PRUDENTIAL PLC Form 6-K August 08, 2018

#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

#### REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of August, 2018

#### PRUDENTIAL PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

LAURENCE POUNTNEY HILL, LONDON, EC4R 0HH, ENGLAND (Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F X Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes No X

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-

IFRS Disclosure and Additional Financial Information Prudential plc Half Year 2018 results

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) Basis Results

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

Gross premiums earned Outward reinsurance premiums*	Note	2018 £m Half year 21,341 (12,961)	2017 £m Half year 22,105 (947)	Full year 44,005 (2,062)
Earned premiums, net of reinsurance		8,380	21,158	41,943
Investment return Other income** Total revenue, net of reinsurance Benefits and claims and	B1.4	1,434 1,105 10,919	20,629 1,137 42,924	42,189 2,258 86,390
movement in unallocated surplus of with-profits funds, net of reinsurance		(4,507)	(35,442)	(72,532)
Acquisition costs and other expenditure**	B2	(4,535)	(5,245)	(9,993)
Finance costs: interest on core structural borrowings of shareholder-financed operations (Loss) gain on disposal of		(189)	(216)	(425)
businesses and corporate transactions	D1	(57)	61	223
Re-measurement of the sold Kore life business Total charges, not of reinsurance	a	-	5	5
Total charges, net of reinsurance and (loss) gain on disposal of businesses		(9,288)	(40,837)	(82,722)
Share of profits from joint ventures and associates, net of related tax		102	120	302
Profit before tax (being tax attributable to shareholders' and policyholders' returns)†		1,733	2,207	3,970
Less tax charge attributable to policyholders' returns		(33)	(393)	(674)
Profit before tax attributable to shareholders	B1.1	1,700	1,814	3,296
Total tax charge attributable to policyholders and shareholders	B4	(377)	(702)	(1,580)
Adjustment to remove tax charge attributable to policyholders' returns		33	393	674
Tax charge attributable to shareholders' returns	B4	(344)	(309)	(906)
Profit for the period		1,356	1,505	2,390
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests Profit for the period		2018 £m Half year 1,355 1 1,356	2017 £m Half year 1,505 - 1,505	Full year 2,389 1 2,390
for the portion		-,000	-,000	_,_,

		2018	2017	
Earnings				
per share		Half year	Half year	Full year
(in pence)				
Based on				
profit				
attributable				
to the	B5			
equity	DJ			
holders of				
the				
Company:				
Basic		52.7p	58.7p	93.1p
Diluted		52.6p	58.6p	93.0p

		2018	2017	
Dividends per share (in pence)	Note	Half year	Half year	Full year
Dividends relating to reporting period:	B6			
First interim ordinary dividend		15.67p	14.50p	14.50p
Second interim ordinary dividend		-	-	32.50p
Total		15.67p	14.50p	47.00p
Dividends paid in reporting period:	B6			
Current year first interim ordinary dividend		-	-	14.50p
Second interim ordinary dividend for prior year		32.50p	30.57p	30.57p
Total		32.50p	30.57p	45.07p
*				

Outward reinsurance premiums of £(12,961) million includes the £(12,130) million paid during the period in respect of the reinsurance of the UK annuity portfolio. See note D1 for further details.

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This measure is the formal profit before tax measure under IFRS but it is not the result attributable to shareholders. This is principally because the corporate taxes of the Group include those on the income of consolidated with-profits and unit-linked funds that, through adjustments to benefits, are borne by policyholders. These amounts are required to be included in the tax charge of the Company under IAS 12. Consequently, the profit before all taxes measure is not representative of pre-tax profits attributable to shareholders. Profit before all taxes is determined after deducting the cost of policyholder benefits and movements in the liability for unallocated surplus of The Prudential Assurance Company Limited ('PAC') with-profits fund after adjusting for taxes borne by policyholders.

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) Basis Results

#### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		2018 £m	2017 £m	
	Note	Half year	Half year	Full year
Profit for the period		1,356	1,505	2,390

<sup>\*\*</sup>The half year and full year 2017 comparative results have been re-presented from those previously published for the deduction of certain expenses against revenue following the adoption of IFRS 15 (see note A2).

Other comprehensive income (loss): Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Exchange movements on foreign operations and net investment hedges: Exchange movements arising during the period Cumulative exchange gain of the sold Korea life business recycled through profit and loss Related tax	D1	67 - 2 69	(220) (61) (4) (285)	(404) (61) (5) (470)
Net unrealised valuation movements on securities of US insurance operations				
classified as available-for-sale:  Net unrealised holding (losses) gains arising during the period  (Deduct net gains) Add back net losses included in the income statement on disposal and impairment		(1,392) (29)	565 (34)	591 26
Total Related change in amortisation of deferred acquisition costs Related tax	C3.2(c) C5(b)	(1,421) 272 241 (908)	531 (69) (162) 300	617 (76) (55) 486
Total		(839)	15	16
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Shareholders' share of actuarial gains and losses on defined benefit pension schemes:				
Gross Related tax		81 (14) 67	53 (7) 46	104 (15) 89
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the period, net of related tax		(772)	61	105
Total comprehensive income for the period		584	1,566	2,495
		2018 £m	2017 £m	Full
Attributable to:		Half year	Half year	year
Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests		583 1	1,566	2,494 1
Total comprehensive income for the period		584	1,566	2,495

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) Basis Results

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Period ended 30 June 2018 £m

				Available		Man	
Share	Share	Retained	Translation	-for-sale	Shareholders'	Non- controlling	Total
capital	premium	earnings	reserve	securities	equity	interests	equity
				reserves		Interests	

Note note C9 note C9

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Reserves Profit for the period Other		-	-	1,355	-	-	1,355	1	1,356
comprehensive income (loss) Total		-	-	67	69	(908)	(772)	-	(772)
comprehensive income (loss) for the period		-	-	1,422	69	(908)	583	1	584
Dividends Reserve movements in	B6	-	-	(840)	-	-	(840)	-	(840)
respect of share-based payments		-	-	(9)	-	-	(9)	-	(9)
Share capital and share premium New share									
capital subscribed	C9	-	6	-	-	-	6	-	6
Treasury shares Movement in own shares in	S								
respect of share-based payment plans Movement in		-	-	28	-	-	28	-	28
Prudential plc shares purchased by unit trusts consolidated under IFRS		-	-	27	-	-	27	-	27
Net increase (decrease) in equity		-	6	628	69	(908)	(205)	1	(204)
At beginning of period	f	129	1,948	12,326	840	844	16,087	7	16,094
At end of period		129	1,954	12,954	909	(64)	15,882	8	15,890

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) Basis Results

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (continued)

Period ended 30 June 2017 £m

		Share capital	Share premium	Retained earnings	Translation reserve	Available -for-sale securities reserves	Shareholders' equity	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
	Note	note C9	note C9						
Reserves Profit for the period Other		-	-	1,505	-	-	1,505	-	1,505
comprehensive income Total	;	-	-	46	(285)	300	61	-	61
comprehensive income for the period		-	-	1,551	(285)	300	1,566	-	1,566
Dividends Reserve	В6	-	-	(786)	-	-	(786)	-	(786)
movements in respect of share-based payments		-	-	22	-	-	22	-	22
		-	-	-	-	-		-	
Share capital and share premium New share		-	-	-	-	-		-	
capital subscribed	C9	-	10	-	-	-	10	-	10
		-	-	-	-	-		-	
Treasury share Movement in own shares in	S	-	-	-	-	-		-	
respect of share-based payment plans Movement in Prudential plc shares		-	-	(12)	-	-	(12)	-	(12)
purchased by unit trusts consolidated under IFRS Net increase		-	-	(17)	-	-	(17)	-	(17)
(decrease) in equity		-	10	758	(285)	300	783	-	783
At beginning o	ť	129	1,927	10,942	1,310	358	14,666	1	14,667
At end of period		129	1,937	11,700	1,025	658	15,449	1	15,450

## International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) Basis Results

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (continued)

#### Year ended 31 December 2017 £m

			10010110		2017 3	Available		Non-	
		Share capital	Share premium	Retained earnings	Translation reserve	-for-sale securities reserves	Shareholders' equity	controlling interests	Total equity
Reserves	Note	note C9	note C9			reserves			
Profit for the year		-	-	2,389	-	-	2,389	1	2,390
Other comprehensive income (loss) Total		-	-	89	(470)	486	105	-	105
comprehensive income for the year		-	-	2,478	(470)	486	2,494	1	2,495
Dividends Reserve	B6	-	-	(1,159)	-	-	(1,159)	-	(1,159)
movements in respect of share-based		-	-	89	-	-	89	-	89
payments Change in non-controlling interests	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5
Share capital and share premium New share capital subscribed	C9	-	21	-	-	-	21	-	21
Treasury shares Movement in own shares in respect of share-based payment plans Movement in Prudential plc shares purchased by unit trusts	S	_	_	(15)	-	_	(15)	-	(15)
		-	-	(9)	-	-	(9)	-	(9)

consolidated under IFRS								
Net increase								
(decrease) in	-	21	1,384	(470)	486	1,421	6	1,427
equity								
At beginning of	129	1,927	10,942	1,310	358	14,666	1	14,667
year	129	1,927	10,942	1,310	336	14,000	1	14,007
At end of year	129	1,948	12,326	840	844	16,087	7	16,094

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) Basis Results

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Acceta	Note	2018 £m 30 Jun	2017 £m 30 Jun	31 Dec
Assets Goodwill Deferred acquisition	C5(a)	1,620	1,501	1,482
costs and other intangible assets	C5(b)	11,359	10,757	11,011
Property, plant and equipment		951	727	789
Reinsurers' share of insurance contract liabilities		9,620	9,709	9,673
Deferred tax assets	C7	2,435	4,105	2,627
Current tax recoverable		626	700	613
Accrued investment income		2,574	2,887	2,676
Other debtors		3,519	3,417	2,963
Investment properties Investment in joint ventures and	S	17,605	15,218	16,497
associates accounted for using the equity method		1,554	1,293	1,416
Loans Equity securities and	C3.3	16,922	16,952	17,042
portfolio holdings in unit trusts		229,707	210,437	223,391
Debt securities Derivative assets Other investments Deposits Assets held for sale* Cash and cash	C3.2	160,305 3,428 6,059 12,412 12,024	170,793 3,789 5,566 13,353 33	171,374 4,801 5,622 11,236 38
equivalents		8,450	9,893	10,690
Total assets	C1	501,170	481,130	493,941

Equity

Shareholders' equity Non-controlling interests Total equity		15,882 8 15,890	15,449 1 15,450	16,087 7 16,094
Liabilities Contract liabilities (including amounts in	1			
respect of contracts classified as investment contracts	C4.1(a)	405,482	398,980	411,243
under IFRS 4) Unallocated surplus of with-profits funds Core structural	C4.1(a)	17,283	15,090	16,951
borrowings of shareholder-financed operations	C6.1	6,367	6,614	6,280
Operational borrowings attributable to	C6.2(a)	1 618	2,096	1,791
shareholder-financed operations Borrowings	C0.2(u)	1,010	2,070	1,771
attributable to with-profits operations	C6.2(b)	3,589	3,336	3,716
Obligations under funding, securities lending and sale and repurchase		7,128	6,408	5,662
agreements Net asset value attributable to unit holders of consolidated unit trusts and similar funds		9,358	8,577	8,889
Deferred tax	C7	4,443	5,683	4,715
liabilities Current tax liabilities		415	743	537
Accruals, deferred income and other liabilities		13,551	14,524	14,185
Provisions		920	759	1,123
Derivative liabilities		3,149	2,870	2,755
Liabilities held for sale	D1	11,977	-	-
Total liabilities	C1	485,280	465,680	477,847
Total equity and liabilities		501,170	481,130	493,941

\*

Assets held for sale of £12,024 million includes £11,977 million in respect of the reinsured UK annuity business (see note D1).

Included within equity securities and portfolio holdings in unit trusts, debt securities and other investments are £8,993 million of lent securities as at 30 June 2018 (30 June 2017: £9,182 million; 31 December 2017: £8,232 million).

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) Basis Results

#### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Note	2018 £m Half year	2017 £m Half year	Full year
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit before tax (being tax attributable to				
shareholders' and policyholders'		1,733	2,207	3,970
returns)note (i)				
Other non-investment and non-cash assets		(389)	(550)	(49,771)
Investments		7,616	(26,539)	(968)
Policyholder liabilities (including		(10,725)	21,597	44,877
unallocated surplus)		(10,720)	21,007	11,077
Other liabilities (including operational		568	3,390	3,360
borrowings)				
Other itemsnote (ii)		466	(15)	152
Net cash flows from operating activities		(731)	90	1,620
Cash flows from investing activities				
Net cash outflows from purchases and		(167)	(56)	(134)
disposals of property, plant and equipment Net cash (outflows) inflows from corporate				
transactionsnote (iii)	5	(248)	813	950
Net cash flows from investing activities		(415)	757	816
Cash flows from financing activities		(413)	131	010
Structural borrowings of the Group:				
Shareholder-financed operations:note (iv)	C6 1			
Issue of subordinated debt, net of costs	C0.1	_	_	565
Redemption of subordinated debt		_	_	(751)
Interest paid		(187)	(207)	(369)
With-profits operations:note (v)	C6.2	()	(==,)	(= = = )
Redemption of subordinated debt		(100)	-	_
Interest paid		(4)	(4)	(9)
Equity capital:			,	. ,
Issues of ordinary share capital		6	10	21
Dividends paid		(840)	(786)	(1,159)
Net cash flows from financing activities		(1,125)	(987)	(1,702)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash		(2,271)	(140)	734
equivalents		(2,2/1)	(140)	134
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of		10,690	10,065	10,065
period Effect of exchange rate changes on cash				
and cash equivalents		31	(32)	(109)
and cash equivalents				

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 8,450 9,893 10,690

Notes

(i)

This measure as explained in the footnote to the income statement is the formal profit before tax measure under IFRS but it is not the result attributable to shareholders.

(ii)

The adjusting items to profit before tax included within other items are adjustments in respect of non-cash items together with operational interest receipts and payments, dividend receipts and tax paid.

(iii)

Net cash flows for corporate transactions are for distribution rights and the acquisition and disposal of businesses (including private equity and other subsidiaries acquired by with-profits funds for investment purposes).

(iv)

Structural borrowings of shareholder-financed operations exclude borrowings to support short-term fixed income securities programmes, non-recourse borrowings of investment subsidiaries of shareholder-financed operations and other borrowings of shareholder-financed operations. Cash flows in respect of these borrowings are included within cash flows from operating activities. The changes in the carrying value of the structural borrowings of shareholder-financed operations during half year 2018 are analysed as follows:

	Cash move	ments £m		Non-cash movements £m			
	Balance at beginning of period	Issue of debt	Redemption of debt	Foreign exchange movement	Other movements	Balance at end of period	
Half year 2018	6,280	-	-	83	4	6,367	
Half year 2017	6,798	-	-	(191)	7	6,614	
Full year 2017	6,798	565	(751)	(341)	9	6,280	

(v)

Interest paid on structural borrowings of with-profits operations relate solely to the £100 million 8.5 per cent undated subordinated guaranteed bonds, which contribute to the solvency base of the Scottish Amicable Insurance Fund (SAIF), a ring-fenced sub-fund of the PAC with-profits fund. These bonds were redeemed in full on 30 June 2018. Cash flows in respect of other borrowings of with-profits funds, which principally relate to consolidated investment funds, are included within cash flows from operating activities.

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) Basis Results

**NOTES** 

A BACKGROUND

**A**1

Basis of preparation, audit status and exchange rates

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2018 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and as endorsed by the European Union (EU). The Group's policy for preparing this interim financial information is to use the accounting policies adopted by the Group in its last consolidated financial statements, as updated by any changes in accounting policies it intends to make in its next consolidated financial statements as a result of new or amended IFRS and other policy improvements. EU-endorsed IFRS may differ from IFRSs issued by the IASB if, at any point in time, new or amended IFRS have not been endorsed by the EU. At 30 June 2018, there

were no unendorsed standards effective for the period ended 30 June 2018 which impact the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group, and there were no differences between IFRS endorsed by the EU and IFRS issued by the IASB in terms of their application to the Group.

The IFRS basis results for the 2018 and 2017 half years are unaudited. The 2017 full year IFRS basis results have been derived from the 2017 statutory accounts. The auditors have reported on the 2017 statutory accounts which have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies. The auditors' report was: (i) unqualified; (ii) did not include a reference to any matters to which the auditors drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying their report; and (iii) did not contain a statement under section 498(2) or (3) of the Companies Act 2006.

The exchange rates applied for balances and transactions in currencies other than the presentational currency of the Group, pounds sterling (GBP), were:

	Closing rate at 30 Jun 2018	Average for the 6 months to 30 Jun 2018	Closing rate at 30 Jun 2017	Average for the 6 months to 30 Jun 2017	Closing rate at 31 Dec 2017	Average for the 12 months to 31 Dec 2017
Local currency: £						
Hong Kong	10.36	10.78	10.14	9.80	10.57	10.04
Indonesia	18,919.18	18,938.64	17,311.76	16,793.63	18,353.44	17,249.38
Malaysia	5.33	5.42	5.58	5.53	5.47	5.54
Singapore	1.80	1.83	1.79	1.77	1.81	1.78
China	8.75	8.76	8.81	8.66	8.81	8.71
India	90.46	90.37	83.96	82.77	86.34	83.90
Vietnam	30,310.96	31,329.01	29,526.43	28,612.70	30,719.60	29,279.71
Thailand	43.74	43.66	44.13	43.72	44.09	43.71
US	1.32	1.38	1.30	1.26	1.35	1.29

Certain notes to the financial statements present half year 2017 comparative information at Constant Exchange Rates (CER), in addition to the reporting at Actual Exchange Rates (AER) used throughout the condensed consolidated financial statements. AER are actual historical exchange rates for the specific accounting period, being the average rates over the period for the income statement and the closing rates at the balance sheet date for the balance sheet. CER results are calculated by translating prior period results using the current period foreign exchange rate ie current period average rates for the income statement and current period closing rates for the balance sheet.

The accounting policies applied by the Group in determining the IFRS basis results in this report are the same as those previously applied in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017, as disclosed in the 2017 statutory accounts, aside from those discussed in note A2 below.

A2 New accounting pronouncements in 2018

#### IFRS 15, 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'

The Group has adopted IFRS 15, 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' from 1 January 2018. This standard provides a single framework to recognise revenue for contracts with different characteristics and overrides the revenue recognition requirements previously provided in other standards. The contracts excluded from the scope of this standard include:

Lease contracts within the scope of IAS 17 'Leases';

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Insurance contracts within the scope of IFRS 4 'Insurance Contracts'; and

\_

Financial instruments within the scope of IAS 39 'Financial Instruments'.

As a result, the main impacts of IFRS 15 in the context of Prudential's business are to the recognition of revenue in respect of asset management contracts and investment contracts that do not contain discretionary participating features but do include investment management services.

In accordance with the transition provisions in IFRS 15, the Group has adopted the standard using the full retrospective method for all periods presented. Adoption of the standard has not resulted in a restatement of the Group's profit for the periods presented or shareholders' equity. A minor reclassification has been made to the consolidated income statement to present certain expenses as a deduction against revenue, for example rebates to clients of asset management fees. Revenue has been reduced by £82 million in half year 2018 (half year 2017: £85 million; full year 2017: £172 million).

#### IFRS 9, 'Financial Instruments'

The IASB published a complete version of IFRS 9 in July 2014 and the standard is mandatorily effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.

In September 2016, the IASB published amendments to IFRS 4, 'Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts' to address the temporary consequences of the different effective dates of IFRS 9 and IFRS 17, 'Insurance Contracts'. The amendments include an optional temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9 and the associated amendments until IFRS 17 comes into effect in 2021. This temporary exemption is available to companies whose predominant activity is to issue insurance contracts based on meeting the eligibility criteria as at 31 December 2015 as set out in the amendments. The Group met the eligibility criteria and will defer the adoption of IFRS 9 to 1 January 2021.

Other new accounting pronouncements

In addition to the above, the IASB has also issued the following new accounting pronouncements to be effective for 1 January 2018:

IFRIC 22, 'Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance consideration';

 $Classification \ and \ measurement \ of \ share-based \ payment \ transactions \ (Amendments \ to \ IFRS \ 2, \ `Share-based \ payment');$ 

Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments to IAS 40, 'Investment property'); and

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle.

These pronouncements have had no effect on the Group financial statements.

В

**EARNINGS PERFORMANCE** 

**B**1

Analysis of performance by segment

B1.1

## Segment results – profit before tax

		2018 £m	2017* £r	n	% H-162019	H-16 2010	2017 £m
	Note	Half year	AER Half year	CER rHalf year	vs half year 2017 AER	Half year 2018 vs half year 2017 CER	AER Full year
			note (iv)	note (v)	note (v)	note (v)	
Asia Insurance operations	D2(a)	927	870	812	7%	14%	1,799
Asset management	B3(a)	89	83	79	7% 7%	13%	1,799
Total Asia		1,016	953	891	7%	14%	1,975
US							
Jackson (US insurance operations)		1,001	1,079	988	(7)%	1%	2,214
Asset management		1,001	(6)	(6)	117%	117%	10
Total US		1,002	1,073	982	(7)%	2%	2,224
UK and Europe							
UK and Europe insurance operations:	B3(b)						
Long-term business	( )	487	480	480	1%	1%	861
General insurance commissionnote		10	17	17	1207	1207	17
(i)		19	17	17	12%	12%	17
Total UK and Europe insurance		506	497	497	2%	2%	878
operations		300	<b>T</b> 71	771	270	270	070
UK and Europe asset		272	248	248	10%	10%	500
managementnote (vi)							
Total UK and Europe		778	745	745	4%	4%	1,378
Total segment profit		2,796	2,771	2,618	1%	7%	5,577
Restructuring costsnote (iii)		(62)	(31)	(31)	(100)%	(100)%	(103)
Other income and expenditure: Investment return and other income		33	6	6	450%	450%	11
Interest payable on core structural		33	U	U	430%	430%	11
borrowings		(189)	(216)	(216)	13%	13%	(425)
Corporate expenditurenote (ii)		(173)	(172)	(166)	(1)%	(4)%	(361)
Total other income and expenditure		(329)	(382)	(376)	14%	13%	(775)
Operating profit based on longer-term	1 <sub>D12</sub>						
investment returns	B1.3	2,405	2,358	2,211	2%	9%	4,699
Short-term fluctuations in investment							
returns on shareholder-backed business	B1.2	(113)	(573)	(523)	80%	78%	(1,563)
Amortisation of acquisition							
accounting		(22)	(32)	(29)	31%	24%	(63)
adjustmentsnote (iv)		,	, ,	,			
(Loss) gain on disposal of businesses	D1	(570)	61	61	n/a	n/a	223
and corporate transactions	DΙ	(370)	01	01	11/a	11/a	223
Profit before tax		1,700	1,814	1,720	(6)%	(1)%	3,296
Tax charge attributable to	B4	(344)	(309)	(295)	(11)%	(17)%	(906)
shareholders' returns  Profit for the period							. ,
Profit for the period Attributable to:		1,356	1,505	1,425	(10)%	(5)%	2,390
minutation to.							

Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests		1,355 1	1,505 -	1,425	(10)% n/a	(5)% n/a	2,389 1
		2018	2017		%		2017
					Half year 2018	Half year 2018	
	Note	Holf woon	AER	CER	VS	VS	AER
	Note	пан уеаг	Half yea	rHalf year	half year 2017	vs half year 2017	Full year
					AER	CER	
Basic earnings per share (in pence)	B5		note (v)	note (v)	note (v)	note (v)	note (v)
Based on operating profit based on longer-term investment returns		76.8p	70.0p	65.7p	10%	17%	145.2p
Based on profit for the period		52.7p	58.7p	55.6p	(10)%	(5)%	93.1p

The half year 2017 comparative results have been re-presented from those previously published to reflect the Group's current operating segments.

#### Notes

(i)

General insurance commission represents the commission receivable net of expenses for Prudential-branded general insurance products in connection with the arrangement to transfer the UK general insurance business to Churchill in 2002.

(ii)

Corporate expenditure as shown above is primarily for Group Head Office and Asia Regional Head Office.

(iii)

Restructuring costs are incurred primarily in the UK, Europe and Asia and represent the costs of business transformation and integration costs.

(iv)

Amortisation of acquisition accounting adjustments principally relate to the REALIC business of Jackson which was acquired in 2012.

(v)

For definitions of AER and CER refer to note A1.

(V1)

UK and Europe asset management operating profit based on longer-term investment returns:

	2018 £m	2017 £m	l
	Half year	Half yea	r Full year
Asset management fee income	552	491	1,027
Other income	1	4	7
Staff costs	(190)	(166)	(400)
Other costs	(107)	(95)	(202)
Underlying profit before performance-related fees	256	234	432
Share of associate results	8	8	15
Performance-related fees	8	6	53
Total UK and Europe asset management operating profit based on longer-term investment returns	272	248	500

# B1.2 Short-term fluctuations in investment returns on shareholder-backed business

2018 £m 2017 £m

Half year Half year\* Full year

Asianote (326)	41	(1)
USnote (ii)244	(754)	(1,568)
UK and		
Europenote(122)	42	(14)
(iii)		
Other		
operationsnote	98	20
(iv)		
Total (113)	(573)	(1,563)
*		

The half year 2017 comparative results have been re-presented from those previously published to reflect the Group's current operating segments.

#### Notes

(i)

#### Asia operations

In Asia, the negative short-term fluctuations of £(326) million principally reflect net value movements on shareholders' assets and related liabilities following increases in bond yields during the period (half year 2017: positive £41 million; full year 2017: negative £1 million).

(ii)

#### US operations

The short-term fluctuations in investment returns for US insurance operations are reported net of the related charge for amortisation of deferred acquisition costs of £(199) million as shown in note C5 (half year 2017: credit of £231 million; full year 2017: credit of £462 million) and comprise amounts in respect of the following items:

	2018 £m	2017 £m	
	Half year	Half year	Full year
Net equity			
hedge	383	(782)	(1,490)
resultnote (a)			
Other than			
equity-related derivatives not	(183)	12	(36)
derivativesnot	e (103)	12	(30)
(b)			
Debt			
securitiesnote	6	5	(73)
(c)			
Equity-type			
investments:			
actual less	31	1	12
longer-term			
return			
Other items	7	10	19
Total	244	(754)	(1,568)

#### Notes

(a)

Net equity hedge result

The purpose of the inclusion of this item in short-term fluctuations in investment returns is to segregate the amount included in pre-tax profit that relates to the accounting effect of market movements on both the measured value of guarantees in Jackson's variable annuity and fixed index annuity products and on the related derivatives used to manage the exposures inherent in these guarantees. The level of fees recognised in non-operating profit is determined by reference to that allowed for within the reserving basis. Both FAS157 and SOP 03-01 reserving methods require an entity to determine the total fee ("the fee assessment") that is expected to fund future projected benefit payments arising using the assumptions applicable for that method. FAS 157 requires this fee assessment to be fixed at the time of issue. It is this fee assessment that is recognised within non-operating profit to match the relevant movement in the guarantee liability, which is also recognised in non-operating profit. As the Group applies US GAAP for the measured value of the product guarantees this item also includes asymmetric impacts where the measurement bases of the liabilities and associated derivatives used to manage the Jackson annuity business differ. For further details, please refer to note B1.3(c) of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

The net equity hedge result therefore includes significant accounting mismatches and other factors that detract from the presentation of an economic result. These other factors include:

The variable annuity guarantees and fixed index annuity embedded options being only partially fair valued under 'grandfathered' US GAAP;

The interest rate exposure being managed through the other than equity-related derivative programme explained in note (b) below; and

Jackson's management of its economic exposures for a number of other factors that are treated differently in the accounting frameworks such as future fees and assumed volatility levels.

The net equity hedge result (net of related DAC amortisation in accordance with the policy that DAC is amortised in line with emergence of margins) can be summarised as follows:

	2018 £m	2017 £m	
	Half year	Half year	Full year
Fair value movements on equity hedge instruments*	(375)	(1,126)	(1,871)
Accounting value movements on the variable and fixed index annuity guarantee liabilities	505	111	(99)
Fee assessments net of claim payments	253	233	480
Total	383	(782)	(1,490)
*			

Held to manage equity exposures of the variable annuity guarantees and fixed index annuity options.

(b)

Other than equity-related derivatives

The fluctuations for this item comprise the net effect of

Fair value movements on free-standing, other than equity-related derivatives;

Fair value movements on the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (GMIB) reinsurance asset that are not matched by movements in the underlying GMIB liability, which is not fair valued; and

Related amortisation of DAC.

17

The free-standing, other than equity-related derivatives, are held to manage interest rate exposures and durations within the general account and the variable annuity guarantees and fixed index annuity embedded options described in note (a) above. Accounting mismatches arise because of differences between the measurement basis and presentation of the derivatives, which are fair valued with movements recorded in the income statement, and the exposures they are intended to manage.

(c) Short-term fluctuations related to debt securities

	2018 £m	2017 £r	n
	Half	Half	Full
	year	year	year
Short-term fluctuations relating to debt securities			
(Charges) credits in the period:			
Losses on sales of impaired and deteriorating bonds	(1)	(2)	(3)
Bond write-downs	(2)	(1)	(2)
Recoveries/reversals	18	7	10
Total credits in the period	15	4	5
Less: Risk margin allowance deducted from operating profit based on longer-term investment returnsnote	38	46	86
	53	50	91
Interest-related realised (losses) gains:			
Gains (losses) arising in the period	8	23	(43)
Less: Amortisation of gains and losses arising in current and prior periods to operating profit based on longer-term investment returns	(57)	(72)	(140)
	(49)	(49)	(183)
Related amortisation of deferred acquisition costs	2	4	19
Total short-term fluctuations related to debt securities	6	5	(73)

#### Note

The debt securities of Jackson are held in the general account of the business. Realised gains and losses are recorded in the income statement with normalised returns included in operating profit with variations from year to year included in the short-term fluctuations category. The risk margin reserve charge for longer-term credit-related losses included in operating profit based on longer-term investment returns of Jackson for half year 2018 is based on an average annual risk margin reserve of 19 basis points (half year 2017: 21 basis points; full year 2017: 21 basis points) on average book values of US\$54.9 billion (half year 2017: US\$55.8 billion; full year 2017: US\$55.3 billion) as shown below:

	Half year 2018				Half year 2017				Full year 2017			
Moody's rating category (or equivalent under NAIC ratings of mortgage-backed securities)	Average book value	RMR	Annua expect loss	-	Average book value	RMR	Annua expect loss	_	Average book value	RMR	Annua expect loss	_
,	US\$m	%	US\$m	£m	US\$m	%	US\$m	£m	US\$m	%	US\$m	£m
A3 or higher Baa1, 2 or 3 Ba1, 2 or 3	26,260 27,337 978	0.11 0.20 1.01	(29) (57) (10)	(21) (41) (7)	27,848 26,601 1,052	0.13 0.23 1.03	(35) (60) (11)	(28) (47) (9)	27,277 26,626 1,046	0.12 0.22 1.03	(33) (58) (11)	(25) (45) (8)

B1, 2 or 3 Below B3	309 11	2.61 3.71	(8) - (104)	(6) - (75)	311 27	2.75 3.80	(9) (1)	(7) (1)	318 23	2.70 3.78	(9) (1) (112)	(7) (1)
Total	54,895	0.19	(104)	(75)	55,839	0.21	(116)	(92)	55,290	0.21	(112)	(86)
Related amortisation acquisition costs (se		d	22	15			22	17			21	15
Risk margin reserve operating profit for credit-related losses	longer-term	1	(82)	(60)			(94)	(75)			(91)	(71)

Consistent with the basis of measurement of insurance assets and liabilities for Jackson's IFRS results, the charges and credits to operating profits based on longer-term investment returns are partially offset by related amortisation of deferred acquisition costs.

In addition to the accounting for realised gains and losses described above for Jackson general account debt securities, included within the statement of other comprehensive income is a pre-tax charge of £(1,149) million for net unrealised losses on debt securities classified as available-for-sale net of related amortisation of deferred acquisition costs (half year 2017: credit of £462 million for net unrealised gains; full year 2017: credit of £541 million for net unrealised gains). Temporary market value movements do not reflect defaults or impairments. Additional details of the movement in the value of the Jackson portfolio are included in note C3.2(b).

(iii)

#### UK and Europe operations

The negative short-term fluctuations in investment returns for UK and Europe operations of £(122) million (half year 2017: positive £42 million; full year 2017: negative £(14) million) include net unrealised movements on fixed income assets supporting the capital of the shareholder-backed annuity business.

(iv)

#### Other operations

Short-term fluctuations in investment returns for other operations of positive £91 million (half year 2017: positive £98 million; full year 2017: positive £20 million) include unrealised value movements on financial instruments held outside of the main life operations.

#### B1.3

Determining operating segments and performance measure of operating segments

#### Operating segments

The Group's operating segments for financial reporting are defined and presented in accordance with IFRS 8, 'Operating Segments' on the basis of the management reporting structure and its financial management information.

Under the Group's management and reporting structure its chief operating decision maker is the Group Executive Committee (GEC). In the management structure, responsibility is delegated to the Chief Executive Officers of Prudential Corporation Asia, the North American Business Unit and M&G Prudential for the day-to-day management of their business units (within the framework set out in the Group Governance Manual). Financial management information used by the GEC aligns to these three business segments. These operating segments derive revenue from both long-term insurance and asset management activities.

Operations which do not form part of any business unit are reported as 'Unallocated to a segment'. These include Group Head Office and Asia Regional Head Office costs. Prudential Capital and Africa operations do not form part of any operating segment under the structure, and their assets and liabilities and loss before tax are not material to the overall financial position of the Group. Prudential Capital and Africa operations are therefore reported as 'Unallocated to a segment'.

The Group reassessed its segments in the second half of 2017 following the combination of the Group's UK insurance business and M&G to form M&G Prudential. Comparative segmental information for half year 2017 has been re-presented on a basis consistent with the current period.

#### Performance measure

The performance measure of operating segments utilised by the Company is IFRS operating profit attributable to shareholders based on longer-term investment returns. This measurement basis distinguishes operating profit based on longer-term investment returns from other constituents of the total profit as follows:

Short-term fluctuations in investment returns on shareholder-backed business;

Amortisation of acquisition accounting adjustments arising on the purchase of business. This comprises principally the charge for the adjustments arising on the purchase of REALIC in 2012; and

Profit/loss attaching to corporate transactions, such as disposals undertaken in the period.

The determination of operating profit based on longer-term investment returns for investment and liability movements is as described in note B1.3 of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

For Group debt securities at 30 June 2018, the level of unamortised interest-related realised gains and losses related to previously sold bonds and have yet to be amortised to operating profit was a net gain of £818 million (30 June 2017: net gain of £876 million; 31 December 2017: net gain of £855 million).

For equity-type securities, the longer-term rates of return applied by the non-linked shareholder-financed insurance operations of Asia and the US to determine the amount of investment return included in operating profit are as follows:

For Asia insurance operations, investments in equity securities held for non-linked shareholder-financed operations amounted to £1,622 million as at 30 June 2018 (30 June 2017: £1,535 million; 31 December 2017: £1,759 million). The rates of return applied for 2018 ranged from 5.1 per cent to 17.2 per cent (30 June 2017: 4.7 per cent to 17.2 per cent; 31 December 2017: 5.0 per cent to 17.2 per cent) with the rates applied varying by business unit.

For US insurance operations, at 30 June 2018, the equity-type securities for non-separate account operations amounted to £1,187 million (30 June 2017: £1,256 million; 31 December 2017: £946 million). The longer-term rates of return for income and capital applied in 2018 and 2017, which reflect the combination of the average risk-free rates over the period and appropriate risk premiums, are as follows:

	2018		2017		
	Half year		Half year		Full year
Equity-type securities such as common and preferred stock and portfolio holdings in mutual funds	6.7% to 7.0%		6.2% to 6.5%		6.1% to 6.5%
Other equity-type securities such as investments in limited partnerships and private equity funds	9.0%	8.7% to	8.5%	8.2% to	8.1% to 8.5%

B1.4 Additional segmental analysis of revenue

The additional segmental analysis of revenue net of outward reinsurance premiums is as follows:

	Half year 2018 £m						
C	Asia	US	UK and Europe	Total segment	Unallocated to a segment (central operations)	Group total	
Gross premiums earned Outward	7,736	7,036	6,555	21,327	14	21,341	
reinsurance premiumsno (i)	1///	(141)	(12,598)	(12,961)	-	(12,961)	
Earned premiums, net of reinsurance	7,314	6,895	(6,043)	8,366	14	8,380	
Other incomenote (ii) Total	157	44	890	1,091	14	1,105	
external revenuenote (iv)	7,671	6,939	(5,153)	9,457	28	9,485	
Intra-group revenue	20	32	1	53	(53)	-	
Interest income Other	513	940	1,530	2,983	26	3,009	
investment return Total	(1,703)	1,486	(1,478)	(1,695)	120	(1,575)	
revenue, ne of reinsurance		9,397	(5,100)	10,798	121	10,919	
	Half yea	ar 2017 <sup>,</sup>	* £m				
	Asia	US	UK and Europe		(central	Group total	
Gross premiums	7,697	7,997	6,411	22,105	operations)	22,105	

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earned						
Outward reinsurance premiums	(243)	(168)	(536)	(947)	-	(947)
Earned						
premiums, net of	7,454	7,829	5,875	21,158	-	21,158
reinsurance						
Other incomenote	159	374	580	1,113	24	1,137
(ii),(iii) Total						
external	7,613	8,203	6,455	22,271	24	22,295
revenuenote (iv)	27,013	0,203	0,433	22,271	24	22,273
Intra-group	19	31	2	52	(52)	_
revenue	1)	<i>31</i>	_	32	(52)	
Interest income	486	1,082	1,754	3,322	33	3,355
Other						
investment	4,317	7,254	5,609	17,180	94	17,274
return Total						
revenue, ne	t <sub>12,435</sub>	16,570	13,820	42,825	99	42,924
reinsurance						

The half year 2017 comparative results have been re-presented from those previously published to reflect the Group's current operating segments.

	Full yea	r 2017 £	m			
	Asia	US	UK and Europe	Total segment	Unallo- cated to a segment (central operations)	Group total
Gross						
premiums earned	15,688	15,164	13,126	43,978	27	44,005
Outward	(C. T. C.)	(2.72)	(4.0.70)	(2.0.70)	(1)	(2.0.0)
reinsurance premiums	(656)	(352)	(1,050)	(2,058)	(4)	(2,062)
Earned						
premiums, net of	15,032	14,812	12,076	41,920	23	41,943
reinsurance						
Other						
incomenote (ii),(iii)	307	669	1,234	2,210	48	2,258
(/)(/	15,339	15,481	13,310	44,130	71	44,201

Total external revenuenote (iv) Intra-group 40 5 109 (109)revenue Interest 932 2,085 3,413 6,430 67 6,497 income Other investment 8,063 16,448 11,171 35,682 10 35,692 return Total revenue, net 24,374 34,078 27,899 86,351 39 86,390

reinsurance

#### Notes

(i)

of

Outward reinsurance premiums of £(12,961) million includes the £(12,130) million paid during the period in respect of the reinsurance of the UK annuity portfolio. See note D1 for further details.

Included within other income is revenue from the Group's asset management business of £764 million (half year 2017: £643 million; full year 2017: £1,371 million). The remaining other income includes revenue from external customers for policy fees, advisory fees and commission income. The half year 2017 and full year 2017 comparative also included amounts for broker-dealer fees generated by the US broker-dealer network, which was disposed of in August 2017, amounting to £305 million and £542 million respectively.

(iii)

Following the adoption of IFRS 15, the half year 2017 and full year 2017 comparative results have been re-presented as described in note A2.

(iv)

Total external revenue shown in the tables above is all from external customers except for £166 million within the half year 2018 amount for UK and Europe of £5,153 million. The £166 million represents the insurance recoveries recognised in respect of costs associated with the review of past annuity sales as described further in note B3.

**B2** Acquisition costs and other expenditure

	2018 £m	2017 £m	
	Half year	Half year	Full year
Acquisition costs incurred for insurance policies	(1,648)	(1,920)	(3,712)
Acquisition costs deferred less amortisation of acquisition costs	(61)	399	911
Administration costs and other expenditure*	(2,705)	(2,970)	(6,208)
Movements in amounts attributable to external unit holders of consolidated investment funds	(121)	(754)	(984)
Total acquisition costs and other expenditure	(4,535)	(5,245)	(9,993)
*			

Following the adoption of IFRS 15 the half year 2017 and full year 2017 comparative results have been re-presented as described in note A2.

Included in total acquisition costs and other expenditure is depreciation of property, plant and equipment of £(54) million (half year 2017: £(60) million; full year 2017: £(116) million).

**B**3

Effect of changes and other accounting matters on insurance assets and liabilities

The following matters are relevant to the determination of the half year 2018 results:

(a)

Asia insurance operations

In half year 2018, the IFRS operating profit based on longer-term investment returns for Asia insurance operations included a net credit of £69 million (half year 2017: £54 million; full year 2017: £75 million) representing a small number of items that are not expected to reoccur, including the impact of a refinement to the run-off of the allowance for prudence within technical provisions.

(b)

UK and Europe insurance operations

Annuity business

Allowance for credit risk

For IFRS reporting, the results for UK shareholder-backed annuity business are particularly sensitive to the allowances made for credit risk. The allowance is reflected in the deduction from the valuation rate of interest used for discounting projected future annuity payments to policyholders that would have otherwise applied. The credit risk allowance comprises an amount for long-term best estimate defaults and additional provisions for credit risk premium, the cost of downgrades and short-term defaults.

The IFRS credit risk allowance made for the UK shareholder-backed fixed and linked annuity business equated to 44 basis points at 30 June 2018 (30 June 2017: 43 basis points; 31 December 2017: 42 basis points). The allowance represented 26 per cent of the bond spread over swap rates (30 June 2017: 28 per cent; 31 December 2017: 28 per cent).

The reserves for credit risk allowance at 30 June 2018 for the UK shareholder-backed business were £1.1 billion (30 June 2017: £1.7 billion; 31 December 2017: £1.6 billion). The 30 June 2018 credit risk allowance information is after reflecting the impact of the reinsurance of £12.0 billion of the UK shareholder-backed annuity portfolio to Rothesay Life entered into in March 2018. See note D1 for further details.

#### Longevity reinsurance and other management actions

Aside from the aforementioned reinsurance agreement with Rothesay Life, no new longevity reinsurance transactions were undertaken in the first half of 2018 (half year 2017: longevity reinsurance transactions covering £0.6 billion of IFRS annuity liabilities contributed £31 million to profit). Other management actions generated profits of £63 million (half year 2017: £157 million; full year 2017: £245 million).

#### Review of past annuity sales

Prudential has agreed with the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) to review annuities sold without advice after 1 July 2008 to its contract-based defined contribution pension customers. The review is examining whether customers were given sufficient information about their potential eligibility to purchase an enhanced annuity, either from Prudential or another pension provider. A gross provision of £400 million, before costs incurred, had been established at 31 December 2017 to cover the costs of undertaking the review and any related redress. Following a reassessment of the provision held, no further amount has been provided in the first half of 2018. The ultimate amount that will be expended by the Group on the review, which is currently expected to be completed in 2019, remains uncertain. In the first half of 2018, the Group agreed with its professional indemnity insurers that they will meet £166 million of the Group's claims costs, which will be paid as the Group incurs costs/redress. This has been recognised on the Group's

balance sheet within "Other debtors" at 30 June 2018.

B4 Tax charge

(a)

Total tax charge by nature of expense

The total tax charge in the income statement is as follows:

	2017 £m	2017 £m			
Tax charge	Current tax	Deferred tax	Half year Total	Half year Total	Full year Total
Attributable to					
shareholders:					
Asia operations	(90)	(49)	(139)	(144)	(253)
US operations	-	(216)	(216)	(46)	(508)
UK and Europe	(43)	17	(26)	(150)	(267)
Other operations	43	(6)	37	31	122
Tax charge					
attributable to	(90)	(254)	(244)	(200)	(006)
shareholders'	(90)	(254)	(344)	(309)	(906)
returns					
Attributable to					
policyholders:					
Asia operations	(47)	4	(43)	(131)	(249)
UK and Europe	(64)	74	10	(262)	(425)
Tax (charge) credit					
attributable to	(111)	78	(33)	(393)	(674)
policyholders'	(111)	70	(33)	(393)	(0/4)
returns					
Total tax charge	(201)	(176)	(377)	(702)	(1,580)

The principal reason for the increase in the tax charge attributable to shareholders' returns is an increase in the proportion of profits arising in US operations, offset by decreases in the proportion of profits arising in UK and Europe. The principal reason for the decrease in the tax charge attributable to policyholders' returns is a decrease in the deferred tax liabilities on unrealised gains on investments in the with profits funds of the UK and Europe compared to the first half of 2017 and an increase in deferred tax liabilities on policyholder reserves reflecting growth in Asia.

The current tax charge of £201 million (half year 2017: £427 million; full year 2017: £696 million) includes £28 million (half year 2017: £37 million; full year 2017: £59 million) in respect of the tax charge for the Hong Kong operation. The Hong Kong current tax charge is calculated as 16.5 per cent for all periods on either (i) 5 per cent of the net insurance premium or (ii) the estimated assessable profits, depending on the nature of the business written.

(b) Reconciliation of shareholder effective tax rate

In the reconciliation below, the expected tax rates reflect the corporation tax rates that are expected to apply to the taxable profit of the relevant business. Where there are profits of more than one jurisdiction the expected tax rates reflect the corporation tax rates weighted by reference to the amount of profit contributing to the aggregate business result.

	Half year 2	2018 £m				
	Asia operations	US operations	UK and Europe	Other operations*	Total attributable to shareholders	Percentage impact on ETR
Operating profit (loss) based on longer-term investment returns	1,016	1,002	778	(391)	2,405	
Non-operating (loss) profit Profit (loss) before tax	(338) 678	184 1,186	(635) 143	84 (307)	(705) 1,700	
Expected tax rate	22%	21%	19%	19%	22%	
Tax at the expected rate	149	249	27	(58)	367	21.6%
Effects of recurring tax reconciliation items:	1					
Income not taxable or taxable at concessionary rates	(11)	(5)	(1)	(3)	(20)	(1.2%)
Deductions not allowable for tax purposes	23	1	1	1	26	1.5%
Items related to taxation of life insurance businessesnote (i)	(2)	(34)	1	-	(35)	(2.1%)
Deferred tax adjustments	(9)	-	-	(8)	(17)	(1.0%)
Effect of results of joint ventures and associatesnote (ii)	(20)	-	(2)	-	(22)	(1.3%)
Irrecoverable withholding taxesnote (iii)	-	-	-	26	26	1.5%
Other	-	2	1	2	5	0.4%
Total	(19)	(36)	-	18	(37)	(2.2%)
Effects of non-recurring tax reconciliation items:						
Adjustments to tax charge in relation to prior years	<sup>n</sup> 1	3	(1)	3	6	0.4%
Movements in provisions for open tax mattersnote (iv)	8	-	-	-	8	0.4%
Total	9	3	(1)	3	14	0.8%
Total actual tax charge (credit) Analysed into:	139	216	26	(37)	344	20.2%
Tax on operating profit based on longer-term investment returns	151	177	150	(49)	429	
Tax on non-operating profit Actual tax rate:	(12)	39	(124)	12	(85)	
Operating profit based on longer-term investment returns:						
Including non-recurring tax reconciling items	15%	18%	19%	13%	18%	
Excluding non-recurring tax reconciling items	14%	17%	19%	13%	17%	
Total profit *	21%	18%	18%	12%	20%	

Other operations include restructuring costs.

#### Notes

(i)

Items related to taxation of life insurance businesses

The £34 million (half year 2017: £85 million) reconciling item in US operations reflects the impact of the dividend received deduction on the taxation of profits from variable annuity business. The reduction from half year 2017 is a result of the US tax reform changes, which took effect from 1 January 2018. The principal reason for the reduction in the Asia operations reconciling items from £43 million at half year 2017 to £2 million at half year 2018 reflects non-operating investment losses in Hong Kong which do not attract tax relief due to the taxable profit being computed as 5 per cent of net insurance premiums.

(ii)

Effects of results of joint ventures and associates

Profit before tax includes Prudential's share of profits after tax from the joint ventures and associates. Therefore, the actual tax charge does not include tax arising from profit or loss of joint ventures and associates and is reflected as a reconciling item in the table above.

(iii)

Irrecoverable withholding taxes

The £26 million (half year 2017: £29 million) adverse reconciling items reflects local withholding taxes on dividends paid by certain non-UK subsidiaries, principally Indonesia, to the UK. The dividends are exempt from UK tax and consequently the withholding tax cannot be offset against UK tax payments.

(iv)

Movements in provisions for open tax matters

The complexity of the tax laws and regulations that relate to our businesses means that from time to time we may disagree with tax authorities on the technical interpretation of a particular area of tax law. This uncertainty means that in the normal course of business the Group will have matters where upon ultimate resolution of the uncertainty, the amount of profit subject to tax may be greater than the amounts reflected in the Group's submitted tax returns. The statement of financial position contains the following provisions in relation to open tax matters:

	£m
At 31 December 2017	(139)
Movements in the current period included in:	
Tax charge attributable to shareholders	(8)
Other movements*	(2)
At 30 June 2018	(149)
Ψ.	

Other movements include interest arising on open tax matters and amounts included in the Group's share of profits from joint ventures and associates, net of related tax.

	Half year 2017 £m**					
	Asia	US	UK and	Other	Total attributable	Percentage
	operations	operations	Europe	operations*	to shareholders	impact on ETR
Operating profit (loss) based on longer-term investment returns	953	1,073	745	(413)	2,358	
Non-operating profit (loss)	98	(782)	42	98	(544)	
Profit (loss) before tax	1,051	291	787	(315)	1,814	
Expected tax rate	20%	35%	19%	19%	22%	
Tax at the expected rate	210	102	150	(60)	402	22.2%

Effects of recurring tax reconciliation items: Income not taxable or taxable at	(19)	(10)	-	(2)	(31)	(1.7)%
concessionary rates Deductions not allowable for tax purposes	9	-	6	3	18	1.0%
Items related to taxation of life insurance businesses	(43)	(85)	(2)	-	(130)	(7.2)%
Deferred tax adjustments	4	-	(1)	-	3	0.2%
Effect of results of joint ventures and associates	(19)	-	(1)	-	(20)	(1.1)%
Irrecoverable withholding taxes Other	3	- 4	- 4	29 (1)	29 10	1.6% 0.5%
Total	(65)	(91)	6	29	(121)	(6.7)%
Effects of non-recurring tax reconciliation items:						
Adjustments to tax charge in relation to prior years	-	10	(6)	-	4	0.2%
Movements in provisions for open tax matters	,	25	-	-	32	1.7%
Cumulative exchange gains on the sold Korea life business recycled	(8)	-	-	-	(8)	(0.4)%
from other comprehensive income Total	(1)	35	(6)	-	28	1.5%
Total actual tax charge (credit) Analysed into:	144	46	150	(31)	309	17.0%
Tax on operating profit based on longer-term investment returns	152	321	140	(50)	563	
Tax on non-operating profit Actual tax rate:	(8)	(275)	10	19	(254)	
Operating profit based on longer-term investment returns						
Including non-recurring tax reconciling items	16%	30%	19%	12%	24%	
Excluding non-recurring tax reconciling items	15%	27%	20%	12%	22%	
Total profit *	14%	16%	19%	10%	17%	

Other operations include restructuring costs.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The half year 2017 comparative results have been re-presented from those previously published to reflect the Group's current operating segments.

	Full year 2017 £m					
	Asia operations	US operations	UK and Europe	Other operations*	Total attributable to shareholders	Percentage impact on ETR
Operating profit (loss) based on longer-term investment returns	1,975	2,224	1,378	(878)	4,699	
Non-operating profit (loss)	53	(1,462)	(14)	20	(1,403)	

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Profit (loss) before tax Expected tax rate Tax at the expected rate Effects of recurring tax reconciliation items:	2,028 21% 426	762 35% 267	1,364 19% 259	(858) 19% (163)	3,296 24% 789	23.9%
Income not taxable or taxable at concessionary rates	(64)	(11)	(2)	(14)	(91)	(2.8%)
Deductions not allowable for tax purposes	26	6	13	10	55	1.7%
Items related to taxation of life insurance businesses	(92)	(238)	(2)	-	(332)	(10.1%)
Deferred tax adjustments	11	17	(1)	(5)	22	0.7%
Effect of results of joint ventures and associates	(52)	-	(3)	-	(55)	(1.7%)
Irrecoverable withholding taxes	-	-	-	54	54	1.6%
Other	(10)	-	6	(1)	(5)	(0.1%)
Total	(181)	(226)	11	44	(352)	(10.7%)
Effects of non-recurring tax reconciliation items: Adjustments to tax charge in relation to prior years	(3)	(15)	(3)	(3)	(24)	(0.7%)
Movements in provisions for open tax matters	19	25	-	-	44	1.3%
Impact of US tax reform	_	445	_	_	445	13.5%
Adjustments in relation to business	(8)	12	-	-	4	0.1%
disposals Total	8	467	(3)	(3)	469	14.2%
Total actual tax charge (credit) Analysed into:	253	508	267	(122)	906	27.4%
Tax on operating profit based on longer-term investment returns	276	548	268	(121)	971	
Tax on non-operating profit	(23)	(40)	(1)	(1)	(65)	
Actual tax rate: Operating profit based on longer-term investment returns:						
Including non-recurring tax reconciling items	14%	25%	19%	14%	21%	
Excluding non-recurring tax reconciling items	13%	24%	20%	13%	20%	
Total profit	12%	67%	20%	14%	27%	

Other operations include restructuring costs.

B5 Earnings per share

Half year	2018			
Before	Tax	Non-controlling interests Net of tax	Basic	Diluted

		tax				and non- controlling interests	earnings per share	earnings per share
	Note	note B1.1 £m	note B4 £m	£m		£m	pence	pence
Based on operating profit based on longer-term investment returns Short-term		2,405	(429)	(1)		1,975	76.8p	76.7p
fluctuations in investment returns on shareholder-backed business Amortisation of acquisition accounting adjustments (Loss) attaching to		(113)	(24)	-		(137)	(5.3)p	(5.3)p
		(22)	4	-		(18)	(0.7)p	(0.7)p
disposal of businesses and corporate transactions		(570)	105	-		(465)	(18.1)p	(18.1)p
Based on profit for the period		1,700	(344)	(1)		1,355	52.7p	52.6p
		Half year	2017					
		Before tax	Tax	Net of tax	Basic earnings per share	Diluted earnings per share		
Rasad on operating	Note	note B1.1 £m	note B4 £m	£m	pence	pence		
Based on operating profit based on longer-term investment returns Short-term fluctuations in investment returns on shareholder-backed business Amortisation of		2,358	(563)	1,795	70.0p	69.9p		
		(573)	248	(325)	(12.7)p	(12.7)p		
acquisition accounting		(32)	6	(26)	(1.0)p	(1.0)p		
adjustments Cumulative exchange gain on the sold Korea life business recycled from other		61	-	61	2.4p	2.4p		

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comprehensive income Based on profit for the period		1,814	(309)	1,505	58.7p	58.6p					
		Full year 2017									
		Before tax	Tax	Non-controlling interests		Net of tax and non- controlling interests	Basic earnings per share	Diluted earnings per share			
Based on operating profit based on longer-term investment returns Short-term fluctuations in investment returns	Note	note B1.1 £m	note B4 £m	£m		£m	pence	pence			
	,	4,699	(971)	(1)		3,727	145.2p	145.1p			
		(1,563)	572	-		(991)	(38.6)p	(38.6)p			
		(63)	20	-		(43)	(1.7)p	(1.7)p			
		61	-	-		61	2.4p	2.4p			
Profit attaching to the disposal of businesses		162	(82)	-		80	3.1p	3.1p			
Impact of US tax reform		-	(445)	-		(445)	(17.3)p	(17.3)p			
Based on profit for the year		3,296	(906)	(1)		2,389	93.1p	93.0p			

Earnings per share are calculated based on earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders, after related tax and non-controlling interests.

The weighted average number of shares for calculating earnings per share, which excludes those held in employee share trusts and consolidated unit trusts and OEICs, is set out as below:

	Half year 2018	2017	2017
Weighted average number of shares for calculation of:	(millions)	(millions)	(millions)

Basic earnings per share	2,573	2,565	2,567
Diluted earnings per share	2,574	2,567	2,568

#### B6 Dividends

	•		Half year 2017 Pence per share £m		Full year 2017	
					Pence per share	£m
Dividends relating to reporting period:						
First interim ordinary dividend	15.67p	406	14.50p	375	14.50p	375
Second interim ordinary dividend	-	-	-	-	32.50p	841
Total	15.67p	406	14.50p	375	47.00p	1,216
Dividends paid in reporting period:						
Current year first interim ordinary dividend	-	-	-	-	14.50p	373
Second interim ordinary dividend for prior year	32.50p	840	30.57p	786	30.57p	786
Total	32.50p	840	30.57p	786	45.07p	1,159

#### Dividend per share

The 2018 first interim dividend of 15.67 pence per ordinary share will be paid on 27 September 2018 in sterling to shareholders on the UK register and the Irish branch register on 24 August 2018 (Record Date), and in Hong Kong dollars to shareholders on the Hong Kong branch register at 4.30pm Hong Kong time on the Record Date (HK Shareholders). The dividend payable to the HK Shareholders will be translated using the exchange rate quoted by the WM Company at the close of business on 7 August 2018. Holders of US American Depositary Receipts (US Shareholders) will be paid their dividends in US dollars on or about 4 October 2018. The exchange rate at which the dividend payable to the US Shareholders will be translated into US dollars will be determined by the depositary agent. The first interim dividend will be paid on or about 4 October 2018 in Singapore dollars to shareholders with shares standing to the credit of their securities accounts with The Central Depository (Pte.) Limited (CDP) at 5.00pm Singapore time on the Record Date (SG Shareholders). The exchange rate at which the dividend payable to the SG Shareholders will be translated from Hong Kong dollars into Singapore dollars, will be determined by CDP.

Shareholders on the UK register and Irish branch register are eligible to participate in a Dividend Reinvestment Plan.

C BALANCE SHEET NOTES

C1

Analysis of Group statement of financial position by segment

To explain the assets, liabilities and capital of the Group's businesses more comprehensively, it is appropriate to provide analyses of the Group's statement of financial position by operating segment and type of business.

30 Jun 2018 £m					30 Jun 2017 £m	31 Dec 2017 £m
Asia US	UK and Europe	Unallocated to a segment (central operations)	Elimination of intragroup debtors and creditors	Group Total	Group Total	Group Total

By operating segmen	ntNote	C2.1	C2.2	C2.3	note (v)				
Assets Goodwill Deferred acquisition	C5(a)	306	-	1,314	-	-	1,620	1,501	1,482
costs and other intangible assets	C5(b)	2,614	8,503	199	43	-	11,359	10,757	11,011
Property, plant and equipmentnote (i)		123	237	588	3	-	951	727	789
Reinsurers' share of insurance contract liabilitiesnote (ii)		2,258	6,436	2,104	3	(1,181)	9,620	9,709	9,673
Deferred tax assets	C7	112	2,144	130	49	-	2,435	4,105	2,627
Current tax recoverable		23	298	255	115	(65)	626	700	613
Accrued investment income		611	460	1,471	32	-	2,574	2,887	2,676
Other debtorsnote (iii)		2,429	242	3,580	1,722	(4,454)	3,519	3,417	2,963
Investment properties Investment in joint	s	5	5	17,595	-	-	17,605	15,218	16,497
ventures and associates accounted for using the equity		867	-	687	-	-	1,554	1,293	1,416
method Loans	C3.3	1,337	9,815	5,664	106	-	16,922	16,952	17,042
Equity securities and portfolio holdings in unit trusts		30,926	135,837	62,832	112	-	229,707	210,437	223,391
Debt securities Derivative assets Other investments Deposits Assets held for sale*	C3.2	42,256 191 - 1,203	36,115 816 901 17	79,744 2,305 5,158 11,020 12,024	2,190 116 - 172	- - -	160,305 3,428 6,059 12,412 12,024	170,793 3,789 5,566 13,353 33	171,374 4,801 5,622 11,236 38
Cash and cash		2,177	1,174	3,420	1,679	_	8,450	9,893	10,690
equivalents Total assets		·	203,000	•		(5,700)	501,170	481,130	493,941
Total equity Liabilities Contract liabilities (including amounts in	n	5,741	5,100	8,046	(2,997)	-	15,890	15,450	16,094
respect of contracts classified as investment contracts	C4.1(a)	66,821	185,150	154,655	37	(1,181)	405,482	398,980	411,243
under IFRS 4) Unallocated surplus of with-profits funds Core structural	C4.1(a)	3,766	-	13,517	-	-	17,283	15,090	16,951
borrowings of shareholder-financed operations	C6.1	-	189	-	6,178	-	6,367	6,614	6,280

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Operational									
borrowings attributable to	C6.2(a)	17	262	130	1,209		1,618	2,096	1,791
shareholder-financed	. ,	1 /	202	130	1,209	-	1,010	2,090	1,791
operations	•								
Borrowings									
attributable to	C6.2(b)	22		3,557			3,589	3,336	3,716
with-profits	C0.2(b)	32	-	3,337	-	-	3,369	3,330	3,710
operations									
Obligations under									
funding, securities			5 (10	1.516			7 120	C 400	5.000
lending and sale and repurchase		-	5,612	1,516	-	-	7,128	6,408	5,662
agreements									
Net asset value									
attributable to unit									
holders of		2.550		<i>5</i> 701	27		0.250	0.577	0.000
consolidated unit		3,550	-	5,781	27	-	9,358	8,577	8,889
trusts and similar									
funds									
Deferred tax	C7	1,174	1,653	1,602	14	_	4,443	5,683	4,715
liabilities		•	22	194	100	(65)	•	•	
Current tax liabilities Accruals, deferred	3	155	22	194	109	(65)	415	743	537
income and other		5,920	4,914	6,349	822	(4,454)	13,551	14,524	14,185
liabilitiesnote (iv)		3,720	7,217	0,547	022	(1,131)	13,331	14,324	14,103
Provisions		175	19	684	42	_	920	759	1,123
Derivative liabilities		87	79	2,082	901	-	3,149	2,870	2,755
Liabilities held for		_	_	11,977	_	_	11,977	_	_
sale				•		_			
Total liabilities		81,697	197,900	202,044	9,339	(5,700)	485,280	465,680	477,847
Total equity and liabilities		87,438	203,000	210,090	6,342	(5,700)	501,170	481,130	493,941
#									

Assets held for sale of £12,024 million includes £11,977 million in respect of the reinsured UK annuity business (see note D1).

#### Notes

(i)

£605 million (30 June 2017: £409 million; 31 December 2017: £492 million) of the property, plant and equipment of £951 million (30 June 2017: £727 million; 31 December 2017: £789 million) was held by the Group's with-profits operations, primarily by the consolidated subsidiaries for venture funds and other investment purposes of the PAC with-profits fund. The Group made additions to property, plant and equipment of £167 million during the period (30 June 2017: £120 million; 31 December 2017: £134 million).

(ii)

Reinsurers' share of contract liabilities relate primarily to the reinsurance ceded in respect of the acquired REALIC business by the Group's US insurance operations and the reinsurance of part of the UK Shareholder-backed annuity portfolio as described in note D1.

(iii)

Within other debtors are premiums receivable of £595 million (30 June 2017: £432 million; 31 December 2017: £547 million) of which 89 per cent are due within one year. The remaining 11 per cent is due after one year.

(iv)

Within 'Accruals, deferred income and other liabilities' of £13,551 million (30 June 2017: £14,524 million; 31 December 2017: £14,185 million) is an amount of £8,435 million (30 June 2017: £8,575 million; 31 December 2017: £9,305 million) that is due within one year.

(v)

Unallocated to a segment includes central operations, Prudential Capital and Africa operations as per note B1.3.

C2
Analysis of segment statement of financial position by business type

To show the statement of financial position by reference to the differing degrees of policyholder and shareholder economic interest of the different types of business, the analysis below is structured to show the assets and liabilities of each segment by business type.

C2.1 Asia

		2018 £m	Unit						2017 £m	
	Note	With -profits business	-linked assets and liabilities	Other business	Total	Asset- manage ment	Elimina- tions	30 Jun Total	30 Jun* Total	31 Dec Total
Assets				245	245	<i>C</i> 1		206	206	205
Goodwill Deferred acquisition		-	-	245	245	61	-	306	306	305
costs and other		48	_	2,561	2,609	5	_	2,614	2,344	2,540
intangible assets		40		2,301	2,00)	3		2,014	2,511	2,340
Property, plant and equipment		86	-	34	120	3	-	123	122	125
Reinsurers' share of										
insurance contract		79	-	2,179	2,258	-	-	2,258	1,680	1,960
liabilities				105	105	7		110	02	110
Deferred tax assets Current tax		-	-	105	105	7	-	112	93	112
recoverable		-	4	19	23	-	-	23	30	58
Accrued investment										
income		266	57	256	579	32	-	611	597	595
Other debtors		1,599	232	551	2,382	76	(29)	2,429	2,640	2,675
Investment properties	s	-	-	5	5	-	-	5	5	5
Investment in joint										
ventures and										
associates accounted		-	-	723	723	144	-	867	849	912
for using the equity method										
Loans	C3.3	757		580	1,337	_		1,337	1,307	1,317
Equity securities and		131	_	300	1,337	_	_	1,337	1,507	1,317
portfolio holdings in		16,673	12,592	1,622	30,887	39	_	30,926	26,772	29,976
unit trusts		,	,	,	,			,	,	,
Debt securities	C3.2	24,923	3,771	13,522	42,216	40	-	42,256	39,061	40,982
Derivative assets		136	3	52	191	-	-	191	102	113

Deposits	271	369	530	1,170	33	-	1,203	1,287	1,291
Cash and cash	722	524	820	2,066	111	_	2,177	1,942	1,934
equivalents									
Total assets	45,560	17,552	23,804	86,916	551	(29)	87,438	79,137	84,900
Total equity	-	-	5,327	5,327	414	-	5,741	5,563	5,926
Liabilities									
Contract liabilities									
(including amounts in									
respect of contracts C4.1(b)	36,282	16,094	14,445	66,821	-	_	66,821	59,619	64,133
classified as		•	•						•
investment contracts									
under IFRS 4)									
Unallocated surplus	3,766	-	-	3,766	-	-	3,766	3,003	3,474
of with-profits funds									
Operational borrowings									
attributable to		10	7	17			17	20	50
shareholder-financed	_	10	/	1 /	-	-	17	20	30
operations									
Borrowings									
attributable to									
with-profits	32	-	-	32	-	-	32	20	10
operations									
Net asset value									
attributable to unit									
holders of	2.042	1 072	225	2.550			2.550	0.541	2.621
consolidated unit	2,042	1,273	235	3,550	-	-	3,550	3,541	3,631
trusts and similar									
funds									
Deferred tax	782	30	362	1,174	_	_	1,174	1,022	1,152
liabilities		30				-	1,1/4	1,022	
Current tax liabilities	54	-	89	143	12	-	155	175	122
Accruals, deferred									
income and other	2,526	137	3,211	5,874	75	(29)	5,920	5,859	6,069
liabilities									
Provisions	26	-	99	125	50	-	175	191	254
Derivative liabilities	50	8	29	87	127	- (20)	87	124	79
Total liabilities	45,560	17,552	18,477	81,589	137	(29)	81,697	73,574	78,974
Total equity and	45,560	17,552	23,804	86,916	551	(29)	87,438	79,137	84,900
liabilities	•	*	*	,		. ,	,	•	•

<sup>\*</sup> The half year 2017 comparative results have been re-presented from those previously published to reflect the Group's current operating segments.

#### Note

The statement of financial position for with-profits business comprises the with-profits assets and liabilities of the Hong Kong, Malaysia and Singapore operations. Assets and liabilities of other participating businesses are included in the column for 'Other business'.

C2.2 US

		2018 £m Variable annuity	Fixed					2017 £m	
	Note	separate account assets and liabilities	annuity, GIC and other business	Total	Asset manage- ment	Elimina- tions	30 Jun Total	30 Jun* Total	31 Dec Total
Assets									
Goodwill		-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-
Deferred acquisition									
costs and other		-	8,503	8,503	-	-	8,503	8,192	8,219
intangible assets									
Property, plant and			234	234	3		237	232	214
equipment		-	234	234	3	-	231	232	214
Reinsurers' share of									
insurance contract		-	6,436	6,436	-	-	6,436	6,740	6,424
liabilities									
Deferred tax assets		_	2,056	2,056	88	_	2,144	3,808	2,300
Current tax									
recoverable		-	292	292	6	-	298	354	298
Accrued investment			420	400			4.60	<b>7</b> 60	400
income		-	438	438	22	-	460	569	492
Other debtors		_	236	236	76	(70)	242	266	248
Investment propertie	S	_	5	5	-	-	5	6	5
Loans	C3.3	_	9,815	9,815	_	_	9,815	9,497	9,630
Equity securities and			,,015	,,015			,,015	J, 1J /	,030
portfolio holdings in	•	135,546	289	135,835	2	_	135,837	125,059	130,630
unit trusts		133,340	20)	155,055	2		155,057	123,037	130,030
Debt securities	C3.2	_	36,115	36,115	_	_	36,115	38,029	35,378
Derivative assets	C3.2	-	816	816	-	-	816	906	1,611
Other investments		-	898	898	3	-	901	936	848
Deposits		-	070	070	17	-	17	18	43
Cash and cash		-	-	-	1 /	-	1 /	10	
		-	836	836	338	-	1,174	1,470	1,658
equivalents Total assets		135,546	66,969	202,515	555	(70)	203,000	196,098	197,998
Total equity		133,340	4,896	4,896	204	(70)	5,100	5,213	5,248
Liabilities		-	4,090	4,090	204	-	3,100	3,213	3,240
Contract liabilities									
	n								
(including amounts i	11								
respect of contracts	C4.1(c)	135,546	49,604	185,150	-	-	185,150	177,779	180,724
classified as									
investment contracts									
under IFRS 4)									
Core structural									
borrowings of		_	189	189	_	_	189	192	184
shareholder-financed	l		107	107			107		10.
operations									
Operational		-	262	262	-	-	262	453	508
borrowings									
attributable to									

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shareholder-financed operations								
Obligations under								
funding, securities								
lending and sale and	-	5,612	5,612	-	-	5,612	4,518	4,304
repurchase								
agreements								
Deferred tax		1,652	1,652	1		1,653	2,983	1,845
liabilities	-	1,032	1,032	1	-	1,055	2,963	1,043
Current tax liabilities	-	21	21	1	-	22	60	47
Accruals, deferred								
income and other	-	4,642	4,642	342	(70)	4,914	4,856	5,109
liabilities								
Provisions	-	12	12	7	-	19	1	24
Derivative liabilities	-	79	79	-	-	79	43	5
Total liabilities	135,546	62,073	197,619	351	(70)	197,900	190,885	192,750
Total equity and	125 546	66.060	202 515	555	(70)	202.000	106 000	107.000
liabilities	135,546	66,969	202,515	333	(70)	203,000	196,098	197,998

<sup>\*</sup> The half year 2017 comparative results have been re-presented from those previously published to reflect the Group's current operating segments.

C2.3 UK and Europe

	2018 £n	18 £m Other funds and subsidiaries						2017 £m	
	With- profits sub- funds	Unit-linked assets and liabilities	Annuity and other long-term business	Total	Asset manage- ment	Elimina- tions	30 Jun Total	30 Jun* Total	31 Dec Total
By operating Note segment	note (i)								
Assets Goodwill Deferred acquisition	161	-	-	161	1,153	-	1,314	1,179	1,177
costs and other intangible	101	-	92	193	6	-	199	189	210
assets Property, plant and equipment Reinsurers'	519	-	33	552	36	-	588	370	447
share of insurance contract	1,213	126	765	2,104	-	-	2,104	2,560	2,521
liabilities Deferred tax assets	65	-	44	109	21	-	130	152	157

Current tax recoverable Accrued		58	-	197	255	-	-	255	311	244
investment income		993	96	374	1,463	8	-	1,471	1,680	1,558
Other debtors		1,725	399	656	2,780	909	(109)	3,580	3,729	3,118
Investment properties Investment in joint ventures and	I.	15,293	647	1,655	17,595	-	-	17,595	15,207	16,487
associates accounted for using the equity method	,	649	-	-	649	38	-	687	444	504
Loans Equity securities	C3.3	3,943	-	1,721	5,664	-	-	5,664	5,784	5,986
and portfolio holdings in unit trusts	)	47,590	15,072	15	62,677	155	-	62,832	58,509	62,670
Debt securities	C3.2	51,064	6,536	22,144	79,744	-	-	79,744	91,302	92,707
Derivative assets		1,844	1	460	2,305	-	-	2,305	2,676	2,954
Other		5,147	10	1	5,158	_	-	5,158	4,630	4,774
investments Deposits		8,853	1,330	837	11,020	_	-	11,020	11,843	9,540
Assets held for sale		47	-	11,977	12,024	-	-	12,024	33	38
Cash and cash equivalents		2,280	138	593	3,011	409	-	3,420	4,915	5,808
Total assets Total equity Liabilities Contract liabilities (including amounts in respect of		141,545	24,355	41,564 6,032	207,464 6,032	2,735 2,014	(109)	210,090 8,046	205,513 8,108	210,900 8,245
contracts classified as investment contracts under IFRS 4)	C4.1(d)	112,339	22,198	20,118	154,655	-	-	154,655	162,853	167,589
Unallocated surplus of	C4.1(d)	13,517	-	-	13,517	-	-	13,517	12,087	13,477

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with-profits funds Operational borrowings									
attributable	_	4	126	130	_	_	130	199	148
to shareholder-financed									
operations									
Borrowings									
attributable									
to	3,557	-	-	3,557	-	-	3,557	3,316	3,706
with-profits									
operations									
Obligations									
under									
funding,									
securities	1,193	-	323	1,516	-	-	1,516	1,890	1,358
lending and sale and									
repurchase									
agreements									
Net asset									
value									
attributable									
to unit									
holders of	3,998	1,697	86	5,781	-	-	5,781	5,036	5,243
consolidated									
unit trusts									
and similar funds									
Deferred tax									
liabilities	1,353	-	225	1,578	24	-	1,602	1,667	1,703
Current tax	2.1	40	0.0	1.40	4.5		104	400	277
liabilities	21	48	80	149	45	-	194	490	377
Accruals,									
deferred									
income and	4,549	403	1,047	5,999	459	(109)	6,349	7,565	6,609
other									
liabilities	25		166	401	102		601	521	704
Provisions Derivative	25	-	466	491	193	-	684	531	784
liabilities	993	5	1,084	2,082	-	-	2,082	1,771	1,661
Liabilities									
held for sale	-	-	11,977	11,977	-	-	11,977	-	-
Total	1 / 1 5 / 5	24.255	25 522	201 422	701	(100)	202.044	107 405	202 655
liabilities	141,545	24,355	35,532	201,432	721	(109)	202,044	197,403	202,655
Total equity									
and	141,545	24,355	41,564	207,464	2,735	(109)	210,090	205,513	210,900
liabilities  * The half year 2017		rro monsiles 1-	<b>h</b>	magames 1 C	10m 41		muhlial 1	to moft 4 4	ho Carray

<sup>\*</sup> The half year 2017 comparative results have been re-presented from those previously published to reflect the Group's current operating segments.

Notes

(i)

Includes the Scottish Amicable Insurance Fund which, at 30 June 2018, has total assets and liabilities of £5,310 million (30 June 2017: £5,943 million; 31 December 2017: £5,768 million). The PAC with-profits sub-fund (WPSF) mainly contains with-profits business but it also contains some non-profit business (unit-linked, term assurances and annuities). The PAC with-profits fund includes £10.2 billion (30 June 2017: £10.9 billion; 31 December 2017: £10.6 billion) of non-profits annuities liabilities.

C3

Assets and liabilities

C3.1

Group assets and liabilities – measurement

(a)

Determination of fair value

The fair values of the financial instruments for which fair valuation is required under IFRS are determined by the use of current market bid prices for exchange-quoted investments, or by using quotations from independent third parties, such as brokers and pricing services or by using appropriate valuation techniques.

The estimated fair value of derivative financial instruments reflects the estimated amount the Group would receive or pay in an arm's length transaction. This amount is determined using quoted prices if exchange listed, quotations from independent third parties or valued internally using standard market practices.

Other than the loans which have been designated at fair value through profit or loss, the loans and receivables have been shown net of provisions for impairment. The fair value of loans has been estimated from discounted cash flows expected to be received. The discount rate used is updated for the market rate of interest where applicable.

The fair value of investment properties is based on market values as assessed by professionally qualified external valuers or by the Group's qualified surveyors.

The fair value of the subordinated and senior debt issued by the parent company is determined using quoted prices from independent third parties.

The fair value of financial liabilities (other than derivative financial instruments) is determined using discounted cash flows of the amounts expected to be paid.

(b)

Fair value measurement hierarchy of Group assets and liabilities

Assets and liabilities carried at fair value on the statement of financial position

The table below shows the assets and liabilities carried at fair value analysed by level of the IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' defined fair value hierarchy. This hierarchy is based on the inputs to the fair value measurement and reflects the lowest level input that is significant to that measurement.

Financial instruments at fair value

 $30\;Jun\;2018\;\pounds m$ 

Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total

Analysis of Quoted prices Valuation Valuation financial (unadjusted) based on based on

investments, net of derivative liabilities by business type		significant observable market inputs	significant unobservable market inputs	
With-profits Loans Equity securities	-	-	1,848	1,848
and portfolio holdings in unit trusts	59,025	4,748	490	64,263
Debt securities	29,680	45,952	355	75,987
Other investments (including derivative assets)	76	3,185	3,866	7,127
Derivative liabilities	(40)	(1,003)	-	(1,043)
Total financial investments, net of derivative liabilities		52,882	6,559	148,182
Percentage of total Unit-linked and		36%	4%	100%
variable annuity separate account Equity securities				
and portfolio holdings in unit	162,698	494	18	163,210
trusts Debt securities Other investments	5,162	5,145	-	10,307
(including derivative assets)	3	4	7	14
Derivative liabilities	(9)	(4)	-	(13)
Total financial investments, net of derivative liabilities		5,639	25	173,518
Percentage of total Non-linked		3%	0%	100%
shareholder-backed Loans Equity securities	-	-	2,935	2,935
and portfolio holdings in unit	2,215	9	10	2,234
trusts Debt securities Other investments	17,918	55,795	298	74,011
(including derivative assets)	34	1,403	909	2,346
Derivative liabilities	(1)	(1,692)	(400)	(2,093)
	20,166	55,515	3,752	79,433

Total financial investments, net of derivative liabilities Percentage of total	S	70%	5%	100%
Group total analysis, including other financial liabilities held at fair value				
Group total Loans Equity securities	-	-	4,783	4,783
and portfolio holdings in unit trusts	223,938	5,251	518	229,707
Debt securities Other investments	52,760	106,892	653	160,305
(including derivative assets)	113	4,592	4,782	9,487
Derivative liabilities Total financial	(50)	(2,699)	(400)	(3,149)
investments, net of derivative liabilities	S	114,036	10,336	401,133
Investment contract liabilities without discretionary participation features held at fair value	-	(16,713)	-	(16,713)
Borrowings attributable to with-profits operations Net asset value	-	-	(1,746)	(1,746)
attributable to unit holders of consolidated unit trusts and similar funds	(5,184)	(3,407)	(767)	(9,358)
Other financial liabilities held at fair value	-	-	(3,159)	(3,159)
Total financial instruments at fair	271,577	93,916	4,664	370,157
value Percentage of total	74%	25%	1%	100%
	30 Jun 2017 £m Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total

Analysis of financial investments, net of derivative liabilities by business type	. 3	Valuation based on significant observable market inputs	Valuation based on significant unobservable market inputs	
With-profits Loans Equity securities	-	-	1,906	1,906
and portfolio holdings in unit	51,136	4,282	426	55,844
trusts Debt securities Other investments	28,122	44,145	296	72,563
(including derivative assets)	73	3,310	3,464	6,847
Derivative liabilities Total financial	(79)	(752)	-	(831)
investments, net of derivative liabilities		50,985	6,092	136,329
Percentage of total Unit-linked and variable annuity separate account Equity securities	58%	38%	4%	100%
and portfolio holdings in unit trusts	152,050	399	23	152,472
Debt securities Other investments	5,243	4,943	-	10,186
(including derivative assets)	4	3	4	11
Derivative liabilities Total financial	(2)	-	-	(2)
investments, net of derivative liabilities		5,345	27	162,667
Percentage of total Non-linked		3%	0%	100%
shareholder-backed Loans Equity securities	-	309	2,594	2,903
and portfolio holdings in unit trusts	2,104	7	10	2,121
Debt securities Other investments	21,525	66,233	286	88,044
(including derivative assets)	-	1,501	996	2,497
	(26)	(1,551)	(460)	(2,037)

Derivative liabilities Total financial investments, net of	22 602	66,499	2 426	02 529
derivative liabilities	·	00,499	3,426	93,528
Percentage of total		71%	4%	100%
Group total analysis, including other financial liabilities held at fair value Group total				
Loans Equity securities	-	309	4,500	4,809
and portfolio holdings in unit trusts	205,290	4,688	459	210,437
Debt securities Other investments	54,890	115,321	582	170,793
(including derivative assets)	77	4,814	4,464	9,355
Derivative liabilities	(107)	(2,303)	(460)	(2,870)
Total financial investments, net of derivative liabilities		122,829	9,545	392,524
Investment contrac liabilities without discretionary participation features held at fair value	-	(17,166)	-	(17,166)
Borrowings attributable to with-profits operations Net asset value	-	-	(1,816)	(1,816)
attributable to unit holders of consolidated unit trusts and similar funds	(5,719)	(2,421)	(437)	(8,577)
Other financial liabilities held at fair value	-	(394)	(2,766)	(3,160)
Total financial instruments at fair value	254,431	102,848	4,526	361,805
Percentage of total	70%	29%	1%	100%

Analysis of financial investments, net of derivative liabilities by business type		Level 2 Valuation based on significant observable market inputs	Level 3 Valuation based on significant unobservable market inputs	Total
With-profits				
Loans Equity securities	-	-	2,023	2,023
and portfolio holdings in unit trusts	57,347	4,470	351	62,168
Debt securities Other investments	29,143	45,602	348	75,093
(including derivative assets)	68	3,638	3,540	7,246
Derivative liabilities Total financial	(68)	(615)	-	(683)
investments, net of derivative liabilities		53,095	6,262	145,847
Percentage of total Unit-linked and variable annuity		36%	4%	100%
separate account Equity securities				
and portfolio holdings in unit trusts	158,631	457	10	159,098
Debt securities Other investments	4,993	5,226	-	10,219
(including derivative assets)	12	4	8	24
Derivative liabilities Total financial	-	(1)	-	(1)
investments, net of derivative liabilities		5,686	18	169,340
Percentage of total Non-linked		3%	0%	100%
shareholder-backed Loans	-	-	2,814	2,814
Equity securities and portfolio holdings in unit	2,105	10	10	2,125
trusts Debt securities Other investments (including	21,443 7	64,313 2,270	306 876	86,062 3,153

derivative assets) Derivative	_	(1,559)	(512)	(2,071)
liabilities Total financial		(1,557)	(312)	(2,071)
investments, net of derivative liabilities	•	65,034	3,494	92,083
Percentage of total		71%	4%	100%
Group total analysis, including other financial liabilities held at fair value Group total				
Loans	-	-	4,837	4,837
Equity securities and portfolio holdings in unit trusts	218,083	4,937	371	223,391
Debt securities	55,579	115,141	654	171,374
Other investments (including derivative assets)	87	5,912	4,424	10,423
Derivative liabilities Total financial	(68)	(2,175)	(512)	(2,755)
investments, net of derivative liabilities		123,815	9,774	407,270
Investment contract liabilities without	t			
discretionary participation features held at fair	-	(17,397)	-	(17,397)
value Borrowings attributable to with-profits operations Net asset value	-	-	(1,887)	(1,887)
attributable to unit holders of consolidated unit trusts and similar funds	(4,836)	(3,640)	(413)	(8,889)
Other financial liabilities held at fair value Total financial	-	-	(3,031)	(3,031)
instruments at fair value	268,845	102,778	4,443	376,066
Percentage of total	72%	27%	1%	100%

All assets and liabilities held at fair value are classified as fair value through profit or loss, except for £35,860 million (30 June 2017: £37,936 million; 31 December 2017: £35,293 million) of debt securities classified as available-for-sale.

#### Assets and liabilities at amortised cost and their fair value

The table below shows the assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost on the statement of financial position and their fair value. The assets and liabilities that are carried at amortised cost but where the carrying value approximates the fair value, are excluded from the analysis below.

	30 Jun 20			
	Total carrying	Total fair		
	value	value	<b>;</b>	
Assets				
Loans	12,139	12,71	0	
Liabilities				
Investment contract liabilities without discretionary participation features	(3,001)	(3,00	3)	
Core structural borrowings of shareholder-financed operations	(6,367)	(6,51	-	
Operational borrowings attributable to shareholder-financed operations	(1,618)	(1,61	-	
Borrowings attributable to the with-profits funds	(1,843)	(1,76	•	
Obligations under funding, securities lending and sale and repurchase agreements	(7,128)	(7,12	•	
	30 Jun 20	)17 fn	n	
	Total	Total		
	carrying	fair		
	value	value	<b>;</b>	
Assets				
Loans	12,142	13,01	7	
Liabilities				
Investment contract liabilities without discretionary participation features	(3,145)	(3,16	4)	
Core structural borrowings of shareholder-financed operations	(6,614)	(7,29)	-	
Operational borrowings attributable to shareholder-financed operations	(2,096)	(2,096)		
Borrowings attributable to the with-profits funds	(1,520)	(1,52)	•	
Obligations under funding, securities lending and sale and repurchase agreements	(6,408)	(6,46	•	
	31 Dec 2	017 C.		
		UI / £I	Total	
	Total		fair	
	carrying	value	value	
Assets				
Loans	12,205		12,939	
Liabilities				
Investment contract liabilities without discretionary participation features	(2,997)		(3,032)	
Core structural borrowings of shareholder-financed operations	(6,280)		(7,032)	
Operational borrowings attributable to shareholder-financed operations	(1,791)		(1,791)	
Borrowings attributable to the with-profits funds	(1,829)		(1,832)	
Obligations under funding, securities lending and sale and repurchase agreements	(5,662)		(5,828)	

(c)

Valuation approach for level 2 fair valued assets and liabilities

A significant proportion of the Group's level 2 assets are corporate bonds, structured securities and other non-national government debt securities. These assets, in line with market practice, are generally valued using independent pricing services or third-party broker quotes. These valuations are determined using independent external quotations from multiple sources and are subject to a number of monitoring controls, such as monthly price variances, stale price reviews and variance analysis on prices achieved on subsequent trades. For further detail on the valuation approach for level 2 fair valued assets and liabilities please refer to note C3.1 of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Of the total level 2 debt securities of £106,892 million at 30 June 2018 (30 June 2017: £115,321 million; 31 December 2017: £115,141 million), £13,871 million are valued internally (30 June 2017: £13,596 million; 31 December 2017: £13,910 million). The majority of such securities are valued using matrix pricing, which is based on assessing the credit quality of the underlying borrower to derive a suitable discount rate relative to government securities of a comparable duration. Under matrix pricing, the debt securities are priced taking the credit spreads on comparable quoted public debt securities and applying these to the equivalent debt instruments factoring in a specified liquidity premium. The majority of the parameters used in this valuation technique are readily observable in the market and, therefore, are not subject to interpretation.

(d)

Fair value measurements for level 3 fair valued assets and liabilities

Reconciliation of movements in level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value

The following table reconciles the value of level 3 fair valued assets and liabilities at 1 January 2018 to that presented at 30 June 2018.

Total investment return recorded in the income statement represents interest and dividend income, realised gains and losses, unrealised gains and losses on the assets classified at fair value through profit and loss and foreign exchange movements on an individual entity's overseas investments.

Total gains and losses recorded in other comprehensive income includes unrealised gains and losses on debt securities held as available-for-sale within Jackson and foreign exchange movements arising from the retranslation of the Group's overseas subsidiaries and branches.

Half year 2018 £m	At 1 Jan 2018	Total gains (losses) ir income statement	in other	Purchases	Sales	Settled	Issued	Transfers into level 3	Transfers out of level 3	At 30 Jun 2018
Loans	4,837	59	65	2	-	(223)	43	-	-	4,783
Equity securities and portfolio holdings in unit trusts	371	43	(7)	112	(1)	-	-	-	-	518
Debt securities	654	(10)	-	55	(46)	-	-	-	-	653
Other investments (including derivative assets)	4,424	188	46	550	(426)	-	-	-	-	4,782
Derivative liabilities	(512)	57	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	(400)

Total financi	ial invest tive liabi	ments, lities	337	104	719	(473)	(223)	43 -	55	10,336
Borrowings with-profits Net asset val	operation	ns (1,88	7) (2)	-	-	-	143		-	(1,746)
to unit holde consolidated	rs of unit trus	(412)	38	-	-	-	22*	(414) -	-	(767)
similar funds Other financ Total financi	ial liabili		1) (84) 289	(68) 36	- 719	- (472)	103	(79) - (450)	- 55	(3,159)
at fair value		4,443	209	30	/19	(473)	43	(450) -	33	4,664
Half year 2017 £m	At 1 Jan 2017	Total gains (losses) in income statement	Total gains (losses) recorded in other comprehensive income	Purchases	Sales	Settled	Issued	Transfers into level 3	Transfers out of level 3	At 30 Jun 2017
Loans Equity	2,699	96	(132)	1,879	-	(70)	28	-	-	4,500
securities and portfolio holdings in unit trusts	722	(17)	(2)	175	(418)	-	-	-	(1)	459
Debt securities Other	942	2	(11)	142	(471)	-	-	-	(22)	582
investments (including derivative assets)	4,480	84	(64)	191	(227)	-	-	-	-	4,464
Derivative liabilities Total	(516)	56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(460)
financial investments, net of derivative liabilities Borrowings attributable	8,327	221	(209)	2,387	(1,116)	(70)	28	-	(23)	9,545
to with-profits operations	-	2	-	-	-	-	(1,818)	-	-	(1,816)
Net asset value attributable to unit	(883)	(357)	-	-	(167)	1,017*	(47)	-	-	(437)

holders of consolidated unit trusts and similar funds Other										
financial liabilities Total	(2,851)	(96)	141	-	(1)	73	(32)	-	-	(2,766)
financial instruments at fair value	4,593	(230)	(68)	2,387	(1,284)	1,020	(1,869)	-	(23)	4,526
Full year 2017 £m	At 1 Jan 2017	Total gains (losses) in income statement	Total gains (losses) recorded in other comprehensive	Purchases	Sales	Settled	Issued	Transfers into level 3	Transfers out of level 3	At 31 Dec 2017
Loans Equity	2,699	17	income (235)	2,129	-	(311)	236	302	-	4,837
securities and portfolio holdings in unit trusts	722	11	(5)	186	(468)	(6)	-	1	(70)	371
Debt securities Other	942	51	(11)	216	(522)	-	-	-	(22)	654
investments (including derivative	4,480	73	(133)	727	(725)	-	-	2	-	4,424
assets) Derivative liabilities Total	(516)	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(512)
financial investments, net of derivative liabilities Borrowings	8,327	156	(384)	3,258	(1,715)	(317)	236	305	(92)	9,774
attributable to with-profits	-	(13)	-	-	-	115	(1,989)	-	-	(1,887)
operations Net asset value attributable to unit	(883)	(559)	-	(13)	-	1,276*	(234)	-	-	(413)

holders of consolidated unit trusts and similar funds										
Other										
financial liabilities	(2,851)	14	250	-	-	252	(311)	(385)	-	(3,031)
Total										
financial instruments	4,593	(402)	(134)	3,245	(1,715)	1,326	(2,298)	(80)	(92)	4,443
at fair value										

Includes distributions to third-party investors by subsidiaries held by the UK with-profits funds for investment purposes. These distributions vary period to period depending on the maturity of the subsidiaries and the gains realised by those entities in the period.

Of the total net gains and losses in the income statement of £289 million (30 June 2017: £(230) million; 31 December 2017: £(402) million), £210 million (30 June 2017: £(234) million; 31 December 2017: £(139) million) relates to net unrealised gains and losses of financial instruments still held at the end of the period, which can be analysed as follows:

	2018 £m	2017 £1	m
	30 Jun	30 Jun	31 Dec
Loans	(23)	-	20
Equity securities	43	21	(12)
Debt securities	(10)	2	(5)
Other investments	109	42	(22)
Derivative liabilities	57	56	4
Borrowings attributable to with-profit operations	(2)	-	(13)
Net asset value attributable to unit holders of consolidated unit trusts and similar funds	38	2	(123)
Other financial liabilities	(2)	(357)	12
Total	210	(234)	(139)

Valuation approach for level 3 fair valued assets and liabilities

Investments valued using valuation techniques include financial investments which by their nature do not have an externally quoted price based on regular trades, and financial investments for which markets are no longer active as a result of market conditions, eg market illiquidity. The valuation techniques used include comparison to recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option-adjusted spread models and, if applicable, enterprise valuation. For further detail on the valuation approach for level 3 fair valued assets and liabilities, please refer to note C3.1 of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

At 30 June 2018, the Group held £4,664 million (30 June 2017: £4,526 million; 31 December 2017: £4,443 million) of net financial instruments at fair value within level 3. This represents 1 per cent (30 June 2017: 1 per cent; 31 December 2017: 1 per cent) of the total fair valued financial assets net of fair valued financial liabilities.

The net financial instruments at fair value within level 3 at 30 June 2018 include £1,808 million of loans and a corresponding £1,746 million of borrowings held by a subsidiary of the Group's UK with-profits fund, attaching to the acquisition of a portfolio of buy-to-let mortgages and other loans financed largely by external third-party

(non-recourse) borrowings (see note C3.3(c) for further details). The Group's exposure is limited to the investment held by the UK with-profits fund rather than to the individual loans and borrowings themselves. The fair value movements of these loans and borrowings have no effect on shareholders' profit and equity. The most significant non-observable inputs to the mortgage fair value are the level of future defaults and prepayments by the mortgage holders.

Included within these amounts are loans of £2,638 million at 30 June 2018 (30 June 2017: £2,594 million; 31 December 2017: £2,512 million), measured as the loan outstanding balance, plus accrued investment income, attached to REALIC and held to back the liabilities for funds withheld under reinsurance arrangements. The funds withheld liability of £2,793 million at 30 June 2018 (30 June 2017: £2,766 million; 31 December 2017: £2,664 million) is also classified within level 3, accounted for on a fair value basis being equivalent to the carrying value of the underlying assets.

Excluding the loans and funds withheld liability under REALIC's reinsurance arrangements as described above, which amounted to a net liability of £(155) million (30 June 2017: £(172) million; 31 December 2017: £(152) million), the level 3 fair valued financial assets net of financial liabilities were £4,819 million (30 June 2017: £4,698 million; 31 December 2017: £4,595 million). Of this amount, a net liability of £(312) million (30 June 2017: net liability of £(218) million; 31 December 2017: net asset of £117 million) is internally valued, representing less than 0.1 per cent of the total fair valued financial assets net of financial liabilities (30 June 2017: 0.1 per cent; 31 December 2017: less than 0.1 per cent). Internal valuations are inherently more subjective than external valuations. Included within these internally valued net asset/liability are:

(a)

Debt securities of £494 million (30 June 2017: £446 million; 31 December 2017: £500 million), which were either valued on a discounted cash flow method with an internally developed discount rate or on external prices adjusted to reflect the specific known conditions relating to these securities (eg distressed securities or securities which were being restructured).

(b)

Private equity and venture investments in both debt and equity securities of £255 million (30 June 2017: £176 million; 31 December 2017: £217 million) which are valued internally using discounted cash flows based on management information available for these investments. The significant unobservable inputs include the determination of expected future cash flows on the investments being valued, determination of the probability of counterparty default and prepayments and the selection of appropriate discount rates. The valuation is performed in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital Association Valuation Guidelines. These investments were principally held by consolidated investment funds that are managed on behalf of third parties.

(c)

Equity release mortgage loan investments of £297 million (30 June 2017: £309 million classified as level 2; 31 December 2017: £302 million) which are valued internally using the discounted cash flow models. The inputs that are significant to the valuation of these investments are primarily the economic assumptions, being the discount rate (risk-free rate plus a liquidity premium) and property values.

(d)

Liabilities of £(735) million (30 June 2017: £(437) million; 31 December 2017: £(403) million) for the net asset value attributable to external unit holders in respect of the consolidated investment funds, which are non-recourse to the Group. These liabilities are valued by reference to the underlying assets.

(e)

Derivative liabilities of £(400) million (30 June 2017: £(460) million; 31 December 2017: £(512) million) which are valued internally using the discounted cash flow method in line with standard market practices but are subject to independent assessment against external counterparties' valuations.

(f)

Other sundry individual financial investments of £74 million (30 June 2017: £57 million; 31 December 2017: £81 million).

Of the internally valued net liability referred to above of £(312) million (30 June 2017: net liability of £(218) million; 31 December 2017: net asset of £117 million):

(a)

A net liability of £(214) million (30 June 2017: net liability of £(97) million; 31 December 2017: net asset of £67 million) was held by the Group's participating funds and therefore shareholders' profit and equity are not impacted by movements in the valuation of these financial instruments.

(b)

A net liability of £(98) million (30 June 2017: net liability of £(121) million; 31 December 2017: net liability of £(184) million) was held to support non-linked shareholder-backed business. If the value of all the level 3 instruments held to support non-linked shareholder-backed business valued internally decreased by 10 per cent, the change in valuation would be £10 million (30 June 2017: £12 million; 31 December 2017: £18 million), which would increase (reduce) shareholders' equity by this amount before tax. All this amount passes through the income statement substantially as part of short-term fluctuations in investment returns outside of operating profit.

(e)

Transfers into and transfers out of levels

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of levels as of the end of each half year reporting period except for material transfers which are recognised as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. Transfers are deemed to have occurred when there is a material change in the observed valuation inputs or a change in the level of trading activities of the securities.

During half year 2018, the transfers between levels within the Group's portfolio were primarily transfers from level 1 to level 2 of £621 million and transfers from level 2 to level 1 of £312 million. These transfers which relate to equity securities and debt securities arose to reflect the change in the observed valuation inputs and in certain cases, the change in the level of trading activities of the securities.

In addition, the transfers out of level 3 in half year 2018 were £55 million. These transfers were primarily between levels 3 and 2 for derivative liabilities. There were no transfers into level 3 in the period.

(1)

Valuation processes applied by the Group

The Group's valuation policies, procedures and analyses for instruments categorised as level 3 are overseen by Business Unit committees as part of the Group's wider financial reporting governance processes. The procedures undertaken include approval of valuation methodologies, verification processes, and resolution of significant or complex valuation issues. In undertaking these activities the Group makes use of the extensive expertise of its asset management functions. In addition, the Group has minimum standards for independent price verification to ensure valuation accuracy is regularly independently verified. Adherence to this policy is monitored across the business units.

C3.2

Debt securities

This note provides analysis of the Group's debt securities, including asset-backed securities and sovereign debt securities.

With the exception of certain debt securities for US insurance operations classified as 'available-for-sale' under IAS 39 as disclosed in notes C3.2 (b) to (d) below, the Group's debt securities are carried at fair value through profit or loss.

(a)

Credit rating

Debt securities are analysed below according to external credit ratings issued, with equivalent ratings issued by different ratings agencies grouped together. Standard and Poor's ratings have been used where available, if this isn't the case Moody's and then Fitch have been used as alternatives. For the US NAIC ratings have also been used where relevant. In the table below, AAA is the highest possible rating. Investment grade financial assets are classified within the range of AAA to BBB- ratings. Financial assets which fall outside this range are classified as below BBB-. Debt securities with no external credit rating are classified as 'other'.

	30 Jun 2	2018 £m					
	AAA	AA+ to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BBB-	Below BBB-	Other	Total
Asia With-profits Unit-linked Non-linked shareholder-backed Asset Management	2,496 726 948 12	11,425 147 3,138	3,983 489 3,234 28	3,351 1,326 3,063	1,768 441 2,040	1,900 642 1,099	24,923 3,771 13,522 40
US Non-linked shareholder-backed	442	6,338	9,439	13,148	1,035	5,713	36,115
UK and Europe			•		·		
With-profits Unit-linked	7,091 358	8,723 2,099	11,606 1,694	13,544 1,448	2,847 718	7,253 219	51,064 6,536
Non-linked shareholder-backed	3,273	6,296	5,138	1,446	223	5,718	22,144
Other operations	673	1,237	177	39	45	19	2,190
Total debt securities	16,019	39,403	35,788	37,415	9,117	22,563	160,305
	30 Jun 2	2017 £m					
	AAA	AA+ to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BBB-	Below BBB-	Other	Total
Asia							
With-profits	3,168	9,722	3,540	3,201	1,789	1,978	23,398
Unit-linked Non-linked shareholder-backed	501 1,138	129 2,758	526 3,035	1,502 2,699	323 1,645	461 946	3,442 12,221
US	1,136	2,736	3,033	2,099	1,043	940	12,221
Non-linked shareholder-backed	455	6,739	10,318	13,526	1,046	5,945	38,029
UK and Europe							
With-profits	5,965	9,872	10,827	12,577	3,481	6,443	49,165
Unit-linked	597	2,871	1,131	1,856	176	112	6,743
Non-linked shareholder-backed	-	10,313	10,396	4,036	388	5,780	35,394
Other operations	819	1,275	192	95	14	6	2,401
Total debt securities	17,124	43,679	39,965	39,492	8,862	21,671	170,793
	31 Dec	2017 £m					
	AAA	AA+ to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BBB-	Below BBB-	Other	Total
Asia							
With-profits	2,504	10,641	3,846	3,234	1,810	2,397	24,432
Unit-linked	528	103	510	1,429	372	565	3,507
Non-linked shareholder-backed US	990	2,925	3,226	2,970	1,879	1,053	13,043
Non-linked shareholder-backed	368	6,352	9,578	12,311	1,000	5,769	35,378
UK and Europe	200	0,552	7,570	12,511	1,000	5,707	55,576
With-profits	6,492	9,378	11,666	12,856	2,877	7,392	50,661

Unit-linked	670	2,732	1,308	1,793	91	117	6,711
Non-linked shareholder-backed	5,118	11,005	9,625	3,267	258	6,062	35,335
Other operations	742	1,264	182	67	36	16	2,307
Total debt securities	17,412	44,400	39,941	37,927	8,323	23,371	171,374

The credit ratings, information or data contained in this report which are attributed and specifically provided by S&P, Moody's and Fitch Solutions and their respective affiliates and suppliers ('Content Providers') is referred to here as the 'Content'. Reproduction of any Content in any form is prohibited except with the prior written permission of the relevant party. The Content Providers do not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy, completeness, timeliness or availability of any Content and are not responsible for any errors or omissions (negligent or otherwise), regardless of the cause, or for the results obtained from the use of such Content. The Content Providers expressly disclaim liability for any damages, costs, expenses, legal fees, or losses (including lost income or lost profit and opportunity costs) in connection with any use of the Content. A reference to a particular investment or security, a rating or any observation concerning an investment that is part of the Content is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any such investment or security, nor does it address the suitability an investment or security and should not be relied on as investment advice.

Securities with credit ratings classified as 'Other' can be further analysed as follows:

		2018 £m	2017 £r	n		
Asia		30 Jun	30 Jun	31	Dec	
Non-linked						
shareholder	-backed					
Internally r	ated					
Governme	nt bonds	23	40	25		
Corporate	bonds –					
rated as in						
grade by lo	ocal	1,006	821	95	9	
external ra	tings					
agencies						
Other		70	85	69		
Total Asia						
non-linked		1,099	946	1,0	053	
shareholder	-backed					
			2019 €	m	2017 fr	m
	Mortgage		2018 £	m	2017 £r	n
US	Mortgage	Other	30 Jun	m	30 Jun	31 Dec
US	-backed	Other securities		m		
			30 Jun	m	30 Jun	31 Dec
Implicit	-backed		30 Jun	m	30 Jun	31 Dec
	-backed		30 Jun	m	30 Jun	31 Dec
Implicit ratings of	-backed		30 Jun	m	30 Jun	31 Dec
Implicit ratings of other US	-backed		30 Jun	m	30 Jun	31 Dec
Implicit ratings of other US debt	-backed		30 Jun	m	30 Jun	31 Dec
Implicit ratings of other US debt securities	-backed		30 Jun	m	30 Jun	31 Dec
Implicit ratings of other US debt securities based on	-backed		30 Jun	m	30 Jun	31 Dec
Implicit ratings of other US debt securities based on NAIC*	-backed securities		30 Jun	m	30 Jun	31 Dec
Implicit ratings of other US debt securities based on NAIC* valuations (see below) NAIC 1	-backed securities		30 Jun	m	30 Jun	31 Dec
Implicit ratings of other US debt securities based on NAIC* valuations (see below)	-backed securities	securities	30 Jun Total	m	30 Jun Total	31 Dec Total

Total US\*\* 1,819 3,894 5,713 5,945 5,769

\*

The Securities Valuation Office of the NAIC classifies debt securities into six quality categories ranging from Class 1 (the highest) to Class 6 (the lowest). Performing securities are designated as Classes 1 to 5 and securities in or near default are designated Class 6.

\*\*Mortgage-backed securities totalling £1,545 million at 30 June 2018 have credit ratings issued by Standard & Poor's of BBB- or above and hence are designated as investment grade. Other securities totalling £3,868 million at 30 June 2018 with NAIC ratings 1 or 2 are also designated as investment grade.

	2018 £m	2017 £n	n
UK and Europe	30 Jun	30 Jun	31 Dec
Internal ratings or			
unrated			
AAA to A-	7,828	7,494	7,994
BBB to B-	2,866	3,180	3,141
Below B- or unrated	2,496	1,661	2,436
Total UK and Europe	13,190	12,335	13,571

(b)

Additional analysis of US insurance operations debt securities

	2018 £m 30 Jun	2017 £r 30 Jun	n 31 Dec
Corporate and government security and			
commercial loans: Government	4,737	4,884	4,835
Publicly traded and SEC Rule 144A securities*	23,346	24,971	22,849
Non-SEC Rule 144A securities	4,659	4,543	4,468
Asset backed securities (see note (e))	3,373	3,631	3,226
Total US debt securities**	36,115	38,029	35,378
Ψ			

A 1990 SEC rule that facilitates the resale of privately placed securities under Rule 144A that are without SEC registration to qualified institutional investors. The rule was designed to develop a more liquid and efficient institutional resale market for unregistered securities.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Debt securities for US operations included in the statement of financial position comprise:

	2018 £m	2017 £m		
	30 Jun	30 Jun	31 Dec	
Available-for-sale	35,860	37,936	35,293	
Fair value through profit and loss	255	93	85	
	36,115	38,029	35,378	

Realised gains and losses, including impairments, recorded in the income statement are as shown in note B1.2 of this report.

(c)

Movements in unrealised gains and losses on Jackson available-for-sale securities

The movement in the statement of financial position value for debt securities classified as available-for-sale from a net unrealised gain of £1,205 million to a net unrealised loss of £247 million as analysed in the table below.

	30 Jun 2018 £m	Foreign exchange translation**	Changes in unrealised appreciation art of	31 Dec 2017 £m
		Reflected as part of movement in other		
		comprehensive		
Assets fair valued at below book value		•		
Book value*	23,159			6,325
Unrealised gain (loss)	(762)	(30)	(626)	(106)
Fair value (as included in statement of financial position)	22,397			6,219
Assets fair valued at or above book value				
Book value*	12,948			27,763
Unrealised gain (loss)	515	(1)	(795)	1,311
Fair value (as included in statement of financial position)	13,463			29,074
Total				
Book value*	36,107			34,088
Net unrealised gain (loss)	(247)	(31)	(1,421)	1,205
Fair value (as included in the footnote above in the overview table and the statement of financial position)	35,860			35,293
*				

Book value represents cost/amortised cost of the debt securities.

(d)

US debt securities classified as available-for-sale in an unrealised loss position

(i)

Fair value of securities as a percentage of book value

The following table shows the fair value of the debt securities in a gross unrealised loss position for various percentages of book value:

	30 Jun 2018 £m		30 Jun 2017 £m		31 Dec 2017 £m	
	Fair	Unrealised	Fair	Unrealised	Fair	Unrealised
	value	loss	value	loss	value	loss
Between 90% and 100%	22,187	(729)	7,962	(236)	6,170	(95)
Between 80% and 90%	195	(29)	482	(64)	36	(6)
Below 80%:						
Other than mortgage-backed securities	-	-	10	(6)	10	(4)
Corporate bonds	15	(4)	-	-	3	(1)
	15	(4)	10	(6)	13	(5)
Total	22,397	(762)	8,454	(306)	6,219	(106)

(ii)

Unrealised losses by maturity of security

	2018 £m	2017£n	1
	30 Jun	30 Jun	31 Dec
1 year to 5 years	(65)	(5)	(7)

<sup>\*\*</sup>Translated at the average rate of US\$1.38: £1.00.

5 year to 10 year	rs (348)	(48)	(41)
More than 10	(297)	(231)	(39)
years	(2)1)	(231)	(37)
Mortgage-backe	d		
and other debt	(52)	(22)	(19)
securities			
Total	(762)	(306)	(106)

(iii)

Age analysis of unrealised losses for the periods indicated

The following table shows the age analysis of all the unrealised losses in the portfolio by reference to the length of time the securities have been in an unrealised loss position:

30 Jun 2018 £m				30 Jun 2017	£m		31 Dec 2017 £m		
Age analysis	Non- investment grade	Investment grade	Total	Non- investment grade	Investment grade	Total	Non- investment grade	Investment grade	Total
Less than 6 months	(14)	(418)	(432)	(1)	(15)	(16)	(4)	(31)	(35)
6 months to 1 year	(7)	(148)	(155)	-	(251)	(251)	(1)	(4)	(5)
1 year to 2 years	(1)	(148)	(149)	(2)	(1)	(3)	-	(49)	(49)
2 year to 3 years	-	(1)	(1)	(3)	(12)	(15)	(1)	(6)	(7)
More than 3 years	(1)	(24)	(25)	(1)	(20)	(21)	-	(10)	(10)
	(23)	(739)	(762)	(7)	(299)	(306)	(6)	(100)	(106)

Further, the following table shows the age analysis as at 30 June 2018 of the securities whose fair values were below 80 per cent of the book value:

	30 Jur	30 Jun 2018 £m		n 2017 £m	31 Dec 2017 £m		
Age analysis	Fair	Unrealised	Fair	Unrealised	Fair	Unrealised	
Age analysis	value	loss	value	loss	value	loss	
Less than 3 months	13	(3)	-	-	2	-	
3 months to 6 months	-	-	-	-	1	(1)	
More than 6 months	2	(1)	10	(6)	10	(4)	
	15	(4)	10	(6)	13	(5)	

(e)

Asset-backed securities

The Group's holdings in asset-backed securities (ABS), which comprise residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS), commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS), collateralised debt obligations (CDO) funds and other asset-backed securities, at 30 June 2018 are as follows:

	2018 £m	2017 £1	m
	30 Jun	30 Jun	31 Dec
Shareholder-backed operations:			
Asia operationsnote (i)	97	104	118
US operationsnote (ii)	3,373	3,631	3,226
UK insurance operations (2018: 33% AAA, 15% AA)note (iii)	960	1,045	1,070
Other operationsnote (iv)	507	665	589
	4,937	5,445	5,003
With-profits operations:			
Asia operationsnote (i)	192	233	233

UK insurance operations (2018: 65% AAA, 10% AA)note (iii)	5,414	5,091	5,658
	5,606	5,324	5,891
Total	10,543	10,769	10,894

#### Notes

(i)

#### Asia operations

The Asia operations' exposure to asset-backed securities is primarily held by the with-profits operations. Of the £192 million, 100 per cent (30 June 2017: 99 per cent; 31 December 2017: 98 per cent) are investment grade.

(ii)

#### US operations

US operations' exposure to asset-backed securities at 30 June 2018 comprises:

	2018 £m	2017 £1	n
	30 Jun	30 Jun	31 Dec
RMBS			
Sub-prime (2018: 2% AAA, 6% AA, 3% A)	105	150	112
Alt-A (2018: 3% AAA, 2% A)	117	151	126
Prime including agency (2018: 5% AAA, 67% AA, 8% A)	425	515	440
CMBS (2018: 83% AAA, 16% AA, 1% A)	1,638	1,768	1,579
CDO funds (2018: 13% AA, 87% A), including £nil exposure to sub-prime	11	33	28
Other ABS (2018: 16% AAA, 16% AA, 53% A), including £93 million exposure to sub-prime	1,077	1,014	941
Total	3,373	3,631	3,226

(iii)

### UK and Europe operations

The majority of holdings of the shareholder-backed business are UK securities and relate to PAC's annuity business. Of the holdings of the with-profits operations, £1,833 million (30 June 2017: £1,473 million; 31 December 2017: £1,913 million) relates to exposure to the US markets with the remaining exposure being primarily to the UK market. (iv)

#### Other operations

Other operations' exposure to asset-backed securities is held by Prudential Capital with no sub-prime exposure. Of the £507 million, 99 per cent (30 June 2017: 96 per cent; 31 December 2017: 96 per cent) are graded AAA.

(f)

Group sovereign debt and bank debt exposure

The Group exposures held by the shareholder-backed business and with-profits funds in sovereign debts and bank debt securities at 30 June 2018 are analysed as follows:

#### Exposure to sovereign debts

	30 Jun 2018 £m		30 Jun 2017 £m		31 Dec 2017 £m		
	Shareholder-backed business	With- profits funds	Shareholder-backed business	With- profits funds	Shareholder-backed business	With- profits funds	
Italy	-	60	57	62	58	63	
Spain	36	18	33	18	34	18	
France	23	6	23	23	23	38	
Germany*	663	315	649	317	693	301	

Other Eurozone	77	30	82	32	82	31
Total Eurozone	799	429	844	452	890	451
United Kingdom	3,482	3,130	4,904	3,049	5,918	3,287
United States**	5,243	10,519	4,959	9,913	5,078	10,156
Other, including Asia	4,923	2,314	4,174	2,221	4,638	2,143
Total	14,447	16,392	14,881	15,635	16,524	16,037
*						

Including bonds guaranteed by the federal government.

\*\*

The exposure to the United States sovereign debt comprises holdings of the US, UK and Europe and Asia insurance operations.

2018 f.m

2017 £m

Exposure to bank debt securities

					2018 £m	201 / £m			
	Senior debt			Suborc	linated del				
Shareholder-backed business	Covered	Senior	Total senior debt	Tier 1	Tier 2	Total subordinated debt	30 Jun Total	30 Jun Total	31 Dec Total
Italy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	-
Spain	42	36	78	-	-	-	78	59	68
France	27	37	64	13	4	17	81	163	86
Germany	30	-	30	-	89	89	119	167	117
Netherlands	-	45	45	-	6	6	51	73	71
Other Eurozone	15	-	15	-	-	-	15	23	15
Total Eurozone	114	118	232	13	99	112	344	517	357
United Kingdom	575	545	1,120	5	164	169	1,289	1,401	1,382
United States	-	2,399	2,399	1	95	96	2,495	2,757	2,619
Other, including Asia	16	699	715	105	391	496	1,211	1,138	1,163
Total	705	3,761	4,466	124	749	873	5,339	5,813	5,521
With-profits funds									
Italy	-	38	38	-	-	-	38	65	31
Spain	-	21	21	-	-	-	21	85	16
France	8	245	253	2	63	65	318	273	286
Germany	141	31	172	-	35	35	207	167	180
Netherlands	-	216	216	5	6	11	227	204	199
Other Eurozone	-	27	27	-	-	-	27	30	27
Total Eurozone	149	578	727	7	104	111	838	824	739
United Kingdom	865	797	1,662	2	368	370	2,032	1,792	1,938
United States	-	2,188	2,188	47	298	345	2,533	2,334	2,518
Other, including Asia	580	1,451	2,031	327	430	757	2,788	2,133	2,531
Total	1,594	5,014	6,608	383	1,200	1,583	8,191	7,083	7,726

The tables above exclude assets held to cover linked liabilities and those of the consolidated unit trusts and similar funds. In addition, the tables above exclude the proportionate share of sovereign debt holdings of the Group's joint venture operations.

C3.3 Loans portfolio

(a)

Overview of loans portfolio

Loans are principally accounted for at amortised cost, net of impairment except for:

\_

Certain mortgage loans which have been designated at fair value through profit or loss of the UK and Europe insurance operations as this loan portfolio is managed and evaluated on a fair value basis; and

\_

Certain policy loans of the US insurance operations that are held to back liabilities for funds withheld under reinsurance arrangements and are also accounted on a fair value basis.

The amounts included in the statement of financial position are analysed as follows:

		Jun 2018 £m  ortgage Policy Other Total  page 1 September 1 September 1 September 2 Septem					30 Jun 2017 £m			31 Dec 2017 £m		
	Mortgage loans*	Policy loans**	Other loans	Total	Mortgage loans*	Policy loans**	Other loans	Total	Mortgage loans*	Policy loans**	Other loans†	Total
Asia												
With-profits	-	652	105	757	-	589	113	702	-	613	112	725
Non-linked shareholder-backed	170	217	193	580	188	219	198	605	177	216	199	592
US												
Non-linked shareholder-backed	6,292	3,523	-	9,815	5,964	3,533	-	9,497	6,236	3,394	-	9,630
UK and Europe												
With-profits	2,267	4	1,672	3,943	2,576	5	1,455	4,036	2,441	4	1,823	4,268
Non-linked shareholder-backed	1,686	-	35	1,721	1,711	-	37	1,748	1,681	-	37	1,718
Other operations	-	-	106	106	-	-	364	364	-	-	109	109
Total loans securities	s10,415	4,396	2,111	16,922	10,439	4,346	2,167	16,952	10,535	4,227	2,280	17,042

All mortgage loans are secured by properties.

\*\*

In the US £2,638 million (30 June 2017: £2,594 million; 31 December 2017: £2,512 million) policy loans are backing liabilities for funds withheld under reinsurance arrangements and are accounted for at fair value through profit or loss. All other policy loans are accounted for at amortised cost, less any impairment.

†

Other loans held in UK with-profits funds are commercial loans and comprise mainly syndicated loans. The majority of other loans in shareholder-backed business in Asia are commercial loans held by the Malaysia operation and which are all investment graded by two local rating agencies.

(b)

Additional information on US mortgage loans

In the US, mortgage loans are all commercial mortgage loans that are secured by the following property types: industrial, multi-family residential, suburban office, retail or hotel. The average loan size is £13.3 million (30 June 2017: £12.5 million; 31 December 2017: £12.6 million). The portfolio has a current estimated average loan to value of 55 per cent (30 June 2017: 59 per cent; 31 December 2017: 55 per cent).

At 30 June 2018, Jackson had no mortgage loans where the contractual terms of the agreements had been restructured (30 June 2017 and 31 December 2017: none).

(c)

Additional information on UK mortgage loans

The UK with-profits fund invests in an entity established to acquire a portfolio of buy-to-let mortgage loans. The vehicle financed the acquisition through the issue of debt instruments, largely to external parties, securitised upon the loans acquired. These third-party borrowings have no recourse to any other assets of the Group and the Group's exposure is limited to the amount invested by the UK with-profits fund.

By carrying value, 99.99 per cent of the £1,686 million (30 June 2017: 100 per cent of £1,711 million; 31 December 2017: 99.98 per cent of £1,681 million) mortgage loans held by the UK shareholder-backed business relates to lifetime (equity release) mortgage business which has an average loan to property value of 32 per cent (30 June 2017: 30 per cent; 31 December 2017: 31 per cent).

C4 Policyholder liabilities and unallocated surplus

The note provides information of policyholder liabilities and unallocated surplus of with-profits funds held on the Group's statement of financial position:

C4.1 Movement and duration of liabilities

C4.1(a)

Group overview

(i)

Analysis of movements in policyholder liabilities and unallocated surplus of with-profits funds

	I			
	Asia	operations £ US	m UK and Europe	Total
Half year 2018 movements	note C4.1(b)	note C4.1(	c)note C4.1(	d)
At 1 January 2018	73,839	180,724	181,066	435,629
Comprising: - Policyholder liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position:				
(excludes £32 million classified as unallocated to a segment)	62,898	180,724	167,589	411,211
<ul> <li>Unallocated surplus of with-profits funds on the consolidated statement of financial position</li> <li>Group's share of policyholder liabilities of joint ventures and associate†</li> </ul>	3,474	-	13,477	16,951
	7,467	-	-	7,467
Reclassification of reinsured UK annuity contracts as held for sale*	-	-	(12,002)	(12,002)
Net flows:				
Premiums	6,247	7,111	6,964	20,322
Surrenders	(1,547)	(5,953)	(3,446)	(10,946)
Maturities/deaths	(838)	(1,076)	(3,499)	(5,413)
Net flows	3,862	82	19	3,963
Shareholders' transfers post tax	(27)	-	(127)	(154)

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Investment-related items and other movements Foreign exchange translation differences As at 30 June 2018 Comprising:	(1,349) 690 77,015	(103) 4,447 185,150	(801) 17 168,172	(2,253) 5,154 430,337
- Policyholder liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position;	65,640	185,150	154,655	405,445
(excludes £37 million classified as unallocated to a segment) - Unallocated surplus of with-profits funds on the consolidated statement of financial position	3,766	-	13,517	17,283
- Group's share of policyholder liabilities of joint ventures and associate†	7,609	-	-	7,609
Half year 2017 movements				
At 1 January 2017	62,784	177,626	169,304	409,714
Comprising:				
- Policyholder liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position:	53,716	177,626	157,654	388,996
- Unallocated surplus of with-profits funds on the consolidated statement of financial position	2,667	-	11,650	14,317
- Group's share of policyholder liabilities of joint ventures and associate†	6,401	-	-	6,401
Net flows:				
Premiums	5,699	8,148	7,756	21,603
Surrenders	(1,508)	(5,071)	(3,816)	(10,395)
Maturities/deaths	(880)	(1,119)	(3,533)	(5,532)
Net flows	3,311	1,958	407	5,676
Shareholders' transfers post tax	(27)	-	(115)	(142)
Investment-related items and other movements	4,288	7,124	5,214	16,626
Foreign exchange translation differences	(2,035)	(8,929)	130	(10,834)
At 30 June 2017	68,321	177,779	174,940	421,040
Comprising:				
- Policyholder liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position‡	58,348	177,779	162,853	398,980
- Unallocated surplus of with-profits funds on the consolidated statement of financial position	3,003	-	12,087	15,090
- Group's share of policyholder liabilities of joint ventures and associate†	6,970	-	-	6,970
Average policyholder liability balances**				
·				
Half year 2018	71.807	182,937	161.122	415.866
Half year 2018 Half year 2017	71,807 62,718	182,937 177,702	161,122 160,254	415,866 400,674

The reclassification of the reinsured UK annuity business as held for sale reflects the value of policyholder liabilities held at 1 January 2018. Movements in items covered by the reinsurance contract prior to the 14 March inception date are included within net flows of the UK and Europe business.

The Group's investment in joint ventures and associates are accounted for on an equity method basis in the Group's statement of financial position. The Group's share of the policyholder liabilities as shown above relates to life businesses in China, India and of the Takaful business in Malaysia.

‡

<sup>\*\*</sup>Averages have been based on opening and closing balances and exclude unallocated surplus of with-profits funds.

The policyholder liabilities of the Asia insurance operations of £65,640 million (30 June 2017: £58,348 million; 31 December 2017: £62,898 million), shown in the table above, are after deducting the intra-group reinsurance liabilities ceded by the UK and Europe insurance operations of £1,181 million (30 June 2017: £1,271 million; 31 December 2017: £1,235 million) to the Hong Kong with-profits business. Including this amount, total Asia policyholder liabilities were £66,821 million (30 June 2017: £59,619 million; 31 December 2017: £64,133 million).

The items above represent the amount attributable to changes in policyholder liabilities and unallocated surplus of with-profits funds as a result of each of the components listed. The policyholder liabilities shown include investment contracts without discretionary participation features (as defined in IFRS 4) and their full movement in the period but exclude liabilities that have not been allocated to a reporting segment. The items above are shown gross of external reinsurance.

The analysis includes the impact of premiums, claims and investment movements on policyholders' liabilities. The impact does not represent premiums, claims and investment movements as reported in the income statement. For example, the premiums shown above will exclude any deductions for fees/charges. Claims (surrenders, maturities and deaths) represent the policyholder liabilities provision released rather than the claim amount paid to the policyholder.

(ii)
Analysis of movements in policyholder liabilities for shareholder-backed business

	Half ye	ar 2018 £1	n	
	Asia	US	UK and Europe	Total
At 1 January 2018 Reclassification of reinsured UK annuity contracts as held for sale* Net flows:	37,402	180,724	56,367 (12,002)	note (b) 274,493 (12,002)
Premiums Surrenders Maturities/deaths Net flowsnote	3,266 (1,383) (420) 1,463	7,111 (5,953) (1,076) 82	681 (1,200) (1,294)	11,058 (8,536) (2,790)
Investment-related items and other movements Foreign exchange translation differences At 30 June 2018	(718) 1 38,148	(103) 4,447 185,150	(1,813) (236) - 42,316	(268) (1,057) 4,448 265,614
Comprising: - Policyholder liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position (excludes £37 million classified as unallocated to a segment) - Group's share of policyholder liabilities relating to joint ventures and associate	30,539 7,609	185,150	42,316	258,005 7,609
	Half ye Asia	ar 2017 £1 US	n UK and Europe	Total
At 1 January 2017 Net flows:	32,851	177,626		266,635
Premiums Surrenders Maturities/deaths Net flowsnote Investment-related items and other movements	2,801 (1,335) (450) 1,016 1,912	8,148 (5,071) (1,119) 1,958 7,124	1,658 (1,500) (1,325) (1,167) 1,500	12,607 (7,906) (2,894) 1,807 10,536

Foreign exchange translation differences	(739)	(8,929)		(9,668)
At 30 June 2017	35,040	177,779		269,310
Comprising: - Policyholder liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position - Group's share of policyholder liabilities relating to joint ventures and associate	28,070 6,970	177,779	56,491	262,340 6,970

The reclassification of the reinsured UK annuity business as held for sale reflects the value of policyholder liabilities held at 1 January 2018. Movements in items covered by the reinsurance contract prior to the 14 March inception date are included within net flows of the UK and Europe business.

#### Note

Including net flows of the Group's insurance joint ventures and associate.

C4.1(b)

Asia insurance operations

(i)
Analysis of movements in policyholder liabilities and unallocated surplus of with-profits funds
A reconciliation of the total policyholder liabilities and unallocated surplus of with-profits funds of Asia insurance operations from the beginning of the period to 30 June is as follows:

Half year 2018 movements	£m With-profits business*	Unit-linked liabilities	Other business	Total
At 1 January 2018	36,437	20,027	17,375	73,839
Comprising:				
- Policyholder liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position	32,963	16,263	13,672	62,898
- Unallocated surplus of with-profits funds on the consolidated statement of financial position	3,474	-	-	3,474
- Group's share of policyholder liabilities relating to joint ventures and associate‡	-	3,764	3,703	7,467
Premiums:				
New business	432	870	435	1,737
In-force	2,549	841	1,120	4,510
	2,981	1,711	1,555	6,247
Surrendersnote (c)	(164)	(1,071)	(312)	(1,547)
Maturities/deaths	(418)	(93)	(327)	(838)
Net flowsnote (b)	2,399	547	916	3,862
Shareholders' transfers post tax	(27)	-	-	(27)
Investment-related items and other movements note (d)	(631)	(652)	(66)	(1,349)
Foreign exchange translation differencesnote (a)	689	(142)	143	690
At 30 June 2018	38,867	19,780	18,368	77,015
Comprising:				
- Policyholder liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position*	35,101	16,094	14,445	65,640
- Unallocated surplus of with-profits funds on the consolidated statement of financial position	3,766	-	-	3,766

- Group's share of policyholder liabilities relating to joint ventures and associate‡	1 -	3,686	3,923	7,609
Half year 2017 movements				
At 1 January 2017	29,933	17,507	15,344	62,784
Comprising:				
- Policyholder liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial	27,266	14,289	12,161	53,716
position	27,200	14,209	12,101	33,710
- Unallocated surplus of with-profits funds on the consolidated	2,667			2,667
statement of financial position		-	-	2,007
<ul> <li>Group's share of policyholder liabilities relating to joint ventures and associate‡</li> </ul>	1 -	3,218	3,183	6,401
Premiums:				
New business	676	527	528	1,731
In-force	2,222	805	941	3,968
	2,898	1,332	1,469	5,699
Surrendersnote (c)	(173)	(1,102)	(233)	(1,508)
Maturities/deaths	(430)	(82)	(368)	(880)
Net flows note (b)	2,295	148	868	3,311
Shareholders' transfers post tax	(27)	-	-	(27)
Investment-related items and other movementsnote (d)	2,376	1,551	361	4,288
Foreign exchange translation differencesnote (a)	(1,296)	(373)	(366)	(2,035)
At 30 June 2017	33,281	18,833	16,207	68,321
Comprising:				
- Policyholder liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial	30,278	15,326	12,744	58,348
position	30,276	15,520	12,777	30,340
- Unallocated surplus of with-profits funds on the consolidated	3,003	_	_	3,003
statement of financial position	•	_	_	3,003
- Group's share of policyholder liabilities relating to joint ventures and	l _	3,507	3,463	6,970
associate‡		3,307	3,403	0,770
Average policyholder liability balances†				
Half year 2018	34,032	19,903	17,872	71,807
Half year 2017	28,772	18,170	15,776	62,718
*				

The policyholder liabilities of the with-profits business of £35,101 million, shown in the table above, is after deducting the intra-group reinsurance liabilities ceded by the UK and Europe insurance operations of £1,181 million to the Hong Kong with-profits business (30 June 2017: £1,271 million; 31 December 2017: £1,235 million). Including this amount the Asia with-profits policyholder liabilities are £36,282 million (30 June 2017: £31,549 million; 31 December 2017: £34,198 million)

†

Averages have been based on opening and closing balances and adjusted for any acquisitions, disposals and corporate transactions arising in the period and exclude unallocated surplus of with-profits funds.

‡

The Group's investment in joint ventures are accounted for on an equity method and the Group's share of the policyholder liabilities as shown above relate to the life business in China, India and of the Takaful business in Malaysia.

#### Notes

(a)

Movements in the period have been translated at the average exchange rates for the period ended 30 June 2018. The closing balance has been translated at the closing spot rates as at 30 June 2018. Differences upon retranslation are

included in foreign exchange translation differences.

(b)

Net flows increased by 17 per cent from £3,311 million in half year 2017 to £3,862 million in half year 2018 predominantly reflecting continued growth of the in-force book.

(c)

The rate of surrenders for shareholder-backed business (expressed as a percentage of opening liabilities) was 3.7 per cent in the first half of 2018 (half year 2017: 4.1 per cent).

(d)

Investment-related items and other movements in the first half of 2018 primarily represent unrealised investments losses following unfavourable equity markets in the period and rising interest rates.

#### C4.1(c)

US insurance operations

(i)

Analysis of movements in policyholder liabilities

A reconciliation of the total policyholder liabilities of US insurance operations from the beginning of the period to 30 June is as follows:

#### US insurance operations

Half year 2018 movements	£m Variable annuity separate account liabilities	Fixed annuity, GIC and other business	Total
At 1 January 2018	130,528	50,196	180,724
Premiums	5,528	1,583	7,111
Surrenders	(4,225)	(1,728)	(5,953)
Maturities/deaths	(540)	(536)	(1,076)
Net flowsnote (b)	763	(681)	82
Transfers from			
general to	387	(387)	-
separate account			
Investment-relate	d		
items and other	582	(685)	(103)
movementsnote		(000)	()
(c)			
Foreign exchange			
translation differencesnote	3,286	1,161	4,447
(a)			
At 30 June 2018	135,546	49,604	185,150
At 50 Julie 2016	133,340	77,007	105,150
Half year 2017			
movements			
At 1 January	120 411	57.015	177 (0)
2017	120,411	57,215	177,626
Premiums	5,981	2,167	8,148
Surrenders	(3,409)	(1,662)	(5,071)

Maturities/deaths	(541)	(578)	(1,119)
Net flowsnote (b)	2,031	(73)	1,958
Transfers from			
general to	1,240	(1,240)	-
separate account			
Investment-relate	ed		
items and other	7,236	(112)	7,124
movements			
Foreign exchange	e		
translation	(6,183)	(2,746)	(8,929)
differences note	(0,103)	(2,740)	(0,929)
(a)			
At 30 June 2017	124,735	53,044	177,779
Average			
policyholder			
liability			
balances*			
Half year 2018	133,037	49,900	182,937
Half year 2017	122,573	55,129	177,702
*			

Averages have been based on opening and closing balances.

#### Notes

(a)

Movements in the period have been translated at an average rate of US\$1.38: £1.00 (30 June 2017: US\$1.26: £1.00; 31 December 2017: US\$1.29: £1.00). The closing balance has been translated at closing rate of US\$1.32:£1.00 (30 June 2017: US\$1.30:£1.00; 31 December 2017: US\$1.30:£1.00). Differences upon retranslation are included in foreign exchange translation differences.

(b)

Net flows in the first half of 2018 were £82 million (first half of 2017: £1,958 million) as we continue to grow the business with gross inflows of £7,111 million, principally into variable annuities, more than exceeding surrenders and maturities in the period which are expected to grow in line with the business.

(c)

Positive investment-related items and other movements in variable annuity separate account liabilities of £582 million for the first six months in 2018 represents positive separate account return mainly following the increase in the US equity market in the period. For fixed annuity, GIC and other business, investment-related items and other movements mainly represent accounting value movements on the guaranteed liabilities driven by increase in interest rates.

#### C4.1(d)

UK and Europe insurance operations

(i)

Analysis of movements in policyholder liabilities and unallocated surplus of with-profits funds A reconciliation of the total policyholder liabilities and unallocated surplus of with-profits funds of UK and Europe insurance operations from the beginning of the period to 30 June is as follows:

£m

Shareholder-backed funds and subsidiaries

Half year 2018 movements

With-profits sub-fund† Unit-linked liabilities Annuity and Total other

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			long-term business	
At 1 January 2018	124,699	23,145	33,222	181,066
Comprising:				
- Policyholder liabilities	111,222	23,145	33,222	167,589
- Unallocated surplus of with-profits funds	13,477	-	-	13,477
Reclassification of reinsured UK annuity				
contracts as held for sale*	-	-	(12,002)	(12,002)
Premiums	6,283	516	165	6,964
Surrenders	(2,246)	(1,163)	(37)	(3,446)
Maturities/deaths	(2,205)	(313)	(981)	(3,499)
Net flowsnote (a)	1,832	(960)	(853)	19
Shareholders' transfers post tax	(127)	-	-	(127)
Switches	(89)	89	-	-
Investment-related items and other			(2.10)	(001)
movementsnote (b)	(476)	(76)	(249)	(801)
Foreign exchange translation differences	17	-	-	17
At 30 June 2018	125,856	22,198	20,118	168,172
Comprising:				
- Policyholder liabilities	112,339	22,198	20,118	154,655
- Unallocated surplus of with-profits funds	13,517	-	-	13,517
Half year 2017 movements				
At 1 January 2017	113,146	22,119	34,039	169,304
Comprising:	101 106	22 110	24.020	155 65 4
- Policyholder liabilities	101,496	22,119	34,039	157,654
- Unallocated surplus of with-profits funds	11,650	1 404	-	11,650
Premiums	6,098	1,484	174	7,756
Surrenders	(2,316)	(1,472)	(28)	(3,816)
Maturities/deaths	(2,208)	(323)	(1,002)	(3,533)
Net flowsnote (a)	1,574	(311)	(856)	407
Shareholders' transfers post tax	(115)	- 0.1	-	(115)
Switches	(91)	91	-	-
Investment-related items and other movementsnote (b)	3,805	1,018	391	5,214
Foreign exchange translation differences	130	-	-	130
At 30 June 2017	118,449	22,917	33,574	174,940
Comprising:				
- Policyholder liabilities	106,362	22,917	33,574	162,853
- Unallocated surplus of with-profits funds	12,087	-	-	12,087
Average policyholder liability balances**				
Half year 2018	111,781	22,671	26,670	161,122
Half year 2017	103,929	22,518	33,807	160,254
*				

The reclassification of the reinsured UK annuity business as held for sale reflects the value of policyholder liabilities held at 1 January 2018. Movements in items covered by the reinsurance contract prior to the 14 March inception date are included within net flows.

\*\*Averages have been based on opening and closing balances and adjusted for any acquisitions, disposals and corporate transactions arising in the period and exclude unallocated surplus of with-profits funds.

-

Includes the Scottish Amicable Insurance Fund.

#### Notes

(a)

Net flows have declined from net inflows of £407 million in the first half of 2017 to net inflows of £19 million in the same period of 2018 due primarily to lower premium flows into unit-linked business. The levels of inflows/outflows for unit-linked business is driven by corporate pension schemes with transfers in or out from only a small number of schemes influencing the level of flows in the period.

(b)

Investment-related items and other movements for with-profits business principally comprise investment return attributable to policyholders earned in the period reflecting unfavourable equity market movements. For shareholder-backed annuity and other long-term business, investment-related items and other movements include the effects of movement in interest rates and credit spreads.

C5 Intangible assets

(a) Goodwill

	Attributable to:				
	Shareholders With-profits 2		2018 £m	2017 £m	
			30 Jun	30 Jun	31 Dec
Cost					
At beginning of year	1,458	24	1,482	1,628	1,628
Disposals/reclassifications to held for sale	-	(10)	(10)	(127)	(155)
Additions in the period	-	149	149	-	9
Exchange differences	1	(2)	(1)	-	-
Net book amount at end of year	1,459	161	1,620	1,501	1,482

#### Goodwill comprises:

	2018 £m 2017 £m		n
	30 Jun	30 Jun	31 Dec
M&G	1,153	1,153	1,153
Other - attributable to shareholders	306	322	305
Goodwill - attributable to shareholders	1,459	1,475	1,458
Venture fund investments - attributable to with-profits funds	161	26	24
	1,620	1,501	1,482

Other goodwill attributable to shareholders represents amounts allocated to entities in Asia. These goodwill amounts are not individually material.

During the first half of 2018, the PAC with-profits fund, via its venture fund holdings managed by M&G Prudential asset management, made a small number of acquisitions that are consolidated by the Group resulting in an addition to goodwill of £149 million. As these transactions are within the with-profits fund, they have no impact on shareholders' profit or equity for the period ended 30 June 2018. The impact on the Group's consolidated revenue, including investment returns, is not material. Had the acquisitions been effected at 1 January 2018, the revenue and profit of the Group for half year 2018 would not have been materially different.

(b) Deferred acquisition costs and other intangible assets

	2018 £m	2017 £r	n
	30 Jun	30 Jun	31 Dec
Deferred acquisition costs and other intangible assets attributable to shareholders	11,210	10,643	10,866
Deferred acquisition costs and other intangible assets attributable to with-profits funds	149	114	145
Total of deferred acquisition costs and other intangible assets	11,359	10,757	11,011

The deferred acquisition costs and other intangible assets attributable to shareholders comprise:

2018 £m 2017 £m 30 Jun 30 Jun 31 Dec

Deferred acquisition costs related to insurance contracts as classified under IFRS 4 Deferred acquisition costs related to investment management contracts, including life						9,596	9,022	9,170
assurance contracts cla	_	61	60	63				
		9,657	9,082	9,233				
Present value of acquir IFRS 4 (PVIF)	ssified under	35	39	36				
Distribution rights and	other intar	ngibles				1,518	1,522	1,597
Total of deferred acqui	isition costs	s and other	intangible a	ssets		1,553 11,210	1,561 10,643	1,633 10,866
	2018 £m					2017 £m		
		acquisition of	costs UK and					
	Asia insurance	US insurance	Europe	All asset management	PVIF and other intangibles*	30 Jun Total	30 Jun Total	31 Dec Total
			insurance	-	note			
Balance at beginning of period:	946	8,197	84	6	1,633	10,866	10,755	10,755
Additions Amortisation to the	199	290	7	1	14	511	541	1,240
income statement:† Operating profit	(70)	(280)	(6)	(3)	(88)	(447)	(375)	(709)
Non-operating profit	(, 0)	(199)	(0)	(0)	(00)	(199)	227	455
D' 1 1, C	(70)	(479)	(6)	(3)	(88)	(646)	(148)	(254)
Disposals and transfer Exchange differences		-	-	-	(11)	(11)	-	-
and other movements Amortisation of DAC related to net	6	206	-	1	5	218	(436)	(799)
unrealised valuation movements on the US insurance operation's available-for-sale securities recognised within other	-	272	-	-	-	272	(69)	(76)
comprehensive income	e†							
Balance at end of period *	1,081	8,486	85	5	1,553	11,210	10,643	10,866

PVIF and other intangibles includes amounts in relation to software rights with additions of £10 million, amortisation of £18 million, disposals of £10 million and a balance at 30 June 2018 of £49 million.

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Under the Group's application of IFRS 4, US GAAP is used for measuring the insurance assets and liabilities of its US and certain Asia operations. Under US GAAP, most of the US insurance operation's products are accounted for under Accounting Standard no. 97 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FAS 97) whereby deferred acquisition costs are amortised in line with the emergence of actual and expected gross profits which are determined using an assumption for long-term investment returns for the separate account of 7.4 per cent (half year and full year 2017: 7.4 per cent) (gross of asset management fees and other charges to policyholders, but net of external fund management fees). The amounts included in the income statement and other comprehensive income affect the pattern of profit

emergence and thus the DAC amortisation attaching. DAC amortisation is allocated to the operating and non-operating components of the Group's supplementary analysis of profit and other comprehensive income by reference to the underlying items.

#### Note

PVIF and other intangibles comprise PVIF, distribution rights and other intangibles such as software rights. Distribution rights relate to amounts that have been paid or have become unconditionally due for payment as a result of past events in respect of bancassurance partnership arrangements in Asia. These agreements allow for bank distribution of Prudential's insurance products for a fixed period of time.

#### US insurance operations

The DAC amount in respect of US insurance operations comprises amounts in respect of:

	2018 £m	2017 £	m
	30 Jun	30 Jun	31 Dec
Variable annuity business	8,258	8,133	8,208
Other business	241	330	278
Cumulative shadow DAC (for unrealised gains/losses booked in other comprehensive income)*	(13)	(292)	(289)
Total DAC for US operations	8,486	8,171	8,197

Consequent upon the negative unrealised valuation movement for half year 2018 of £1,421 million (30 June 2017: positive unrealised valuation movement of £565 million; 31 December 2017: positive unrealised valuation movement of £617 million), there is a gain of £272 million (30 June 2017: a loss of £69 million; 31 December 2017: a loss of £76 million) for altered 'shadow' DAC amortisation booked within other comprehensive income. These adjustments reflect the movement from period to period, in the changes to the pattern of reported gross profits that would have happened if the assets reflected in the statement of financial position had been sold, crystallising the unrealised gains and losses, and the proceeds reinvested at the yields currently available in the market. At 30 June 2018, the cumulative shadow DAC balance as shown in the table above was negative £13 million (30 June 2017: negative £292 million; 31 December 2017: negative £289 million).

#### Sensitivity of amortisation charge

The amortisation charge to the income statement is reflected in both operating profit and short-term fluctuations in investment returns. The amortisation charge to the operating profit in a reporting period comprises:

- (i) A core amount that reflects a relatively stable proportion of underlying premiums or profit; and
- An element of acceleration or deceleration arising from market movements differing from expectations.

In periods where the cap and floor feature of the mean reversion technique (which is used for moderating the effect of short-term volatility in investment returns) are not relevant, the technique operates to dampen the second element above. Nevertheless, extreme market movements can cause material acceleration or deceleration of amortisation in spite of this dampening effect.

Furthermore, in those periods where the cap or floor is relevant, the mean reversion technique provides no further dampening and additional volatility may result.

In the first half of 2018, the DAC amortisation charge for operating profit was determined after including a charge for accelerated amortisation of £42 million (half year 2017 credit for deceleration: £36 million; full year 2017 credit for deceleration: £86 million). The acceleration arising in the first half of 2018 reflects a mechanical reduction in the projected separate account return for the next five years under the mean-reversion technique. Under this technique the projected level of return for each of the next five years is adjusted so that in combination with the actual rates of return for the preceding three years (including the current period) the assumed long-term annual separate account return of 7.4 per cent is realised on average over the entire eight-year period. The acceleration in DAC amortisation in the first half of 2018, is driven, in part, by the lower than expected return in 2015 falling out of the eight-year period and primarily represents the reversal of the benefit received in 2015 under the mean reversion formula.

The application of the mean reversion formula has the effect of dampening the impact of equity market movements on DAC amortisation while the mean reversion assumption lies within the corridor. At 1 July 2018, it would take approximate movements in separate account values of more than either negative 33.1 per cent or positive 34.6 per cent for mean reversion assumption to move outside the corridor.

C6 Borrowings

C6.1 Core structural borrowings of shareholder-financed operations

	2018 £m	2017 £m	
	30 Jun	30 Jun	31 Dec
Holding company			
operations:note (i)			
Perpetual Subordinated			
Capital Securities (Tier 1)note	833	847	814
(iv)			
Perpetual Subordinated	2,388	2,620	2,326
Capital Securities (Tier 2)	2,300	2,020	2,320
Subordinated notes (Tier 2)	2,133	2,131	2,132
Subordinated debt total	5,354	5,598	5,272
Senior debt:note (ii)			
£300m 6.875% Bonds 2023	300	300	300
£250m 5.875% Bonds 2029	249	249	249
Holding company total	5,903	6,147	5,821
Prudential Capital bank	275	275	275
loannote (iii)	213	213	213
Jackson US\$250m 8.15%	189	192	184
Surplus Notes 2027note (v)	109	192	104
Total (per condensed			
consolidated statement of	6,367	6,614	6,280
financial position)note (vi)			

#### Notes

(i)

These debt tier classifications are consistent with the treatment of capital for regulatory purposes under the Solvency II regime.

The Group has designated US\$4,275 million (30 June 2017: US\$4,525 million; 31 December 2017: US\$4,275 million) of its US dollar denominated subordinated debt as a net investment hedge under IAS 39 to hedge the currency risks related to the net investment in Jackson.

(ii)

The senior debt ranks above subordinated debt in the event of liquidation.

(iii)

The Prudential Capital bank loan of £275 million is drawn at a cost of 12 month GBP LIBOR plus 0.33 per cent. The loan was renewed in December 2017 maturing on 20 December 2022 with an option to repay annually.

(iv)

These borrowings can be converted, in whole or part, at the Company's option and subject to certain conditions, on any interest payment date, into one or more series of Prudential preference shares.

(v)

Jackson's borrowings are unsecured and subordinated to all present and future indebtedness, policy claims and other creditor claims of Jackson.

(vi)

The maturity profile, currency and interest rates applicable to all other core structural borrowings of shareholder-financed operations of the Group are as detailed in note C6.1 of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Prudential plc has debt ratings from Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch. Prudential plc's long-term senior debt is rated A2 by Moody's, A by Standard & Poor's and A- by Fitch.

Prudential plc's short-term debt is rated as P-1 by Moody's, A-1 by Standard & Poor's and F1 by Fitch.

Prudential plc's ratings have a stable outlook.

The financial strength of The Prudential Assurance Company Limited is rated A+ by Standard & Poor's, Aa3 by Moody's and AA- by Fitch. These ratings have a stable outlook.

Jackson National Life Insurance Company's financial strength is rated AA- by Standard & Poor's and Fitch and A1 by Moody's and these ratings have a stable outlook. Jackson's financial strength also has an A+ rating with the outlook on Under Review with Developing Implications by A.M. Best.

Prudential Assurance Co. Singapore (Pte) Ltd.'s (Prudential Singapore) financial strength is rated AA- by Standard & Poor's and has a stable outlook.

C6.2 Other borrowings

(a)

Operational borrowings attributable to shareholder-financed operations

	2018 £m	2017 £m		
	30 Jun	30 Jun	31 Dec	
Borrowings in respect of				
short-term fixed income				
securities programmes:				
Commercial paper	909	825	485	
Medium Term Notes 2018	300	599	600	
	1,209	1,424	1,085	
Other borrowingsnote	409	672	706	
Total	1,618	2,096	1,791	

Note

Other borrowings mainly include senior debt issued through the Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis (FHLB), secured by collateral posted with the FHLB by Jackson. In addition, other borrowings include amounts whose repayment to the lender is contingent upon future surplus emerging from certain contracts specified under the arrangement. If insufficient surplus emerges on those contracts, there is no recourse to other assets of the Group and the liability is not payable to the degree of shortfall.

(b) Borrowings attributable to with-profits operations

	2018 £m	2017 £n	ı
	30 Jun	30 Jun	31 Dec
Non-recourse borrowings of consolidated investment funds*	3,521	3,178	3,570
£100m 8.5% undated subordinated guaranteed bonds of Scottish Amicable Finance plc**	-	100	100
Other borrowings (predominantly obligations under finance leases)	68	58	46
Total	3,589	3,336	3,716

In all instances the holders of the debt instruments issued by these subsidiaries and funds do not have recourse beyond the assets of those subsidiaries and funds.

The interests of the holders of the bonds issued by Scottish Amicable Finance plc, a subsidiary of the Scottish Amicable Insurance Fund, are subordinated to the entitlements of the policyholders of that fund. These bonds were redeemed in full on 30 June 2018.

# C7 Deferred tax

The statement of financial position contains the following deferred tax assets and liabilities in relation to:

	2018 £n	n			
	At 1 Jar	Movement in income statement	Movement through other comprehensive income and equity	Other movements including foreign currency movements	S At 30 Jun
Deferred tax assets					
Unrealised losses or gains on investments	14	(1)	55	(1)	67
Balances relating to					
investment and insurance contracts	1	-	-	-	1
Short-term temporary differences	2,498	(343)	(12)	44	2,187
Capital allowances	14	1	-	1	16
Unused tax losses	100	63	1	-	164
Total	2,627	(280)	44	44	2,435
Deferred tax liabilities					
Unrealised losses or gains on investments	(1,748)	126	186	32	(1,404)
Balances relating to investment and insurance	(872)	(49)	-	(4)	(925)

CON	tracts	٦
COL	macie	٠

Short-term temporary differences	(2,041)	27	(11)	(36)	(2,061)
Capital allowances	(54)	-	-	1	(53)
Total	(4,715)	104	175	(7)	(4,443)

Under IAS 12, 'Income Taxes', deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability settled, based on the tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or are substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that they are regarded as recoverable, that is to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying temporary differences can be deducted.

The principal reasons for the decrease in deferred tax assets are a reduction in the deferred tax asset in the US insurance business relating to a narrowing of the difference between the accounting basis and tax basis for insurance reserves following changes in US interest rates, combined with a reduction in the deferred tax asset for losses on derivatives, which for US tax purposes are spread across three years, reflecting a lower level of losses in the first half of 2018 (and therefore a lower amount deferred to subsequent periods) compared to the first half of 2017.

The taxation regimes applicable across the Group often apply separate rules to trading and capital profits and losses. The distinction between temporary differences that arise from items of either a trading or capital nature may affect the recognition of deferred tax assets. For the 2018 half year results and financial position at 30 June 2018 the following tax benefits have not been recognised:

	2018			2017			
	30 Jun		30 Jun		31 Dec		
	Tax benefit £m	Losses £bn	Tax benefit £m	Losses £bn	Tax benefit £m	Losses £bn	
Capital losses	70	0.4	90	0.4	79	0.4	
Trading losses	42	0.2	48	0.2	74	0.3	

Of the unrecognised trading losses, losses giving rise to a tax benefit of £38 million will expire within the next seven years, the rest have no expiry date.

#### **C**8

Defined benefit pension schemes

#### (a)

#### IAS 19 financial positions

The Group's businesses operate a number of pension schemes. The largest defined benefit scheme is the principal UK scheme, namely the Prudential Staff Pension Scheme (PSPS). The Group also operates two smaller UK defined benefit schemes in respect of Scottish Amicable (SASPS) and M&G (M&GGPS). In addition, there are two small defined benefit schemes in Taiwan which have negligible deficits.

The Group asset/liability in respect of defined benefit pension schemes is as follows:

2018	£m					2017 £r	n			2017	£m	
		30 Jun					30 Jun					31 De
PSPS	SASPS	M&GGPS	Other schemes	Total	PSPS	SASPS	M&GGPS	Other schemes	Total	PSPS	SASPS	M&G
891	(62)	143	(1)	971	753	(154)	85	(1)	683	721	(137)	109

Underlying economic surplus (deficit)													
Lass: unrecognised	(657)	-	-	-	(657)	(598)	-	-	-	(598)	(485)	-	-
(deficit) (including	234	(62)	143	(1)	314	155	(154)	85	(1)	85	236	(137)	109
Attributable to: PAC with-profits fund	164	(25)	-	-	139	109	(62)	-	-	47	165	(55)	-
Shareholder-backed operations	70	(37)	143	(1)	175	46	(92)	85	(1)	38	71	(82)	109
Consolidation adjustment against policyholder liabilities for investment in Prudential insurance	-	-	(214)	-	(214)	-	-	(145)	-	(145)	-	-	(151)
policies IAS 19 pension asset (liability) on the Group statement of financial position*		(62)	(71)	(1)	100	155	(154)	(60)	(1)	(60)	236	(137)	(42)

At 30 June 2018, the PSPS pension asset of £234 million (30 June 2017: £155 million; 31 December 2017: £236 million) and the other schemes' pension liabilities of £134 million (30 June 2017: £215 million; 31 December 2017: £180 million) are included within 'Other debtors' and 'Provisions' respectively in the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### Triennial actuarial valuations

Defined benefit pension schemes in the UK are generally required to be subject to full actuarial valuations every three years in order to assess the appropriate level of funding for schemes in relation to their commitments. These valuations include assessments of the likely rate of return on the assets held within the separate trustee administered funds. The actuarial valuation differs from the IAS 19 accounting basis valuation in a number of respects, including the discount rate assumption where IAS 19 prescribes a rate based on high quality corporate bonds while a more 'prudent' assumption is used for the actuarial valuation.

The triennial valuation for the PSPS as at 5 April 2017 was completed in the first half of 2018 demonstrating the scheme to be 105 per cent funded. There is no change to the ongoing contributions which are kept at the minimum level required under the scheme rules.

For SASPS, the current funding arrangement agreed with the trustees based on the last completed triennial valuation as at 31 March 2017 is described in note C9 of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

The triennial valuation for the M&GGPS as at 31 December 2017 is currently in progress.

(b) Estimated pension scheme surpluses and deficits

The underlying pension position on an economic basis reflects the assets (including investments in Prudential policies that are offset against liabilities to policyholders on the Group consolidation) and the liabilities of the schemes. The IAS 19 basis excludes the investments in Prudential policies. At 30 June 2018, M&GGPS held investments in Prudential insurance policies of £214 million (30 June 2017: £145 million; 31 December 2017: £151 million).

Movements on the pension scheme deficit determined on the economic basis are as follows, with the effect of the application of IFRIC 14 being shown separately:

	Half year 20	018 £m			
	Surplus (deficit) in schemes at 1 Jan 2018	(Charge) credit to income statement	Actuarial gains and losses in other comprehensive income	Contributions paid	Surplus (deficit) in schemes at 30 Jun 2018
All schemes Underlying position (without the effect of IFRIC 14)					2010
Surplus (deficit)	692	(15)	267	27	971
Less: amount attributable	(473)	4	(144)	(10)	(623)
to PAC with-profits fund Shareholders' share:					
Gross of tax surplus	219	(11)	123	17	348
(deficit) Related tax		2			
Net of shareholders' tax	(42) 177	(9)	(24) 99	(3) 14	(67) 281
Application of IFRIC 14 for the derecognition of PSPS surplus					
Derecognition of surplus	(485)	(6)	(166)	-	(657)
Less: amount attributable to PAC with-profits fund Shareholders' share:	363	4	117	-	484
Gross of tax	(122)	(2)	(49)	-	(173)
Related tax	23	-	10	-	33
Net of shareholders' tax	(99)	(2)	(39)	-	(140)
With the effect of IFRIC 14					
Surplus (deficit)	207	(21)	101	27	314
Less: amount attributable to PAC with-profits fund Shareholders' share:	(110)	8	(27)	(10)	(139)
Gross of tax surplus (deficit)	97	(13)	74	17	175
Related tax	(19)	2	(14)	(3)	(34)
Net of shareholders' tax	78	(11)	60	14	141

C9 Share capital, share premium and own shares

	30 Jun 2018 Number of ordinary shares		Share premium £m	30 Jun 2017 Number of ordinary shares		Share premium £m	31 Dec 2017 Number of ordinary shares		Share premium £m
Issued shares									
of 5p each									
fully paid:									
At 1 January	2,587,175,445	129	1,948	2,581,061,573	129	1,927	2,581,061,573	129	1,927
Shares issued									
under	4,697,422	_	6	4,791,845	_	10	6,113,872	_	21
share-based	1,007,122		Ü	1,771,015		10	0,113,072		21
schemes									
At end of	2,591,872,867	129	1,954	2,585,853,418	129	1,937	2,587,175,445	129	1,948
period	, , , , , ,		,	, ,, -		,	, , , , -		, -

Amounts recorded in share capital represent the nominal value of the shares issued. The difference between the proceeds received on issue of shares, net of issue costs, and the nominal value of shares issued is credited to the share premium account.

At 30 June 2018, there were options outstanding under Save As You Earn schemes to subscribe for shares as follows:

	Number of shares	Share price	Exercisable
	to subscribe for	range	by year
		from to	
30 June 2018	5,851,810	629p 1,455p	2023
30 June 2017	6,280,110	466p 1,155p	2022
31 December 2017	6.448.853	629p 1.455r	2023

Transactions by Prudential plc and its subsidiaries in Prudential plc shares

The Group buys and sells Prudential plc shares ('own shares') either in relation to its employee share schemes or via transactions undertaken by authorised investment funds that the Group is deemed to control. The cost of own shares of £197 million at 30 June 2018 (30 June 2017: £257 million; 31 December 2017: £250 million) is deducted from retained earnings. The Company has established trusts to facilitate the delivery of shares under employee incentive plans. At 30 June 2018, 9.7 million (30 June 2017: 11.5 million; 31 December 2017: 11.4 million) Prudential plc shares with a market value of £168 million (30 June 2017: £204 million; 31 December 2017: £218 million) were held in such trusts, all of which are for employee incentive plans. The maximum number of shares held during the period was 14.9 million which was in March 2018.

The Company purchased the following number of shares in respect of employee incentive plans:

	Number of shares purchased (in millions)	Cost £m
Half year 2018	1.8	32.2
Half year 2017	3.3	56.0
Full year 2017	3.9	66.1

The Group has consolidated a number of authorised investment funds where it is deemed to control these funds under IFRS. Some of these funds hold shares in Prudential plc. The total number of shares held by these funds at 30 June 2018 was 4.8 million (30 June 2017: 6.7 million; 31 December 2017: 6.4 million) and the cost of acquiring these shares of £46 million (30 June 2017: £75 million; 31 December 2017: £71 million) is included in the cost of own shares. The market value of these shares as at 30 June 2018 was £84 million (30 June 2017: £120 million; 31 December 2017: £121 million). During 2018, these funds made disposals of 1,556,423 Prudential shares (30 June 2017: additions of 678,131; 31 December 2017: additions of 372,029) for a net decrease of £24.4 million to book cost (30 June 2017: net increase of £13.8 million; 31 December 2017: net increase of £9.4 million).

All share transactions were made on an exchange other than the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong.

Other than set out above the Group did not purchase, sell or redeem any Prudential plc listed securities during half year 2018 or 2017.

D

Other notes

D1

Held for sale and corporate transactions

'(Loss) gain on disposal of businesses and corporate transactions' comprises the following:

	2018 £m Half year		Full year
Loss arising on			
reinsurance of part			
of UK shareholder-backed	(513)	-	-
annuity			
portfolionote (i)			
Other transactionsnote (ii)	(57)	61	223
umsacusiisiiote (ii)	(570)	61	223

#### Notes

(i)

Loss arising on reinsurance of part of UK shareholder-backed annuity portfolio

In March 2018, M&G Prudential announced the sale of £12.0 billion (as at 31 December 2017) of its shareholder annuity portfolio to Rothesay Life. Under the terms of the agreement, M&G Prudential has reinsured the liabilities to Rothesay Life, which is expected to be followed by a court-sanctioned legal transfer, under Part VII of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Part VII), of the policies underlying the liabilities to Rothesay Life by the end of 2019.

The reinsurance agreement became effective on 14 March 2018. A reinsurance premium of £12,130 million has been recognised within 'Outward reinsurance premiums' in the income statement and settled via the transfer of financial investments and other assets to Rothesay Life. After allowing for the recognition of a reinsurance asset and associated changes to policyholder liabilities, a loss of £(513) million was recognised in the first half of 2018 in relation to the transaction.

The reinsured annuity business that will be transferred once the Part VII process is complete has been classified as held for sale in these consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS 5, 'Non-current assets held for sale

and discontinued operations'. Following the reinsurance transaction the carrying value, and fair value less costs to sell, of the business to be transferred is £nil.

The assets and liabilities of the M&G Prudential annuity business classified as held for sale on the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018 are as follows:

> 2018 £m Half year

Assets

Reinsurers'

share of

insurance 11,928

contract

liabilities

Other

debtors

Assets

held for 11,977

49

sale

Liabilities

Policyholder 11,928

liabilities

Accruals,

deferred

income 49

and

other liabilities

Liabilities

held for 11,977

sale

(ii)

#### Other transactions

In the first half of 2017, the Group completed its disposal of its Korea life business, realising a gain of £61 million in half year 2017 principally as a result of recycling from other comprehensive income cumulative exchange gains of this business.

On 15 August 2017, the Group, through its subsidiary National Planning Holdings, Inc. (NPH) sold its US independent broker-dealer network to LPL Financial LLC which realised a gain of £162 million in the second half of 2017. Including the £61 million for Korea referred to above, this gave a total profit attaching to disposal of other businesses and corporate transactions in full year 2017 of £223 million.

Other transaction costs of £57 million incurred by the Group in the first half of 2018 primarily relate to additional costs incurred in exiting from the NPH broker-dealer business and costs related to preparation for the previously announced intention to demerge M&G Prudential from Prudential plc, resulting in two separately listed entities.

D2

Contingencies and related obligations

In addition to the matters set out in note B3(b) in relation to the Financial Conduct Authority review of past annuity sales, the Group is involved in various litigation and regulatory issues. These may from time to time include class actions involving Jackson. While the outcome of such litigation and regulatory issues cannot be predicted with certainty, Prudential believes that the ultimate outcome will not have a material adverse effect on the Group's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

There have been no material changes to the Group's contingencies and related obligations in the six-month period ended 30 June 2018.

D3

Post balance sheet events

First interim ordinary dividend

The 2018 first interim ordinary dividend approved by the Board of Directors after 30 June 2018 is as described in note B6.

On 25 July 2018 the Group announced that Eastspring had reached an agreement to initially acquire 65 per cent of TMB Asset Management Co. Ltd., an asset management company in Thailand, from TMB Bank Public Company Limited ("TMB"). Eastspring has an option to increase its ownership to 100 per cent in the future. As part of this acquisition, Eastspring has also entered into a distribution agreement with TMB to provide investment solutions to their customers. The completion of the transaction is subject to local regulatory approval.

In August 2018 the Group announced the extension of the geographical scope of its bancassurance partnership with Standard Chartered Bank to include Ghana. Under the partnership, a range of Prudential Ghana's life insurance products will be made available to clients through Standard Chartered's branch network.

In August 2018 the Group announced that it had entered into an agreement with the UK-based healthcare technology and services company Babylon Health to provide customers in Asia access to a suite of health services that utilise artificial intelligence technology.

D4

Related party transactions

There were no transactions with related parties during the six months ended 30 June 2018 which have had a material effect on the results or financial position of the Group.

The nature of the related party transactions of the Group has not changed from those described in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors (who are listed below) are responsible for preparing the Half Year Financial Report in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Accordingly, the Directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge:

the condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting', as adopted by the European Union;

\_

the Half Year Financial Report includes a fair review of information required by:

(a)

DTR 4.2.7R of the Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules, being an indication of important events that have occurred during the six months ended 30 June 2018, and their impact on the condensed consolidated financial statements, and a description of the principal risks and uncertainties for the remaining six months of the year; and (b)

DTR 4.2.8R of the Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules, being related party transactions that have taken place during the six months ended 30 June 2018 and that have materially affected the financial position or the performance of the Group during the period and changes in the related party transactions described in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

### Prudential plc Board of Directors:

Chairman

Paul Manduca Independent Non-executive Directors

The Hon. Philip Remnant CBE FCA

Executive Directors Sir Howard Davies Michael Wells David Law ACA

Mark FitzPatrick CA Kaikhushru Nargolwala FCA James Turner FCA Anthony Nightingale CMG SBS JP

John Foley Alice Schroeder Nicolaos Nicandrou ACA Lord Turner FRS Anne Richards Thomas Watjen

**Barry Stowe** 

### 7 August 2018

Independent review report to Prudential plc

#### Conclusion

We have been engaged by the company to review the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) basis financial information in the Half Year Financial Report for the six months ended 30 June 2018 which comprises the Condensed Consolidated Income Statement, the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and the related explanatory notes.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the IFRS basis financial information in the Half Year Financial Report for the six months ended 30 June 2018 is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting as adopted by the European Union ('EU') and the Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules ('the DTR') of the UK's Financial Conduct Authority ('the UK FCA').

We have also been engaged by the company to review the European Embedded Value (EEV) basis supplementary financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2018 which comprises the Post-tax Operating Profit Based on Longer-Term Investment Returns, the Post-tax Summarised Consolidated Income Statement, the Movement in Shareholders' Equity, the Summary Statement of Financial Position and the related explanatory notes.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the EEV basis supplementary financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2018 is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance

with the European Embedded Value Principles dated April 2016 by the European Insurance CFO Forum ('the EEV Principles'), using the methodology and assumptions set out in the Notes to the EEV basis supplementary financial information.

### Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements (UK and Ireland) 2410 Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity issued by the Auditing Practices Board for use in the UK. A review of interim financial information consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. We read the other information contained in the Half Year Financial Report and considered whether it contains any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the IFRS basis financial information or the EEV basis supplementary financial information.

A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Directors' responsibilities

The Half Year Financial Report, including the IFRS basis financial information contained therein, is the responsibility of, and has been approved by, the Directors. The Directors are responsible for preparing the Half Year Financial Report in accordance with the DTR of the UK FCA. The Directors have accepted responsibility for preparing the EEV basis supplementary financial information in accordance with the EEV Principles and for determining the methodology and assumptions used in the application of those principles.

The annual IFRS basis financial statements of the Group are prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU. The Directors are responsible for preparing the IFRS basis financial information included in the Half Year Financial Report in accordance with IAS 34 as adopted by the EU.

The EEV basis supplementary financial information has been prepared in accordance with the EEV Principles using the methodology and assumptions set out in the Notes to the EEV basis supplementary financial information. The EEV basis supplementary financial information should be read in conjunction with the IFRS basis financial information.

#### Our responsibility

Our responsibility is to express to the Company a conclusion on the IFRS basis financial information in the Half Year Financial Report and the EEV basis supplementary financial information based on our reviews.

The purpose of our review work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Company in accordance with the terms of our engagement to assist the Company in meeting the requirements of the DTR of the UK FCA and also to provide a review conclusion to the Company on the EEV basis supplementary financial information. Our review of the IFRS basis financial information has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company those matters we are required to state to it in this report and for no other purpose. Our review of the EEV basis supplementary financial information has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company those matters we have been engaged to state in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company for our review work, for this report, or for the conclusions we have reached.

Philip Smart
For and on behalf of KPMG LLP
Chartered Accountants
15 Canada Square

London E14 5GL 7 August 2018

Additional IFRS financial information

I

IFRS profit and loss information

I(a)

Analysis of long-term insurance business IFRS operating profit before tax based on longer-term investment returns by driver

This schedule classifies the Group's pre-tax operating earnings from long-term insurance operations into the underlying drivers of those profits, using the following categories:

i

Spread income represents the difference between net investment income and amounts credited to certain policyholder accounts. It excludes the operating investment return on shareholder net assets, which has been separately disclosed as expected return on shareholder assets.

ii

Fee income represents profits driven by net investment performance, being asset management fees that vary with the size of the underlying policyholder funds, net of investment management expenses.

iii

With-profits business represents the pre-tax shareholders' transfer from the with-profits fund for the period.

iv

Insurance margin primarily represents profits derived from the insurance risks of mortality and morbidity.

v

Margin on revenues primarily represents amounts deducted from premiums to cover acquisition costs and administration expenses.

vi

Acquisition costs and administration expenses represent expenses incurred in the period attributable to shareholders. These exclude items such as restructuring costs which are not included in the segment profit as well as items that are more appropriately included in other sources of earnings lines (eg investment expenses are netted against investment income as part of spread income or fee income as appropriate).

vii

DAC adjustments comprise DAC amortisation for the period, excluding amounts related to short-term fluctuations in investment returns, net of costs deferred in respect of new business.

Analysis of IFRS operating profit before tax by source and margin analysis of Group long-term insurance business The following analysis expresses certain of the Group's sources of operating profit as a margin of policyholder liabilities or other relevant drivers. Details on the calculation of the Group's average policyholder liability balances are given in note (iv) at the end of this section.

Margin
bps
note(ii)
112
153
26
(34)%
(91)