investments in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investment Risks

Our investments are subject to a variety of risks. Those risks include the following:

Market Risk

Market risk represents the potential loss that can be caused by a change in the fair value of the financial instrument.

Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk that we would incur if the counterparties failed to perform pursuant to the terms of their agreements with us.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk represents the possibility that we may not be able to rapidly adjust the size of our investment positions in times of high volatility and financial stress at a reasonable price.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk represents a change in interest rates, which could result in an adverse change in the fair value of an interest-bearing financial instrument.

Prepayment Risk

Many of our debt investments allow for prepayment of principal without penalty. Downward changes in interest rates may cause prepayments to occur at a faster than expected rate, thereby effectively shortening the maturity of the security and making us less likely to fully earn all of the expected income of that security and reinvesting in a lower yielding instrument.

Structured Credit Related Risk

CLO investments may be riskier and less transparent to us than direct investments in underlying companies. CLOs typically will have no significant assets other than their underlying senior secured loans. Therefore, payments on CLO investments are and will be payable solely from the cash flows from such senior secured loans.

Online Small-and-Medium-Sized Business Lending Risk

With respect to our online small-and-medium-sized business (“SME”) lending initiative, we invest primarily in marketplace loans through marketplace lending platforms (e.g. OnDeck). We do not conduct loan origination activities ourselves. Therefore, our ability to purchase SME loans, and our ability to grow our portfolio of SME loans, is directly influenced by the business performance and competitiveness of the marketplace loan origination business of the marketplace lending platforms from which we purchase SME loans. In addition, our ability to analyze the risk-return profile of SME loans is significantly dependent on the marketplace platforms’ ability to effectively evaluate a borrower's credit profile and likelihood of default. If we are unable to effectively evaluate borrowers' credit profiles or the credit decisioning and scoring models implemented by each platform, we may incur unanticipated losses which could adversely impact our operating results.

Foreign Currency

Investments denominated in foreign currencies and foreign currency transactions may involve certain considerations and risks not typically associated with those of domestic origin. These risks include, but are not limited to, currency fluctuations and revaluations and future adverse political, social and economic developments, which could cause investments in foreign markets to be less liquid and prices more volatile than those of comparable U.S. companies or U.S. government securities.

Investment Valuation

To value our investments, we follow the guidance of ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement (“ASC 820”), that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in conformity with GAAP, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with ASC 820, the fair value of our investments is defined as the price that we would receive upon selling an investment in an orderly transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or most advantageous market in which that investment is transacted.

ASC 820 classifies the inputs used to measure these fair values into the following hierarchy:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, accessible by us at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other observable inputs other than quoted prices.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

In all cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to each investment.

Our Board of Directors has established procedures for the valuation of our investment portfolio. These procedures are detailed below.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations.

For most of our investments, market quotations are not available. With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available or when such market quotations are deemed not to represent fair value, our Board of Directors has approved a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below.

1. Each portfolio company or investment is reviewed by our investment professionals with independent valuation firms engaged by our Board of Directors.
2. The independent valuation firms prepare independent valuations for each investment based on their own independent assessments and issue their report.
3. The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors reviews and discusses with the independent valuation firms the valuation reports, and then makes a recommendation to the Board of Directors of the value for each investment. The Board of Directors discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in good faith based on the input of the Investment Adviser, the respective independent valuation firm and the Audit Committee.

Our non-CLO investments are valued utilizing a yield technique, enterprise value (“EV”) technique, net asset value technique, liquidation technique, discounted cash flow technique, or a combination of techniques, as appropriate. The yield technique uses loan spreads for loans and other relevant information implied by market data involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities. Under the EV technique, the EV of a portfolio company is first determined and allocated over the portfolio company’s securities in order of their preference relative to one another (i.e., “waterfall” allocation). To determine the EV, we typically use a market (multiples) valuation approach that considers relevant and applicable market trading data of guideline public companies, transaction metrics from precedent merger and acquisitions transactions, and/or a discounted cash flow technique. The net asset value technique, an income approach, is used to derive a value of an underlying investment (such as real estate property) by dividing a relevant earnings stream by an appropriate capitalization rate. For this purpose, we consider capitalization rates for similar properties as may be obtained from guideline public companies and/or relevant transactions. The liquidation technique is intended to approximate the net recovery value of an investment based on, among other things, assumptions regarding liquidation proceeds based on a hypothetical liquidation of a portfolio company’s assets. The discounted cash flow technique converts future cash flows or earnings

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to a range of fair values from which a single estimate may be derived utilizing an appropriate discount rate. The fair value measurement is based on the net present value indicated by current market expectations about those future amounts.

In applying these methodologies, additional factors that we consider in valuing our investments may include, as we deem relevant: security covenants, call protection provisions, and information rights; the nature and realizable value of any collateral; the portfolio company's ability to make payments; the principal markets in which the portfolio company does business; publicly available financial ratios of peer companies; the principal market; and enterprise values, among other factors.

Our investments in CLOs are classified as Level 3 fair value measured securities under ASC 820 and are valued using a discounted multi-path cash flow model. The CLO structures are analyzed to identify the risk exposures and to determine an appropriate call date (i.e., expected maturity). These risk factors are sensitized in the multi-path cash flow model using Monte Carlo simulations, which is a simulation used to model the probability of different outcomes, to generate probability-weighted (i.e., multi-path) cash flows from the underlying assets and liabilities. These cash flows are discounted using appropriate market discount rates, and relevant data in the CLO market as well as certain benchmark credit indices are considered, to determine the value of each CLO investment. In addition, we generate a single-path cash flow utilizing our best estimate of expected cash receipts, and assess the reasonableness of the implied discount rate that would be effective for the value derived from the multi-path cash flows. We are not responsible for and have no influence over the asset management of the portfolios underlying the CLO investments we hold, as those portfolios are managed by non-affiliated third party CLO collateral managers. The main risk factors are default risk, prepayment risk, interest rate risk, downgrade risk, and credit spread risk.

Valuation of Other Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

ASC 825, Financial Instruments, specifically ASC 825-10-25, permits an entity to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible items at fair value (the "Fair Value Option"). We have not elected the Fair Value Option to report selected financial assets and financial liabilities. See Note 8 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements for the disclosure of the fair value of our outstanding debt and the market observable inputs used in determining fair value.

Convertible Notes

We have recorded the Convertible Notes at their contractual amounts. We have determined that the embedded conversion options in the Convertible Unsecured Notes are not required to be separately accounted for as a derivative under ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging. See Note 5 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

Revenue Recognition

Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments are calculated using the specific identification method.

Interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on an accrual basis. Loan origination fees, original issue discount, and market discounts are capitalized and accreted into interest income over the respective terms of the applicable loans using the effective interest method or straight-line, as applicable, and adjusted only for material amendments or prepayments. Upon a prepayment of a loan, prepayment premiums, original issue discount, or market discounts are recorded as interest income.

Loans are placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected.

Unpaid accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans are either applied to the cost basis or interest income, depending upon management's judgment of the collectibility of the loan receivable. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and in management's judgment, is likely to remain current and future principal and interest collections when due are probable. Interest received and applied against cost while a loan is on non-accrual, and PIK interest capitalized but not recognized while on non-accrual, is recognized prospectively on the effective yield basis through maturity of the loan when placed back on accrual status, to the extent deemed collectible by management. As of September 30, 2018, approximately 2.4% of our total assets at fair value are in non-accrual status.

Some of our loans and other investments may have contractual payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest or dividends. PIK income computed at the contractual rate is accrued into income and reflected as receivable up to the capitalization date. PIK investments offer issuers the option at each payment date of making payments in cash or in additional

securities. When additional securities are received, they typically have the same terms, including maturity dates and interest rates as the original securities issued. On these payment dates, we capitalize the accrued interest (reflecting such amounts in the basis as additional securities received). PIK generally becomes due at maturity of the investment or upon the investment being called by the issuer. At the point that we believe PIK is not fully expected to be realized, the PIK investment will be placed on non-accrual status. When a PIK investment is placed on non-accrual status, the accrued, uncapitalized interest or dividends are reversed from the related receivable through interest or

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dividend income, respectively. We do not reverse previously capitalized PIK interest or dividends. Upon capitalization, PIK is subject to the fair value estimates associated with their related investments. PIK investments on non-accrual status are restored to accrual status if we believe that PIK is expected to be realized.

Interest income from investments in the “equity” class of security of CLO funds (typically preferred shares, income notes or subordinated notes) and “equity” class of security of securitized trust is recorded based upon an estimation of an effective yield to expected maturity utilizing assumed cash flows in accordance with ASC 325-40, Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets. We monitor the expected cash inflows from our CLO and securitized trust equity investments, including the expected residual payments, and the effective yield is determined and updated periodically. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Other income generally includes amendment fees, commitment fees, administrative agent fees and structuring fees which are recorded when earned. Excess deal deposits, net profits interests and overriding royalty interests are included in other income. See Note 10 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

Federal and State Income Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a RIC and intend to continue to comply with the requirements of the Code applicable to regulated investment companies. We are required to distribute at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and intend to distribute (or retain through a deemed distribution) all of our investment company taxable income and net capital gains to stockholders; therefore, we have made no provision for income taxes. The character of income and gains that we will distribute is determined in accordance with income tax regulations that may differ from GAAP. Book and tax basis differences relating to stockholder dividends and distributions and other permanent book and tax differences are reclassified to paid-in capital.

If we do not distribute (or are not deemed to have distributed) at least 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains in the calendar year earned, we will generally be required to pay an excise tax equal to 4% of the amount by which 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains exceed the distributions from such taxable income for the year. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such taxable income, we accrue excise taxes, if any, on estimated excess taxable income. As of September 30, 2018, we do not expect to have any excise tax due for the 2018 calendar year. Thus, we have not accrued any excise tax for this period.

If we fail to satisfy the annual distribution requirement or otherwise fail to qualify as a RIC in any taxable year, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate income tax rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to stockholders, nor would we be required to make distributions. Distributions would generally be taxable to our individual and other non-corporate taxable stockholders as ordinary dividend income eligible for the reduced maximum rate applicable to qualified dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits, provided certain holding period and other requirements are met. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributions would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. To qualify again to be taxed as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to distribute to our shareholders our accumulated earnings and profits attributable to non-RIC years. In addition, if we failed to qualify as a RIC for a period greater than two taxable years, then, in order to qualify as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to elect to recognize and pay tax on any net built-in gain (the excess of aggregate gain, including items of income, over aggregate loss that would have been realized if we had been liquidated) or, alternatively, be subject to taxation on such built-in gain recognized for a period of five years.

We follow ASC 740, Income Taxes (“ASC 740”). ASC 740 provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented, and disclosed in the consolidated financial statements. ASC 740 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing our tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are “more-likely-than-not” of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold are recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. As of September 30, 2018 and for the three months then ended, we did not record any unrecognized tax benefits or liabilities. Management’s determinations regarding ASC 740 may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based upon factors including, but not limited to, an on-going analysis of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. Although we file both federal and state income tax returns, our major tax jurisdiction is federal. Our federal tax returns for the tax years ended August 31, 2015 and thereafter remain subject to examination by the Internal

Revenue Service.

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Dividends and Distributions

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount, if any, to be paid as a monthly dividend or distribution is approved by our Board of Directors quarterly and is generally based upon our management's estimate of our future taxable earnings. Net realized capital gains, if any, are distributed at least annually.

Financing Costs

We record origination expenses related to our Revolving Credit Facility and the Unsecured Notes as deferred financing costs. These expenses are deferred and amortized as part of interest expense using the straight-line method over the stated life of the obligation for our Revolving Credit Facility. The same methodology is used to approximate the effective yield method for our Prospect Capital InterNotes®, our 2024 Notes Follow-on Program, and our 2028 Notes Follow-on Program. The effective interest method is used to amortize deferred financing costs for our remaining Unsecured Notes over the respective expected life or maturity. In the event that we modify or extinguish our debt before maturity, we follow the guidance in ASC 470-50, Modification and Extinguishments ("ASC 470-50"). For modifications to or exchanges of our Revolving Credit Facility, any unamortized deferred costs relating to lenders who are not part of the new lending group are expensed. For extinguishments of our Unsecured Notes, any unamortized deferred costs are deducted from the carrying amount of the debt in determining the gain or loss from the extinguishment.

Unamortized deferred financing costs are presented as a direct deduction to the respective Unsecured Notes (see Notes 5, 6, and 7 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion).

We may record registration expenses related to shelf filings as prepaid expenses. These expenses consist principally of SEC registration fees, legal fees and accounting fees incurred. These prepaid expenses are charged to capital upon the receipt of proceeds from an equity offering or charged to expense if no offering is completed. As of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, there are no prepaid expenses related to registration expenses and all amounts incurred have been expensed.

Guarantees and Indemnification Agreements

We follow ASC 460, Guarantees ("ASC 460"). ASC 460 elaborates on the disclosure requirements of a guarantor in its interim and annual consolidated financial statements about its obligations under certain guarantees that it has issued. It also requires a guarantor to recognize, at the inception of a guarantee, for those guarantees that are covered by ASC 460, the fair value of the obligation undertaken in issuing certain guarantees.

Per Share Information

Net increase or decrease in net assets resulting from operations per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period presented. In accordance with ASC 946, convertible securities are not considered in the calculation of net asset value per share.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments ("ASU 2016-13"), which amends the financial instruments impairment guidance so that an entity is required to measure expected credit losses for financial assets based on historical experience, current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts. As such, an entity will use forward-looking information to estimate credit losses. ASU 2016-13 also amends the guidance in FASB ASC Subtopic No. 325-40, Investments-Other, Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets, related to the subsequent measurement of accretible yield recognized as interest income over the life of a beneficial interest in securitized financial assets under the effective yield method. ASU 2016-13 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted as of the fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. We are currently evaluating the impact, if any, of adopting this ASU on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts

and Cash Payments ("ASU 2016-15"), which addresses certain aspects of cash flow statement classification. One such amendment requires cash payments for debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs to be classified as cash outflows

for financing activities. ASU 2016-15 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts the amendments in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that

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interim period. An entity that elects early adoption must adopt all of the amendments in the same period. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2016-15 did not have a significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which amends accounting guidance for revenue recognition arising from contracts with customers. Under the new guidance, an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. In August 2015, the FASB also issued ASU 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date, which deferred the effective date of the standard for one year. As a result, the guidance is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted as of fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The application of this guidance did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework—Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement. The standard will modify the disclosure requirements for fair value measurements by removing, modifying, or adding certain disclosures. ASU No. 2018-13 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early adoption is permitted upon issuance of this ASU. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting this ASU on our consolidated financial statements.

SEC Disclosure Update and Simplification

In August 2018, the SEC adopted the final rule under SEC Release No. 33-10532, Disclosure Update and Simplification, amending certain disclosure requirements that were redundant, duplicative, overlapping, outdated or superseded. The amendments are intended to facilitate the disclosure of information to investors and simplify compliance. As a result of the amendments, we are required to present a reconciliation of changes in stockholders' equity in the notes or as a separate statement. This analysis should reconcile the beginning balance to the ending balance of each caption in stockholders' equity for each period for which an income statement is required to be filed and comply with the remaining content requirements of Rule 3-04 of Regulation S-X. In October 2018, the SEC announced that this final rule will become effective on November 5, 2018. In light of the timing of effectiveness of the amendments and proximity of effectiveness to the filing date for most filers' quarterly reports, the SEC Staff commented that it would not object if the first presentation of the changes in shareholders' equity is included in a filer's Form 10-Q for the quarter that begins after the effective date of the amendments. Due to the timing of our filing of this Form 10-Q, our first presentation of the changes in stockholders' equity will be for our second quarter ended December 31, 2018.

Tax Cuts and Jobs Act

On December 22, 2017, the President signed into law the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act"), which significantly changed the Code, including, a reduction in the corporate income tax rate, a new limitation on the deductibility of interest expense, and significant changes to the taxation of income earned from foreign sources and foreign subsidiaries. The Tax Act also authorizes the IRS to issue regulations with respect to the new provisions. We cannot predict how the changes in the Tax Act, or regulations or other guidance issued under it, might affect us, our business or the business of our portfolio companies. However, our portfolio companies may or may not make certain elections under the Tax Act that could materially increase their taxable earnings and profits. Any such increase in the earnings and profits of a portfolio company may result in the characterization of certain distributions sourced from sale proceeds as dividend income, which may increase our distributable taxable income. During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we received \$11,000 of such dividends from NPRC related to the gain on the sale of NPRC's St. Marin, Central Park, and Matthews Reserve properties.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates and equity price risk. Interest rate sensitivity refers to the change in our earnings that may result from changes in the level of interest rates impacting some of the loans in our portfolio which have floating interest rates. Additionally, because we fund a portion of our investments with borrowings, our net investment income is affected by the difference between the rate at which we invest and the rate at which we borrow. As a result, there can be no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income. See “Risk Factors - Risks Relating to Our Business - Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income.”

Our debt investments may be based on floating rates or fixed rates. For our floating rate loans the rates are determined from the LIBOR, EURO Interbank Offer Rate, the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate. The floating interest rate loans may be subject to a LIBOR floor. Our loans typically have durations of one to three months after which they reset to current market interest rates. As of September 30, 2018, 87.82% of the interest earning investments in our portfolio, at fair value, bore interest at floating rates.

We also have a revolving credit facility and certain Prospect Capital InterNotes® issuances that are based on floating LIBOR rates. Interest on borrowings under the revolving credit facility is one-month LIBOR plus 220 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor and there is \$404,000 outstanding as of September 30, 2018. Interest on five Prospect Capital InterNotes® is three-month LIBOR plus a range of 300 to 350 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor.

The Convertible Notes, Public Notes and remaining Prospect Capital InterNotes® bear interest at fixed rates.

The following table shows the approximate annual impact on net investment income of base rate changes in interest rates (considering interest rate flows for floating rate instruments, excluding our investments in CLO residual interests) to our loan portfolio and outstanding debt as of September 30, 2018, assuming no changes in our investment and borrowing structure:

(in thousands) Basis Point Change	Interest Income	Interest Expense	Net Investment Income	Net Investment Income (1)
Up 300 basis points	\$96,983	\$ 55	\$ 96,928	\$ 77,542
Up 200 basis points	64,162	37	64,125	51,300
Up 100 basis points	31,340	18	31,322	25,058
Down 100 basis points	(34,859)	(43)	(34,816)	(27,853)

(1) Includes the impact of income incentive fees. See Note 13 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on income incentive fees.

As of September 30, 2018, one, two, three and six month LIBOR was 2.26%, 2.31%, 2.40%, and 2.60% respectively. We may hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using standard hedging instruments such as futures, options and forward contracts subject to the requirements of the 1940 Act. While hedging activities may insulate us against adverse changes in interest rates, they may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of higher interest rates with respect to our portfolio of investments. During the quarter ended September 30, 2018, we did not engage in hedging activities.

REGISTRATION AND SETTLEMENT

The Depository Trust Company

All of the notes we offer will be issued in book-entry only form. This means that we will not issue certificates for notes, except in the limited case described below. Instead, we will issue global notes in registered form. Each global note will be held through DTC and will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC.

Accordingly, Cede & Co. will be the holder of record of the notes. Each note represented by a global note evidences a beneficial interest in that global note.

Beneficial interests in a global note will be shown on, and transfers are effected through, records maintained by DTC or its participants. In order to own a beneficial interest in a note, you must be an institution that has an account with DTC or have a direct or indirect account with such an institution. Transfers of ownership interests in the notes will be accomplished by making entries in DTC participants' books acting on behalf of beneficial owners.

So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered holder of a global note, DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, will be the sole holder and owner of the notes represented thereby for all purposes, including payment of principal and interest, under the indenture. Except as otherwise provided below, you will not be entitled to receive physical delivery of certificated notes and will not be considered the holder of the notes for any purpose under the indenture.

Accordingly, you must rely on the procedures of DTC and the procedures of the DTC participant through which you own your note in order to exercise any rights of a holder of a note under the indenture. The laws of some jurisdictions require that certain purchasers of notes take physical delivery of such notes in certificated form. Those limits and laws may impair the ability to transfer beneficial interests in the notes.

Each global note representing notes will be exchangeable for certificated notes of like tenor and terms and of differing authorized denominations in a like aggregate principal amount, only if (1) DTC notifies us that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depository for the global notes or we become aware that DTC has ceased to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act and, in any such case we fail to appoint a successor to DTC within 60 calendar days, (2) we, in our sole discretion, determine that the global notes shall be exchangeable for certificated notes or (3) an event of default has occurred and is continuing with respect to the notes under the indenture. Upon any such exchange, the certificated notes shall be registered in the names of the beneficial owners of the global note representing the notes.

The following is based on information furnished by DTC:

DTC will act as securities depository for the notes. The notes will be issued as fully-registered notes registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. Generally, one fully registered global note will be issued for all of the principal amount of the notes.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 2 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's direct participants deposit with DTC.

DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among direct participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between direct participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct participants include both U.S. and non U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of direct participants of DTC and members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, as well as by The New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a direct participant, either directly or indirectly. The DTC rules applicable to its participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of the notes under the DTC system must be made by or through direct participants, which will receive a credit for the notes on DTC's records. The beneficial interest of each actual purchaser of each note is in turn to be recorded on the direct and indirect participants' records. Beneficial owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase.

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Beneficial owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the direct or indirect participant through which the beneficial owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of beneficial interests in the notes are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of direct and indirect participants acting on behalf of beneficial owners. Beneficial owners will not receive certificates representing their beneficial interests in notes, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the notes is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all notes deposited by direct participants with DTC will be registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of the notes with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual beneficial owners of the notes; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the direct participants to whose accounts such notes will be credited, which may or may not be the beneficial owners. The direct and indirect participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to direct participants, by direct participants to indirect participants, and by direct participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial owners of the notes may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the notes, such as redemption, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the security documents. For example, beneficial owners of the notes may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the notes for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to beneficial owners. In the alternative, beneficial owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar of the notes and request that copies of the notices be provided to them directly. Any such request may or may not be successful.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the notes unless authorized by a direct participant in accordance with DTC's procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to us as soon as possible after the regular record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those direct participants to whose accounts the notes are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

We will pay principal and or interest payments on the notes in same-day funds directly to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit direct participants' accounts on the applicable payment date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information. Payments by participants to beneficial owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of these participants and not of DTC or any other party, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements that may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC, is our responsibility, disbursement of such payments to direct participants is the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the beneficial owners is the responsibility of the direct or indirect participant.

We will send any redemption notices to DTC. If less than all of the notes are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each direct participant in such issue to be redeemed.

A beneficial owner, or its authorized representative, shall give notice to elect to have its notes repaid by us, through its direct or indirect participant, to the trustee, and shall effect delivery of such notes by causing the direct participant to transfer that participant's interest in the global note representing such notes, on DTC's records, to the trustee. The requirement for physical delivery of notes in connection with a demand for repayment will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the global note representing such notes are transferred by the direct participants on DTC's records.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository for the notes at any time by giving us reasonable notice. Under such circumstances, if a successor securities depository is not obtained, we will print and deliver certificated notes. We may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, we will print and deliver certificated notes.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's system has been obtained from sources that we believe to be reliable, but neither we, the Purchasing Agent nor any agent takes any responsibility for its accuracy.

Registration, Transfer and Payment of Certificated Notes

If we ever issue notes in certificated form, those notes may be presented for registration, transfer and payment at the office of the registrar or at the office of any transfer agent designated and maintained by us. We have originally designated American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC to act in those capacities for the notes. The registrar or transfer agent will make the transfer or registration only if it is satisfied with the documents of title and identity of the person making the request.

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There will not be a service charge for any exchange or registration of transfer of the notes, but we may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with the exchange. At any time, we may change transfer agents or approve a change in the location through which any transfer agent acts. We also may designate additional transfer agents for any notes at any time.

We will not be required to: (1) issue, exchange or register the transfer of any note to be redeemed for a period of 15 days after the selection of the notes to be redeemed; (2) exchange or register the transfer of any note that was selected, called or is being called for redemption, except the unredeemed portion of any note being redeemed in part; or (3) exchange or register the transfer of any note as to which an election for repayment by the holder has been made, except the unrepaid portion of any note being repaid in part.

We will pay principal of and interest on any certificated notes at the offices of the paying agents we may designate from time to time. Generally, we will pay interest on a note by check on any interest payment date other than at stated maturity or upon earlier redemption or repayment to the person in whose name the note is registered at the close of business on the regular record date for that payment. We will pay principal and interest at stated maturity or upon earlier redemption or repayment in same-day funds against presentation and surrender of the applicable notes.

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SUPPLEMENT TO MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following summary of U.S. federal income tax considerations supplements the discussion set forth under the heading “Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations” in the accompanying prospectus and is subject to the qualifications and assumptions set forth therein.

The following is a general summary of U.S. federal income tax considerations generally applicable to the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes. This discussion is based upon the Code, Treasury Regulations and judicial decisions and administrative interpretations thereof, all as of the date hereof and all of which are subject to change or differing interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect. No ruling from the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) has been or will be sought regarding any matter discussed herein. No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a position contrary to any of the tax aspects set forth below.

This discussion applies only to a holder of notes that acquires the notes pursuant to this offering at their “issue price” within the meaning of the applicable provisions of the Code and who holds the notes as a capital asset (generally, property held for investment) under the Code. This discussion does not address any U.S. federal estate or gift tax consequences or any state, local or non-U.S. tax consequences. In addition, this discussion does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be applicable to investors in light of their particular circumstances, or to investors subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax law, including, but not limited to:

- banks, insurance companies or other financial institutions;
- pension plans or trusts;
- U.S. noteholders (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar;
- real estate investment trusts;
- regulated investment companies;
- persons subject to the alternative minimum tax;
- cooperatives;
- tax-exempt organizations;
- dealers in securities;
- expatriates;
- foreign persons or entities (except to the extent set forth below);
- persons deemed to sell the notes under the constructive sale provisions of the Code; or
- persons that hold the notes as part of a straddle, hedge, conversion transaction or other integrated investment.

If a partnership (including any entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) owns notes, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Partners in a partnership that owns the notes should consult their tax advisors as to the particular U.S. federal income tax consequences applicable to them.

We encourage investors to consult their tax advisors regarding the specific consequences of an investment in our notes, including tax reporting requirements, the applicability of U.S. federal, state or local and foreign tax laws, eligibility for the benefits of any applicable tax treaty and the effect of any possible changes in the tax laws.

Consequences to U.S. Noteholders

The following is a general summary of U.S. federal income tax consequences generally applicable to you if you are a U.S. noteholder. U.S. federal income tax consequences generally applicable to non-U.S. noteholders are described under “Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders” below. For purposes of this summary, the term “U.S. noteholder” means a beneficial owner of a note that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes (i) an individual who is a citizen or resident of the U.S., (ii) a corporation, or other entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, that is created or organized under the laws of the U.S., any of the States or the District of Columbia, (iii) an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source, or (iv) a trust (A) if a court within the U.S. is able to exercise primary supervision over its administration and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of such trust, or (B) that has made a valid election to be treated as a U.S. person for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Stated interest and OID on the notes

Except as discussed below, a U.S. noteholder generally will be required to recognize stated interest as ordinary income at the time it is paid or accrued on the notes in accordance with its regular method of accounting for U.S.

federal income tax purposes. In addition, if the notes' "issue price" (the first price at which a substantial amount of the notes is sold to investors) is less than their "stated redemption price at maturity" (the sum of all payments to be made on the notes other than "qualified stated interest") by more than a statutorily defined de minimis threshold, the notes will be issued with original issue discount

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(“OID”) for U.S. federal income tax purposes. The term “qualified stated interest” generally means stated interest that is unconditionally payable at least annually at a single fixed rate or, if certain requirements are met (as described below), certain variable rates.

If the notes are issued with OID, a U.S. noteholder generally will be required to include the OID in gross income as ordinary interest income in advance of the receipt of cash attributable to that income and regardless of such holder’s regular method of tax accounting. Such OID will be included in gross income for each day during each taxable year in which the note is held using a constant yield-to-maturity method that reflects the compounding of interest. This means that the holder will have to include in income increasingly greater amounts of OID over time. Notice will be given in the applicable pricing supplement if we determine that a particular note will be issued with OID. We are required to provide information returns stating the amount of OID accrued on the notes held by persons of record other than certain exempt holders.

If the notes are “step-up notes” (i.e., notes with a fixed interest rate that increases at pre-determined intervals), the tax treatment described in the first sentence under “—Consequences to U.S. Noteholders—Stated interest and OID on the notes” assumes that we will have the right to call the notes at par (plus accrued but unpaid interest) on each date that the interest rate increases. If this is not the case, interest that exceeds the lowest rate payable under the step-up note may not be treated as qualified stated interest and, depending on the amount of such excess, may thus cause the step-up note to be treated as issued with OID, in which case the notes generally would be subject to the OID rules discussed above. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the treatment of step-up notes or similar notes.

If you own a note issued with de minimis OID (i.e., discount that is not OID), you generally must include the de minimis OID in income at the time principal payments on the notes are made in proportion to the amount paid. Any amount of de minimis OID that you have included in income will be treated as capital gain.

Short-term notes

Notes that have a fixed maturity of one year or less (“short-term notes”) will be subject to the following special rules. All of the interest on a short-term note is treated as part of the short-term note’s stated redemption price at maturity, thereby giving rise to OID. Thus, all short-term notes will be OID debt securities. OID will be treated as accruing on a short-term debt instrument ratably or, at the election of a U.S. noteholder, under a constant yield method.

A U.S. noteholder that uses the cash method of tax accounting (with certain exceptions) will generally not be required to include OID in respect of the short-term note in income on a current basis, though they may be required to include stated interest in income as the income is received. Such a U.S. noteholder may not be allowed to deduct all of the interest paid or accrued on any indebtedness incurred or maintained to purchase or carry such a short-term note until the maturity of the note or its earlier disposition in a taxable transaction. In addition, such a U.S. noteholder will be required to treat any gain realized on a disposition of the note as ordinary income to the extent of the holder’s accrued OID on the note, and short-term capital gain to the extent the gain exceeds accrued OID. A U.S. noteholder that uses the cash method of tax accounting may, however, elect to include OID on a short-term note in income on a current basis. In such case, the limitation on the deductibility of interest described above will not apply. A U.S. noteholder that uses the accrual method of tax accounting and certain cash method holders generally will be required to include OID on a short-term note in income on a current basis.

Floating rate notes

In the case of a note that is a floating rate note (including a note based on LIBOR), special rules apply. In general, if a note qualifies for treatment as a “variable rate debt instrument” under Treasury Regulations and provides for stated interest that is unconditionally payable at least annually at a variable rate that, subject to certain exceptions, is a single “qualified floating rate” or “objective rate,” each as defined below, all stated interest on the note is treated as qualified stated interest. In that case, both the note’s “yield to maturity” and “qualified stated interest” will be determined, for purposes of calculating the accrual of OID, if any, as though the note will bear interest in all periods throughout its term at a fixed rate generally equal to the rate that would be applicable to interest payments on the note on its issue date or, in the case of an objective rate (other than a “qualified inverse floating rate”), the rate that reflects the yield to maturity that is reasonably expected for the note. A U.S. noteholder of a variable rate debt instrument would then recognize OID, if any, that is calculated based on the note’s assumed yield to maturity. If the interest actually accrued or paid during an accrual period exceeds or is less than the assumed fixed interest, the qualified stated interest

allocable to that period is increased or decreased under rules set forth in Treasury Regulations. Special rules apply for determining the amount of OID for other variable rate debt instruments, such as instruments with more than one qualified floating rate or instruments with a single fixed rate and one or more qualified floating rates. U.S. noteholders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the specific U.S. federal income tax considerations regarding any investment in a note that qualifies a “variable rate debt instrument.”

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A note will generally qualify as a variable rate debt instrument if (a) the note's issue price does not exceed the total noncontingent principal payments by more than the lesser of: (i) .015 multiplied by the product of the total noncontingent principal payments and the number of complete years to maturity from the issue date, or (ii) 15% of the total noncontingent principal payments; (b) the note provides for stated interest, compounded or paid at least annually, only at one or more qualified floating rates, a single fixed rate and one or more qualified floating rates, a single objective rate, or a single fixed rate and a single objective rate that is a qualified inverse floating rate; and (c) the value of the rate on any date during the term of the note is set no earlier than three months prior to the first day on which that value is in effect or no later than one year following that first day.

Generally, a rate is a qualified floating rate if variations in the rate can reasonably be expected to measure contemporaneous fluctuations in the cost of newly borrowed funds in the currency in which the debt instrument is denominated. A rate that equals LIBOR or LIBOR plus or minus a fixed spread is, in general, a qualified floating rate. However, a rate (including a rate based on LIBOR) will generally not be a qualified floating rate if, among other circumstances:

the rate is subject to one or more minimum or maximum rate floors or ceilings or one or more governors limiting the amount of increase or decrease in each case which are not fixed throughout the term of the note and which are reasonably expected as of the issue date to cause the rate in some accrual periods to be significantly higher or lower than the overall expected return on the note determined without the floor, ceiling, or governor; or

the rate is a multiple of a qualified floating rate unless the multiple is a fixed multiple that is greater than 0.65 but not more than 1.35 (provided, however, that if a multiple of a qualified floating rate is not within such limits and thus is not itself a qualified floating rate, it may nevertheless qualify as an "objective rate").

If a note provides for two or more qualified floating rates that are within 0.25 percentage points of each other on the issue date or can reasonably be expected to have approximately the same values throughout the term of the note, the qualified floating rates together constitute a single qualified floating rate.

Generally, an objective rate is a rate that is determined using a single fixed formula that is based on objective financial or economic information such as one or more qualified floating rates. An objective rate is a qualified inverse floating rate if that rate is equal to a fixed rate minus a qualified floating rate and variations in the rate can reasonably be expected to inversely reflect contemporaneous variations in the qualified floating rate. A variable rate will generally not qualify as an objective rate if, among other circumstances, it is reasonably expected that the average value of the variable rate during the first half of the term of the note will be either significantly less than or significantly greater than the average value of the rate during the final half of the term of the note.

If a floating rate note does not qualify as a "variable rate debt instrument," the note generally will be subject to taxation under special rules applicable to contingent payment debt instruments. U.S. noteholders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the specific U.S. federal income tax considerations regarding such notes.

Sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the notes

Subject to the special rules for short-term notes discussed above, upon the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of a note, a U.S. noteholder generally will recognize capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between (1) the sum of cash plus the fair market value of all other property received on such disposition (except to the extent such cash or property is attributable to accrued but unpaid interest, which, to the extent not previously included in income, generally will be taxable as ordinary income) and (2) its adjusted tax basis in the note. A U.S. noteholder's adjusted tax basis in a note generally will equal the price the U.S. noteholder paid for the note increased by OID (including with respect to a short-term note), if any, previously included in income with respect to that note, and reduced by any cash payments on the note other than qualified stated interest. Such capital gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if, at the time of such taxable disposition, the U.S. noteholder has held the note for more than one year. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Medicare tax

Certain U.S. noteholders who are individuals, estates or trusts and whose income exceeds certain thresholds will be required to pay a 3.8% Medicare tax on all or a portion of their "net investment income," which includes interest on the notes and capital gains from the sale or other disposition of the notes.

Information reporting and backup withholding

In general, information reporting requirements will apply to certain payments of principal and interest (including OID) and to the proceeds of sale of a note paid to a U.S. noteholder (unless such noteholder is an exempt recipient). A backup

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withholding tax may apply to such payments if a U.S. noteholder fails to provide a taxpayer identification number or certification of exempt status, or if it is otherwise subject to backup withholding.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or credit against a U.S. noteholder's United States federal income tax liability provided the required information is timely furnished to the IRS.

Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders

The following is a general summary of U.S. federal income tax consequences generally applicable to you if you are a non-U.S. noteholder. A beneficial owner of a note that is not a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes (including any entity or arrangement otherwise treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) or a U.S. noteholder is referred to herein as a "non-U.S. noteholder."

Stated interest and OID on the notes

Stated interest and OID, if any, paid or accrued to a non-U.S. noteholder will generally not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax if the interest or OID is not effectively connected with its conduct of a trade or business within the United States and is not considered contingent interest within the meaning of Section 871(h)(4)(A) of the Code (generally relating to interest payments that are determined by reference to the income, profits, receipts, cash flow, changes in the value of non-publicly-traded property or other attributes of, or distributions or similar payments paid by, the debtor or a related party), and the non-U.S. noteholder:

- does not own, actually or constructively, 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote;

- is not a "controlled foreign corporation" with respect to which we are, directly or indirectly, a "related person";

- is not a bank whose receipt of interest on the notes is described in section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Code; and

- provides its name and address, and certifies, under penalties of perjury, that it is not a U.S. person (on a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or other applicable form)), or holds its notes through certain foreign intermediaries and satisfies the certification requirements of applicable Treasury Regulations.

If a non-U.S. noteholder does not qualify for an exemption under these rules, interest income and OID, if any, from the notes may be subject to withholding tax at the rate of 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate). Stated interest and OID, if any, effectively connected with a non-U.S. noteholder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, which is attributable to a United States permanent establishment), however, would not be subject to a 30% withholding tax so long as the non-U.S. noteholder provides us or our paying agent an adequate certification (currently on IRS Form W-8ECI); such payments of interest generally would be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at the rates applicable to U.S. persons generally. In addition, if a non-U.S. noteholder is a foreign corporation and the stated interest and OID, if any, is effectively connected with its conduct of a U.S. trade or business, it may also be subject to a 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate) branch profits tax on its effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to adjustments. To claim the benefit of a tax treaty, a non-U.S. noteholder must provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or other applicable form) to us or our paying agent before the payment of stated interest or OID, and may be required to obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number and provide documentary evidence issued by foreign governmental authorities to prove residence in the foreign country.

Sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the notes

Any gain recognized by a non-U.S. noteholder on the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the notes (except with respect to accrued and unpaid interest, which would be taxed as described under "Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders—Stated interest and OID on the notes" above) generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax unless:

- the gain is effectively connected with its conduct of a U.S. trade or business (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a United States permanent establishment); or

- the non-U.S. noteholder is a nonresident alien individual present in the U.S. for 183 or more days in the taxable year within which the sale, exchange, redemption or other disposition takes place and certain other requirements are met.

If a non-U.S. noteholder is a holder described in the first bullet point above, the net gain derived from the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of its notes generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at the rates applicable to U.S. persons generally. In addition, if such non-U.S. noteholder is a foreign corporation, it may also be subject to a 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate) branch profits tax on its effectively

connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to adjustments. If a non-U.S. noteholder is a holder described in the second bullet point above, it will be subject to a flat 30% U.S. federal income tax on the gain derived from the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable

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disposition of its notes, which may be offset by U.S. source capital losses, even though it is not considered a resident of the United States.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Generally, we must report to the IRS and to a non-U.S. noteholder the amount of interest (including OID) on the notes paid to a non-U.S. noteholder and the amount of tax, if any, withheld with respect to those payments if the notes are in registered form. Copies of the information returns reporting such interest payments and any withholding may also be made available to the tax authorities in the country in which a non-U.S. noteholder resides under the provisions of an applicable income tax treaty.

In general, a non-U.S. noteholder will not be subject to backup withholding with respect to payments on the notes that we make to such noteholder provided that we do not have actual knowledge or reason to know that such noteholder is a U.S. person as defined under the Code, and we have received from you the statement described above under the fourth bullet point under “Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders—Stated interest and OID on the notes.”

In addition, no information reporting requirements or backup withholding will be required regarding the proceeds of the sale of a note made within the United States or conducted through certain United States-related financial intermediaries, if the payor receives the statement described above and does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that the non-U.S. noteholder is a U.S. person as defined under the Code, or the non-U.S. noteholder otherwise establishes an exemption.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or credit against a non-U.S. noteholder’s United States federal income tax liability provided the required information is timely furnished to the IRS.

Other withholding rules

Withholding at a rate of 30% will be required on interest in respect of, and after December 31, 2018, on gross proceeds from the sale of, notes held by or through certain foreign financial institutions (including investment funds), unless such institution enters into an agreement with the Secretary of the Treasury to report, on an annual basis, information with respect to shares in, and accounts maintained by, the institution to the extent such shares or accounts are held by certain United States persons or by certain non-U.S. entities that are wholly or partially owned by United States persons and to withhold on certain payments. Accordingly, the entity through which notes are held will affect the determination of whether such withholding is required. An intergovernmental agreement between the United States and an applicable foreign country, or future guidance, may modify these requirements. Similarly, interest in respect of, and after December 31, 2018, gross proceeds from the sale of, notes held by an investor that is a non-financial non-U.S. entity will be subject to withholding at a rate of 30%, unless such entity either (i) certifies to us that such entity does not have any “substantial United States owners” or (ii) provides certain information regarding the entity’s “substantial United States owners,” which we will in turn provide to the Secretary of the Treasury. Non-U.S. noteholders are encouraged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the possible implications of these requirements on their investment in notes.

Non-U.S. noteholders should consult any applicable income tax treaties that may provide for different rules. In addition, non-U.S. noteholders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes.

Taxation as a RIC

In September 2016, the IRS and U.S. Treasury Department issued proposed regulations that, if finalized, would provide that the income inclusions from a PFIC with a QEF election or a CFC would not be good income for purposes of the 90% Income Test unless the Company receives a cash distribution from such entity in the same year attributable to the included income. If such income were not considered “good income” for purposes of the 90% income test, the Company may fail to qualify as a RIC.

It is unclear whether or in what form these regulations will be adopted or, if adopted, whether such regulations would have a significant impact on the income that could be generated by the Company. If adopted, the proposed regulations would apply to taxable years of the Company beginning on or after 90 days after the regulations are published as final. The Company is monitoring the status of the proposed regulations and is assessing the potential impact of the proposed tax regulation on its operations.

Failure to Obtain RIC Tax Treatment

If we were unable to obtain tax treatment as a RIC, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to stockholders, nor would they be required to be made. Distributions would generally be taxable to our stockholders as ordinary dividend income eligible for the reduced maximum rate applicable for qualified

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dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributees would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction.

Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits would be treated first as a return of capital to the extent of the stockholder's tax basis, and any remaining distributions would be treated as a capital gain.

Tax Cuts and Jobs Act

On December 22, 2017, President Trump signed into law the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, which significantly changed the Code, including a reduction in the statutory corporate income tax rate to 21%, a new limitation on the deductibility of business interest expense, restrictions on the use of net operating loss carryforwards arising in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017 and dramatic changes to the taxation of income earned from foreign sources and foreign subsidiaries. The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act also authorizes the Treasury Department to issue regulations with respect to the new provisions.

The newly imposed limitation on the deductibility of interest expense for U.S. federal income tax purposes may adversely affect our leveraged portfolio companies' ability to deduct interest payments. Additionally, the disallowance of interest deductibility may or may not impact the portfolio company's ability to make dividend distributions from taxable earnings and profits. We cannot predict how these or the other changes in the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, or regulations or other guidance issued under it, might affect us, our business, the business of our portfolio companies, or an investment in our securities.

The discussion set forth herein does not constitute tax advice, and potential investors should consult their own tax advisors concerning the tax considerations relevant to their particular situation.

**CERTAIN CONSIDERATIONS APPLICABLE TO
ERISA, GOVERNMENTAL AND OTHER PLAN INVESTORS**

A fiduciary of a pension plan or other employee benefit plan (including a governmental plan, an individual retirement account or a Keogh plan) proposing to invest in the notes should consider this section carefully.

A fiduciary of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (commonly referred to as “ERISA”), should consider fiduciary standards under ERISA in the context of the particular circumstances of such plan before authorizing an investment in the notes. Such fiduciary should consider whether the investment is in accordance with the documents and instruments governing the plan.

In addition, ERISA and the Code prohibit certain transactions (referred to as “prohibited transactions”) involving the assets of a plan subject to ERISA or the assets of an individual retirement account or plan subject to Section 4975 of the Code (referred to as an “ERISA plan”), on the one hand, and persons who have certain specified relationships to the plan (“parties in interest” within the meaning of ERISA or “disqualified persons” within the meaning of the Code), on the other. If we (or an affiliate) are considered a party in interest or disqualified person with respect to an ERISA plan, then the investment in notes by the ERISA plan may give rise to a prohibited transaction. The purchase and holding of notes by an ERISA plan may be subject to one or more statutory or administrative exemptions from the prohibited transaction rules under ERISA and the Code. Even if the conditions for relief under such exemptions were satisfied, however, there can be no assurance that such exemptions would apply to all of the prohibited transactions that may be deemed to arise in connection with a plan’s investment in the notes.

By purchasing and holding the notes, the person making the decision to invest on behalf of an ERISA plan is representing that the purchase and holding of the notes will not result in a prohibited transaction under ERISA or the Code. Therefore, an ERISA plan should not invest in the notes unless the plan fiduciary or other person acquiring securities on behalf of the ERISA plan determines that neither we nor an affiliate is a party in interest or a disqualified person or, alternatively, that an exemption from the prohibited transaction rules is available. If an ERISA plan engages in a prohibited transaction, the transaction may require “correction” and may cause the ERISA plan fiduciary to incur certain liabilities and the parties in interest or disqualified persons to be subject to excise taxes.

Employee benefit plans that are governmental plans and non-U.S. plans, and certain church plans, are not subject to ERISA requirements. However, non-U.S., federal, state or local laws or regulations governing the investment and management of the assets of such plans may contain fiduciary and prohibited transaction requirements similar to those under ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code discussed above. By purchasing and holding the notes, the person making the decision to invest on behalf of any such plan is representing that the purchase and holding of the notes will not violate any law applicable to such plan that is similar to the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA or the Code. If you are the fiduciary of an employee benefit plan, whether or not subject to ERISA, and you propose to invest in the notes with the assets of such employee benefit plan, you should consult your own legal counsel for further guidance. The sale of notes to an employee benefit plan is in no respect a representation by us, the Purchasing Agent or any other person that such an investment meets all relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by employee benefit plans generally or any particular plan or that such an investment is appropriate for employee benefit plans generally or any particular plan.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless otherwise indicated in a pricing supplement for the notes, we expect to use the net proceeds from the sale of the notes initially to maintain balance sheet liquidity, involving repayment of debt under our credit facility, if any, and redemption of outstanding Prospect Capital InterNotes® and other debt, investments in high quality short-term debt instruments or a combination thereof, and thereafter to make long-term investments in accordance with our investment objective. We anticipate that substantially all of the net proceeds from each offering will be used for the above purposes within six months, depending on the availability of appropriate investment opportunities consistent with our investment objective and market conditions.

As of November 8, 2018, we had \$270.0 million in outstanding borrowings under our credit facility and, based on the assets currently pledged as collateral on the facility, a total of approximately \$556.4 million was available to us for borrowing under our credit facility net of outstanding borrowings. Interest on borrowings under the credit facility is one-month LIBOR plus 2.20%, with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the credit facility equal to either 50 basis points if more than 60% of the credit facility is drawn, or 100 basis points if more than 35% and an amount less than or equal to 60% of the credit facility is drawn, or 150 basis points if an amount less than or equal to 35% of the credit facility is drawn.

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SENIOR SECURITIES

Information about our senior securities is shown in the following table as of each fiscal year ended June 30 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 through June 30, 2018 and as of September 30, 2018. (All figures in this item are in thousands except per unit data.)

	Total Amount Outstanding(1)	Asset Coverage per Unit(2)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(3)	Average Market Value per Unit(4)
Credit Facility(15)				
Fiscal 2019 (as of September 30, 2018, unaudited)	\$ 404,000	\$15,159	—	—
Fiscal 2018 (as of June 30, 2018)	37,000	155,503	—	—
Fiscal 2017 (as of June 30, 2017)	—	—	—	—
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	—	—	—	—
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	368,700	18,136	—	—
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	92,000	69,470	—	—
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	124,000	34,996	—	—
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	96,000	22,668	—	—
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)	84,200	18,065	—	—
Fiscal 2010 (as of June 30, 2010)	100,300	8,093	—	—
Fiscal 2009 (as of June 30, 2009)	124,800	5,268	—	—
2015 Notes(5)				
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	\$ 150,000	\$44,579	—	—
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	150,000	42,608	—	—
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	150,000	28,930	—	—
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	150,000	14,507	—	—
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)	150,000	10,140	—	—
2016 Notes(6)				
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	\$ 167,500	\$36,677	—	—
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	167,500	39,921	—	—
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	167,500	38,157	—	—
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	167,500	25,907	—	—
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	167,500	12,992	—	—
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)	172,500	8,818	—	—
2017 Notes(7)				
Fiscal 2017 (as of June 30, 2017)	\$ 50,734	\$118,981	—	—
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	129,500	47,439	—	—
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	130,000	51,437	—	—
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	130,000	49,163	—	—
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	130,000	33,381	—	—
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	130,000	16,739	—	—
2018 Notes(8)				
Fiscal 2017 (as of June 30, 2017)	\$ 85,419	\$70,668	—	—
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	200,000	30,717	—	—
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	200,000	33,434	—	—
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	200,000	31,956	—	—

Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	200,000	21,697	—	—
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	Total Amount Outstanding(1)	Asset Coverage per Unit(2)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(3)	Average Market Value per Unit(4)
2019 Notes				
Fiscal 2019 (as of September 30, 2018, unaudited)	\$ 101,647	\$ 60,251	—	—
Fiscal 2018 (as of June 30, 2018)	101,647	56,604	—	—
Fiscal 2017 (as of June 30, 2017)	200,000	30,182	—	—
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	200,000	30,717	—	—
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	200,000	33,434	—	—
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	200,000	31,956	—	—
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	200,000	21,697	—	—
5.00% 2019 Notes(10)				
Fiscal 2018 (as of June 30, 2018)	\$ 153,536	\$ 37,474	—	—
Fiscal 2017 (as of June 30, 2017)	300,000	20,121	—	—
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	300,000	20,478	—	—
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	300,000	22,289	—	—
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	300,000	21,304	—	—
2020 Notes				
Fiscal 2019 (as of September 30, 2018, unaudited)	\$ 392,000	\$ 15,623	—	—
Fiscal 2018 (as of June 30, 2018)	392,000	14,678	—	—
Fiscal 2017 (as of June 30, 2017)	392,000	15,399	—	—
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	392,000	15,672	—	—
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	392,000	17,058	—	—
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	400,000	15,978	—	—
6.95% 2022 Notes(9)				
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	\$ 100,000	\$ 63,912	—	\$ 1,038
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	100,000	43,395	—	1,036
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	100,000	21,761	—	996
2022 Notes				
Fiscal 2019 (as of September 30, 2018, unaudited)	\$ 328,500	\$ 18,643	—	—
Fiscal 2018 (as of June 30, 2018)	328,500	17,515	—	—
Fiscal 2017 (as of June 30, 2017)	225,000	26,828	—	—
2023 Notes(11)				
Fiscal 2019 (as of September 30, 2018, unaudited)	\$ 318,792	\$ 19,211	—	—
Fiscal 2018 (as of June 30, 2018)	318,675	18,055	—	—
Fiscal 2017 (as of June 30, 2017)	248,507	24,291	—	—
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	248,293	24,742	—	—
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	248,094	26,953	—	—
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	247,881	25,783	—	—
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	247,725	17,517	—	—
2024 Notes				
Fiscal 2019 (as of September 30, 2018, unaudited)	\$ 214,847	\$ 28,506	—	\$ 1,001

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Fiscal 2018 (as of June 30, 2018)	199,281	28,872	—	1,029
Fiscal 2017 (as of June 30, 2017)	199,281	30,291	—	1,027
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	161,364	38,072	—	951

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	Total Amount Outstanding(1)	Asset Coverage per Unit(2)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(3)	Average Market Value per Unit(4)
6.375% 2024 Notes(11)				
Fiscal 2019 (as of September 30, 2018, unaudited)	\$ 99,685	\$ 61,437	—	—
2028 Notes				
Fiscal 2019 (as of September 30, 2018, unaudited)	\$ 65,078	\$ 94,108	—	\$ 998
Fiscal 2018 (as of June 30, 2018)	55,000	104,611	—	1,004
Prospect Capital InterNotes®(13)				
Fiscal 2019 (as of September 30, 2018, unaudited)	\$ 768,887	\$ 7,965	—	—
Fiscal 2018 (as of June 30, 2018)	760,924	7,561	—	—
Fiscal 2017 (as of June 30, 2017)	980,494	6,156	—	—
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	908,808	6,760	—	—
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	827,442	8,081	—	—
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	785,670	8,135	—	—
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	363,777	11,929	—	—
All Senior Securities(11)(12)(13)(14)				
Fiscal 2019 (as of September 30, 2018, unaudited)	\$ 2,693,436	\$ 2,274	—	—
Fiscal 2018 (as of June 30, 2018)	2,346,563	2,452	—	—
Fiscal 2017 (as of June 30, 2017)	2,681,435	2,251	—	—
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	2,707,465	2,269	—	—
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	2,983,736	2,241	—	—
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	2,773,051	2,305	—	—
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	1,683,002	2,578	—	—
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	664,138	3,277	—	—

(1) Except as noted, the total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the year/period presented (in 000's).

(2) The asset coverage ratio for a class of senior securities representing indebtedness is calculated as our consolidated total assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, divided by senior securities representing indebtedness. This asset coverage ratio is multiplied by \$1,000 to determine the Asset Coverage Per Unit.

(3) This column is inapplicable.

(4) This column is inapplicable, except for the 6.95% 2022 Notes, the 2024 Notes and the 2028 Notes. The average market value per unit is calculated as an average of quarter-end prices and shown as the market value per \$1,000 of indebtedness.

(5) We repaid the outstanding principal amount of the 2015 Notes on December 15, 2015.

(6) We repaid the outstanding principal amount of the 2016 Notes on August 15, 2016.

(7) We repaid the outstanding principal amount of the 2017 Notes on October 15, 2017.

(8) We repaid the outstanding principal amount of the 2018 Notes on March 15, 2018.

(9) We redeemed the 6.95% 2022 Notes on May 15, 2015.

(10) We redeemed the 5.00% 2019 Notes on September 26, 2018.

(11) For the quarter ended September 30, 2018 and all fiscal years ended June 30th, the notes are presented net of unamortized discount.

(12)

While we do not consider commitments to fund under revolving arrangements to be Senior Securities, if we were to elect to treat such unfunded commitments, which were \$38,530 as of September 30, 2018 as Senior Securities for purposes of Section 18 of the 1940 Act, our asset coverage per unit would be \$2,256.

We have provided notice to call on October 12, 2018 with settlement on November 15, 2018, \$70.1 million of our (13)Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par maturing between May 15, 2020 and November 15, 2020, with a weighted average rate of 4.92%.

If we were to consider the additional issuance and repurchases subsequent to September 30, 2018 including all (14)notices to redeem with settlements through November 15, 2018, our asset coverage per unit would be \$2,367, or \$2,345 including the effects of unfunded commitments.

(15)As of November 8, 2018, we had \$270.0 million outstanding borrowings under our credit facility.

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PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Under the terms of the Seventh Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement dated November 9, 2018, which we refer to as the “Selling Agent Agreement,” the notes will be offered from time to time by us to the Purchasing Agent for subsequent resale to agents, including Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and RBC Capital Markets, LLC and other dealers who are broker-dealers and securities firms. The agents, including the Purchasing Agent, and the additional agents named from time to time pursuant to the Selling Agent Agreement, are, or will be, parties to the Selling Agent Agreement. The notes will be offered for sale in the United States only. Dealers who are members of the selling group have executed a Master Selected Dealer Agreement with the Purchasing Agent. We also may appoint additional agents to sell the notes. Any sale of the notes through those additional agents, however, will be on the same terms and conditions to which the original agents have agreed. The Purchasing Agent will purchase the notes at a discount ranging from 0.4% to 3.8% of the non-discounted price for each note sold. However, we also may sell the notes to the Purchasing Agent at a discount greater than or less than the range specified above. The discount at which we sell the notes to the Purchasing Agent will be set forth in the applicable pricing supplement. The Purchasing Agent also may sell notes to dealers at a concession not in excess of the discount it received from us. In certain cases, the Purchasing Agent and the other agents and dealers may agree that the Purchasing Agent will retain the entire discount. We will disclose any particular arrangements in the applicable pricing supplement.

Following the solicitation of orders, each of the agents, severally and not jointly, may purchase notes as principal for its own account from the Purchasing Agent. Unless otherwise set forth in the applicable pricing supplement, these notes will be purchased by the agents and resold by them to one or more investors at a fixed public offering price. After the initial public offering of notes, the public offering price (in the case of notes to be resold at a fixed public offering price), discount and concession may be changed.

Except for notes sold to level-fee accounts, notes offered to the public will be offered at the public offering price set forth in the applicable pricing supplement. Agents purchasing notes on an agency basis for client accounts shall purchase notes at the public offering price. Notes sold by the Agents for their own account may be sold at the public offering price less a discount specified in the applicable pricing supplement. Notes purchased by the Agents on behalf of level-fee accounts may be sold to such accounts at the discount to the public offering price specified in the applicable pricing supplement, in which case, such Agents will not retain any portion of the sales price as compensation.

We have the sole right to accept offers to purchase notes and may reject any proposed offer to purchase notes in whole or in part. Each agent also has the right, in its discretion reasonably exercised, to reject any proposed offer to purchase notes in whole or in part. We reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify any offer without notice. We also may change the terms, including the interest rate we will pay on the notes, at any time prior to our acceptance of an offer to purchase.

Each agent, including the Purchasing Agent, may be deemed to be an “underwriter” within the meaning of the Securities Act. We have agreed to indemnify the agents against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to any payments they may be required to make in respect of such liabilities. We also have agreed to reimburse the agents for certain expenses.

No note will have an established trading market when issued. We do not intend to apply for the listing of the notes on any securities exchange. However, we have been advised by the agents that they may purchase and sell notes in the secondary market as permitted by applicable laws and regulations. The agents are not obligated to make a market in the notes, and they may discontinue making a market in the notes at any time without notice. Neither we nor the agents can provide any assurance regarding the development, liquidity or maintenance of any trading market for any notes. All secondary trading in the notes will settle in same-day funds. See “Registration and Settlement.”

In connection with certain offerings of notes, the rules of the SEC permit the Purchasing Agent to engage in transactions that may stabilize the price of the notes. The Purchasing Agent will conduct these activities for the agents. These transactions may consist of short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by short sales. A short sale is the sale by the Purchasing Agent of a greater amount of notes than the amount the Purchasing Agent has agreed to purchase in connection with a specific offering of notes. Stabilizing transactions consist of certain bids or purchases made by the Purchasing Agent to prevent or retard a decline in the price of the notes while an offering of notes is in process. In general, these purchases or bids for the notes for the purpose of stabilization or to

reduce a syndicate short position could cause the price of the notes to be higher than it might otherwise be in the absence of those purchases or bids. Neither we nor the Purchasing Agent makes any representation or prediction as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that these transactions may have on the price of any notes. In addition, neither we nor the Purchasing Agent makes any representation that, once commenced, these transactions will not be discontinued without notice. The Purchasing Agent is not required to engage in these activities and may end any of these activities at any time.

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Some of the agents and their affiliates have engaged in, and may in the future engage in, investment banking and other commercial dealings in the ordinary course of business with us or our affiliates. They have received, or may in the future receive, customary fees and commissions for these transactions.

In addition, in the ordinary course of their business activities, the agents and their affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers. Such investments and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of ours or our affiliates. The agents and their affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or financial instruments and may hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

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LEGAL MATTERS

The legality of the notes will be passed upon for the Company by Sean Dailey, our Vice President, Legal, Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP (“Skadden, Arps”), New York, New York, and Venable LLP, as special Maryland counsel, Baltimore, Maryland, will pass on certain matters for the Company. Troutman Sanders LLP will pass on certain matters for the agents. Skadden, Arps and Venable LLP each have from time to time acted as counsel for us and our subsidiaries and may do so in the future.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTING FIRMS

BDO USA, LLP is the independent Registered Public accounting firm of the Company and National Property REIT Corp. RSM US LLP is the independent registered public accounting firm of First Tower Finance Company LLC.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the notes offered by this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the notes being registered by this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. We file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current periodic reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. This information and the information specifically regarding how we voted proxies relating to portfolio securities for the period ended June 30, 2018, are available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40th Street, 42nd floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at toll-free (888) 748-0702. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at (202) 551-8090. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC which are available on the SEC’s Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC’s Public Reference Section, Washington, D.C. 20549-0102.

No dealer, salesperson or other individual has been authorized to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by us or the Purchasing Agent or any agent. This prospectus supplement does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities in any jurisdiction in which such an offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so, or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. Neither the delivery of this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in our affairs or that information contained herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

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F-1

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2018 (Audited)
Assets		
Investments at fair value:		
Control investments (amortized cost of \$2,331,620 and \$2,300,526, respectively)	\$2,487,337	\$2,404,326
Affiliate investments (amortized cost of \$175,235 and \$55,637, respectively)	95,993	58,436
Non-control/non-affiliate investments (amortized cost of \$3,532,959 and \$3,475,295, respectively)	3,353,353	3,264,517
Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$6,039,814 and \$5,831,458, respectively)	5,936,683	5,727,279
Cash	120,052	83,758
Receivables for:		
Interest, net	23,516	19,783
Other	1,359	1,867
Due from broker (Note 6)	102,834	3,029
Deferred financing costs on Revolving Credit Facility (Note 4)	8,202	2,032
Due from Affiliate (Note 13)	5,888	88
Prepaid expenses	948	984
Total Assets	6,199,482	5,838,820
Liabilities		
Revolving Credit Facility (Notes 4 and 8)	404,000	37,000
Convertible Notes (less unamortized debt issuance costs of \$12,009 and \$13,074, respectively) (Notes 5 and 8)	810,138	809,073
Prospect Capital InterNotes® (less unamortized debt issuance costs of \$11,875 and \$11,998, respectively) (Notes 7 and 8)	757,012	748,926
Public Notes (less unamortized discount and debt issuance costs of \$12,219 and \$11,007, respectively) (Notes 6 and 8)	687,706	716,810
Due to Prospect Capital Management (Note 13)	51,327	49,045
Interest payable	27,365	33,741
Dividends payable	21,914	21,865
Due to broker	—	6,159
Accrued expenses	4,535	5,426
Due to Prospect Administration (Note 13)	2,396	2,212
Other liabilities	2,145	1,516
Total Liabilities	2,768,538	2,431,773
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 3)	—	—
Net Assets	\$3,430,944	\$3,407,047
Components of Net Assets		
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (1,000,000,000 common shares authorized; 365,225,139 and 364,409,938 issued and outstanding, respectively) (Note 9)	\$365	\$364
Paid-in capital in excess of par (Note 9)	4,027,305	4,021,541
Accumulated overdistributed net investment income	(25,689)	(45,186)
Accumulated net realized loss	(467,906)	(465,493)
Net unrealized loss	(103,131)	(104,179)

Net Assets	\$3,430,944	\$3,407,047
Net Asset Value Per Share (Note 16)	\$9.39	\$9.35

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(in thousands, except share and per share data)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017
Investment Income		
Interest income:		
Control investments	\$56,454	\$46,030
Affiliate investments	227	205
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	68,609	72,430
Structured credit securities	34,152	29,420
Total interest income	159,442	148,085
Dividend income:		
Control investments	14,665	—
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	262	544
Total dividend income	14,927	544
Other income:		
Control investments	2,791	2,091
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	3,262	7,859
Total other income (Note 10)	6,053	9,950
Total Investment Income	180,422	158,579
Operating Expenses		
Base management fee (Note 13)	29,957	30,163
Income incentive fee (Note 13)	21,290	15,933
Interest and credit facility expenses	37,908	41,035
Allocation of overhead from Prospect Administration (Note 13)	3,365	3,528
Audit, compliance and tax related fees	393	1,088
Directors' fees	79	113
Other general and administrative expenses	2,271	2,987
Total Operating Expenses	95,263	94,847
Net Investment Income	85,159	63,732
Net Realized and Net Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) from Investments		
Net realized gains		
Control investments	1	9
Affiliate investments	—	846
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	1,040	582
Net realized gains	1,041	1,437
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)		
Control investments	51,918	1,093
Affiliate investments	(13,755)	5,193
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	(37,114)	(59,037)
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)	1,049	(52,751)
Net Realized and Net Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) from Investments	2,090	(51,314)
Net realized losses on extinguishment of debt	(3,454)	(445)
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$83,795	\$11,973
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share	\$0.23	\$0.03
Dividends declared per share	\$(0.18)	\$(0.23)

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017
Operations		
Net investment income	\$85,159	\$63,732
Net realized (losses) gains	(2,413	) 992
Net change in net unrealized gains (losses)	1,049	(52,751)
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	83,795	11,973
Distributions to Shareholders		
Distribution from net investment income	(65,693	) (81,647)
Net Decrease in Net Assets Resulting from Distributions to Shareholders	(65,693	) (81,647)
Common Stock Transactions		
Value of shares issued through reinvestment of dividends	5,795	1,713
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Common Stock Transactions	5,795	1,713
Total Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	23,897	(67,961)
Net assets at beginning of period	3,407,047	3,354,952
Net Assets at End of Period (Accumulated Overdistributed Net Investment Income of \$25,689 and \$72,726, respectively)	\$3,430,944	\$3,286,991
Common Stock Activity		
Shares issued through reinvestment of dividends	815,201	233,489
Shares issued and outstanding at beginning of period	364,409,938	360,076,933
Shares Issued and Outstanding at End of Period	365,225,139	360,310,422

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(in thousands, except share data)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017
Operating Activities		
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$83,795	\$11,973
Net realized losses on extinguishment of debt	3,454	445
Net realized gains on investments	(1,041)	(1,437)
Net change in net unrealized (gains) losses on investments	(1,049)	52,751
Amortization of discounts and (accretion of premiums), net	(7,839)	11,133
Accretion of discount on Public Notes (Note 6)	131	69
Amortization of deferred financing costs	2,716	3,166
Payment-in-kind interest	(9,325)	(1,980)
Structuring fees	(2,854)	(2,285)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Payments for purchases of investments	(242,463)	(217,886)
Proceeds from sale of investments and collection of investment principal	55,166	310,894
Decrease in due to broker	(6,159)	(47,416)
Increase (Decrease) in due to Prospect Capital Management	2,282	(1,936)
Increase in interest receivable, net	(3,733)	(11,714)
Decrease in interest payable	(6,376)	(5,306)
Decrease in accrued expenses	(891)	(1,093)
Increase in due from broker	(99,805)	—
Increase in other liabilities	629	614
Decrease (Increase) in other receivables	508	(174)
Increase in due from Prospect Administration	—	(12)
Increase in due from affiliate	(5,800)	(4)
Decrease in prepaid expenses	36	144
Increase in due to Prospect Administration	184	—
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities	(238,434)	99,946
Financing Activities		
Borrowings under Revolving Credit Facility (Note 4)	436,000	—
Principal payments under Revolving Credit Facility (Note 4)	(69,000)	—
Issuances of Public Notes, net of original issue discount (Note 6)	125,644	—
Redemptions of Public Notes (Note 6)	(153,536)	—
Issuances of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (Note 7)	39,757	27,402
Redemptions of Prospect Capital InterNotes®, net (Note 7)	(31,794)	(91,864)
Financing costs paid and deferred	(12,494)	(729)
Dividends paid	(59,849)	(88,321)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities	274,728	(153,512)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	36,294	(53,566)
Cash at beginning of period	83,758	318,083
Cash at End of Period	\$120,052	\$264,517
Supplemental Disclosures		
Cash paid for interest	\$41,437	\$43,106
Non-Cash Financing Activities		

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Value of shares issued through reinvestment of dividends	\$5,795	\$1,713
Cost basis of investments written off as worthless	\$—	\$310

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investments(1)(44)	Acquisition Date	September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost		
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(47)							
CCPI Inc.(19)	Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.00%, due 12/31/2020)(3)	12/13/2012	\$2,825	\$2,825	\$2,825	0.1%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% plus 7.00% PIK, due 12/31/2020)(3)(46)	12/13/2012	17,651	17,651	17,651	0.5%
		Common Stock (14,857 shares)(16)	12/13/2012		6,759	14,213	0.4%
					27,235	34,689	1.0%
CP Energy Services Inc.(20)	Energy Equipment & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (13.34% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/29/2022)(11)	12/29/2017	35,048	35,048	35,048	1.0%
		Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (16.00%, 790 shares)(16)	10/30/2015		63,225	63,225	1.9%
		Common Stock (102,924 shares)(16)	8/2/2013		81,203	44,367	1.3%
					179,476	142,640	4.2%
Credit Central Loan Company, LLC(21)	Consumer Finance	Subordinated Term Loan (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/26/2024)(14)(46)	6/24/2014	51,855	48,345	51,855	1.5%
		Class A Units (10,640,642 units)(14)(16)	6/24/2014		13,731	17,477	0.5%
		Net Revenues Interest (25% of Net Revenues)(14)(16)	1/28/2015		—	1,256	0.1%
					62,076	70,588	2.1%
Echelon Transportation, LLC (f/k/a Echelon Aviation, LLC)	Aerospace & Defense	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.83% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.25% PIK, due 3/31/2022)(13)(46)	3/31/2014	32,211	32,211	32,211	0.9%
		Senior Secured Term Loan (11.08% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 1.00% PIK, due 12/7/2024)(13)(46)	12/9/2016	17,012	17,012	17,012	0.5%
		Membership Interest (100%)(16)	3/31/2014		22,738	38,152	1.1%

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					71,961	87,375	2.5%
First Tower Finance Company LLC(23)	Consumer Finance	Subordinated Term Loan to First Tower, LLC (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/24/2019)(14)(46)	6/24/2014	272,170	272,170	272,170	7.9%
		Class A Units (95,709,910 units)(14)(16)	6/24/2014		81,146	173,571	5.1%
					353,316	445,741	13.0%
Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC(24)	Energy Equipment & Services	Membership Interest (100%)(16)	10/1/2009		43,592	14,600	0.4%
					43,592	14,600	0.4%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.74% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 0.75% LIBOR floor), due 9/5/2020)(13)	8/3/2012	77,994	77,994	77,994	2.3%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (16.00% PIK, due 9/5/2020)(13)(46)	8/3/2012	103,090	103,090	103,090	3.0%
InterDent, Inc. (52)	Health Care Providers & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A/B (2.49% (LIBOR + 0.25% with 0.75% LIBOR floor), due 9/5/2020)(13)	8/1/2018	14,000	14,000	14,000	0.4%
		Senior Secured Term Loan C (18.00% PIK, due 9/5/2020)(46)	3/22/2018	35,766	35,766	25,215	0.7%
		Senior Secured Term Loan D (1.00% PIK, due 9/5/2020)(46)	9/19/2018	5,001	5,001	—	—%
		Warrants (to purchase 99,900 shares of Common Stock, expires 9/19/2030)(16)	2/23/2018	—	—	—	—%
					235,851	220,299	6.4%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investments(1)(44)	Acquisition Date	September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)			% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value(2)	
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(47)							
MITY, Inc.(25)	Commercial Services & Supplies	Senior Secured Note A (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/30/2020)(3)(11)	9/19/2013	\$26,250	\$26,250	\$26,250	0.8%
		Senior Secured Note B (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 10.00% PIK, due 1/30/2020)(3)(11)(46)	6/23/2014	24,652	24,652	24,652	0.7%
		Subordinated Unsecured Note to Broda Enterprises ULC (10.00%, due on demand)(14)	9/19/2013	5,702	7,200	5,702	0.2%
		Common Stock (42,053 shares)(16)	9/19/2013		6,849	1,121	—%
					64,951	57,725	1.7%
National Property REIT Corp.(26)	Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) / Online Lending	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.39% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 10.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(11)(46)	4/1/2014	293,203	293,203	293,203	8.5%
		Senior Secured Term Loan E (11.39% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 1.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(11)(46)	4/1/2014	217,960	217,960	217,960	6.4%
		Common Stock (3,102,279 shares)	12/31/2013		317,809	453,313	13.2%
		Net Operating Income Interest (5% of Net Operating Income)	12/31/2013		—	107,487	3.1%
					828,972	1,071,963	31.2%
Nationwide Loan Company LLC(27)	Consumer Finance	Senior Subordinated Term Loan to Nationwide Acceptance LLC (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/18/2019)(14)(46)	6/18/2014	17,410	17,410	17,410	0.5%
		Class A Units (32,456,159 units)(14)	1/31/2013		21,962	15,307	0.4%
					39,372	32,717	0.9%

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		Senior Secured Note (14.00%, due 5/6/2021)(3)	5/6/2011	3,714	3,714	3,714	0.1%
NMMB, Inc.(28)	Media	Senior Secured Note to Armed Forces Communications, Inc. (14.00%, due 5/6/2021)(3)	6/12/2014	3,900	3,900	3,900	0.1%
		Series A Preferred Stock (7,200 shares)(16)	12/12/2013		7,200	6,971	0.2%
		Series B Preferred Stock (5,669 shares)(16)	12/12/2013		5,669	5,489	0.2%
					20,483	20,074	0.6%
		Revolving Line of Credit – \$26,000 Commitment (9.46% (LIBOR + 7.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(13)(15)	9/26/2014	20,825	20,825	20,825	0.6%
Pacific World Corporation(40)	Personal Products	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.46% (LIBOR + 5.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(13)	12/31/2014	96,000	96,000	96,000	2.8%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.46% PIK (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 5/21/2018, due 9/26/2020)(13)	12/31/2014	99,166	96,500	47,333	1.4%
		Convertible Preferred Equity (100,000 shares)(16)	6/15/2018		15,000	—	—%
		Common Stock (6,778,414 shares)(16)	9/29/2017		—	—	—%
					228,325	164,158	4.8%
R-V Industries, Inc.	Machinery	Senior Subordinated Note (11.39% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/31/2022)(3)(11)	6/12/2013	28,622	28,622	24,782	0.7%
		Common Stock (745,107 shares)(16)	6/26/2007		6,866	—	—%
					35,488	24,782	0.7%
SB Forging Company II, Inc. (f/k/a Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company)(29)	Energy Equipment & Services	Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (99,900 shares)(16)	11/8/2013		—	2,201	0.1%
		Common Stock (100 shares)(16)	11/8/2013		—	—	—%
					—	2,201	0.1%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investments(1)(44)	September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)				% of Net Assets
			Acquisition Date	Principal Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value(2)	
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(47)							
USES Corp.(30)	Commercial Services & Supplies	Senior Secured Term Loan A (9.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 7/22/2020)	3/31/2014	\$37,821	\$31,601	\$15,807	0.5%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (15.50% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 7/22/2020)	3/31/2014	49,787	35,568	—	—%
		Common Stock (268,962 shares)(16)	6/15/2016	—	—	—	—%
Valley Electric Company, Inc.(31)	Construction & Engineering	Common Stock (268,962 shares)(16)			67,169	15,807	0.5%
		Senior Secured Note to Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. (8.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 12/31/2024)(3)(11)(46)	12/31/2012	10,430	10,430	10,430	0.3%
		Senior Secured Note (8.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/23/2024)(46)	6/24/2014	32,881	32,881	32,881	1.0%
		Consolidated Revenue Interest (2.0%)(38)	6/22/2018	—	—	3,328	0.1%
		Common Stock (50,000 shares)	12/31/2012	—	26,204	35,304	1.0%
Wolf Energy, LLC(32)	Energy Equipment & Services	Common Stock (50,000 shares)			69,515	81,943	2.4%
		Membership Interest (100%)(16)	7/1/2014	—	—	—	—%
		Membership Interest in Wolf Energy Services Company, LLC (100%)(16)	3/14/2017	—	3,838	22	—%
		Net Profits Interest (8% of Equity Distributions)(4)(16)	4/15/2013	—	—	13	—%
Total Control Investments (Level 3)					\$2,331,620	\$2,487,337	72.5%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investments(1)(44)	Acquisition Date	September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)			% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value(2)	
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Affiliate Investments (5.00% to 24.99% voting control)(48)							
		Second Lien Revolving Credit Facility to Edmentum, Inc. – \$8,032 Commitment (5.00% PIK, due 12/9/2021)(15)(46)	6/9/2015	\$ 177	\$ 177	\$ 177	—%
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC(22)	Diversified Consumer Services	Unsecured Senior PIK Note (8.50% PIK, due 12/9/2021)(46)	6/9/2015	7,683	7,683	7,683	0.2%
		Unsecured Junior PIK Note (10.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 1/1/2017, due 12/9/2021)	6/9/2015	36,127	33,829	17,793	0.5%
		Class A Units (370,964 units)(16)	6/9/2015	6,577	—	—	—%
				38,266	—	25,653	0.7%
Nixon, Inc.(39)	Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	Common Stock (857 units)(16)	5/12/2017	—	—	—	—%
				—	—	—	—%
Targus Cayman HoldCo Limited(33)	Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	Common Stock (7,383,395 shares)(16)	5/24/2011	9,878	—	19,670	0.6%
				9,878	—	19,670	0.6%
United Sporting Companies, Inc.(18)	Distributors	Second Lien Term Loan (13.24% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.75% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2017, due 11/16/2019)(13)	9/28/2012	154,814	127,091	50,670	1.5%
		Common Stock (218,941 shares)(16)	5/2/2017	—	—	—	—%
				—	—	—	—%
				127,091	—	50,670	1.5%
Total Affiliate Investments (Level 3)				\$ 175,235	\$ 95,993	\$ 95,993	2.8%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investments(1)(44)	Acquisition Date	September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)			% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value(2)	
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
ACE Cash Express, Inc.	Consumer Finance	Senior Secured Note (12.00%, due 12/15/2022)(8)(14)	12/15/2017	\$ 20,000	\$ 19,748	\$ 21,371	0.6%
					19,748	21,371	0.6%
AgaMatrix, Inc.	Health Care Equipment & Supplies	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.39% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 9/29/2022)(3)(11)	9/29/2017	35,380	35,380	35,380	1.0%
					35,380	35,380	1.0%
American Gilsonite Company(34)	Chemicals	Membership Interest (0.05%, 131 shares)(16)	3/14/2008	—	—	—	—%
					—	—	—%
Apidos CLO IX	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%, due 7/15/2023)(5)(14)(17)	7/11/2012	23,525	21	76	—%
					21	76	—%
Apidos CLO XI	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 7.90%, due 10/17/2028)(5)(14)	1/17/2013	40,500	32,510	25,231	0.7%
					32,510	25,231	0.7%
Apidos CLO XII	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.71%, due 4/15/2031)(5)(14)	4/18/2013	52,203	34,302	26,718	0.8%
					34,302	26,718	0.8%
Apidos CLO XV	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.85%, due 4/20/2031)(5)(14)	10/16/2013	48,515	35,499	27,161	0.8%
					35,499	27,161	0.8%
Apidos CLO XXII	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 11.34%, due 10/20/2027)(5)(6)(14)	10/14/2015	31,350	27,848	25,122	0.7%
					27,848	25,122	0.7%
Ark-La-Tex Wireline Services, LLC	Energy Equipment & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.76% (LIBOR + 11.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 4/8/2019)(13)	4/8/2014	25,595	1,145	787	—%
					1,145	787	—%
			2/21/2013	7,000	7,000	6,869	0.2%

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Atlantis Health Care Group (Puerto Rico), Inc.	Health Care Providers & Services	Revolving Line of Credit – \$7,000 Commitment (10.84% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/21/2019)(11)						
		Senior Term Loan (10.84% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/21/2020)(3)(11)	2/21/2013	77,509	77,509	76,063	2.2%	
					84,509	82,932	2.4%	
ATS Consolidated, Inc.	Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	Second Lien Term Loan (9.99% (LIBOR + 7.75%), due 3/19/2018 2/27/2026)(8)(13)		15,000	14,860	15,300	0.5%	
					14,860	15,300	0.5%	
Autodata, Inc./ Autodata Solutions, Inc.(9)	Software	Second Lien Term Loan (9.49% (LIBOR + 7.25%), due 12/14/2017 12/12/2025)(3)(8)(13)		6,000	5,973	5,973	0.2%	
					5,973	5,973	0.2%	
Barings CLO 2018-III (f/k/a Babson CLO Ltd. 2014-III)	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 11.98%, due 7/20/2029)(5)(6)(14)	6/14/2018	83,098	51,204	44,371	1.3%	
					51,204	44,371	1.3%	
Broder Bros., Co.	Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	Senior Secured Note (10.39% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 12/02/2022)(3)(11)	12/4/2017	272,618	272,618	272,618	7.9%	
					272,618	272,618	7.9%	

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investments(1)(44)	Acquisition Date	September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)			% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value(2)	
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
Brookside Mill CLO Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 8.07%, due 1/18/2028)(5)(14)	5/23/2013	\$36,300	\$18,865	\$13,535	0.4%
					18,865	13,535	0.4%
California Street CLO IX Ltd. (f/k/a Symphony CLO IX Ltd.)	Structured Finance	Preference Shares (Residual Interest, current yield 10.74%, due 10/16/2028)(5)(14)	5/8/2012	58,915	41,855	35,997	1.1%
					41,855	35,997	1.1%
Candle-Lite Company, LLC	Household Products	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.81% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 1/23/2023)(3)(11)	1/23/2018	12,375	12,375	12,375	0.3%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.81% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 1/23/2023)(3)(11)	1/23/2018	12,500	12,500	12,500	0.4%
					24,875	24,875	0.7%
Capstone Logistics Acquisition, Inc.	Commercial Services & Supplies	Second Lien Term Loan (10.49% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/7/2022)(3)(8)(13)	10/7/2014	101,030	100,690	101,030	2.9%
					100,690	101,030	2.9%
Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2014-4-R, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 21.10%, due 7/15/2030)(5)(6)(14)	6/29/2018	25,534	18,797	19,440	0.6%
					18,797	19,440	0.6%
Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2016-3, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.37%, due 10/20/2029)(5)(6)(14)	9/13/2016	32,200	32,705	28,604	0.8%
					32,705	28,604	0.8%
Carlyle C17 CLO Limited (f/k/a Cent CLO 17 Limited)	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.32%, due 4/30/2031)(5)(14)	5/10/2018	24,870	15,850	15,386	0.5%
					15,850	15,386	0.5%
Cent CLO 20 Limited	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.96%, due 1/25/2026)(5)(14)	1/15/2014	40,275	30,792	28,127	0.8%

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					30,792	28,127	0.8%
Cent CLO 21 Limited	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.61%, due 7/27/2030)(5)(6)(14)	6/18/2014	49,552	38,539	31,536	0.9%
					38,539	31,536	0.9%
Cent CLO 21 Limited	Structured Finance	Class E Notes (10.99% (LIBOR + 8.65%), due 7/27/2030)(6)(11)(14)(37)	7/27/2018	10,591	9,971	10,866	0.3%
					9,971	10,866	0.3%
Centerfield Media Holding Company(35)	IT Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (9.34% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/17/2022)(3)(11)	1/17/2017	75,732	75,732	75,732	2.2%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (14.84% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/17/2022)(11)	1/17/2017	78,100	78,100	78,100	2.3%
					153,832	153,832	4.5%
CIFC Funding 2013-III-R, Ltd. (f/k/a CIFC Funding 2013-III, Ltd.)	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.53%, due 4/24/2031)(5)(14)	4/5/2018	44,100	28,368	25,184	0.7%
					28,368	25,184	0.7%
CIFC Funding 2013-IV, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.81%, due 4/28/2031)(5)(14)	11/14/2013	45,500	32,857	27,855	0.8%
					32,857	27,855	0.8%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investments(1)(44)	Acquisition Date	September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)			
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
CIFC Funding 2014-IV Investor, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 8.31%, due 10/19/2026)(5)(6)(14)	9/3/2014	\$41,500	\$28,175	\$22,084	0.6%
					28,175	22,084	0.6%
CIFC Funding 2014-V, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Class F Notes (10.88% (LIBOR + 8.50%), due 10/17/2031)(6)(11)(14)(37)	9/27/2018	10,250	9,943	9,942	0.3%
					9,943	9,942	0.3%
CIFC Funding 2016-I, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.13%, due 10/21/2028)(5)(6)(14)	12/21/2016	34,000	31,247	28,351	0.8%
					31,247	28,351	0.8%
Cinedigm DC Holdings, LLC	Entertainment	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.31% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 3/31/2021)(11)(46)	2/28/2013	29,965	29,915	29,965	0.9%
					29,915	29,965	0.9%
Class Appraisal, LLC	Real Estate Management & Development	Revolving Line of Credit – \$1,500 Commitment (10.64% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 3/12/2020)(11)(15) Senior Secured Term Loan (10.64% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 3/10/2023)(3)(11)	3/12/2018	—	—	—	—%
					41,580	41,580	1.2%
					41,580	41,580	1.2%
Coverall North America, Inc.	Commercial Services & Supplies	Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.34% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/02/2020)(3)(11) Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.34% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/02/2020)(3)(11)	11/2/2015	16,225	16,225	16,225	0.5%
					24,375	24,375	0.7%
					40,600	40,600	1.2%
CP VI Bella Midco	IT Services	Second Lien Term Loan (8.99% (LIBOR + 6.75%, due 12/29/2025)(8)(13)	12/28/2017	5,500	5,486	5,486	0.2%

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					5,486	5,486	0.2%
		First Lien Term Loan (7.25% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/29/2023)(3)(8)(13)	2/9/2018	9,925	9,836	9,925	0.3%
Digital Room, LLC	Commercial Services & Supplies	Second Lien Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/29/2024)(3)(8)(13)	2/8/2018	57,100	56,326	57,100	1.7%
					66,162	67,025	2.0%
Dunn Paper, Inc.	Paper & Forest Products	Second Lien Term Loan (10.99% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/26/2023)(3)(8)(13)	10/7/2016	11,500	11,337	11,337	0.3%
					11,337	11,337	0.3%
Dynatrace, LLC	Software	Second Lien Term Loan (9.22% (LIBOR + 7.00%), due 8/23/2026)(8)(13)	8/23/2018	3,000	2,993	2,993	0.1%
					2,993	2,993	0.1%
Easy Gardener Products, Inc.	Household Durables	Senior Secured Term Loan (12.34% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 0.25% LIBOR floor), due 09/30/2020)(3)(11)	10/2/2015	16,894	16,894	15,399	0.5%
					16,894	15,399	0.5%
Engine Group, Inc.(7)	Media	Senior Secured Term Loan (7.39% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/15/2022)(8)(11)	9/25/2017	4,710	4,710	4,690	0.1%
		Second Lien Term Loan (11.39% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/15/2023)(3)(8)(11)	9/25/2017	35,000	35,000	34,320	1.0%
					39,710	39,010	1.1%

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investments(1)(44)	Acquisition Date	September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)			% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value(2)	
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
EXC Holdings III Corp	Technology Hardware, Storage & Peripherals	Second Lien Term Loan (10.04% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/01/2025)(8)(10)	12/5/2017	\$ 12,500	\$ 12,388	\$ 12,500	0.4%
					12,388	12,500	0.4%
Fleetwash, Inc.	Commercial Services & Supplies	Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.34% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/30/2022)(3)(11) Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$15,000 Commitment (10.34% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), expires 4/30/2022)(11)(15)	4/30/2014	21,544	21,544	21,544	0.6%
				—	—	—	—%
					21,544	21,544	0.6%
Galaxy XV CLO, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 10.89%, due 10/15/2030)(5)(14)	3/14/2013	50,525	35,233	30,617	0.9%
					35,233	30,617	0.9%
Galaxy XXVII CLO, Ltd. (f/k/a Galaxy XVI CLO, Ltd.)	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 10.28%, due 5/16/2031)(5)(14)	4/17/2018	24,575	16,495	13,668	0.4%
					16,495	13,668	0.4%
Galaxy XXVIII CLO, Ltd. (f/k/a Galaxy XVII CLO, Ltd.)	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 10.85%, due 7/15/2031)(5)(6)(14)	6/27/2014	39,905	28,281	18,664	0.5%
					28,281	18,664	0.5%
Galaxy XXVIII CLO, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Class F Junior Notes (10.82% (LIBOR + 8.48%), due 7/15/2031)(6)(11)(14)(37)	7/16/2018	6,658	6,171	6,616	0.2%
					6,171	6,616	0.2%
H.I.G. ECI Merger Sub, Inc.	IT Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.84% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 5/31/2023)(3)(11) Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.84% (LIBOR + 10.50% with	5/31/2018	44,576	44,576	44,576	1.3%
			5/31/2018	29,900	29,900	29,900	0.9%

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		1.50% LIBOR floor), due 5/31/2023)(3)(11)			74,476	74,476	2.2%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2012-1 Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%, due 8/15/2023)(5)(14)(17)	8/21/2012	23,188	3,844	4,665	0.1%
					3,844	4,665	0.1%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2013-1 Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%, due 4/15/2025)(5)(14)(17)	3/28/2013	40,400	21,359	13,109	0.4%
					21,359	13,109	0.4%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-1 Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 1.35%, due 4/18/2026)(5)(14)	3/6/2014	24,500	13,315	11,201	0.3%
					13,315	11,201	0.3%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-2 Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%, due 4/28/2025)(5)(6)(14)(17)	4/28/2014	41,164	23,151	16,598	0.5%
					23,151	16,598	0.5%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2015-3 Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 20.18%, due 10/18/2027)(5)(6)(14)	9/3/2015	39,598	34,437	32,319	0.9%
					34,437	32,319	0.9%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investments(1)(44)	Acquisition Date	September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)		
				Principal Value	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS						
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)						
		Revolving Line of Credit – \$2,000 Commitment (10.39% (LIBOR + 8.00%), due 2/6/2020)(11)(15)	8/6/2018	\$—	\$—	—%
Halyard MD OPCO, LLC	Media	First Lien Term Loan (10.39% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/6/2023)(11)	8/6/2018	11,925	11,925	0.4%
		Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$3,500 Commitment (10.39% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/6/2019)(11)(15)	8/6/2018	—	—	—%
				11,925	11,925	0.4%
Harbortouch Payments, LLC	Commercial Services & Supplies	Escrow Receivable	3/31/2014	—	932	—%
				—	932	—%
HarbourView CLO VII-R, Ltd. (f/k/a HarbourView CLO VII, Ltd.)	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.02%, due 7/18/2031)(5)(6)(14)	6/10/2015	14,029	14,029	0.4%
Help/Systems Holdings, Inc.	Software	Second Lien Term Loan (9.99% (LIBOR + 7.75%), due 3/27/2026)(3)(8)(13)	4/17/2018	11,246	11,246	0.3%
				11,246	11,246	0.3%
Ingenio, LLC	Interactive Media & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (9.91% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2022)(3)(8)(11)	9/25/2017	9,647	9,647	0.3%
				9,647	9,647	0.3%
Inpatient Care Management Company, LLC	Health Care Providers & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.34% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/8/2021)(3)(11)	6/8/2016	21,713	21,713	0.6%
				21,713	21,713	0.6%
Janus International Group, LLC	Building Products	Second Lien Term Loan (9.99% (LIBOR + 7.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/12/2026)(3)(8)(13)	2/22/2018	20,000	20,000	0.6%
				19,824	20,000	0.6%
JD Power and Associates	Capital Markets	Second Lien Term Loan (10.74% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.00% LIBOR	9/16/2016	26,751	26,751	0.8%

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		floor), due 9/7/2024)(3)(8)(13)		26,531	26,675	0.8%
Jefferson Mill CLO Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 11.66%, due 10/20/2031)(5)(6)(14)	7/28/2015	23,829	12,917	0.4%
				18,297	12,917	0.4%
K&N Parent, Inc.	Auto Components	Second Lien Term Loan (11.14% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/21/2024)(3)(8)(11)	10/20/2016	22,888	24,851	0.7%
				25,388	24,851	0.7%
Keystone Acquisition Corp.(36)	Health Care Providers & Services	Second Lien Term Loan (11.64% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/1/2025)(3)(8)(11)	5/18/2017	50,000	50,000	1.5%
				50,000	50,000	1.5%
LCM XIV Ltd.	Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.64%, due 7/21/2031)(5)(14)	7/11/2013	42,764	24,770	0.7%
				27,644	24,770	0.7%
Madison Park Funding IX, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%, due 8/15/2022)(5)(14)(17)	7/18/2012	43,994	1,624	0.1%
				1,994	1,624	0.1%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investments(1)(44)	Acquisition Date	September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)			% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value(2)	
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
Maverick Healthcare Equity, LLC	Health Care Providers & Services	Preferred Units (10.00%, 1,250,000 units)(16)	10/31/2007	\$ 1,252	\$ 262	—%	
		Class A Common Units (1,250,000 units)(16)	10/31/2007	—	—	—%	
				1,252	262	—%	
MedMark Services, Inc.(51)	Health Care Providers & Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.35% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/1/2025)(3)(8)(13)	3/16/2018	\$ 7,000	6,935	6,935	0.2%
				6,935	6,935	0.2%	
Memorial MRI & Diagnostic, LLC	Health Care Providers & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.89% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/16/2022)(11)	3/16/2017	36,735	36,735	36,735	1.1%
				36,735	36,735	1.1%	
Mobile Posse, Inc.	Media	First Lien Term Loan (10.89% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/3/2023)(3)(11)	4/3/2018	27,400	27,400	27,400	0.8%
				27,400	27,400	0.8%	
Mountain View CLO 2013-I Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.74%, due 10/15/2030)(5)(14)	5/1/2013	43,650	28,823	23,281	0.7%
				28,823	23,281	0.7%	
Mountain View CLO IX Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.61%, due 7/15/2031)(5)(6)(14)	6/25/2015	47,830	31,489	34,290	1.0%
				31,489	34,290	1.0%	
MRP Holdco, Inc.	Professional Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.74% (LIBOR + 4.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 4/17/2024)(3)(13)	4/17/2018	42,785	42,785	42,785	1.2%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.74% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 4/17/2024)(13)	4/17/2018	43,000	43,000	43,000	1.3%
				85,785	85,785	2.5%	
			2/20/2013	42,064	32,187	26,641	0.8%

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Octagon Investment Partners XV, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.33%, due 7/19/2030)(5)(14)			32,187	26,641	0.8%
Octagon Investment Partners 18-R Ltd. (f/k/a Octagon Investment Partners XVIII, Ltd.)	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 19.07%, 8/17/2015 due 4/16/2031)(5)(6)(14)	46,016	27,409	25,634	0.8%	
				27,409	25,634	0.8%	
Pearl Intermediate Parent LLC	Health Care Providers & Services	Second Lien Term Loan (8.42% (LIBOR + 6.25%), due 2/28/2018 2/15/2026)(8)(13)	5,000	4,977	4,977	0.1%	
				4,977	4,977	0.1%	
		Revolving Line of Credit – \$1,000 Commitment (11.84% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2015 7/1/2020)(11)(15)	500	500	500	—%	
PeopleConnect Intermediate, LLC (f/k/a Intelius, Inc.)	Interactive Media & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.84% (LIBOR + 6.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2015 7/1/2020)(3)(11)	18,548	18,548	18,548	0.5%	
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (14.84% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2015 7/1/2020)(3)(11)	20,023	20,023	20,023	0.6%	
				39,071	39,071	1.1%	
PGX Holdings, Inc.	Diversified Consumer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (11.24% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/29/2014 9/29/2021)(3)(13)	118,289	118,289	118,289	3.5%	
				118,289	118,289	3.5%	

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investments(1)(44)	Acquisition Date	September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)			% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value(2)	
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
PharMerica Corporation	Pharmaceuticals	Second Lien Term Loan (9.90% (LIBOR + 7.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/7/2025)(3)(8)(13)	12/7/2017	\$ 12,000	\$ 11,882	\$ 12,000	0.4%
					11,882	12,000	0.4%
Photonis Technologies SAS	Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	First Lien Term Loan (9.89% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/18/2019)(8)(11)(14)	9/10/2013	12,872	12,572	12,566	0.4%
					12,572	12,566	0.4%
PlayPower, Inc.	Leisure Products	Second Lien Term Loan (11.14% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/23/2022)(3)(8)(11)	6/23/2015	11,000	10,910	11,000	0.3%
					10,910	11,000	0.3%
Research Now Group, Inc. & Survey Sampling International LLC	Professional Services	First Lien Term Loan (7.74% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/20/2024)(8)(13) Second Lien Term Loan (11.74% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/20/2025)(8)(13)	1/5/2018 1/5/2018	9,925 50,000	9,461 46,848	9,815 48,282	0.3% 1.4%
					56,309	58,097	1.7%
RGIS Services, LLC	Commercial Services & Supplies	Senior Secured Term Loan (9.74% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/31/2023)(3)(8)(13)	4/20/2017	15,173	15,113	14,320	0.4%
					15,113	14,320	0.4%
RME Group Holding Company	Media	Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.39% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/4/2022)(3)(11) Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.39% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/4/2022)(3)(11)	5/4/2017 5/4/2017	34,958 24,286	34,958 24,286	34,958 24,286	1.0% 0.7%
					59,244	59,244	1.7%

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Rocket Software, Inc.	Software	Second Lien Term Loan (11.89% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/14/2024)(3)(8)(11)	10/20/2016	50,000	49,250	50,000	1.5%
					49,250	50,000	1.5%
Romark WM-R Ltd. (f/k/a Washington Mill CLO Ltd.)	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.02%, due 4/20/2031)(5)(6)(14)	5/15/2014	27,725	21,966	16,599	0.5%
					21,966	16,599	0.5%
Rosa Mexicano	Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	Revolving Line of Credit – \$2,500 Commitment (9.89% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 3/29/2023)(11)(15) Senior Secured Term Loan (9.89% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 3/29/2023)(3)(11)	3/29/2018	—	—	—	—%
					29,625	29,625	29,625
					29,625	29,625	0.9%
SCS Merger Sub, Inc.	IT Services	Second Lien Term Loan (11.74% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/30/2023)(3)(8)(13)	11/6/2015	20,000	19,624	20,000	0.6%
					19,624	20,000	0.6%
Securus Technologies Holdings, Inc.	Communications Equipment	Second Lien Term Loan (10.49% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/01/2025)(3)(8)(13)	11/3/2017	48,000	47,872	48,000	1.4%
					47,872	48,000	1.4%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investments(1)(44)	Acquisition Date	September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)			% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value(2)	
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
SEOTownCenter, Inc.	IT Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (9.84% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/07/2023)(3)(11)	4/10/2018	\$24,500	\$24,500	\$24,500	0.7%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (14.84% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/07/2023)(3)(11)	4/10/2018	17,000	17,000	17,000	0.5%
					41,500	41,500	1.2%
SESAC Holdco II LLC	Entertainment	Second Lien Term Loan (9.49% (LIBOR + 7.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/23/2025)(8)(13)	3/2/2017	3,000	2,976	2,976	0.1%
					2,976	2,976	0.1%
SMG US Midco	Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	Second Lien Term Loan (9.24% (LIBOR + 7.00%), due 1/23/2026)(3)(8)(13)	1/23/2018	7,500	7,483	7,483	0.2%
					7,483	7,483	0.2%
Spartan Energy Services, Inc.	Energy Equipment & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.08% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/28/2018)(13)	10/20/2014	13,156	12,840	13,156	0.4%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (14.08% PIK (LIBOR + 12.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/28/2018)(13)(46)	10/20/2014	18,899	18,174	18,899	0.5%
					31,014	32,055	0.9%
Spectrum Holdings III Corp	Health Care Equipment & Supplies	Second Lien Term Loan (9.24% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/31/2026)(8)(13)	1/31/2018	7,500	7,465	7,465	0.2%
					7,465	7,465	0.2%
Strategic Materials	Household Durables	Second Lien Term Loan (10.09% (LIBOR + 7.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/1/2025)(3)(8)(11)	11/1/2017	7,000	6,938	6,360	0.2%
					6,938	6,360	0.2%

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Stryker Energy, LLC	Energy Equipment & Services	Overriding Royalty Interests(43)	12/4/2006	—	—	—%
				—	—	—%
Sudbury Mill CLO Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 8.52%, due 1/17/2026)(5)(14)	12/5/2013	28,200	18,119	15,178 0.4%
					18,119	15,178 0.4%
Symphony CLO XIV Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 0.92%, due 7/14/2026)(5)(6)(14)	5/29/2014	49,250	33,606	25,550 0.7%
					33,606	25,550 0.7%
Symphony CLO XV, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 8.39%, due 10/17/2026)(5)(14)	11/17/2014	50,250	39,265	31,922 0.9%
					39,265	31,922 0.9%
TGP HOLDINGS III LLC	Household Durables	Second Lien Term Loan (10.86% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/25/2025)(8)(11)	10/3/2017	3,000	2,961	2,961 0.1%
					2,961	2,961 0.1%
TouchTunes Interactive Networks, Inc.	Entertainment	Second Lien Term Loan (10.36% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/29/2022)(3)(8)(13)	5/29/2015	14,000	13,931	14,000 0.4%
					13,931	14,000 0.4%
Town & Country Holdings, Inc.	Distributors	First Lien Term Loan (11.89% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 1/26/2023)(3)(11)	1/26/2018	174,191	174,191	174,191 5.1%
					174,191	174,191 5.1%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investments(1)(44)	Acquisition Date	September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)			% of Net Assets		
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value(2)			
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS									
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)									
Transplace Holdings, Inc.	Transportation Infrastructure	Second Lien Term Loan (10.90% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/6/2025)(3)(8)(13)	10/5/2017	\$28,104	\$27,515	\$28,104	0.8%		
					27,515	28,104	0.8%		
Turning Point Brands, Inc.(42)	Tobacco	Second Lien Term Loan (9.15% (LIBOR + 7.00%), due 3/7/2024)(3)(8)(13)	2/17/2017	14,500	14,399	14,399	0.4%		
					14,399	14,399	0.4%		
Universal Fiber Systems, LLC	Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	Second Lien Term Loan (11.70% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/02/2022)(3)(8)(12)	10/2/2015	37,000	36,578	37,000	1.1%		
					36,578	37,000	1.1%		
Universal Turbine Parts, LLC	Trading Companies & Distributors	Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.09% (LIBOR + 5.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/22/2021)(11)	7/22/2016	31,200	31,200	27,181	0.8%		
				Senior Secured Term Loan B (14.09% (LIBOR + 11.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 7/1/2018, due 7/22/2021)(11)	7/22/2016	32,500	32,500	17,948	0.5%
							63,700	45,129	1.3%
USG Intermediate, LLC	Leisure Products	Revolving Line of Credit – \$2,000 Commitment (11.49% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/24/2019)(13)(15)	4/15/2015	1,500	1,500	1,500	0.1%		
				Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.99% (LIBOR + 6.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/24/2022)(3)(13)	4/15/2015	10,560	10,560	10,560	0.3%
						Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.99% (LIBOR + 11.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/24/2022)(3)(13)	4/15/2015	20,492	20,492
				Equity(16)	4/15/2015			1	—

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					32,553	32,552	1.0%
UTZ Quality Foods, LLC	Food Products	Second Lien Term Loan (9.49% (LIBOR + 7.25%), due 11/21/2017 10,000 9,888 9,888 0.3% 11/21/2025)(3)(8)(13)					
					9,888	9,888	0.3%
VC GB Holdings, Inc.	Household Durables	Subordinated Secured Term Loan (10.24% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/28/2017 12,933 12,693 12,933 0.4% 2/28/2025)(3)(8)(13)					
					12,693	12,933	0.4%
Venio LLC	Professional Services	Second Lien Term Loan (4.00% plus PIK 10.00% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 2.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/19/2014 22,605 19,080 21,726 0.6% 2/19/2020)(11)(46)					
					19,080	21,726	0.6%
Voya CLO 2012-2, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%, due 10/15/2022)(5)(14)(17)	8/28/2012	38,070	450	683	—%
					450	683	—%
Voya CLO 2012-3, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%, due 10/15/2022)(5)(14)(17)	10/18/2012	46,632	—	683	—%
					—	683	—%
Voya CLO 2012-4, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 11.92%, due 10/16/2028)(5)(14)	11/29/2012	40,613	30,974	28,353	0.8%
					30,974	28,353	0.8%
Voya CLO 2014-1, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.20%, due 4/18/2031)(5)(6)(14)	3/13/2014	40,773	28,696	25,197	0.7%
					28,696	25,197	0.7%
Voya CLO 2016-3, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.53%, due 10/18/2027)(5)(6)(14)	10/27/2016	28,100	27,472	22,702	0.7%
					27,472	22,702	0.7%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investments(1)(44)	Acquisition Date	September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)			% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value(2)	
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
Voya CLO 2017-3, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.27%, due 7/20/2030)(5)(6)(14)	7/12/2017	\$44,885	\$48,253	\$42,624	1.2%
					48,253	42,624	1.2%
VT Topco, Inc.	Commercial Services & Supplies	Second Lien Term Loan (9.34% (LIBOR + 7.00%), due 8/17/2026)(8)(11)	8/23/2018	7,000	6,966	6,966	0.2%
					6,966	6,966	0.2%
Wink Holdco, Inc.	Insurance	Second Lien Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 6.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/1/2025)(3)(8)(13)	12/1/2017	3,000	2,987	2,987	0.1%
					2,987	2,987	0.1%
Total Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (Level 3)					\$3,532,959	\$3,353,353	97.7%
Total Portfolio Investments (Level 3)					\$6,039,814	\$5,936,683	173.0%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.
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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)(45)	Acquisition Date (53)	June 30, 2018		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost		
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(49)							
CCPI Inc.(19)	Ohio / Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.00%, due 12/31/2020)(3)	12/13/2012	\$2,881	\$2,881	\$2,881	0.1%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% plus 7.00% PIK, due 12/31/2020)(3)(46)	12/13/2012	17,819	17,819	17,819	0.5%
		Common Stock (14,857 shares)(16)	12/13/2012	6,759	15,056	0.4%	
				27,459	35,756	1.0%	
CP Energy Services Inc.(20)	Oklahoma / Energy Equipment & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (13.31% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/29/2022)(11)	12/29/2017	35,048	35,048	35,048	1.0%
		Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (16.00%, 79010/30/2015 shares)(16)			63,225	63,225	1.9%
		Common Stock (102,924 shares)(16)	8/2/2013	81,203	24,988	0.7%	
				179,476	123,261	3.6%	
Credit Central Loan Company, LLC(21)	South Carolina / Consumer Finance	Subordinated Term Loan (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/26/2024)(14)(46)	6/24/2014	51,855	47,496	51,855	1.5%
		Class A Units (10,640,642 units)(14)(16)	6/24/2014		13,731	23,196	0.7%
		Net Revenues Interest (25% of Net Revenues)(14)(16)	1/28/2015	—	1,626	0.1%	
				61,227	76,677	2.3%	
Echelon Transportation, LLC (f/k/a Echelon Aviation, LLC)	New York / Aerospace & Defense	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.75% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.25% PIK, due 3/31/2022)(13)(46)	3/31/2014	31,055	31,055	31,055	0.9%
		Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 1.00% PIK, due 12/7/2024)(13)(46)	12/9/2016	16,044	16,044	16,044	0.5%
		Membership Interest (100%)(16)	3/31/2014	22,738	35,179	1.0%	
				69,837	82,278	2.4%	

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First Tower Finance Company LLC(23)	Mississippi / Consumer Finance	Subordinated Term Loan to First Tower, LLC (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/24/2019)(14)(46)	6/24/2014	273,066	273,066	273,066	8.0%			
		Class A Units (95,709,910 units)(14)(16)	6/24/2014	81,146	169,944	5.0%	354,212	443,010	13.0%	
Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC(24)	Louisiana / Energy Equipment & Services	Membership Interest (100%)(16)	10/1/2009	43,592	13,037	0.4%	43,592	13,037	0.4%	
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.59% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 0.75% LIBOR floor), due 12/31/2017, past due)(13)	8/3/2012	77,994	77,994	77,994	2.3%			
InterDent, Inc. (52)	California / Health Care Providers & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (8.34% (LIBOR + 6.25% with 0.75% LIBOR floor) plus 4.25% PIK, due 12/31/2017, past due)(13)	8/3/2012	131,558	31,558	119,627	3.5%			
		Senior Secured Term Loan C (18.00% PIK, due on demand)(46)	3/22/2018	3,149	3,149	—	—%			
		Warrants (to purchase 4,900 shares of Common Stock, expires 3/22/2030)(16)	2/23/2018	—	—	—%	212,701	197,621	5.8%	

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)(45)	Acquisition Date (53)	June 30, 2018		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost		
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(49)							
MITY, Inc.(25)	Utah / Commercial Services & Supplies	Senior Secured Note A (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/30/2020)(3)(11)	9/19/2013	\$26,250	\$26,250	\$26,250	0.8%
		Senior Secured Note B (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 10.00% PIK, due 1/30/2020)(3)(11)(46)	6/23/2014	24,442	24,442	24,442	0.7%
		Subordinated Unsecured Note to Broda Enterprises ULC (10.00%, due on demand)(14)	9/19/2013	5,563	7,200	5,563	0.1%
		Common Stock (42,053 shares)(16)	9/19/2013		6,849	2,639	0.1%
						64,741	58,894	1.7%
National Property REIT Corp.(26)	Various / Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) / Online Lending	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 10.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(13)(46)	4/1/2014	293,203	293,203	293,203	8.6%
		Senior Secured Term Loan E (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 1.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(13)(46)	4/1/2014	226,180	226,180	226,180	6.7%
		Common Stock (3,042,393 shares)	12/31/2013		307,604	436,105	12.8%
		Net Operating Income Interest (5% of Net Operating Income)	12/31/2013		—	99,488	2.9%
						826,987	1,054,976	31.0%
Nationwide Loan Company LLC(27)	Illinois / Consumer Finance	Senior Subordinated Term Loan to Nationwide Acceptance LLC (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/18/2019)(14)(46)	6/18/2014	17,410	17,410	17,410	0.5%
		Class A Units (32,456,159 units)(14)(16)	1/31/2013		21,962	16,443	0.5%
NMMB, Inc.(28)			5/6/2011	3,714	3,714	3,714	0.1%

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New York / Media		Senior Secured Note (14.00%, due 5/6/2021)(3)						
		Senior Secured Note to Armed Forces Communications, Inc. (14.00%, due 5/6/2021)(3)	6/12/2014	4,900	4,900	4,900	0.2%	
		Series A Preferred Stock (7,200 shares)(16)	12/12/2013		7,200	5,663	0.2%	
		Series B Preferred Stock (5,669 shares)(16)	12/12/2013		5,669	4,458	0.1%	
					21,483	18,735	0.6%	
		Revolving Line of Credit – \$26,000 Commitment (9.34% (LIBOR + 7.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(13)(15)	9/26/2014	20,825	20,825	20,825	0.6%	
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.34% (LIBOR + 5.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(13)	12/31/2014	96,250	96,250	96,250	2.8%	
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.34% PIK (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 5/21/2018, due 9/26/2020)(13)	12/31/2014	96,500	96,500	47,945	1.4%	
		Convertible Preferred Equity (100,000 shares)(16)	6/15/2018		15,000	—	—%	
		Common Stock (6,778,414 shares)(16)	9/29/2017		—	—	—%	
Pacific World Corporation(40)	California / Personal Products			228,575	165,020	4.8%		
		Senior Subordinated Note (11.34% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/31/2022)(11)	6/12/2013	28,622	28,622	28,622	0.8%	
		Common Stock (745,107 shares)(16)	6/26/2007		6,866	3,264	0.1%	
					35,488	31,886	0.9%	
R-V Industries, Inc.	Pennsylvania / Machinery							

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)(45)	Acquisition Date (53)	June 30, 2018		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost		
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(49)							
SB Forging Company II, Inc. (f/k/a Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company)(29)	Texas / Energy Equipment & Services	Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (6.50%, 99,000 shares)(16)	11/8/2013		\$—	\$2,194	0.1%
		Common Stock (100 shares)(16)	11/8/2013		—	—	—%
					—	2,194	0.1%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (9.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 7/22/2020)	3/31/2014	\$36,964	31,601	16,319	0.5%
USES Corp.(30)	Texas / Commercial Services & Supplies	Senior Secured Term Loan B (15.50% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 7/22/2020)	3/31/2014	47,866	35,568	—	—%
		Common Stock (268,962 shares)(16)	6/15/2016		—	—	—%
					67,169	16,319	0.5%
		Senior Secured Note to Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. (8.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 12/31/2024)(3)(11)(46)	12/31/2012	10,430	10,430	10,430	0.3%
Valley Electric Company, Inc.(31)	Washington / Construction & Engineering	Senior Secured Note (8.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/23/2024)(46)	6/24/2014	27,781	27,781	27,781	0.8%
		Consolidated Revenue Interest (2.0%)	6/22/2018		—	—	—%
		Common Stock (50,000 shares)(16)	12/31/2012		26,204	12,586	0.4%
					64,415	50,797	1.5%
		Membership Interest (100%)(16)	7/1/2014		—	—	—%
Wolf Energy, LLC(32)	Kansas / Energy Equipment & Services	Membership Interest in Wolf Energy Services Company, LLC (100%)(16)	3/14/2017		3,792	—	—%
		Net Profits Interest (8% of Equity Distributions)(4)(16)	4/15/2013		—	12	—%

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				3,792	12	—%
Total Control Investments (Level 3)				\$2,300,526	\$2,404,326	70.6%
Affiliate Investments (5.00% to 24.99% voting control)(50)						
		Second Lien Revolving Credit Facility to Edmentum, Inc. – \$7,834 Commitment (5.00%, due 12/9/2021)(15)	6/9/2015	\$7,834	\$7,834	\$7,834 0.2%
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC(22)	Minnesota / Diversified Consumer Services	Unsecured Senior PIK Note (8.50% PIK, due 12/9/2021)(46)	6/9/2015	7,520	7,520	7,520 0.2%
		Unsecured Junior PIK Note (10.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 1/1/2017, due 12/9/2021)	6/9/2015	35,226	23,828	19,862 0.6%
		Class A Units (370,964 units)(16)	6/9/2015		6,577	— —%
					45,759	35,216 1.0%
Nixon, Inc.(39)	California / Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	Common Stock (857 units)(16)	5/12/2017	—	—	—%
				—	—	—%
Targus International, LLC(33)	California / Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	Common Stock (7,383,395 shares)(16)	5/24/2011	9,878	23,220	0.7%
				9,878	23,220	0.7%
Total Affiliate Investments (Level 3)				\$55,637	\$58,436	1.7%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)(45)	Acquisition Date (53)	June 30, 2018		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost		
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
ACE Cash Express, Inc.	Texas / Consumer Finance	Senior Secured Note (12.00%, due 12/15/2022)(8)(14)	12/15/2017	\$20,000	\$19,733	\$21,594	0.6%
					19,733	21,594	0.6%
AgaMatrix, Inc.	New Hampshire / Healthcare Equipment and Supplies	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.33% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 9/29/2022)(3)(11)	9/29/2017	35,815	35,815	35,815	1.1%
					35,815	35,815	1.1%
American Gilsonite Company(34)	Utah / Chemicals	Membership Interest (0.05%, 131 shares)(16)	3/14/2008	—	—	—	—%
					—	—	—%
Apidos CLO IX	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%, due 7/15/2023)(5)(14)(17)	7/11/2012	23,525	21	76	—%
					21	76	—%
Apidos CLO XI	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 7.80%, due 1/17/2028)(5)(14)	1/17/2013	40,500	32,397	25,000	0.7%
					32,397	25,000	0.7%
Apidos CLO XII	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.35%, due 4/15/2031)(5)(14)	4/18/2013	52,203	35,014	26,518	0.8%
					35,014	26,518	0.8%
Apidos CLO XV	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.14%, due 4/20/2031)(5)(14)	10/16/2013	48,515	35,776	26,960	0.8%
					35,776	26,960	0.8%
Apidos CLO XXII	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.65%, due 10/20/2027)(5)(6)(14)	10/14/2015	31,350	27,496	25,047	0.7%
					27,496	25,047	0.7%
Ark-La-Tex Wireline Services, LLC	Louisiana / Energy Equipment & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.59% (LIBOR + 11.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 4/8/2019)(13)	4/8/2014	25,595	1,145	787	—%
					1,145	787	—%

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Armor Holding II LLC	New York / Commercial Services & Supplies	Second Lien Term Loan (11.10% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 12/26/2020)(3)(8)(13)	6/26/2018	7,000	6,949	7,000	0.2%	
					6,949	7,000	0.2%	
Atlantis Health Care Group (Puerto Rico), Inc.	Puerto Rico / Health Care Providers & Services	Revolving Line of Credit – \$7,000 Commitment (10.81% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/21/2019)(11)(15)	2/21/2013	7,000	7,000	6,900	0.2%	
			Senior Term Loan (10.81% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/21/2020)(3)(11)	2/21/2013	77,713	77,713	76,607	2.2%
						84,713	83,507	2.4%
ATS Consolidated, Inc.	Arizona / Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	Second Lien Term Loan (9.84% (LIBOR + 7.75%, due 2/27/2026)(8)(13)	3/19/2018	15,000	14,856	14,873	0.4%	
					14,856	14,873	0.4%	

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)(45)	Acquisition Date (53)	June 30, 2018		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost		
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
Autodata, Inc. / Autodata Solutions, Inc.(9)	Canada / Software	Second Lien Term Loan (9.34% (LIBOR + 7.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/12/2025)(8)(13)	12/14/2017	\$6,000	\$ 5,972	\$ 5,972	0.2%
					5,972	5,972	0.2%
Barings CLO 2018-III (f/k/a Babson CLO Ltd. 2014-III)	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 11.35%, due 7/20/2029)(5)(6)(14)	6/14/2018	83,098	49,688	46,933	1.4%
					49,688	46,933	1.4%
Broder Bros., Co.	Pennsylvania / Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	Senior Secured Note (10.33% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 12/02/2022)(3)(11)	12/4/2017	274,009	274,009	274,009	8.0%
					274,009	274,009	8.0%
Brookside Mill CLO Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 8.73%, due 1/18/2028)(5)(14)	5/23/2013	36,300	19,287	13,466	0.4%
					19,287	13,466	0.4%
California Street CLO IX Ltd. (f/k/a Symphony CLO IX Ltd.)	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Preference Shares (Residual Interest, current yield 12.20%, due 10/16/2028)(5)(14)	5/8/2012	58,915	41,645	35,852	1.1%
					41,645	35,852	1.1%
Candle-Lite Company, LLC	Ohio / Household & Personal Products	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.81% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 1/23/2023)(3)(11) Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.81% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 1/23/2023)(3)(11)	1/23/2018	12,438	12,438	12,438	0.3%
			1/23/2018	12,500	12,500	12,500	0.4%
					24,938	24,938	0.7%
Capstone Logistics Acquisition, Inc.	Georgia / Commercial Services & Supplies	Second Lien Term Loan (10.34% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/7/2022)(3)(8)(13)	10/7/2014	101,031	100,669	100,136	2.9%
					100,669	100,136	2.9%
			6/29/2018	25,534	17,832	18,807	0.6%

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Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2014-4-R, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 20.73%, due 7/15/2030)(5)(6)(14)		17,832	18,807	0.6%
Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2016-3, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.00%,9/13/2016 due 10/20/2029)(5)(6)(14)	32,200	32,364	29,080	0.9%
				32,364	29,080	0.9%
Carlyle C17 CLO Limited (f/k/a Cent CLO 17 Limited)	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.34%,5/10/2018 due 4/30/2031)(5)(14)	24,870	15,140	15,196	0.4%
				15,140	15,196	0.4%
Cent CLO 20 Limited	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.40%,1/15/2014 due 1/25/2026)(5)(14)	40,275	31,692	28,269	0.8%
				31,692	28,269	0.8%
Cent CLO 21 Limited	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.56%,6/18/2014 due 7/27/2026)(5)(6)(14)	48,528	36,311	33,703	1.0%
				36,311	33,703	1.0%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)(45)	Acquisition Date (53)	June 30, 2018		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost		
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
Centerfield Media Holding Company(35)	California / Internet Software & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (9.31% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/17/2022)(3)(11)	1/17/2017	\$66,300	\$66,300	\$66,300	1.9%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (14.81% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/17/2022)(11)	1/17/2017	68,000	68,000	68,000	2.0%
					134,300	134,300	3.9%
CIFC Funding 2013-III-R, Ltd. (f/k/a CIFC Funding 2013-III, Ltd.)	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.43%, due 4/24/2031)(5)(14)	4/5/2018	44,100	27,624	25,250	0.7%
					27,624	25,250	0.7%
CIFC Funding 2013-IV, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.31%, due 4/28/2031)(5)(14)	11/14/2013	45,500	31,503	27,697	0.8%
					31,503	27,697	0.8%
CIFC Funding 2014-IV Investor, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 8.46%, due 10/19/2026)(5)(6)(14)	9/3/2014	41,500	28,512	23,715	0.7%
					28,512	23,715	0.7%
CIFC Funding 2016-I, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.11%, due 10/21/2028)(5)(6)(14)	12/21/2016	34,000	31,179	27,998	0.8%
					31,179	27,998	0.8%
Cinedigm DC Holdings, LLC	New York / Media	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.31% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 3/31/2021)(11)(46)	2/28/2013	31,460	31,410	31,460	0.9%
					31,410	31,460	0.9%
Class Appraisal, LLC	Michigan / Real Estate Management & Development	Revolving Line of Credit – \$1,500 Commitment (10.58% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.50% LIBOR floor),	3/12/2018	—	—	—	—

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		due 3/12/2020)(11)(15) Senior Secured Term Loan (10.58% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 3/10/2023)(3)(11)	3/12/2018	41,860	41,860	41,860	—
					41,860	41,860	1.2%
Coverall North America, Inc.	Florida / Commercial Services & Supplies	Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.31% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/02/2020)(3)(11)	11/2/2015	19,100	19,100	19,100	—
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.31% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/02/2020)(3)(11)	11/2/2015	24,750	24,750	24,750	—
					43,850	43,850	1.3%
CP VI Bella Midco	Pennsylvania / IT Services	Second Lien Term Loan (8.84% (LIBOR + 6.75%, due 12/29/2025)(8)(13)	12/28/2017	2,000	1,990	1,990	—
					1,990	1,990	0.1%
CURO Financial Technologies Corp.	Canada / Consumer Finance	Senior Secured Notes (12.00%, due 3/1/2022)(8)(14)	2/1/2017	10,896	10,837	11,844	0.3%
					10,837	11,844	0.3%
Digital Room, LLC	California / Commercial Services & Supplies	First Lien Term Loan (7.10% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/29/2023)(3)(8)(13)	2/9/2018	9,950	9,857	9,925	0.3%
		Second Lien Term Loan (10.85% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/29/2024)(3)(8)(13)	2/8/2018	57,100	56,295	57,100	1.7%
					66,152	67,025	2.0%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.
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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)(45)	Acquisition Date (53)	June 30, 2018		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost		
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
Dunn Paper, Inc.	Georgia / Paper & Forest Products	Second Lien Term Loan (10.84% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/26/2023)(3)(8)(13)	10/7/2016	\$ 11,500	\$ 11,328	\$ 11,226	0.3%
					11,328	11,226	0.3%
Easy Gardener Products, Inc.	Texas / Household Durables	Senior Secured Term Loan (12.31% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 0.25% LIBOR floor), due 09/30/2020)(11)	10/2/2015	16,894	16,894	15,728	0.5%
					16,894	15,728	0.5%
Engine Group, Inc.(7)	California / Media	Senior Secured Term Loan (7.08% (LIBOR + 4.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/15/2022)(8)(11)	9/25/2017	4,813	4,813	4,813	0.1%
		Second Lien Term Loan (11.08% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/15/2023)(3)(8)(11)	9/25/2017	35,000	35,000	35,000	1.0%
					39,813	39,813	1.1%
EXC Holdings III Corp	Massachusetts / Technology Hardware, Storage & Peripherals	Second Lien Term Loan (9.97% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/01/2025)(8)(10)	12/5/2017	12,500	12,384	12,500	0.4%
					12,384	12,500	0.4%
Fleetwash, Inc.	New Jersey / Commercial Services & Supplies	Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.31% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/30/2022)(3)(11)	4/30/2014	21,544	21,544	21,544	0.6%
		Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$15,000 Commitment (10.31% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), expires 4/30/2022)(11)(15)	4/30/2014	—	—	—	—%
					21,544	21,544	0.6%
Galaxy XV CLO, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.42%, due 10/15/2030)(5)(14)	3/14/2013	50,525	34,853	30,457	0.9%

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					34,853	30,457	0.9%
Galaxy XXVII CLO, Ltd. (f/k/a Galaxy XVI CLO, Ltd.)	Cayman Islands Subordinated Notes (Residual / Structured Finance	Interest, current yield 13.57%, due 5/16/2031)(5)(14)	4/17/2018	24,575	16,936	13,688	0.4%
					16,936	13,688	0.4%
Galaxy XXVIII CLO, Ltd. (f/k/a Galaxy XVII CLO, Ltd.)	Cayman Islands Subordinated Notes (Residual / Structured Finance	Interest, current yield 10.89%, due 7/15/2031)(5)(6)(14)	6/27/2014	39,905	28,009	22,335	0.7%
					28,009	22,335	0.7%
Galaxy XXVIII CLO, Ltd.	Cayman Islands Class F Junior Notes (LIBOR + / Structured Finance	8.48%, due 7/15/2031)(6)(11)(14)(37)		6,658	6,159	6,159	0.2%
					6,159	6,159	0.2%
		Revolving Line of Credit – \$5,000 Commitment (9.81% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 9/30/2018)(11)	5/31/2018	—	—	—	—%
H.I.G. ECI Merger Sub, Inc.	Massachusetts / IT Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.81% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 5/31/2023)(11)	5/31/2018	44,688	44,688	44,688	1.3%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.81% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 5/31/2023)(11)	5/31/2018	29,900	29,900	29,900	0.9%
					74,588	74,588	2.2%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)(45)	Acquisition Date (53)	June 30, 2018		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost		
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2012-1 Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%, due 8/15/2023)(5)(14)(17)	8/21/2012	\$23,188	\$ 3,869	\$ 3,125	0.1%
					3,869	3,125	0.1%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2013-1 Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%, due 4/15/2025)(5)(14)(17)	3/28/2013	40,400	22,057	11,017	0.3%
					22,057	11,017	0.3%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-1 Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 10.30%, due 4/18/2026)(5)(14)	3/6/2014	24,500	14,007	11,647	0.3%
					14,007	11,647	0.3%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-2 Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 8.64%, due 4/28/2025)(5)(6)(14)	4/28/2014	41,164	24,290	19,050	0.6%
					24,290	19,050	0.6%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2015-3 Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 19.80%, due 10/18/2027)(5)(6)(14)	9/3/2015	39,598	34,675	32,513	1.0%
					34,675	32,513	1.0%
Harbortouch Payments, LLC	Pennsylvania / Commercial Services & Supplies	Escrow Receivable	3/31/2014		—	917	—%
					—	917	—%
HarbourView CLO VII-R, Ltd. (f/k/a HarbourView CLO VII, Ltd.)	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.94%, due 7/18/2031)(5)(6)(14)	6/10/2015	19,025	13,411	13,689	0.4%
					13,411	13,689	0.4%
Help/Systems Holdings, Inc.	Minnesota / Software	Second Lien Term Loan (9.84% (LIBOR + 7.75%, due 3/27/2026)(8)(13)	4/17/2018	11,293	11,244	11,293	0.3%

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					11,244	11,293	0.3%
Ingenio, LLC	California / Internet Software & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (9.82% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2022)(3)(8)(11)	9/25/2017	9,647	9,647	9,647	0.3%
					9,647	9,647	0.3%
Inpatient Care Management Company, LLC	Florida / Health Care Providers & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.31% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/8/2021)(3)(11)	6/8/2016	23,698	23,698	23,698	0.7%
					23,698	23,698	0.7%
Janus International Group, LLC	Georgia / Building Products	Second Lien Term Loan (9.84% (LIBOR + 7.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/12/2026)(8)(13)	2/22/2018	10,000	9,905	10,000	0.3%
					9,905	10,000	0.3%
JD Power and Associates	California / Capital Markets	Second Lien Term Loan (10.59% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/7/2024)(3)(8)(13)	9/16/2016	20,000	19,799	20,000	0.6%
					19,799	20,000	0.6%
Jefferson Mill CLO Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 7.20%, due 7/20/2027)(5)(6)(14)	7/28/2015	19,500	16,078	12,392	0.4%
					16,078	12,392	0.4%

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)(45)	Acquisition Date (53)	June 30, 2018		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost		
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
K&N Parent, Inc.	California / Auto Components	Second Lien Term Loan (11.08% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/21/2024)(3)(8)(11)	10/20/2016	\$ 12,887	\$ 12,681	\$ 12,887	0.4%
					12,681	12,887	0.4%
Keystone Acquisition Corp.(36)	Pennsylvania / Health Care Providers & Services	Second Lien Term Loan (11.58% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/1/2025)(3)(8)(11)	5/18/2017	50,000	50,000	50,000	1.5%
					50,000	50,000	1.5%
LCM XIV Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.28%, due 7/21/2031)(5)(14)	7/11/2013	49,934	26,516	24,257	0.7%
					26,516	24,257	0.7%
Madison Park Funding IX, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 57.45%, due 8/15/2022)(5)(14)	7/18/2012	43,110	2,058	2,200	0.1%
					2,058	2,200	0.1%
Maverick Healthcare Equity, LLC	Arizona / Health Care Providers & Services	Preferred Units (10.00%, 1,250,000 units)(16)	10/31/2007		1,252	446	—%
		Class A Common Units (1,250,000 units)(16)	10/31/2007		—	—	—%
					1,252	446	—%
MedMark Services, Inc.(51)	Texas / Health Care Providers & Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.55% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/1/2025)(3)(8)(11)	3/16/2018	7,000	6,933	6,933	0.2%
					6,933	6,933	0.2%
Memorial MRI & Diagnostic, LLC	Texas / Health Care Providers & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.83% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/16/2022)(11)	3/16/2017	36,925	36,925	36,925	1.1%
					36,925	36,925	1.1%
Mobile Posse, Inc.	Virginia / Media	First Lien Term Loan (10.83% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor),	4/3/2018	27,700	27,700	27,700	0.8%

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		due 4/3/2023)(3)(11)			27,700	27,700	0.8%
Mountain View CLO 2013-I Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.66%, due 10/15/2030)(5)(14)	5/1/2013	43,650	28,357	23,267	0.7%
					28,357	23,267	0.7%
Mountain View CLO IX Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.63%, due 7/15/2031)(5)(6)(14)	6/25/2015	47,830	31,528	37,333	1.1%
					31,528	37,333	1.1%
MRP Holdco, Inc.	Massachusetts / IT Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.59% (LIBOR + 4.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 4/17/2024)(3)(13)	4/17/2018	43,000	43,000	43,000	1.3%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.59% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 4/17/2024)(13)	4/17/2018	43,000	43,000	43,000	1.3%
					86,000	86,000	2.6%
Octagon Investment Partners XV, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.58%, due 7/19/2030)(5)(14)	2/20/2013	42,063	31,734	26,350	0.8%
					31,734	26,350	0.8%

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)(45)	June 30, 2018				% of Net Assets
			Acquisition Date (53)	Principal Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value(2)	
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
Octagon Investment Partners 18-R Ltd. (f/k/a Octagon Investment Partners XVIII, Ltd.)	Cayman Islands /	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.26%, due 4/16/2031)(5)(6)(14)	8/17/2015	\$46,016	\$27,295	\$26,420	0.8%
					27,295	26,420	0.8%
Pearl Intermediate Parent LLC	Connecticut / Health Care Providers & Services	Second Lien Term Loan (8.33% (LIBOR + 6.25%, due 2/15/2026)(8)(13)	2/28/2018	5,000	4,976	5,000	0.1%
					4,976	5,000	0.1%
		Revolving Line of Credit – \$1,000 Commitment (11.81% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/11/2020)(11)(15)	7/1/2015	500	500	500	—%
PeopleConnect Intermediate, LLC (f/k/a Intelius, Inc.)	Washington / Internet Software & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.81% (LIBOR + 6.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2020)(3)(11)	7/1/2015	18,828	18,828	18,828	0.6%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (14.81% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2020)(3)(11)	7/1/2015	20,163	20,163	20,163	0.6%
					39,491	39,491	1.2%
PGX Holdings, Inc.	Utah / Diversified Consumer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (11.09% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/29/2021)(3)(13)	9/29/2014	118,289	118,289	118,289	3.5%
					118,289	118,289	3.5%
PharMerica Corporation	Kentucky / Pharmaceuticals	Second Lien Term Loan (9.80% (LIBOR + 7.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/7/2025)(8)(13)	12/7/2017	12,000	11,882	12,000	0.4%
					11,882	12,000	0.4%
			9/10/2013	12,872	12,490	12,335	0.4%

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Photonis Technologies SAS	France / Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	First Lien Term Loan (9.83% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/18/2019)(8)(11)(14)				12,490	12,335	0.4%
PlayPower, Inc.	North Carolina / Leisure Products	Second Lien Term Loan (11.08% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/23/2022)(3)(8)(11)	6/23/2015	11,000	10,904	11,000	11,000	0.3%
					10,904	11,000	11,000	0.3%
Research Now Group, Inc.	Connecticut / Professional Services	First Lien Term Loan (7.86% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/20/2024)(8)(10)	1/5/2018	9,950	9,468	9,608	9,608	0.3%
		Second Lien Term Loan (11.82% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/20/2025)(8)(11)	1/5/2018	50,000	46,738	47,382	47,382	1.4%
					56,206	56,990	56,990	1.7%
RGIS Services, LLC	Michigan / Commercial Services & Supplies	Senior Secured Term Loan (9.59% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/31/2023)(3)(8)(13)	4/20/2017	15,173	15,113	14,339	14,339	0.4%
					15,113	14,339	14,339	0.4%
RME Group Holding Company	Florida / Media	Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.33% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/4/2022)(3)(11)	5/4/2017	35,146	35,146	35,146	35,146	1.0%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.33% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/4/2022)(3)(11)	5/4/2017	24,349	24,349	24,349	24,349	0.7%
					59,495	59,495	59,495	1.7%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)(45)	June 30, 2018				% of Net Assets
			Acquisition Date (53)	Principal Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value(2)	
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
Rocket Software, Inc.	Massachusetts / Software	Second Lien Term Loan (11.83% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/14/2024)(3)(8)(11)	10/20/2016	\$ 50,000	\$ 49,219	\$ 50,000	1.5%
					49,219	50,000	1.5%
Romark WM-R Ltd. (f/k/a Washington Mill CLO Ltd.)	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.41%, due 4/20/2031)(5)(6)(14)	5/15/2014	27,724	21,494	17,961	0.5%
					21,494	17,961	0.5%
Rosa Mexicano	New York / Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	Revolving Line of Credit – \$2,500 Commitment (9.83% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 3/29/2023)(11)(15) Senior Secured Term Loan (9.83% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 3/29/2023)(3)(11)	3/29/2018	—	—	—	—%
					29,813	29,813	0.9%
					29,813	29,813	0.9%
SCS Merger Sub, Inc.	Texas / IT Services	Second Lien Term Loan (11.59% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/30/2023)(3)(8)(13)	11/6/2015	20,000	19,605	20,000	0.6%
					19,605	20,000	0.6%
Securus Technologies Holdings, Inc.	Texas / Communications Equipment	Second Lien Term Loan (10.34% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/01/2025)(8)(13)	11/3/2017	40,000	39,860	40,000	1.2%
					39,860	40,000	1.2%
SEOTownCenter, Inc	Utah / Internet Software & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (9.84% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/07/2023)(3)(11) Senior Secured Term Loan B (14.84% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due	4/10/2018	25,000	25,000	25,000	0.7%
			4/10/2018	17,000	17,000	17,000	0.5%

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		4/07/2023)(3)(11)						
					42,000	42,000	1.2%	
SESAC Holdco II LLC	Tennessee / Media	Second Lien Term Loan (9.34% (LIBOR + 7.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/23/2025)(8)(13)	3/2/2017	3,000	2,975	2,975	0.1%	
					2,975	2,975	0.1%	
Small Business Whole Loan Portfolio(41)	New York / Online Lending	124 Small Business Loans purchased from On Deck Capital, Inc.	2/21/2014	30	30	17	—%	
					30	17	—%	
SMG US Midco	Pennsylvania / Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	Second Lien Term Loan (9.09% (LIBOR + 7.00%, due 1/23/2026)(8)(13)	1/23/2018	7,500	7,482	7,482	0.2%	
					7,482	7,482	0.2%	
Spartan Energy Services, Inc.	Louisiana / Energy Equipment & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.98% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/28/2018)(13)	10/20/2014	13,156	12,528	13,046	0.4%	
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.98% PIK (LIBOR + 12.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/28/2018)(13)(46)	10/20/2014	18,237	16,838	18,237	0.5%	
					29,366	31,283	0.9%	
Spectrum Holdings III Corp	Georgia / Health Care Equipment & Supplies	Second Lien Term Loan (9.09% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/31/2026)(8)(13)	1/31/2018	7,500	7,464	7,464	0.2%	
					7,464	7,464	0.2%	

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)(45)	Acquisition Date (53)	June 30, 2018		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost		
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
Strategic Materials	Texas / Household Durables	Second Lien Term Loan (10.10% (LIBOR + 7.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/1/2025)(8)(11)	11/1/2017	\$7,000	\$6,936	\$6,936	0.2%
					6,936	6,936	0.2%
Stryker Energy, LLC	Louisiana / Energy Equipment & Services	Overriding Royalty Interests (43)	12/4/2006	—	—	—	—%
				—	—	—	—%
Sudbury Mill CLO Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 5.47%, due 1/17/2026)(5)(14)	12/5/2013	28,200	18,183	14,218	0.4%
					18,183	14,218	0.4%
Symphony CLO XIV Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 3.78%, due 7/14/2026)(5)(6)(14)	5/29/2014	49,250	34,297	27,478	0.8%
					34,297	27,478	0.8%
Symphony CLO XV, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 7.30%, due 10/17/2026)(5)(14)	11/17/2014	50,250	39,512	32,433	1.0%
					39,512	32,433	1.0%
TGP HOLDINGS III LLC	Oregon / Household Durables	Second Lien Term Loan (10.83% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/25/2025)(8)(11)	10/3/2017	3,000	2,959	2,959	0.1%
					2,959	2,959	0.1%
TouchTunes Interactive Networks, Inc.	New York / Internet Software & Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/29/2022)(3)(8)(13)	5/29/2015	14,000	13,926	14,000	0.4%
					13,926	14,000	0.4%
Town & Country Holdings, Inc.	New York / Distributors	First Lien Term Loan (11.33% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 1/26/2023)(3)(11)	1/26/2018	69,650	69,650	69,650	2.0%
			10/5/2017	28,104	27,494	28,104	0.8%
					69,650	69,650	2.0%

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Transplace Holdings, Inc.	Texas / Transportation Infrastructure	Second Lien Term Loan (10.79% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/6/2025)(8)(13)			27,494	28,104	0.8%
Turning Point Brands, Inc.(42)	Kentucky / Tobacco	Second Lien Term Loan (9.04% (LIBOR + 7.00%), due 2/17/2017 3/7/2024)(3)(8)(13)	14,500	14,392	14,392	14,392	0.4%
United Sporting Companies, Inc.(18)	South Carolina / Distributors	Second Lien Term Loan (13.09% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.75% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2017, due 11/16/2019)(13)(46)	9/28/2012	149,126	27,091	58,806	1.7%
		Common Stock (24,967 shares)(16)	5/2/2017	—	—	—	—%
					127,091	58,806	1.7%
Universal Fiber Systems, LLC	Virginia / Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	Second Lien Term Loan (11.60% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/02/2022)(3)(8)(12)	10/2/2015	37,000	36,551	37,000	1.1%
					36,551	37,000	1.1%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)(45)	Acquisition Date (53)	June 30, 2018		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
				Principal Value	Amortized Cost		
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
Universal Turbine Parts, LLC	Alabama / Trading Companies & Distributors	Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.06% (LIBOR + 5.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/22/2021)(3)(11)	7/22/2016	\$31,363	\$31,363	\$27,926	0.8%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (14.06% (LIBOR + 11.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/22/2021)(11)	7/22/2016	32,500	32,500	28,273	0.8%
					63,863	56,199	1.6%
		Revolving Line of Credit – \$2,500 Commitment (11.34% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/24/2018)(13)(15)	4/15/2015	2,500	2,500	2,500	0.1%
USG Intermediate, LLC	Texas / Leisure Products	Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.84% (LIBOR + 6.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/24/2022)(3)(13)	4/15/2015	11,385	11,385	11,385	0.3%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.84% (LIBOR + 11.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/24/2022)(3)(13)	4/15/2015	20,741	20,741	20,741	0.6%
		Equity(16)	4/15/2015		1	—	—%
UTZ Quality Foods, LLC	Pennsylvania / Food Products	Second Lien Term Loan (9.34% (LIBOR + 7.25%, due 11/21/2025)(8)(13)	11/21/2017	10,000	9,884	9,886	0.3%
					9,884	9,886	0.3%
VC GB Holdings, Inc.	Illinois / Household Durables	Subordinated Secured Term Loan (10.09% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/28/2025)(3)(8)(13)	2/28/2017	16,000	15,750	16,000	0.5%
					15,750	16,000	0.5%
Venio LLC	Pennsylvania / Professional Services	Second Lien Term Loan (4.00% plus PIK 10.00% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 2.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/19/2020)(11)(46)	2/19/2014	22,048	18,066	20,001	0.6%
					18,066	20,001	0.6%

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Voya CLO 2012-2, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%, due 10/15/2022)(5)(14)(17)	8/28/2012	38,070	450	595	—%
					450	595	—%
Voya CLO 2012-3, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%, due 10/15/2022)(5)(14)(17)	10/18/2012	46,632	—	585	—%
					—	585	—%
Voya CLO 2012-4, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 11.96%, due 10/16/2028)(5)(14)	11/29/2012	40,613	30,893	28,264	0.8%
					30,893	28,264	0.8%
Voya CLO 2014-1, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.47%, due 4/18/2031)(5)(6)(14)	3/13/2014	40,773	28,205	26,931	0.8%
					28,205	26,931	0.8%
Voya CLO 2016-3, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.68%, due 10/18/2027)(5)(6)(14)	10/27/2016	28,100	27,180	22,912	0.7%
					27,180	22,912	0.7%
Voya CLO 2017-3, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.26%, due 7/20/2030)(5)(6)(14)	7/12/2017	44,885	47,400	43,351	1.3%
					47,400	43,351	1.3%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)(45)	Acquisition Date (53)	June 30, 2018		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
				Principa Value	Amortized Cost		
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
Wink Holdco, Inc.	Texas / Insurance	Second Lien Term Loan (8.85% (LIBOR + 6.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/1/2025)(8)(13)	12/1/2017	\$3,000	\$2,986	\$2,986	0.1%
					2,986	2,986	0.1%
Total Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (Level 3)					\$3,475,295	\$3,264,517	95.8%
Total Portfolio Investments (Level 3)					\$5,831,458	\$5,727,279	168.1%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.
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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
 (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of September 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2018

- The terms “Prospect,” “Company”, “we,” “us” and “our” mean Prospect Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries unless the context specifically requires otherwise. The securities in which Prospect has invested were acquired in transactions that were exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”). These securities may be resold only in transactions that are exempt from registration under the Securities Act. Fair value is determined by or under the direction of our Board of Directors. As of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, all of our investments were valued using significant unobservable inputs. In accordance with ASC 820, such investments are classified as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy. See Notes 2 and 3 within the accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements for further discussion.
- Security, or a portion thereof, is held by Prospect Capital Funding LLC (“PCF”), our wholly-owned subsidiary and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, and is pledged as collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility and such security is not available as collateral to our general creditors (see Note 4). The fair values of the investments held by PCF at September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018 were \$1,490,354 and \$1,307,955, respectively, representing 25.1% and 22.8% of our total investments, respectively.
- In addition to the stated returns, the net profits interest held will be realized upon sale of the borrower or a sale of the interests.
- This investment is in the equity class of the collateralized loan obligation (“CLO”) security. The CLO equity investments are entitled to recurring distributions which are generally equal to the excess cash flow generated from the underlying investments after payment of the contractual payments to debt holders and fund expenses. The current estimated yield, calculated using amortized cost, is based on the current projections of this excess cash flow taking into account assumptions which have been made regarding expected prepayments, losses and future reinvestment rates. These assumptions are periodically reviewed and adjusted. Ultimately, the actual yield may be higher or lower than the estimated yield if actual results differ from those used for the assumptions.
- Co-investment with another fund managed by an affiliate of our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management L.P. See Note 13 for further discussion.
- Engine Group. Inc., Clearstream.TV. Inc., and ORC International, Inc., are joint borrowers on the senior secured and the second lien term loans.
- Syndicated investment which was originated by a financial institution and broadly distributed.
- Autodata, Inc. and Autodata Solutions, Inc. are joint borrowers.
- The interest rate on these investments is subject to the base rate of 6-Month LIBOR, which was 2.60% and 2.50% at September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively. The current base rate for each investment may be different from the reference rate on September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018.
- The interest rate on these investments is subject to the base rate of 3-Month LIBOR, which was 2.40% and 2.34% at September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively. The current base rate for each investment may be different from the reference rate on September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018.
- The interest rate on these investments is subject to the base rate of 2-Month LIBOR, which was 2.31% and 2.17% at September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively. The current base rate for each investment may be different from the reference rate on September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018.
- The interest rate on these investments is subject to the base rate of 1-Month LIBOR, which was 2.26% and 2.09% at September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively. The current base rate for each investment may be different from the reference rate on September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018.
- Investment has been designated as an investment not “qualifying” under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “1940 Act”). Under the 1940 Act, we may not acquire any non-qualifying asset unless, at the time such acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of our total assets. As of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, our qualifying assets as a percentage of total assets, stood at 74.93% and 73.20%, respectively.

We monitor the status of these assets on an ongoing basis.

Undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans to our portfolio companies incur commitment and (15) unused fees ranging from 0.00% to 5.00%. As of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, we had \$38,530 and \$29,675, respectively, of undrawn revolver and delayed draw term loan commitments to our portfolio companies.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
 (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of September 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2018

(16) Represents non-income producing security that has not paid a dividend in the year preceding the reporting date.

The effective yield has been estimated to be 0% as expected future cash flows are anticipated to not be sufficient to repay the investment at cost. If the expected investment proceeds increase, there is a potential for future

(17) investment income from the investment. Distributions, once received, will be recognized as return of capital with any remaining unamortized investment costs written off if the actual distributions are less than the amortized investment cost.

Ellett Brothers, LLC, Evans Sports, Inc., Jerry's Sports, Inc., Simmons Gun Specialties, Inc., Bonitz Brothers, Inc., and Outdoor Sports Headquarters, Inc. are joint borrowers on the second lien term loan. United Sporting

(18) Companies, Inc. ("USC") is a parent guarantor of this debt investment, and is 100% owned by SportCo Holdings, Inc. ("SportCo"). Prospect previously held a 3.48% equity interest in SportCo and following an additional issuance common stock by SportCo, Prospect's ownership increased to 22.0% as of September 30, 2018. As a result, Prospect's investment in USC is classified as an affiliate investment as of September 30, 2018.

CCPI Holdings Inc., a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 94.59% of CCPI

(19) Inc. ("CCPI"), the operating company, as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018. We report CCPI as a separate controlled company.

CP Holdings of Delaware LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 99.8% of CP Energy Services Inc. ("CP Energy") as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018. CP Energy owns directly or indirectly 100% of each of CP Well Testing, LLC; Wright Foster Disposals, LLC; Foster Testing Co., Inc.; ProHaul Transports, LLC; and Wright Trucking, Inc. We report CP Energy as a separate controlled company. On October 1, 2017, we restructured our investment in CP Energy. Concurrent with the restructuring,

(20) we exchanged \$35,048 of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock for \$35,048 of senior secured debt. On January 18, 2018, CP Energy redeemed common shares belonging to senior management, which increased our ownership percentage from 82.3% to 94.2% as of March 31, 2018. Our ownership percentage in CP Energy further increased to 99.8% as of June 30, 2018 following the April 6, 2018 merger between Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc. ("Arctic Equipment"), a previously controlled portfolio company, and CP Energy, with CP Energy continuing as the surviving corporation. As a result of this transaction, our equity interest in Arctic Equipment was exchanged for newly issued common shares of CP Energy (See Note 14).

Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC ("Credit Central Delaware"), a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 98.26% of Credit Central Loan Company, LLC (f/k/a Credit Central

(21) Holdings, LLC ("Credit Central")) as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018. Credit Central owns 100% of each of Credit Central, LLC; Credit Central South, LLC; Credit Central of Texas, LLC; and Credit Central of Tennessee, LLC, the operating companies. We report Credit Central as a separate controlled company.

As of June 30, 2017, Prospect held a 37.1% membership interest in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC

(22) ("Edmentum Holdings"), which owns 100% of the equity of Edmentum, Inc. On February 23, 2018, certain participating members of Edmentum Holdings increased their revolving credit commitment and extended additional credit to Edmentum, Inc. in exchange for additional common units of Edmentum Holdings. As a result, Prospect's equity ownership was diluted to 11.5% and the investment was transferred from control to affiliate investment classification as of March 31, 2018.

First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 80.1% of First Tower Finance Company LLC ("First Tower Finance"), which owns 100% of First

(23) Tower, LLC, the operating company as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018. We report First Tower Finance as a separate controlled company.

(24) Energy Solutions Holdings Inc., a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the equity, owns 100% of Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC ("Freedom Marine"), which owns Vessel Company, LLC, Vessel Company II,

LLC and Vessel Company III, LLC. We report Freedom Marine as a separate controlled company. MITY Holdings of Delaware Inc. (“MITY Delaware”), a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 95.58% of the equity of MITY, Inc. (f/k/a MITY Enterprises, Inc.) (“MITY”). MITY owns 100% of each of MITY-Lite, Inc. (“Mity-Lite”); Broda Enterprises USA, Inc.; and Broda Enterprises ULC (“Broda Canada”). We report MITY as a separate controlled company. MITY Delaware has a subordinated unsecured note issued and outstanding to Broda Canada that is denominated in Canadian Dollars (“CAD”). As of September 30, 2018 and (25) June 30, 2018, the principal balance of this note was CAD 7,371. In accordance with ASC 830, Foreign Currency Matters (“ASC 830”), this note was remeasured into our functional currency, US Dollars (USD), and is presented on our Consolidated Schedule of Investments in USD. We formed a separate legal entity domiciled in the United States, MITY FSC, Inc., (“MITY FSC”) in which Prospect owns 96.88% of the equity, and MITY-Lite management owns the remaining portion. MITY FSC does not have material operations. This entity earns commission

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
 (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of September 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2018

payments from MITY-Lite based on its sales to foreign customers, and distribute it to its shareholders based on pro-rata ownership. During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we received \$201 of such commission, which we recognized as other income.

NPH Property Holdings, LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 100% of the common equity of National Property REIT Corp. (“NPRC”) (f/k/a National Property Holdings Corp.), a property REIT which holds investments in several real estate properties. Additionally, NPRC invests in online consumer loans through ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. (“ACLLH”) and American Consumer Lending Limited (“ACLL”), its wholly-owned subsidiaries. We report NPRC as a separate controlled company. See Note 3 for further (26) discussion of the properties held by NPRC. During the quarter ended March 31, 2018, we restructured our investment in NPRC and exchanged \$14,274 of ACLLH Senior Secured Term Loan C and \$97,578 of ACLL Senior Secured Term Loan C for \$111,852 of Senior Secured Term Loan E. On March 31, 2018, Prospect contributed \$48,832 to NPRC as an increase to the NPRC Senior Secured Term Loan E. On the same day, NPRC distributed \$48,832 as a return of capital to Prospect. During the quarter ended September 30, 2018, we received partial repayments of \$8,221 of our loans previously outstanding with NPRC.

Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 94.48% of Nationwide Loan Company LLC (f/k/a Nationwide Acceptance LLC), the operating company, as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018. We report Nationwide Loan Company LLC as a separate controlled company. On June 1, 2015, Nationwide Acceptance LLC completed a reorganization and was renamed (27) Nationwide Loan Company LLC (“Nationwide”) and formed two new wholly-owned subsidiaries: Pelican Loan Company LLC (“Pelican”) and Nationwide Consumer Loans LLC. Nationwide assigned 100% of the equity interests in its other subsidiaries to Pelican which, in turn, assigned these interests to a new operating company wholly-owned by Pelican named Nationwide Acceptance LLC (“New Nationwide”). New Nationwide also assumed the existing senior subordinated term loan due to Prospect.

NMMB Holdings, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the equity, owns 91.52% of the fully diluted equity of NMMB, Inc. (“NMMB”) as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018. NMMB owns 100% of Refuel (28) Agency, Inc., which owns 100% of Armed Forces Communications, Inc. We report NMMB as a separate controlled company.

On June 3, 2017, Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company (“Gulf Coast”) sold all of its assets to a third party, for total consideration of \$10,250, including escrowed amounts. The proceeds from the sale were primarily used to repay a \$6,115 third party revolving credit facility, and the remainder was used to pay other legal and (29) administrative costs incurred by Gulf Coast. As no proceeds were allocated to Prospect, our debt and equity investment in Gulfco was written-off and we recorded a realized loss of \$66,103, during the year ended June 30, 2017. In June 2018, Gulf Coast received escrow proceeds of \$2,050 related to the sale. On June 28, 2017, Gulf Coast was renamed to SB Forging Company II, Inc.

(30) Prospect owns 99.96% of the equity of USES Corp. as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018.

Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc., a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 100% of Valley Electric Holdings II, Inc. (“Valley Holdings II”), another consolidated entity. Valley Holdings II owns (31) 94.99% of Valley Electric Company, Inc. (“Valley Electric”). Valley Electric owns 100% of the equity of VE Company, Inc., which owns 100% of the equity of Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. We report Valley Electric as a separate controlled company.

(32) On March 14, 2017, assets previously held by Ark-La-Tex Wireline Services, LLC (“Ark-La-Tex”) were assigned to Wolf Energy Services Company, LLC, a new wholly-owned subsidiary of Wolf Energy Holdings, in exchange for a full reduction of Ark-La-Tex’s Senior Secured Term Loan A and a partial reduction of the Senior Secured Term Loan B cost basis, in total equal to \$22,145. The cost basis of the transferred assets is equal to the appraised

fair value of assets at the time of transfer. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, Ark-La-Tex Term Loan B was written-off and a loss of \$19,818 was realized. On June 30, 2017, the 18.00% Senior Secured Promissory Note, due April 15, 2018, in Wolf Energy, LLC was contributed to the equity of Wolf Energy LLC. There was no impact from the transaction due to the note being on non-accrual status and having zero cost basis.

Prospect owns 16.04% of the equity in Targus Cayman HoldCo Limited, the parent company of Targus International LLC ("Targus") as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively. On September 25, 2017,

(33) Prospect exchanged \$1,600 of Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$4,799 of Senior Secured Term Loan B investments in Targus into 6,120,658 of common shares, and recorded a realized gain of \$846, as a result of this transaction.

We own 99.9999% of AGC/PEP, LLC ("AGC/PEP"). As of September 30, 2016, AGC/PEP, owned 2,038 out of a total of 93,485 shares (including 7,456 vested and unvested management options) of American Gilsonite Holding Company ("AGC Holdco") which owns 100% of American Gilsonite Company ("AGC"). On October 24, 2016, AGC

(34) filed for a joint prepackaged plan of reorganization under Chapter 11 of the bankruptcy code. During the year ended June 30, 2017, AGC emerged from bankruptcy and AGC Holdco was dissolved. AGC/PEP received a total of 131 shares representing a total ownership stake of 0.05% in AGC.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of September 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2018

(35) Centerfield Media Holding Company and Oology Direct Holdings, Inc. are joint borrowers and guarantors on the senior secured loan facilities.

Keystone Acquisition Corp. is the parent borrower on the second lien term loan. Other joint borrowers on this (36) debt investment include Keystone Peer Review Organization, Inc., KEPRO Acquisitions, Inc., APS Healthcare Bethesda, Inc., Ohio KEPRO, Inc., and APS Healthcare Quality Review, Inc.

(37) These investments are in the debt class of the CLO security. As of June 30, 2018, the all-in interest rate of the Galaxy XXVIII CLO, Ltd. Class F Junior Note was not yet determined as the investment was unsettled.

(38) The consolidated revenue interest is equal to the lesser of (i) 2.0% of consolidated revenue for the twelve-month period ending on the last day of the prior fiscal quarter (or portion thereof) and (ii) 25% of the amount of interest accrued on the Notes at the cash interest rate for such fiscal quarter (or portion thereof).

(39) As of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, Prospect owns 8.57% of the equity in Encinitas Watches Holdco, LLC (f/k/a Nixon Holdco, LLC), the parent company of Nixon, Inc. On February 26, 2018, Prospect entered into a debt forgiveness agreement with Nixon, Inc., which terminated \$17,472 Senior Secured Term Loan receivable due to us. We recorded a realized loss of \$14,197 in our Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended June 30, 2018 as a result of this transaction.

(40) On May 29, 2018, Prospect exercised its rights and remedies under its loan documents to exercise the shareholder voting rights in respect of the stock of Pacific World Corporation (“Pacific World”) and to appoint a new Board of Directors of Pacific World. As a result, Prospect’s investment in Pacific World is classified as a control investment.

(41) Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC purchases small business whole loans from small business loan originators, including On Deck Capital, Inc.

(42) Turning Point Brands, Inc. and North Atlantic Trading Company, Inc. are joint borrowers and guarantors on the secured loan facility.

(43) The overriding royalty interests held receive payments at the stated rates based upon operations of the borrower.

(44) The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio at cost by control designation, investment type and by industry as of September 30, 2018:

Industry	1st Lien Term Loan	2nd Lien Term Loan	CLO (C)	Unsecured Debt	Equity ^(B)	Cost Total
Control Investments						
Aerospace & Defense	\$49,223	\$—	\$	\$—	\$22,738	\$71,961
Commercial Services & Supplies	118,071	—	—	7,200	6,849	132,120
Construction & Engineering	43,311	—	—	—	26,204	69,515
Consumer Finance	—	337,925	—	—	116,839	454,764
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	20,476	—	—	—	6,759	27,235
Energy Equipment & Services	35,048	—	—	—	191,858	226,906
Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	293,203	—	—	—	216,860	510,063
Health Care Providers & Services	235,851	—	—	—	—	235,851
Machinery	—	28,622	—	—	6,866	35,488
Media	7,614	—	—	—	12,869	20,483
Online Lending	217,960	—	—	—	100,949	318,909
Personal Products	213,325	—	—	—	15,000	228,325
Total Control Investments	\$1,234,082	\$366,547	\$	-\$7,200	\$723,791	\$2,331,620
Affiliate Investments						

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Diversified Consumer Services	\$—	\$177	\$	-\$31,512	\$6,577	\$38,266
Distributors	—	127,091	—	—	—	127,091
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	—	—	—	—	9,878	9,878

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of September 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2018

Industry	1st Lien Term Loan	2nd Lien Term Loan	CLO (C)	Unsecured Debt	Equity (B)	Cost Total
Total Affiliate Investments	\$—	\$127,268	\$—	\$31,512	\$16,455	\$175,235
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments						
Auto Components	\$—	\$25,388	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$25,388
Building Products	—	19,824	—	—	—	19,824
Capital Markets	\$—	\$26,531	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$26,531
Commercial Services & Supplies	87,093	163,982	—	—	—	251,075
Communications Equipment	—	47,872	—	—	—	47,872
Consumer Finance	19,748	—	—	—	—	19,748
Distributors	174,191	—	—	—	—	174,191
Diversified Consumer Services	—	118,289	—	—	—	118,289
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	12,572	14,860	—	—	—	27,432
Energy Equipment & Services	32,159	—	—	—	—	32,159
Entertainment	29,915	16,907	—	—	—	46,822
Food Products	—	9,888	—	—	—	9,888
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	35,380	7,465	—	—	—	42,845
Health Care Providers & Services	142,957	61,912	—	—	1,252	206,121
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	29,625	7,483	—	—	—	37,108
Household Durables	16,894	22,592	—	—	—	39,486
Household Products	24,875	—	—	—	—	24,875
Insurance	—	2,987	—	—	—	2,987
Interactive Media & Services	48,718	—	—	—	—	48,718
IT Services	269,808	25,110	—	—	—	294,918
Leisure Products	32,552	10,910	—	—	1	43,463
Media	103,279	35,000	—	—	—	138,279
Paper & Forest Products	—	11,337	—	—	—	11,337
Pharmaceuticals	—	11,882	—	—	—	11,882
Professional Services	95,246	65,928	—	—	—	161,174
Real Estate Management & Development	41,580	—	—	—	—	41,580
Software	—	69,462	—	—	—	69,462
Technology Hardware, Storage & Peripherals	—	12,388	—	—	—	12,388
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	272,618	36,578	—	—	—	309,196
Tobacco	—	14,399	—	—	—	14,399
Trading Companies & Distributors	63,700	—	—	—	—	63,700
Transportation Infrastructure	—	27,515	—	—	—	27,515
Structured Finance (A)	—	—	1,132,307	—	—	1,132,307
Total Non-Control/ Non-Affiliate	\$1,532,910	\$866,489	\$1,132,307	\$—	\$1,253	\$3,532,959
Total Portfolio Investment Cost	\$2,766,992	\$1,360,304	\$1,132,307	\$38,712	\$741,499	\$6,039,814

The following table shows the composition of our investment portfolio at fair value by control designation, investment type and by industry as of September 30, 2018:

Industry	1st Lien Term Loan	2nd Lien Term	CLO (C)	Unsecured Debt	Equity (B)	Fair Value Total	Fair Value % of
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	Loan				Net Assets		
Control Investments							
Aerospace & Defense	\$49,223	\$	\$	-\$38,152	\$87,375	2.5	%
Commercial Services & Supplies	66,709	—	—	5,702	1,121	73,532	2.1 %
Construction & Engineering	43,311	—	—	—	38,632	81,943	2.4 %
Consumer Finance	—	341,435	—	—	207,611	549,046	16.0 %

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of September 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2018

Industry	1st Lien Term Loan	2nd Lien Term Loan	CLO (C)	Unsecured Debt	Equity ^(B)	Fair Value Total	Fair Value % of Net Assets
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	20,476	—	—	—	14,213	34,689	1.0 %
Energy Equipment & Services	35,048	—	—	—	124,428	159,476	4.6 %
Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	293,203	—	—	—	546,434	839,637	24.5 %
Health Care Providers & Services	220,299	—	—	—	—	220,299	6.4 %
Machinery	\$—	\$24,782	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$24,782	0.7 %
Media	7,614	—	—	—	12,460	20,074	0.7 %
Online Lending	217,960	—	—	—	14,366	232,326	6.8 %
Personal Products	164,158	—	—	—	—	164,158	4.8 %
Total Control Investments	\$1,118,001	\$366,217	\$—	\$5,702	\$997,417	\$2,487,337	72.5 %
Fair Value % of Net Assets	32.6	% 10.7	%—	% 0.2	% 29.1	% 72.5	%
Affiliate Investments							
Diversified Consumer Services	\$—	\$177	\$—	\$25,476	\$—	\$25,653	0.7 %
Distributors	—	50,670	—	—	—	50,670	1.5 %
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	—	—	—	—	19,670	19,670	0.6 %
Total Affiliate Investments	\$—	\$50,847	\$—	\$25,476	\$19,670	\$95,993	2.8 %
Fair Value % of Net Assets	—	% 1.5	%—	% 0.7	% 0.6	% 2.8	%
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments							
Auto Components	\$—	\$24,851	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$24,851	0.7 %
Building Products	—	20,000	—	—	—	20,000	0.6 %
Capital Markets	—	26,675	—	—	—	26,675	0.8 %
Commercial Services & Supplies	86,389	165,096	—	—	932	252,417	7.4 %
Communications Equipment	—	48,000	—	—	—	48,000	1.4 %
Consumer Finance	21,371	—	—	—	—	21,371	0.6 %
Distributors	174,191	—	—	—	—	174,191	5.1 %
Diversified Consumer Services	—	118,289	—	—	—	118,289	3.4 %
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	12,566	15,300	—	—	—	27,866	0.8 %
Energy Equipment & Services	32,842	—	—	—	—	32,842	1.0 %
Entertainment	29,965	16,976	—	—	—	46,941	1.4 %
Food Products	—	9,888	—	—	—	9,888	0.3 %
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	35,380	7,465	—	—	—	42,845	1.3 %
Health Care Providers & Services	141,380	61,912	—	—	262	203,554	5.9 %
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	29,625	7,483	—	—	—	37,108	1.1 %
Household Durables	15,399	22,254	—	—	—	37,653	1.1 %
Household Products	24,875	—	—	—	—	24,875	0.7 %
Insurance	—	2,987	—	—	—	2,987	0.1 %
Interactive Media & Services	48,718	—	—	—	—	48,718	1.4 %

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IT Services	269,808	25,486	—	—	—	295,294	8.6 %
Leisure Products	32,552	11,000	—	—	—	43,552	1.3 %
Media	103,259	34,320	—	—	—	137,579	4.0 %
Paper & Forest Products	—	11,337	—	—	—	11,337	0.3 %
Pharmaceuticals	—	12,000	—	—	—	12,000	0.3 %
Professional Services	95,600	70,008	—	—	—	165,608	4.9 %
Real Estate Management & Development	41,580	—	—	—	—	41,580	1.2 %
Software	—	70,259	—	—	—	70,259	2.0 %
Technology Hardware, Storage & Peripherals	—	12,500	—	—	—	12,500	0.4 %
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	272,618	37,000	—	—	—	309,618	9.0 %
Tobacco	—	14,399	—	—	—	14,399	0.4 %
Trading Companies & Distributors	45,129	—	—	—	—	45,129	1.3 %

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of September 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2018

Industry	1st Lien Term Loan	2nd Lien Term Loan	CLO (C)	Unsecured Debt	Equity (B)	Fair Value Total	Fair Value % of Net Assets
Transportation Infrastructure	—	28,104	—	—	—	28,104	0.8 %
Structured Finance (A)	\$—	\$—	\$965,323	\$—	\$—	\$965,323	28.1 %
Total Non-Control/ Non-Affiliate	\$1,513,247	\$873,589	\$965,323	\$—	\$1,194	\$3,353,353	97.7 %
Fair Value % of Net Assets	44.1	%25.5	%28.1	%—	%—	%97.7	%
Total Portfolio	\$2,631,248	\$1,290,653	\$965,323	\$31,178	\$1,018,281	\$5,936,683	173.0%
Fair Value % of Net Assets	76.7	%37.6	%28.1	%0.9	%29.7	%173.0	%

(A) Our CLO investments do not have industry concentrations and as such have been separated in the table above.

(B) Equity, unless specifically stated otherwise, includes our investments in preferred stock, common stock, membership interests, net profits interests, net operating income interests, net revenue interests, overriding royalty interests, escrows receivable, and warrants.

(C) We hold three CLO debt investments: the Class E Notes of Cent CLO 21 Limited, the Class F Notes of CIFIC Funding 2014-V, Ltd., and the Class F Subordinated Notes of Galaxy XXVIII CLO, Ltd. As of September 30, 2018 the cost and fair value are \$26,085 and \$27,424, respectively, and makes up 0.8% of our net assets. Our remaining CLO investments are held in CLO equity tranches which earn residual interest. As of September 30, 2018 the cost and fair value of our investment in the equity tranches are \$1,106,222 and \$937,899, respectively, and make up 27.3% of our net assets.

(45) The following table shows the composition of our investment portfolio at cost by control designation, investment type and by industry as of June 30, 2018:

Industry	1st Lien Term Loan	2nd Lien Term Loan	CLO (C)	Unsecured Debt	Equity (B)	Cost Total
Control Investments						
Aerospace & Defense	\$47,099	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$22,738	\$69,837
Commercial Services & Supplies	117,861	—	—	7,200	6,849	131,910
Construction & Engineering	38,211	—	—	—	26,204	64,415
Consumer Finance	—	337,972	—	—	116,839	454,811
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	20,700	—	—	—	6,759	27,459
Energy Equipment & Services	35,048	—	—	—	191,812	226,860
Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	293,203	—	—	—	206,655	499,858
Health Care Providers & Services	212,701	—	—	—	—	212,701
Machinery	—	28,622	—	—	6,866	35,488
Media	8,614	—	—	—	12,869	21,483
Online Lending	226,180	—	—	—	100,949	327,129
Personal Products	213,575	—	—	—	15,000	228,575
Total Control Investments	\$1,213,192	\$366,594	\$—	\$-7,200	\$713,540	\$2,300,526
Affiliate Investments						
Diversified Consumer Services	\$—	\$7,834	\$—	\$-31,348	\$6,577	\$45,759
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	—	—	—	—	9,878	9,878

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Total Affiliate Investments	\$—	\$7,834	\$	-\$31,348	\$16,455	\$55,637
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments						
Auto Components	\$—	\$12,681	\$	\$—	\$—	\$12,681
Building Products	—	9,905	—	—	—	9,905
Capital Markets	—	19,799	—	—	—	19,799
Commercial Services & Supplies	90,364	163,913	—	—	—	254,277
Communications Equipment	—	39,860	—	—	—	39,860
Consumer Finance	30,570	—	—	—	—	30,570
Distributors	343,659	127,091	—	—	—	470,750

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of September 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2018

Industry	1st Lien Term Loan	2nd Lien Term Loan	CLO (C)	Unsecured Debt	Equity (B)	Cost Total
Diversified Consumer Services	9,647	118,289	—	—	—	127,936
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	\$12,490	\$14,856	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$27,346
Energy Equipment & Services	30,511	—	—	—	—	30,511
Food Products	—	9,884	—	—	—	9,884
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	35,815	7,464	—	—	—	43,279
Health Care Providers & Services	145,336	61,909	—	—	1,252	208,497
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	29,813	7,482	—	—	—	37,295
Household & Personal Products	24,938	—	—	—	—	24,938
Household Durables	16,894	25,645	—	—	—	42,539
Insurance	—	2,986	—	—	—	2,986
Internet & Direct Marketing Retail	4,813	35,000	—	—	—	39,813
Internet Software & Services	215,791	13,926	—	—	—	229,717
IT Services	160,588	21,595	—	—	—	182,183
Leisure Products	34,626	10,904	—	—	1	45,531
Media	118,605	2,975	—	—	—	121,580
Online Lending	—	—	—	30	—	30
Paper & Forest Products	—	11,328	—	—	—	11,328
Pharmaceuticals	—	11,882	—	—	—	11,882
Professional Services	9,468	64,804	—	—	—	74,272
Real Estate Management & Development	41,860	—	—	—	—	41,860
Software	—	66,435	—	—	—	66,435
Technology Hardware, Storage & Peripherals	—	12,384	—	—	—	12,384
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	—	36,551	—	—	—	36,551
Tobacco	—	14,392	—	—	—	14,392
Trading Companies & Distributors	63,863	—	—	—	—	63,863
Transportation Infrastructure	—	27,494	—	—	—	27,494
Structured Finance (A)	—	—	1,102,927	—	—	1,102,927
Total Non-Control/ Non-Affiliate	\$1,419,651	\$951,434	\$1,102,927	\$30	\$1,253	\$3,475,295
Total Portfolio Investment Cost	\$2,632,843	\$1,325,862	\$1,102,927	\$38,578	\$731,248	\$5,831,458

The following table shows the composition of our investment portfolio at fair value by control designation, investment type and by industry as of June 30, 2018:

Industry	1st Lien Term Loan	2nd Lien Term Loan	CLO (C)	Unsecured Debt	Equity (B)	Fair Value Total	Fair Value % of Net Assets
Control Investments							
Aerospace & Defense	\$47,099	\$—	\$—	\$—	—\$35,179	\$82,278	2.4 %
Commercial Services & Supplies	67,011	—	—	5,563	2,639	75,213	2.2 %
Construction & Engineering	38,211	—	—	—	12,586	50,797	1.5 %
Consumer Finance	—	342,331	—	—	211,209	553,540	16.2 %
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	20,700	—	—	—	15,056	35,756	1.1 %

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Energy Equipment & Services	35,048	—	—	—	103,456	138,504	4.1	%
Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	293,203	—	—	—	518,712	811,915	23.8	%
Health Care Providers & Services	197,621	—	—	—	—	197,621	5.8	%
Machinery	—	28,622	—	—	3,264	31,886	0.9	%
Media	8,614	—	—	—	10,121	18,735	0.6	%
Online Lending	226,180	—	—	—	16,881	243,061	7.1	%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of September 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2018

Industry	1st Lien Term Loan	2nd Lien Term Loan	CLO (C)	Unsecured Debt	Equity (B)	Fair Value Total	Fair Value % of Net Assets
Personal Products	\$165,020	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$165,020	4.9 %
Total Control Investments	\$1,098,707	\$370,953	\$—	\$5,563	\$929,103	\$2,404,326	70.6 %
Fair Value % of Net Assets	32.2	%10.9	%—	%0.2	%27.3	%70.6	%
Affiliate Investments							
Diversified Consumer Services	\$—	\$7,834	\$—	\$27,382	\$—	\$35,216	1.0 %
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	—	—	—	—	23,220	23,220	0.7 %
Total Affiliate Investments	\$—	\$7,834	\$—	\$27,382	\$23,220	\$58,436	1.7 %
Fair Value % of Net Assets	—	%0.2	%—	%0.8	%0.7	%1.7	%
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments							
Auto Components	\$—	\$12,887	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$12,887	0.4 %
Building Products	—	10,000	—	—	—	10,000	0.3 %
Capital Markets	—	20,000	—	—	—	20,000	0.6 %
Commercial Services & Supplies	89,658	164,236	—	—	917	254,811	7.5 %
Communications Equipment	—	40,000	—	—	—	40,000	1.2 %
Consumer Finance	33,438	—	—	—	—	33,438	1.0 %
Distributors	343,659	58,806	—	—	—	402,465	11.8 %
Diversified Consumer Services	9,647	118,289	—	—	—	127,936	3.8 %
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	12,335	14,873	—	—	—	27,208	0.8 %
Energy Equipment & Services	32,070	—	—	—	—	32,070	0.9 %
Food Products	—	9,886	—	—	—	9,886	0.3 %
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	35,815	7,464	—	—	—	43,279	1.3 %
Health Care Providers & Services	144,130	61,933	—	—	446	206,509	6.0 %
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	29,813	7,482	—	—	—	37,295	1.1 %
Household & Personal Products	24,938	—	—	—	—	24,938	0.7 %
Household Durables	15,728	25,895	—	—	—	41,623	1.2 %
Insurance	—	2,986	—	—	—	2,986	0.1 %
Internet & Direct Marketing	4,813	35,000	—	—	—	39,813	1.2 %
Retail	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Internet Software & Services	215,791	14,000	—	—	—	229,791	6.7 %
IT Services	160,588	21,990	—	—	—	182,578	5.4 %
Leisure Products	34,626	11,000	—	—	—	45,626	1.3 %
Media	118,655	2,975	—	—	—	121,630	3.6 %
Online Lending	—	—	—	17	—	17	— %
Paper & Forest Products	—	11,226	—	—	—	11,226	0.3 %

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Pharmaceuticals	—	12,000	—	—	—	12,000	0.3	%
Professional Services	9,608	67,383	—	—	—	76,991	2.3	%
Real Estate Management & Development	41,860	—	—	—	—	41,860	1.2	%
Software	—	67,265	—	—	—	67,265	2.0	%
Technology Hardware, Storage & Peripherals	—	12,500	—	—	—	12,500	0.4	%
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	—	37,000	—	—	—	37,000	1.1	%
Tobacco	—	14,392	—	—	—	14,392	0.4	%
Trading Companies & Distributors	56,199	—	—	—	—	56,199	1.6	%
Transportation Infrastructure	—	28,104	—	—	—	28,104	0.8	%
Structured Finance (A)	—	—	960,194	—	—	960,194	28.2	%
Total Non-Control/ Non-Affiliate	\$1,413,371	\$889,572	\$960,194	\$17	\$1,363	\$3,264,517	95.8	%
Fair Value % of Net Assets	41.5	%26.1	%28.2	%—	%—	%95.8		%
Total Portfolio	\$2,512,078	\$1,268,359	\$960,194	\$32,962	\$953,686	\$5,727,279	168.1	%
Fair Value % of Net Assets	73.7	%37.2	%28.2	%1.0	%28.0	%168.1		%

(A) Our CLO investments do not have industry concentrations and as such have been separated in the table above.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of September 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2018

(B) Equity, unless specifically stated otherwise, includes our investments in preferred stock, common stock, membership interests, net profits interests, net operating income interests, net revenue interests, overriding royalty interests, escrows receivable, and warrants.

(C) We hold one CLO debt investment in the Class F Subordinated Notes of Galaxy XXVIII CLO, Ltd. As of June 30, 2018 the cost and fair value are \$6,159 and \$6,159, respectively, and makes up 0.2% of our net assets. Our remaining CLO investments are held in CLO equity tranches which earn residual interest. As of June 30, 2018 the cost and fair value of our investment in the equity tranches are \$1,096,768 and \$954,035, respectively, and make up 28.0% of our net assets.

(46) The interest rate on these investments, excluding those on non-accrual, contains a paid in kind (“PIK”) provision, whereby the issuer has either the option or the obligation to make interest payments with the issuance of additional securities. The interest rate in the schedule represents the current interest rate in effect for these investments.

The following table provides additional details on these PIK investments, including the maximum annual PIK interest rate allowed under the existing credit agreements, as of and for three months ended September 30, 2018:

Security Name	PIK Rate - Capitalized	PIK Rate - Paid as cash	Maximum Current PIK Rate
CCPI Inc.	—%	7.00%	7.00%
Cinedigm DC Holdings, LLC	—%	2.50%	2.50%
Credit Central Loan Company	—%	10.00%	10.00%
Echelon Transportation, LLC (f/k/a Echelon Aviation LLC)	2.25%	—%	2.25%
Echelon Transportation, LLC (f/k/a Echelon Aviation LLC)	1.00%	—%	1.00%
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC - Revolver	5.00%	—%	5.00%
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC - Senior PIK Note	8.50%	—%	8.50%
First Tower Finance Company LLC	1.80%	8.20%	10.00%
Interdent, Inc - Senior Secured Term Loan B	16.00%	—%	16.00%
Interdent, Inc - Senior Secured Term Loan C	18.00%	—%	18.00%
Interdent, Inc - Senior Secured Term Loan D	1.00%	—%	1.00%
Mity, Inc. - Senior Secured Term Loan B	3.37%	6.63%	10.00%
National Property REIT Corp. - Senior Secured Term Loan A	—%	10.50%	10.50%
National Property REIT Corp. - Senior Secured Term Loan E	—%	1.50%	1.50%
Nationwide Loan Company LLC	—%	10.00%	10.00%
Spartan Energy Services, Inc.	14.08%	—%	14.08%
Valley Electric Co. of Mt.	—%	2.50%	2.50%
Vernon, Inc.	—%	2.50%	2.50%
Valley Electric Company, Inc.	—%	10.00%	10.00%
Venio LLC	10.00%	—%	10.00%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of September 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2018

The following table provides additional details on these PIK investments, including the maximum annual PIK interest rate allowed under the existing credit agreements, as of and for three months ended June 30, 2018:

Security Name	PIK Rate - Capitalized	PIK Rate - Paid as cash	Maximum Current PIK Rate	
CCPI Inc.	—%	7.00%	7.00%	
Cinedigm DC Holdings, LLC	—%	2.50%	2.50%	
Credit Central Loan Company	—%	10.00%	10.00%	
Echelon Transportation, LLC (f/k/a Echelon Aviation LLC)	N/A	N/A	2.25%	(A)
Echelon Transportation, LLC (f/k/a Echelon Aviation LLC)	N/A	N/A	1.00%	(A)
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC - Unsecured Senior PIK Note	8.50%	—%	8.50%	
First Tower Finance Company LLC	1.45%	8.55%	10.00%	
InterDent, Inc. - Senior Secured Team Loan B	4.25%	—%	4.25%	
InterDent, Inc. - Senior Secured Team Loan C	18.00%	—%	18.00%	
MITY, Inc.	—%	10.00%	10.00%	
National Property REIT Corp. - Senior Secured Term Loan A	—%	10.50%	10.50%	
National Property REIT Corp. - Senior Secured Term Loan E	—%	1.50%	1.50%	
Nationwide Loan Company LLC	—%	10.00%	10.00%	
Spartan Energy Services, Inc.	13.98%	—%	13.98%	
Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc.	—%	2.50%	2.50%	
Valley Electric Company, Inc.	7.17%	2.83%	10.00%	
Venio LLC	10.00%	—%	10.00%	

(A) Next PIK payment/capitalization date was July 31, 2018.

As defined in the 1940 Act, we are deemed to “Control” these portfolio companies because we own more than 25% (47) of the portfolio company’s outstanding voting securities. Transactions during the three months ended September 30, 2018 with these controlled investments were as follows:

Portfolio Company	Fair Value at June 30, 2018	Gross Additions (Cost)*	Gross Reductions (Cost)**	Net unrealized gains (losses) at September 30, 2018	Fair Value Interest income	Dividend income	Other income	Net realized gains (losses)
CCPI, Inc.	\$35,756	\$ —	\$ (223)	\$(844)	\$34,689	\$914	\$ —	\$ —
CP Energy Services Inc.	123,261	—	—	19,379	142,640	1,195	—	—
Credit Central Loan Company, LLC	76,677	848	—	(6,937)	70,588	3,499	—	—
Echelon Transportation LLC	82,278	2,125	—	2,972	87,375	1,658	—	—
First Tower Finance Company LLC	443,010	1,258	(2,154)	3,627	445,741	13,962	—	—
Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC	13,037	—	—	1,563	14,600	—	—	—
InterDent, Inc.	197,621	23,150	—	(472)	220,299	6,821	—	—
MITY, Inc.	58,894	211	—	(1,380)	57,725	2,068	—	201
National Property REIT Corp.	1,054,976	10,206	(8,221)	15,002	1,071,963	20,398	11,000	2,287
Nationwide Loan Company LLC	33,853	—	—	(1,136)	32,717	890	165	—
NMMB, Inc.	18,735	—	(1,001)	2,340	20,074	310	—	—

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Pacific World Corporation	165,020	—	(251) (611) 164,158	2,332			
R-V Industries, Inc.	31,886	—	—	(7,104) 24,782	802	—	—	—
SB Forging Company II, Inc. (f/k/a Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company)	2,194	—	—	7	2,201	—	—	—	—
USES Corp.	16,319	—	—	(512	) 15,807	—	—	—	—
Valley Electric Company, Inc.	50,797	5,100	—	26,046	81,943	1,605	3,500	303	—
Wolf Energy, LLC	12	45	—	(22	) 35	—	—	—	—
Total	\$2,404,326	\$42,943	\$(11,850	) \$51,918	\$2,487,337	\$56,454	\$14,665	\$2,791	\$1

* Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of the investments resulting from new portfolio investments, OID accretion and PIK interest.

** Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investments repayments or sales, impairments, and any transfer of investments.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of September 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2018

As defined in the 1940 Act, we are deemed to be an “Affiliated company” of these portfolio companies because we (48) own more than 5% of the portfolio company’s outstanding voting securities. Transactions during the three months ended September 30, 2018 with these affiliated investments were as follows:

Portfolio Company	Fair Value at June 30, 2018	Gross Additions (Cost)*	Gross Reductions (Cost)**	Net unrealized gains (losses)	Fair Value at September 30, 2018	Interest income	Dividend income	Other income	Net realized gains (losses)
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC	\$35,216	\$361	\$(7,855)	\$(2,069)	\$25,653	\$227	\$—	—	—
Nixon, Inc.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Targus Cayman HoldCo Limited	23,220	—	—	(3,550)	19,670	—	—	—	—
United Sporting Companies, Inc.***	—	58,806	—	(8,136)	50,670	—	—	—	—
Total	\$58,436	\$59,167	\$(7,855)	\$(13,755)	\$95,993	\$227	\$—	—	—

* Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of the investments resulting from new portfolio investments, PIK interest, and any transfer of investments.

** Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investments repayments or sales, impairments, and any transfer of investments.

*** Investment was transferred from non-controlled/non-affiliate investments at \$58,806, the fair market value at the beginning of the three month period ended September 30, 2018. Refer to endnote #18.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of September 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2018

As defined in the 1940 Act, we are deemed to “Control” these portfolio companies because we own more than 25% (49) of the portfolio company’s outstanding voting securities. Transactions during the year ended June 30, 2018 with these controlled investments were as follows:

Portfolio Company	Fair Value at June 30, 2017	Gross Additions (Cost)*	Gross Reductions (Cost)**	Net unrealized gains (losses)	Fair Value at June 30, 2018	Interest income	Dividend income	Other income	Net realized gains (losses)
Arctic Energy Services, LLC ***	\$17,370	\$—	\$(60,876)	\$43,506	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
CCPI Inc.	43,052	—	(482)	(6,814)	35,756	3,704	—	—	—
CP Energy Services Inc. ***	72,216	65,976	—	(14,931)	123,261	3,394	—	228	—
Credit Central Loan Company, LLC	64,435	2,240	—	10,002	76,677	12,755	—	903	—
Echelon Transportation, LLC (f/k/a Echelon Aviation LLC)	71,318	—	—	10,960	82,278	6,360	—	—	—
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC ****	46,895	5,394	(39,196)	(13,093)	—	572	—	—	—
First Tower Finance Company LLC	365,588	21,352	(6,735)	62,805	443,010	47,422	—	2,664	—
Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC	23,994	982	—	(11,939)	13,037	—	—	—	—
Interdent, Inc. *****	—	209,120	—	(11,499)	197,621	4,775	—	—	—
MITY, Inc.	76,512	—	—	(17,618)	58,894	8,206	—	1,093	13
National Property REIT Corp.	987,304	160,769	(124,078)	30,981	1,054,976	90,582	11,279	8,834	—
Nationwide Loan Company LLC	36,945	4,370	—	(7,462)	33,853	3,485	—	—	—
NMMB, Inc.	20,825	—	(1,999)	(91)	18,735	1,455	—	—	—
Pacific World Corporation *****	—	198,149	(250)	(32,879)	165,020	3,742	—	—	—
R-V Industries, Inc.	32,678	—	—	(792)	31,886	3,064	—	—	—
SB Forging Company II, Inc. (f/k/a Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company)	1,940	—	—	254	2,194	—	—	—	—
USES Corp.	12,517	3,000	(3)	805	16,319	—	—	—	—
Valley Electric Company, Inc.	32,509	2,157	—	16,131	50,797	5,971	—	138	—
Wolf Energy, LLC	5,677	—	(3,009)	(2,656)	12	—	—	1,220	—
Total	\$1,911,775	\$673,509	\$(236,628)	\$55,670	\$2,404,326	\$195,487	\$11,279	\$15,080	\$13

* Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of the investments resulting from new portfolio investments, PIK interest, and any transfer of investments.

** Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investments repayments or sales, impairments, and any transfer of investments.

*** Arctic Energy Services, LLC cost basis was transferred to CP Energy Services Inc. on April 6, 2018 as a result of the merger between these controlled portfolio companies. There was no realized gain or loss recognized by us since this was a merger amongst two portfolio companies under our control.

**** The investment was transferred to affiliate investment classification at \$31,362, the fair market value of the investment at the beginning of the three month period ended March 31, 2018. Refer to endnote #22.

***** The investment was transferred to control investment classification at \$208,549, the fair market value of the investment at the beginning of the three month period ended June 30, 2018. Refer to endnote #52.

***** The investment was transferred from non-control/ non-affiliate to control investment classification at \$183,151, the fair market value of the investment at the beginning of the three month period ended June 30, 2018. Refer to endnote #40.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of September 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2018

As defined in the 1940 Act, we are deemed to be an “Affiliated company” of these portfolio companies because we (50) own more than 5% of the portfolio company’s outstanding voting securities. Transactions during the year ended June 30, 2018 with these affiliated investments were as follows:

Portfolio Company	Fair Value at June 30, 2017	Gross Additions (Cost)*	Gross Reductions (Cost)**	Net unrealized gains (losses)	Fair Value at June 30, 2018	Interest income	Dividend income	Other income	Net realized gains (losses)
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC ***	\$—	\$ 34,416	\$—	\$ 800	\$ 35,216	\$ 348	\$—	\$—	\$—
Nixon, Inc.	—	—	(14,197)	14,197	—	—	—	—	(14,197)
Targus International, LLC	11,429	1,117	—	10,674	23,220	205	—	—	846
Total	\$ 11,429	\$ 35,533	\$ (14,197)	\$ 25,671	\$ 58,436	\$ 553	\$—	\$—	\$(13,351)

* Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of the investments resulting from new portfolio investments, PIK interest and any transfer of investments.

** Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investments repayments or sales, impairments, and any transfer of investments.

*** The investment was transferred from controlled investment classification at \$31,362, the fair market value of the investment at the beginning of the three month period ended March 31, 2018. Refer to endnote #22.

(51) BAART Programs, Inc. and MedMark Services, Inc. are joint borrowers of the second lien term loan.

(52) During the year ended June 30, 2018, Prospect exercised its rights and remedies under its loan documents to exercise the shareholder voting rights in respect of the stock of InterDent, Inc. (“InterDent”) and to appoint a new Board of Directors of InterDent. As a result, Prospect’s investment in InterDent is classified as a control investment.

(53) In accordance with endnote 8 of Regulation S-X Rule 12-12 - Form and Content of Schedules - Investments in securities of unaffiliated issuers, we have updated the presentation of our Consolidated Schedule of Investments to include the acquisition dates of our investments. The presentation of our Consolidated Schedule of Investments for the year ended June 30, 2018 has been similarly updated to provide comparable disclosures.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(in thousands, except share and per share data)
(Unaudited)

Note 1. Organization

In this report, the terms “Prospect,” “the Company,” “we,” “us” and “our” mean Prospect Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

Prospect is a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. We are a closed-end investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company (“BDC”) under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “1940 Act”). As a BDC, we have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company (“RIC”), under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the “Code”). We were organized on April 13, 2004 and were funded in an initial public offering completed on July 27, 2004.

On May 15, 2007, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Capital Funding LLC (“PCF”), a Delaware limited liability company and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, which holds certain of our portfolio loan investments that are used as collateral for the revolving credit facility at PCF. Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC (“PSBL”) was formed on January 27, 2014 and purchases small business whole loans on a recurring basis from online small business loan originators, including On Deck Capital, Inc. (“OnDeck”). On September 30, 2014, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Yield Corporation, LLC (“PYC”) and effective October 23, 2014, PYC holds our investments in collateralized loan obligations (“CLOs”). Each of these subsidiaries have been consolidated since operations commenced.

We consolidate certain of our wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us in order to facilitate our investment strategy. The following companies are included in our consolidated financial statements and are collectively referred to as the “Consolidated Holding Companies”: APH Property Holdings, LLC (“APH”); Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc. (“Arctic Equipment”); CCPI Holdings Inc.; CP Holdings of Delaware LLC (“CP Holdings”); Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC; Energy Solutions Holdings Inc.; First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC (“First Tower Delaware”); Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc.; MITY Holdings of Delaware Inc.; Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC; NMMB Holdings, Inc. (“NMMB Holdings”); NPH Property Holdings, LLC (“NPH”); STI Holding, Inc.; UPH Property Holdings, LLC (“UPH”); Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc.; Valley Electric Holdings II, Inc.; and Wolf Energy Holdings Inc. (“Wolf Energy Holdings”). On October 10, 2014, concurrent with the sale of the operating company, our ownership increased to 100% of the outstanding equity of ARRM Services, Inc. (“ARRM”) which was renamed SB Forging Company, Inc. (“SB Forging”). As such, we began consolidating SB Forging on October 11, 2014. Effective May 23, 2016, in connection with the merger of American Property REIT Corp. (“APRC”) and United Property REIT Corp. (“UPRC”) with and into National Property REIT Corp. (“NPRC”), APH and UPH merged with and into NPH, and were dissolved. Effective April 6, 2018, Arctic Equipment merged with and into CP Energy Services, Inc. (“CP Energy”), a substantially wholly-owned subsidiary of CP Holdings, with CP Energy continuing as the surviving entity.

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management L.P. (“Prospect Capital Management” or the “Investment Adviser”). Prospect Administration LLC (“Prospect Administration” or the “Administrator”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Investment Adviser, provides administrative services and facilities necessary for us to operate.

Our investment objective is to generate both current income and long-term capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in senior and subordinated debt and equity of private companies in need of capital for acquisitions, divestitures, growth, development, recapitalizations and other purposes. We work with the management teams or financial sponsors to identify investments with historical cash flows, asset collateral or contracted pro-forma cash flows for investment.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q, ASC 946, Financial Services—Investment Companies (“ASC 946”), and Articles 6, 10 and 12 of Regulation S-X. Under the 1940 Act, ASC 946, and the regulations pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X, we are precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company or an operating company which provides substantially all of its services to benefit us. Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Prospect, PCF, PSBL, PYC, and the Consolidated Holding Companies. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The financial results of our non-substantially wholly-owned holding companies and operating portfolio company investments are not consolidated in the financial statements. Any operating companies owned by the Consolidated Holding Companies are not consolidated.

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Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made in the presentation of prior consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes to conform to the presentation as of and for the three months ended September 30, 2018.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income, expenses, and gains and losses during the reported period. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, creditworthiness of the issuers of our investment portfolio and any other parameters used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ, and these differences could be material.

Investment Classification

We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. As required by the 1940 Act, we classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, “Control Investments” are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of more than 25% of the voting securities of an investee company. Under the 1940 Act, “Affiliate Investments” are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person. “Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments” are those that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments.

As a BDC, we must not acquire any assets other than “qualifying assets” specified in the 1940 Act unless, at the time the acquisition is made, at least 70% of our total assets are qualifying assets (with certain limited exceptions). As of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, our qualifying assets as a percentage of total assets, stood at 74.93% and 73.20%, respectively.

Investment Transactions

Investments are recognized when we assume an obligation to acquire a financial instrument and assume the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Specifically, we record all security transactions on a trade date basis. Investments are derecognized when we assume an obligation to sell a financial instrument and forego the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. In accordance with ASC 325-40, Beneficial Interest in Securitized Financial Assets, investments in CLOs are periodically assessed for other-than-temporary impairment (“OTTI”). When the Company determines that a CLO has OTTI, the amortized cost basis of the CLO is written down to its fair value as of the date of the determination based on events and information evaluated and that write-down is recognized as a realized loss. Amounts for investments traded but not yet settled are reported in Due to Broker or Due from Broker, in the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

Foreign Currency

Foreign currency amounts are translated into US Dollars (USD) on the following basis:

- i. fair value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities—at the spot exchange rate on the last business day of the period; and
- ii. purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses—at the rates of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such investment transactions, income or expenses.

We do not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in fair values of investments held or disposed of during the period. Such fluctuations are included within the net realized and net change in unrealized gains or losses from investments in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investment Risks

Our investments are subject to a variety of risks. Those risks include the following:

Market Risk

Market risk represents the potential loss that can be caused by a change in the fair value of the financial instrument.

Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk that we would incur if the counterparties failed to perform pursuant to the terms of their agreements with us.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk represents the possibility that we may not be able to rapidly adjust the size of our investment positions in times of high volatility and financial stress at a reasonable price.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk represents a change in interest rates, which could result in an adverse change in the fair value of an interest-bearing financial instrument.

Prepayment Risk

Many of our debt investments allow for prepayment of principal without penalty. Downward changes in interest rates may cause prepayments to occur at a faster than expected rate, thereby effectively shortening the maturity of the security and making us less likely to fully earn all of the expected income of that security and reinvesting in a lower yielding instrument.

Structured Credit Related Risk

CLO investments may be riskier and less transparent to us than direct investments in underlying companies. CLOs typically will have no significant assets other than their underlying senior secured loans. Therefore, payments on CLO investments are and will be payable solely from the cash flows from such senior secured loans.

Online Small-and-Medium-Sized Business Lending Risk

With respect to our online small-and-medium-sized business (“SME”) lending initiative, we invest primarily in marketplace loans through marketplace lending platforms (e.g. OnDeck). We do not conduct loan origination activities ourselves. Therefore, our ability to purchase SME loans, and our ability to grow our portfolio of SME loans, is directly influenced by the business performance and competitiveness of the marketplace loan origination business of the marketplace lending platforms from which we purchase SME loans. In addition, our ability to analyze the risk-return profile of SME loans is significantly dependent on the marketplace platforms’ ability to effectively evaluate a borrower's credit profile and likelihood of default. If we are unable to effectively evaluate borrowers' credit profiles or the credit decisioning and scoring models implemented by each platform, we may incur unanticipated losses which could adversely impact our operating results.

Foreign Currency

Investments denominated in foreign currencies and foreign currency transactions may involve certain considerations and risks not typically associated with those of domestic origin. These risks include, but are not limited to, currency fluctuations and revaluations and future adverse political, social and economic developments, which could cause investments in foreign markets to be less liquid and prices more volatile than those of comparable U.S. companies or U.S. government securities.

Investment Valuation

To value our investments, we follow the guidance of ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement (“ASC 820”), that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in conformity with GAAP, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with ASC 820, the fair value of our investments is defined as the price that we would receive upon selling an investment in an orderly transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or most advantageous market in which that investment is transacted.

ASC 820 classifies the inputs used to measure these fair values into the following hierarchy:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, accessible by us at the measurement date.

Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other observable inputs other than quoted prices.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

In all cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to each investment.

Our Board of Directors has established procedures for the valuation of our investment portfolio. These procedures are detailed below.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations.

For most of our investments, market quotations are not available. With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available or when such market quotations are deemed not to represent fair value, our Board of Directors has approved a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below.

1. Each portfolio company or investment is reviewed by our investment professionals with independent valuation firms engaged by our Board of Directors.
2. The independent valuation firms prepare independent valuations for each investment based on their own independent assessments and issue their report.
3. The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors reviews and discusses with the independent valuation firms the valuation reports, and then makes a recommendation to the Board of Directors of the value for each investment. The Board of Directors discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in good faith based on the input of the Investment Adviser, the respective independent valuation firm and the Audit Committee.

Our non-CLO investments are valued utilizing a yield technique, enterprise value (“EV”) technique, net asset value technique, liquidation technique, discounted cash flow technique, or a combination of techniques, as appropriate. The yield technique uses loan spreads for loans and other relevant information implied by market data involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities. Under the EV technique, the EV of a portfolio company is first determined and allocated over the portfolio company’s securities in order of their preference relative to one another (i.e., “waterfall” allocation). To determine the EV, we typically use a market (multiples) valuation approach that considers relevant and applicable market trading data of guideline public companies, transaction metrics from precedent merger and acquisitions transactions, and/or a discounted cash flow technique. The net asset value technique, an income approach, is used to derive a value of an underlying investment (such as real estate property) by dividing a relevant earnings stream by an appropriate capitalization rate. For this purpose, we consider capitalization rates for similar properties as may be obtained from guideline public companies and/or relevant transactions. The liquidation technique is intended to approximate the net recovery value of an investment based on, among other things, assumptions regarding liquidation proceeds based on a hypothetical liquidation of a portfolio company’s assets. The discounted cash flow technique converts future cash flows or earnings to a range of fair values from which a single estimate may be derived utilizing an appropriate discount rate. The fair value measurement is based on the net present value indicated by current market expectations about those future amounts.

In applying these methodologies, additional factors that we consider in valuing our investments may include, as we deem relevant: security covenants, call protection provisions, and information rights; the nature and realizable value of any collateral; the portfolio company’s ability to make payments; the principal markets in which the portfolio company does business; publicly available financial ratios of peer companies; the principal market; and enterprise values, among other factors.

Our investments in CLOs are classified as Level 3 fair value measured securities under ASC 820 and are valued using a discounted multi-path cash flow model. The CLO structures are analyzed to identify the risk exposures and to determine an appropriate call date (i.e., expected maturity). These risk factors are sensitized in the multi-path cash flow model using Monte Carlo simulations, which is a simulation used to model the probability of different outcomes, to generate probability-weighted (i.e., multi-path) cash flows from the underlying assets and liabilities. These cash flows are discounted using appropriate market discount rates, and relevant data in the CLO market as well as certain benchmark credit indices are considered, to determine the value of each CLO investment. In addition, we generate a single-path cash flow utilizing our best estimate of expected cash receipts, and assess the reasonableness of the implied discount rate that would be effective for the value derived from the multi-path cash flows. We are not responsible for and have no influence over the asset management of the portfolios underlying the CLO investments we

hold, as those portfolios are managed by non-affiliated third party CLO collateral managers. The main risk factors are default risk, prepayment risk, interest rate risk, downgrade risk, and credit spread risk.

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Valuation of Other Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

ASC 825, Financial Instruments, specifically ASC 825-10-25, permits an entity to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible items at fair value (the "Fair Value Option"). We have not elected the Fair Value Option to report selected financial assets and financial liabilities. See Note 8 for the disclosure of the fair value of our outstanding debt and the market observable inputs used in determining fair value.

Convertible Notes

We have recorded the Convertible Notes at their contractual amounts. We have determined that the embedded conversion options in the Convertible Unsecured Notes are not required to be separately accounted for as a derivative under ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging. See Note 5 for further discussion.

Revenue Recognition

Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments are calculated using the specific identification method.

Interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on an accrual basis. Loan origination fees, original issue discount, and market discounts are capitalized and accreted into interest income over the respective terms of the applicable loans using the effective interest method or straight-line, as applicable, and adjusted only for material amendments or prepayments. Upon a prepayment of a loan, prepayment premiums, original issue discount, or market discounts are recorded as interest income.

Loans are placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected.

Unpaid accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans are either applied to the cost basis or interest income, depending upon management's judgment of the collectibility of the loan receivable. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and in management's judgment, is likely to remain current and future principal and interest collections when due are probable. Interest received and applied against cost while a loan is on non-accrual, and PIK interest capitalized but not recognized while on non-accrual, is recognized prospectively on the effective yield basis through maturity of the loan when placed back on accrual status, to the extent deemed collectible by management. As of September 30, 2018, approximately 2.4% of our total assets at fair value are in non-accrual status.

Some of our loans and other investments may have contractual payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest or dividends. PIK income computed at the contractual rate is accrued into income and reflected as receivable up to the capitalization date. PIK investments offer issuers the option at each payment date of making payments in cash or in additional securities. When additional securities are received, they typically have the same terms, including maturity dates and interest rates as the original securities issued. On these payment dates, we capitalize the accrued interest (reflecting such amounts in the basis as additional securities received). PIK generally becomes due at maturity of the investment or upon the investment being called by the issuer. At the point that we believe PIK is not fully expected to be realized, the PIK investment will be placed on non-accrual status. When a PIK investment is placed on non-accrual status, the accrued, uncapitalized interest or dividends are reversed from the related receivable through interest or dividend income, respectively. We do not reverse previously capitalized PIK interest or dividends. Upon capitalization, PIK is subject to the fair value estimates associated with their related investments. PIK investments on non-accrual status are restored to accrual status if we believe that PIK is expected to be realized.

Interest income from investments in the "equity" class of security of CLO funds (typically preferred shares, income notes or subordinated notes) and "equity" class of security of securitized trust is recorded based upon an estimation of an effective yield to expected maturity utilizing assumed cash flows in accordance with ASC 325-40, Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets. We monitor the expected cash inflows from our CLO and securitized trust equity investments, including the expected residual payments, and the effective yield is determined and updated periodically. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Other income generally includes amendment fees, commitment fees, administrative agent fees and structuring fees which are recorded when earned. Excess deal deposits, net profits interests and overriding royalty interests are included in other income. See Note 10 for further discussion.

Federal and State Income Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a RIC and intend to continue to comply with the requirements of the Code applicable to regulated investment companies. We are required to distribute at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and intend to distribute

(or retain through a deemed distribution) all of our investment company taxable income and net capital gains to stockholders; therefore, we have made no provision for income taxes. The character of income and gains that we will distribute is determined in accordance with income tax regulations that may differ from GAAP. Book and tax basis differences relating to stockholder dividends and distributions and other permanent book and tax differences are reclassified to paid-in capital.

If we do not distribute (or are not deemed to have distributed) at least 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains in the calendar year earned, we will generally be required to pay an excise tax equal to 4% of the amount by which 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains exceed the distributions from such taxable income for the year. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such taxable income, we accrue excise taxes, if any, on estimated excess taxable income. As of September 30, 2018, we do not expect to have any excise tax due for the 2018 calendar year. Thus, we have not accrued any excise tax for this period.

If we fail to satisfy the annual distribution requirement or otherwise fail to qualify as a RIC in any taxable year, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate income tax rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to stockholders, nor would we be required to make distributions. Distributions would generally be taxable to our individual and other non-corporate taxable stockholders as ordinary dividend income eligible for the reduced maximum rate applicable to qualified dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits, provided certain holding period and other requirements are met. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributions would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. To qualify again to be taxed as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to distribute to our shareholders our accumulated earnings and profits attributable to non-RIC years. In addition, if we failed to qualify as a RIC for a period greater than two taxable years, then, in order to qualify as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to elect to recognize and pay tax on any net built-in gain (the excess of aggregate gain, including items of income, over aggregate loss that would have been realized if we had been liquidated) or, alternatively, be subject to taxation on such built-in gain recognized for a period of five years.

We follow ASC 740, Income Taxes (“ASC 740”). ASC 740 provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented, and disclosed in the consolidated financial statements. ASC 740 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing our tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are “more-likely-than-not” of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold are recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. As of September 30, 2018 and for the three months then ended, we did not record any unrecognized tax benefits or liabilities. Management’s determinations regarding ASC 740 may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based upon factors including, but not limited to, an on-going analysis of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. Although we file both federal and state income tax returns, our major tax jurisdiction is federal. Our federal tax returns for the tax years ended August 31, 2015 and thereafter remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

Dividends and Distributions

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount, if any, to be paid as a monthly dividend or distribution is approved by our Board of Directors quarterly and is generally based upon our management’s estimate of our future taxable earnings. Net realized capital gains, if any, are distributed at least annually.

Financing Costs

We record origination expenses related to our Revolving Credit Facility, and Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® (collectively, our “Unsecured Notes”) as deferred financing costs. These expenses are deferred and amortized as part of interest expense using the straight-line method over the stated life of the obligation for our Revolving Credit Facility. The same methodology is used to approximate the effective yield method for our Prospect Capital InterNotes® and our at-the-market offerings of our existing unsecured notes that mature on June 15, 2024 (“2024 Notes Follow-on Program”) and June 15, 2028 (“2028 Notes Follow-on Program”). The effective interest method is used to amortize deferred financing costs for our remaining Unsecured Notes over the respective expected

life or maturity. In the event that we modify or extinguish our debt before maturity, we follow the guidance in ASC 470-50, Modification and Extinguishments (“ASC 470-50”). For modifications to or exchanges of our Revolving Credit Facility, any unamortized deferred costs relating to lenders who are not part of the new lending group are expensed. For extinguishments of our Unsecured Notes, any unamortized deferred costs are deducted from the carrying amount of the debt in determining the gain or loss from the extinguishment.

Unamortized deferred financing costs are presented as a direct deduction to the respective Unsecured Notes (see Notes 5, 6, and 7).

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We may record registration expenses related to shelf filings as prepaid expenses. These expenses consist principally of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) registration fees, legal fees and accounting fees incurred. These prepaid expenses are charged to capital upon the receipt of proceeds from an equity offering or charged to expense if no offering is completed. As of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, there are no prepaid expenses related to registration expenses and all amounts incurred have been expensed.

Guarantees and Indemnification Agreements

We follow ASC 460, Guarantees (“ASC 460”). ASC 460 elaborates on the disclosure requirements of a guarantor in its interim and annual consolidated financial statements about its obligations under certain guarantees that it has issued. It also requires a guarantor to recognize, at the inception of a guarantee, for those guarantees that are covered by ASC 460, the fair value of the obligation undertaken in issuing certain guarantees.

Per Share Information

Net increase or decrease in net assets resulting from operations per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period presented. In accordance with ASC 946, convertible securities are not considered in the calculation of net asset value per share.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments–Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments (“ASU 2016-13”), which amends the financial instruments impairment guidance so that an entity is required to measure expected credit losses for financial assets based on historical experience, current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts. As such, an entity will use forward-looking information to estimate credit losses. ASU 2016-13 also amends the guidance in FASB ASC Subtopic No. 325-40, Investments–Other, Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets, related to the subsequent measurement of accretable yield recognized as interest income over the life of a beneficial interest in securitized financial assets under the effective yield method. ASU 2016-13 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted as of the fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. We are currently evaluating the impact, if any, of adopting this ASU on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts

and Cash Payments (“ASU 2016-15”), which addresses certain aspects of cash flow statement classification. One such amendment requires cash payments for debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs to be classified as cash outflows for financing activities. ASU 2016-15 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts the amendments in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. An entity that elects early adoption must adopt all of the amendments in the same period. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2016-15 did not have a significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which amends accounting guidance for revenue recognition arising from contracts with customers. Under the new guidance, an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. In August 2015, the FASB also issued ASU 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date, which deferred the effective date of the standard for one year. As a result, the guidance is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted as of fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The application of this guidance did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework—Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement. The standard will modify the

disclosure requirements for fair value measurements by removing, modifying, or adding certain disclosures. ASU No. 2018-13 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early adoption is permitted upon issuance of this ASU. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting this ASU on our consolidated financial statements.

SEC Disclosure Update and Simplification

In August 2018, the SEC adopted the final rule under SEC Release No. 33-10532, Disclosure Update and Simplification, amending certain disclosure requirements that were redundant, duplicative, overlapping, outdated or superseded. The amendments are

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intended to facilitate the disclosure of information to investors and simplify compliance. As a result of the amendments, we are required to present a reconciliation of changes in stockholders' equity in the notes or as a separate statement. This analysis should reconcile the beginning balance to the ending balance of each caption in stockholders' equity for each period for which an income statement is required to be filed and comply with the remaining content requirements of Rule 3-04 of Regulation S-X. In October 2018, the SEC announced that this final rule will become effective on November 5, 2018. In light of the timing of effectiveness of the amendments and proximity of effectiveness to the filing date for most filers' quarterly reports, the SEC Staff commented that it would not object if the first presentation of the changes in shareholders' equity is included in a filer's Form 10-Q for the quarter that begins after the effective date of the amendments. Due to the timing of our filing of this Form 10-Q, our first presentation of the changes in stockholders' equity will be for our second quarter ended December 31, 2018.

Tax Cuts and Jobs Act

On December 22, 2017, the President signed into law the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act"), which significantly changed the Code, including, a reduction in the corporate income tax rate, a new limitation on the deductibility of interest expense, and significant changes to the taxation of income earned from foreign sources and foreign subsidiaries. The Tax Act also authorizes the IRS to issue regulations with respect to the new provisions. We cannot predict how the changes in the Tax Act, or regulations or other guidance issued under it, might affect us, our business or the business of our portfolio companies. However, our portfolio companies may or may not make certain elections under the Tax Act that could materially increase their taxable earnings and profits. Any such increase in the earnings and profits of a portfolio company may result in the characterization of certain distributions sourced from sale proceeds as dividend income, which may increase our distributable taxable income. During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we received \$11,000 of such dividends from NPRC related to the gain on the sale of NPRC's St. Marin, Central Park, and Matthews Reserve properties.

Note 3. Portfolio Investments

At September 30, 2018, we had investments in 137 long-term portfolio investments, which had an amortized cost of \$6,039,814 and a fair value of \$5,936,683. At June 30, 2018, we had investments in 135 long-term portfolio investments, which had an amortized cost of \$5,831,458 and a fair value of \$5,727,279.

The original cost basis of debt placement and equity securities acquired, including follow-on investments for existing portfolio companies, payment-in-kind interest, and structuring fees, totaled \$254,642 and \$222,151 during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively. Debt repayments and considerations from sales of equity securities of approximately \$55,166 and \$310,894 were received during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively.

The following table shows the composition of our investment portfolio as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018.

	September 30, 2018		June 30, 2018	
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
Revolving Line of Credit	\$30,002	\$29,871	\$38,659	\$38,559
Senior Secured Debt	2,737,167	2,601,554	2,602,018	2,481,353
Subordinated Secured Debt	1,360,127	1,290,476	1,318,028	1,260,525
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	38,712	31,178	38,548	32,945
Small Business Loans	—	—	30	17
CLO Debt	26,085	27,424	6,159	6,159
CLO Residual Interest	1,106,222	937,899	1,096,768	954,035
Equity	741,499	1,018,281	731,248	953,686
Total Investments	\$6,039,814	\$5,936,683	\$5,831,458	\$5,727,279

In the previous table and throughout the remainder of this footnote, we aggregate our portfolio investments by type of investment, which may differ slightly from the nomenclature used by the constituent instruments defining the rights of holders of the investment, as disclosed on our Consolidated Schedules of Investments (“SOI”). The following investments are included in each category:

• **Revolving Line of Credit** includes our investments in delayed draw term loans.

• **Senior Secured Debt** includes investments listed on the SOI such as senior secured term loans, senior term loans, secured promissory notes, senior demand notes, and first lien term loans.

• **Subordinated Secured Debt** includes investments listed on the SOI such as subordinated secured term loans, subordinated term loans, senior subordinated notes, and second lien term loans.

• **Subordinated Unsecured Debt** includes investments listed on the SOI such as subordinated unsecured notes and senior unsecured notes.

• **Small Business Loans** includes our investments in SME whole loans purchased from OnDeck.

• **CLO Debt** includes our investment in the “debt” class of security of CLO funds.

• **CLO Residual Interest** includes our investments in the “equity” security class of CLO funds such as income notes, preference shares, and subordinated notes.

• **Equity**, unless specifically stated otherwise, includes our investments in preferred stock, common stock, membership interests, net profits interests, net operating income interests, net revenue interests, overriding royalty interests, escrows receivable, and warrants.

The following table shows the fair value of our investments disaggregated into the three levels of the ASC 820 valuation hierarchy as of September 30, 2018.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Revolving Line of Credit	\$ —	—\$ —	—\$29,871	\$29,871
Senior Secured Debt	—	—	2,601,554	2,601,554
Subordinated Secured Debt	—	—	1,290,476	1,290,476
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	—	—	31,178	31,178
Small Business Loans	—	—	—	—
CLO Debt	—	—	27,424	27,424
CLO Residual Interest	—	—	937,899	937,899
Equity	—	—	1,018,281	1,018,281
Total Investments	\$ —	—\$ —	—\$5,936,683	\$5,936,683

The following table shows the fair value of our investments disaggregated into the three levels of the ASC 820 valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2018.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Revolving Line of Credit	\$ —	—\$ —	—\$38,559	\$38,559
Senior Secured Debt	—	—	2,481,353	2,481,353
Subordinated Secured Debt	—	—	1,260,525	1,260,525
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	—	—	32,945	32,945
Small Business Loans	—	—	17	17
CLO Debt	—	—	6,159	6,159
CLO Residual Interest	—	—	954,035	954,035
Equity	—	—	953,686	953,686
Total Investments	\$ —	—\$ —	—\$5,727,279	\$5,727,279

The following tables show the aggregate changes in the fair value of our Level 3 investments during the three months ended September 30, 2018.

	Fair Value Measurements Using Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
	Control Investments	Affiliate Investments	Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments	Total
Fair value as of June 30, 2018	\$ 2,404,326	\$ 58,436	\$ 3,264,517	\$ 5,727,279
Net realized gains on investments	1	—	22	23
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)(1)	51,918	(13,755)	(37,114)	1,049
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	51,919	(13,755)	(37,092)	1,072
Purchases of portfolio investments	34,351	—	210,966	245,317
Payment-in-kind interest	7,744	361	1,220	9,325
Accretion (amortization) of discounts and premiums, net	848	—	6,991	7,839
Repayments and sales of portfolio investments	(11,851)	(7,855)	(34,443)	(54,149)
Transfers within Level 3(1)	—	58,806	(58,806)	—
Transfers in (out) of Level 3(1)	—	—	—	—
Fair value as of September 30, 2018	\$ 2,487,337	\$ 95,993	\$ 3,353,353	\$ 5,936,683

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	Revolving Line of Credit	Senior Secured Debt	Subordinated Secured Debt	Subordinated Unsecured Debt	Small Business Loans	CLO Debt	CLO Residual Interest	Equity	Total
Fair value as of June 30, 2018	\$38,559	\$2,481,353	\$1,260,525	\$32,945	\$17	\$6,159	\$954,035	\$953,686	\$5,727,279
Net realized gains on investments	—	—	—	1	22	—	—	—	23
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)(1)	(29)	(14,950)	(12,151)	(1,930)	13	1,337	(25,589)	54,348	1,049
Net realized and unrealized (losses) gains	(29)	(14,950)	(12,151)	(1,929)	35	1,337	(25,589)	54,348	1,072
Purchases of portfolio investments	—	161,300	50,800	—	—	19,898	3,072	10,247	245,317
Payment-in-kind interest	198	7,148	1,816	163	—	—	—	—	9,325
Accretion (amortization) of discounts and premiums, net	—	178	1,250	—	—	30	6,381	—	7,839
Repayments and sales of portfolio investments	(8,857)	(33,475)	(11,764)	(1)	(52)	—	—	—	(54,149)
Transfers within Level 3(1)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Transfers in (out) of Level 3(1)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fair value as of September 30, 2018	\$29,871	\$2,601,554	\$1,290,476	\$31,178	\$—	\$27,424	\$937,899	\$1,018,281	\$5,936,683

(1) Transfers are assumed to have occurred at the beginning of the quarter during which the asset was transferred. The following tables show the aggregate changes in the fair value of our Level 3 investments during the three months ended September 30, 2017.

	Fair Value Measurements Using Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
	Control Investments	Affiliate Investments	Non-Control/ Non-Affiliate Investments	Total
Fair value as of June 30, 2017	\$ 1,911,775	\$ 11,429	\$ 3,915,101	\$ 5,838,305
Net realized gains on investments	9	846	560	1,415
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)	1,093	5,193	(59,037)	(52,751)
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	1,102	6,039	(58,477)	(51,336)
Purchases of portfolio investments	35,169	846	184,156	220,171
Payment-in-kind interest	1,709	271	—	1,980
Accretion (amortization) of discounts and premiums, net	429	—	(11,562)	(11,133)

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Repayments and sales of portfolio investments	(16,818)	(846)	(293,206)	(310,870)			
Transfers within Level 3(1)	—		—		—		—				
Transfers in (out) of Level 3(1)	—		—		—		—				
Fair value as of September 30, 2017	\$ 1,933,366		\$ 17,739		\$ 3,736,012		\$ 5,687,117				
	Revolving Senior		Subordinated		Subordinate		Small CLO				
	Line of Credit	Secured Debt	Secured Debt		Unsecured Debt		Residual Interest	Equity			
								Total			
Fair value as of June 30, 2017	\$ 27,409	\$ 2,798,796	\$ 1,107,040	\$ 44,434	\$ 7,964	\$ 1,079,712	\$ 772,950	\$ 5,838,305			
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	—	847	—	9	(268	)	827	—		
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)	—	(7,754)	(14,441)	(8,939)	89	(44,754)	
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	—	(6,907)	(14,441)	(8,930)	(179)	(43,927)
Purchases of portfolio investments	2,850	143,817	46,230	—	7,551	—	19,723	220,171			
Payment-in-kind interest	—	815	1,015	150	—	—	—	1,980			
Accretion (amortization) of discounts and premiums, net	—	44	973	—	—	(12,150)	—	(11,133)	
Repayments and sales of portfolio investments	(7,834)	(196,289)	(34,015)	(9)	(9,667)	
Transfers within Level 3(1)	—	(6,128)	—	—	—	—	6,128	—		
Transfers in (out) of Level 3(1)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Fair value as of September 30, 2017	\$ 22,425	\$ 2,734,148	\$ 1,106,802	\$ 35,645	\$ 5,669	\$ 969,478	\$ 812,950	\$ 5,687,117			

(1) Transfers are assumed to have occurred at the beginning of the quarter during which the asset was transferred. For the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, the net change in unrealized gains (losses) on the investments that use Level 3 inputs was \$2,094 and (\$52,485) for investments still held as of September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively.

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The ranges of unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of our Level 3 investments as of September 30, 2018 were as follows:

Asset Category	Fair Value	Primary Valuation Approach or Technique	Unobservable Input		Weighted Average
			Input	Range	
Senior Secured Debt	\$1,493,012	Discounted Cash Flow (Yield analysis)	Market yield	7.1% - 23.6%	11.1%
Senior Secured Debt	397,275	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA multiple	4.0x - 10.3x	8.3x
Senior Secured Debt	179,965	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	Revenue multiple	0.3x - 1.6x	1.4x
Senior Secured Debt	49,223	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Discounted cash flow)	Discount rate	7.7% - 16.3%	11.0%
Senior Secured Debt	787	Liquidation Analysis	N/A	N/A	N/A
Senior Secured Debt (1)	217,960	Enterprise Value Waterfall	Loss-adjusted discount rate	3.0% - 13.9%	11.0%
Senior Secured Debt (2)	293,203	Enterprise Value Waterfall (NAV Analysis)	Capitalization Rate	3.4% - 8.7%	6.1%
Senior Secured Debt (2)		Discounted Cash Flow	Discount rate	6.5% - 7.5%	7.0%
Subordinated Secured Debt	873,589	Discounted Cash Flow (Yield analysis)	Market yield	7.6% - 22.6%	11.8%
Subordinated Secured Debt	24,782	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA multiple	6.3x - 7.3x	6.8x
Subordinated Secured Debt	50,670	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	Revenue multiple	0.3x - 0.4x	0.3x
Subordinated Secured Debt (3)	341,435	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	Book value multiple	1.0x - 3.1x	2.5x
Subordinated Secured Debt (3)		Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	Earnings multiple	7.5x - 12.0x	11.9x
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	31,178	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA multiple	5.8x - 11.5x	9.7x
CLO Debt	27,424	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount rate (5)	11.7% - 12.1%	12.0%
CLO Residual Interest	937,899	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount rate (5)	2.6% - 32.5%	18.2%
Preferred Equity	75,947	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA multiple	4.0x - 9.0x	7.8x
Preferred Equity	2,201	Liquidation Analysis	N/A	N/A	N/A
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants	118,003	Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA multiple	4.0x-9.0x	6.7x
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (1)	14,366	Enterprise value waterfall	Loss-adjusted discount rate	3.0% - 13.9%	11.0x
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (2)	438,947	Enterprise value waterfall (NAV analysis)	Capitalization Rate	3.4% - 8.7%	6.2%
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (2)		Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	6.5% - 7.5%	7.0%
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (3)	206,355	Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	Book value multiple	1.0x - 3.1x	2.4x

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Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (3)		Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	Earnings multiple	7.5x - 12.0x	11.0x
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (4)	107,487	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	6.5% - 7.5%	7.0%
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants	39,408	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	7.7% - 16.0%	8.9%
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants	14,635	Liquidation analysis	N/A	N/A	N/A
Escrow Receivable	932	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	7.5% - 8.6%	8.1%
Total Level 3 Investments	\$5,936,683				

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- Represents an investment in a Real Estate Investment subsidiary. The Enterprise Value analysis includes the fair value of our investments in such indirect subsidiary's consumer loans purchased from online consumer lending
- (1) platforms, which are valued using a discounted cash flow valuation technique. The key unobservable input to the discounted cash flow analysis is noted above. In addition, the valuation also used projected loss rates as an unobservable input ranging from 0.0%-19.0%, with a weighted average of 3.5%.
 - (2) Represents Real Estate Investments. Enterprise Value Waterfall methodology uses both the net asset value analysis and discounted cash flow technique, which are weighted equally (50%).
Represents investments in consumer finance subsidiaries. The enterprise value waterfall methodology utilizes book value and earnings multiples, as noted above. In addition, the valuation of certain consumer finance companies
 - (3) utilizes the discounted cash flow technique whereby the significant unobservable input is the discount rate. For these companies the discount rate ranged from 14.0% to 16.0% with a weighted average of 14.7%.
 - (4) Represents net operating income interests in Real Estate Investments.
Represents the implied discount rate based on our internally generated single-cash flow model that is derived from
 - (5) the fair value estimated by the corresponding multi-path cash flow model utilized by the independent valuation firm.

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The ranges of unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of our Level 3 investments as of June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Asset Category	Fair Value	Primary Valuation Approach or Technique	Unobservable Input		Weighted Average
			Input	Range	
Senior Secured Debt	\$1,409,584	Discounted Cash Flow (Yield analysis)	Market yield	7.0% - 21.2%	11.3%
Senior Secured Debt	361,720	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA multiple	4.0x - 10.3x	8.3x
Senior Secured Debt	181,339	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	Revenue multiple	0.3x - 1.6x	1.4x
Senior Secured Debt	47,099	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Discounted cash flow)	Discount rate	7.5% - 16.1%	10.7%
Senior Secured Debt	787	Liquidation Analysis	N/A	N/A	N/A
Senior Secured Debt (1)	226,180	Enterprise Value Waterfall	Loss-adjusted discount rate	3.0% - 14.2%	11.0%
Senior Secured Debt (2)	293,203	Enterprise Value Waterfall (NAV Analysis)	Capitalization Rate	3.3% - 8.7%	6.0%
Senior Secured Debt (2)	—	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount rate	6.5% - 7.5%	7.0%
Subordinated Secured Debt	830,766	Discounted Cash Flow (Yield analysis)	Market yield	7.6% - 22.5%	11.7%
Subordinated Secured Debt	28,622	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA multiple	6.5x - 7.5x	7.0x
Subordinated Secured Debt	58,806	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	Revenue multiple	0.3x - 0.4x	0.4x
Subordinated Secured Debt (3)	342,331	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	Book value multiple	0.8x - 3.1x	2.5x
Subordinated Secured Debt (3)	—	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	Earnings multiple	7.5x - 13.0x	11.9x
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	32,945	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA multiple	5.8x - 11.5x	9.7%
Small Business Loans (4)	17	Discounted Cash Flow	Loss-adjusted discount rate	13.0% - 24.3%	15.5%
CLO Interests	960,194	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount rate (6)	2.33% - 24.28%	0.1724
Preferred Equity	73,792	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA multiple	4.0x - 9.0x	7.9x
Preferred Equity	2,194	Liquidation Analysis	N/A	N/A	N/A
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants	81,753	Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA multiple	5.0x - 9.0x	6.8x
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (1)	16,881	Enterprise value waterfall	Loss-adjusted discount rate	3.0% - 14.2%	11.0%
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (2)	419,224	Enterprise value waterfall (NAV analysis)	Capitalization Rate	3.3% - 8.7%	6.0%
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (2)	—	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	6.5% - 7.5%	7.0%
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (3)	209,583	Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	Book value multiple	0.8x - 3.1x	2.4x
	—				11.9x

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Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (3)		Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	Earnings multiple	7.5x - 13.0x	
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (5)	99,488	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	6.5% - 7.5%	7.0%
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants	36,805	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	7.5% - 15.5%	8.8%
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants	13,049	Liquidation analysis	N/A	N/A	N/A
Escrow Receivable	917	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	7.3% - 8.4%	7.9%
Total Level 3 Investments	\$5,727,279				

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- Represents an investment in a Real Estate Investment subsidiary. The Enterprise Value analysis includes the fair value of our investments in such indirect subsidiary's consumer loans purchased from online consumer lending (1) platforms, which are valued using a discounted cash flow valuation technique. The key unobservable input to the discounted cash flow analysis is noted above. In addition, the valuation also used projected loss rates as an unobservable input ranging from 0.0%-20.7%, with a weighted average of 4.2%.
- (2) Represents our REIT investments. EV waterfall methodology uses both the net asset value analysis and discounted cash flow technique, which are weighted equally (50%).
- Represents investments in consumer finance subsidiaries. The enterprise value waterfall methodology utilizes book value and earnings multiples, as noted above. In addition, the valuation of certain consumer finance companies (3) utilizes the discounted cash flow technique whereby the significant unobservable input is the discount rate. For these companies, each valuation technique (book value multiple, earnings multiple, and discount rate) is weighted equally. For these companies the discount rate ranged from 13.5% to 15.5% with a weighted average of 14.2%.
- (4) Includes our investments in small business whole loans purchased from OnDeck. Valuation also used projected loss rates as an unobservable input ranging from 0.00%-0.06%, with a weighted average of 0.01%.
- (5) Represents net operating income interests in our REIT investments.
- (6) Represents the implied discount rate based on our internally generated single-cash flows that is derived from the fair value estimated by the corresponding multi-path cash flow model utilized by the independent valuation firm. In determining the range of values for debt instruments, except CLOs and debt investments in controlling portfolio companies, management and the independent valuation firm estimated corporate and security credit ratings and identified corresponding yields to maturity for each loan from relevant market data. A discounted cash flow technique was then applied using the appropriate yield to maturity as the discount rate, to determine a range of values. In determining the range of values for debt investments of controlled companies and equity investments, the enterprise value was determined by applying a market approach such as using earnings before income interest, tax, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") multiples, net income and/or book value multiples for similar guideline public companies and/or similar recent investment transactions and/or an income approach, such as the discounted cash flow technique. For stressed debt and equity investments, a liquidation analysis was used.
- In determining the range of values for our investments in CLOs, the independent valuation firm uses a discounted multi-path cash flow model. The valuations were accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view as well as to determine an appropriate call date (i.e., expected maturity). These risk factors are sensitized in the multi-path cash flow model using Monte Carlo simulations to generate probability-weighted (i.e., multi-path) cash flows for the underlying assets and liabilities. These cash flows are discounted using appropriate market discount rates, and relevant data in the CLO market and certain benchmark credit indices are considered, to determine the value of each CLO investment. In addition, we generate a single-path cash flow utilizing our best estimate of expected cash receipts, and assess the reasonableness of the implied discount rate that would be effective for the value derived from the corresponding multi-path cash flow model.
- Our portfolio consists of residual interests in CLOs, which involve a number of significant risks. CLOs are typically very highly levered (10 - 14 times), and therefore the residual interest tranches that we invest in are subject to a higher degree of risk of total loss. In particular, investors in CLO residual interests indirectly bear risks of the underlying loan investments held by such CLOs. We generally have the right to receive payments only from the CLOs, and generally do not have direct rights against the underlying borrowers or the entity that sponsored the CLOs. While the CLOs we target generally enable the investor to acquire interests in a pool of senior loans without the expenses associated with directly holding the same investments, the prices of indices and securities underlying our CLOs will rise or fall. These prices (and, therefore, the prices of the CLOs) will be influenced by the same types of political and economic events that affect issuers of securities and capital markets generally. The failure by a CLO investment in which we invest to satisfy financial covenants, including with respect to adequate collateralization and/or interest coverage tests, could lead to a reduction in its payments to us. In the event that a CLO fails certain tests, holders of debt senior to us would be entitled to additional payments that would, in turn, reduce the payments we would otherwise be entitled to receive. Separately, we may incur expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms with a defaulting CLO or any other investment we may make. If any of these occur, it could materially and adversely affect our operating results and cash flows.

The interests we have acquired in CLOs are generally thinly traded or have only a limited trading market. CLOs are typically privately offered and sold, even in the secondary market. As a result, investments in CLOs may be characterized as illiquid securities. In addition to the general risks associated with investing in debt securities, CLO residual interests carry additional risks, including, but not limited to: (i) the possibility that distributions from collateral securities will not be adequate to make interest or other payments; (ii) the quality of the collateral may decline in value or default; (iii) our investments in CLO tranches will likely be subordinate to other senior classes of note tranches thereof; and (iv) the complex structure of the security may not be fully understood at the time of investment and may produce disputes with the CLO investment or unexpected investment results. Our net asset value

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may also decline over time if our principal recovery with respect to CLO residual interests is less than the cost of those investments. Our CLO investments and/or the CLO's underlying senior secured loans may prepay more quickly than expected, which could have an adverse impact on our value.

An increase in LIBOR would materially increase the CLO's financing costs. Since most of the collateral positions within the CLOs have LIBOR floors, there may not be corresponding increases in investment income (if LIBOR increases but stays below the LIBOR floor rate of such investments) resulting in materially smaller distribution payments to the residual interest investors.

On July 27, 2017, the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA") announced that it will no longer persuade or compel banks to submit rates for the calculation of the LIBOR rates after 2021 (the "FCA Announcement"). Furthermore, in the United States, efforts to identify a set of alternative U.S. dollar reference interest rates include proposals by the Alternative Reference Rates Committee of the Federal Reserve Board and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. On August 24, 2017, the Federal Reserve Board requested public comment on a proposal by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, in cooperation with the Office of Financial Research, to produce three new reference rates intended to serve as alternatives to LIBOR. These alternative rates are based on overnight repurchase agreement transactions secured by U.S. Treasury Securities. On December 12, 2017, following consideration of public comments, the Federal Reserve Board concluded that the public would benefit if the Federal Reserve Bank of New York published the three proposed reference rates as alternatives to LIBOR (the "Federal Reserve Board Notice"). The Federal Reserve Bank of New York said that the publication of these alternative rates is targeted to commence by mid-2018.

At this time, it is not possible to predict the effect of the FCA Announcement, the Federal Reserve Board Notice, or other regulatory changes or announcements, any establishment of alternative reference rates or any other reforms to LIBOR that may be enacted in the United Kingdom, the United States or elsewhere. As such, the potential effect of any such event on our net investment income cannot yet be determined. The CLOs in which the Company is invested generally contemplate a scenario where LIBOR is no longer available by requiring the CLO administrator to calculate a replacement rate primarily through dealer polling on the applicable measurement date. However, there is uncertainty regarding the effectiveness of the dealer polling processes, including the willingness of banks to provide such quotations, which could adversely impact our net investment income. In addition, the effect of a phase out of LIBOR on U.S. senior secured loans, the underlying assets of the CLOs in which we invest, is currently unclear. To the extent that any replacement rate utilized for senior secured loans differs from that utilized for a CLO that holds those loans, the CLO would experience an interest rate mismatch between its assets and liabilities which could have an adverse impact on the Company's net investment income and portfolio returns.

We hold more than a 10% interest in certain foreign corporations that are treated as controlled foreign corporations ("CFC") for U.S. federal income tax purposes (including our residual interest tranche investments in CLOs). Therefore, we are treated as receiving a deemed distribution (taxable as ordinary income) each year from such foreign corporations in an amount equal to our pro rata share of the corporation's income for that tax year (including both ordinary earnings and capital gains). We are required to include such deemed distributions from a CFC in our taxable income and we are required to distribute at least 90% of such income to maintain our RIC status, regardless of whether or not the CFC makes an actual distribution during such year.

If we acquire shares in "passive foreign investment companies" ("PFICs") (including residual interest tranche investments in CLOs that are PFICs), we may be subject to federal income tax on a portion of any "excess distribution" or gain from the disposition of such shares even if such income is distributed as a taxable dividend to our stockholders. Certain elections may be available to mitigate or eliminate such tax on excess distributions, but such elections (if available) will generally require us to recognize our share of the PFIC's income for each year regardless of whether we receive any distributions from such PFICs. We must nonetheless distribute such income to maintain our status as a RIC.

Legislation enacted in 2010 imposes a withholding tax of 30% on payments of U.S. source interest and dividends paid after December 31, 2013, or gross proceeds from the disposition of an instrument that produces U.S. source interest or dividends paid after December 31, 2016, to certain non-U.S. entities, including certain non-U.S. financial institutions and investment funds, unless such non-U.S. entity complies with certain reporting requirements regarding its United States account holders and its United States owners. Most CLOs in which we invest will be treated as non-U.S. financial entities for this purpose, and therefore will be required to comply with these reporting requirements to avoid the 30% withholding. If a CLO in which we invest fails to properly comply with these reporting requirements, it could reduce the amounts available to distribute to residual interest and junior debt holders in such CLO vehicle, which could materially and adversely affect our operating results and cash flows.

If we are required to include amounts in income prior to receiving distributions representing such income, we may have to sell some of our investments at times and/or at prices management would not consider advantageous, raise additional debt or equity capital or forgo new investment opportunities for this purpose.

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The significant unobservable input used to value our investments based on the yield technique and discounted cash flow technique is the market yield (or applicable discount rate) used to discount the estimated future cash flows expected to be received from the underlying investment, which includes both future principal and interest/dividend payments. Increases or decreases in the market yield (or applicable discount rate) would result in a decrease or increase, respectively, in the fair value measurement. Management and the independent valuation firms consider the following factors when selecting market yields or discount rates: risk of default, rating of the investment and comparable company investments, and call provisions.

The significant unobservable inputs used to value our investments based on the EV analysis may include market multiples of specified financial measures such as EBITDA, net income, or book value of identified guideline public companies, implied valuation multiples from precedent M&A transactions, and/or discount rates applied in a discounted cash flow technique. The independent valuation firm identifies a population of publicly traded companies with similar operations and key attributes to that of the portfolio company. Using valuation and operating metrics of these guideline public companies and/or as implied by relevant precedent transactions, a range of multiples of the latest twelve months EBITDA, or other measure such as net income or book value, is typically calculated. The independent valuation firm utilizes the determined multiples to estimate the portfolio company's EV generally based on the latest twelve months EBITDA of the portfolio company (or other meaningful measure). Increases or decreases in the multiple would result in an increase or decrease, respectively, in EV which would result in an increase or decrease in the fair value measurement of the debt of controlled companies and/or equity investment, as applicable. In certain instances, a discounted cash flow analysis may be considered in estimating EV, in which case, discount rates based on a weighted average cost of capital and application of the capital asset pricing model may be utilized.

The significant unobservable input used to value our private REIT investments based on the net asset value analysis is the capitalization rate applied to the earnings measure of the underlying property. Increases or decreases in the capitalization rate would result in a decrease or increase, respectively, in the fair value measurement.

Changes in market yields, discount rates, capitalization rates or EBITDA multiples, each in isolation, may change the fair value measurement of certain of our investments. Generally, an increase in market yields, discount rates or capitalization rates, or a decrease in EBITDA (or other) multiples may result in a decrease in the fair value measurement of certain of our investments.

Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, the fair value of our investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may differ materially from the values that we may ultimately realize. Further, such investments are generally subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or otherwise are less liquid than publicly traded securities. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, we could realize significantly less than the value at which we have recorded it.

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the unrealized gains or losses reflected in the currently assigned valuations.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, the valuation methodology for ACE Cash Express, Inc ("ACE") changed to remove the shadow method. As a result of the company's performance and current market conditions, the fair value of our investment in ACE decreased to \$21,371 as of September 30, 2018, a premium of \$1,623 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$1,861 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2018.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, the valuation methodology for Photonis Technologies SAS ("Photonis") changed to remove the waterfall analysis. As a result of the company's performance and current market conditions, the fair value of our investment in Photonis decreased to \$12,566 as of September 30, 2018, a discount of \$6 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$155 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2018.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, the valuation methodology for Transplace Holdings ("Transplace") changed to remove the WACC method. As a result of the company's performance and current market conditions, the fair value of our investment in Transplace decreased to \$28,104 as of September 30, 2018, a premium of \$589 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$610 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2018.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, the valuation methodology for Universal Turbine Parts, LLC (“UTP”) changed to incorporate a waterfall analysis. Due to a deterioration in operating results and resulting credit impairment, the fair value of our investment in UTP decreased to \$45,129 as of September 30, 2018, a discount of \$18,571 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$7,664 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2018.

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During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we provided \$10,206 of equity financing to NPRC to fund capital expenditures for existing properties.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we received partial repayments of \$8,221 of our loans previously outstanding with NPRC and its wholly owned subsidiary.

The online consumer loan investments held by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries are unsecured obligations of individual borrowers that are issued in amounts ranging from \$1 to \$50, with fixed terms ranging from 24 to 84 months. As of September 30, 2018, the outstanding investment in online consumer loans by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries was comprised of 52,559 individual loans and residual interest in four securitizations, and had an aggregate fair value of \$308,267. The average outstanding individual loan balance is approximately \$5 and the loans mature on dates ranging from October 1, 2018 to April 19, 2025 with a weighted-average outstanding term of 26 months as of September 30, 2018. Fixed interest rates range from 4.0% to 36.0% with a weighted-average current interest rate of 23.9%. As of September 30, 2018, our investment in NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries relating to online consumer lending had a fair value of \$232,326.

As of September 30, 2018, based on outstanding principal balance, 7.1% of the portfolio was invested in super prime loans (borrowers with a Fair Isaac Corporation ("FICO") score, of 720 or greater), 19.9% of the portfolio in prime loans (borrowers with a FICO score of 660 to 719) and 73.0% of the portfolio in near prime loans (borrowers with a FICO score of 580 to 659).

Loan Type	Outstanding Principal Balance	Fair Value	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate*
Super Prime	\$ 18,093	\$17,495	4.0% - 26.0%	12.5%
Prime	50,792	47,786	4.0% - 36.0%	17.1%
Near Prime	186,177	171,273	6.0% - 36.0%	26.9%

*Weighted by outstanding principal balance of the online consumer loans.

As of September 30, 2018, our investment in NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries had an amortized cost of \$828,972 and a fair value of \$1,071,963, including our investment in online consumer lending as discussed above. The fair value of \$839,637 related to NPRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of forty-five multi-families properties, twelve self-storage units, eight student housing properties and three commercial properties. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by NPRC as of September 30, 2018.

No.	Property Name	City	Acquisition Date	Purchase Price	Mortgage Outstanding
1	Filet of Chicken	Forest Park, GA	10/24/2012	\$ 7,400	\$ —
2	5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC	Tampa, FL	1/17/2013	63,400	46,292
3	Lofton Place, LLC	Tampa, FL	4/30/2013	26,000	20,216
4	Arlington Park Marietta, LLC	Marietta, GA	5/8/2013	14,850	9,624
5	NPRC Carroll Resort, LLC	Pembroke Pines, FL	6/24/2013	225,000	175,108
6	Cordova Regency, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	13,750	11,375
7	Crestview at Oakleigh, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	17,500	13,845
8	Inverness Lakes, LLC	Mobile, AL	11/15/2013	29,600	24,700
9	Kings Mill Pensacola, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	20,750	17,550
10	Plantations at Pine Lake, LLC	Tallahassee, FL	11/15/2013	18,000	14,092
11	Verandas at Rocky Ridge, LLC	Birmingham, AL	11/15/2013	15,600	10,205
12	City West Apartments II, LLC	Orlando, FL	11/19/2013	23,562	22,997
13	Vinings Corner II, LLC	Smyrna, GA	11/19/2013	35,691	32,525
14	Atlanta Eastwood Village LLC	Stockbridge, GA	12/12/2013	25,957	22,455
15	Atlanta Monterey Village LLC	Jonesboro, GA	12/12/2013	11,501	10,925
16	Atlanta Hidden Creek LLC	Morrow, GA	12/12/2013	5,098	4,677

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17	Atlanta Meadow Springs LLC	College Park, GA	12/12/2013	13,116	12,862
18	Atlanta Meadow View LLC	College Park, GA	12/12/2013	14,354	12,916
19	Atlanta Peachtree Landing LLC	Fairburn, GA	12/12/2013	17,224	15,300
20	NPH Carroll Bartram Park, LLC	Jacksonville, FL	12/31/2013	38,000	27,035

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No.	Property Name	City	Acquisition Date	Purchase Price	Mortgage Outstanding
21	Crestview at Cordova, LLC	Pensacola, FL	1/17/2014	\$8,500	\$7,755
22	NPH Carroll Atlantic Beach, LLC	Atlantic Beach, FL	1/31/2014	13,025	8,401
23	Taco Bell, OK	Yukon, OK	6/4/2014	1,719	—
24	Taco Bell, MO	Marshall, MO	6/4/2014	1,405	—
25	23 Mile Road Self Storage, LLC	Chesterfield, MI	8/19/2014	5,804	4,350
26	36th Street Self Storage, LLC	Wyoming, MI	8/19/2014	4,800	3,600
27	Ball Avenue Self Storage, LLC	Grand Rapids, MI	8/19/2014	7,281	5,460
28	Ford Road Self Storage, LLC	Westland, MI	8/29/2014	4,642	3,480
29	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Ann Arbor, MI	8/29/2014	4,458	3,345
30	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Ann Arbor, MI	8/29/2014	8,927	6,695
31	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Kalamazoo, MI	8/29/2014	2,363	1,775
32	Canterbury Green Apartments Holdings LLC	Fort Wayne, IN	9/29/2014	85,500	86,635
33	Abbie Lakes OH Partners, LLC	Canal Winchester, OH	9/30/2014	12,600	14,236
34	Kengary Way OH Partners, LLC	Reynoldsburg, OH	9/30/2014	11,500	15,942
35	Lakeview Trail OH Partners, LLC	Canal Winchester, OH	9/30/2014	26,500	28,986
36	Lakepoint OH Partners, LLC	Pickerington, OH	9/30/2014	11,000	14,480
37	Sunbury OH Partners, LLC	Columbus, OH	9/30/2014	13,000	15,363
38	Heatherbridge OH Partners, LLC	Blacklick, OH	9/30/2014	18,416	18,328
39	Jefferson Chase OH Partners, LLC	Blacklick, OH	9/30/2014	13,551	19,500
40	Goldenstrand OH Partners, LLC	Hilliard, OH	10/29/2014	7,810	11,900
41	Jolly Road Self Storage, LLC	Okemos, MI	1/16/2015	7,492	5,620
42	Eaton Rapids Road Self Storage, LLC	Lansing West, MI	1/16/2015	1,741	1,305
43	Haggerty Road Self Storage, LLC	Novi, MI	1/16/2015	6,700	5,025
44	Waldon Road Self Storage, LLC	Lake Orion, MI	1/16/2015	6,965	5,225
45	Tyler Road Self Storage, LLC	Ypsilanti, MI	1/16/2015	3,507	2,630
46	SSIL I, LLC	Aurora, IL	11/5/2015	34,500	26,450
47	Vesper Tuscaloosa, LLC	Tuscaloosa, AL	9/28/2016	54,500	43,115
48	Vesper Iowa City, LLC	Iowa City, IA	9/28/2016	32,750	24,825
49	Vesper Corpus Christi, LLC	Corpus Christi, TX	9/28/2016	14,250	10,800
50	Vesper Campus Quarters, LLC	Corpus Christi, TX	9/28/2016	18,350	14,175
51	Vesper College Station, LLC	College Station, TX	9/28/2016	41,500	32,057
52	Vesper Kennesaw, LLC	Kennesaw, GA	9/28/2016	57,900	48,658
53	Vesper Statesboro, LLC	Statesboro, GA	9/28/2016	7,500	6,087
54	Vesper Manhattan KS, LLC	Manhattan, KS	9/28/2016	23,250	15,371
55	JSIP Union Place, LLC	Franklin, MA	12/7/2016	64,750	51,800
56	9220 Old Lantern Way, LLC	Laurel, MD	1/30/2017	187,250	153,580
57	7915 Baymeadows Circle Owner, LLC	Jacksonville, FL	10/31/2017	95,700	76,560
58	8025 Baymeadows Circle Owner, LLC	Jacksonville, FL	10/31/2017	15,300	12,240
59	23275 Riverside Drive Owner, LLC	Southfield, MI	11/8/2017	52,000	44,044
60	23741 Pond Road Owner, LLC	Southfield, MI	11/8/2017	16,500	14,185
61	150 Steeplechase Way Owner, LLC	Largo, MD	1/10/2018	44,500	36,668
62	Laurel Pointe Holdings, LLC	Forest Park, GA	5/9/2018	33,005	26,400
63	Bradford Ridge Holdings, LLC	Forest Park, GA	5/9/2018	12,500	10,000
64	Olentangy Commons Owner LLC	Columbus, OH	6/1/2018	113,000	92,876
65	Villages of Wildwood Holdings LLC	Fairfield, OH	7/20/2018	46,500	39,525
66	Falling Creek Holdings LLC	Richmond, VA	8/8/2018	25,000	19,335
67	Crown Pointe Passthrough LLC	Danbury, CT	8/30/2018	108,500	89,400
68	Ashwood Ridge Holdings LLC	Jonesboro, GA	9/21/2018	9,600	7,300

\$2,034,164 \$1,690,186

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On September 25, 2017, Prospect exchanged \$1,600 of Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$4,799 of Senior Secured Term Loan B investments in Targus International, LLC into 6,120,658 of common shares of Targus Cayman HoldCo Limited, and recorded a realized gain of \$846, as a result of this transaction.

As of September 30, 2018, \$3,381,259 of our loans to portfolio companies, at fair value, bear interest at floating rates and have LIBOR floors ranging from 0.0% - 3.0%. As of September 30, 2018, \$599,244 of our loans to portfolio companies, at fair value, bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 1.0% - 20.0%. As of June 30, 2018, \$3,323,420 of our loans to portfolio companies, at fair value, bore interest at floating rates and have LIBOR floors ranging from 0.0% - 3.0%. As of June 30, 2018, \$489,962 of our loans to portfolio companies, at fair value, bore interest at fixed rates ranging from 5.0% - 20.0%.

At September 30, 2018, six loan investments were on non-accrual status: Ark-La-Tex, Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC (“Edmentum”, the Unsecured Junior PIK Note), Pacific World Corporation (Senior Secured Term Loan B), United Sporting Companies, Inc. (“USC”), USES Corp. (“USES”), and UTP (the Senior Secured Term Loan B). At June 30, 2018, five loan investments were on non-accrual status: Ark-La-Tex, Edmentum (the Unsecured Junior PIK Note), Pacific World Corporation (the Senior Secured Term Loan B), USC, and USES. Cost balances of these loans amounted to \$348,234 and \$315,733 as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively. The fair value of these loans amounted to \$150,338 and \$143,719 as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively. The fair values of these investments represent approximately 2.4% and 2.5% of our total assets at fair value as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans to our portfolio companies incur commitment and unused fees ranging from 0.00% to 5.00%. As of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, we had \$38,530 and \$29,675, respectively, of undrawn revolver and delayed draw term loan commitments to our portfolio companies. The fair value of our undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans was zero as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and the three months ended September 30, 2017, there were no sales of the senior secured Term Loan A investments. We serve as an agent for these loans and collect a servicing fee from the counterparties on behalf of the Investment Adviser. We receive a credit for these payments as a reduction of base management fee payable by us to the Investment Adviser. See Note 13 for further discussion.

Unconsolidated Significant Subsidiaries

Our investments are generally in small and mid-sized companies in a variety of industries. In accordance with Rules 3-09 and 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X, we must determine which of our unconsolidated controlled portfolio companies are considered “significant subsidiaries,” if any. In evaluating these investments, there are three tests utilized to determine if any of our controlled investments are considered significant subsidiaries: the asset test, the income test and the investment test. Rule 3-09 of Regulation S-X requires separate audited financial statements of an unconsolidated subsidiary in an annual report if any of the three tests exceed 20%. Rule 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X requires summarized financial information in an annual report if any of the three tests exceeds 10%, and summarized financial information in a quarterly report if either the investment or income test exceeds 20% pursuant to Rule 10-01(b) of Regulation S-X.

The following table summarizes the results of our analysis for the three tests for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and year ended June 30, 2018.

	Asset Test		Income Test		Investment Test	
	Greater than 10% but Less than 20%	Greater than 20%	Greater than 10% but Less than 20%	Greater than 20%	Greater than 10% but Less than 20%	Greater than 20%
Three Months Ended September 30, 2018	N/A	NPRC	N/A	CP Energy First Tower Finance NPRC Valley Electric	NPRC	-
Year Ended June 30, 2018	-	NPRC	Arctic ⁽¹⁾	First Tower Finance	NPRC	-

NPRC

⁽¹⁾ On April 6, 2018, our common equity investment in Arctic Equipment was exchanged for newly issued common shares of CP Energy as a result of a merger between the two companies.

Income, consisting of interest, dividends, fees, other investment income and realization of gains or losses, can fluctuate upon repayment or sale of an investment or the marking to fair value of an investment in any given year can be highly concentrated

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among several investments. After performing the income analysis for the three months ended September 30, 2018, as currently promulgated by the SEC, we determined that three and two of our controlled investments, respectively, individually generated more than 20% of our income during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and for the year ended June 30, 2018. We do not believe that the calculation promulgated by the SEC correctly identifies significant subsidiaries but have included CP Energy Services, Inc. (“CP Energy”), First Tower Finance Company LLC (“First Tower Finance”), National Property REIT Corp. (“NPRC”) and Valley Electric Company, Inc. (“Valley Electric”) as significant subsidiaries.

The following tables show summarized financial information for CP Energy, which met the 20% income test for the three months ended September 30, 2018:

	August 31, 2018	May 31, 2018
Balance Sheet Data		
Cash and invested assets	\$4,302	\$6,482
Accounts receivable, net	10,330	7,942
Fixed Assets	58,956	58,570
Intangibles, including goodwill	15,536	17,869
Other assets	828	2,121
Long Term Debt	428	423
Notes payable, due to Prospect or Affiliate	38,006	36,570
Other liabilities	3,321	6,004
Total equity	48,197	49,987

	Three Months Ended August 31, 2018	
	2018	2017
Summary of Operations		
Total revenue	\$21,043	\$12,361
Total expenses	22,614	14,343
Net income (loss)	\$(1,571)	\$(1,982)

The following tables show summarized financial information for First Tower Finance, which met the 20% income test for the three months ended September 30, 2018:

	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Balance Sheet Data		
Cash and invested assets	\$ 79,636	\$76,088
Accounts receivable, net	549,893	527,035
Property, plant and equipment, net	29,860	29,685
Intangibles, including goodwill	71,866	75,672
Other assets	5,256	6,013
Notes payable, due to Prospect or Affiliate	272,170	273,066
Other liabilities	529,624	505,539
Total equity	(65,283)	(64,112)

Three Months
Ended September
30,
2018 2017

Summary of Operations

Total revenue	\$66,617	\$57,543
Total expenses	67,547	58,128
Net income (loss)	\$(930)	\$(585)

The following tables show summarized financial information for NPRC, which met the 20% income test for the three months ended September 30, 2018:

	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Balance Sheet Data		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$119,419	\$131,683
Real estate, net	1,871,313	\$1,702,380
Unsecured consumer loans, at fair value	236,554	\$305,268
Other assets	96,985	\$90,310
Mortgages payable	1,678,836	\$1,519,353
Revolving credit facilities and other secured financing	102,829	\$167,294
Notes payable, due to Prospect or Affiliate	511,001	\$519,383
Other liabilities	59,983	\$42,846
Total equity	(28,378)	\$(19,235)

Three Months Ended
September 30,
2018 2017

Summary of Operations

Total revenue	\$100,644	\$98,885
Total expenses	83,069	82,178
Operating income	17,575	16,707
Depreciation and amortization	(18,198)	(19,101)
Fair value adjustment	(8,080)	(30,813)
Net income (loss)	\$(8,703)	\$(33,207)

The following tables show summarized financial information for Valley Electric, which met the 20% income test for the three months ended September 30, 2018:

	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Balance Sheet Data		
Cash and invested assets	\$ (647)	\$(1,821)
Accounts receivable, net	36,757	37,358
Construction in Progress	24,635	15,667
Fixed Assets	3,105	2,735
Intangibles, including goodwill	9,185	9,622
Other assets	3,456	3,198
Notes payable, due to Prospect or Affiliate	10,430	10,430
Other liabilities	37,580	35,224
Total equity	28,481	21,105

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017
Summary of Operations		
Total revenue	\$53,480	\$32,865
Total expenses	45,892	31,705
Net income (loss)	\$7,588	\$1,160

Summary of Operations

Total revenue	\$53,480	\$32,865
Total expenses	45,892	31,705
Net income (loss)	\$7,588	\$1,160

The SEC has requested comments on the proper mechanics of how the calculations related to Rules 3-09 and 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X should be completed. There is currently diversity in practice for the calculations. We expect that the SEC will clarify the calculation methods in the future.

Note 4. Revolving Credit Facility

On August 29, 2014, we renegotiated our previous credit facility and closed an expanded five and a half year revolving credit facility (the "2014 Facility"). The lenders had extended commitments of \$885,000 under the 2014 Facility as of June 30, 2018. The 2014 Facility included an accordion feature which allowed commitments to be increased up to \$1,500,000 in the aggregate. Interest on borrowings under the 2014 Facility is one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points. Additionally, the lenders charged a fee on the unused portion of the 2014 Facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least 35% of the credit facility was drawn or 100 basis points otherwise.

On August 1, 2018, we renegotiated the 2014 Facility and closed an expanded five and a half year revolving credit facility (the "2018 Facility" and collectively with the 2014 Facility, the "Revolving Credit Facility"). The lenders have extended commitments of \$795,000 under the 2018 Facility as of September 30, 2018. The 2018 Facility includes an accordion feature which allows commitments to be increased up to \$1,500,000 in the aggregate. The 2018 Facility matures on March 27, 2024. It includes a revolving period that extends through March 27, 2022, followed by an additional two-year amortization period, with distributions allowed to Prospect after the completion of the revolving period. During such two-year amortization period, all principal payments on the pledged assets will be applied to reduce the balance. At the end of the two-year amortization period, the remaining balance will become due, if required by the lenders.

The 2018 Facility contains restrictions pertaining to the geographic and industry concentrations of funded loans, maximum size of funded loans, interest rate payment frequency of funded loans, maturity dates of funded loans and minimum equity requirements. The 2018 Facility also contains certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, including required minimum portfolio yield and limitations on delinquencies and charge-offs, violation of which could result in the early termination of the 2018 Facility. The 2018 Facility also requires the maintenance of a minimum liquidity requirement. As of September 30, 2018, we were in compliance with the applicable covenants.

Interest on borrowings under the 2018 Facility is one-month LIBOR plus 220 basis points. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the credit facility equal to either 50 basis points if more than 60% of the credit

facility is drawn, or 100 basis points if more than 35% and an amount less than or equal to 60% of the credit facility is drawn, or 150 basis points if an

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amount less than or equal to 35% of the credit facility is drawn. The 2018 Facility requires us to pledge assets as collateral in order to borrow under the credit facility.

For the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, the average stated interest rate (i.e., rate in effect plus the spread) and average outstanding borrowings for the Facility were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 2017	
Average stated interest rate	4.31 %	3.46 %
Average outstanding balance	\$36,333	—

As of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, we had \$336,167 and \$547,205, respectively, available to us for borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility, with \$404,000 and \$37,000 outstanding as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively. As additional eligible investments are transferred to PCF and pledged under the Revolving Credit Facility, PCF will generate additional availability up to the current commitment amount of \$795,000. As of September 30, 2018, the investments, including cash, used as collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility had an aggregate fair value of \$1,513,897, which represents 25.0% of our total investments, including cash. These assets are held and owned by PCF, a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, and as such, these investments are not available to our general creditors. The release of any assets from PCF requires the approval of the facility agent.

In connection with the origination and amendments of the Revolving Credit Facility, we incurred \$8,431 of new fees and \$1,473 were carried over for continuing participants from the previous facility, all of which are being amortized over the term of the facility in accordance with ASC 470-50. As of September 30, 2018, \$8,202 remains to be amortized and is reflected as deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. As of September 30, 2018, \$325 of fees were expensed relating to credit providers in the 2014 Facility who did not commit to the 2018 Facility.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we recorded \$4,365 and \$2,954, respectively, of interest costs, unused fees and amortization of financing costs on the Revolving Credit Facility as interest expense.

Note 5. Convertible Notes

On April 16, 2012, we issued \$130,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that matured on October 15, 2017 (the "2017 Notes"). The 2017 Notes bore interest at a rate of 5.375% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning October 15, 2012. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2017 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$126,035. On March 28, 2016, we repurchased \$500 aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes at a price of 98.25, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a \$9 gain for the period ended March 31, 2016. On April 6, 2017, we repurchased \$78,766 aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes at a price of 102.0, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a \$1,786 loss during the three months ended June 30, 2017. On October 15, 2017, we repaid the outstanding principal amount of \$50,734 of the 2017 Notes, plus interest. No gain or loss was realized on the transaction.

On August 14, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that matured on March 15, 2018 (the "2018 Notes"). The 2018 Notes bore interest at a rate of 5.75% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2018 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600. On April 6, 2017, we repurchased \$114,581 aggregate principal amount of the 2018 Notes at a price of 103.5, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a \$4,700 loss during the three months ended June 30, 2017. On March 15, 2018, we repaid the outstanding principal amount of \$85,419 of the 2018 Notes, plus interest. No gain or loss was realized on the transaction.

On December 21, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on January 15, 2019 (the "2019 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600. On May 30, 2018, we repurchased \$98,353 aggregate principal amount of the 2019 Notes at a price of 102.0, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a \$2,383 loss during the three months ended June 30, 2018. As of September 30, 2018, the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the 2019 Notes is \$101,647.

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On April 11, 2014, we issued \$400,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on April 15, 2020 (the “2020 Notes”), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2020 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.75% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 each year, beginning October 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2020 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$387,500. On January 30, 2015, we repurchased \$8,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes at a price of 93.0, including commissions. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a gain of \$332, in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. As of September 30, 2018, the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes is \$392,000.

On April 11, 2017, we issued \$225,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on July 15, 2022 (the “Original 2022 Notes”), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The Original 2022 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.95% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 each year, beginning July 15, 2017. Total proceeds from the issuance of the Original 2022 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$218,010. On May 18, 2018, we issued an additional \$103,500 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on July 15, 2022 (the “Additional 2022 Notes”, and together with the Original 2022 Notes, the “2022 Notes”), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The Additional 2022 Notes were a further issuance of, and are fully fungible and rank equally in right of payment with, the Original 2022 Notes and bear interest at a rate of 4.95% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 each year, beginning July 15, 2018. Total proceeds from the issuance of the Additional 2022 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$100,749. Following the issuance of the Additional 2022 Notes and as of September 30 2018, the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Notes is \$328,500.

Certain key terms related to the convertible features for the 2019 Notes, the 2020 Notes and the 2022 Notes (collectively, the “Convertible Notes”) are listed below.

	2019 Notes	2020 Notes	2022 Notes
Initial conversion rate(1)	79.7766	80.6647	100.2305
Initial conversion price	\$12.54	\$12.40	\$9.98
Conversion rate at September 30, 2018(1)(2)	79.8360	80.6670	100.2305
Conversion price at September 30, 2018(2)(3)	\$12.53	\$12.40	\$9.98
Last conversion price calculation date	12/21/2017	4/11/2018	4/11/2018
Dividend threshold amount (per share)(4)	\$0.110025	\$0.110525	\$0.083330

(1) Conversion rates denominated in shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the Convertible Notes converted.

(2) Represents conversion rate and conversion price, as applicable, taking into account certain de minimis adjustments that will be made on the conversion date.

(3) The conversion price will increase only if the current monthly dividends (per share) exceed the dividend threshold amount (per share).

(4) The conversion rate is increased if monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend threshold amount, subject to adjustment. Current dividend rates are at or below the minimum dividend threshold amount for further conversion rate adjustments for all bonds.

Upon conversion, unless a holder converts after a record date for an interest payment but prior to the corresponding interest payment date, the holder will receive a separate cash payment with respect to the notes surrendered for conversion representing accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the conversion date. Any such payment will be made on the settlement date applicable to the relevant conversion on the Convertible Notes.

No holder of Convertible Notes will be entitled to receive shares of our common stock upon conversion to the extent (but only to the extent) that such receipt would cause such converting holder to become, directly or indirectly, a beneficial owner (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) of more than 5.0% of the shares of our common stock outstanding at such time. The 5.0% limitation shall no longer apply following the effective date of any fundamental change. We will not issue any shares in connection with the conversion or redemption of the Convertible Notes which would equal or exceed

20% of the shares outstanding at the time of the transaction in accordance with NASDAQ rules.

Subject to certain exceptions, holders may require us to repurchase, for cash, all or part of their Convertible Notes upon a fundamental change at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes being repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date. In addition, upon a fundamental change that constitutes a

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non-stock change of control we will also pay holders an amount in cash equal to the present value of all remaining interest payments (without duplication of the foregoing amounts) on such Convertible Notes through and including the maturity date.

In connection with the issuance of the Convertible Notes, we incurred \$27,323 of fees which are being amortized over the terms of the notes, of which \$12,009 remains to be amortized and is included as a reduction within Convertible Notes on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of September 30, 2018.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we recorded \$11,435 and \$13,656, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Convertible Notes as interest expense.

Note 6. Public Notes

On March 15, 2013, we issued \$250,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on March 15, 2023 (the "Original 2023 Notes"). The Original 2023 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning September 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the Original 2023 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$243,641. On June 20, 2018, we issued an additional \$70,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on March 15, 2023 (the "Additional 2023 Notes", and together with the Original 2023 Notes, the "2023 Notes"). The Additional 2023 Notes were a further issuance of, and are fully fungible and rank equally in right of payment with, the Original 2023 Notes and bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning September 15, 2018. Total proceeds from the issuance of the Additional 2023 Notes, net of underwriting discounts, were \$69,403. As of September 30, 2018, the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Notes is \$320,000.

On April 7, 2014, we issued \$300,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on July 15, 2019 (the "5.00% 2019 Notes"). Included in the issuance is \$45,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® that were exchanged for the 5.00% 2019 Notes. The 5.00% 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.00% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 5.00% 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$295,998. On June 7, 2018, we commenced a tender offer to purchase for cash any and all of the \$300,000 aggregate principal amount outstanding of the 5.00% 2019 Notes. On June 20, 2018, \$146,464 aggregate principal amount of the 5.00% 2019 Notes, representing 48.8% of the previously outstanding 5.00% 2019 Notes, were validly tendered and accepted. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a loss of \$3,705 during the three months ended June 30, 2018. On September 26, 2018, we repurchased the remaining \$153,536 aggregate principal amount of the 5.00% 2019 Notes at a price of 101.645, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a loss of \$2,874 during the three months ended September 30, 2018.

On December 10, 2015, we issued \$160,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on June 15, 2024 (the "2024 Notes"). The 2024 Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.25% per year, payable quarterly on March 15, June 15, September 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2016. Total proceeds from the issuance of the Original 2024 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$155,043. On June 16, 2016, we entered into an at-the-market ("ATM") program with FBR Capital Markets & Co. through which we could sell, by means of ATM offerings, from time to time, up to \$100,000 in aggregate principal amount of our existing 2024 Notes ("Initial 2024 Notes ATM"). Following the initial 2024 Notes ATM, the aggregate principal amount of the 2024 Notes issued was \$199,281 for net proceeds of \$193,253, after commissions and offering costs. On July 2, 2018, we entered into a second ATM program with B.Riley FBR, Inc. and BB&T Capital Markets, and on August 31, 2018 with Comerica Securities, Inc., through which we could sell, by means of ATM offerings, up to \$100,000 in aggregate principal amount of the 2024 Notes ("Second 2024 Notes ATM", and together with the Initial 2024 Notes ATM, the "2024 Notes Follow-on Program"). The 2024 Notes are listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") and trade thereon under the ticker "PBB." During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we issued an additional \$15,566 aggregate principal amount under the second 2024 Notes ATM, for net proceeds of \$15,461, after commissions and offering costs. As of September 30, 2018, the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the 2024 Notes is \$214,847.

On June 7, 2018, we issued \$55,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on June 15, 2028 (the "2028 Notes"). The 2028 Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.25% per year, payable quarterly on March 15, June 15, September 15, and December 15 of each year, beginning September 15, 2018. Total proceeds from the issuance of the

2028 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs were \$53,119. On July 2, 2018, we entered into an ATM program with B.Riley FBR, Inc. and BB&T Capital Markets, and on August 31, 2018 with Comerica Securities, Inc., through which we could sell, by means of ATM offerings, up to \$100,000 in aggregate principal amount of our existing 2028 Notes (“2028 Notes ATM” or “2028 Notes Follow-on Program”). The 2028 Notes are listed on the NYSE and trade thereon under the ticker “PBY.” During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we issued an additional \$10,078 aggregate principal amount under the 2028 Notes ATM, for net proceeds of \$9,963, after commissions and offering costs. As of September 30, 2018, the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the 2028 Notes is \$65,078.

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On September 27, 2018, we issued \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on January 15, 2024 (the “6.375% 2024 Notes”). The 6.375% 2024 Notes settled on October 1, 2018. The 6.375% 2024 Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.375% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning January 15, 2019. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 6.375% 2024 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$98,985. Net proceeds are reflected in Due from Broker on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

The 2023 Notes, the 2024 Notes, the 2028 Notes, and the 6.375% 2024 Notes (collectively, the “Public Notes”) are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding. In connection with the issuance of the Public Notes we recorded a discount of \$3,337 and debt issuance costs of \$13,689, which are being amortized over the terms of the notes. As of September 30, 2018, \$2,093 of the original issue discount and \$10,126 of the debt issuance costs remain to be amortized and are included as a reduction within Public Notes on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we recorded \$11,363 and \$11,041, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Public Notes as interest expense.

Note 7. Prospect Capital InterNotes®

On February 16, 2012, we entered into a selling agent agreement (the “Selling Agent Agreement”) with Incapital LLC, as purchasing agent for our issuance and sale from time to time of up to \$500,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (the “InterNotes® Offering”), which was increased to \$1,500,000 in May 2014. Additional agents may be appointed by us from time to time in connection with the InterNotes® Offering and become parties to the Selling Agent Agreement.

These notes are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding. Each series of notes will be issued by a separate trust. These notes bear interest at fixed interest rates and offer a variety of maturities no less than twelve months from the original date of issuance.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we issued \$39,757 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$39,093. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 5.00% to 6.00% with a weighted average interest rate of 5.48%. These notes mature between July 15, 2023 and September 15, 2028. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the three months ended September 30, 2018:

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Maturity Date Range
5	\$ 18,668	5.00	% 5.00	July 15, 2023 - September 15, 2023
7	7,172	5.50%–5.75%	5.73 %	July 15, 2025 - September 15, 2025
8	385	5.75	% 5.75 %	July 15, 2026
10	13,532	6.00	% 6.00 %	July 15, 2028 - September 15, 2028
	\$ 39,757			

During the three months ended September 30, 2017, we issued \$27,402 aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$26,996. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00% with a weighted average interest rate of 4.57%. These notes mature between July 15, 2022 and September 15, 2025. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the three months ended September 30, 2017:

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Maturity Date Range
5	\$ 17,059	4.00%–4.75%	4.42 %	July 15, 2022 – September 15, 2022
7	2,825	4.75%–5.00%	4.93 %	July 15, 2024
8	7,518	4.50%–5.00%	4.76 %	August 15, 2025 – September 15, 2025
	\$ 27,402			

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we redeemed, prior to maturity, \$29,360 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par with a weighted average interest rate of 4.70% in order to replace shorter maturity debt with longer-term debt. During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we repaid \$2,434 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a

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result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the three months ended September 30, 2018 was \$256. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of September 30, 2018:

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Maturity Date Range
5	\$245,127	4.00% – 5.50%	4.93 %	July 15, 2020 - September 15, 2023
5.2	4,440	4.63	% 4.63 %	August 15, 2020 - September 15, 2020
5.3	2,636	4.63	% 4.63 %	September 15, 2020
5.5	69,570	4.25% – 4.75%	4.57 %	May 15, 2020 - November 15, 2020
6	2,182	4.88	% 4.88 %	April 15, 2021 - May 15, 2021
6.5	38,672	5.10% – 5.25%	5.23 %	December 15, 2021 - May 15, 2022
7	143,604	4.00% – 5.75%	5.12 %	January 15, 2020 - September 15, 2025
7.5	1,996	5.75	% 5.75 %	February 15, 2021
8	24,820	4.50% – 5.75%	4.67 %	August 15, 2025 - July 15, 2026
10	50,906	4.32% – 7.00%	6.11 %	March 15, 2022 - September 15, 2028
12	2,978	6.00	% 6.00 %	November 15, 2025 - December 15, 2025
15	17,163	5.25% – 6.00%	5.35 %	May 15, 2028 - November 15, 2028
18	20,199	4.13% – 6.25%	5.54 %	December 15, 2030 - August 15, 2031
20	4,060	5.75% – 6.00%	5.89 %	November 15, 2032 - October 15, 2033
25	32,834	6.25% – 6.50%	6.39 %	August 15, 2038 - May 15, 2039
30	107,700	5.50% – 6.75%	6.24 %	November 15, 2042 - October 15, 2043
	\$768,887			

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During the three months ended September 30, 2017, we redeemed, prior to maturity \$89,980 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par with a weighted average interest rate of 4.91% in order to replace debt with shorter maturity dates. During the three months ended September 30, 2017, we repaid \$1,884 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$445.

The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of June 30, 2018:

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Maturity Date Range
5	\$228,835	4.00% – 5.50%	4.92 %	July 15, 2020 - June 15, 2023
5.2	4,440	4.63	% 4.63 %	August 15, 2020 - September 15, 2020
5.3	2,636	4.63	% 4.63 %	September 15, 2020
5.5	86,097	4.25% – 4.75%	4.61 %	May 15, 2020 - November 15, 2020
6	2,182	4.88	% 4.88 %	April 15, 2021 - May 15, 2021
6.5	38,832	5.10% – 5.25%	5.23 %	December 15, 2021 - May 15, 2022
7	147,349	4.00% – 5.75%	5.05 %	January 15, 2020 - June 15, 2025
7.5	1,996	5.75%	5.75 %	February 15, 2021
8	24,720	4.50% – 5.25%	4.65 %	August 15, 2025 - May 15, 2026
10	37,424	5.34% – 7.00%	6.19 %	March 15, 2022 - December 15, 2025
12	2,978	6.00	% 6.00 %	November 15, 2025 - December 15, 2025
15	17,163	5.25% – 6.00%	5.35 %	May 15, 2028 - November 15, 2028
18	20,677	4.13% – 6.25%	5.55 %	December 15, 2030 - August 15, 2031
20	4,120	5.75% – 6.00%	5.89 %	November 15, 2032 - October 15, 2033
25	33,139	6.25% – 6.50%	6.39 %	August 15, 2038 - May 15, 2039
30	108,336	5.50% – 6.75%	6.24 %	November 15, 2042 - October 15, 2043
	\$760,924			

In connection with the issuance of Prospect Capital InterNotes®, we incurred \$24,904 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes, of which \$11,875 remains to be amortized and is included as a reduction within Prospect Capital InterNotes® on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of September 30, 2018. During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we recorded \$10,745 and \$13,384, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Prospect Capital InterNotes® as interest expense.

Note 8. Fair Value and Maturity of Debt Outstanding

The following table shows our outstanding debt as of September 30, 2018.

	Principal Outstanding	Unamortized Discount & Debt Issuance Costs	Net Carrying Value	Fair Value (1)	Effective Interest Rate	
Revolving Credit Facility(2)	\$ 404,000	\$ 8,202	\$ 404,000	(3)\$ 404,000	1ML+2.20%	(6)
2019 Notes	101,647	183	101,464	102,282	(4)6.51	%(7)
2020 Notes	392,000	3,705	388,295	395,579	(4)5.38	%(7)
2022 Notes	328,500	8,121	320,379	325,458	(4)5.71	%(7)
Convertible Notes	822,147	12,009	810,138	823,319		
2023 Notes	320,000	3,874	316,126	325,837	(4)6.09	%(7)
2024 Notes	214,847	4,898	209,949	215,105	(4)6.76	%(7)
2028 Notes	65,078	2,132	62,946	64,454	(4)6.74	%(7)
6.375% 2024 Notes	100,000	1,315	98,685	99,460	(4)6.63	%(7)
Public Notes	699,925	12,219	687,706	704,856		
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	768,887	11,875	757,012	790,235	(5)5.81	%(8)
Total	\$ 2,694,959	\$ 44,305	\$ 2,658,856	\$ 2,722,410		

As permitted by ASC 825-10-25, we have not elected to value our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, (1)Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® at fair value. The fair value of these debt obligations are categorized as Level 2 under ASC 820 as of September 30, 2018.

(2)The maximum draw amount of the Revolving Credit facility as of September 30, 2018 is \$795,000.

(3)Net Carrying Value excludes deferred financing costs associated with the Revolving Credit Facility. See Note 2 for accounting policy details.

(4)We use available market quotes to estimate the fair value of the Convertible Notes and Public Notes.

(5)The fair value of Prospect Capital InterNotes® is estimated by discounting remaining payments using current Treasury rates plus spread based on observable market inputs.

(6)Represents the rate on drawn down and outstanding balances. Deferred debt issuance costs are amortized on a straight-line method over the stated life of the obligation.

The effective interest rate is equal to the effect of the stated interest, the accretion of original issue discount and (7)amortization of debt issuance costs. For the 2024 Notes and the 2028 Notes, the rate presented is a combined effective interest rate of their respective original Note issuances and Note Follow-on Programs.

For the Prospect Capital InterNotes®, the rate presented is the weighted average effective interest rate. Interest (8)expense and deferred debt issuance costs, which are amortized on a straight-line method over the stated life of the obligation which approximates level yield, are weighted against the average year-to-date principal balance.

The following table shows our outstanding debt as of June 30, 2018.

	Principal Outstanding	Unamortized Discount & Debt Issuance Costs	Net Carrying Value	Fair Value (1)	Effective Interest Rate	
Revolving Credit Facility(2)	\$ 37,000	\$ 2,032	\$ 37,000	(3)\$37,000	1ML+2.25%	(6)
2019 Notes	101,647	339	101,308	103,562	(4)6.51	%(7)
2020 Notes	392,000	4,270	387,730	392,529	(4)5.38	%(7)
2022 Notes	328,500	8,465	320,035	320,084	(4)5.69	%(7)
Convertible Notes	822,147		809,073	816,175		
5.00% 2019 Notes	153,536	456	153,080	155,483	(4)5.29	%(7)
2023 Notes	320,000	4,120	315,880	328,909	(4)6.09	%(7)
2024 Notes	199,281	4,559	194,722	202,151	(4)6.74	%(7)
2028 Notes	55,000	1,872	53,128	55,220	(4)6.72	%(7)
Public Notes	727,817		716,810	741,763		
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	760,924	11,998	748,926	779,400	(5)5.76	%(8)
Total	\$ 2,347,888		\$ 2,311,809	\$ 2,374,338		

As permitted by ASC 825-10-25, we have not elected to value our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, (1)Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® at fair value. The fair value of these debt obligations are categorized as Level 2 under ASC 820 as of June 30, 2018.

(2)The maximum draw amount of the Revolving Credit facility as of June 30, 2018 is \$885,000.

(3)Net Carrying Value excludes deferred financing costs associated with the Revolving Credit Facility. See Note 2 for accounting policy details.

(4)We use available market quotes to estimate the fair value of the Convertible Notes and Public Notes.

(5)The fair value of Prospect Capital InterNotes® is estimated by discounting remaining payments using current Treasury rates plus spread based on observable market inputs.

(6)Represents the rate on drawn down and outstanding balances. Deferred debt issuance costs are amortized on a straight-line method over the stated life of the obligation.

The effective interest rate is equal to the effect of the stated interest, the accretion of original issue discount and (7)amortization of debt issuance costs. For the 2024 Notes, the rate presented is a combined effective interest rate of the 2024 Notes and 2024 Notes Follow-on Program.

For the Prospect Capital InterNotes®, the rate presented is the weighted average effective interest rate. Interest (8)expense and deferred debt issuance costs, which are amortized on a straight-line method over the stated life of the obligation which approximates level yield, are weighted against the average year-to-date principal balance.

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of September 30, 2018.

	Payments Due by Period				
	Total	Less than 1 Year	1 – 3 Years	3 – 5 Years	After 5 Years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$404,000	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$404,000
Convertible Notes	822,147	101,647	392,000	328,500	—
Public Notes	699,925	—	—	320,000	379,925
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	768,887	—	285,650	226,047	257,190
Total Contractual Obligations	\$2,694,959	\$ 101,647	\$ 677,650	\$ 874,547	\$ 1,041,115

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of June 30, 2018.

	Payments Due by Period				
	Total	Less than 1 Year	1 – 3 Years	3 – 5 Years	After 5 Years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$37,000	\$—	\$37,000	\$—	\$—
Convertible Notes	822,147	101,647	392,000	328,500	—
Public Notes	727,817	—	153,536	320,000	254,281
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	760,924	—	276,484	246,525	237,915
Total Contractual Obligations	\$2,347,888	\$101,647	\$859,020	\$895,025	\$492,196

Note 9. Stock Repurchase Program, Equity Offerings, Offering Expenses, and Distributions

On August 24, 2011, our Board of Directors approved a share repurchase plan (the “Repurchase Program”) under which we may repurchase up to \$100,000 of our common stock at prices below our net asset value per share. Prior to any repurchase, we are required to notify shareholders of our intention to purchase our common stock. Our last notice was delivered with our annual proxy mailing on September 25, 2018.

We did not repurchase any shares of our common stock during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017. As of September 30, 2018, the approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the Repurchase Program is \$65,860.

Excluding dividend reinvestments, during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we did not issue any shares of our common stock.

On August 31, 2016, we filed a registration statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-213391) with the SEC. We subsequently filed a Pre-Effective Amendment No. 2 thereto on November 1, 2016, which the SEC declared effective on November 3, 2016. On October 26, 2017, we filed Post-Effective Amendment No. 50 to the registration statement, which the SEC declared effective on October 30, 2017. The registration statement permits us to issue, through one or more transactions, up to an aggregate of \$5,000,000 in securities, consisting of common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, subscription rights to purchase our securities, warrants representing rights to purchase our securities or separately tradeable units combining two or more of our securities. As of September 30, 2018, we have the ability to issue up to \$4,221,013 in securities under the registration statement.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we distributed approximately \$65,693 and \$81,647, respectively, to our stockholders. The following table summarizes our distributions declared and payable for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2018.

Declaration Date	Record Date	Payment Date	Amount Per Share	Amount Distributed (in thousands)
5/9/2017	7/31/2017	8/24/2017	\$0.083330	\$ 30,011
5/9/2017	8/31/2017	9/21/2017	0.083330	30,017
8/28/2017	9/29/2017	10/19/2017	0.060000	21,619
Total declared and payable for the three months ended September 30, 2017				\$ 81,647
5/9/2018	7/31/2018	8/23/2018	\$0.060000	\$ 21,881
5/9/2018	8/31/2018	9/20/2018	0.060000	21,898
8/28/2018	9/28/2018	10/18/2018	0.060000	21,914
Total declared and payable for the three months ended September 30, 2018				\$ 65,693

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. As such, the table above includes distributions with record dates during three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017. It does not include distributions previously declared to stockholders of record on any future dates, as those amounts are

not yet determinable. The following dividends were previously declared and will be recorded and payable subsequent to September 30, 2018:

\$0.06 per share for October 2018 to holders of record on October 31, 2018 with a payment date of November 21, 2018.

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During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we issued 815,201 and 233,489 shares of our common stock, respectively, in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan.

On February 9, 2016, we amended our dividend reinvestment plan that provided for reinvestment of our dividends or distributions on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash, to add the ability of stockholders to purchase additional shares by making optional cash investments. Under the revised dividend reinvestment and direct stock repurchase plan, stockholders may elect to purchase additional shares through our transfer agent in the open market or in negotiated transactions.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, Prospect officers purchased 18,892 shares of our stock, or 0.01% of total outstanding shares as of September 30, 2018, through shares issued in connection with our dividend reinvestment plan.

As of September 30, 2018, we have reserved 72,662,285 shares of our common stock for issuance upon conversion of the Convertible Notes (see Note 5).

Note 10. Other Income

Other income consists of structuring fees, overriding royalty interests, revenue receipts related to net profit interests, deal deposits, administrative agent fees, and other miscellaneous and sundry cash receipts. The following table shows income from such sources during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 2017	
Structuring, amendment, and advisory fees	\$4,105	\$8,207
Royalty and Net Revenue interests	1,823	1,578
Administrative agent fees	125	165
Total Other Income	\$6,053	\$9,950

Note 11. Net Increase in Net Assets per Share

The following information sets forth the computation of net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 2017	
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$83,795	\$ 11,973
Weighted average common shares outstanding	364,783	350,171,834
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share	0.23	\$ 0.03

Note 12. Income Taxes

While our fiscal year end for financial reporting purposes is June 30 of each year, our tax year end is August 31 of each year. The information presented in this footnote is based on our tax year end for each period presented, unless otherwise specified. The tax return for the tax year ended August 31, 2018 has not been filed. Taxable income and all amounts related to taxable income for the tax year ended August 31, 2018 are estimates and will not be fully determined until the Company's tax return is filed.

For income tax purposes, dividends paid and distributions made to shareholders are reported as ordinary income, capital gains, non-taxable return of capital, or a combination thereof. The tax character of dividends paid to shareholders during the tax years ended August 31, 2018, 2017, and 2016 were as follows:

	Tax Year Ended August 31, 2018 2017 2016		
Ordinary income	\$269,095	\$359,215	\$355,985
Capital gain	—	—	—
Return of capital	—	—	—
Total distributions paid to shareholders	\$269,095	\$359,215	\$355,985

We generate certain types of income that may be exempt from U.S. withholding tax when distributed to non-U.S. shareholders. Under IRC Section 871(k), a RIC is permitted to designate distributions of qualified interest income and short-term capital gains as exempt from U.S. withholding tax when paid to non-U.S. shareholders with proper documentation. For the 2018 calendar year, 46.72% of our distributions as of September 30, 2018 qualified as interest related dividends which are exempt from U.S. withholding tax applicable to non-U.S. shareholders.

For the tax year ending August 31, 2019, the tax character of dividends paid to shareholders through September 30, 2018 is expected to be ordinary income. Because of the difference between our fiscal and tax year ends, the final determination of the tax character of dividends will not be made until we file our tax return for the tax year ending August 31, 2019.

Taxable income generally differs from net increase in net assets resulting from operations for financial reporting purposes due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses, and generally excludes net unrealized gains or losses, as unrealized gains or losses are generally not included in taxable income until they are realized. The following reconciles the net increase in net assets resulting from operations to taxable income for the tax years ended August 31, 2018, 2017, and 2016:

	Tax Year Ended August 31,		
	2018	2017	2016
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$406,305	\$254,904	\$262,831
Net realized loss on investments	26,335	100,765	22,666
Net unrealized (gains) losses on investments	(105,599)	(61,939)	73,181
Other temporary book-to-tax differences	(63,938)	(32,117)	(56,036)
Permanent differences	31	(772)	2,489
Taxable income before deductions for distributions	\$263,134	\$260,841	\$305,131

Capital losses in excess of capital gains earned in a tax year may generally be carried forward and used to offset capital gains, subject to certain limitations. The Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act (the "RIC Modernization Act") was enacted on December 22, 2010. Under the RIC Modernization Act, capital losses incurred by taxpayers in taxable years beginning after the date of enactment will be allowed to be carried forward indefinitely and are allowed to retain their character as either short-term or long-term losses. As such, the capital loss carryforwards generated by us after the August 31, 2011 tax year will not be subject to expiration. Any losses incurred in post-enactment tax years will be required to be utilized prior to the losses incurred in pre-enactment tax years. As of August 31, 2018, we had capital loss carryforwards of approximately \$280,386 available for use in later tax years. The unused balance each year will be carried forward and utilized as gains are realized, subject to limitations. While our ability to utilize losses in the future depends upon a variety of factors that cannot be known in advance, some of the Company's capital loss carryforwards may become permanently unavailable due to limitations by the Code.

For the tax year ended August 31, 2018, we had no cumulative taxable income in excess of cumulative distributions. As of September 30, 2018, the cost basis of investments for tax purposes was \$6,000,194 resulting in an estimated net unrealized loss of \$63,511. As of September 30, 2018, the gross unrealized gains and losses were \$497,371 and \$560,882, respectively. As of June 30, 2018, the cost basis of investments for tax purposes was \$5,871,043 resulting in an estimated net unrealized loss of \$143,764. As of June 30, 2018, the gross unrealized gains and losses were \$476,197 and \$619,961, respectively. Due to the difference between our fiscal year end and tax year end, the cost basis of our investments for tax purposes as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018 was calculated based on the book cost of investments as of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively, with cumulative book-to-tax adjustments for investments through August 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

In general, we may make certain adjustments to the classification of net assets as a result of permanent book-to-tax differences, which may include merger-related items, differences in the book and tax basis of certain assets and liabilities, and nondeductible federal excise taxes, among other items. During the tax year ended August 31, 2018, we decreased overdistributed net investment income by \$31 and decreased capital in excess of par value by \$31. During the tax year ended August 31, 2017, we increased overdistributed net investment income by \$772 and increased capital in excess of par value by \$772. Due to the difference between our fiscal and tax year end, the reclassifications

for the taxable year ended August 31, 2018 is being recorded in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 and the reclassifications for the taxable year ended August 31, 2017 were recorded in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

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Note 13. Related Party Agreements and Transactions

Investment Advisory Agreement

We have entered into an investment advisory and management agreement with the Investment Adviser (the “Investment Advisory Agreement”) under which the Investment Adviser, subject to the overall supervision of our Board of Directors, manages the day-to-day operations of, and provides investment advisory services to, us. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Investment Adviser: (i) determines the composition of our portfolio, the nature and timing of the changes to our portfolio and the manner of implementing such changes, (ii) identifies, evaluates and negotiates the structure of the investments we make (including performing due diligence on our prospective portfolio companies); and (iii) closes and monitors investments we make.

The Investment Adviser’s services under the Investment Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and it is free to furnish similar services to other entities so long as its services to us are not impaired. For providing these services the Investment Adviser receives a fee from us, consisting of two components: a base management fee and an incentive fee. The base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 2.00% on our total assets. For services currently rendered under the Investment Advisory Agreement, the base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears. The base management fee is calculated based on the average value of our gross assets at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters and appropriately adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the current calendar quarter.

The total gross base management fee incurred to the favor of the Investment Adviser was \$30,095 and \$30,379 during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively.

The Investment Adviser has entered into a servicing agreement with certain institutions that purchased loans with us, where we serve as the agent and collect a servicing fee on behalf of the Investment Adviser. During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we received payments of \$138 and \$216, respectively, from these institutions, on behalf of the Investment Adviser, for providing such services under the servicing agreement. We were given a credit for these payments, which reduced the base management fees to \$29,957 and \$30,163 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively.

The incentive fee has two parts. The first part, the income incentive fee, is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears based on our pre-incentive fee net investment income for the immediately preceding calendar quarter. For this purpose, pre-incentive fee net investment income means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees (other than fees for providing managerial assistance), such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence and consulting fees and other fees that we receive from portfolio companies) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus our operating expenses for the quarter (including the base management fee, expenses payable under the Administration Agreement described below, and any interest expense and dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the incentive fee). Pre-incentive fee net investment income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with payment-in-kind interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that we have not yet received in cash. Pre-incentive fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital gains or losses. Pre-incentive fee net investment income, expressed as a rate of return on the value of our net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, is compared to a “hurdle rate” of 1.75% per quarter (7.00% annualized).

The net investment income used to calculate this part of the incentive fee is also included in the amount of the gross assets used to calculate the 2.00% base management fee. We pay the Investment Adviser an income incentive fee with respect to our pre-incentive fee net investment income in each calendar quarter as follows:

- No incentive fee in any calendar quarter in which our pre-incentive fee net investment income does not exceed the hurdle rate;

- 100.00% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income with respect to that portion of such pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 125.00% of the quarterly hurdle rate in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized assuming a 7.00% annualized hurdle rate); and

- 20.00% of the amount of our pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds 125.00% of the quarterly hurdle rate in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized assuming a 7.00% annualized hurdle rate).

These calculations are appropriately prorated for any period of less than three months and adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the current quarter.

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The second part of the incentive fee, the capital gains incentive fee, is determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Investment Advisory Agreement, as of the termination date), and equals 20.00% of our realized capital gains for the calendar year, if any, computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation at the end of such year. In determining the capital gains incentive fee payable to the Investment Adviser, we calculate the aggregate realized capital gains, aggregate realized capital losses and aggregate unrealized capital depreciation, as applicable, with respect to each investment that has been in our portfolio. For the purpose of this calculation, an “investment” is defined as the total of all rights and claims which may be asserted against a portfolio company arising from our participation in the debt, equity, and other financial instruments issued by that company. Aggregate realized capital gains, if any, equal the sum of the differences between the aggregate net sales price of each investment and the aggregate amortized cost basis of such investment when sold or otherwise disposed. Aggregate realized capital losses equal the sum of the amounts by which the aggregate net sales price of each investment is less than the aggregate amortized cost basis of such investment when sold or otherwise disposed. Aggregate unrealized capital depreciation equals the sum of the differences, if negative, between the aggregate valuation of each investment and the aggregate amortized cost basis of such investment as of the applicable calendar year-end. At the end of the applicable calendar year, the amount of capital gains that serves as the basis for our calculation of the capital gains incentive fee involves netting aggregate realized capital gains against aggregate realized capital losses on a since-inception basis and then reducing this amount by the aggregate unrealized capital depreciation. If this number is positive, then the capital gains incentive fee payable is equal to 20.00% of such amount, less the aggregate amount of any capital gains incentive fees paid since inception.

The total income incentive fee incurred was \$21,290 and \$15,933 during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively. No capital gains incentive fee was incurred during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017.

Administration Agreement

We have also entered into an administration agreement (the “Administration Agreement”) with Prospect Administration under which Prospect Administration, among other things, provides (or arranges for the provision of) administrative services and facilities for us. For providing these services, we reimburse Prospect Administration for our allocable portion of overhead incurred by Prospect Administration in performing its obligations under the Administration Agreement, including rent and our allocable portion of the costs of our Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer and her staff, including the internal legal staff. Under this agreement, Prospect Administration furnishes us with office facilities, equipment and clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services at such facilities. Prospect Administration also performs, or oversees the performance of, our required administrative services, which include, among other things, being responsible for the financial records that we are required to maintain and preparing reports to our stockholders and reports filed with the SEC. In addition, Prospect Administration assists us in determining and publishing our net asset value, overseeing the preparation and filing of our tax returns and the printing and dissemination of reports to our stockholders, and generally oversees the payment of our expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered to us by others. Under the Administration Agreement, Prospect Administration also provides on our behalf managerial assistance to those portfolio companies to which we are required to provide such assistance (see Managerial Assistance section below). The Administration Agreement may be terminated by either party without penalty upon 60 days’ written notice to the other party. Prospect Administration is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Investment Adviser.

The Administration Agreement provides that, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or negligence in the performance of its duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of its duties and obligations, Prospect Administration and its officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with it are entitled to indemnification from us for any damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys’ fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) arising from the rendering of Prospect Administration’s services under the Administration Agreement or otherwise as administrator for us. Our payments to Prospect Administration are reviewed quarterly by our Board of Directors.

The allocation of gross overhead expense from Prospect Administration was \$3,365 and \$4,710 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, respectively. Prospect Administration received estimated payments of \$1,182 directly from our portfolio companies, and certain funds managed by the Investment Adviser for

legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services during the three months ended September 30, 2017. Prospect Administration did not receive any estimated payments of similar nature during the three months ended September 30, 2018. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services cost payable by us to Prospect Administration. Had Prospect Administration not received these payments, Prospect Administration's charges for its administrative services would have increased by these amounts. Net overhead during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017 totaled \$3,365 and \$3,528, respectively.

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Managerial Assistance

As a BDC, we are obligated under the 1940 Act to make available to certain of our portfolio companies significant managerial assistance. “Making available significant managerial assistance” refers to any arrangement whereby we provide significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations, or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company. We are also deemed to be providing managerial assistance to all portfolio companies that we control, either by ourselves or in conjunction with others. The nature and extent of significant managerial assistance provided by us to controlled and non-controlled portfolio companies will vary according to the particular needs of each portfolio company. Examples of such activities include (i) advice on recruiting, hiring, management and termination of employees, officers and directors, succession planning and other human resource matters; (ii) advice on capital raising, capital budgeting, and capital expenditures; (iii) advice on advertising, marketing, and sales; (iv) advice on fulfillment, operations, and execution; (v) advice on managing relationships with unions and other personnel organizations, financing sources, vendors, customers, lessors, lessees, lawyers, accountants, regulators and other important counterparties; (vi) evaluating acquisition and divestiture opportunities, plant expansions and closings, and market expansions; (vii) participating in audit committee, nominating committee, board and management meetings; (viii) consulting with and advising board members and officers of portfolio companies (on overall strategy and other matters); and (ix) providing other organizational, operational, managerial and financial guidance.

Prospect Administration, when performing a managerial assistance agreement executed with each portfolio company to which we provide managerial assistance, arranges for the provision of such managerial assistance on our behalf. When doing so, Prospect Administration utilizes personnel of our Investment Adviser. We, on behalf of Prospect Administration, invoice portfolio companies receiving and paying for managerial assistance, and we remit to Prospect Administration its cost of providing such services, including the charges deemed appropriate by our Investment Adviser for providing such managerial assistance. No income is recognized by Prospect.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we received payments of \$2,043 and \$1,093, respectively, from our portfolio companies for managerial assistance and subsequently remitted these amounts to Prospect Administration.

Co-Investments

On February 10, 2014, we received an exemptive order from the SEC (the “Order”) that gave us the ability to negotiate terms other than price and quantity of co-investment transactions with other funds managed by the Investment Adviser or certain affiliates, including Priority Income Fund, Inc. and Pathway Capital Opportunity Fund, Inc. (f/k/a Pathway Energy Infrastructure Fund, Inc.), subject to the conditions included therein. Under the terms of the relief permitting us to co-invest with other funds managed by our Investment Adviser or its affiliates, a “required majority” (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors must make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the proposed transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our stockholders and do not involve overreaching of us or our stockholders on the part of any person concerned and (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our stockholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies. In certain situations where co-investment with one or more funds managed by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates is not covered by the Order, such as when there is an opportunity to invest in different securities of the same issuer, the personnel of the Investment Adviser or its affiliates will need to decide which fund will proceed with the investment. Such personnel will make these determinations based on policies and procedures, which are designed to reasonably ensure that investment opportunities are allocated fairly and equitably among affiliated funds over time and in a manner that is consistent with applicable laws, rules and regulations. Moreover, except in certain circumstances, when relying on the Order, we will be unable to invest in any issuer in which one or more funds managed by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates has previously invested.

As of September 30, 2018, we had co-investments with Priority Income Fund, Inc. in the following CLO funds: Apidos CLO XXII, Barings CLO Ltd. 2018-III, Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2016-3, Ltd., Cent CLO 21 Limited, CIFC Funding 2014-IV Investor, Ltd., CIFC Funding 2014-V, Ltd., CIFC Funding 2016-I, Ltd., Galaxy XXVIII CLO, Ltd., Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-2 Ltd., Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2015-3 Ltd., HarbourView CLO VII-R, Ltd., Jefferson Mill CLO Ltd., Mountain View CLO IX Ltd., Octagon Investment Partners 18-R Ltd., Romark WM-R Ltd., Symphony CLO XIV Ltd., Voya IM CLO 2014-1 Ltd., Voya CLO 2016-3, Ltd. and Voya CLO 2017-3, Ltd.; however HarbourView CLO VII-R, Ltd. and Octagon Investment Partners 18-R Ltd. are not

considered co-investments pursuant to the Order as they were purchased on the secondary market.

As of September 30, 2018, we had a co-investment with Pathway Capital Opportunity Fund, Inc. in Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2014-4-R, Ltd.; however, this investment is not considered a co-investment pursuant to the Order as it was purchased on the secondary market.

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We reimburse CLO investment valuation services fees initially incurred by Priority Income Fund, Inc. During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we recognized expenses that were reimbursed for valuation services of \$53 and \$52, respectively. Conversely, Priority Income Fund, Inc. and Pathway Capital Opportunity Fund, Inc. reimburse us for software fees, expenses which were initially incurred by Prospect. As of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018 we accrued a receivable from Priority Income Fund, Inc. and Pathway Capital Opportunity Fund, Inc. for software fees of \$43 and \$88, respectively, which will be reimbursed to us.

Due from NPRC

As of September 30, 2018, we recorded a \$5.8 million due from affiliate on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities for a partial repayment from our investment in NPRC senior secured term loan TLE that was received on October 1, 2018. The \$5.8 million principal payment reduced the cost basis of our investment in NPRC senior secured term loan TLE as of September 30, 2018.

Note 14. Transactions with Controlled Companies

The descriptions below detail the transactions which Prospect Capital Corporation (“Prospect”) has entered into with each of our controlled companies. Certain of the controlled entities discussed below were consolidated effective July 1, 2014 (see Note 1). As such, transactions with these Consolidated Holding Companies are presented on a consolidated basis.

Arctic Energy Services, LLC

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc. (“Arctic Equipment”), a Consolidated Holding Company. Arctic Equipment owns 70% of the equity of Arctic Energy Services, LLC (“Arctic Energy”), with Ailport Holdings, LLC (“Ailport”) (100% owned and controlled by Arctic Energy management) owning the remaining 30% of the equity of Arctic Energy. Arctic Energy provides oilfield service personnel, well testing flowback equipment, frac support systems and other services to exploration and development companies in the Rocky Mountains. As of June 30, 2017, we reported Arctic Energy as a separate controlled company. On April 6, 2018, Arctic Equipment merged with CP Energy and our equity interest was exchanged for newly issued common shares of CP Energy. Refer to discussion on CP Energy ownership below.

The following managerial assistance recognized had not yet been paid by Arctic Energy to Prospect and was included by Prospect within other receivables and due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$225

September 30, 2018 225

CCPI Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of CCPI Holdings Inc. (“CCPI Holdings”), a Consolidated Holding Company. CCPI Holdings owns 94.59% of the equity of CCPI Inc. (“CCPI”), with CCPI management owning the remaining 5.41% of the equity. CCPI owns 100% of each of CCPI Europe Ltd. and MEFEC B.V., and 45% of Gulf Temperature Sensors W.L.L.

On August 1, 2017, we entered into a participation agreement with CCPI management, and sold \$144 of Prospect's investment in the Term Loan B debt.

The following amounts were paid from CCPI to Prospect and recorded by Prospect as repayment of loan receivable:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$112

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 223

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from CCPI to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$935

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 914

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from CCPI to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$60

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 60

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$ —
 September 30, 2018 60

The following managerial assistance recognized had not yet been paid by CCPI to Prospect and was included by Prospect within other receivables and due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$60
 September 30, 2018 —

The following payments were paid from CCPI to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to CCPI (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was able to recognize these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 45
 Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 —

The following amounts were due from CCPI to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of CCPI and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2018 \$7
 September 30, 2018 —

CP Energy Services Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of CP Holdings of Delaware LLC (“CP Holdings”), a Consolidated Holding Company. CP Holdings owns 99.8%% of the equity of CP Energy, and the remaining equity is owned by CP Energy management. CP Energy owns directly or indirectly 100% of each of CP Well; Wright Foster Disposals, LLC; Foster Testing Co., Inc.; ProHaul Transports, LLC; and Wright Trucking, Inc. CP Energy provides oilfield flowback services and fluid hauling and disposal services through its subsidiaries.

On October 1, 2017, we restructured our investment in CP Energy. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged \$35,048 of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock for \$35,048 of senior secured debt. We received \$228 of an advisory fee related to the above transaction, which we recognized as other income.

On January 18, 2018, CP Energy redeemed common shares belonging to senior management, which increased our ownership percentage from 82.3% to 94.2% as of March 31, 2018.

On April 6, 2018, our common equity investment cost in the amount of \$60,876 at the date of the merger in Arctic Equipment was exchanged for newly issued common shares of CP Energy. As a result of this merger between these controlled portfolio companies, our equity ownership percentage in CP Energy increased to 99.8%. There was no realized gain or loss recognized by us since this was a merger amongst two portfolio companies under our control.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from CP Energy to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$ —
 Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 1,195

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by CP Energy to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2018 \$ —
 September 30, 2018 1,182

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$150
 September 30, 2018 —

The following managerial assistance recognized had not yet been paid by CP Energy to Prospect and was included by Prospect within other receivables and due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$ —
 September 30, 2018 150

The following amounts were due from CP Energy to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of CP Energy and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2018 \$55
 September 30, 2018 1

Credit Central Loan Company, LLC

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC (“Credit Central Delaware”), a Consolidated Holding Company. Credit Central Delaware owns 98.26% of the equity of Credit Central Loan Company, LLC (f/k/a Credit Central Holdings, LLC) (“Credit Central”), with entities owned by Credit Central management owning the remaining 1.74% of the equity. Credit Central owns 100% of each of Credit Central, LLC; Credit Central South, LLC; Credit Central of Texas, LLC; and Credit Central of Tennessee, LLC. Credit Central is a branch-based provider of installment loans.

On September 28, 2016, Prospect performed a buyout of Credit Central management’s ownership stake, purchasing additional subordinated debt of \$12,523 at a discount of \$7,521. Prospect also purchased \$2,098 of additional shares, increasing its ownership to 98.26%.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, the following amounts of the aforementioned original issue discount of \$7,521 accreted during the respective period, and included in interest income.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$430
 Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 848

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Credit Central to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$3,080
 Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 2,651

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from Credit Central to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$175
 Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 175

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$175
 September 30, 2018 175

The following amounts were due to Credit Central from Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Credit Central on behalf of Prospect and were included by Prospect within other liabilities:

June 30, 2018 \$33

September 30, 2018 —

Echelon Transportation LLC (f/k/a Echelon Aviation LLC)

Prospect owns 100% of the membership interests of Echelon Transportation LLC (“Echelon”). Echelon owns 60.7% of the equity of AerLift Leasing Limited (“AerLift”).

On September 28, 2016, Echelon made an optional partial prepayment of \$6,800 of the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility outstanding.

During the three months ended September 30, 2016, Echelon issued 36,275 Class B shares to the company’s President, decreasing Prospect’s ownership to 98.56%.

On December 9, 2016, Prospect made a follow-on \$16,044 first lien senior secured debt and \$2,830 equity investment in Echelon to support an asset acquisition, increasing Prospect’s ownership to 98.71%. Prospect recognized \$1,121 in structuring fee income as a result of the transaction.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Echelon to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$1,603

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 1,658

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from Echelon was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$ —

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 2,125

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Echelon to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2018 \$2,631

September 30, 2018 1,135

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from Echelon to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$63

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 —

The following managerial assistance payments had not yet been paid by Echelon to Prospect and were included by Prospect within other receivables and due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$63

September 30, 2018 63

The following amounts were due from Echelon to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of Echelon and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2018 \$18

September 30, 2018 13

Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC

As of June 30, 2017, Prospect held a 37.1% membership interest in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC ("Edmentum Holdings"), which owns 100% of the equity of Edmentum, Inc. On February 23, 2018, certain participating members of Edmentum Holdings increased their revolving credit commitment and extended additional credit to Edmentum, Inc. in exchange for additional common units of Edmentum Holdings. As a result, Prospect's equity ownership was diluted to 11.5% and the investment was transferred from control to affiliate investment classification as of March 31, 2018. Edmentum is the largest all subscription based, software as a service provider of online curriculum and assessments to the U.S. education market. Edmentum provides high-value, comprehensive online solutions that support educators to successfully transition learners from one stage to the next.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, Prospect funded an additional \$7,835 in the second lien revolving credit facility. During the year ended June 30, 2018, Prospect funded an additional \$7,834 in the second lien revolving credit facility. The following amounts were paid from Edmentum to Prospect and recorded by Prospect as repayment of loan receivable:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$7,834

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 N/A

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Edmentum to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$214

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 N/A

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from Edmentum was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$150

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 N/A

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Edmentum to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2018 \$274

September 30, 2018 N/A

Energy Solutions Holdings Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of Energy Solutions Holdings Inc. (f/k/a Gas Solutions Holdings Inc.) ("Energy Solutions"), a Consolidated Holding Company. Energy Solutions owns 100% of each of Change Clean Energy Company, LLC (f/k/a Change Clean Energy Holdings, LLC) ("Change Clean"); Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC (f/k/a Freedom Marine Services Holdings, LLC) ("Freedom Marine"); and Yatesville Coal Company, LLC (f/k/a Yatesville Coal Holdings, LLC) ("Yatesville"). Change Clean owns 100% of each of Change Clean Energy, LLC and Down East Power Company, LLC, and 50.1% of BioChips LLC. Freedom Marine owns 100% of each of Vessel Company, LLC (f/k/a Vessel Holdings, LLC) ("Vessel"); Vessel Company II, LLC (f/k/a Vessel Holdings II, LLC) ("Vessel II"); and Vessel Company III, LLC (f/k/a Vessel Holdings III, LLC) ("Vessel III"). Yatesville owns 100% of North Fork Collieries, LLC.

Energy Solutions owns interests in companies operating in the energy sector. These include companies operating offshore supply vessels, ownership of a non-operating biomass electrical generation plant and several coal mines. Energy Solutions subsidiaries formerly owned interests in gathering and processing business in east Texas.

Transactions between Prospect and Freedom Marine are separately discussed below under "Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC."

First Tower Finance Company LLC

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC (“First Tower Delaware”), a Consolidated Holding Company. First Tower Delaware owns 80.1% of First Tower Finance Company LLC (f/k/a First Tower Holdings LLC) (“First Tower Finance”). First Tower Finance owns 100% of First Tower, LLC (“First Tower”), a multiline specialty finance company.

During the three months ended December 31, 2016, Prospect made an additional \$8,005 equity investment to First Tower.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we made a follow-on \$16,921 subordinated debt investment in First Tower, and a \$2,664 equity investment in First Tower Finance, to support an acquisition. In connection with this transaction, we received a \$2,664 advisory fee from First Tower, which was recognized as other income.

The following amounts were paid from First Tower to Prospect and recorded by Prospect as repayment of loan receivable:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$1,911

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 2,154

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from First Tower to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$11,341

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 13,962

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from First Tower was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$870

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 1,258

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by First Tower to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2018 \$4,703

September 30, 2018 4,687

The following managerial assistance recognized had not yet been paid by First Tower to Prospect and was included by Prospect within other receivables and due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$600

September 30, 2018 600

The following amounts were due from First Tower to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of First Tower and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2018 \$26

September 30, 2018 28

Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC

As discussed above, Prospect owns 100% of the equity of Energy Solutions, a Consolidated Holding Company. Energy Solutions owns 100% of Freedom Marine. Freedom Marine owns 100% of each of Vessel, Vessel II, and Vessel III.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, Prospect purchased an additional \$1,200 in membership interests in Freedom Marine to support its ongoing operations and liquidity needs.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, Prospect purchased an additional \$982 in membership interests in Freedom Marine to support its ongoing operations and liquidity needs.

The following managerial assistance recognized had not yet been paid by Freedom Marine to Prospect and was included by Prospect within other receivables and due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$825

September 30, 2018 900

InterDent, Inc.

Following our assumption of assuming control, Prospect exercised its rights and remedies under its loan documents to exercise the shareholder voting rights in respect of the stock of InterDent, Inc. (“InterDent”) and to appoint a new Board of Directors of InterDent, all the members of which are our Investment Adviser’s professionals. As a result, as of June 30, 2018, Prospect’s investment in InterDent is classified as a control investment.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, Prospect purchased \$14,000 of first lien Senior Secured Term Loan A/B from a third party. In addition, Prospect purchased \$5,000 of first lien Senior Secured Term Loan D and transferred \$31,558 from Senior Secured Term Loan B to Senior Secured Term Loan C.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from InterDent to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

September 30, 2018 \$6,821

Included in the above, the following payment-in-kind interest from InterDent was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

September 30, 2018 \$4,150

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by InterDent to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2017 \$127

September 30, 2018 245

MITY, Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of MITY Holdings of Delaware Inc. (“MITY Delaware”), a Consolidated Holding Company. MITY Delaware holds 95.48% of the equity of MITY, Inc. (f/k/a MITY Enterprises, Inc.) (“MITY”), with management of MITY owning the remaining 4.52% of the equity of MITY. MITY owns 100% of each of MITY-Lite, Inc. (“MITY-Lite”); Broda USA, Inc. (f/k/a Broda Enterprises USA, Inc.) (“Broda USA”); and Broda Enterprises ULC (“Broda Canada”). MITY is a designer, manufacturer and seller of multipurpose room furniture and specialty healthcare seating products.

During the three months ended December 31, 2016, Prospect formed a separate legal entity, MITY FSC, Inc., (“MITY FSC”) in which Prospect owns 96.88% of the equity, and MITY-Lite management owns the remaining portion. MITY FSC does not have material operations. This entity earns commission payments from MITY-Lite based on its sales to foreign customers, and distributes it to its shareholders based on pro-rata ownership. During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we received \$201 and \$211, respectively of such commission, which we recognized as other income.

On January 17, 2017, Prospect invested an additional \$8,000 of Senior Secured Note A and \$8,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan B debt investments in MITY to fund an acquisition. Prospect recognized structuring fee income of \$480 from this additional investment.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from MITY to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$1,920

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 1,924

Included in the above, the following payment-in-kind interest from MITY was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

September 30, 2018 \$211

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by MITY to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2018 \$ —
 September 30, 2018 212

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Broda Canada to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$150
 Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 144

During the three months ended September 30, 2017, there was a favorable fluctuation in the foreign currency exchange rate and Prospect recognized \$12 of realized gain related to its investment in Broda Canada. During the three months ended September 30, 2018, there was a favorable fluctuation in the foreign currency exchange rate and Prospect recognized \$1 of realized gain related to its investment in Broda Canada.

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from MITY to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$75
 Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 75

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$75
 September 30, 2018 75

The following amounts were due from MITY to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of MITY and included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2018 \$51
 September 30, 2018 —

National Property REIT Corp.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of NPH, a Consolidated Holding Company. NPH owns 100% of the common equity of NPRC. Effective May 23, 2016, in connection with the merger of APRC and UPRC with and into NPRC, APH and UPH merged with and into NPH, and were dissolved.

NPRC is a Maryland corporation and a qualified REIT for federal income tax purposes. In order to qualify as a REIT, NPRC issued 125 shares of Series A Cumulative Non-Voting Preferred Stock to 125 accredited investors. The preferred stockholders are entitled to receive cumulative dividends semi-annually at an annual rate of 12.5% and do not have the ability to participate in the management or operation of NPRC.

NPRC was formed to hold for investment, operate, finance, lease, manage, and sell a portfolio of real estate assets and engage in any and all other activities as may be necessary, incidental or convenient to carry out the foregoing. NPRC acquires real estate assets, including, but not limited to, industrial, commercial, and multi-family properties. NPRC may acquire real estate assets directly or through joint ventures by making a majority equity investment in a property-owning entity (the "JV"). Additionally, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, NPRC invests in online consumer loans.

On July 22, 2016 Prospect made a \$2,700 investment in NPRC used to purchase additional common equity of NPRC through NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase additional ownership interest in twelve multi-family properties for \$2,698 and pay \$2 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The minority interest holder also invested an additional \$49 in the JVs. The proceeds were used by the JVs to fund \$2,747 of capital expenditures.

On August 4, 2016, Prospect made a \$393 investment in NPRC used to purchase additional common equity of NPRC through NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase additional ownership interest in four multi-family properties for \$392 and pay \$1 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The minority interest holder also invested an additional \$21 in the JVs. The proceeds were used by the JVs to fund \$413 of capital expenditures.

On September 1, 2016, we made an investment into American Consumer Lending Limited (“ACLL”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of NPRC, under the ACLL credit agreement, for senior secured term loans, Term Loan C, with the same terms as the existing ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. (“ACLLH”) Term Loan C due to us.

On September 28, 2016 Prospect made a \$46,381 investment in NPRC, of which \$35,295 was a Senior Term Loan and \$11,086 was used to purchase additional common equity of NPRC through NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase a 64.2% ownership interest in Vesper Portfolio JV, LLC for \$46,324 and to pay \$57 for tax and legal services provided by professionals at Prospect Administration. The JV was purchased for \$250,000 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$192,382 and \$25,817, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$1,060 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$2,131 of third party expenses, \$4,911 of pre-funded capex, and \$5,310 of prepaid assets, with \$1,111 retained by the JV for working capital.

On October 21, 2016 Prospect made a \$514 investment in NPRC used to purchase additional common equity of NPRC through NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase additional ownership interest in four multi-family properties for \$512 and pay \$2 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The minority interest holder also invested an additional \$33 in the JVs. The proceeds were used by the JVs to fund \$545 of capital expenditures.

On November 17, 2016, NPRC used sale and supplemental loan proceeds to make a partial repayment on the Senior Term Loan of \$19,149 and a return of capital on Prospects’ equity investment in NPRC of \$9,204.

On November 23, 2016, Prospect made a \$2,860 investment in NPRC used to purchase additional common equity of NPRC through NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase additional ownership interest in seven multi-family properties for \$2,859 and pay \$1 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The minority interest holder also invested an additional \$231 in the JVs. The proceeds were used by the JVs to fund \$3,090 of capital expenditures.

On December 7, 2016 Prospect made a \$13,046 investment in NPRC, of which \$9,653 was a Senior Term Loan and \$3,393 was used to purchase additional common equity of NPRC through NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase an 85% ownership interest in JSIP Union Place, LLC for \$13,026 and to pay \$20 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The JV was purchased for \$64,750 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$51,800 and \$2,299, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$261 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$1,078 of third party expenses, \$5 of pre-funded capital expenditures, and \$458 of prepaid assets, with \$573 retained by the JV for working capital.

On January 30, 2017 Prospect made a \$41,365 investment in NPRC, of which \$30,644 was a Senior Term Loan and \$10,721 was used to purchase additional common equity of NPRC through NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase a 92.5% ownership interest in 9220 Old Lantern Way LLC for \$41,333 and to pay \$32 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The JV was purchased for \$187,250 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$153,580 and \$3,351, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$827 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$4,415 of third party expenses, \$1,857 of pre-funded capital expenditures, and \$3,540 of prepaid assets, with \$375 retained by the JV for working capital.

On February 27, 2017 NPRC used sale and supplemental loan proceeds to make a partial repayment on the Senior Term Loan of \$18,000 and a return of capital on Prospects’ equity investment in NPRC of \$11,648. In connection to the partial repayment of the Senior Term Loan, NPRC paid a prepayment premium of \$180 to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as interest income).

On March 7, 2017, Prospect made a \$289 investment in NPRC used to purchase additional common equity of NPRC through NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase additional ownership interest in SSIL I, LLC for

\$288. The minority interest holder also invested an additional \$72 in the JV. The proceeds were used by the JV to fund \$360 of capital expenditures.

On March 16, 2017, Prospect made a \$4,273 investment in NPRC used to purchase additional common equity of NPRC through NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase additional ownership interest in eight multi-family properties for \$4,272 and pay \$1 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The proceeds were used by the JV to fund \$4,272 of capital expenditures.

On April 3, 2017, Prospect made a \$418 investment in NPRC used to purchase additional common equity of NPRC through NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase additional ownership interest in three multi-family properties for \$417 and pay \$1 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The minority interest holder also invested an additional \$24 in the JV. The proceeds were used by the JV to fund \$441 of capital expenditures.

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On April 21, 2017, Prospect made a \$2,106 investment in NPRC used to purchase additional common equity of NPRC through NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase additional ownership interest in Vesper Portfolio JV, LLC for \$2,105 and pay \$1 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The proceeds were used by the JV to fund \$2,105 of capital expenditures.

On June 30, 2017 NPRC used sale proceeds to make a partial repayment on the Senior Term Loan of \$5,750 and a return of capital on Prospects' equity investment in NPRC of \$11,261. In connection to the partial repayment of the Senior Term Loan, NPRC paid a prepayment premium of \$58 to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as interest income).

On July 10, 2017, Prospect made a \$653 investment in NPRC, of which \$450 was a Senior Term Loan and \$202 was used to purchase additional common equity of NPRC through NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase additional ownership interest in a multi-family JV for \$639 and pay \$1 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$13 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income). The minority interest holder also purchased additional ownership interest in the JV for \$163. The proceeds were used by the JV to fund \$802 of capital expenditures.

On August 24, 2017, Prospect purchased additional common equity of NPRC through NPH for \$2,401. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase additional ownership interest in a JV that owns eight student housing properties for \$2,400 and pay \$1 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The proceeds were used by the JV to fund \$2,400 of capital expenditures.

On September 13, 2017, Prospect made a \$826 investment in NPRC, of which \$662 was a Senior Term Loan and \$164 was used to purchase additional common equity of NPRC through NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase additional ownership interest in a JV entity that owns five multi-family properties for \$825 and pay \$2 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The minority interest holder also purchased additional ownership interest in the JV for \$92. The proceeds were used by the JV to fund \$917 of capital expenditures.

On October 10, 2017, Prospect purchased additional common equity of NPRC through NPH for \$4,094. NPRC utilized \$4,091 of the proceeds as a capital contribution in multiple JV entities that own ten multi-family properties and to pay \$3 for legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The minority interest holder also contributed \$87 of additional capital in the JV entities. The proceeds were utilized by the JV entities to fund \$4,178 of capital expenditures.

On October 31, 2017, Prospect purchased additional common equity of NPRC through NPH for \$27,004. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase a 92.5% ownership interest in Baymeadows Holdings LLC for \$26,974 and to pay \$30 for tax and legal services provided by professionals at Prospect Administration. The minority interest holder purchased ownership interest in the JV for \$2,187. The JV utilized the total proceeds, which included debt financing of \$88,800, to acquire \$111,000 of multi-family real estate assets. The remaining proceeds were used by the JV to pay \$539 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$802 of third party expenses, \$546 of pre-funded capital expenditures, \$3,016 of prepaid assets, and \$2,058 was retained by the JV as working capital.

On November 8, 2017, Prospect purchased additional common equity of NPRC through NPH for \$15,911. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase a 92.5% ownership interest in Southfield Holdings LLC for \$15,849, pay \$10 for tax and legal services provided by professionals at Prospect Administration, and \$52 was retained as working capital. The minority interest holder purchased ownership interest in the JV for \$1,285. The JV utilized the total proceeds, which included debt financing of \$58,229, to acquire \$68,500 of multi-family real estate assets. The remaining proceeds were used by the JV to pay \$317 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$263 of third party expenses, \$3,138 of pre-funded capital expenditures, \$2,860 of prepaid assets, and \$285 was retained by the JV as working capital.

On November 17, 2017, Prospect purchased additional common equity of NPRC through NPH for \$1,019. NPRC utilized \$1,018 of the proceeds as a capital contribution in multiple JV entities that own seven multi-family properties and to pay \$1 for legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The minority interest holder also contributed \$82 of additional capital in the JV entities. The proceeds were used by the JV entities to fund \$1,100 of capital expenditures.

On December 29, 2017, Prospect purchased additional common equity of NPRC through NPH for \$10,000. NPRC utilized \$200 of proceeds provided to pay a structuring fee to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income). On January 10, 2018, NPRC utilized \$9,790 of proceeds provided by Prospect on December 29, 2017 to purchase a 92.5% interest in Steeplechase Holdings LLC. The remaining \$10 was retained as working capital by NPRC. The minority interest holder purchased ownership interest in the JV for \$794. The JV utilized the total proceeds, which included debt financing of \$36,668, to acquire \$44,500 of multi-family real estate assets. The remaining proceeds were used by the JV to pay \$196 of

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structuring fees to NPRC, \$986 of third party expenses, \$370 of pre-funded capital expenditures, \$911 of prepaid assets, and \$289 was retained by the JV as working capital.

On January 26, 2018, Prospect purchased additional common equity of NPRC through NPH for \$1,586. NPRC utilized the proceeds to purchase additional ownership interest in a JV that owns eight student housing properties for \$1,585 and to pay \$1 for legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The proceeds were utilized by the JV entity to fund \$1,585 of capital expenditures.

On March 1, 2018 Prospect exchanged \$47,000 of ACLL Senior Secured Term Loan C for \$47,000 of NPRC Senior Secured Term Loan E.

On March 19, 2018 Prospect exchanged \$50,000 of ACLL Senior Secured Term Loan C for \$50,000 of NPRC Senior Secured Term Loan E.

On March 29, 2018, Prospect purchased additional common equity of NPRC through NPH for \$3,134. NPRC utilized \$3,131 of the proceeds as a capital contribution in multiple JV entities that own nine multi-family properties and to pay \$3 for legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The minority interest holder also contributed \$71 of additional capital in the JV entities. The proceeds were utilized by the JV entities to fund \$3,202 of capital expenditures.

On March 29, 2018 Prospect exchanged \$578 of ACLL Senior Secured Term Loan C and \$14,274 of ACLLH Senior Secured Term Loan C for \$14,852 of NPRC Senior Secured Term Loan E.

On March 30, 2018, Prospect purchased additional common equity of NPRC through NPH for \$7,997. NPRC utilized \$797 of the proceeds to fund the lender rate-lock deposit and initial deposits required under the purchase and sale agreement of a JV real estate transaction. NPRC utilized \$200 of proceeds provided to pay a structuring fee to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income). The remaining \$7,000 of proceeds were retained by NPRC to acquire a controlling interest in the JV real estate transaction.

On March 30, 2018 Prospect contributed \$48,832 to NPRC as an increase to the NPRC Senior Secured Term Loan E. On the same day, NPRC distributed \$48,832 as a return of capital to Prospect.

On April 13, 2018, Prospect purchased additional common equity of NPRC through NPH for \$8,256. NPRC utilized \$8,255 of the proceeds as a capital contribution in a JV entity that own eight multi-family properties and \$1 was retained by NPRC as working capital. The proceeds were utilized by the JV entities to fund \$8,255 of capital expenditures.

On May 11, 2018, Prospect purchased additional common equity of NPRC through NPH for \$3,343. NPRC utilized \$3,342 of the proceeds as a capital contribution in multiple JV entities that own eight multi-family properties and \$1 was retained by NPRC as working capital. The minority interest holder also contributed \$270 of additional capital in the JV entities. The proceeds were utilized by the JV entities to fund \$3,612 of capital expenditures.

On May 25, 2018, Prospect purchased additional common equity of NPRC through NPH for \$24,507. NPRC utilized \$490 of proceeds provided to pay a structuring fee to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income). On June 1, 2018, NPRC utilized \$23,271 of proceeds provided by Prospect on May 25, 2018 to purchase a 92.5% interest in Olentangy Commons Holdings, LLC. The remaining \$746 was retained as working capital by NPRC. The minority interest holder purchased ownership interest in the JV for \$1,887. The JV utilized the total proceeds, which included debt financing of \$92,876, to acquire \$113,000 of multi-family real estate assets. The remaining proceeds were used by the JV to pay \$465 of structuring fees to NPRC, \$861 of third party expenses, \$1,706 of pre-funded capital expenditures, \$798 of prepaid assets, and \$1,204 was retained by the JV as working capital.

On June 14, 2018, Prospect purchased additional common equity of NPRC through NPH for \$3,192. NPRC utilized \$3,190 of the proceeds as a capital contribution in multiple JV entities that own three multi-family properties and \$2 was retained by NPRC as working capital. The proceeds were utilized by the JV entities to fund \$3,190 of capital expenditures.

On June 29, 2018, Prospect purchased additional common equity of NPRC through NPH for \$10,780. NPRC utilized \$1,471 of the proceeds to fund the lender rate-lock deposit and initial deposits required under the purchase and sale

agreement of a JV real estate transaction. NPRC utilized \$216 of proceeds provided to pay a structuring fee to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income). The remaining \$9,093 of proceeds were retained by NPRC to acquire a controlling interest in the JV real estate transaction.

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During the year ended June 30, 2018, we provided \$21,858 and \$13,434 of debt and equity financing, respectively, to NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries to support the online consumer loans and online consumer loan backed products. In addition, during the year ended June 30, 2018, we received partial repayments of \$113,675 of our loans previously outstanding with NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries and \$10,403 as a return of capital on our equity investment in NPRC.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we provided \$10,206 of equity financing to NPRC to fund capital expenditures for existing properties.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we received partial repayments of \$8,221 of our loans previously outstanding with NPRC and its wholly owned subsidiary.

The following dividends were declared and paid from NPRC to Prospect and recognized as dividend income by Prospect:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$ —

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 11,000

All dividends were paid from earnings and profits of NPRC.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid by NPRC to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$17,337

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 20,398

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by NPRC to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2018 \$426

September 30, 2018 630

The following interest payments were accrued and paid by ACLLH to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$1,802

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 —

The following interest payments were accrued and paid by ACLL to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$4,203

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 —

The following net operating income interest payments were paid from NPRC to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as other income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$1,578

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 1,663

The following structuring fees were paid from NPRC to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as other income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$13

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 624

The following structuring fees were paid from ACLLH to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as other income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$288

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 —

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from NPRC to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$325

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 525

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$525

September 30, 2018 525

The following payments were paid from NPRC to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to NPRC (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was able to recognize these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$837

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 132

The following amounts were due from NPRC to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of NPRC and included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2018 \$286

September 30, 2018 59

Nationwide Loan Company LLC

Prospect owns 100% of the membership interests of Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC (“Nationwide Holdings”), a Consolidated Holding Company. Nationwide Holdings owns 93.79% of the equity of Nationwide Loan Company LLC (f/k/a Nationwide Acceptance LLC) (“Nationwide”), with members of Nationwide management owning the remaining 6.21% of the equity.

On August 31, 2016, Prospect made an additional \$123 investment in the senior subordinated term loan to Nationwide. Prospect also made an additional equity investment totaling \$92, increasing Prospect’s ownership in Nationwide to 94.48%.

On May 31, 2017, Prospect made an additional equity investment totaling \$1,889, and Prospect’s ownership in Nationwide did not change.

On October 31, 2017, Prospect made an additional equity investment totaling \$3,779, and Prospect’s ownership in Nationwide did not change.

The following dividends were declared and paid from Nationwide to Prospect and recognized as dividend income by Prospect:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$730

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 165

All dividends were paid from earnings and profits of Nationwide.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Nationwide to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$862

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 890

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from Nationwide was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$145

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 —

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Nationwide to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2018 \$—

September 30, 2018 —

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from Nationwide to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$100

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 100

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$100

September 30, 2018 100

The following amounts were due from Nationwide to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of Nationwide and included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2018 \$15

September 30, 2018 16

NMMB, Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of NMMB Holdings, Inc. (“NMMB Holdings”), a Consolidated Holding Company. NMMB Holdings owns 91.52% of the fully-diluted equity of NMMB, Inc. (f/k/a NMMB Acquisition, Inc.) (“NMMB”), with NMMB management owning the remaining 8.67% of the equity. NMMB owns 100% of Refuel Agency, Inc. (“Refuel Agency”). Refuel Agency owns 100% of Armed Forces Communications, Inc. (“Armed Forces”). NMMB is an advertising media buying business.

The following amounts were paid from Armed Forces to Prospect and recorded by Prospect as repayment of loan receivable:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$ —

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 1,001

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from NMMB to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$133

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 134

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by NMMB to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2018 \$1

September 30, 2018 4

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Armed Forces to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$247

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 176

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Armed Forces to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2018 \$2
 September 30, 2018 5

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from NMMB to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect

Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$100
 Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 100

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$100
 September 30, 2018 100

The following managerial assistance recognized had not yet been paid by NMMB to Prospect and was included by Prospect within other receivables and due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$1,288
 September 30, 2018 1,288

The following amounts were due from NMMB to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of NMMB and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2018 \$4
 September 30, 2018 —

Pacific World Corporation

On May 29, 2018, Prospect exercised its rights and remedies under its loan documents to exercise the shareholder voting rights in respect of the stock of Pacific World Corporation (“Pacific World”) and to appoint a new Board of Directors of Pacific World. As a result, as of June 30, 2018, Prospect’s investment in Pacific World is classified as a control investment.

On June 15, 2018, we made a \$15,000 convertible preferred equity investment in Pacific World Corporation (“Pacific World”).

The following amounts were paid from Pacific World to Prospect and recorded by Prospect as repayment of loan receivable:

September 30, 2017 N/A
 September 30, 2018 251

Since assuming control, the following interest payments were accrued and paid from Pacific World to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

September 30, 2017 N/A
 September 30, 2018 2,332

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Pacific World to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2018 \$270
 September 30, 2018 159

The following amounts were due from Pacific World to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of NMMB and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2018 \$ —
 September 30, 2018 92

R-V Industries, Inc.

Prospect owns 88.27% of the fully-diluted equity of R-V Industries, Inc. (“R-V”), with R-V management owning the remaining 11.73% of the equity. As of June 30, 2011, Prospect’s equity investment cost basis was \$1,682 and \$5,087 for warrants and common stock, respectively.

On December 24, 2016, Prospect exercised its warrant to purchase 200,000 common shares of R-V. Prospect recorded a realized gain of \$172 from this redemption. Prospect’s ownership remains unchanged at 88.27%.

During the three months ended December 31, 2016, Prospect provided certain financial advisory services to R-V related to a possible transaction. Prospect recognized \$124 in advisory fee income resulting from these services.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, cash distributions of \$76 that were declared and paid from R-V to Prospect were recognized as a return of capital by Prospect.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from R-V to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$738

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 802

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from R-V to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$45

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 45

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$45

September 30, 2018 45

The following payments were paid from R-V to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to R-V (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was able to recognize these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$2

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 —

SB Forging Company, Inc.

As of June 30, 2014, Prospect owned 79.53% of the fully-diluted common, 85.76% of the Series A Preferred and 100% of the Series B Preferred equity of ARRM Services, Inc. (f/k/a ARRM Holdings, Inc.) (“ARRM”). ARRM owned 100% of the equity of Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC (f/k/a Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, Inc.) (“Ajax”). Ajax forges large seamless steel rings on two forging mills in the company’s York, South Carolina facility. The rings are used in a range of industrial applications, including in construction equipment and power turbines. Ajax also provides machining and other ancillary services.

SB Forging Company II, Inc. (f/k/a Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company)

Prospect owns 100% of the preferred equity of Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company (“Gulf Coast”). Gulf Coast is a provider of value-added forging solutions to energy and industrial end markets.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, Prospect made additional investments of \$8,750 in the first lien term loan to Gulf Coast to fund capital improvements to key forging equipment and other liquidity needs.

On June 3, 2017, Gulf Coast sold all of its assets to a third party, for total consideration of \$10,250, including escrowed amounts. The proceeds from the sale were primarily used to repay a \$6,115 third party revolving credit facility, and the remainder was used to pay other legal and administrative costs incurred by Gulfco. As no proceeds were allocated to Prospect, our debt and equity investment in Gulfco was written-off for tax purposes and we recorded a realized loss of \$66,103 during the year ended June 30, 2017. Gulfco holds \$2,050 in escrow related to the sale, which will be distributed to Prospect once released to Gulfco, and will be recognized as a realized gain if and when it is received. On June 28, 2017, Gulf Coast was renamed to SB Forging Company II, Inc.

On November 14, 2017, we received proceeds of \$1,363 from our insurance carrier related to our investment in Gulfco. The \$1,363 reimbursed us for covered third-party legal expenses incurred and expensed in prior periods, for which we recorded the amount received as a reduction to our legal fees for the current period. Prospect Administration also received \$1,430 from the insurance carrier related to covered legal services provided by Prospect Administration which was recorded as a reduction of allocation of overhead from Prospect Administration.

USES Corp.

On June 15, 2016, we provided additional \$1,300 debt financing to USES Corp. (“USES”) and its subsidiaries in the form of additional Term Loan A debt and, in connection with such Term Loan A debt financing, USES issued to us 99,900 shares of its common stock. On June 29, 2016, we provided additional \$2,200 debt financing to USES and its subsidiaries in the form of additional Term Loan A debt and, in connection with such Term Loan A debt financing, USES issued to us 169,062 shares of its common stock. As a result of such debt financing and recapitalization, as of June 29, 2016, we held 268,962 shares of USES common stock representing a 99.96% common equity ownership interest in USES. As such, USES became a controlled company on June 30, 2016.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, Prospect provided additional \$2,599 debt financing to USES and its subsidiaries in the form of additional Term Loan A debt.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, Prospect provided additional \$3,000 debt financing to USES and its subsidiaries in the form of additional Term Loan A debt.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, we entered into a participation agreement with USES management, and sold \$3 of Prospect’s investment in the Term Loan A debt.

The following managerial assistance recognized had not yet been paid by USES to Prospect and was included by Prospect within other receivables and due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$625

September 30, 2018 700

Valley Electric Company, Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the common stock of Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc. (“Valley Holdings I”), a Consolidated Holding Company. Valley Holdings I owns 100% of Valley Electric Holdings II, Inc. (“Valley Holdings II”), a Consolidated Holding Company. Valley Holdings II owns 94.99% of Valley Electric Company, Inc. (“Valley Electric”), with Valley Electric management owning the remaining 5.01% of the equity. Valley Electric owns 100% of the equity of VE Company, Inc., which owns 100% of the equity of Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. (“Valley”), a leading provider of specialty electrical services in the state of Washington and among the top 50 electrical contractors in the United States.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, Prospect provided \$5,100 of additional debt financing to Valley Electric.

The following dividends were declared and paid from Valley Electric to Prospect and recognized as dividend income by Prospect:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$ —

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 3,500

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Valley Electric to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$1,185

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 1,319

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Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from Valley Electric was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$544

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 —

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Valley Electric to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2018 \$14

September 30, 2018 16

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Valley to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$280

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 286

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Valley to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2018 \$3

September 30, 2018 3

The following net operating income interest payments were paid from Valley Electric to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as other income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$ —

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 150

The following structuring fees were paid from Valley Electric to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as other income:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$ —

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 153

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from Valley to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 \$75

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 75

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018 \$75

September 30, 2018 75

The following amounts were due from Valley to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of Valley and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2018 \$3

September 30, 2018 6

Wolf Energy, LLC

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of Wolf Energy Holdings Inc. (“Wolf Energy Holdings”), a Consolidated Holding Company. Wolf Energy Holdings owns 100% of each of Appalachian Energy LLC (f/k/a Appalachian Energy Holdings, LLC) (“AEH”); Coalbed, LLC (“Coalbed”); and Wolf Energy, LLC (“Wolf Energy”). AEH owns 100% of C&S Operating, LLC.

Wolf Energy Holdings is a holding company formed to hold 100% of the outstanding membership interests of each of AEH and Coalbed. The membership interests and associated operating company debt of AEH and Coalbed, which were previously owned by Manx Energy, Inc. (“Manx”), were assigned to Wolf Energy Holdings effective June 30, 2012. The purpose of assignment was to remove those activities from Manx deemed non-core by the Manx convertible debt investors who were not interested in funding those operations. On June 30, 2012, AEH and Coalbed loans, with a cost basis of \$7,991, were assigned by Prospect to Wolf Energy Holdings from Manx.

On March 14, 2017, \$22,145 of assets previously held by Ark-La-Tex Wireline Services, LLC (“Ark-La-Tex”) were assigned to Wolf Energy Services Company, LLC, (“Wolf Energy Services”) a wholly-owned subsidiary of Wolf Energy Holdings. During the year ended June 30, 2017, Wolf Energy Services received \$2,768 from the partial sale of these transferred assets. During the year ended June 30, 2017 Wolf Energy Services received \$12,576 from the sale of assets.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, Wolf Energy Services received \$2,930 from the sale of assets.

On December 29, 2017, we entered into a fee agreement with Wolf Energy Services Company, LLC (“Wolf”), for services required to locate, inventory, foreclose, and liquidate assets that were transferred from Ark-La-Tex to Wolf. Per the agreement, we will receive a fee equal to 8.0% of gross liquidation proceeds in the event aggregate liquidation gross proceeds exceed \$19,000 (currently \$18,500). During the year ended June 30, 2018, we received \$1,222 in liquidation fees, net of third-party transaction costs, which is reflected as other income on our accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations.

The following managerial assistance recognized had not yet been paid by Wolf Energy to Prospect and was included by Prospect within other receivables and due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2018	\$41
September 30, 2018	55

The following amounts were due from Wolf Energy to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of Wolf Energy and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2018	\$41
September 30, 2018	15

Note 15. Litigation

From time to time, we may become involved in various investigations, claims and legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business. These matters may relate to intellectual property, employment, tax, regulation, contract or other matters. The resolution of such matters as may arise will be subject to various uncertainties and, even if such claims are without merit, could result in the expenditure of significant financial and managerial resources. We are not aware of any material legal proceedings as of September 30, 2018.

Note 16. Financial Highlights

The following is a schedule of financial highlights for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017:

	Three Months Ended			
	September 30,			
	2018	2017		
Per Share Data				
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$9.35	\$9.32		
Net investment income(1)	0.23	0.18		
Net realized and change in unrealized (losses) gains(1)	—	(4)(0.15)	
Net increase from operations	0.23	0.03		
Distributions of net investment income	(0.18	)	(0.23)
Common stock transactions(2)	(0.01	)	—	(4)
Net asset value at end of period	\$9.39	\$9.12		
Per share market value at end of period				
Per share market value at end of period	\$7.33	\$6.72		
Total return based on market value(3)	12.03	%	(14.40	%)
Total return based on net asset value(3)	2.99	%	1.22	%
Shares of common stock outstanding at end of period	365,225,139		360,310,422	
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	364,783,137		360,171,834	
Ratios/Supplemental Data				
Net assets at end of period	\$3,430,944		\$3,286,991	
Portfolio turnover rate	0.95	%	3.85	%
Annualized ratio of operating expenses to average net assets	11.15	%	11.42	%
Annualized ratio of net investment income to average net assets	9.96	%	7.68	%

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The following is a schedule of financial highlights for each of the five years ended in the period ended June 30, 2018:

	Year Ended June 30,				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Per Share Data					
Net asset value at beginning of year	\$9.32	\$9.62	\$10.31	\$10.56	\$10.72
Net investment income ⁽¹⁾	0.79	0.85	1.04	1.03	1.19
Net realized and change in unrealized gains (losses) ⁽¹⁾	0.04	(0.15)	(0.75)	(0.05)	(0.13)
Net increase from operations	0.83	0.70	0.29	0.98	1.06
Distributions of net investment income	(0.77)	(1.00)	(1.00)	(1.19)	(1.32)
Common stock transactions ⁽²⁾	(0.03)	—	(4)0.02	(0.04)	0.10
Net asset value at end of year	\$9.35	\$9.32	\$9.62	\$10.31	\$10.56
Per share market value at end of year	\$6.71	\$8.12	\$7.82	\$7.37	\$10.63
Total return based on market value ⁽³⁾	(7.42 %)	16.80 %	21.84 %	(20.84 %)	10.88 %
Total return based on net asset value ⁽³⁾	12.39 %	8.98 %	7.15 %	11.47 %	10.97 %
Shares of common stock outstanding at end of year	364,409,938	360,076,933	357,107,231	359,090,759	342,626,637
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	361,456,075	358,841,714	356,134,297	353,648,522	300,283,941
Ratios/Supplemental Data					
Net assets at end of year	\$3,407,047	\$3,354,952	\$3,435,917	\$3,703,049	\$3,618,182
Portfolio turnover rate	30.70 %	23.65 %	15.98 %	21.89 %	15.21 %
Ratio of operating expenses to average net assets	11.08 %	11.57 %	11.95 %	11.66 %	11.11 %
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets	8.57 %	8.96 %	10.54 %	9.87 %	11.18 %

(1) Per share data amount is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the year/period presented (except for dividends to shareholders which is based on actual rate per share).

(2) Common stock transactions include the effect of our issuance of common stock in public offerings (net of underwriting and offering costs), shares issued in connection with our dividend reinvestment plan, shares issued to acquire investments and shares repurchased below net asset value pursuant to our Repurchase Program.

(3) Total return based on market value is based on the change in market price per share between the opening and ending market prices per share in each period and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our dividend reinvestment plan. Total return based on net asset value is based upon the change in net asset value per share between the opening and ending net asset values per share in each period and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our dividend reinvestment plan. For periods less than a year, total return is not annualized.

(4) Amount is less than \$0.01.

Note 17. Selected Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

The following table sets forth selected financial data for each quarter within the three years ending June 30, 2019.

Quarter Ended	Investment Income		Net Investment Income		Net Realized and Unrealized (Losses) Gains		Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets from Operations	
	Total	Per Share (1)	Total	Per Share (1)	Total	Per Share (1)	Total	Per Share (1)
September 30, 2016	\$ 179,832	\$ 0.50	\$ 78,919	\$ 0.22	\$ 2,447	\$ 0.01	\$ 81,366	\$ 0.23
December 31, 2016	183,480	0.51	84,405	0.24	16,475	0.04	100,880	0.28
March 31, 2017	171,032	0.48	73,080	0.20	(53,588)	(0.15)	19,492	0.05
June 30, 2017	166,702	0.46	69,678	0.19	(18,510)	(0.05)	51,168	0.14
September 30, 2017	\$ 158,579	\$ 0.44	\$ 63,732	\$ 0.18	\$(51,759)	\$(0.15)	\$ 11,973	\$ 0.03
December 31, 2017	162,400	0.45	73,192	0.20	48,535	0.14	121,727	0.34
March 31, 2018	162,835	0.45	70,446	0.19	(18,587)	(0.04)	51,859	0.14
June 30, 2018	174,031	0.48	79,480	0.22	34,823	0.09	114,304	0.31
September 30, 2018	\$ 180,422	\$ 0.49	\$ 85,159	\$ 0.23	\$(1,364)	\$ —	(2)\$ 83,795	\$ 0.23

Per share amounts are calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period (1) presented. As such, the sum of the quarterly per share amounts above will not necessarily equal the per share amounts for the fiscal year.

(2) Amount is less than \$0.01.

Note 18. Subsequent Events

During the period from October 1, 2018 through November 5, 2018 we issued \$16,550 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$16,279.

During the period from October 1, 2018 through October 29, 2018, we issued \$2,806 in aggregate principal amount of our 2024 Notes for net proceeds of \$2,768 and issued \$1,741 in aggregate principal amount of our 2028 Notes for net proceeds of \$1,708.

On October 1, 2018, Fleetwash, Inc. fully repaid the \$21,544 Senior Secured Term Loan B receivable to us.

We have provided notice to call on October 12, 2018 with settlement on November 15, 2018, \$70,072 of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par maturing between May 15, 2020 and November 15, 2020, with a weighted average rate of 4.92%.

On October 10, 2018, we made a \$25,000 Second Lien Term Loan investment in 8th Avenue Food & Provisions, Inc., a private food brands provider and manufacturer of peanut and other nut butters, pasta and healthy snacks.

On October 11, 2018, we increased total commitments to our revolving credit facility for Prospect Capital Funding LLC, one of our GAAP consolidated subsidiaries, by \$35,000 to \$830,000 in the aggregate.

On October 12, 2018, we made a \$35,000 Second Lien Term Loan investment in CCS-CMGC Holdings, Inc., a leading provider of outsourced correctional healthcare and behavioral healthcare solutions for government customers.

On October 18, 2018, ATS Consolidated, Inc. fully repaid the \$15,000 Second Lien Term Loan receivable to us.

On October 25, 2018, we made a \$12,500 Second Lien Term Loan investment in GlobalTranz Enterprises, Inc., a technology-enabled third-party logistics provider of transportation services, including full truckload, less-than-truckload, expedited (air), and intermodal services, along with logistics services and supply chain management solutions.

On October 31, 2018, our Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-227124) was declared effective by the SEC. Under this Shelf Registration Statement, we can issue up to an aggregate of \$5,000,000 in debt and equity securities in the public market.

On November 6, 2018, we announced the declaration of monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

\$0.06 per share for November 2018 to holders of record on November 30, 2018 with a payment date of December 20, 2018.

\$0.06 per share for December 2018 to holders of record on January 2, 2019 with a payment date of January 24, 2019.

\$0.06 per share for January 2019 to holders of record on January 31, 2019 with a payment date of February 21, 2019.

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\$5,000,000,000

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION

Common Stock

Preferred Stock

Debt Securities

Subscription Rights

Warrants

Units

We may offer, from time to time, in one or more offerings or series, together or separately, under this registration statement up to \$5,000,000,000 of our common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, subscription rights to purchase our securities, warrants representing rights to purchase our securities or separately tradeable units combining two or more of our securities, collectively, the Securities, to provide us with additional capital. Securities may be offered at prices and on terms to be disclosed in one or more supplements to this prospectus. You should read this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement carefully before you invest in our Securities.

We may offer shares of common stock, subscription rights, units, warrants, options or rights to acquire shares of common stock, at a discount to net asset value per share in certain circumstances. Sales of common stock at prices below net asset value per share dilute the interests of existing stockholders, have the effect of reducing our net asset value per share and may reduce our market price per share. We are not currently seeking stockholder approval at our 2018 annual meeting, to be held on December 17, 2018, to be able to issue shares of common stock below net asset value, subject to certain conditions as described below in “Sales of Commons Stock Below Net Asset Value.”

Our Securities may be offered directly to one or more purchasers, or through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The prospectus supplement relating to the offering will identify any agents, underwriters or dealers involved in the sale of our Securities, and will disclose any applicable purchase price, fee, commission or discount arrangement between us and our agents, underwriters or dealers, or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See “Plan of Distribution.” We may not sell any of our Securities through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of the prospectus and a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of such Securities. Our common stock is traded on The NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol “PSEC.” As of October 19, 2018 the last reported sales price for our common stock was \$7.01.

Prospect Capital Corporation, or the Company, is a company that lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. Prospect Capital Corporation, a Maryland corporation, has been organized as a closed-end investment company since April 13, 2004 and has filed an election to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, or the 1940 Act, and is a non-diversified investment company within the meaning of the 1940 Act.

Prospect Capital Management L.P., our investment adviser, manages our investments and Prospect Administration LLC, our administrator, provides the administrative services necessary for us to operate.

Investing in our Securities involves a heightened risk of total loss of investment. Before buying any Securities, you should read the discussion of the material risks of investing in our Securities in “Risk Factors” beginning on page 12 of this prospectus.

This prospectus contains important information about us that you should know before investing in our Securities. Please read it before making an investment decision and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC. You may make inquiries or obtain this information free of charge by writing to Prospect Capital Corporation at 10 East 40th Street, 42nd Floor, New York, NY 10016, or by calling 212-448-0702. Our Internet address is <http://www.prospectstreet.com>. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website to be a part of this prospectus. You may also obtain information about us from our website and the SEC’s website (<http://www.sec.gov>).

The SEC has not approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus may not be used to consummate sales of securities unless accompanied by a prospectus supplement.

The date of this Prospectus is October 30, 2018.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we have filed with the SEC, using the “shelf” registration process. Under the shelf registration process, we may offer, from time to time on a delayed basis, up to \$5,000,000,000 of our common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, subscription rights to purchase shares of our securities, warrants representing rights to purchase our securities or separately tradeable units combining two or more of our securities, on the terms to be determined at the time of the offering. The Securities may be offered at prices and on terms described in one or more supplements to this prospectus. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the Securities that we may offer. Each time we use this prospectus to offer Securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. Please carefully read this prospectus and any prospectus supplement together with any exhibits and the additional information described under the heading “Available Information” and the section under the heading “Risk Factors” before you make an investment decision.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following summary contains basic information about this offering. It does not contain all the information that may be important to an investor. For a more complete understanding of this offering, we encourage you to read this entire document and the documents to which we have referred.

Information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus may contain “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, which are statements about the future that may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as “may,” “will,” “expect,” “intend,” “plans,” “anticipate,” “estimate” or “continue” or the negative thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements do not meet the safe harbor for forward-looking statements pursuant to Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act. The matters described in “Risk Factors” and certain other factors noted throughout this prospectus and in any exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, constitute cautionary statements identifying important factors with respect to any such forward-looking statements, including certain risks and uncertainties, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in such forward-looking statements. The Company reminds all investors that no forward-looking statement can be relied upon as an accurate or even mostly accurate forecast because humans cannot forecast the future.

The terms “we,” “us,” “our,” “Prospect,” and “Company” refer to Prospect Capital Corporation; “Prospect Capital Management” refers to Prospect Capital Management L.P., our investment adviser; and “Prospect Administration” or the “Administrator” refers to Prospect Administration LLC, our administrator.

The Company

We are a financial services company that lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. In this prospectus, we use the term “middle-market” to refer to companies typically with annual revenues between \$50 million and \$2 billion.

From our inception to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, we invested primarily in industries related to the industrial/energy economy, which consists of companies in the discovery, production, transportation, storage and use of energy resources as well as companies that sell products and services to, or acquire products and services from, these companies. Since then, we have widened our strategy to focus on other sectors of the economy and continue to broaden our portfolio holdings.

We have been organized as a closed-end investment company since April 13, 2004 and have filed an election to be treated as a business development company under the 1940 Act. We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. Our headquarters are located at 10 East 40th Street, 42nd Floor, New York, NY 10016, and our telephone number is (212) 448-0702.

The Investment Adviser

Prospect Capital Management, a Delaware limited partnership that is registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (the “Advisers Act”) manages our investments. Prospect Capital Management is led by John F. Barry III and M. Grier Eliasek, two senior executives with significant investment advisory and business experience. Both Messrs. Barry and Eliasek spend a significant amount of their time in their roles at Prospect Capital Management working on our behalf. The principal executive offices of Prospect Capital Management are 10 East 40th Street, 42nd Floor, New York, NY 10016. We depend on the due diligence, skill and network of business contacts of the senior management of the Investment Adviser. We also depend, to a significant extent, on the Investment Adviser’s investment professionals and the information and deal flow generated by those investment professionals in the course of their investment and portfolio management activities. The Investment Adviser’s senior management team evaluates, negotiates, structures, closes, monitors and services our investments. Our future success depends to a significant extent on the continued service of the senior management team, particularly John F. Barry III and M. Grier Eliasek. The departure of any of the senior managers of the Investment Adviser could have a materially adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objective. In addition, we can offer no assurance that Prospect Capital Management will remain the Investment Adviser or that we will continue to have access to its investment professionals or its information and deal flow. Under the Investment Advisory Agreement (as defined below), we pay Prospect Capital Management investment advisory fees, which consist of an annual base management fee based on our gross assets, which we define as total assets without deduction for any liabilities (and, accordingly, includes the value of assets acquired with proceeds from borrowings), as well as a two-part incentive fee based on our

performance. Mr. Barry currently controls Prospect Capital Management.

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Our Investment Objective and Policies

Our investment objective is to generate both current income and long-term capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We focus on making investments in private companies. We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act.

We invest primarily in first and second lien secured loans and unsecured debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. First and second lien secured loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of unsecured debt of a given portfolio company. These loans also have the benefit of security interests on the assets of the portfolio company, which may rank ahead of or be junior to other security interests. Our investments in collateralized loan obligations (“CLOs”) are subordinated to senior loans and are generally unsecured. Our investments have generally ranged between \$5 million and \$250 million each, although the investment size may be more or less than this range. We invest in debt and equity positions of CLOs which are a form of securitization in which the cash flows of a portfolio of loans are pooled and passed on to different classes of owners in various tranches. Our CLO investments are derived from portfolios of corporate debt securities which are generally risk rated from BB to B.

We may also acquire controlling interests in companies in conjunction with making secured debt investments in such companies. These may be in several industries, including industrial, service, aircraft leasing, real estate and financial businesses.

We seek to maximize returns and minimize risk for our investors by applying rigorous analysis to make and monitor our investments. While the structure of our investments varies, we can invest in senior secured debt, senior unsecured debt, subordinated secured debt, subordinated unsecured debt, convertible debt, convertible preferred equity, preferred equity, common equity, warrants and other instruments, many of which generate current yield. While our primary focus is to seek current income through investment in the debt and/or dividend-paying equity securities of eligible privately-held, thinly-traded or distressed companies and long-term capital appreciation by acquiring accompanying warrants, options or other equity securities of such companies, we may invest up to 30% of the portfolio in opportunistic investments in order to seek enhanced returns for stockholders. Such investments may include investments in the debt and equity instruments of broadly-traded public companies. We expect that these public companies generally will have debt securities that are non-investment grade. Such investments may also include purchases (either in the primary or secondary markets) of the equity and junior debt tranches of a type of pools such as CLOs. Structurally, CLOs are entities that are formed to hold a portfolio of senior secured loans made to companies whose debt is rated below investment grade or, in limited circumstances, unrated. These securities, which are often referred to as “junk” or “high yield,” have predominantly speculative characteristics with respect to the issuer’s capacity to pay interest and repay principal. The senior secured loans within a CLO are limited to senior secured loans which meet specified credit and diversity criteria and are subject to concentration limitations in order to create an investment portfolio that is diverse by senior secured loan, borrower, and industry, with limitations on non-U.S. borrowers. Our potential investment in CLOs is limited by the 1940 Act to 30% of our portfolio. Within this 30% basket, we have and may make additional investments in debt and equity securities of financial companies and companies located outside of the United States.

Our investments may include other equity investments, such as warrants, options to buy a minority interest in a portfolio company, or contractual payment rights or rights to receive a proportional interest in the operating cash flow or net income of such company. When determined by the Investment Adviser to be in our best interest, we may acquire a controlling interest in a portfolio company. Any warrants we receive with our debt securities may require only a nominal cost to exercise, and thus, as a portfolio company appreciates in value, we may achieve additional investment return from this equity interest. We have structured, and will continue to structure, some warrants to include provisions protecting our rights as a minority-interest or, if applicable, controlling-interest holder, as well as puts, or rights to sell such securities back to the company, upon the occurrence of specified events. In many cases, we obtain registration rights in connection with these equity interests, which may include demand and “piggyback” registration rights.

We plan to hold many of our debt investments to maturity or repayment, but will sell a debt investment earlier if a liquidity event takes place, such as the sale or recapitalization of a portfolio company, or if we determine a sale of such debt investment to be in our best interest.

We have qualified and elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. As a RIC, we generally do not have to pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any ordinary income or capital gains that we distribute to our stockholders as dividends. To continue to qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements (as described below). In addition, to qualify for RIC tax treatment, we must distribute to our stockholders, for each taxable year, at least 90% of our “investment company taxable income,” which is generally our ordinary income plus the excess of our realized net short-term capital gains over our realized net long-term capital losses.

For a discussion of the risks inherent in our portfolio investments, see “Risk Factors – Risks Relating to Our Investments.”

The Offering

We may offer, from time to time, in one or more offerings or series, together or separately, up to \$5,000,000,000 of our Securities, which we expect to use initially to maintain balance sheet liquidity, involving repayment of debt under our credit facility, investment in high quality short-term debt instruments or a combination thereof, and thereafter to make long-term investments in accordance with our investment objectives.

Our Securities may be offered directly to one or more purchasers, through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The prospectus supplement relating to a particular offering will disclose the terms of that offering, including the name or names of any agents, underwriters or dealers involved in the sale of our Securities by us, the purchase price, and any fee, commission or discount arrangement between us and our agents, underwriters or dealers, or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See “Plan of Distribution.” We may not sell any of our Securities through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of our Securities.

We may sell our common stock, subscription rights, units, warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the current net asset value of our common stock upon approval of our directors, including a majority of our independent directors, in certain circumstances. Our stockholders approved our ability to issue warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock at our 2008 annual meeting of stockholders for an unlimited time period and in accordance with the 1940 Act which provides that the conversion or exercise price of such warrants, options or rights may be less than net asset value per share at the date such securities are issued or at the date such securities are converted into or exercised for shares of our common stock. We are not currently seeking stockholder approval at our 2018 annual meeting to be able to issue shares of common stock below net asset value, subject to the condition that the maximum number of shares salable below net asset value pursuant to this authority in any particular offering that could result in such dilution is limited to 25% of our then outstanding common stock immediately prior to each such offering, but may seek stockholder approval to do so in the future. See “Sales of Common Stock Below Net Asset Value” in this prospectus and in the prospectus supplement, if applicable. Sales of common stock at prices below net asset value per share dilute the interests of existing stockholders, have the effect of reducing our net asset value per share and may reduce our market price per share. We have no current intention of engaging in a rights offering, although we reserve the right to do so in the future.

Set forth below is additional information regarding the offering of our Securities:

Use of proceeds Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, we intend to use the net proceeds from selling Securities pursuant to this prospectus initially to maintain balance sheet liquidity, involving repayment of debt under our credit facility, if any, investments in high quality short-term debt instruments or a combination thereof, and thereafter to make long-term investments in accordance with our investment objective. Interest on borrowings under the credit facility is one-month LIBOR plus 220 basis points, with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the credit facility equal to either 50 basis points if more than sixty percent of the credit facility is drawn, or 100 basis points if more than thirty-five percent and an amount less than or equal to sixty percent of the credit facility is drawn, or 150 basis points if an amount less than or equal to thirty-five percent of the credit facility is drawn. See “Use of Proceeds.”

Distributions	<p>In June 2010, our Board of Directors approved a change in dividend policy from quarterly distributions to monthly distributions. Since that time, we have paid monthly distributions to the holders of our common stock and intend to continue to do so. The amount of the monthly distributions is determined by our Board of Directors and is based on our estimate of our investment company taxable income and net short-term capital gains. Certain amounts of the monthly distributions may from time to time be paid out of our capital rather than from earnings for the month as a result of our deliberate planning or accounting reclassifications. Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits constitute a return of capital and will reduce the stockholder’s adjusted tax basis in such stockholder’s common stock. A return of capital (1) is a return of the original amount invested, (2) does not constitute earnings or profits and (3) will have the effect of reducing the basis such that when a stockholder sells its shares the sale may be subject to taxes even if the shares are sold for less than the original purchase price. After the adjusted basis is reduced to zero, these distributions will constitute capital gains to such stockholders. Certain additional amounts may be deemed as distributed to stockholders for income tax purposes. Other types of Securities will likely pay distributions in accordance with their terms. See “Price Range of Common Stock,” “Distributions” and “Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations.”</p>
Taxation	<p>We have qualified and elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company, or a RIC, under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or the Code. As a RIC, we generally do not have to pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any ordinary income or capital gains that we distribute to our stockholders as dividends. To maintain our qualification as a RIC and obtain RIC tax treatment, we must satisfy certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements and distribute annually at least 90% of our ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any. See “Distributions” and “Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations.”</p>
Dividend reinvestment and direct stock purchase plan	<p>We have adopted a dividend reinvestment and direct stock purchase plan that provides for reinvestment of our dividends or distributions on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash, and the ability to purchase additional shares by making optional cash investments. As a result, when our Board of Directors authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend or distribution, then our stockholders who have not “opted out” of our dividend reinvestment and direct stock purchase plan will have their cash dividends or distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, rather than receiving the cash dividends or distributions. If you are not a current stockholder and want to enroll or have “opted out” and wish to rejoin, you may purchase shares directly through the plan or opt in by enrolling online or submitting to the plan administrator a completed enrollment form and, if you are not a current stockholder, making an initial investment of at least \$250. Stockholders who receive distributions in the form of stock are subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as stockholders who elect to receive their distributions in cash. See “Dividend Reinvestment and Direct Stock Purchase Plan.”</p>
The NASDAQ Global Select Market Symbol	<p>PSEC</p>
Anti-takeover provisions	<p>Our charter and bylaws, as well as certain statutory and regulatory requirements, contain provisions that may have the effect of discouraging a third party from making an acquisition proposal for us. These anti-takeover provisions may inhibit a change in control in circumstances that could give the holders of our common stock the opportunity to realize a premium over the market price of our common stock. See “Description Of Our Capital Stock.”</p>
Management arrangements	<p>Prospect Capital Management serves as our investment adviser. Prospect Administration serves as our administrator. For a description of Prospect Capital Management, Prospect Administration and our contractual arrangements with these companies, see “Business—Management Services—Investment Advisory Agreement,” and “Business— Management Services—Administration Agreement.”</p>

Risk factors

Investment in our Securities involves certain risks relating to our structure and investment objective that should be considered by prospective purchasers of our Securities. In addition, as a business development company, our portfolio primarily includes securities issued by privately-held companies. These investments generally involve a high degree of business and financial risk, and are less liquid than public securities. We are required to mark the carrying value of our investments to fair value on a quarterly basis, and economic events, market conditions and events affecting individual portfolio companies can result in quarter-to-quarter mark-downs and mark-ups of the value of individual investments that collectively can materially affect our net asset value, or NAV. Also, our determinations of fair value of privately-held securities may differ materially from the values that would exist if there was a ready market for these investments. A large number of entities compete for the same kind of investment opportunities as we do. Moreover, our business requires a substantial amount of capital to operate and to grow and we seek additional capital from external sources. In addition, the failure to qualify as a RIC eligible for pass-through tax treatment under the Code on income distributed to stockholders could have a materially adverse effect on the total return, if any, obtainable from an investment in our Securities. See “Risk Factors” and the other information included in this prospectus for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our Securities.

Plan of distribution

We may offer, from time to time, up to \$5,000,000,000 of our common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, subscription rights to purchase shares of our securities, warrants representing rights to purchase our securities or separately tradeable units combining two or more of our securities on the terms to be determined at the time of the offering. Securities may be offered at prices and on terms described in one or more supplements to this prospectus directly to one or more purchasers, through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The supplement to this prospectus relating to the offering will identify any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of our Securities, and will set forth any applicable purchase price, fee and commission or discount arrangement or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. We may not sell Securities pursuant to this prospectus without delivering a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of such Securities. For more information, see “Plan of Distribution.”

Fees and Expenses

The following tables are intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that an investor in this offering will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. In these tables, we assume that we have borrowed \$830.0 million under our credit facility, which is the maximum amount available under the credit facility with the current levels of other debt, in addition to our other indebtedness of \$2.3 billion. We do not intend to issue preferred stock during the year. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by “you” or “us” or that “we” will pay fees or expenses, the Company will pay such fees and expenses out of our net assets and, consequently, you will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as an investor in the Company. However, you will not be required to deliver any money or otherwise bear personal liability or responsibility for such fees or expenses.

Stockholder transaction expenses:

Sales load (as a percentage of offering price)(1)	-	
Offering expenses borne by the Company (as a percentage of offering price)(2)	-	
Dividend reinvestment plan expenses(3)	\$15.00	
Total stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price)(4)	-	
Annual expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock):		
Management fees(5)	3.89	%
Incentive fees payable under Investment Advisory Agreement (20% of realized capital gains and 20% of pre-incentive fee net investment income)(6)	2.10	%
Total advisory fees	5.99	%
Total interest expense(7)	5.06	%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses(8)	1.14	%
Other expenses(9)	0.76	%
Total annual expenses(6)(9)	12.95	%

Example

The following table demonstrates the projected dollar amount of cumulative expenses we would pay out of net assets and that you would indirectly bear over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed we have borrowed all \$830.0 million available under our line of credit, in addition to our other indebtedness of \$2.3 billion and that our annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above and that we would pay the costs shown in the table above. We do not anticipate increasing the leverage percentage to a level higher than that which would be indicated after the borrowing of the entire available balance of the credit facility. Any future debt issuances would be dependent on future equity issuances and we do not anticipate any significant change in the borrowing costs as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock. In the event that securities to which this prospectus relates are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will restate these examples to reflect the applicable sales load.

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5% annual return*	\$ 109	\$ 307	\$ 483	\$ 840
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5% annual return**	\$ 118	\$ 335	\$ 526	\$ 913

* Assumes that we will not realize any capital gains computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation.

** Assumes no unrealized capital depreciation or realized capital losses and 5% annual return resulting entirely from net realized capital gains (and therefore subject to the capital gains incentive fee).

While the example assumes, as required by the SEC, a 5% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5%. The income incentive fee under our Investment Advisory Agreement with Prospect Capital Management is unlikely to be material assuming a 5% annual return and is not included in the example. If we achieve sufficient returns on our investments, including through the realization of capital gains, to trigger an incentive fee of a material amount, our distributions to our common stockholders and our expenses would likely be higher. In addition, while the example assumes reinvestment of all dividends and other distributions at NAV, participants in our dividend reinvestment plan will receive a number of shares of our common stock determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to a participant by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of trading on the valuation date for the distribution. See “Dividend Reinvestment and Direct Stock Purchase Plan” for additional information regarding our dividend reinvestment plan.

This example and the expenses in the table above should not be considered a representation of our future expenses. Actual expenses (including the cost of debt, if any, and other expenses) may be greater or less than those shown.

(1) In the event that the Securities to which this prospectus relates are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will disclose the estimated applicable sales load.

(2) The related prospectus supplement will disclose the estimated amount of offering expenses, the offering price and the estimated offering expenses borne by us as a percentage of the offering price.

The expenses of the dividend reinvestment plan are included in “other expenses.” The plan administrator’s fees under the plan are paid by us. There are no brokerage charges or other charges to stockholders who participate in reinvestment of dividends or other distributions under the plan except that, if a participant elects by written notice (3) to the plan administrator to have the plan administrator sell part or all of the shares held by the plan administrator in the participant’s account and remit the proceeds to the participant, the plan administrator is authorized to deduct a \$15 transaction fee plus a \$0.10 per share brokerage commissions from the proceeds. See “Capitalization” and “Dividend Reinvestment and Direct Stock Repurchase Plan” in this prospectus.

(4) The related prospectus supplement will disclose the offering price and the total stockholder transaction expenses as a percentage of the offering price.

Our base management fee is 2% of our gross assets (which include any amount borrowed, i.e., total assets without deduction for any liabilities, including any borrowed amounts for non-investment purposes, for which purpose we have not and have no intention of borrowing). Although we have no intent to borrow the entire amount available under our line of credit, assuming that we had total borrowings of \$3.1 billion, the 2% management fee of gross (5) assets would equal approximately 3.89% of net assets. Based on our borrowings as of October 19, 2018 of \$2.6 billion, the 2% management fee of gross assets would equal approximately 3.58% of net assets including costs of the undrawn credit facility. See “Business— Management Services—Investment Advisory Agreement” and footnote 6 below.

(6) Based on the incentive fee paid during our most recently completed quarter ended June 30, 2018, all of which consisted of an income incentive fee. The capital gain incentive fee is paid without regard to pre-incentive fee income. The incentive fee has two parts. The first part, the income incentive fee, which is payable quarterly in arrears, will equal 20% of the excess, if any, of our pre-incentive fee net investment income that exceeds a 1.75% quarterly (7% annualized) hurdle rate, subject to a “catch up” provision measured as of the end of each calendar quarter. For this purpose, pre-incentive fee net investment income means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees (other than fees for providing managerial assistance), such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence and consulting fees and other fees that we receive from portfolio companies) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus our operating expenses for the quarter (including the base management fee, expenses payable under the Administration Agreement described below, and any interest expense and dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the incentive fee). Pre-incentive fee net investment income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with payment in kind interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that we have not yet received in cash. Pre-incentive fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation. Pre-incentive fee net investment income, expressed as a rate of return on the value of our net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter,

is compared to a “hurdle rate” of 1.75% per quarter (7% annualized). The “catch-up” provision requires us to pay 100% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income with respect to that portion of such income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 125% of the quarterly hurdle rate in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized assuming an annualized hurdle rate of 7%). The “catch-up” provision is meant to provide Prospect Capital Management with 20% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income as if a hurdle rate did not apply when our pre-incentive fee net investment income exceeds 125% of the quarterly hurdle rate in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized assuming an annualized hurdle rate of 7%). The second part of the incentive fee, the capital gains incentive fee, is determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Investment Advisory Agreement, as of the termination date), and equals 20% of our realized capital gains for the calendar year, if any, computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital

depreciation at the end of such year. For a more detailed discussion of the calculation of the two-part incentive fee, see “Management Services—Investment Advisory Agreement” in the accompanying prospectus.

- As of October 19, 2018 Prospect has \$2.3 billion outstanding of its Unsecured Notes (as defined below) in various maturities, ranging from January 15, 2020 to October 15, 2043, and interest rates, ranging from 4.00% to 7.00%, some of which are convertible into shares of Prospect common stock at various conversion rates. Interest on borrowings under the credit facility is one-month LIBOR plus 220 basis points, with no minimum LIBOR floor.
- (7) Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the credit facility equal to either 50 basis points if more than sixty percent of the credit facility is drawn, or 100 basis points if more than thirty-five percent and an amount less than or equal to sixty percent of the credit facility is drawn, or 150 basis points if an amount less than or equal to thirty-five percent of the credit facility is drawn. Please see “Business of Prospect—General” and “Risks Related to Prospect—Risks Relating to Prospect’s Business” below for more detail on the Unsecured Notes. The Company’s stockholders indirectly bear the expenses of underlying investment companies in which the Company invests. This amount includes the fees and expenses of investment companies in which the Company is invested in as of June 30, 2018. When applicable, fees and expenses are based on historic fees and expenses for the investment companies, and for those investment companies with little or no operating history fees and expenses are based on expected fees and expenses stated in the investment companies’ prospectus or other similar communication without giving effect to any performance. Future fees and expenses for certain investment companies may be substantially higher or lower because certain fees and expenses are based on the performance of the investment companies, which may fluctuate over time. The amount of the Company’s average net assets used in calculating this percentage was based on net assets of approximately \$3.4 billion as of June 30, 2018. Amount reflects the estimated annual asset management fees incurred indirectly by us in connection with our investment in CLOs during the next 12 months, including asset management fees payable to the collateral managers of CLO
- (8) equity tranches and incentive fees due to the collateral managers of CLO equity tranches. As a percent of the Company’s net assets, the CLO acquired fund fees are 1.13%. The 1.13% is based on 3.57% of fees for the entire CLO portfolio. The 3.57% is composed of 3.49% of collateral manager fees and 0.08% of incentive fees. The 3.49% of collateral manager fees are determined by multiplying 0.4085% (collateral managers fees historically paid) by 8.6 (the a leverage in such CLOs). The 0.08% of incentive fees are determined by multiplying 0.08% (an estimate if the CLOs were redeemed in the next 12 months and the underlying portfolios were liquidated) by 100% (the assumed amount of total assets invested in equity tranches of CLOs). However, such amounts are uncertain and difficult to predict. Future fees and expenses may be substantially higher or lower because certain fees and expenses are based on the performance of the CLOs, which may fluctuate over time. As a result of such investments, our stockholders may be required to pay two levels of fees in connection with their investment in our shares, including fees payable under our Investment Advisory Agreement, and fees charged to us on such investments.
- “Other expenses” are based on estimated amounts for the current fiscal year. The amount shown above represents expenses during the year ended June 30, 2018, which reflects all of our estimated recurring operating expenses (except fees and expenses reported in other items of this table) that are deducted from our operating income and
- (9) reflected as expenses in our Statement of Operations. The estimate of our overhead expenses, including payments under an administration agreement with Prospect Administration, or the Administration Agreement is based on our projected allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by Prospect Administration in performing its obligations under the Administration Agreement. “Other expenses” does not include non-recurring expenses. See “Business—Management Services—Administration Agreement.”

SELECTED CONDENSED FINANCIAL DATA

You should read the condensed consolidated financial information below with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in this prospectus. Financial information below for the years ended June 30, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 has been derived from the financial statements that were audited by our independent registered public accounting firm. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period financial information to conform to the current period presentation. See “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” starting on page 46 for more information.

	Year Ended June 30,				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
	(in thousands except data relating to shares, per share and number of portfolio companies)				
Performance Data:					
Total interest income	\$607,012	\$668,717	\$731,618	\$748,974	\$613,741
Total dividend income	13,046	5,679	26,501	7,663	26,837
Total other income	37,787	26,650	33,854	34,447	71,713
Total Investment Income	657,845	701,046	791,973	791,084	712,291
Interest and credit facility expenses	(155,039)	(164,848)	(167,719)	(170,660)	(130,103)
Investment advisory expense	(189,759)	(199,394)	(219,305)	(225,277)	(198,296)
Other expenses	(26,197)	(30,722)	(33,821)	(32,400)	(26,669)
Total Operating Expenses	(370,995)	(394,964)	(420,845)	(428,337)	(355,068)
Net Investment Income	286,850	306,082	371,128	362,747	357,223
Net realized and change in unrealized gains (losses)	13,013	(53,176)	(267,766)	(16,408)	(38,203)
Net Increase in Net Assets from Operations	\$299,863	\$252,906	\$103,362	\$346,339	\$319,020
Per Share Data:					
Net Increase in Net Assets from Operations(1)	\$0.83	\$0.70	\$0.29	\$0.98	\$1.06
Dividends declared per share	\$(0.77)	\$(1.00)	\$(1.00)	\$(1.19)	\$(1.32)
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	361,456,075	358,841,714	356,134,297	353,648,522	300,283,941
Assets and Liabilities Data:					
Investments at Fair Value	5,727,279	5,838,305	5,897,708	\$6,609,558	\$6,253,739
Other Assets(4)	111,541	334,484	338,473	144,356	166,520
Total Assets(4)	5,838,820	6,172,789	6,236,181	6,753,914	6,420,259
Revolving Credit Facility	37,000	—	—	368,700	92,000
Convertible Notes(4)	809,073	937,641	1,074,361	1,218,226	1,219,676
Public Notes(4)	716,810	738,300	699,368	541,490	637,584
Prospect Capital InterNotes®(4)	748,926	966,254	893,210	811,180	766,781
Due to Prospect Administration and Prospect Capital Management	51,257	50,159	55,914	6,788	2,211
Other liabilities	68,707	125,483	77,411	104,481	83,825
Total Liabilities(4)	2,431,773	2,817,837	2,800,264	3,050,865	2,802,077
Net Assets	\$3,407,047	\$3,354,952	\$3,435,917	\$3,703,049	\$3,618,182

	Year Ended June 30,					
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
	(in thousands except data relating to shares, per share and number of portfolio companies)					
Investment Activity Data:						
No. of portfolio companies at period end	135	121	125	131	142	
Acquisitions	\$1,730,657	\$1,489,470	\$979,102	\$1,867,477	\$2,933,365	
Sales, repayments, and other disposals	\$1,831,286	\$1,413,882	\$1,338,875	\$1,411,562	\$767,978	
Total return based on market value(2)	(7.42)% 16.80	% 21.84	% (20.84)% 10.88	%
Total return based on net asset value(2)	12.39	% 8.98	% 7.15	% 11.47	% 10.97	%
Weighted average yield on debt portfolio at year end(3)	13.00	% 12.20	% 13.20	% 12.70	% 12.10	%
Weighted average yield on total portfolio at year end(5)	10.50	% 10.35	% 12.04	% 11.87	% 11.90	%

(1) Per share data is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the year presented (except for dividends to shareholders which is based on actual rate per share).

Total return based on market value is based on the change in market price per share between the opening and ending market prices per share in each year and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our (2) dividend reinvestment plan. Total return based on net asset value is based upon the change in net asset value per share between the opening and ending net asset values per share in each year and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our dividend reinvestment plan.

(3) Excludes equity investments and non-performing loans.

We have changed our method of presentation relating to debt issuance costs in accordance with ASU 2015-03, Interest - Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30). Unamortized deferred financing costs of \$40,526, \$44,140, and (4) \$57,010 previously reported as an asset on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, respectively, have been reclassified as a direct deduction to the respective Unsecured Notes. See Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates for further discussion.

(5) Includes equity investments and non-performing loans.

RISK FACTORS

Investing in our Securities involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks described below, together with all of the other information included in this prospectus, before you decide whether to make an investment in our Securities. The risks set forth below are not the only risks we face. If any of the adverse events or conditions described below occurs, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected. In such case, our NAV, and the trading price of our common stock could decline, or the value of our preferred stock, debt securities, and warrants, if any are outstanding, may decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

Risks Relating to Our Business

Capital markets may experience periods of disruption and instability. Such market conditions may materially and adversely affect debt and equity capital markets in the United States and abroad, which may have a negative impact on our business and operations.

From time to time, capital markets may experience periods of disruption and instability. For example, between 2007 and 2009, the global capital markets experienced an extended period of disruption as evidenced by a lack of liquidity in the debt capital markets, write-offs in the financial services sector, the re-pricing of credit risk and the failure of certain major financial institutions. Despite actions of the United States federal government and foreign governments, these events contributed to worsening general economic conditions that materially and adversely impacted the broader financial and credit markets and reduced the availability of debt and equity capital for the market as a whole and financial services firms in particular. While the adverse effects of these conditions have abated to a degree, global financial markets experienced significant volatility following the downgrade by Standard & Poor's on August 5, 2011 of the long-term credit rating of U.S. Treasury debt from AAA to AA+. These market conditions have historically and could again have a material adverse effect on debt and equity capital markets in the United States and Europe, which could have a materially negative impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We and other companies in the financial services sector may have to access, if available, alternative markets for debt and equity capital. In such circumstances, equity capital may be difficult to raise because subject to some limited exceptions, as a BDC, we are generally not able to issue additional shares of our common stock at a price less than net asset value without general approval by our stockholders, which we currently have, and approval of the specific issuance by our Board of Directors. In addition, our ability to incur indebtedness or issue preferred stock is limited by applicable regulations such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, must equal at least 200% immediately after each time we incur indebtedness or issue preferred stock. The debt capital that may be available, if at all, may be at a higher cost and on less favorable terms and conditions in the future. Any inability to raise capital could have a negative effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Market conditions may in the future make it difficult to extend the maturity of or refinance our existing indebtedness, including the final maturity of our credit facility in March 2024, and any failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on our business. The re-appearance of market conditions similar to those experienced from 2007 through 2009 for any substantial length of time could make it difficult to extend the maturity of, or refinance our existing indebtedness, or obtain new indebtedness with similar terms and any failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on our business. The debt capital that will be available to us in the future, if at all, may be at a higher cost and on less favorable terms and conditions than what we currently experience. Further, if we are unable to raise or refinance debt, then our equity investors may not benefit from the potential for increased returns on equity resulting from leverage and we may be limited in our ability to make new commitments or to fund existing commitments to our portfolio companies.

The illiquidity of our investments may make it difficult for us to sell such investments, if required. As a result, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we have recorded our investments if forced to liquidate quickly. Given the extreme volatility and dislocation that the capital markets have historically experienced, many BDCs have faced, and may in the future face, a challenging environment in which to raise capital. We may in the future have difficulty accessing debt and equity capital, and a severe disruption in the global financial markets or deterioration in credit and financing conditions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, significant changes in the capital markets, including the extreme volatility and disruption, have

had, and may in the future have, a negative effect on the valuations of our investments and on the potential for liquidity events involving our investments. An inability to raise capital, and any required sale of our investments for liquidity purposes, could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

The Investment Adviser does not know how long the financial markets will continue to be affected by these events and cannot predict the effects of these or similar events in the future on the United States economy and securities markets or on our investments. The Investment Adviser monitors developments and seeks to manage our investments in a manner consistent with achieving our investment objective, but there can be no assurance that it will be successful in doing so; and the Investment Adviser may not timely anticipate or manage existing, new or additional risks, contingencies or developments, including regulatory developments in the current or future market environment. We are required to record certain of our assets at fair value, as determined in good faith by our Board of Directors in accordance with our valuation policy. As a result, volatility in the capital markets may have a material adverse effect on our investment valuations and our net asset value, even if we plan to hold investments to maturity.

Uncertainty about the financial stability of the United States, the economic crisis in Europe and the new presidential administration could negatively impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Although U.S. lawmakers passed legislation to raise the federal debt ceiling and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services affirmed its AA+ long-term sovereign credit rating on the United States and revised the outlook on the long-term rating from negative to stable in June of 2013, U.S. debt ceiling and budget deficit concerns together with signs of deteriorating sovereign debt conditions in Europe continue to present the possibility of a credit-rating downgrade, economic slowdowns, or a recession for the United States. The impact of any further downgrades to the U.S. government's sovereign credit rating or downgraded sovereign credit ratings of European countries or the Russian Federation, or their perceived creditworthiness could adversely affect the U.S. and global financial markets and economic conditions. These developments, along with any further European sovereign debt issues, could cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms. Continued adverse economic conditions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In October 2014, the Federal Reserve announced that it was concluding its bond-buying program, or quantitative easing, which was designed to stimulate the economy and expand the Federal Reserve's holdings of long-term securities, suggesting that key economic indicators, such as the unemployment rate, had showed signs of improvement since the inception of the program. In June 2017, the Federal Reserve raised the target range for the federal funds rate, which was the fourth such interest rate hike in nearly a decade. To the extent the Federal Reserve continues to raise rates, and without quantitative easing by the Federal Reserve, there is a risk that the debt markets may experience increased volatility and that the liquidity of certain of our investments may be reduced. These developments, along with the corresponding potential rise in interest rates and borrowing costs, the United States government's credit and deficit concerns and the European sovereign debt crisis, may negatively impact our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms.

The Trump administration has called for significant changes to U.S. trade, healthcare, immigration, foreign, and government regulatory policy. In this regard, there is significant uncertainty with respect to legislation, regulation and government policy at the federal level, as well as the state and local levels. Recent events have created a climate of heightened uncertainty and introduced new and difficult-to-quantify macroeconomic and political risks with potentially far-reaching implications. There has been a corresponding meaningful increase in the uncertainty surrounding interest rates, inflation, foreign exchange rates, trade volumes and fiscal and monetary policy. To the extent the U.S. Congress or Trump administration implements changes to U.S. policy, those changes may impact, among other things, the U.S. and global economy, international trade and relations, unemployment, immigration, corporate taxes, healthcare, the U.S. regulatory environment, inflation and other areas. Some particular areas identified as subject to potential change, amendment or repeal include the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act"), including the Volcker Rule and various swaps and derivatives regulations, credit risk retention requirements and the authorities of the Federal Reserve, the Financial Stability Oversight Council and the SEC. Although we cannot predict the impact, if any, of these changes to our business, they could adversely affect our business, financial condition, operating results and cash flows. Until we know what policy changes are made and how those changes impact our business and the business of our competitors over the long term, we will not know if, overall, we will benefit from them or be negatively affected by them. The Federal Reserve raised the Federal Funds

Rate three times in 2017 and three times thus far in 2018, and it may continue to raise the Federal Funds Rate in the future. General interest rate fluctuations may have a substantial negative impact on our investments, the value of our common stock and our rate of return on invested capital. A reduction in the interest rates on new investments relative to interest rates on current investments could also have an adverse impact on our net investment income. An increase in interest rates could decrease the value of any investments we hold which earn fixed interest rates, including subordinated loans, senior and junior secured and unsecured debt securities and loans and high-yield bonds, and also could increase our interest expense, thereby decreasing our net investment income. Also, an increase in interest rates available to investors could make investment in our common stock less attractive if we are not able to increase our distributions rate, which could reduce the value of our common stock.

On February 3, 2017, President Trump signed Executive Order 13772 announcing the administration's policy to regulate the U.S. financial system in a manner consistent with certain "Core Principles," including regulation that is efficient, effective and appropriately tailored. The Executive Order directed the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the heads of the member agencies of the Financial Stability Oversight Council, to report to the President on the extent to which existing laws, regulations and other government policies promote the Core Principles and to identify any laws, regulations or other government policies that inhibit federal regulation of the U.S. financial system. On June 12, 2017, the U.S. Department of the Treasury published the first of several reports in response to the Executive Order on the depository system covering banks and other savings institutions. On October 6, 2017, the Treasury released a second report outlining ways to streamline and reform the U.S. regulatory system for capital markets, followed by a third report, on October 26, 2017, examining the current regulatory framework for the asset management and insurance industries. Subsequent reports are expected to address: retail and institutional investment products and vehicles; as well as non-bank financial institutions, financial technology, and financial innovation. On June 8, 2017, the U. S. House of Representatives passed the Financial Choice Act, which includes legislation intended to repeal or replace substantial portions of the Dodd-Frank Act. Among other things, the proposed law would repeal the Volcker Rule limiting certain proprietary investment and trading activities by banks, eliminate the authority of regulators to designate asset managers and other large non-bank institutions as "systemically important financial institutions" or "SIFIs," and repeal the Department of Labor ("DOL") "fiduciary rule" governing standards for dealing with retirement plans until the SEC issues standards for similar dealings by broker-dealers and limiting the substance of any subsequent DOL rule to the SEC standards. The bill was referred to the Senate, where it is unlikely to pass as proposed. On November 16, 2017, a bipartisan group of U.S. Senators, led by Senate Banking Committee Chairman, introduced the Economic Growth, Regulatory Relief, and Consumer Protection Act (the "Senate Regulatory Relief Bill"). The Senate Regulatory Relief Bill would revise various post-crisis regulatory requirements and provide targeted regulatory relief to certain financial institutions. Among the most significant of its proposed amendments to the Dodd-Frank Act are a substantial increase in the \$50 billion asset threshold for automatic regulation of bank holding companies as SIFIs, an exemption from the Volcker Rule for insured depository institutions with less than \$10 billion in consolidated assets and lower levels of trading assets and liabilities, as well as amendments to the liquidity leverage ratio and supplementary leverage ratio requirements. On December 5, 2017, the Senate Banking Committee approved the Senate Regulatory Relief Bill. If the legislation is adopted in the Senate, it remains unclear whether and how it would be reconciled with its House-passed counterpart, the Financial Choice Act, which is substantially different in scope and substance, and ultimately approved by both chambers of Congress. At this time it is not possible to determine whether any such particular proposal will become law or its potential impact on us.

Legislative or other actions relating to taxes could have a negative effect on us.

The rules dealing with U.S. federal income taxation are constantly under review by persons involved in the legislative process and by the IRS and the U.S. Treasury Department. In 2017, the Trump administration enacted substantial changes to U.S. fiscal and tax policies, which include comprehensive corporate and individual tax reform. On December 22, 2017, President Trump signed into law the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, which significantly changed the Code, including by, among other changes, instituting a reduction in the corporate income tax rate, changing the tax rates applicable to non-corporate taxpayers, creating a new limitation on the deductibility of interest expense and other deductions, and making significant changes to the taxation of income earned from foreign sources and foreign subsidiaries. The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act also authorizes the IRS to issue regulations with respect to the new provisions. We cannot predict how the changes in the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, or regulations or other guidance issued under it, might affect us, our business, the business of our portfolio companies, or an investment in our securities. In addition, other legislation, U.S. Treasury regulations, administrative interpretations or court decisions, with or without retroactive application, could affect the U.S. federal income tax consequences to our investors and us or could have other adverse consequences. You are urged to consult with your tax advisor with respect to the status of legislative, regulatory or administrative developments and proposals and their potential effect on an investment in our securities. Rising interest rates may adversely affect the value of our portfolio investments which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our debt investments may be based on floating rates, such as London Interbank Offer Rate (“LIBOR”), EURIBOR, the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate. General interest rate fluctuations may have a substantial negative impact on our investments, the value of our common stock and our rate of return on invested capital. A reduction in the interest rates on new investments relative to interest rates on current investments could also have an adverse impact on our net interest income. An increase in interest rates could decrease the value of any investments we hold which earn fixed interest rates, including subordinated loans, senior and junior secured and unsecured debt securities and loans and high yield bonds, and also could increase our interest expense, thereby decreasing our net income. Also, an increase in interest rates available to investors could make investment in our common stock less attractive if we are not able to increase our dividend rate, which could reduce the value of our common stock.

Because we have borrowed money, and may issue preferred stock to finance investments, our net investment income depends, in part, upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds or pay distributions on preferred stock and the rate that our

investments yield. As a result, we can offer no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income. In periods of rising interest rates, our cost of funds would increase except to the extent we have issued fixed rate debt or preferred stock, which could reduce our net investment income.

You should also be aware that a change in the general level of interest rates can be expected to lead to a change in the interest rate we receive on many of our debt investments. Accordingly, a change in the interest rate could make it easier for us to meet or exceed the performance threshold and may result in a substantial increase in the amount of incentive fees payable to our Investment Adviser with respect to the portion of the Incentive Fee based on income. Changes relating to the LIBOR calculation process may adversely affect the value of the LIBOR-indexed, floating-rate debt securities in our portfolio.

In the recent past, concerns have been publicized that some of the member banks surveyed by the British Bankers' Association ("BBA") in connection with the calculation of LIBOR across a range of maturities and currencies may have been under-reporting or otherwise manipulating the inter-bank lending rate applicable to them in order to profit on their derivatives positions or to avoid an appearance of capital insufficiency or adverse reputational or other consequences that may have resulted from reporting inter-bank lending rates higher than those they actually submitted. A number of BBA member banks entered into settlements with their regulators and law enforcement agencies with respect to alleged manipulation of LIBOR, and investigations by regulators and governmental authorities in various jurisdictions are ongoing.

In July 2017, the head of the United Kingdom Financial Conduct Authority announced the desire to phase out the use of LIBOR by the end of 2021. There is currently no definitive information regarding the future utilization of LIBOR or of any particular replacement rate. As such, the potential effect of any such event on our cost of capital and net investment income cannot yet be determined.

Actions by the BBA, the United Kingdom Financial Conduct Authority or other regulators or law enforcement agencies as a result of these or future events, may result in changes to the manner in which LIBOR is determined. Potential changes, or uncertainty related to such potential changes may adversely affect the market for LIBOR-based securities, including our portfolio of LIBOR-indexed, floating-rate debt securities. In addition, any further changes or reforms to the determination or supervision of LIBOR may result in a sudden or prolonged increase or decrease in reported LIBOR, which could have an adverse impact on the market for LIBOR-based securities or the value of our portfolio of LIBOR-indexed, floating-rate debt securities.

Volatility in the global financial markets resulting from relapse of the Eurozone crisis, geopolitical developments in Eastern Europe, turbulence in the Chinese stock markets and global commodity markets, the United Kingdom's vote to leave the European Union or otherwise could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Volatility in the global financial markets could have an adverse effect on the economic recovery in the United States and could result from a number of causes, including a relapse in the Eurozone crisis, geopolitical developments in Eastern Europe, turbulence in the Chinese stock markets and global commodity markets or otherwise. In 2010, a financial crisis emerged in Europe, triggered by high budget deficits and rising direct and contingent sovereign debt in Greece, Ireland, Italy, Portugal and Spain, which created concerns about the ability of these nations to continue to service their sovereign debt obligations. While the financial stability of many of such countries has improved significantly, risks resulting from any future debt crisis in Europe or any similar crisis could have a detrimental impact on the global economic recovery, sovereign and non-sovereign debt in these countries and the financial condition of European financial institutions. Market and economic disruptions have affected, and may in the future affect, consumer confidence levels and spending, personal bankruptcy rates, levels of incurrence and default on consumer debt and home prices, among other factors. We cannot assure you that market disruptions in Europe, including the increased cost of funding for certain governments and financial institutions, will not impact the global economy, and we cannot assure you that assistance packages will be available, or if available, be sufficient to stabilize countries and markets in Europe or elsewhere affected by a financial crisis. To the extent uncertainty regarding any economic recovery in Europe negatively impacts consumer confidence and consumer credit factors, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be significantly and adversely affected.

In the second quarter of 2015, stock prices in China experienced a significant drop, resulting primarily from continued sell-off of shares trading in Chinese markets. In addition, in August 2015, Chinese authorities sharply devalued China's currency. Since then, the Chinese capital markets have continued to experience periods of instability. These market and economic disruptions have affected, and may in the future affect, the financial markets, including the U.S. capital markets, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

As a consequence of the United Kingdom's vote to withdraw from the European Union (the "EU"), the government of the United Kingdom gave notice of its withdrawal from the EU ("Brexit"). As a result of this decision, the financial markets experienced high levels of volatility and it is likely that, in the near term, Brexit will continue to bring about higher levels of uncertainty and volatility.

During this period of uncertainty, the negative impact on not only the United Kingdom and European economies, but the broader global economy, could be significant, potentially resulting in increased market and currency volatility (including volatility of the value of the British pound sterling relative to the United States dollar and other currencies and volatility in global currency markets generally), and illiquidity and lower economic growth for companies that rely significantly on Europe for their business activities and revenues. It is possible that certain economic activity will be curtailed until some signs of clarity begin to emerge, including negotiations around the terms for United Kingdom's exit out of the EU. Additional risks associated with the outcome of Brexit include macroeconomic risk to the United Kingdom and European economies, impetus for further disintegration of the EU and related political stresses (including those related to sentiment against cross border capital movements and activities of investors like us), prejudice to financial services business that are conducting business in the EU and which are based in the United Kingdom, legal uncertainty regarding achievement of compliance with applicable financial and commercial laws and regulations in view of the expected steps to be taken pursuant to or in contemplation of Article 50 of the Treaty on European Union and negotiations undertaken under Article 218 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and the unavailability of timely information as to expected legal, tax and other regimes. Any further exits from the EU, or the possibility of such exits, would likely cause additional market disruption globally and introduce new legal and regulatory uncertainties. We will continue to monitor the potential impact of Brexit on its results of operations and financial condition.

The occurrence of events similar to those in recent years, such as the aftermath of the war in Iraq, instability in Afghanistan, Pakistan, Egypt, Libya, Syria, Russia, Ukraine and the Middle East, ongoing epidemics of infectious diseases in certain parts of the world, terrorist attacks in the U.S. and around the world, social and political discord, debt crises (such as the Greek crisis), sovereign debt downgrades, continued tensions between North Korea and the United States and the international community generally, new and continued political unrest in various countries, such as Venezuela, the exit or potential exit of one or more countries from the EU or the Economic and Monetary Union, the change in the U.S. president and the new administration, among others, may result in market volatility, may have long term effects on the U.S. and worldwide financial markets, and may cause further economic uncertainties in the U.S. and worldwide.

The occurrence of any of these above event(s) could have a significant adverse impact on the value and risk profile of our portfolio. We do not know how long the securities markets may be affected by similar events and cannot predict the effects of similar events in the future on the U.S. economy and securities markets. Non-investment grade and equity securities tend to be more volatile than investment-grade fixed income securities; therefore, these events and other market disruptions may have a greater impact on the prices and volatility of non-investment grade and equity securities than on investment-grade fixed income securities. There can be no assurances that similar events and other market disruptions will not have other material and adverse implications.

We may suffer credit losses.

Investment in small and middle-market companies is highly speculative and involves a high degree of risk of credit loss. These risks are likely to increase during volatile economic periods. See "Risks Related to Our Investments." Our financial condition and results of operations will depend on our ability to manage our future growth effectively. Prospect Capital Management has been registered as an investment adviser since March 31, 2004, and we have been organized as a closed-end investment company since April 13, 2004. Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on our ability to grow, which depends, in turn, on the Investment Adviser's ability to continue to identify, analyze, invest in and monitor companies that meet our investment criteria. Accomplishing this result on a cost-effective basis is largely a function of the Investment Adviser's structuring of investments, its ability to provide competent, attentive and efficient services to us and our access to financing on acceptable terms. As we continue to grow, Prospect Capital Management will need to continue to hire, train, supervise and manage new employees. Failure to manage our future growth effectively could have a materially adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We are dependent upon Prospect Capital Management's key management personnel for our future success.

We depend on the diligence, skill and network of business contacts of the senior management of the Investment Adviser. We also depend, to a significant extent, on the Investment Adviser's access to the investment professionals

and the information and deal flow generated by these investment professionals in the course of their investment and portfolio management activities. The senior management team of the Investment Adviser evaluates, negotiates, structures, closes, monitors and services our investments. Our success depends to a significant extent on the continued service of the senior management team, particularly John F. Barry III and M. Grier Eliasek. The departure of any of the senior management team could have a materially adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objective. In addition, we can offer no assurance that Prospect Capital Management will remain the Investment Adviser or that we will continue to have access to its investment professionals or its information and deal flow.

We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities.

A number of entities compete with us to make the types of investments that we make in middle-market companies. We compete with other BDCs, public and private funds, commercial and investment banks, commercial financing companies, insurance companies, hedge funds, and, to the extent they provide an alternative form of financing, private equity funds. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical and marketing resources than we do. Some competitors may have a lower cost of funds and access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments and establish more relationships than us. Furthermore, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC and that the Code imposes on us as a RIC. We cannot assure you that the competitive pressures we face will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Also, as a result of this competition, we may not be able to pursue attractive investment opportunities from time to time.

We do not seek to compete primarily based on the interest rates we offer and we believe that some of our competitors may make loans with interest rates that are comparable to or lower than the rates we offer. Rather, we compete with our competitors based on our existing investment platform, seasoned investment professionals, experience and focus on middle-market companies, disciplined investment philosophy, extensive industry focus and flexible transaction structuring.

We may lose investment opportunities if we do not match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure. If we match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure, we may experience decreased net interest income and increased risk of credit loss. As a result of operating in such a competitive environment, we may make investments that are on less favorable terms than what we may have originally anticipated, which may impact our return on these investments.

We fund a portion of our investments with borrowed money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and may increase the risk of investing in us.

Borrowings and other types of financing, also known as leverage, magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and, therefore, increase the risks associated with investing in our securities. Our lenders have fixed dollar claims on our assets that are superior to the claims of our common stockholders or any preferred stockholders. If the value of our assets increases, then leveraging would cause the net asset value to increase more sharply than it would have had we not leveraged. Conversely, if the value of our assets decreases, leveraging would cause net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have had we not leveraged. Similarly, any increase in our income in excess of consolidated interest payable on the borrowed funds would cause our net income to increase more than it would without the leverage, while any decrease in our income would cause net income to decline more sharply than it would have had we not borrowed. Such a decline could negatively affect our ability to make common stock dividend payments. Leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique.

Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income.

A portion of the debt investments we make bears interest at fixed rates and other debt investments bear interest at variable rates with floors and the value of these investments could be negatively affected by increases in market interest rates. In addition, as the interest rate on our revolving credit facility is at a variable rate based on an index, an increase in interest rates would make it more expensive to use debt to finance our investments. As a result, an increase in market interest rates could both reduce the value of our portfolio investments and increase our cost of capital, which could reduce our net investment income or net increase in net assets resulting from operations. A portion of our floating rate investments may include features such as LIBOR floors. To the extent we invest in credit instruments with LIBOR floors, we may lose some of the benefits of incurring leverage. Specifically, if we issue preferred stock or debt (or otherwise borrow money), our costs of leverage will increase as rates increase. However, we may not benefit from the higher coupon payments resulting from increased interest rates if our investments in LIBOR floors and rates do not rise to levels above the LIBOR floors. In this situation, we will experience increased financing costs without the benefit of receiving higher income. This in turn may result in the potential for a decrease in the level of income available for dividends or distributions made by us.

We need to raise additional capital to grow because we must distribute most of our income.

We need additional capital to fund growth in our investments. A reduction in the availability of new capital could limit our ability to grow. We must distribute at least 90% of our ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any, to our stockholders to maintain our status as a regulated investment company, or RIC, for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, such earnings are not available to fund investment originations. We have sought additional capital by borrowing from financial institutions and may issue debt securities or additional equity securities. If we fail to obtain funds from such sources or from other sources to fund our investments, we could be limited in our ability to grow, which may have an adverse effect on the value of our common stock. In addition, as a business development company, we generally may not

borrow money or issue debt securities or issue preferred stock unless immediately thereafter our ratio of total assets to total borrowings and other senior securities is at least 200%. This may restrict our ability to obtain additional leverage in certain circumstances.

We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly results.

We could experience fluctuations in our quarterly operating results due to a number of factors, including the level of structuring fees received, the interest or dividend rates payable on the debt or equity securities we hold, the default rate on debt securities, the level of our expenses, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses, the degree to which we encounter competition in our markets, and general economic conditions. As a result of these factors, results for any period should not be relied upon as being indicative of performance in future periods.

Our most recent NAV was calculated on June 30, 2018 and our NAV when calculated effective September 30, 2018 and thereafter may be higher or lower.

Our NAV per share is \$9.35 as of June 30, 2018. NAV per share as of September 30, 2018 may be higher or lower than \$9.35 based on potential changes in valuations, issuances of securities, repurchases of securities, dividends paid and earnings for the quarter then ended. Our Board of Directors has not yet determined the fair value of portfolio investments at any date subsequent to June 30, 2018. Our Board of Directors determines the fair value of our portfolio investments on a quarterly basis in connection with the preparation of quarterly financial statements and based on input from independent valuation firms, the Investment Adviser, the Administrator and the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

Our business model depends upon the development and maintenance of strong referral relationships with other asset managers and investment banking firms.

We are substantially dependent on our informal relationships, which we use to help identify and gain access to investment opportunities. If we fail to maintain our relationships with key firms, or if we fail to establish strong referral relationships with other firms or other sources of investment opportunities, we will not be able to grow our portfolio of equity investments and achieve our investment objective. In addition, persons with whom we have informal relationships are not obligated to inform us of investment opportunities, and therefore such relationships may not lead to the origination of equity or other investments. Any loss or diminishment of such relationships could effectively reduce our ability to identify attractive portfolio companies that meet our investment criteria, either for direct equity investments or for investments through private secondary market transactions or other secondary transactions.

The Investment Adviser's liability is limited under the Investment Advisory Agreement, and we are required to indemnify the Investment Adviser against certain liabilities, which may lead the Investment Adviser to act in a riskier manner on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

The Investment Adviser has not assumed any responsibility to us other than to render the services described in the Investment Advisory Agreement, and it will not be responsible for any action of our Board of Directors in declining to follow the Investment Adviser's advice or recommendations. Pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Investment Adviser and its members and their respective officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons and members and any other person or entity affiliated with it will not be liable to us for their acts under the Investment Advisory Agreement, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard in the performance of their duties. We have agreed to indemnify, defend and protect the Investment Adviser and its members and their respective officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons and members and any other person or entity affiliated with it with respect to all damages, liabilities, costs and expenses resulting from acts of the Investment Adviser not arising out of willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard in the performance of their duties under the Investment Advisory Agreement. These protections may lead the Investment Adviser to act in a riskier manner when acting on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

Potential conflicts of interest could impact our investment returns.

Our executive officers and directors, and the executive officers of the Investment Adviser, may serve as officers, directors or principals of entities that operate in the same or related lines of business as we do or of investment funds managed by our affiliates. Accordingly, they may have obligations to investors in those entities, the fulfillment of which might not be in our best interests or those of our stockholders. Nevertheless, it is possible that new investment opportunities that meet our investment objective may come to the attention of one of these entities in connection with another investment advisory client or program, and, if so, such opportunity might not be offered, or otherwise made available, to us. However, as an investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management has a fiduciary obligation to act in the best interests of its clients, including us. To that end, if Prospect Capital Management or its affiliates manage any additional investment vehicles or client accounts in the future, Prospect Capital Management will endeavor to allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner over time so as not to discriminate unfairly against any client. If Prospect Capital Management chooses to establish another investment fund in the future, when the investment professionals of Prospect Capital Management identify an investment, they will have to choose which investment fund should make the investment.

In the course of our investing activities, under the Investment Advisory Agreement we pay base management and incentive fees to Prospect Capital Management and reimburse Prospect Capital Management for certain expenses it incurs. As a result of the Investment Advisory Agreement, there may be times when the senior management team of Prospect Capital Management has interests that differ from those of our stockholders, giving rise to a conflict. The Investment Adviser receives a quarterly income incentive fee based, in part, on our pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, for the immediately preceding calendar quarter. The calculation of pre incentive fee net investment income includes, among other things, fees from controlled companies, which could give rise to a conflict. Further, the income incentive fee is subject to a fixed quarterly hurdle rate before providing an income incentive fee return to Prospect Capital Management. This fixed hurdle rate was determined when then current interest rates were relatively low on a historical basis. Thus, if interest rates rise, it would become easier for our investment income to exceed the hurdle rate and, as a result, more likely that Prospect Capital Management will receive an income incentive fee than if interest rates on our investments remained constant or decreased. Subject to the receipt of any requisite stockholder approval under the 1940 Act, our Board of Directors may adjust the hurdle rate by amending the Investment Advisory Agreement.

The income incentive fee payable by us is computed and paid on income that may include interest that has been accrued but not yet received in cash. If a portfolio company defaults on a loan that has a deferred interest feature, it is possible that interest accrued under such loan that has previously been included in the calculation of the income incentive fee will become uncollectible. If this happens, we will reverse the interest that was recorded but Prospect Capital Management is not required to reimburse us for any such income incentive fee payments that were received in the past but would reduce the current period incentive fee for the effects of the reversal, if any. If we do not have sufficient liquid assets to pay this incentive fee or distributions to stockholders on such accrued income, we may be required to liquidate assets in order to do so. This fee structure could give rise to a conflict of interest for Prospect Capital Management to the extent that it may encourage Prospect Capital Management to favor debt financings that provide for deferred interest, rather than current cash payments of interest.

We have entered into a royalty-free license agreement with Prospect Capital Management. Under this agreement, Prospect Capital Management agrees to grant us a non-exclusive license to use the name "Prospect Capital." Under the license agreement, we have the right to use the "Prospect Capital" name for so long as Prospect Capital Management or one of its affiliates remains our investment adviser. In addition, we rent office space from Prospect Administration, an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management, and pay Prospect Administration our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by Prospect Administration in performing its obligations as Administrator under the Administration Agreement, including rent and our allocable portion of the costs of our Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer and their respective staffs. This may create conflicts of interest that our Board of Directors monitors.

Our incentive fee could induce Prospect Capital Management to make speculative investments. The incentive fee payable by us to Prospect Capital Management may create an incentive for the Investment Adviser to make investments on our behalf that are more speculative or involve more risk than would be the case in the absence of such compensation arrangement. The way in which the incentive fee payable is determined (calculated as a percentage of the return on invested capital) may encourage the Investment Adviser to use leverage to increase the return on our investments. Increased use of leverage and this increased risk of replacement of that leverage at maturity would increase the likelihood of default, which would disfavor holders of our common stock. Similarly, because the Investment Adviser will receive an incentive fee based, in part, upon net capital gains realized on our investments, the Investment Adviser may invest more than would otherwise be appropriate in companies whose securities are likely to yield capital gains, as compared to income producing securities. Such a practice could result in our

investing in more speculative securities than would otherwise be the case, which could result in higher investment losses, particularly during economic downturns.

The incentive fee payable by us to Prospect Capital Management could create an incentive for the Investment Adviser to invest on our behalf in instruments, such as zero coupon bonds, that have a deferred interest feature. Under these investments, we would accrue interest income over the life of the investment but would not receive payments in cash on the investment until the end of the term. Our net investment income used to calculate the income incentive fee, however, includes accrued interest. For example, accrued interest, if any, on our investments in zero coupon bonds will be included in the calculation of our incentive fee, even though we will not receive any cash interest payments in respect of payment on the bond until its maturity date. Thus, a portion of this incentive fee would be based on income that we may not have yet received in cash in the event of default may never receive.

We may be obligated to pay our Investment Adviser incentive compensation even if we incur a loss.

The Investment Adviser is entitled to incentive compensation for each fiscal quarter based, in part, on our pre-incentive fee net investment income if any, for the immediately preceding calendar quarter above a performance threshold for that quarter. Accordingly, since the performance threshold is based on a percentage of our net asset value, decreases in our net asset value make it easier to achieve the performance threshold. Our pre-incentive fee net investment income for incentive compensation purposes excludes realized and unrealized capital losses or depreciation that we may incur in the fiscal quarter, even if such capital losses or depreciation result in a net loss on our statement of operations for that quarter. Thus, we may be required to pay the Investment Adv