GUARANTY FEDERAL BANCSHARES INC

(State or other jurisdiction of

Form 10-Q August 09, 2013		
UNITED STATES		
SECURITIES AND EXC	CHANGE COMMISSION	
Washington, DC 20549		
FORM 10-Q		
(Mark One) [X] QUAR	TERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SI	ECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES F	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the quarterly period en	ided June 30, 2013	
OR		
[] TRANSITION REPO	RT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR	15(d) OF
THE SECURITIES EXC	CHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the transition period from	om to	
Commission file number <u>0</u>	1.23325	
commission me number <u>v</u>	<u> </u>	
Guaranty Federal Bancsl	hares, Inc.	
(Exact name of registrant a	as specified in its charter)	
<u>Delaware</u>	<u>43-1792717</u>	

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

incorporation or organization)
1341 West Battlefield Springfield, Missouri (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (417) 520-4333
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [X] No []
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
Large accelerated filer [] Accelerated filer [] Non-accelerated filer [] Smaller reporting company [X]
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Yes [] No $[X]$
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.
Class Common Stock, Par Value \$0.10 per share Outstanding as of August 1, 2013 2,732,431 Shares

GUARANTY FEDERAL BANCSHARES, INC.

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

GUARANTY FEDERAL BANCSHARES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED) AND DECEMBER 31, 2012

ASSETS	6/30/13	12/31/12
Cash	\$3,264,967	\$3,360,102
Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions	20,590,221	38,303,303
Cash and cash equivalents	23,855,188	41,663,405
Available-for-sale securities	109,260,193	101,980,644
Held-to-maturity securities	89,213	181,042
Stock in Federal Home Loan Bank, at cost	3,147,400	3,805,500
Mortgage loans held for sale	1,296,003	2,843,757
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses June 30, 2013 - \$8,377,284 - December 31, 2012 - \$8,740,325	459,646,868	465,531,973
Accrued interest receivable:		
Loans	1,603,746	1,674,814
Investments and interest-bearing deposits	400,090	380,555
Prepaid expenses and other assets	5,933,102	6,228,173
Prepaid FDIC deposit insurance premiums	-	1,438,636
Foreclosed assets held for sale	3,896,535	4,529,727
Premises and equipment, net	11,144,196	11,286,410
Bank owned life insurance	13,852,375	13,657,480
Income taxes receivable	832,891	910,174
Deferred income taxes	5,238,914	4,319,928
	\$640,196,714	\$660,432,218

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

LIABILITIES

Deposits	\$511,889,458	\$500,014,715
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	52,950,000	68,050,000
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	10,000,000	25,000,000
Subordinated debentures	15,465,000	15,465,000
Advances from borrowers for taxes and insurance	369,870	152,867
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	790,031	481,382
Accrued interest payable	270,904	399,684
	591,735,263	609,563,648

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Capital Stock:

Series A preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; authorized 2,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 - 12,000 shares	11,886,533	11,789,276
Common stock, \$0.10 par value; authorized 10,000,000 shares; issued June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 - 6,783,603 and 6,781,803 shares, respectively	678,360	678,180
Common stock warrants; December 31, 2012 - 459,459 shares	-	1,377,811
Additional paid-in capital	57,587,799	58,267,529
Retained earnings, substantially restricted	41,447,428	39,324,292
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on available-for-sale securities, net of income taxes	(1,914,338)	800,826
	109,685,782	112,237,914
Treasury stock, at cost; June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 - 4,051,172 and 4,056,862 shares, respectively	(61,224,331)	(61,369,344)
	48,461,451	50,868,570
	\$640,196,714	\$660,432,218

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

GUARANTY FEDERAL BANCSHARES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME THREE MONTHS AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 AND 2012 (UNAUDITED)

Name		Three months ended 6/30/2013 6/30/2012		Six months er 6/30/2013	nded 6/30/2012	
Newtown securities	Interest Income					
Other 47,736 (A67,02) 65,195 (B64,35) 106,138 (B7,12) 94,935 (B7,12) Interest Expense 46,467,020 68,463,599 (B48,43) 12,818,740 (B7,17) 12,818,790 (B7,17) Pederal Home Loan Bank advances 307,869 (B48,33) 33,985 (B76,544 (B77,7)) 767,719 (B77,7) Subordinated debentures 107,742 (B48,72) 271,697 (B66,72) 346,225 (B77,7) Other 107,742 (B48,73) 122,250 (B72,250) 270,900 (B77,90) 3582,400 (B72,28) Net Interest Income 107,742 (B48,567 (B48,567)) 271,697 (B79,90) 3582,400 (Loans	\$5,952,456	\$6,330,157	\$11,880,846	\$12,733,995	
Milerest Expense	Investment securities	466,828	471,007	899,457	883,351	
Deposits	Other	47,736	45,195	106,138	94,935	
Deposits		6,467,020	6,846,359	12,886,441	13,712,281	
Federal Home Loan Bank advances 307,869 383,985 676,544 767,719 Subordinated debentures 134,322 139,521 268,672 279,366 Other 107,742 162,750 271,697 346,525 1,281,333 1,732,250 2,709,507 3,582,400 Net Interest Income 5,185,667 5,114,109 10,176,934 10,129,881 Provision for Loan Losses 250,000 2,100,000 650,000 3,000,000 Net Interest Income 4,935,667 3,014,109 9,526,934 7,129,881 Noninterest Income 292,049 269,253 553,834 524,343 Gain on sale of investment securities 116,182 69,576 204,983 107,105 Gain on sale of state low-income housing tax credits 1,441,012 - 1,441,012 - Loss on foreclosed assets 75,758 70,775 1,044,019 8,76,563 590,583 Other income 318,973 297,435 628,567 590,583 Salaries and employee benefits 2,272,746 2,281,876	Interest Expense					
Subordinated debentures 134,322 139,521 268,672 279,366 Other 107,742 162,750 271,697 3,46,252 Net Interest Income 1,281,353 1,732,250 2,709,507 3,582,400 Provision for Loan Losses 5,185,667 5,114,109 10,176,934 10,129,881 Provision for Loan Losses 4,935,667 3,014,109 9,526,934 7,129,881 Provision for Loan Losses 4,935,667 3,014,109 9,526,934 7,129,881 Noninterest Income 292,049 269,253 553,834 524,343 Gain on sale of investment securities 116,182 69,576 204,983 107,105 Gain on sale of state low-income housing tax credits 1,441,012 - 1,441,012 - Gain on sale of state low-income housing tax credits 1,441,012 - 1,441,012 - Loss on foreclosed assets (75,758 (70,771 0 (148,103) 1,17,880) Other income 2,284,343 2,284,343 2,284,364 2,284,364 2,284,364 2,2	Deposits	731,420	1,045,994	1,492,594	2,188,790	
Other 107,742 162,750 271,697 346,525 Net Interest Income 1,281,353 1,732,250 2,709,507 3,582,400 Provision for Loan Losses 250,000 2,100,000 650,000 3,000,000 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 4,935,667 3,014,109 9,526,934 7,129,881 Provision for Loan Losses 4,935,667 3,014,109 9,526,934 7,129,881 Noninterest Income 292,049 269,253 553,834 524,343 Gain on sale of investment securities 116,182 69,576 204,983 107,105 Gain on sale of state low-income housing tax credits 1,441,012 2 1,244,101 2 Loss on foreclosed assets (75,758) (70,771 0 (148,103) 0 (171,880) 0 Other income 318,973 297,435 628,567 590,583 1 Salaries and employee benefits 2,272,746 2,281,876 4,665,108 4,616,972 Cocupancy 449,764 405,014 875,893 796,488	Federal Home Loan Bank advances	307,869	383,985	676,544	767,719	
Net Interest Income 1,281,353 1,732,250 2,709,507 3,582,400 Provision for Loan Losses 250,000 2,100,000 650,000 3,000,000 Net Interest Income After Terprision for Loan Losses 4,935,667 3,014,109 9,526,934 7,129,881 Provision for Loan Losses 4,935,667 3,014,109 9,526,934 7,129,881 Noninterest Income 292,049 269,253 553,834 524,343 Gain on sale of investment securities 116,182 69,576 204,983 107,105 Gain on sale of state low-income housing tax credits 1,441,012 - 1,441,012 - Loss on foreclosed assets (75,758) (70,771) (148,103) (171,880)) Other income 318,973 297,435 628,567 590,583 Rominterest Expense 2,272,746 2,281,876 4665,108 4,616,972 Salaries and employee benefits 2,272,746 2,281,876 4665,108 4,616,972 Occupancy 449,764 405,014 875,893 796,48	Subordinated debentures	134,322	139,521	268,672	279,366	
Net Interest Income 5,185,667 5,114,109 10,176,934 10,129,881 Provision for Loan Losses 250,000 2,100,000 650,000 3,000,000 Net Interest Income After 7 10,129,881 10,129,81 10,129,81 10,129,81 10,129,81 10,129,81 10,129,81 10,129,81 10,129,81 10,129,81 10,129,81 10,129,81 10,129,81 10,129,81 10,129,81 10,129,41 10,129,81 10,129,81	Other	107,742	162,750	271,697	346,525	
Provision for Loan Losses 250,000 2,100,000 650,000 3,000,000 Net Interest Income After 4,935,667 3,014,109 9,526,934 7,129,881 Provision for Loan Losses 4,935,667 3,014,109 9,526,934 7,129,881 Noninterest Income 292,049 269,253 553,834 524,343 Gain on sale of investment securities 116,182 69,576 204,983 107,105 Gain on sale of state low-income housing tax credits 1,441,012 - 1,441,012 - Loss on foreclosed assets (75,758 (70,771 (148,103) (171,880) Other income 318,973 297,435 628,567 590,583 2 Cother income 318,973 297,435 628,567 590,583 2 Other income 2,272,746 2,281,876 4,665,108 4,616,972 4 Nominterest Expense 2 2,272,746 2,281,876 4,665,108 4,616,972 4 Salaries and employee benefits 1,51,000 1,510,000 2		1,281,353	1,732,250	2,709,507	3,582,400	
Net Interest Income After	Net Interest Income	5,185,667	5,114,109	10,176,934	10,129,881	
Provision for Loan Losses 4,935,667 3,014,109 9,526,934 7,129,881 Noninterest Income 292,049 269,253 553,834 524,343 Gain on sale of investment securities 116,182 69,576 204,983 107,105 Gain on sale of state low-income housing tax credits 1,441,012 - 1,441,012 - Loss on foreclosed assets (75,758) (70,771) (148,103) (171,880)) Other income 318,973 2 297,435 2 628,567 50,583 2 50,883 2	Provision for Loan Losses	250,000	2,100,000	650,000	3,000,000	
Noninterest Income Service charges 292,049 269,253 553,834 524,343 610 no sale of investment securities 116,182 69,576 204,983 107,105 610 no sale of loans 592,086 475,055 1,024,019 837,409 620 no sale of state low-income housing tax credits 1,441,012 -	Net Interest Income After					
Service charges 292,049 269,253 553,834 524,343 Gain on sale of investment securities 116,182 69,576 204,983 107,105 Gain on sale of loans 592,086 475,055 1,024,019 837,409 Gain on sale of state low-income housing tax credits 1,441,012 - 1,441,012 - Loss on foreclosed assets (75,758) (70,771) (148,103)) (171,880)) Other income 318,973 297,435 628,567 590,583 2,684,544 1,040,548 3,704,312 1,887,560 Noninterest Expense 2,272,746 2,281,876 4,665,108 4,616,972 4,649,764 405,014 875,893 796,488 796,488 791,510,000 - 1,510,000 - - 1,510,000 - - 1,510,000 - - 1,510,000 - - - 2,74,402 2,044,402 2,044,402 2,044,402 2,044,402 2,044,402 2,044,402 2,044,402 2,044,402 2,044,402 2,044,402 2,044,402	Provision for Loan Losses	4,935,667	3,014,109	9,526,934	7,129,881	
Gain on sale of investment securities 116,182 69,576 204,983 107,105 Gain on sale of loans 592,086 475,055 1,024,019 837,409 Gain on sale of state low-income housing tax credits 1,441,012 - 1,441,012 - Loss on foreclosed assets (75,758) (70,771) (148,103)) (171,880)) Other income 318,973 297,435 628,567 590,583 2684,544 1,040,548 3,704,312 1,887,560 Noninterest Expense Salaries and employee benefits 2,272,746 2,281,876 4,665,108 4,616,972 Occupancy 449,764 405,014 875,893 796,488 FDIC deposit insurance premiums 141,173 210,883 283,636 427,089 Prepayment penalty on securities sold under agreements to repurchase 1,510,000 - 1,510,000 - Data processing 184,875 142,215 354,135 274,402 Advertising 106,251 75,000 212,502 150,000 Other expen	Noninterest Income					
Gain on sale of loans 592,086 475,055 1,024,019 837,409 Gain on sale of state low-income housing tax credits 1,441,012 - 1,441,012 - Loss on foreclosed assets (75,758) (70,771) (148,103) (171,880) Other income 318,973 297,435 628,567 590,583 - Volume 2,684,544 1,040,548 3,704,312 1,887,560 Noninterest Expense 2,272,746 2,281,876 4,665,108 4,616,972 Salaries and employee benefits 2,272,746 2,281,876 4,665,108 4,616,972 Occupancy 449,764 405,014 875,893 796,488 FDIC deposit insurance premiums 141,173 210,883 283,636 427,089 Prepayment penalty on securities sold under agreements to repurchase 1,510,000 - 1,510,000 - Data processing 184,875 142,215 354,135 274,402 Advertising 106,251 75,000 212,502 150,000 Other expense	Service charges	292,049	269,253	553,834	524,343	
Cain on sale of state low-income housing tax credits 1,441,012 - 1,441,012 - 1,441,012 - 1,441,012 - 1,441,012 -	Gain on sale of investment securities	116,182	69,576	204,983	107,105	
Cother income 318,973 297,435 628,567 590,583 2,684,544 1,040,548 3,704,312 1,887,560 1,887,589 1,887,58	Gain on sale of loans	592,086	475,055	1,024,019	837,409	
Other income 318,973 297,435 628,567 590,583 Noninterest Expense 2,684,544 1,040,548 3,704,312 1,887,560 Noninterest Expense 318,973 297,435 628,567 590,583 Salaries and employee benefits 2,272,746 2,281,876 4,665,108 4,616,972 Occupancy 449,764 405,014 875,893 796,488 FDIC deposit insurance premiums 141,173 210,883 283,636 427,089 Prepayment penalty on securities sold under agreements to repurchase 1,510,000 - 1,510,000 - Data processing 184,875 142,215 354,135 274,402 Advertising 106,251 75,000 212,502 150,000 Other expense 867,528 787,864 2,056,663 1,685,409 Income Before Income Taxes 2,087,874 151,805 3,273,309 1,067,081 Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes 520,134 (192,316) 752,916 (111,762) Net Income 1,567,740 344,121	Gain on sale of state low-income housing tax credits	1,441,012	-	1,441,012	-	
Noninterest Expense 2,684,544 1,040,548 3,704,312 1,887,560 Salaries and employee benefits 2,272,746 2,281,876 4,665,108 4,616,972 Occupancy 449,764 405,014 875,893 796,488 FDIC deposit insurance premiums 141,173 210,883 283,636 427,089 Prepayment penalty on securities sold under agreements to repurchase 1,510,000 - 1,510,000 - Data processing 184,875 142,215 354,135 274,402 Advertising 106,251 75,000 212,502 150,000 Other expense 867,528 787,864 2,056,663 1,685,409 Income Before Income Taxes 2,087,874 151,805 3,273,309 1,067,081 Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes 520,134 (192,316 752,916 (111,762) Net Income 1,567,740 344,121 2,520,393 1,178,843 Preferred Stock Dividends and Discount Accretion 198,630 397,910 397,260 679,301 Net Income (Loss) Av	Loss on foreclosed assets	(75,758)	(70,771)	(148,103)	(171,880)	
Noninterest Expense Salaries and employee benefits 2,272,746 2,281,876 4,665,108 4,616,972 Occupancy 449,764 405,014 875,893 796,488 FDIC deposit insurance premiums 141,173 210,883 283,636 427,089 Prepayment penalty on securities sold under agreements to repurchase 1,510,000 - 1,510,000 - Data processing 184,875 142,215 354,135 274,402 Advertising 106,251 75,000 212,502 150,000 Other expense 867,528 787,864 2,056,663 1,685,409 Income Before Income Taxes 2,087,874 151,805 3,273,309 1,067,081 Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes 520,134 (192,316) 752,916 (111,762) Net Income 1,567,740 344,121 2,520,393 1,178,843 Preferred Stock Dividends and Discount Accretion 198,630 397,910 397,260 679,301 Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders \$0.50 \$(0.02) \$0.78	Other income	318,973	297,435	628,567	590,583	
Salaries and employee benefits 2,272,746 2,281,876 4,665,108 4,616,972 Occupancy 449,764 405,014 875,893 796,488 FDIC deposit insurance premiums 141,173 210,883 283,636 427,089 Prepayment penalty on securities sold under agreements to repurchase 1,510,000 - 1,510,000 - Data processing 184,875 142,215 354,135 274,402 Advertising 106,251 75,000 212,502 150,000 Other expense 867,528 787,864 2,056,663 1,685,409 Income Before Income Taxes 2,087,874 151,805 3,273,309 1,067,081 Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes 520,134 (192,316 752,916 (111,762) Net Income 1,567,740 344,121 2,520,393 1,178,843 Preferred Stock Dividends and Discount Accretion 198,630 397,910 397,260 679,301 Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders \$1,369,110 \$(53,789) \$2,123,133 \$499,542		2,684,544	1,040,548	3,704,312	1,887,560	
Occupancy 449,764 405,014 875,893 796,488 FDIC deposit insurance premiums 141,173 210,883 283,636 427,089 Prepayment penalty on securities sold under agreements to repurchase 1,510,000 - 1,510,000 - Data processing 184,875 142,215 354,135 274,402 Advertising 106,251 75,000 212,502 150,000 Other expense 867,528 787,864 2,056,663 1,685,409 Income Before Income Taxes 2,087,874 151,805 3,273,309 1,067,081 Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes 520,134 (192,316) 752,916 (111,762) Net Income 1,567,740 344,121 2,520,393 1,178,843 Preferred Stock Dividends and Discount Accretion 198,630 397,910 397,260 679,301 Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders \$1,369,110 \$(53,789) \$2,123,133 \$499,542	Noninterest Expense					
FDIC deposit insurance premiums 141,173 210,883 283,636 427,089 Prepayment penalty on securities sold under agreements to repurchase 1,510,000 - 1,510,000 - Data processing 184,875 142,215 354,135 274,402 Advertising 106,251 75,000 212,502 150,000 Other expense 867,528 787,864 2,056,663 1,685,409 Income Before Income Taxes 2,087,874 151,805 3,273,309 1,067,081 Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes 520,134 (192,316 752,916 (111,762) Net Income 1,567,740 344,121 2,520,393 1,178,843 Preferred Stock Dividends and Discount Accretion 198,630 397,910 397,260 679,301 Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders \$1,369,110 \$(53,789) \$2,123,133 \$499,542 Basic Income (Loss) Per Common Share	Salaries and employee benefits	2,272,746	2,281,876	4,665,108	4,616,972	
Prepayment penalty on securities sold under agreements to repurchase 1,510,000 - 1,510,000 - Data processing Advertising Other expense 184,875 142,215 354,135 274,402 Other expense 867,528 787,864 2,056,663 1,685,409 Income Before Income Taxes 2,087,874 151,805 3,273,309 1,067,081 Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes 520,134 (192,316 752,916 (111,762) Net Income 1,567,740 344,121 2,520,393 1,178,843 Preferred Stock Dividends and Discount Accretion 198,630 397,910 397,260 679,301 Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders \$1,369,110 \$(53,789) \$2,123,133 \$499,542	Occupancy	449,764	405,014	875,893	796,488	
Tigoric Tigo	FDIC deposit insurance premiums	141,173	210,883	283,636	427,089	
repurchase Data processing 184,875 142,215 354,135 274,402 Advertising 106,251 75,000 212,502 150,000 Other expense 867,528 787,864 2,056,663 1,685,409 5,532,337 3,902,852 9,957,937 7,950,360 Income Before Income Taxes 2,087,874 151,805 3,273,309 1,067,081 Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes 520,134 (192,316) 752,916 (111,762) Net Income 1,567,740 344,121 2,520,393 1,178,843 Preferred Stock Dividends and Discount Accretion 198,630 397,910 397,260 679,301 Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders \$1,369,110 \$(53,789) \$2,123,133 \$499,542 Basic Income (Loss) Per Common Share	Prepayment penalty on securities sold under agreements to	1 510 000		1 510 000		
Advertising 106,251 75,000 212,502 150,000 Other expense 867,528 787,864 2,056,663 1,685,409 Income Before Income Taxes 2,087,874 151,805 3,273,309 1,067,081 Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes 520,134 (192,316) 752,916 (111,762) Net Income 1,567,740 344,121 2,520,393 1,178,843 Preferred Stock Dividends and Discount Accretion 198,630 397,910 397,260 679,301 Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders \$1,369,110 \$(53,789) \$2,123,133 \$499,542 Basic Income (Loss) Per Common Share	repurchase	1,310,000	-	1,510,000	-	
Other expense 867,528 787,864 2,056,663 1,685,409 5,532,337 3,902,852 9,957,937 7,950,360 Income Before Income Taxes 2,087,874 151,805 3,273,309 1,067,081 Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes 520,134 (192,316) 752,916 (111,762) Net Income 1,567,740 344,121 2,520,393 1,178,843 Preferred Stock Dividends and Discount Accretion 198,630 397,910 397,260 679,301 Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders \$1,369,110 \$(53,789) \$2,123,133 \$499,542 Basic Income (Loss) Per Common Share \$0.50 \$(0.02) \$0.78 \$0.18	Data processing	184,875	142,215	354,135	274,402	
5,532,337 3,902,852 9,957,937 7,950,360 Income Before Income Taxes 2,087,874 151,805 3,273,309 1,067,081 Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes 520,134 (192,316) 752,916 (111,762) Net Income 1,567,740 344,121 2,520,393 1,178,843 Preferred Stock Dividends and Discount Accretion 198,630 397,910 397,260 679,301 Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders \$1,369,110 \$(53,789) \$2,123,133 \$499,542 Basic Income (Loss) Per Common Share \$0.50 \$(0.02) \$0.78 \$0.18	Advertising	106,251	75,000	212,502	150,000	
Income Before Income Taxes 2,087,874 151,805 3,273,309 1,067,081 Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes 520,134 (192,316) 752,916 (111,762) Net Income 1,567,740 344,121 2,520,393 1,178,843 Preferred Stock Dividends and Discount Accretion 198,630 397,910 397,260 679,301 Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders \$1,369,110 \$(53,789) \$2,123,133 \$499,542 Basic Income (Loss) Per Common Share \$0.50 \$(0.02) \$0.78 \$0.18	Other expense	867,528	787,864	2,056,663	1,685,409	
Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes 520,134 (192,316) 752,916 (111,762) Net Income 1,567,740 344,121 2,520,393 1,178,843 Preferred Stock Dividends and Discount Accretion 198,630 397,910 397,260 679,301 Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders \$1,369,110 \$(53,789) \$2,123,133 \$499,542 Basic Income (Loss) Per Common Share \$0.50 \$(0.02) \$0.78 \$0.18		5,532,337	3,902,852	9,957,937	7,950,360	
Net Income 1,567,740 344,121 2,520,393 1,178,843 Preferred Stock Dividends and Discount Accretion 198,630 397,910 397,260 679,301 Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders \$1,369,110 \$(53,789) \$2,123,133 \$499,542 Basic Income (Loss) Per Common Share \$0.50 \$(0.02) \$0.78 \$0.18	Income Before Income Taxes	2,087,874	151,805	3,273,309	1,067,081	
Preferred Stock Dividends and Discount Accretion 198,630 397,910 397,260 679,301 Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders \$1,369,110 \$(53,789) \$2,123,133 \$499,542 Basic Income (Loss) Per Common Share \$0.50 \$(0.02) \$0.78 \$0.18	Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes	520,134	(192,316)	752,916	(111,762)	
Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders \$1,369,110 \$(53,789)) \$2,123,133 \$499,542 Basic Income (Loss) Per Common Share \$0.50 \$(0.02)) \$0.78 \$0.18	Net Income	1,567,740	344,121	2,520,393	1,178,843	
Basic Income (Loss) Per Common Share \$0.50 \$(0.02) \$0.78 \$0.18	Preferred Stock Dividends and Discount Accretion	198,630	397,910	397,260	679,301	
	Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders	\$1,369,110	\$(53,789)	\$2,123,133	\$499,542	
	Basic Income (Loss) Per Common Share	\$0.50	\$(0.02	\$0.78	\$0.18	
			, ,			

See Notes to
Condensed
Consolidated
Financial
Statements

GUARANTY FEDERAL BANCSHARES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) THREE MONTHS AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 AND 2012 (UNAUDITED)

	Three months	sended	Six months en	nded	
	6/30/2013	6/30/2012	6/30/2013	6/30/2012	
NET INCOME	\$1,567,740	\$344,121	\$2,520,393	\$1,178,843	
OTHER ITEMS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS):					
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on investment securities available-for-sale, before income taxes	(3,722,649)	292,740	(4,104,800)	344,726	
Less: Reclassification adjustment for realized gains on investment securities included in net income, before income taxes	(116,182)	(69,576)	(204,983)	(107,105)	
Total other items in comprehensive income (loss)	(3,838,831)	223,164	(4,309,783)	237,621	
Income tax expense (credits) related to other items of comprehensive income	(1,420,367)	82,571	(1,594,619)	87,920	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(2,418,464)	140,593	(2,715,164)	149,701	
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$(850,724)	\$484,714	\$(194,771)	\$1,328,544	

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

GUARANTY FEDERAL BANCSHARES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Common Stock Warrants	Additional Paid-In Capital		earned Freasury Stock ares	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensiv Income (loss)	Æ01
Balance, January 1, 2013	\$11,789,276	\$678,180	\$1,377,811	\$58,267,529	\$-	\$(61,369,344)	\$39,324,292	\$800,826	\$50
Net income Change in unrealized	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,520,393	-	2,
appreciation (depreciation) on available-for-sale securities, net of income taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,715,164)	(2
Preferred stock discount accretion	97,257	-	-	-	-	-	(97,257)	-	-
Preferred stock dividends (5%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(300,000)	-	(3
Common stock warrants	-	-	(1,377,811)	(625,439)	-	-	-	-	(2
repurchased Stock award plans	-	-	-	(63,520)		250,795	-	-	18
Stock options exercised	-	180	-	9,229	-	-	-	-	9,
Treasury stock purchased	-	-	-	-	-	(105,782)	-	-	(1
Balance, June 30, 2013	\$11,886,533	\$678,360	\$-	\$57,587,799	\$-	\$(61,224,331)	\$41,447,428	\$(1,914,338)	\$48

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

GUARANTY FEDERAL BANCSHARES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Common Stock Warrants	Additional Paid-In Capital	Unearned ESOP Shares	Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	Accumula Other Comprehe Income
Balance, January 1, 2012	\$16,425,912	\$677,980	\$1,377,811	\$58,333,614	\$(204,930)	\$(61,623,816)		\$791,285
Net income Change in unrealized appreciation on	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,178,843	-
available-for-sale securities, net of income taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	149,701
Preferred stock redeemed	(5,000,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Preferred stock discount accretion	266,107	-	-	-	-	-	(266,107) -
Preferred stock dividends (5%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(413,194) -
Stock award plans	-	-	-	(100,532)	-	280,208	-	-
Stock options exercised	-	200	-	12,188	-	-	-	-
Treasury stock purchased	-	-	-	-	-	(25,736)	-	-
Release of ESOP shares	-	-	-	(26,787)	114,000	-	-	-
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$11,692,019	\$678,180	\$1,377,811	\$58,218,483	\$(90,930)	\$(61,369,344)	\$38,956,533	\$940,986

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

GUARANTY FEDERAL BANCSHARES, INC CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 AND 2012 (UNAUDITED)

	6/30/2013	6/30/2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$2,520,393	\$1,178,843
Items not requiring (providing) cash:		
Deferred income taxes	675,633	(491,976)
Depreciation	414,885	331,454
Provision for loan losses	650,000	3,000,000
Gain on sale of loans and investment securities	(1,229,002)	(944,514)
Loss on foreclosed assets held for sale	76,448	191,522
Gain on sale of state low-income housing tax credits	(1,441,012)	-
Amortization of deferred income, premiums and discounts	274,385	319,991
Stock award plan expense	187,275	179,676
Origination of loans held for sale	(31,553,697)	(35,836,771)
Proceeds from sale of loans held for sale	34,000,714	37,661,818
Release of ESOP shares	-	87,213
Increase in cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance	(194,895)	(181,776)
Changes in:		
Prepaid FDIC deposit insurance premiums	1,438,636	407,862
Accrued interest receivable	51,533	(37,764)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	295,071	350,888
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	179,869	(23,470)
Income taxes receivable	77,283	469,829
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,423,519	6,662,825
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net change in loans	5,081,769	3,168,345
Principal payments on held-to-maturity securities	91,829	20,359
Principal payments on available-for-sale securities	6,345,815	6,369,983
Proceeds from calls/maturities of available-for-sale securities	9,000,000	1,000,000
Purchase of premises and equipment	(272,671)	(313,496)
Purchase of available-for-sale securities	(44,309,342)	(46,523,089)
Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale securities	17,311,228	17,369,774
Proceeds from maturities of interest-bearing deposits	-	5,587,654
Redemption of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	658,100	41,400
Purchase of bank owned life insurance	-	(2,500,000)
Proceeds from sale of state low-income housing tax credits	1,441,012	-
Proceeds from sale of foreclosed assets held for sale	828,401	2,083,622
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,823,859)	(13,695,448)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net increase in demand deposits, NOW and savings accounts	25,921,950	14,689,686
Net decrease in certificates of deposit	(14,047,207)	(2,917,711)
Net decrease of securities sold under agreements to repurchase	(15,000,000)	-
Repayments of FHLB advances	(15,100,000)	-
Stock options exercised	9,409	12,388
Redemption of preferred stock	-	(5,000,000)
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Repurchase of common stock warrants	(2,003,250)	-	
Advances from borrowers for taxes and insurance	217,003	216,149	
Cash dividends paid on preferred stock	(300,000)	(444,444)
Treasury stock purchased	(105,782)	(25,736)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(20,407,877)	6,530,332	
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(17,808,217)	(502,291))
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	41,663,405	26,574,082	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$23,855,188	\$26,071,791	

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included.

These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in Guaranty Federal Bancshares, Inc.'s (the "Company") 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The results of operations for the periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The condensed consolidated statement of financial condition of the Company as of December 31, 2012, has been derived from the audited consolidated statement of financial condition of the Company as of that date. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in the Company's annual financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted.

Note 2: Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary, Guaranty Bank (the "Bank"). All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Note 3: Securities

The amortized cost and approximate fair values of securities classified as available-for-sale are as follows:

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	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Approximate Fair Value
As of June 30, 2013				
Equity Securities	\$102,212	\$ 5,612	\$(21,145)	\$86,679
Debt Securities:				
U. S. government agencies	41,972,014	3,943	(1,237,109)	40,738,848
Municipals	13,433,828	29,088	(581,823)	12,881,093
Corporate bonds	988,754	-	(10,650)	978,104
Government sponsored mortgage-backed securities	55,802,016	575,816	(1,802,363)	54,575,469
	\$112,298,824	\$ 614,459	\$(3,653,090)	\$109,260,193

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Approximate Fair Value
As of December 31, 2012				
Equity Securities	\$102,212	\$306	\$ (31,604)	\$70,914
Debt Securities:				
U. S. government agencies	38,188,554	202,213	(39,706)	38,351,061
Municipals	10,212,376	250,269	(84,456)	10,378,189
Corporate bonds	1,839,976	67,889	-	1,907,865
Government sponsored mortgage-backed securities	50,366,374	1,304,242	(398,001)	51,272,615
	\$100,709,492	\$1,824,919	\$ (553,767)	\$101,980,644

Maturities of available-for-sale debt securities as of June 30, 2013:

Maturities of Available for Sale

	Amortized	Approximate
	Cost	Fair Value
1-5 years	\$11,295,468	\$11,204,750
6-10 years	36,335,467	35,033,504
Over 10 years	8,763,660	8,359,790
Government sponsored mortgage-backed securities not due on a single maturity date	55,802,016	54,575,469
	\$112,196,612	\$109,173,514

The amortized cost and approximate fair values of securities classified as held to maturity are as follows:

A a of Luna 20, 2012	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Approximate Fair Value
As of June 30, 2013 Debt Securities:				
Government sponsored mortgage-backed securities	\$ 89,213	\$ 5,009	\$ -	\$ 94,222
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Approximate Fair Value
As of December 31, 2012				
Debt Securities: Government sponsored mortgage-backed securities	\$181,042	\$ 12,440	\$ -	\$ 193,482

Maturities of held-to-maturity securities as of June 30, 2013:

Amortized Approximate Cost Fair Value

Government sponsored mortgage-backedsecurities not due on a single maturity date \$89,213 \$94,222 \$89,213 \$94,222

The book value of securities pledged as collateral, to secure public deposits and for other purposes, amounted to \$48,874,594 and \$56,022,882 as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. The approximate fair value of pledged securities amounted to \$47,753,328 and \$57,384,685 as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

Realized gains and losses are recorded as net securities gains. Gains on sales of securities are determined on the specific identification method. Gross gains of \$204,983 and \$107,105 as of June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, respectively, were realized from the sale of available-for-sale securities. The tax effect of these net gains was \$75,844 and \$39,629 as of June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, respectively.

The Company evaluates all securities quarterly to determine if any unrealized losses are deemed to be other than temporary. Certain investment securities are valued at less than their historical cost. These declines are primarily the result of the rate for these investments yielding less than current market rates, or declines in stock prices of equity securities. Based on evaluation of available evidence, management believes the declines in fair value for these securities are temporary. It is management's intent to hold the debt securities to maturity or until recovery of the unrealized loss. Should the impairment of any of these debt securities become other than temporary, the cost basis of the investment will be reduced and the resulting loss recognized in net income in the period the other-than-temporary impairment is identified, to the extent the loss is related to credit issues, and to other comprehensive income to the extent the decline on debt securities is related to other factors and the Company does not intend to sell the security prior to recovery of the unrealized loss.

Certain other investments in debt and equity securities are reported in the financial statements at an amount less than their historical cost. Total fair value of these investments at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, was \$90,687,341 and \$30,121,495, respectively, which is approximately 83% and 29% of the Company's investment portfolio. These declines primarily resulted from changes in market interest rates and failure of certain investments to meet projected earnings targets.

The following tables show gross unrealized losses and approximate fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

June	30.	201	3
UGIIC			

	Less than 12	Months	12 Months	s or More	Total	
Description of Securities	Approximate Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Approxim Fair Value	ate Unrealized Losses	Approximate Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
Equity Securities U. S. government agencies Municipals Coprporate Bonds	\$- 38,987,008 9,804,768 978,104	\$- (1,237,109) (554,210) (10,650)	\$26,782 - 525,051 -	\$ (21,145) - (27,613)	38,987,008	\$(21,145) (1,237,109) (581,823) (10,650)
Government sponsored mortgage-backed securities	40,365,628 \$90,135,508	(1,802,363) \$(3,604,332)		- \$(48,758)	40,365,628 \$90,687,341	(1,802,363) \$(3,653,090)

December 31, 2012

	Less than 12	Months	12 Months or More		Total			
	Approximate Unrealized Unrealized Losses F		Approxim	ate Unrealized	Approximate	Unrealized		
Description of Securities			Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses		
Equity Securities	\$-	\$-	\$39,930	\$ (31,604)	\$39,930	\$(31,604)		
U. S. government agencies	7,298,687	(39,706)	-	_	7,298,687	(39,706)		
Municipals	2,648,047	(76,318)	538,300	(8,138)	3,186,347	(84,456)		
Government sponsored mortgage-backed securities	19,596,531	(398,001)	-	-	19,596,531	(398,001)		
morepage success seediffices	\$29,543,265	\$(514,025)	\$578,230	\$ (39,742)	\$30,121,495	\$(553,767)		

Note 4: Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

Categories of loans at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 include:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2013	2012
Real estate - residential mortgage:		
One to four family units	\$97,605,398	\$99,381,934
Multi-family	47,461,634	46,405,034
Real estate - construction	46,279,543	48,917,296
Real estate - commercial	163,708,672	167,760,850
Commercial loans	96,034,123	95,226,762
Consumer and other loans	17,077,653	16,716,858
Total loans	468,167,023	474,408,734
Less:		
Allowance for loan losses	(8,377,284)	(8,740,325)
Deferred loan fees/costs, net	(142,871)	(136,436)
Net loans	\$459,646,868	\$465,531,973

Classes of loans by aging at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were as follows:

As of June 30, 2013

		60-89	Greater	Total		Total	Tota Loa	al ns >		
	Days	Days	Than	Past	Current	Loans	90 I	Days		
	Past Due	Past Due	90 Days	Due		Due		Receivable	and	
	(In Tho	usands)	·				Acc	ruing		
Real estate - residential mortgage:										
One to four family units	\$77	\$490	\$364	\$931	\$96,674	\$ 97,605	\$	-		
Multi-family	-	-	-	-	47,462	47,462		-		
Real estate - construction	549	-	216	765	45,514	46,279		-		
Real estate - commercial	4,570	-	-	4,570	159,139	163,709		-		
Commercial loans	7	-	2,084	2,091	93,943	96,034		-		
Consumer and other loans	16	-	-	16	17,062	17,078		-		
Total	\$5,219	\$490	\$2,664	\$8,373	\$459,794	\$468,167	\$	-		

As of December 31, 2012

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		60-89 Days	Greater	Total		Total	Tota Loa	
	Days	Days	Than	Past	Current	Loans	90 I	Days
	Past Due	Past Due	90 Days	Due	Receivable		and	•
	(In Th	ougand	a)				Acc	ruing
	(In In	ousand.	S)					
Real estate - residential mortgage:								
One to four family units	\$52	\$4	\$-	\$56	\$99,326	\$ 99,382	\$	-
Multi-family	-	-	-	-	46,405	46,405		-
Real estate - construction	22	28	640	690	48,227	48,917		-
Real estate - commercial	-	352	-	352	167,409	167,761		-
Commercial loans	10	610	785	1,405	93,822	95,227		-
Consumer and other loans	57	-	-	57	16,660	16,717		-
Total	\$141	\$994	\$1,425	\$2,560	\$471,849	\$474,409	\$	-

Nonaccruing loans are summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Real estate - residential mortgage:		
One to four family units	\$2,416,321	\$2,280,856
Multi-family	-	-
Real estate - construction	5,933,059	6,274,241
Real estate - commercial	3,381,121	3,663,771
Commercial loans	3,835,206	2,793,457
Consumer and other loans	285,636	318,963
Total	\$15,851,343	\$15,331,288

The following tables present the activity in the allowance for loan losses based on portfolio segment for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

Three months ended		Commercial	One to					C	onsum	er			
June 30, 2013	Constru		four family	M	ulti-family	y C	Commercial	ar	nd ther		U	nallocated	l Total
Allowance for loan losses:	(In Tho	usands)											
Balance, beginning of period	\$2,253	\$ 1,911	\$1,234	\$	285	\$	1,460	\$	275		\$	694	\$8,112
Provision charged to expense	(282)	115	66		6		542		(3)		(194	\$250
Losses charged off Recoveries	- 28	-	(74)		-		- 63		(20 15)		-	\$(94) \$109
Balance, end of period	\$1,999	\$ 2,026	\$1,229	\$	291	\$	2,065	\$	267		\$	500	\$8,377
Six months ended		Commercial	One to					C	onsum	er			
June 30, 2013	Constru	ction Real Estate	four family	M	ulti-family	/C	ommercial	an	ıd		Uı	nallocated	Total
		Real Estate	ranniny					O	ther				
Allowance for loan losses:	(In Thou		raility					O	ther				
losses: Balance, beginning of period	(In Thou \$2,525		\$1,316	\$	284	\$	1,689		ther		\$	154	\$8,740
losses: Balance, beginning of	,	sands) \$ 2,517	Ţ	\$	284 7	\$	1,689 651				\$	154 346	\$8,740 \$650

Balance, end of period	\$1,999 \$ 2,026	\$1,229	\$ 291	\$ 2,065	\$ 267	\$ 500	\$8,377
Three months ended	Commercia	l One to			Consumer		
June 30, 2012	Construction Real Estate		Multi-family	Commercial	and Other	Unallocated	l Total
Allowance for loan losses:	(In Thousands)						
Balance, beginning of period	\$3,239 \$ 2,620	\$1,606	\$ 389	\$ 1,816	\$ 387	\$ 917	\$10,974
Provision charged to expense	(877) 1,736	(34)	26	2,156	(25)	(882)	\$2,100
Losses charged off		-	-	(20)	(15)	_	\$(35)
Recoveries	6 24	2	-	45	10	-	\$87
Balance, end of period	\$2,368 \$ 4,380	\$1,574	\$ 415	\$ 3,997	\$ 357	\$ 35	\$13,126

Six months ended	Commercial	One to			Consumer				
June 30, 2012	Construction Real Estate	four family	Multi-family	y Commercial	and Other	Unallocate	ed Total		
Allowance for loan	(In Thousands)								
losses:	(In Inousunus)								
Balance, beginning of period	\$2,508 \$ 2,725	\$1,735	\$ 390	\$ 1,948	\$ 372	\$ 935	\$10,613		
Provision charged to expense	(156) 2,095	(58)	25	1,993	1	(900) \$3,000		
Losses charged off	- (478)	(108)	-	(20)	(34)	-	\$(640)		
Recoveries	16 38	5	-	76	18	-	\$153		
Balance, end of period	\$2,368 \$ 4,380	\$1,574	\$ 415	\$ 3,997	\$ 357	\$ 35	\$13,126		

The following tables present the recorded investment in loans based on portfolio segment and impairment method as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

As of June 30, 2013	Construct	Commercial ion Real Estate	four	Multi-famil	yCommercia	Consumer l and Other	Unallocate	e T otal
Allowance for loan losses:	(In Thous	ands)						
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment Ending balance:	\$152	\$ -	\$5	\$ -	\$ 894	\$48	\$ -	\$1,099
collectively evaluated for impairment	\$1,847	\$ 2,026	\$1,224	\$ 291	\$ 1,171	\$219	\$ 500	\$7,278
Loans:								
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$5,934	\$ 5,127	\$2,480	\$ -	\$ 3,835	\$400	\$ -	\$17,776
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$40,345	\$ 158,582	\$95,125	\$ 47,462	\$ 92,199	\$ 16,678	\$ -	\$450,391
December 31, 2012	Commercial On eccember 31, 2012 Construction for		four				Unallocate T otal	
Allowance for loan		Real Estate	ramily			Other		
losses:	(In Thous	ands)						
Ending balance: individually evaluated for	\$608	\$ 180	\$90	\$ -	\$ 441	\$48	\$ -	\$1,367

impairment								
Ending balance:								
collectively evaluated for	\$2,087	\$ 2,167	\$1,226	\$ 284	\$ 1,248	\$ 207	\$ 154	\$7,373
impairment								
Loans:								
Ending balance:								
individually evaluated for	\$6,275	\$ 5,673	\$2,360	\$ -	\$ 2,555	\$414	\$ -	\$17,277
impairment								
Ending balance:								
collectively evaluated for	\$42,642	\$ 162,088	\$97,022	\$ 46,405	\$ 92,672	\$ 16,303	\$ -	\$457,132
impairment								

The allowance for loan losses is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for loan losses charged to income. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

The allowance for loan losses is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based upon management's periodic review of the collectibility of the loans in light of historical experience, the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, estimated value of any underlying collateral and prevailing economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available.

The allowance consists of allocated and general components. The allocated component relates to loans that are classified as impaired. For those loans that are classified as impaired, an allowance is established when the discounted cash flows (or collateral value or observable market price) of the impaired loan is lower than the carrying value of that loan. The general component covers nonclassified loans and is based on historical charge-off experience and expected loss given default derived from the Bank's internal risk rating process. Other adjustments may be made to the allowance for pools of loans after an assessment of internal or external influences on credit quality that are not fully reflected in the historical loss or risk rating data.

A loan is considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Bank will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal or interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays and payment shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. Management determines the significance of payment delays and payment shortfalls on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration all of the circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower, including the length of the delay, the reasons for the delay, the borrower's prior payment record and the amount of the shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed. Impairment is measured on a loan-by-loan basis by either the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, the loan's obtainable market price or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent.

Groups of loans with similar risk characteristics are collectively evaluated for impairment based on the group's historical loss experience adjusted for changes in trends, conditions and other relevant factors that affect repayment of the loans.

The following table summarizes the recorded investment in impaired loans at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

	June 30,	2013 Unpaid		Decembe	r 31, 2012 Unpaid	
	Recorded	l	Specific	Recorded	l	Specific
		Principal			Principal	
	Balance		Allowance	Balance		Allowance
		Balance			Balance	
	(In Thous	sands)				
Loans without a specific valuation allowance						
Real estate - residential mortgage:						
One to four family units	\$2,234	\$2,394	\$ -	\$2,245	\$2,271	\$ -
Multi-family	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate - construction	5,464	6,409	-	5,015	5,575	-
Real estate - commercial	5,127	5,452	-	2,430	2,755	-
Commercial loans	1,493	1,796	-	318	689	-

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Consumer and other loans	118	118	-	103	103	-
Loans with a specific valuation allowance						
Real estate - residential mortgage:						
One to four family units	\$246	\$246	\$ 5	\$115	\$130	\$ 90
Multi-family	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate - construction	470	470	152	1,260	1,260	608
Real estate - commercial	-	-	-	3,243	3,243	180
Commercial loans	2,342	2,653	894	2,237	2,237	441
Consumer and other loans	282	282	48	311	311	48
Total						
Real estate - residential mortgage:						
One to four family units	\$2,480	\$2,640	\$ 5	\$2,360	\$2,401	\$ 90
Multi-family	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate - construction	5,934	6,879	152	6,275	6,835	608
Real estate - commercial	5,127	5,452	-	5,673	5,998	180
Commercial loans	3,835	4,449	894	2,555	2,926	441
Consumer and other loans	400	400	48	414	414	48
Total	\$17,776	\$19,820	\$ 1,099	\$17,277	\$18,574	\$ 1,367

The following tables summarize average impaired loans and related interest recognized on impaired loans for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2013 Average			For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2012 Average		
	Investme	Int nt	erest	Interest Investment		
	in	Inc	come	in	Inc	come
	Impaired	Re	cognized	Impaired	Re	cognized
	Loans		1 \	Loans		
T '41 4 '6' 1 4' 11	(In Thous	sana	ls)			
Loans without a specific valuation allowance						
Real estate - residential mortgage:	ΦΟ 164	Φ	1	Φ1 41O	ф	7
One to four family units	\$2,164	\$	1	\$1,410	\$	7
Multi-family	- 5 220		-	2 200		-
Real estate - construction	5,320		12	3,200		10
Real estate - commercial	5,095		13	3,956		18
Commercial loans	648		-	2,403		5 2
Consumer and other loans	96		-	157		2
Loans with a specific valuation allowance						
Real estate - residential mortgage:	\$181	\$		\$290	\$	
One to four family units	•	Ф	-		Ф	-
Multi-family Real estate - construction	613		-	- 4,543		-
Real estate - commercial			-	· ·		-
Commercial loans	3,230		-	10,803 4,035		-
Consumer and other loans	305		-	4,033 265		-
Total	303		-	203		-
Real estate - residential mortgage:						
One to four family units	\$2,345	\$	1	\$1,700	\$	7
Multi-family	φ2,3 4 3	Ψ	-	\$1,700 -	ψ	-
Real estate - construction	5,933		-	7,743		-
Real estate - commercial	5,095		13	14,759		18
Commercial loans	3,878		-	6,438		5
Consumer and other loans	401		-	422		2
Total	\$17,652	\$	14	\$31,062	\$	32
2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Ψ11,032	Ψ	1.	Ψ31,002	Ψ	32

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 Average			For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 Average			
	Investme	Inte nt	erest	Interest Investment			
	in	Inc	ome	in	Inc	Income	
	Impaired	Rec	cognized	Impaired Re		Recognized	
	Loans (In Thous	and.	s)	Loans			
Loans without a specific valuation allowance	•		•				
Real estate - residential mortgage:							
One to four family units	\$2,152	\$	3	\$1,409	\$	12	
Multi-family	-		_	-		_	
Real estate - construction	5,214		-	2,093		-	
Real estate - commercial	4,142		36	4,803		31	
Commercial loans	646		1	2,153		11	
Consumer and other loans	99		-	270		10	
Loans with a specific valuation allowance							
Real estate - residential mortgage:							
One to four family units	\$144	\$	-	\$447	\$	-	
Multi-family	-		-	-		-	
Real estate - construction	859		-	5,782		-	
Real estate - commercial	1,122		-	7,158		-	
Commercial loans	2,756		-	3,153		-	
Consumer and other loans	339		-	265		-	
Total							
Real estate - residential mortgage:							
One to four family units	\$2,296	\$	3	\$1,856	\$	12	
Multi-family	-		-	-		-	
Real estate - construction	6,073		-	7,875		-	
Real estate - commercial	5,264		36	11,961		31	
Commercial loans	3,402		1	5,306		11	
Consumer and other loans	438		-	535		10	
Total	\$17,473	\$	40	\$27,533	\$	64	

At June 30, 2013, the Bank's impaired loans shown in the table above included loans that were classified as troubled debt restructurings (TDR). The restructuring of a loan is considered a TDR if both (i) the borrower is experiencing financial difficulties and (ii) the creditor has granted a concession.

In assessing whether or not a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties, the Bank considers information currently available regarding the financial condition of the borrower. This information includes, but is not limited to, whether (i) the debtor is currently in payment default on any of its debt; (ii) a payment default is probable in the foreseeable future without the modification; (iii) the debtor has declared or is in the process of declaring bankruptcy and (iv) the debtor's projected cash flow is sufficient to satisfy the contractual payments due under the original terms of the loan without a modification.

The Bank considers all aspects of the modification to loan terms to determine whether or not a concession has been granted to the borrower. Key factors considered by the Bank include the debtor's ability to access funds at a market rate for debt with similar risk characteristics, the significance of the modification relative to unpaid principal balance or collateral value of the debt, and the significance of a delay in the timing of payments relative to the original contractual terms of the loan. The most common concessions granted by the Bank generally include one or more modifications to the terms of the debt, such as (i) a reduction in the interest rate for the remaining life of the debt, (ii) an extension of the maturity date at an interest rate lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk, (iii) a reduction on the face amount or maturity amount of the debt as stated in the original loan, (iv) a temporary period of interest-only payments, (v) a reduction in accrued interest, and (vi) an extension of amortization.

The following table summarizes, by class, loans that were newly classified as TDRs for the three months ended June 30, 2013:

		Pre-Modification	Post-Modification
	Number of	Outstanding	Outstanding
	Loans	Recorded Balance	Recorded Balance
Real estate - residential mortgage:			
One to four family units	1	\$ 245,528	\$ 245,528
Multi-family	-	-	-
Real estate - construction	-	-	-
Real estate - commercial	-	-	-
Commercial loans	-	-	-
Consumer and other loans	-	-	-
Total	1	\$ 245,528	\$ 245,528

The following table summarizes, by type of concession, loans that were newly classified as TDRs for the three months ended June 30, 2013:

	Interest Rate Term		Combination	Total Modification	
Real estate - residential mortgage:					
One to four family units	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 245,528	\$ 245,528
Multi-family		-	-	-	-
Real estate - construction		-	-	-	-
Real estate - commercial		-	-	-	-
Commercial loans		-	-	-	-
Consumer and other loans		-	-	-	-
Total	\$	-	\$ _	\$ 245,528	\$ 245,528

During the three months ended June 30, 2012, there were two new one-to-four family residential mortgage loans modified that met the definition of a troubled debt restructuring that totaled \$390,898. The concession granted on these two loans was temporary interest-only payments.

The following table presents the carrying balance of TDRs as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2013	2012
Real estate - residential mortgage:		
One to four family units	\$1,838,564	\$1,653,934
Multi-family	-	-
Real estate - construction	6,050,964	6,229,201
Real estate - commercial	5,170,591	2,246,508
Commercial loans	2,715,505	1,851,099
Consumer and other loans	-	_
Total	\$15,775,624	\$11,980,742

The Bank has allocated \$267,818 and \$169,538 of specific reserves to customers whose loan terms have been modified in TDR as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

There were two one to four family TDRs totaling \$330,000 for which there was a payment default within twelve months following the modification during the six months ending June 30, 2013. A loan is considered to be in payment default once it is 90 days contractually past due under the modified terms.

As part of the on-going monitoring of the credit quality of the Bank's loan portfolio, management tracks loans by an internal rating system. All loans are assigned an internal credit quality rating based on an analysis of the borrower's financial condition. The criteria used to assign quality ratings to extensions of credit that exhibit potential problems or well-defined weaknesses are primarily based upon the degree of risk and the likelihood of orderly repayment, and their effect on the Bank's safety and soundness. The following are the internally assigned ratings:

Pass-This rating represents loans that have strong asset quality and liquidity along with a multi-year track record of profitability.

Special mention-This rating represents loans that are currently protected but are potentially weak. The credit risk may be relatively minor, yet constitute an increased risk in light of the circumstances surrounding a specific loan.

Substandard-This rating represents loans that show signs of continuing negative financial trends and unprofitability and therefore, is inadequately protected by the current sound worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any.

Doubtful-This rating represents loans that have all the weaknesses of substandard classified loans with the additional characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable.

Risk characteristics applicable to each segment of the loan portfolio are described as follows.

Real estate-Residential 1-4 family: The residential 1-4 family real estate loans are generally secured by owner-occupied 1-4 family residences. Repayment of these loans is primarily dependent on the personal income and credit rating of the borrowers. Credit risk in these loans can be impacted by economic conditions within the Bank's market areas that might impact either property values or a borrower's personal income. Risk is mitigated by the fact that the loans are of smaller individual amounts and spread over a large number of borrowers.

Real estate-Construction: Construction and land development real estate loans are usually based upon estimates of costs and estimated value of the completed project and include independent appraisal reviews and a financial analysis of the developers and property owners. Sources of repayment of these loans may include permanent loans, sales of developed property or an interim loan commitment from the Bank until permanent financing is obtained. These loans are considered to be higher risk than other real estate loans due to their ultimate repayment being sensitive to interest rate changes, general economic conditions and the availability of long-term financing. Credit risk in these loans may be impacted by the creditworthiness of a borrower, property values and the local economies in the Bank's market areas.

Real estate-Commercial: Commercial real estate loans typically involve larger principal amounts, and repayment of these loans is generally dependent on the successful operations of the property securing the loan or the business conducted on the property securing the loan. These loans are viewed primarily as cash flow loans and secondarily as loans secured by real estate. Credit risk in these loans may be impacted by the creditworthiness of a borrower, property values and the local economies in the Bank's market areas.

Commercial: The commercial portfolio includes loans to commercial customers for use in financing working capital needs, equipment purchases and expansions. The loans in this category are repaid primarily from the cash flow of a borrower's principal business operation. Credit risk in these loans is driven by creditworthiness of a borrower and the economic conditions that impact the cash flow stability from business operations.

Consumer: The consumer loan portfolio consists of various term and line of credit loans such as automobile loans and loans for other personal purposes. Repayment for these types of loans will come from a borrower's income sources that are typically independent of the loan purpose. Credit risk is driven by consumer economic factors (such as unemployment and general economic conditions in the Bank's market area) and the creditworthiness of a borrower.

The following tables provide information about the credit quality of the loan portfolio using the Bank's internal rating system as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

		Commercial	One to			Consumer	
June 30, 2013	Construction		four	Multi-family	Commercial		Total
		Real Estate	family			and Other	
	(In Thousands)						
Rating:							
Pass	\$39,157	\$ 158,886	\$91,942	\$ 46,204	\$ 90,582	\$ 16,976	\$443,747
Special Mention	7,122	3,106	5,663	1,258	5,452	102	22,703
Substandard	5,988	5,616	3,113	-	5,097	763	20,577
Doubtful	-	1,717	-	_	-	-	1,717

Total \$52,267 \$169,325 \$100,718 \$47,462 \$101,131 \$17,841 \$488,744

		Commercial	One to			Consumer	
December 31, 2012	Construc	tion	four	Multi-family	Commercial		Total
		Real Estate	family			and Other	
	(In Thous	sands)					
Rating:							
Pass	\$35,775	\$ 156,448	\$94,209	\$ 45,133	\$ 88,230	\$ 15,840	\$435,635
Special Mention	6,868	4,976	1,636	1,272	2,255	93	17,100
Substandard	5,581	6,337	3,507	-	4,742	784	20,951
Doubtful	693	-	30	-	-	-	723
Total	\$48,917	\$ 167,761	\$99,382	\$ 46,405	\$ 95,227	\$ 16,717	\$474,409

Note 5: Benefit Plans

The Company has stock-based employee compensation plans, which are described in the Company's 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The table below summarizes transactions under the Company's stock option plans for the six months ended June 30, 2013:

	Number of shares				
		Non-	Weighted		
	Incentive				
	Stock	Incentive	Average		
	Option	Stock	Exercise		
	•	Option	Price		
		•			
Balance outstanding as of January 1, 2013	174,500	167,000	\$ 16.38		
Granted	-	-	-		
Exercised	(1,800)	-	5.23		
Forfeited	(600)	(2,000)	12.97		
Balance outstanding as of June 30, 2013	172,100	165,000	16.46		
Options exercisable as of June 30, 2013	148,800	140,500	18.29		

Stock-based compensation expense, consisting of stock options and restricted stock awards, recognized for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$35,461 and \$37,325, respectively. Stock-based compensation expense recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$187,275 and \$179,676, respectively. As of June 30, 2013, there was \$131,695 of unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested stock options and restricted stock awards, which will be recognized over the remaining vesting period.

In January 2013 and 2012, the Company granted restricted stock to directors pursuant to the 2010 Equity Plan that was fully vested and thus, expensed in full on the date of the grant. The amount expensed was \$116,032 and \$110,009 for 2013 and 2012, respectively, which represents 16,576 shares of common stock at a market price of \$7.00 at the date of grant in 2013 and 18,520 shares of common stock at a market price of \$5.94 at the date of grant in 2012.

Note 6: Income (Loss) Per Common Share

	For three months ended June 30, 2013							
	Availa to Comm Shareh	ble (Average Common Shares Outstanding	Per Con Sha	mmon	Income Available to Common Shareholder	Average Common Shares Outstanding	Per Common Share
Basic Income Per Common Share Effect of Dilutive Securities	\$1,369	,110	2,731,727 75,197	\$ ().50	\$2,123,133	2,735,533 72,214	\$ 0.78
Diluted Income Per Common Share	\$1,369	,110	2,806,924	\$ ().49	\$2,123,133	2,807,747	\$ 0.76
For three months ended Jun 2012 Income					une 30,	For six 1	months ended Ju	une 30, 2012
	A	Availab	le Common		Per	Availab	e Common	Per
	t	o	Shares		Commo	on to	Shares	Common
	(Commo	n Outstandi	ng	Share	Commo	n Outstanding	Share
	5	Shareho	olders			Shareho	lders	
Basic Income (Loss) Per Common SI Effect of Dilutive Securities	nare \$	8(53,78	9) 2,712,29 164,447	7	\$ (0.02) \$499,54	2 2,709,744 156,123	\$ 0.18
Diluted Income (Loss) Per Common	Share \$	5(53,78	9) 2,876,74	4	\$ (0.02) \$499,54	2 2,865,867	\$ 0.17

Stock options to purchase 197,500 of common stock were outstanding during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, and options to purchase 201,500 shares of common stock were outstanding during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively, but were not included in the computation of diluted income per common share because their exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common shares. Stock warrants to purchase 459,459 shares of common stock were outstanding during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, and were included in the computation of diluted income per common share because their exercise price was less than the average market price of the common shares during those periods.

Note 7: New Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2013, FASB issued ASU No. 2013-01, Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities. The update clarifies the scope of transactions that are subject to the disclosures about offsetting. The update clarifies that ordinary trade receivables and receivables are not in the scope of Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-11, Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities. Specifically, update 2011-11 applies only to derivatives, repurchase agreements and reverse purchase agreements, and securities borrowing and securities lending transactions that are either offset in accordance with specific criteria contained in FASB Accounting Standards Codification or subject to a master netting arrangement or similar agreement. The update was effective for the Company January 1, 2013, and did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income, to improve the transparency of reporting reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income. The amendments in the update do not change the current requirements for reporting net income or other comprehensive income in financial statements. All of the information that this update requires already is required to be disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements under U.S. GAAP. The new amendments will require an organization to present (either on the face of the statement where net income is presented or in the notes) the effects on the line items of net income of significant amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income—but only if the item reclassified is required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified to net income in its entirety in the same reporting period. Or, the organization may cross-reference to other disclosures currently required under U.S. GAAP for other reclassification items (that are not required under U.S. GAAP) to be reclassified directly to net income in their entirety in the same reporting period. The update was effective for the Company January 1, 2013, and did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Note 8: Disclosures about Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements*, defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Topic 820

also specifies a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

The following is a description of the inputs and valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of financial condition, as well as the general classification of such assets pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Available-for-sale securities: Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 securities include equity securities. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows. For these investments, the inputs used by the pricing service to determine fair value may include one or a combination of observable inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bid offers and reference data market research publications and are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 2 securities include U.S. government agencies and government sponsored mortgage-backed securities. The Company has no Level 3 securities.

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of financial condition measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (dollar amounts in thousands):

June 30, 2013 Financial assets:

	Level 1 inputs	Level 2 inputs	Le ³	vel outs	Total fair value
Equity securities	\$ 87	\$-	\$	-	\$87
Debt securities:					
U.S. government agencies	-	40,739		-	40,739
Municipals	-	12,881		-	12,881
Corporate Bonds	-	978		-	978
Government sponsored mortgage-backed securities	-	54,575		-	54,575
Available-for-sale securities	\$ 87	\$109,173	\$	-	\$109,260

December 31, 2012

Financial assets:

	Level 1 inputs	Level 2 inputs	Le 3 inp	vel outs	Total fair value
Equity securities	\$ 71	\$-	\$	-	\$71
Debt securities:					
U.S. government agencies	-	38,351		-	38,351
Municipals	-	10,378		-	10,378
Corporate Bonds	-	1,908		-	1,908
Government sponsored mortgage-backed securities	-	51,273		-	51,273
Available-for-sale securities	\$ 71	\$101,910	\$	_	\$101,981

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and recognized in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of financial condition, as well as the general classification of such assets pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Foreclosed Assets Held for Sale: Fair value is estimated using recent appraisals, comparable sales and other estimates of value obtained principally from independent sources, adjusted for selling costs. Foreclosed assets held for sale are classified within Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy.

Impaired loans (Collateral Dependent): Loans for which it is probable that the Company will not collect all principal and interest due according to contractual terms are measured for impairment. Allowable methods for determining the amount of impairment include estimating fair value using the fair value of the collateral for collateral dependent loans.

If the impaired loan is identified as collateral dependent, then the fair value method of measuring the amount of impairment is utilized. This method requires the Company to obtain a current independent appraisal or observable market price of the collateral as the starting point for determining fair value and then considers other factors and events in the environment that may affect the fair value. Impaired loans that are collateral dependent are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy when impairment is determined using the fair value method.

The following table presents the fair value measurement of assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (dollar amounts in thousands):

Impaired loans:

	1		Level 2 inputs		Level 3 inputs	Total fair value	
June 30, 2013	\$	-	\$	-	\$8,909	\$8,909	
December 31, 2012	\$	_	\$	_	\$10,557	\$10,557	

Foreclosed assets held for sale:

	1 input	ts	2 inp	uts	inputs	fair value
June 30, 2013	·		·		\$341	
December 31, 2012	\$ -		\$	-	\$3,883	\$3,883

There were no transfers between valuation levels for any asset during the six months ended June 30, 2013 or 2012. If valuation techniques are deemed necessary, the Company considers those transfers to occur at the end of the period when the assets are valued.

The following table presents quantitative information about unobservable inputs used in recurring and nonrecurring Level 3 fair value measurement (dollar amounts in thousands):

Fair Value	Valuation		Range
	Technique	Unobservable Input	
June 30, 2013	roomiquo		(Weighted Average)
\$ 7,416			0% - 100% (13%

Impaired loans (collateral dependent)		Market Comparable	Discount to reflect realizable value	
Impaired loans	\$ 1,493	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	0% (0%)
Foreclosed assets held for sale	\$ 341	Market Comparable	Discount to reflect realizable value	0%- 68% (14%)

The following methods were used to estimate the fair value of all other financial instruments recognized in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of financial condition at amounts other than fair value.

Cash and cash equivalents, interest-bearing deposits and Federal Home Loan Bank stock

The carrying amounts reported in the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition approximate those assets' fair value.

Held-to-maturity securities

Fair value is based on quoted market prices, if available. If a quoted market price is not available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities.

Loans

The fair value of loans is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the market rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining maturities. Loans with similar characteristics were aggregated for purposes of the calculations. The carrying amount of accrued interest approximates its fair value.

Deposits

Deposits include demand deposits, savings accounts, NOW accounts and certain money market deposits. The carrying amount approximates fair value. The fair value of fixed-maturity certificates of deposit is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using rates currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities.

Federal Home Loan Bank advances and securities sold under agreements to repurchase

The fair value of advances and securities sold under agreements to repurchase is estimated by using rates on debt with similar terms and remaining maturities.

Subordinated debentures

For these variable rate instruments, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value. There is currently a limited market for similar debt instruments and the Company has the option to call the subordinated debentures at an amount close to its par value.

Interest payable

The carrying amount approximates fair value.

Commitments to originate loans, letters of credit and lines of credit

The fair value of commitments to originate loans is estimated using the fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the present credit worthiness of the counterparties. For fixed-rate loan commitments, fair value also considers the difference between current levels of interest rates and the committed rates. The fair value of letters of credit and lines of credit are based on fees currently charged for similar agreements or on the estimated cost to terminate them or otherwise settle the obligations with the counterparties at the reporting date.

The following tables present estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

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Note 9: Preferred Stock and Common Stock Warrants

On January 30, 2009, as part of the U.S. Department of the Treasury's Troubled Asset Relief Program's Capital Purchase Program ("CPP"), the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement - Standard Terms with the United States Department of the Treasury (the "Treasury") pursuant to which the Company sold to the Treasury 17,000 shares of Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series A (the "Series A Preferred Stock") and issued a ten year warrant (the "Warrant") to purchase 459,459 shares of the Company's common stock (the "Common Stock") for \$5.55 per share (the "Warrant Shares") for a total purchase price of \$17.0 million (the "Transaction").

The Series A Preferred Stock qualifies as Tier 1 capital and is entitled to cumulative preferred dividends at a rate of 5% per year for the first five years, payable quarterly, and 9% thereafter. The Series A Preferred Stock has a liquidation preference of \$1,000 per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends. The failure by the Company to pay a total of six quarterly dividends, whether or not consecutive, gives the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock the right to elect two directors to the Company's board of directors.

On June 13, 2012, with regulatory approval, the Company redeemed \$5 million of the Series A Preferred Stock, including accrued and unpaid dividends of \$19,444. The Company may redeem additional shares of the Series A Preferred Stock for \$1,000 per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends, in whole or in part, subject to regulatory approval.

The Company entered into a Placement Agency Agreement with the Treasury on April 15, 2013 in connection with a private auction by the Treasury of the remaining 12,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock conducted immediately thereafter. On April 29, 2013, the Treasury settled the sale of such shares of Series A Preferred Stock to the winning bidders in the private auction, consisting of six parties unrelated to the Company.

On May 8, 2013, the Company notified the Treasury of its intent to repurchase the Warrant at its fair market value. The Board of Directors of the Company had previously determined that it would be in the best interest of the Company and its stockholders to repurchase the Warrant and had also determined the Warrant's fair market value to be \$2,003,250 (the "Fair Market Value"). On May 10, 2013, the Treasury notified the Company that it had accepted the Company's offer to repurchase the Warrant at its Fair Market Value. Accordingly, on May 15, 2013, the Company entered into a Letter Agreement with Treasury pursuant to which the Company repurchased the Warrant for \$2,003,250 in cash. As a result of the aforementioned, the Warrant is no longer issued or outstanding and the Company's participation in the CPP is completed. In addition, though the Series A Preferred Stock remains outstanding, as a result of the Treasury's sale of the Series A Preferred stock to third-party investors on April 29, 2013, the Treasury no longer possesses any securities issued by the Company. Any repurchase or redemption of the Series A Preferred Stock by the Company would require regulatory approval.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

General

The primary function of the Company is to monitor and oversee its investment in the Bank. The Company engages in few other activities, and the Company has no significant assets other than its investment in the Bank. As a result, the results of operations of the Company are derived primarily from operations of the Bank. The Bank's results of operations are primarily dependent on net interest margin, which is the difference between interest income on interest-earning assets and interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities. The Bank's income is also affected by the level of its noninterest expenses, such as employee salaries and benefits, occupancy expenses and other expenses. The following discussion reviews material changes in the Company's financial condition as of June 30, 2013, and the results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

The discussion set forth below, as well as other portions of this Form 10-Q, may contain forward-looking comments. Such comments are based upon the information currently available to management of the Company and management's perception thereof as of the date of this Form 10-Q. When used in this Form 10-Q, words such as "anticipates," "estimates," "believes," "expects," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. Such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties. Actual results of the Company's operations could materially differ from those forward-looking comments. The differences could be caused by a number of factors or combination of factors including, but not limited to: changes in demand for banking services; changes in portfolio composition; changes in management strategy; increased competition from both bank and non-bank companies; changes in the general level of interest rates; changes in general or local economic conditions; changes in federal or state regulations and legislation governing the operations of the Company or the Bank; and other factors set forth in reports and other documents filed by the Company with the SEC from time to time, including the risk factors described under Item 1A. of this Form 10-Q and Item 1.A of the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012.

Financial Condition

The Company's total assets decreased \$20,235,504 (3%) from \$660,432,218 as of December 31, 2012, to \$640,196,714 as of June 30, 2013.

Interest bearing deposits in other financial institutions decreased \$17,713,082 (46%) from \$38,303,303 as of December 31, 2012, to \$20,590,221 as of June 30, 2013. The decrease is primarily due to the Company's ability to utilize available cash to paydown \$30.1 million of Federal Home Loan Bank advances and securities sold under agreements to repurchase.

Available-for-sale securities increased \$7,279,549 (7%) from \$101,980,644 as of December 31, 2012, to \$109,260,193 as of June 30, 2013. The increase is primarily due to purchases of \$44.3 million offset by sales, maturities and principal payments received of \$32.7 million. Also, during the second quarter of 2013, market interest rates on many debt securities increased, due to the dramatic increase in long-term Treasury rates, which in turn, caused the fair value of available-for-sale securities to decline by \$4.3 million.

Net loans receivable decreased by \$5,885,105 (1%) from \$465,531,973 as of December 31, 2012, to \$459,646,868 as of June 30, 2013. The Company experienced certain anticipated payoffs of various commercial real estate loans. During the period, commercial real estate loans decreased \$4,052,178 (2%). Also, commercial loans increased \$807,361 (1%), permanent multi-family loans increased \$1,056,600 (2%), construction loans decreased \$2,637,753 (5%), loans secured by owner occupied one to four unit residential real estate decreased \$1,776,536 (2%) and installment loans increased \$360,795 (2%). The Company continues to focus its lending efforts in the commercial and owner occupied real estate loan categories, and to reduce its concentrations in non-owner occupied commercial real estate.

Allowance for loan losses decreased \$363,041 (4%) from \$8,740,325 as of December 31, 2012 to \$8,377,284 as of June 30, 2013. The allowance decreased due to net loan charge-offs of \$1,013,041 exceeding provision for loan losses of \$650,000 recorded during the period. Management charged off certain specific loans that had been identified and classified as impaired at December 31, 2012. See discussion under "Results of Operations – Comparison of Three and Six Month Periods Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 – Provision for Loan Losses." The allowance for loan losses, as a percentage of gross loans outstanding (excluding mortgage loans held for sale), as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 was 1.79% and 1.84%, respectively. The allowance for loan losses, as a percentage of nonperforming loans outstanding, as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 was 52.8% and 57.0%, respectively. Management believes the allowance for loan losses is at a level to be sufficient in providing for potential loan losses in the Bank's existing loan portfolio.

Deposits increased \$11,874,743 (2%) from \$500,014,715 as of December 31, 2012, to \$511,889,458 as of June 30, 2013. For the six months ended June 30, 2013, checking and savings accounts increased by \$14.0 million and certificates of deposit decreased by \$2.1 million. The increase in checking and savings accounts was due to the Bank's continued efforts to increase core transaction deposits, both retail and commercial. See also the discussion under "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure about Market Risk – Asset/Liability Management."

Federal Home Loan Bank advances decreased \$15,100,000 (22%) from \$68,050,000 as of December 31, 2012, to \$52,950,000 as of June 30, 2013 due to scheduled maturities during the period.

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase decreased \$15,000,000 (60%) from \$25,000,000 as of December 31, 2012, to \$10,000,000 as of June 30, 2013 due to a prepayment of \$15 million incurring a prepayment penalty of \$1.5 million. The prepayment will allow the Company to significantly reduce higher cost, non-core funding liabilities on its balance sheet and eliminate future annual interest expense of approximately \$390,000.

Stockholders' equity (including unrealized depreciation on available-for-sale securities, net of tax) decreased \$2,407,119 from \$50,868,570 as of December 31, 2012, to \$48,461,451 as of June 30, 2013. This is due to a few factors. First, the Company's \$2.1 million in net income after preferred stock dividends and accretion for the six month period increased stockholder's equity. However, other factors reduced stockholders' equity. In May 2013, the Company completed a \$2 million repurchase of the warrant issued to the United States Department of the Treasury in 2009 as part of its Troubled Asset Relief Program's Capital Purchase Program. Also, as a result of increases in market interest rates on many debt securities during the quarter, the Company's unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, net of income taxes, declined \$2.7 million at June 30, 2013 as compared to December 31, 2012. On a per common share basis, stockholders' equity decreased from \$14.34 as of December 31, 2012 to \$13.39 as of June 30, 2013.

Average Balances, Interest and Average Yields

The Company's profitability is primarily dependent upon net interest income, which represents the difference between interest and fees earned on loans and debt and equity securities, and the cost of deposits and borrowings. Net interest income is dependent on the difference between the average balances and rates earned on interest-earning assets and the average balances and rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities. Non-interest income, non-interest expense, and income taxes also impact net income.

The following table sets forth certain information relating to the Company's average consolidated statements of financial condition and reflects the average yield on assets and average cost of liabilities for the periods indicated. Such yields and costs are derived by dividing income or expense annualized by the average balance of assets or liabilities, respectively, for the periods shown. Average balances were derived from average daily balances. The average balance of loans includes loans on which the Company has discontinued accruing interest. The yields and costs include fees which are considered adjustments to yields. All dollar amounts are in thousands.

	Three months ended 6/30/2013			Three months ended 6/30/2012			
	Average Balance	Interest	Yield / Cost	Average Balance	Interest	Yield / Cost	
ASSETS							
Interest-earning:							
Loans	\$468,024	\$5,953	5.10%	\$478,619	\$6,330	5.30%	
Investment securities	112,890	466	1.66%	103,286	471	1.83 %	
Other assets	24,908	48	0.77%	25,068	45	0.72%	
Total interest-earning	605,822	6,467	4.28 %	606,973	6,846	4.52 %	
Noninterest-earning	43,015			44,425			
	\$648,837			\$651,398			
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY							
Interest-bearing:							
Savings accounts	\$24,134	14	0.23 %	\$22,326	22	0.40%	
Transaction accounts	303,157	392	0.52%	281,292	528	0.75%	
Certificates of deposit	137,331	326	0.95%	149,214	497	1.34%	
FHLB advances	52,983	307	2.32 %	68,050	384	2.26%	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	16,429	108	2.64 %	25,000	162	2.60%	
Subordinated debentures	15,465	135	3.50%	15,465	139	3.61 %	
Total interest-bearing	549,499	1,282	0.94%	561,347	1,732	1.24%	
Noninterest-bearing	48,419			35,813			
Total liabilities	597,918			597,160			
Stockholders' equity	50,919			54,238			
	\$648,837			\$651,398			
Net earning balance	\$56,323			\$45,626			
Earning yield less costing rate			3.35 %			3.28%	
Net interest income, and net yield spread on interest		\$5,185	3.43 %		\$5,114	3.38%	
earning assets		\$3,163	3.43 %		\$3,114	3.38%	
Ratio of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities		110 %			108 %		

	Six month	s ended 6/30		Six month		
	Average Balance	Interest	Yield / Cost	Average Balance	Interest	Yield / Cost
ASSETS						
Interest-earning:						
Loans	\$465,105	\$11,881	5.15%	\$481,531	\$12,734	5.33 %
Investment securities	108,779	899	1.67 %	95,256	883	1.87%
Other assets	33,031	106	0.65%	24,178	95	0.79%
Total interest-earning	606,915	12,886	4.28%	600,965	13,712	4.60%
Noninterest-earning	43,010			46,512		
-	\$649,925			\$647,477		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	•					
Interest-bearing:						
Savings accounts	\$24,069	28	0.23 %	\$21,897	45	0.41 %
Transaction accounts	291,847	771	0.53%	272,193	1,096	0.81 %
Certificates of deposit	140,714	694	0.99%	150,535	1,048	1.40%
FHLB advances	59,440	676	2.29%	68,050	768	2.28%
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	20,691	272	2.65%	25,000	346	2.79%
Subordinated debentures	15,465	269	3.51%	15,465	279	3.64%
Total interest-bearing	552,226	2,710	0.99%	553,140	3,582	1.31%
Noninterest-bearing	46,391			39,520		
Total liabilities	598,617			592,660		
Stockholders' equity	51,308			54,817		
•	\$649,925			\$647,477		
Net earning balance	\$54,689			\$47,825		
Earning yield less costing rate			3.29%			3.29 %
Net interest income, and net yield spread on interest		¢10.176	2 20 0		φ10.120	2.40.07
earning assets		\$10,176	3.38 %		\$10,130	3.40%
Ratio of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities		110 %			109	%

Results of Operations - Comparison of Three and Six Month Periods Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

Net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 was \$1,567,740 and \$2,520,393, respectively, compared to \$344,121 and \$1,178,843 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively, which represents an increase in net income of \$1,223,619 (356%) for the three month period, and an increase in net income of \$1,341,550 (114%) for the six month period.

Interest Income

Total interest income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 decreased \$379,339 (6%) and \$825,840 (6%), respectively, as compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2012. For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2013 compared to the same periods in 2012, the average yield on interest earning assets decreased 24 basis points to 4.28% and 32 basis points to 4.28%, while the average balance of interest earning assets decreased \$1,151,000 for the three month period and increased \$5,950,000 for the six month period. The Company's decrease in the average yield on interest earning assets was primarily due to the decline in loan balances for each period compared to the prior year period. Also, strong competition is causing a reduction in rates for new credits as well as maintaining existing credit relationships.

Interest Expense

Total interest expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 decreased \$450,897 (26%) and \$872,893 (24%), respectively, when compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2012. For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2013 compared to the same periods in 2012, the average cost of interest bearing liabilities decreased 30 basis points to 0.94% and 32 basis points to .99%, respectively, while the average balance of interest bearing liabilities decreased \$32,893,000 for the three month period and increased \$7,696,000 for the six month period when compared to the same periods in 2012. The primary reason for the significant decrease in the average cost of interest bearing liabilities was the continued decline in higher cost certificates of deposits as well as reductions in the average rate paid on transaction deposit balances. Also, the Company has reduced its FHLB advances and securities sold under agreements to repurchase during 2013.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 increased \$71,558 (1%) and \$47,053 (0%), respectively, when compared to the same periods in 2012. For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2013, the average balance of net interest earning assets increased by approximately \$10,697,000 and \$6,864,000, respectively, less than the average balance in interest bearing liabilities decreased when compared to the same periods in 2012. For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2013, the net interest margin increased 5 basis points to 3.35% and decreased 46 basis points to 3.38%, respectively, when compared to the same periods in 2012.

Provision for Loan Losses

Based on its internal analysis and methodology, management recorded a provision for loan losses of \$250,000 and \$650,000 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, compared to \$2,100,000 and \$3,000,000 for the same periods in 2012. The Bank will continue to monitor its allowance for loan losses and make future additions based on economic and regulatory conditions. Management of the Company anticipates the need to continue increasing the allowance for loan losses through charges to the provision for loan losses if anticipated growth in the Bank's loan portfolio increases or other circumstances warrant. Although the Bank maintains its allowance for loan losses at a level which it considers to be sufficient to provide for potential loan losses in its existing loan portfolio, there can be no assurance that future loan losses will not exceed internal estimates. In addition, the amount of the allowance for loan losses is subject to review by regulatory agencies which can order the establishment of additional loan loss provisions.

Noninterest Income

Noninterest income increased \$1,643,996 (158%) and \$1,816,752 (96%) for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, when compared to the three months and six months ended June 30, 2012. This was primarily due to recognizing gains on its investment portfolio and certain tax credit assets during the periods. In May 2013, the Company sold low-income housing tax credits for a gain of \$1.4 million. Gains on investment securities increased \$46,606 (67%) and \$97,878 (91%) for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, when compared to the same periods in 2012. Also, gains on sales of loans increased \$117,031 (25%) and \$186,610 (22%) for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, when compared to the same periods in 2012, due to increased volume in loan originations and sales.

Noninterest Expense

Noninterest expense increased \$1,629,485 (42%) and \$2,007,577 (25%) for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2013 when compared to the same periods in 2012 primarily due to a \$1.5 million prepayment penalty incurred on the prepayment of a repurchase agreement. Also, another factor was a charge of \$231,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2013 relating to losses on three customer deposit accounts. The Company considers this a one-time charge and the Company has made a claim to its insurance carrier for a partial recovery.

Provision for Income Taxes

The increase in the provision for income taxes is a direct result of the Company's increased taxable income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 as compared to the same periods in 2012.

Nonperforming Assets

The allowance for loan losses is calculated based upon an evaluation of pertinent factors underlying the various types and quality of the Bank's existing loan portfolio. When making such evaluation, management considers such factors as the repayment status of its loans, the estimated net realizable value of the underlying collateral, borrowers' intent (to the extent known by the Bank) and ability to repay the loan, local economic conditions and the Bank's historical loss ratios. The allowance for loan losses, as a percentage of nonperforming loans outstanding, as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 was 52.8% and 57.0%, respectively. Total loans classified as substandard, doubtful or loss as of June 30, 2013, were \$22.2 million or 3.48 % of total assets as compared to \$21.7 million, or 3.28% of total assets at December 31, 2012. Management considered nonperforming and total classified loans in evaluating the adequacy of the Bank's allowance for loan losses.

The ratio of nonperforming assets to total assets is another useful tool in evaluating exposure to credit risk. Nonperforming assets of the Bank include nonperforming loans and assets which have been acquired as a result of foreclosure or deed-in-lieu of foreclosure. All dollar amounts are in thousands.

	6/30/2013	12/31/2012	12/31/2011
Nonperforming loans	\$ 15,851	\$ 15,331	\$ 17,002
Real estate acquired in settlement of loans	3,897	4,530	10,012
Total nonperforming assets	\$ 19,748	\$ 19,861	\$ 27,014
Total nonperforming assets as a percentage of total assets	3.08	% 3.01 %	6 4.17 %
Allowance for loan losses	\$8,377	\$ 8,740	\$ 10,613
Allowance for loan losses as a percentage of gross loans	1.78 9	% 1.83 %	6 2.17 %

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity refers to the ability to manage future cash flows to meet the needs of depositors and borrowers and fund operations. Maintaining appropriate levels of liquidity allows the Company to have sufficient funds available for customer demand for loans, withdrawal of deposit balances and maturities of deposits and other liabilities. The

Company's primary sources of liquidity include cash and cash equivalents, customer deposits and Federal Home Loan Bank of Des Moines borrowings. The Company also has established borrowing lines available from the Federal Reserve Bank which is considered a secondary source of funds.

The Company's most liquid assets are cash and cash equivalents, which are cash on hand, amounts due from financial institutions, and certificates of deposit with other financial institutions that have an original maturity of three months or less. The levels of such assets are dependent on the Bank's operating, financing, and investment activities at any given time. The Company's cash and cash equivalents totaled \$23,855,188 as of June 30, 2013 and \$41,663,405 as of December 31, 2012, representing a decrease of \$17,808,217. The variations in levels of cash and cash equivalents are influenced by many factors but primarily loan originations and payments, deposit flows and anticipated future deposit flows, which are subject to, and influenced by, many factors.

The Bank's capital ratios are above the levels required to be considered a well-capitalized financial institution. As of June 30, 2013, the Bank's Tier 1 leverage ratio was 9.76%, its Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio was 12.74% and the Bank's total risk-based capital ratio was 14.00% - all exceeding the minimums of 5%, 6% and 10%, respectively.

With regards to the Series A Preferred Stock, if the Company is unable to redeem the stock by January 2014, the cost of capital to the Company will increase significantly from 5% per annum (\$600,000 annually) to 9% per annum (\$1,080,000 annually). Depending on the Company's financial condition at the time, the increase in the annual dividend rate on the Series A Preferred Stock could have a material adverse effect on the Company's liquidity and net income available to common stockholders.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Asset/Liability Management

The goal of the Bank's asset/liability policy is to manage interest rate risk so as to maximize net interest income over time in changing interest rate environments. Management monitors the Bank's net interest spreads (the difference between yields received on assets and paid on liabilities) and, although constrained by market conditions, economic conditions, and prudent underwriting standards, the Bank offers deposit rates and loan rates designed to maximize net interest income. Management also attempts to fund the Bank's assets with liabilities of a comparable duration to minimize the impact of changing interest rates on the Bank's net interest income. Since the relative spread between financial assets and liabilities is constantly changing, the Bank's current net interest income may not be an indication of future net interest income.

As a part of its asset and liability management strategy and throughout the past several years, the Bank has continued to emphasize the origination of short-term commercial real estate, commercial business and consumer loans, while originating fixed-rate, one- to four-family residential loans primarily for immediate resale in the secondary market.

The Bank constantly monitors its deposits in an effort to decrease their interest rate sensitivity. Rates of interest paid on deposits at the Bank are priced competitively in order to meet the Bank's asset/liability management objectives and spread requirements. The Bank believes, based on historical experience, that a substantial portion of such accounts represents non-interest rate sensitive core deposits.

Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table sets forth as of June 30, 2013 management's estimates of the projected changes in net portfolio value ("NPV") in the event of 100 and 200 basis point ("bp") instantaneous and permanent increases and decreases in

market interest rates. Dollar amounts are expressed in thousands.

BP	Estimated Net Portfolio			NPV as % of				
Change	Value				PV of Assets			
in Rates	\$	\$		%		NPV Change		
	Amount	Change		Change		Ratio	Change	;
+200	58,854	(1,028)	-2	%	9.42%	0.13	%
+100	59,072	(810)	-1	%	9.32%	0.03	%
NC	59,882	-		-		9.29%	-	
-100	61,081	1,199		2	%	9.29%	0.00	%
-200	66,050	6,168		10	%	9.86%	0.57	%

Computations of prospective effects of hypothetical interest rate changes are based on an internally generated model using actual maturity and repricing schedules for the Bank's loans and deposits, and are based on numerous assumptions, including relative levels of market interest rates, loan repayments and deposit run-offs, and should not be relied upon as indicative of actual results. Further, the computations do not contemplate any actions the Bank may undertake in response to changes in interest rates. For further discussion of the Company's market risk, see the Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis Section of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in the Company's 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Management cannot predict future interest rates or their effect on the Bank's NPV in the future. Certain shortcomings are inherent in the method of analysis presented in the computation of NPV. For example, although certain assets and liabilities may have similar maturities or periods to repricing, they may react in differing degrees to changes in market interest rates. Additionally, certain assets, such as adjustable-rate loans, have an initial fixed rate period typically from one to five years, and over the remaining life of the asset changes in the interest rate are restricted. In addition, the proportion of adjustable-rate loans in the Bank's portfolio could decrease in future periods due to refinancing activity if market interest rates remain steady in the future. Further, in the event of a change in interest rates, prepayment and early withdrawal levels could deviate significantly from those assumed in the table. Finally, the ability of many borrowers to service their adjustable-rate debt may decrease in the event of an interest rate increase.

The Bank's Board of Directors (the "Board") is responsible for reviewing the Bank's asset and liability management policies. The Board meets quarterly to review interest rate risk and trends, as well as liquidity and capital ratios and requirements. The Bank's management is responsible for administering the policies and determinations of the Board with respect to the Bank's asset and liability goals and strategies.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

The Company conducted an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2013.

(b) There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2013 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

None.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Not applicable.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table summarizes the Company's repurchase activity regarding its common stock during the Company's second quarter ended June 30, 2013.

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Share	(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (1)	(d) Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
April 1, 2013 to April 30, 2013	1,172	\$ 9.72	1,172	175,512
May 1, 2013 to May 31, 2013	888	\$ 9.91	888	174,624
	-	-	-	174,624

June 1, 2013 to June 30, 2013 Total 2,060 \$ 9.80 2,060 The Company has a repurchase plan which was announced on August 20, 2007. This plan authorizes the purchase (1) by the Company of up to 350,000 shares of the Company's common stock. There is no expiration date for this plan. There are no other repurchase plans in effect at this time. Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities Not applicable. Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures Not applicable. Item 5. Other Information None. Item 6. Exhibits Statement re: computation of per share earnings (set forth in "Note 6: Income (Loss) Per Common 11. Share" of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statement (unaudited)) 31.1 Certification of the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a -14(a) of the Exchange Act

Certification of the Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a - 14(a) of the Exchange Act

CEO certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

CFO certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

37

31.2

32.1 32.2

101	the quarter ended June 30, 2013 formatted in Condensed Consolidated Statements of Finan Statements of Income (unaudited), (iii) Conde	al Bancshares, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) cial Condition (unaudited), (ii) Condensed Consolidated ensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive ated Statement of Stockholders' Equity (unaudited), (v) unaudited), and (vi) related notes.**
registration st deemed not fi	atement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 1	nibit 101 hereto are deemed not filed or part of a 1 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, are and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise
	e requirements of the Securities Exchange Act o	f 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be
	pehalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly author eral Bancshares, Inc.	ized.
<u>/s/ Sh</u>	nture and Title naun A. Burke n A. Burke	Date August 9. 2013

President and Chief Executive Officer

Officer)

(Principal Executive Officer and Duly Authorized

/s/ Carter Peters	August 9.
18/ Carter Feters	<u>2013</u>

Carter Peters

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)