

PEROT SYSTEMS CORP
Form 10-Q
November 04, 2008

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**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2008**

or

**Transition Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the transition period from** **to**

**Commission File Number 1-14773
PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)**

DELAWARE
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

75-2230700
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

**2300 WEST PLANO PARKWAY
PLANO, TEXAS
75075
(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)
(972) 577-0000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Number of shares of registrant's common stock outstanding as of October 31, 2008: 120,847,747 shares of Class A Common Stock.

PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
FORM 10-Q
For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2008

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ITEM 1: FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
 AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 AND DECEMBER 31, 2007
 (unaudited)

| | September 30, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | (Dollars in millions) | |
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 246 | \$ 187 |
| Short-term investments | | 23 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 488 | 477 |
| Prepaid expenses and other | 91 | 70 |
| Total current assets | 825 | 757 |
| Property, equipment and purchased software, net | 216 | 235 |
| Goodwill | 721 | 713 |
| Deferred contract costs, net | 107 | 82 |
| Other non-current assets | 107 | 113 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,976 | \$ 1,900 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 64 | \$ 69 |
| Deferred revenue | 65 | 55 |
| Accrued compensation | 85 | 58 |
| Income taxes payable | 15 | 18 |
| Accrued and other current liabilities | 129 | 130 |
| Total current liabilities | 358 | 330 |
| Long-term debt | 181 | 213 |
| Non-current deferred revenue | 79 | 70 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 53 | 44 |
| Total liabilities | 671 | 657 |
| Commitments and contingencies | | |
| Stockholders' equity: | | |
| Common stock | 1 | 1 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 582 | 565 |
| Retained earnings | 786 | 698 |
| Treasury stock | (53) | (49) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | (11) | 28 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 1,305 | 1,243 |

| | | | |
|--|----------|----|-------|
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 1,976 | \$ | 1,900 |
|--|----------|----|-------|

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS
FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 AND 2007
(UNAUDITED)

| | Three months ended | | Nine months ended | |
|---|---|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (Dollars in millions, except per share data) | | | |
| Revenue | \$ 711 | \$ 655 | \$ 2,096 | \$ 1,880 |
| Direct cost of services | 587 | 542 | 1,734 | 1,556 |
| Gross profit | 124 | 113 | 362 | 324 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 76 | 71 | 223 | 212 |
| Operating income | 48 | 42 | 139 | 112 |
| Interest income | 2 | 2 | 5 | 6 |
| Interest expense | (2) | (3) | (7) | (8) |
| Other income, net | | | 3 | 1 |
| Income before taxes | 48 | 41 | 140 | 111 |
| Provision for income taxes | 18 | 16 | 52 | 40 |
| Net income | \$ 30 | \$ 25 | \$ 88 | \$ 71 |
| Earnings per share of common stock: | | | | |
| Basic, Class A | \$ 0.25 | \$ 0.20 | \$ 0.74 | \$ 0.58 |
| Basic, Class B | | \$ 0.20 | | \$ 0.58 |
| Diluted | \$ 0.25 | \$ 0.20 | \$ 0.73 | \$ 0.57 |
| Diluted, Class B | | \$ 0.20 | | \$ 0.57 |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (in thousands): | | | | |
| Basic, Class A | 120,151 | 122,391 | 119,750 | 121,577 |
| Basic and diluted, Class B | | 648 | | 757 |
| Diluted | 122,576 | 125,315 | 121,712 | 124,967 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 AND 2007
(UNAUDITED)

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|--|-------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (Dollars in millions) | |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net income | \$ 88 | \$ 71 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 85 | 76 |
| Impairment of assets | 3 | 2 |
| Stock-based compensation | 13 | 12 |
| Change in deferred taxes | (1) | (3) |
| Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation arrangements | | (3) |
| Other non-cash items | | (1) |
| Changes in assets and liabilities (net of effects from acquisitions of businesses): | | |
| Accounts receivable, net | (18) | (49) |
| Prepaid expenses | (15) | (6) |
| Deferred contract costs, net | (43) | (41) |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | (15) | (12) |
| Accrued compensation | 31 | (28) |
| Deferred revenue | 19 | 20 |
| Income taxes | (3) | (1) |
| Other current and non-current assets | (7) | (1) |
| Other current and non-current liabilities | 1 | (1) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 138 | 35 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Purchases of property, equipment and purchased software | (38) | (66) |
| Acquisitions of businesses, net | (18) | (338) |
| Purchases of short-term investments | (40) | (600) |
| Net proceeds from sale of short-term investments | 63 | 733 |
| Other | 1 | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (32) | (271) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Repayments of debt | (34) | |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | | 130 |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock | 8 | 21 |
| Proceeds from issuance of treasury stock | 16 | |
| Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation arrangements | | 3 |
| Purchases of treasury stock | (24) | |

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| | | |
|--|--------|--------|
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | (34) | 154 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (13) | 7 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 59 | (75) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 187 | 250 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 246 | \$ 175 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1. GENERAL

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the consolidated accounts of Perot Systems Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiaries with all significant intercompany transactions eliminated. In our opinion, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair statement of the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the interim periods presented have been made. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such SEC rules and regulations. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 28, 2008. Operating results for the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2008, are not necessarily indicative of the results for the year ending December 31, 2008.

Fair Value Measurements

We adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, Fair Value Measurements on January 1, 2008, for our financial assets and liabilities. As permitted by Financial Accounting Standards Board Staff Position No. 157-2, we will adopt FAS 157 for our nonfinancial assets and liabilities on January 1, 2009. FAS 157 defines fair value, provides guidance for measuring fair value, and requires certain disclosures. FSP 157-2 amends FAS 157 to delay the effective date of the application of FAS 157 to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 for all nonfinancial assets and liabilities. We are currently evaluating the impact this statement will have on our nonfinancial assets and liabilities and the resulting impact on our results of operations and financial position.

FAS 157 discusses valuation techniques, such as the market approach (comparable market prices), the income approach (present value of future income or cash flow), and the cost approach (cost to replace the service capacity of an asset or replacement cost). The statement utilizes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. The following is a brief description of those three levels:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets and quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions.

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 (UNAUDITED)

The following table summarizes the basis used to measure certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis in the balance sheet:

| | Balance at September 30, 2008 | Basis of Fair Value Measurements | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| | | In Active Markets for Identical Items (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
| Cash equivalents money market funds | \$ 162 | \$ 162 | \$ | \$ |
| Interest rate swaps | \$ (2) | \$ | \$ (2) | \$ |
| Foreign currency derivative financial instruments: | | | | |
| Forward contracts | \$ (12) | \$ (12) | \$ | \$ |
| Options | \$ (6) | \$ | \$ (6) | \$ |

Our interest rate swap agreements eliminate the variability of cash flows in the interest payments for \$130 million of borrowings under our \$275 million credit facility. The fair value of our interest rate swaps is based on quoted prices for similar instruments from a commercial bank and, therefore, our interest rate swaps are considered a level 2 item. Our foreign currency derivative financial instruments mitigate foreign exchange risks and include forward contracts and options. The fair value of our forward contracts is based on quoted prices for identical derivative financial instruments; therefore, our forward contract derivative financial instruments are considered a level 1 item. The principal market where we execute our option contracts is the retail market in an over-the-counter environment with a relatively high level of price transparency. The market participants usually are large money center banks and regional banks. Our option contract valuation inputs are based on quoted prices and quoted pricing intervals from public data sources and do not involve management judgment. These option contracts are typically classified as a level 2 item in the fair value hierarchy.

Significant accounting standards to be adopted*FASB Statement No 141R*

In December 2007, the FASB issued FAS No. 141R, *Business Combinations*. FAS 141R requires the acquisition method of accounting to be applied to all business combinations, which significantly changes the accounting for certain aspects of business combinations. Under FAS 141R, an acquiring entity will be required to recognize all the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a transaction at the acquisition-date fair value, with limited exceptions. FAS 141R will change the accounting treatment for certain specific acquisition-related items, including the expensing of acquisition-related costs as incurred and the recognition of contingent liabilities. FAS 141R also includes a substantial number of new disclosure requirements. FAS 141R is to be applied prospectively to business combinations consummated on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008, except as it relates to certain income tax accounting

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(UNAUDITED)

matters. We are currently evaluating the impact this statement will have on our results of operations and financial position.

FASB Statement No 161

In March 2008, the FASB issued FAS No. 161, Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, which requires enhanced disclosures about an entity's derivative and hedging activities. This Statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008. Because FAS 161 only provides for additional disclosure requirements, there will be no impact on our results of operations and financial position.

FSP No. FAS 142-3

In April 2008, the FASB issued FSP No. FAS 142-3, Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets, which amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under FASB Statement No 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. This Position is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008 and only applies prospectively to intangible assets acquired after the effective date. Early adoption is not permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact this statement will have on our results of operations and financial position.

NOTE 2. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

We have elected hedge accounting under FAS 133 for certain foreign currency derivative financial instruments and have designated them as cash flow hedges. The remaining foreign currency derivative financial instruments are being marked to market, with changes in fair value being reported in other income, net, in the condensed consolidated income statements. As of September 30, 2008, the notional amount of foreign currency derivative financial instruments outstanding totaled approximately \$198 million, of which approximately \$163 million relates to derivative financial instruments for which we elected hedge accounting. These derivative financial instruments expire at various dates over the next 27 months. At September 30, 2008, the estimated net amount of loss that is expected to be reclassified into earnings within the next 12 months is \$8 million (\$7 million, net of tax).

On August 31, 2007, we entered into two interest rate swaps, which we designated as cash flow hedges under FAS 133. The first interest rate swap effectively converted \$75 million of our borrowings under our credit facility from a variable-rate instrument into a fixed-rate instrument with an interest rate of 5.28%. The second interest rate swap effectively converted an additional \$55 million of our borrowings under our credit facility from a variable-rate instrument into a fixed-rate instrument with an interest rate of 5.33%. As of September 30, 2008, the unrealized loss on our interest rate swaps, reflected in accumulated other comprehensive income, was approximately \$2 million (\$1 million, net of tax).

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PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 3. ACQUISITIONS

HighQ^{IT} for the manufacturing industry GmbH

On May 6, 2008, we acquired all of the outstanding shares of HighQ^{IT} for the manufacturing industry GmbH and its subsidiary HighQ^{IT} for the manufacturing industry Slovakia s.r.o. (collectively, HighQ^{IT}), a provider of SAP consulting, software engineering, implementation and training as well as maintenance and support for IT solutions. The acquisition of HighQ^{IT} adds to our consulting capabilities and expands our presence in Europe. The initial purchase price for HighQ^{IT} was \$14 million, of which approximately \$3 million is being held in escrow for potential purchase price adjustments. The purchase agreement contains provisions that include additional payments totaling up to approximately \$5 million in cash during the next three fiscal years. The possible future payments are contingent upon HighQ^{IT} achieving certain financial targets over the same period. The allocation of the purchase consideration to the assets and liabilities acquired, including goodwill, has not been completed due to the pending completion of tangible and intangible assets appraisals. As of September 30, 2008, the estimated fair values of the acquired intangible assets totaled \$6 million, resulting in the estimated excess purchase price over net assets acquired of \$6 million, which was recorded as goodwill on the condensed consolidated balance sheet, was assigned to the Industry Solutions segment, and is not deductible for tax purposes. This business is not considered material to our consolidated results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

JJ Wild, Inc.

On August 31, 2007, we acquired all of the outstanding shares of JJ Wild Holdings, Inc., and its subsidiary, JJ Wild, Inc. (collectively, JJ Wild). During the first quarter of 2008, the valuation of the intangible assets was concluded, resulting in \$1 million of the purchase price being reclassified from intangible assets to goodwill. During the third quarter of 2008, the purchase price was reduced by \$3 million pursuant to a contractual purchase price adjustment.

QSS Group, Inc.

On January 30, 2007, we acquired all of the outstanding shares of QSS Group, Inc. (QSS). During the first quarter of 2008, the allocation of the QSS purchase consideration to the assets and liabilities acquired, including goodwill, was concluded in connection with the completion of the contractual purchase price adjustment relating to working capital targets. As a result, the purchase price and the amount of purchase price allocated to goodwill were reduced by \$1 million.

eServ, LLC

On February 28, 2006, we acquired substantially all of the assets of eServ, LLC, a provider of project engineering outsourcing services. During the second quarter of 2008, we determined that eServ LLC met their financial targets for 2007 and we paid \$4 million of additional consideration in cash, which was recorded as goodwill on the consolidated balance sheet.

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Other

Additionally, during the second quarter of 2008, we purchased another business for an initial purchase price of \$4 million. This acquisition is not material to our consolidated results of operations, financial position, or cash flows. As of September 30, 2008, we have made all payments related to our acquisitions, except for a potential payment totaling \$5 million to the sellers of HighQ^{IT}, as described above, and a potential payment totaling \$2 million for an immaterial acquisition made in the second quarter of 2008.

NOTE 4. GOODWILL

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, by reportable segment are as follows:

| | Industry Solutions | Government Services (in millions) | Total |
|---|-------------------------------|--|--------------|
| Balance as of December 31, 2007 | \$ 413 | \$ 300 | \$ 713 |
| Goodwill resulting from the HighQ ^{IT} acquisition | 6 | | 6 |
| Additional goodwill resulting from the eServ acquisition | 4 | | 4 |
| Other | (1) | (1) | (2) |
| Balance as of September 30, 2008 | \$ 422 | \$ 299 | \$ 721 |

During the third quarter of 2008, we combined our Consulting and Applications Solutions line of business with certain reporting units within our Industry Solutions line of business. As a result of this change, we reclassified the goodwill relating to the Consulting reporting unit to the Commercial Solutions reporting unit and allocated the goodwill related to the Applications Solutions reporting unit to certain reporting units within the Industry Solutions line of business based on the relative fair values of those certain reporting units.

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PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 5. IDENTIFIABLE INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Identifiable intangible assets are recorded in other non-current assets in the condensed consolidated balance sheets and are composed of:

| | As of September 30, 2008 | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| | Gross Carrying Value | Accumulated Amortization (in millions) | Net Book Value |
| Service marks | \$ 4 | \$ (2) | \$ 2 |
| Customer-based assets | 90 | (38) | 52 |
| Other intangible assets | 3 | (3) | |
| Total | \$ 97 | \$ (43) | \$ 54 |

Total amortization expense for identifiable intangible assets was \$14 million and \$12 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Amortization expense is estimated at \$19 million, \$17 million, \$15 million, \$12 million, and \$2 million for the years ended December 31, 2008 through 2012, respectively.

Identifiable intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives, ranging from one to seven years.

NOTE 6. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Total comprehensive income, net of tax, was as follows:

| | Three months ended September 30, | | Nine months ended September 30, | |
|--|---|--------------|--|--------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (in millions) | | | |
| Net income | \$ 30 | \$ 25 | \$ 88 | \$ 71 |
| Net unrealized gain (loss) on foreign exchange forward contracts, options, and interest rate swaps | (1) | 2 | (18) | 2 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | (15) | 3 | (21) | 10 |
| Total comprehensive income | \$ 14 | \$ 30 | \$ 49 | \$ 83 |

The related net change associated with hedging transactions for our derivative financial instruments designated as hedges under FAS 133 for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 was as follows (in millions):

| | |
|---|----------------|
| Accumulated gain at December 31, 2007 | \$ 1 |
| Net unrealized loss on hedging transactions | (21) |
| Reclassifications into earnings | 3 |
| Total accumulated loss at September 30, 2008 | \$ (17) |

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PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 7. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

At September 30, 2008, there were 120,807,000 shares of our Class A Common Stock outstanding. At December 31, 2007, there were 120,364,000 shares of our Class A Common Stock outstanding.

NOTE 8. STOCK OPTIONS AND STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION**Stock-based compensation**

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, stock-based compensation expense related to stock options, restricted stock and costs associated with our employee stock purchase plan (ESPP) recorded in direct cost of services and selling, general and administrative expenses, were as follows:

| | Three months ended | | Nine months ended | |
|--|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (in millions) | | (in millions) | |
| Direct cost of services | \$ 1 | \$ 1 | \$ 3 | \$ 3 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 3 | 3 | 10 | 9 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 4 | 4 | 13 | 12 |
| Total stock-based compensation expense, net of tax | 3 | 3 | 8 | 8 |

At September 30, 2008, there was \$41 million of total unrecognized compensation cost, net of expected forfeitures, related to non-vested options and restricted stock units, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.1 years.

We utilize the Black-Scholes option pricing model to calculate our stock-based employee compensation expense, and the assumptions used were as follows:

| | Three months ended | | Nine months ended | |
|---|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2008 | 2007 |
| Weighted average risk free interest rates | 3.20% | 4.88% | 2.80% | 4.88% |
| Weighted average life (in years) | 4.72 | 5.0 | 4.72 | 5.0 |
| Volatility | 27% | 23% | 27% | 23% |
| Expected dividend yield | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Weighted average grant-date fair value per share of options granted | \$5.03 | \$4.65 | \$4.09 | \$4.67 |

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 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 (UNAUDITED)

Activity in our stock-based compensation plans

Activity in stock options for Class A Common Stock was as follows (options in thousands):

| | Nine months ended September 30, | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|----------------|--------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | Options | Price |
| | | | Options | Price |
| | | | Options | Price |
| Outstanding at January 1 | 16,240 | 15.00 | 18,169 | 14.42 |
| Granted | 1,683 | 14.34 | 1,602 | 15.41 |
| Exercised | (1,427) | 11.10 | (1,705) | 8.22 |
| Forfeited | (953) | 15.92 | (1,438) | 17.28 |
| Outstanding at September 30 | 15,543 | 15.23 | 16,628 | 14.90 |
| Exercisable at September 30 | 9,176 | 15.73 | 8,945 | 15.51 |

For outstanding and exercisable options at September 30, 2008, the weighted average remaining contractual term (in years) is 3.63 and 2.88, respectively. For outstanding and exercisable options at September 30, 2008, the aggregate intrinsic value is \$51 million and \$32 million, respectively.

The number of outstanding nonvested restricted stock units was 1,229,000 shares at September 30, 2008, with a weighted-average grant-date fair value per share of \$14.66. The number of nonvested restricted stock units that vested or forfeited for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 was insignificant.

NOTE 9. INCOME TAXES

Our effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 was 37.1% as compared to 36.0% for the first nine months ended 2007. Income tax expense for 2008 includes a charge to revalue deferred tax assets resulting from the extension of a tax holiday applicable to our India operations, partially offset by benefits attributable to our foreign operations.

The gross balance of reserves for uncertain tax positions was \$20 million at September 30, 2008, which excludes \$4 million of offsetting tax benefits, primarily from international tax treaties, which provide for relief from double taxation. The net unrecognized tax benefits of \$16 million include \$14 million that, if recognized, would benefit our effective income tax rate and \$2 million that, if recognized, would reduce goodwill. We are currently in negotiations with the Internal Revenue Service regarding issues under appeal for taxable years 2003 and 2004. While we believe that we will reach resolution on these issues in the next 12 months, we are unable to determine the impact on our financial statements at this time.

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PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 10. SEGMENT DATA

On July 1, 2008, we combined our Consulting and Applications Solutions line of business with our Industry Solutions line of business, resulting in a reduction from three segments to two segments: Industry Solutions and Government Services. This realignment helps us unify teams where these two lines of business had an overlap in markets, leverage our domain expertise, and build upon the growing collaboration between these lines of business in providing globally delivered services.

The following is a summary of certain financial information by reportable segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007:

| | Industry Solutions | Government Services | Other(1) | Total |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| | (in millions) | | | |
| For the three months ended September 30, 2008: | | | | |
| Revenue | \$ 544 | \$ 168 | \$(1) | \$ 711 |
| Income before taxes | 39 | 9 | | 48 |
| For the three months ended September 30, 2007: | | | | |
| Revenue | \$ 508 | \$ 147 | \$ | \$ 655 |
| Income before taxes | 37 | 6 | (2) | 41 |
| For the nine months ended September 30, 2008: | | | | |
| Revenue | \$1,608 | \$ 490 | \$(2) | \$2,096 |
| Income before taxes | 123 | 17 | | 140 |
| For the nine months ended September 30, 2007: | | | | |
| Revenue | \$1,476 | \$ 406 | \$(2) | \$1,880 |
| Income before taxes | 97 | 17 | (3) | 111 |

All prior period amounts have been adjusted to reflect the combination of our Consulting and Application Solutions line of business with our Industry Solutions line of business.

(1) Other includes our remaining operating areas and corporate activities, income and expenses that are not related to the operations of the other reportable segments, and the elimination of intersegment revenue and direct costs of services of approximately \$1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and \$2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 related to the provision of services by the Industry Solutions segment to the Government Services segment.

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 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following is a reconciliation of the numerators and the denominators of the basic and diluted earnings per common share computations under the two-class method:

| | For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2008 2007 (in thousands, except per share data) | | For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008 2007 (in thousands, except per share data) | |
|---|--|-----------|---|-----------|
| Basic Earnings per Common Share | | | | |
| Net income allocated to Class A common shares (1) | \$ 30,341 | \$ 25,088 | \$ 88,443 | \$ 70,914 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding, Class A | 120,151 | 122,391 | 119,750 | 121,577 |
| Basic earnings per common share | \$ 0.25 | \$ 0.20 | \$ 0.74 | \$ 0.58 |
| Net income allocated to Class B common shares (1) | | \$ 133 | | \$ 441 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding, Class B | | 648 | | 757 |
| Basic earnings per common share | | \$ 0.20 | | \$ 0.58 |
| Diluted Earnings per Common Share | | | | |
| Net income (2) | \$ 30,341 | \$ 25,221 | \$ 88,443 | \$ 71,355 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | 120,151 | 123,039 | 119,750 | 122,334 |
| Incremental shares assuming dilution | 2,425 | 2,276 | 1,962 | 2,633 |
| Weighted average diluted common shares outstanding (3) | 122,576 | 125,315 | 121,712 | 124,967 |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$ 0.25 | \$ 0.20 | \$ 0.73 | \$ 0.57 |
| Net income allocated to Class B common shares (4) | | \$ 130 | | \$ 430 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding, Class B | | 648 | | 757 |
| Diluted earnings per common share, Class B | | \$ 0.20 | | \$ 0.57 |

(1) Net income is
allocated to
Class A and

Class B
common shares
based on
weighted
average
common shares
attributable to
each class of
stock.

(2) For purposes of
the diluted net
income per
share
computation for
common stock,
shares of
Class B are
assumed to be
converted;
therefore, 100%
of net income is
allocated to
common stock.

(3) Class B shares
are assumed to
be converted in
the weighted
average diluted
common shares
outstanding.

(4) Net income is
allocated to
class B common
shares based on
the weighted
average diluted
common shares
attributable to
each class of
stock.

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Options and restricted stock units that were outstanding but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because their effect was antidilutive are as follows:

| | For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2008 | | For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008 | |
|------------------------|--|-------|---|-------|
| | 2007 | | 2007 | |
| | (in thousands) | | (in thousands) | |
| Common stock options | 7,214 | 9,822 | 8,415 | 9,484 |
| Restricted stock units | | 10 | | 4 |

We determined whether an option or restricted stock unit was dilutive or antidilutive by comparing the average market price of our common shares for that period to the aggregate assumed proceeds from each stock option, measured as the sum of the assumed cash proceeds and excess tax benefits that would be recorded upon the exercise of each stock option and the average unearned compensation cost for each stock option or restricted stock unit.

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**Litigation**

We are, from time to time, involved in various litigation matters. We do not believe that the outcome of the litigation matters in which we are currently a party, either individually or taken as a whole, will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. However, we cannot predict with certainty any eventual loss or range of possible loss related to such matters.

We currently purchase and intend to continue to purchase the types and amounts of insurance coverage customary for the industry and geographies in which we operate. We have evaluated our risk and consider the coverage we carry to be adequate both in type and amount for the business we conduct.

IPO Allocation Securities Litigation

In July and August 2001, we, as well as some of our current and former officers and directors and the investment banks that underwrote our initial public offering, were named as defendants in two purported class action lawsuits seeking unspecified damages for alleged violations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Securities Act of 1933. These cases focus on alleged improper practices of investment banks. Our case has been consolidated for pretrial purposes with approximately 300 similar cases in the IPO Allocation Securities Litigation and certain issues, including class certification issues, are being considered in a limited number of test cases. In December 2006, the Second Circuit Court of Appeals vacated the trial court's class certifications in the test cases, finding the predominance of common questions over individual questions that is required for class certification cannot be met by those plaintiffs. The plaintiffs are seeking certification of a narrower class at the trial court level.

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Other

In addition to the matters described above, we have been, and from time to time are, named as a defendant in various legal proceedings in the normal course of business, including arbitrations, class actions and other litigation involving commercial and employment disputes. Certain of these proceedings include claims for substantial compensatory or punitive damages or claims for indeterminate amounts of damages. We are contesting liability and/or the amount of damages, in each pending matter.

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PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
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This quarterly report contains forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as may, will, should, could, forecasts, expects, plans, anticipates, believes, estimates, predicts, potential, see, target, projects, position, or continue or the negative of such terms and other comparable terminology. These statements reflect our current expectations, estimates, and projections. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties, and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Actual events or results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in these forward-looking statements. In evaluating these statements, you should specifically consider various factors, including the risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007. These risk factors describe reasons why our actual results may differ materially from any forward-looking statement. We disclaim any intention or obligation to update any forward-looking statement.

ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our interim condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and with our consolidated financial statements and the information under the heading Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, which are included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Lines of Business

As of July 1, 2008, we combined our Consulting and Applications Solutions line of business with our Industry Solutions line of business, resulting in a reduction from three segments to two segments: Industry Solutions and Government Services. This realignment helps us unify teams where these two lines of business had an overlap in markets, leverage our domain expertise, and build upon the growing collaboration between these lines of business in providing globally delivered services. Industry Solutions, our largest line of business, provides services to our customers primarily under long-term contracts in strategic relationships. These services include technology and business process services, as well as industry domain-based, short-term project and consulting services. Industry Solutions also provides software-related services, including the implementation of prepackaged software applications, application development and maintenance, and application systems migration and testing under short-term contracts related to specific projects. The Government Services segment provides infrastructure support, application design and development, consulting, engineering, and technology-based business process solutions for the Department of Defense, the Department of Homeland Security, various federal intelligence agencies, and other governmental agencies.

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PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
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Overview of Our Financial Results for the Third Quarter of 2008

Our financial results are affected by a number of factors, including broad economic conditions, the amount and type of technology spending by our customers, and the business strategies and financial condition of our customers and the industries we serve, which could result in increases or decreases in the amount of services that we provide to our customers and the pricing of such services. Our ability to identify and effectively respond to these factors is important to our future financial growth.

We are monitoring current macroeconomic and credit market conditions and levels of business confidence and their potential effect on our clients and on us. A severe or prolonged economic downturn could adversely affect our clients financial condition and the levels of business activities in the industries and geographies where we operate. This could reduce demand and depress pricing for our services, especially with respect to discretionary project services that are above contractual backlog, or our clients could become unable to meet their financial obligations to us under the terms of our existing services agreements. Approximately 34% of our revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2008, were non-backlog revenues. These potential consequences of a severe or prolonged economic downturn could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition.

We evaluate our consolidated performance on the basis of several performance indicators. The four key performance indicators we use are revenue growth, earnings growth, free cash flow, and the value of contracts signed. We compare these key performance indicators to both annual target amounts established by management and to our performance for prior periods. We establish the targets for these key performance indicators primarily on an annual basis, but we may revise them during the year. We assess our performance using these key indicators on a quarterly and annual basis.

Revenue Growth

Revenue growth is a measure of the growth we generate through sales of services to new customers, expansion and extension of existing contracts, acquisitions, and discretionary services from existing customers. Revenue for the third quarter of 2008 grew by 8.5% as compared to the third quarter of 2007. As discussed in more detail below, this revenue growth came primarily from the following:

Revenue from expansion of base services from existing accounts and project work.

Revenue from new contracts signed during the twelve-month period following the third quarter of 2007.

Revenue related to acquisitions.

Offsetting these increases was a decrease in revenue due to the termination of a services agreement in the fourth quarter of 2007.

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Earnings Growth

We measure earnings growth using diluted earnings per share, which is a measure of our effectiveness in delivering profitable growth. Diluted earnings per share for the third quarter of 2008 increased 25% to \$0.25 per share from \$0.20 per share for the third quarter of 2007. Account improvement and new sales contributed \$0.11 of earnings growth year-to-year. This improvement was partially offset primarily by an increase in incentive compensation resulting in approximately \$0.05 impact on earnings per share and early stage acquisitions that are dilutive to earnings.

Free Cash Flow

We calculate free cash flow on a year to date basis as net cash provided by operating activities less purchases of property, equipment and purchased software, as stated in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. We use free cash flow as a measure of our ability to generate cash for both our short-term and long-term operating and business expansion needs. We believe this measure provides important supplemental information to investors and allows them to assess our ability to meet our working capital requirements and business expansion needs. Free cash flow for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 was a source of cash of \$100 million as compared to a use of cash of \$31 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. Free cash flow, which is a non-GAAP measure, can be reconciled to Net cash provided by operating activities as follows (in millions):

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|--|-------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 138 | \$ 35 |
| Purchases of property, equipment and software | (38) | (66) |
| Free cash flow | \$ 100 | \$ (31) |

See Liquidity and Capital Resources below for additional discussion of net cash provided by operating activities and investing activities.

TCV of Contracts Signed

The amount of Total Contract Value (commonly referred to as TCV) that we sell during a twelve-month period is a measure of our success in capturing new business in the various outsourcing and consulting markets in which we provide services. TCV includes contracts with new customers and new and previously uncommitted services with existing customers. We measure TCV as our estimate of the total expected revenue from contracts that are expected to generate revenue in excess of a defined amount during a contract term that exceeds a defined length of time.

Various factors may impact the timing of the signing of contracts with customers, including the complexity of the contract, competitive pressures, and customer demands. As a result, we generally measure our success in this area over a twelve-month period because of the significant variations that typically occur in the amount of

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TCV signed during each quarterly period. During the twelve-month periods ending September 30, 2008 and September 30, 2007, the amount of TCV signed was \$1.4 billion and \$1.7 billion, respectively.

Additional Measurements

Both of our primary lines of business have distinct economic factors, business trends, and risks that could affect our results of operations. As a result, in addition to the four metrics discussed above that we use to measure our consolidated financial performance, we use similar metrics for each of these lines of business and for certain industry groups and operating units within these lines of business.

Comparison of the Three Months Ended September 30, 2008 and 2007***Revenue***

Revenue for the third quarter of 2008 increased from revenue for the third quarter of 2007 across both segments. Below is a summary of our revenue for the third quarter of 2008 as compared to the third quarter of 2007 (amounts in millions):

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|---------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | \$ Change | % Change |
| Industry Solutions | \$ 544 | \$ 508 | \$ 36 | 7.1% |
| Government Services | 168 | 147 | 21 | 14.3% |
| Elimination of intersegment revenues | (1) | | (1) | |
| Total | \$ 711 | \$ 655 | \$ 56 | 8.5% |

Industry Solutions

The net increase in revenue from the Industry Solutions segment for the third quarter of 2008 as compared to the third quarter of 2007 was primarily attributable to:

\$26 million net increase from existing accounts and short-term project work. This net increase resulted from expanding our base services to existing long-term customers and from providing additional discretionary services to these customers. The discretionary services that we provide, which include short-term project work, can vary from period-to-period depending on many factors, including specific customer and industry needs and economic conditions.

\$23 million increase from new contracts signed during the twelve-month period following the third quarter of 2007. This increase was composed of \$14 million, \$8 million, and \$1 million from new contracts signed in the Commercial Solutions, Healthcare, and Insurance and Business Processing groups, respectively. The services that we are providing to these new customers are primarily the same services that we provide to the majority of our other long-term outsourcing customers.

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\$7 million increase from revenue related to acquisitions made in the past year. Partially offsetting these increases was a \$20 million decrease in revenue due to the termination of a services agreement in the fourth quarter of 2007.

Government Services

The \$21 million, or 14.3%, net increase in revenue from the Government Services segment for the third quarter of 2008 as compared to the third quarter of 2007 was primarily attributable to the ramp up of new contracts. Our business with the federal government will fluctuate due to annual federal funding limits and the specific needs of the federal agencies we serve.

Gross Margin

Gross margin, which is calculated as gross profit divided by revenue, was 17.4% and 17.3% of revenue for the third quarter of 2008 and 2007, respectively. The relatively consistent margin is primarily due to the following:

Increased gross margin within Industry Solutions segment, including an increase from contract profit improvements, project growth, and efficiency gains.

The increase to our gross margin was largely offset by:

Reduced gross margin for Government Services, primarily attributable to losses on a project that ended in the quarter.

Increased incentive compensation, net of amounts reimbursable by our customers.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the third quarter of 2008 increased 7.0% to \$76 million from \$71 million for the third quarter of 2007. The increase in expenses was primarily due to an increase in SG&A expense from acquisitions made in third quarter of 2007 and the second quarter of 2008, as well as increased employee incentive compensation. These increases were partially offset by cost reduction activities. SG&A for the third quarter of 2008 was 10.7% of revenue, which is lower than SG&A for the third quarter of 2007, which was 10.8% of revenue. The decrease in the SG&A as a percentage of revenue was primarily due to cost reduction activities, partially offset by an increase in employee incentive compensation.

Other Income Statement Items

Our effective tax rate for the third quarter of 2008 was 37.5% as compared to 39.0% for the third quarter of 2007. Income tax expense for the third quarter of 2008 included increased tax benefits attributable to our foreign operations. Income tax expense for the third quarter of 2007 included increased tax expense related to the expiration of one of our tax holidays in India.

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Comparison of the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008 and 2007***Revenue***

Revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, increased from revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 across both segments. Below is a summary of our revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2007 (amounts in millions):

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | \$ Change | % Change |
| Industry Solutions | \$ 1,608 | \$ 1,476 | \$ 132 | 8.9% |
| Government Services | 490 | 406 | 84 | 20.7% |
| Elimination of intersegment revenues | (2) | (2) | | |
| Total | \$ 2,096 | \$ 1,880 | \$ 216 | 11.5% |

Industry Solutions

The net increase in revenue from the Industry Solutions segment for the first nine months of 2008 as compared to the first nine months of 2007 was primarily attributable to:

\$74 million net increase from existing accounts and short-term project work. This net increase resulted from expanding our base services to existing long-term customers and from providing additional discretionary services to these customers. The discretionary services that we provide, which include short-term project work, can vary from period-to-period depending on many factors, including specific customer and industry needs and economic conditions.

\$59 million increase from new contracts signed during the twelve-month period following the third quarter of 2007. This increase was composed of \$37 million, \$18 million, and \$4 million from new contracts signed in the Commercial Solutions, Healthcare, and Insurance and Business Processing groups, respectively. The services that we are providing to these new customers are primarily the same services that we provide to the majority of our other long-term outsourcing customers.

\$54 million increase from revenue related to acquisitions.

Partially offsetting these increases was a \$55 million decrease in revenue due to the termination of a services agreement in the fourth quarter of 2007.

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Government Services

The \$84 million, or 20.7%, net increase in revenue from the Government Services segment for the first nine months of 2008 as compared to the first nine months of 2007 was primarily attributable to the ramp up of new contracts, an increase in base services to existing customers and to the acquisition of QSS Group, Inc. (QSS) on January 30, 2007. Prior to the acquisition, QSS had recognized \$25 million in revenue in the first quarter of 2007. Our business with the federal government will fluctuate due to annual federal funding limits and the specific needs of the federal agencies we serve.

Gross Margin

Gross margin, which is calculated as gross profit divided by revenue, was 17.3% and 17.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The year over year comparability is a result of increased gross margin within the Industry Solutions segment, including an increase from contract profit improvements, project growth, and cost management, offset by:

Reduced gross margin for Government Services, primarily attributable to lower profit margins related to an early stage outsourcing contract signed in 2007, and losses on a project that ended in the quarter.

Increased incentive compensation, net of amounts reimbursable by our customers.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, increased 5.2% to \$223 million from \$212 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. The increase in expenses was primarily due to an increase in SG&A expense from acquisitions made in third quarter 2007 and the second quarter of 2008, as well as increased employee incentive compensation. These increases were partially offset by cost reduction activities. SG&A for the first nine months of 2008 was 10.6% of revenue, which is lower than SG&A for the first nine months of 2007 which was 11.3% of revenue. The decrease in the SG&A as a percentage of revenue was primarily due to cost reduction activities, partially offset by an increase in employee incentive compensation.

Other Income Statement Items

Our effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 was 37.1% as compared to 36.0% for the first nine months ended 2007. Income tax expense for 2008 includes a charge to revalue deferred tax assets resulting from the extension of a tax holiday applicable to our India operations, partially offset by benefits attributable to our foreign operations.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

At September 30, 2008, we have cash and cash equivalents of \$246 million. We believe our existing cash and cash equivalents, expected cash flows from operating activities, and the \$98 million that is available under our restated and amended credit facility, will provide us sufficient funds to meet our operating needs for the foreseeable future. During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, cash and cash equivalents increased 31.6% to \$246 million from \$187 million at December 31, 2007.

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$138 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, as compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$35 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007.

The primary reasons for the changes are as follows:

Net income was \$88 million and \$71 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Depreciation and amortization expense, which are non-cash expenses, were \$85 million and \$76 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The increase in depreciation and amortization expense in 2008 as compared to 2007 was due primarily to purchases of property and equipment in late 2007 associated with data center migration, our recent data center expansion, and acquisitions. Stock based compensation expense, which is a non-cash expense, was \$13 million and \$12 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007. Cash decreased due to an \$18 million increase in accounts receivable, net, for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, as compared to \$49 million increase for the same period of the prior year. We typically collect our accounts receivable within 62-65 days, and therefore our accounts receivable balance at the end of each period can change based on the amount of revenue for that period and the timing of collection from our customers, which may vary significantly from period to period.

Cash used in accounts payable and accrued liabilities was \$15 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, as compared to cash used of \$12 million for the same period of the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to the timing of vendor payments.

Bonuses paid to associates under our bonus plans in the first nine months of 2008 and 2007 (including payments of annual bonus amounts relating to the previous year's bonus plan) were approximately \$28 million and \$54 million, respectively. The amount of bonuses that we pay each year is based on several factors, including our financial performance and management's discretion. The increase in accrued compensation in 2008 primarily represents accrued annual incentive compensation, which is expected to be paid in the first quarter of the following year.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, we made net cash payments for income taxes of \$57 million as compared to \$44 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2007.

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Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$32 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, as compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$271 million for the same period in 2007. This change was primarily attributable to the following:

During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, we paid \$338 million for acquisitions of businesses, including \$248 million, net of cash acquired, for the acquisition of QSS, \$86 million, net of cash acquired, for the acquisition of JJ Wild Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiary, JJ Wild, Inc., (collectively, JJ Wild) and \$4 million of additional consideration for the acquisition of eServ LLC, a provider of project engineering outsourcing services.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, we purchased \$38 million of property, equipment and purchased software as compared to \$66 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2007. The first nine months of 2007 included purchases of property and equipment associated with data center migration and our recent data center expansion.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, we liquidated short-term investments of \$23 million, net, as compared to \$133 million, net, during the nine months ended September 30, 2007. The liquidation during the first nine months of 2007 was in connection with our acquisition of QSS.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, we paid \$18 million for acquisitions of businesses, including \$14 million, net of cash acquired, for the acquisition of HighQ^{IT} for the manufacturing industry GmbH and its subsidiary (collectively, called HighQ^{IT}), \$4 million of additional consideration for the acquisition of eServ LLC, and \$4 million for an acquisition in the second quarter of 2008. These payments were partially offset by purchase price adjustments paid to us of \$4 million.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities was \$34 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, as compared to net cash provided by financing activities of \$154 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. This decrease is primarily due to a \$30 million payment against a portion of our credit facility and a \$24 million purchase of treasury stock in 2008. In addition, 2007 included an additional \$130 million borrowed against our restated and amended credit facility in connection with our acquisitions of QSS and JJ Wild.

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We routinely maintain cash balances in certain European and Asian currencies to fund operations in those regions. During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, foreign exchange rate fluctuations had a net negative impact on our non-domestic cash balances of \$13 million, as the U.S. dollar strengthened against the Indian Rupee, British Pound, and other currencies. We manage foreign exchange exposures that are likely to significantly impact net income or working capital. At September 30, 2008, we had numerous derivatives to purchase and sell various currencies in the amount of \$198 million, which expire at various times before the end of 2010.

Significant Accounting Standards to be Adopted

See Note 1, General, in the notes to condensed consolidated financial statements for a discussion of recent accounting pronouncements.

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PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
FORM 10-Q

For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2008

ITEM 3: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

For a discussion of our market risk associated with foreign currencies as of December 31, 2007, see *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk* in Part II, Item 7A, *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year then ended.

ITEM 4: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of the end of the period covered by this report, an evaluation was carried out by our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that these disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

There were no changes in internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) that occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, internal control over financial reporting.

PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1: LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are, from time to time, involved in various litigation matters. We do not believe that the outcome of the litigation matters in which we are currently a party, either individually or taken as a whole, will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. However, we cannot predict with certainty any eventual loss or range of possible loss related to such matters.

We currently purchase and intend to continue to purchase the types and amounts of insurance coverage customary for the industry and geographies in which we operate. We have evaluated our risk and consider the coverage we carry to be adequate both in type and amount for the business we conduct.

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PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
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IPO Allocation Securities Litigation

In July and August 2001, we, as well as some of our current and former officers and directors and the investment banks that underwrote our initial public offering, were named as defendants in two purported class action lawsuits seeking unspecified damages for alleged violations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Securities Act of 1933. These cases focus on alleged improper practices of investment banks. Our case has been consolidated for pretrial purposes with approximately 300 similar cases in the IPO Allocation Securities Litigation and certain issues, including class certification issues, are being considered in a limited number of test cases. In December 2006, the Second Circuit Court of Appeals vacated the trial court's class certifications in the test cases, finding the predominance of common questions over individual questions that is required for class certification cannot be met by those plaintiffs. The plaintiffs are seeking certification of a narrower class at the trial court level.

Other

In addition to the matters described above, we have been, and from time to time are, named as a defendant in various legal proceedings in the normal course of business, including arbitrations, class actions and other litigation involving commercial and employment disputes. Certain of these proceedings include claims for substantial compensatory or punitive damages or claims for indeterminate amounts of damages. We are contesting liability and/or the amount of damages, in each pending matter.

ITEM 1A: RISK FACTORS

In evaluating all forward-looking statements, you should specifically consider various factors that may cause actual results to vary from those contained in the forward-looking statements. Please refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and available at www.sec.gov, for additional information regarding risk factors.

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PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
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For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2008

ITEM 6: EXHIBITS

Exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-K

EXHIBIT

NUMBER

DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBIT

- | | |
|--------|---|
| 3.1 | Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Perot Systems Corporation (the Company) <i>(Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2002.)</i> |
| 3.2 | Fourth Amended and Restated Bylaws. <i>(Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed September, 24, 2004).</i> |
| 4.1 | Specimen of Class A Common Stock Certificate <i>(Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, Registration No. 333-60755.)</i> |
| 4.2 | Rights Agreement dated January 28, 1999 between the Company and The Chase Manhattan Bank <i>(Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, Registration No. 333-60755.)</i> |
| 4.3 | Form of Certificate of Designation, Preferences, and Rights of Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock (included as Exhibit A-1 to the Rights Agreement) <i>(Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, Registration No. 333-60755.)</i> |
| 4.4 | Form of Certificate of Designation, Preferences, and Rights of Series B Junior Participating Preferred Stock (included as Exhibit A-2 to the Rights Agreement) <i>(Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, Registration No. 333-60755.)</i> |
| 31.1* | Rule 13a-14 Certification dated November 4, 2008, by Peter A. Altabef, President and Chief Executive Officer. |
| 31.2* | Rule 13a-14 Certification dated November 4, 2008, by John E. Harper, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. |
| 32.1** | Section 1350 Certification dated November 4, 2008, by Peter A. Altabef, President and Chief Executive Officer. |
| 32.2** | Section 1350 Certification dated November 4, 2008, by John E. Harper, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. |

* Filed herewith.

** Furnished
herewith.

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PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
FORM 10-Q

For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2008

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PEROT SYSTEMS CORPORATION
(Registrant)

Date: November 4, 2008

By /s/ ROBERT J. KELLY
Robert J. Kelly
Corporate Controller and Principal
Accounting Officer

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