

TYSON FOODS INC
Form DEF 14A
December 20, 2018
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
SCHEDULE 14A

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Filed by the Registrant

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant

Check the appropriate box:

Preliminary Proxy Statement

Definitive Proxy Statement

Definitive Additional Materials

Soliciting Material Pursuant to §240.14a-12

Tyson Foods, Inc.

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

No fee required.

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(1) Amount Previously Paid:

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(3) Filing Party:

(4) Date Filed:

Tyson Foods, Inc.
2200 West Don Tyson Parkway
Springdale, Arkansas 72762-6999
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
February 7, 2019

To Tyson Foods, Inc. Shareholders:

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of Shareholders (the "Annual Meeting") of Tyson Foods, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), will be held at Tyson Foods, Inc., 319 E. Emma Ave., Springdale, Arkansas 72762 on Thursday, February 7, 2019 at 10:00 a.m., Central time, for the following purposes:

1. To elect the eleven directors named in the accompanying Proxy Statement to the Company's Board of Directors;
2. To ratify the selection of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as the independent registered public accounting firm for the Company for the fiscal year ending September 28, 2019;
3. To consider and act upon the two shareholder proposals described in the accompanying Proxy Statement, if properly presented at the Annual Meeting; and
4. To consider and act upon such other business as may properly come before the Annual Meeting or any adjournments or postponements thereof.

Only shareholders of record at the close of business on December 10, 2018, the record date for the Annual Meeting, will be entitled to attend and vote at the Annual Meeting and any adjournments or postponements thereof. If you plan to attend the Annual Meeting, an admission ticket is required and can be obtained by contacting Tyson Foods Investor Relations via email at ir@tyson.com or by telephone at (479) 290-4524. The Annual Meeting will also be webcast live on the Company's Investor Relations website at <http://ir.tyson.com>.

This year we will again take advantage of the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that allow us to furnish our proxy materials over the Internet. As a result, we are sending a Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials to our shareholders rather than a full paper set of the proxy materials. The Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials contains instructions on how to access our proxy materials on the Internet, as well as instructions on how shareholders may obtain a paper copy of our proxy materials. This process substantially reduces the costs associated with printing and distributing our proxy materials. To make it easier for you to vote, Internet and telephone voting are available. The instructions on the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials or, if you received a paper copy of the proxy materials, the proxy card, describe how to use these convenient services.

By Order of the Board of Directors
R. Read Hudson
Secretary

Springdale, Arkansas
December 20, 2018

YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT

WHETHER OR NOT YOU PLAN TO ATTEND THE ANNUAL MEETING, YOU ARE URGED TO VOTE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE BY INTERNET, TELEPHONE OR MAIL SO THAT YOUR SHARES MAY BE VOTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH YOUR WISHES. THE GIVING OF A PROXY DOES NOT AFFECT YOUR RIGHT TO REVOKE IT LATER OR VOTE YOUR SHARES IN PERSON IN THE EVENT YOU SHOULD ATTEND THE ANNUAL MEETING.

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING THE AVAILABILITY OF PROXY MATERIALS FOR THE ANNUAL MEETING TO BE HELD ON FEBRUARY 7, 2019: The Company's Proxy Statement and Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2018 are also available at <http://ir.tyson.com> or <http://www.proxyvote.com>.

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PROXY STATEMENT SUMMARY

This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this Proxy Statement but does not contain all of the information you should consider before voting your shares. For more complete information regarding the proposals to be voted on at the 2019 Annual Meeting of Shareholders (the “Annual Meeting”) of Tyson Foods, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), and our fiscal year 2018 performance, please review the entire Proxy Statement and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2018.

INFORMATION ABOUT OUR ANNUAL MEETING

Date and Time: Thursday, February 7, 2019 at 10:00 a.m., Central time

Place: Tyson Foods, Inc.
319 E. Emma Ave.
Springdale, Arkansas

Record Date: December 10, 2018

Attendance/Voting: Only shareholders of record at the close of business on the Record Date will be entitled to attend and vote at the Annual Meeting and any adjournments or postponements thereof. Each share of Class A Common Stock will entitle the holder to one vote for each director nominee and one vote for each other proposal, and each share of Class B Common Stock will entitle the holder to ten votes for each director nominee and ten votes for each other proposal.

Advance Voting: Even if you plan to attend the Annual Meeting in person, please vote right away using one of the following advance voting methods:

- Visit the website listed on your proxy card/voting instruction form to vote by Internet.
- If you have requested a paper copy of the proxy materials, call the telephone number on your proxy card/voting instruction form to vote by telephone.
- If you have requested a paper copy of the proxy materials, sign, date and return your proxy card/voting instruction form in the enclosed envelope to vote by mail.

PROPOSALS AND VOTING RECOMMENDATIONS

Voting Items	Board Recommendation	Votes Required for Approval	Page No.
Election of directors	FOR All Nominees	Majority of votes cast	<u>8</u>
Ratification of selection of independent registered public accounting firm	FOR	Majority of votes cast	<u>17</u>
Shareholder proposals	AGAINST	Majority of votes cast	<u>19</u>

DIRECTOR NOMINEES

The following table contains information about the candidates who have been nominated for election to the Board of Directors, including current committee assignments. Each nominee is currently a director of the Company. Additional biographical information about the nominees can be found in the Proxy Statement in the section titled "Election of Directors." Effective September 30, 2018, Tom Hayes stepped down as President and Chief Executive Officer and resigned as a director of the Company.

Name	Age	Director Since	Independent	Committee Assignments			Executive
				Compensation and Leadership Development	Governance and Nominating	Strategy and Acquisitions	
John Tyson m	65	1984	No				ü
Gaurdie E. Banister Jr. †	61	2011	Yes	ü*		ü	
Dean Banks	45	2017	Yes		ü	ü	
Mike Beebe	71	2015	Yes	ü	ü		
Mikel A. Durham	55	2015	Yes		ü	ü*	
Kevin M. McNamara :	62	2007	Yes	ü ü			ü
Cheryl S. Miller :	46	2016	Yes	ü*			
Jeffrey K. Schomburger	56	2016	Yes	ü		ü	
Robert Thurber	71	2009	Yes		ü*		
Barbara A. Tyson	69	1988	Yes				ü
Noel White	60	2018	No				

m Chairman of the Board † Lead Independent Director *Committee Chairperson : Audit Committee Financial Expert

FISCAL YEAR 2018 BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

The Company's total sales in fiscal year 2018 were \$40.1 billion. Operating income for the same period increased 4.2% over fiscal year 2017 to \$3.1 billion. The Board of Directors increased dividends on our common stock by 33% over fiscal year 2017 dividends.

GOVERNANCE HIGHLIGHTS

The Company is committed to good corporate governance, which promotes the long-term interests of shareholders, strengthens the Board of Directors and management accountability, and helps build public trust in the Company.

Some of the Company's key governance features include:

- 9 of 11 director nominees are independent
- Separation of the roles of Chairman, CEO and Lead Independent Director
- Annual board and committee self-evaluations
- Average board meeting attendance in excess of 98%
- Deferred shares for directors and strong ownership requirements for directors and senior officers
- Independent board committees (other than the Executive Committee)
- Robust Code of Conduct
- Board makeup highlighted by strong leadership, diversity and experience
- Regular executive sessions of independent directors

The following table contains certain information about the Board of Directors and its committees during fiscal year 2018.

	Number of Members at the End of Fiscal Year 2018	Independent Membership	Number of Meetings During Fiscal Year 2018
Board of Directors	11	82%	10 (and 7 written consents)
Audit Committee	3	100%	4
Compensation and Leadership Development Committee	3	100%	6 (and 6 written consents)
Governance and Nominating Committee	4	100%	4
Strategy and Acquisitions Committee	4	100%	8
Executive Committee	3	67%	6 written consents

*Effective September 30, 2018, Tom Hayes stepped down as President and Chief Executive Officer and resigned as a director of the Company and Noel White became President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company; Mr. White was appointed a director of the Company effective October 4, 2018.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION SUMMARY

Our executive compensation program is rooted in maintaining a strong link between pay and performance, which we believe results in a better alignment of compensation with corporate goals and shareholder interests. Through our executive compensation program, we emphasize attainment of Company goals, both short- and long-term, and seek to foster a commitment to performance that enhances sustainable shareholder value. Our key executive compensation practices include the following:

High percentage of pay is variable and at risk

Substantial stock ownership guidelines

Balanced mix of short- and long-term incentives

Performance targets set at challenging levels that seek to balance short- and long-term goals

We provide a compensation package designed to attract, motivate and retain superior executive talent for the long-term. We believe that total compensation opportunities should reflect each executive officer's role, skills, experience level and individual contributions to the Company and be competitive with the organizations with which we compete for talent. We also believe that as an executive officer's responsibility increases, a significant portion of his or her compensation should be dependent on Company earnings and performance goals. In fiscal year 2018, approximately two-thirds of the target total compensation opportunity for our continuing named executive officers was at-risk.

Detailed information regarding our executive compensation programs, practices and philosophy can be found in the Proxy Statement under the section titled "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" and the compensation tables of the Proxy Statement.

HOW PAY IS TIED TO COMPANY PERFORMANCE

Incentive payments under the Company's cash performance incentive payment plan are based on performance measures established by the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee. For fiscal year 2018, the committee selected Adjusted Operating Income, which is operating income before interest and taxes and takes into account unusual or unique items, as the performance measure under the plan. The committee believes Adjusted Operating Income is an appropriate measure of Company performance to utilize in making performance-based compensation decisions because it is a good indicator of value creation and is used by senior management to evaluate the day-to-day performance of the business. Adjusted Operating Income for purposes of performance incentive payments for fiscal year 2018 was \$3.114 billion, which resulted in performance incentive payment eligibility for our NEOs at approximately 69.28% of each of their target performance incentive payment amounts.

Performance stock grants under the Company's equity compensation plans are also based on performance measures chosen by the committee. For fiscal year 2018, the committee selected the achievement of a 3-year cumulative Adjusted Operating Income performance goal measured from the beginning of fiscal year 2018, and a comparison of the relative total shareholder return on the Company's Class A Common Stock to the total shareholder return of a compensation peer group over the same 3-year period. Each performance criterion accounts for one-half of the performance stock award. Three-year cumulative Adjusted Operating Income was selected to further focus our executive officers on what we believe to be the drivers of long-term value creation and relative total shareholder return was selected to assess and motivate our executive officers to outperform peer group companies and further align their interests with shareholder value creation.

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Tyson Foods, Inc.
2200 West Don Tyson Parkway
Springdale, Arkansas 72762-6999

PROXY STATEMENT

For
ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

To Be Held

February 7, 2019

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THIS PROXY STATEMENT AND THE ANNUAL MEETING

Why am I receiving these proxy materials?

Tyson Foods, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), has made these materials available to you in connection with the solicitation of proxies by the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of the Company, for use at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders (the “Annual Meeting”), to be held at Tyson Foods, Inc., 319 E. Emma Ave., Springdale, Arkansas, on Thursday, February 7, 2019 at 10:00 a.m., Central time. These materials were first sent or made available to shareholders on December 20, 2018. You are invited to attend the Annual Meeting and are requested to vote on the matters described in this Proxy Statement.

What is included in the proxy materials?

These materials include:

• this Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting; and

• the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2018.

If you request printed versions of these materials be sent to you by mail, these materials will also include a proxy card and voting instruction form for the Annual Meeting.

Why did I receive a one-page notice in the mail regarding the Internet availability of the proxy materials instead of a full set of the proxy materials?

Pursuant to rules adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), the Company has elected to provide access to its proxy materials over the Internet. All shareholders will have the ability to access the proxy materials on the website referred to in the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials or request a printed set of our proxy materials, including a proxy card. Instructions on how to access the proxy materials over the Internet or to request a printed copy may be found in the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials. We encourage you to take advantage of the availability of the proxy materials on the Internet in order to help reduce our costs and the environmental impact of the Annual Meeting.

How can I get electronic access to the proxy materials?

The Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials provides you with instructions regarding how to view the proxy materials for the Annual Meeting on the Internet and how to instruct the Company to send future proxy materials, including the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials, to you electronically by email. The Company’s proxy materials are also available on the Company’s Investor Relations website at <http://ir.tyson.com>.

If you choose to receive future proxy materials by email, you will receive an email message next year with instructions containing a link to those materials and a link to the proxy voting website. Your election to receive proxy materials electronically will remain in effect until you terminate it.

What items will be voted on at the Annual Meeting?

The following matters will be presented for shareholder consideration and voting at the Annual Meeting:

- To elect the eleven director nominees named in this Proxy Statement to the Board;
- To ratify the selection of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as the independent registered public accounting firm for the Company for the fiscal year ending September 28, 2019;
- To consider and act upon the shareholder proposals described in this Proxy Statement, if properly presented at the Annual Meeting; and
- To consider and act upon such other business as may properly come before the Annual Meeting or any adjournments or postponements thereof.

What are the Board's voting recommendations?

The Board recommends that you vote your shares:

- **FOR** the election of each of the director nominees named in this Proxy Statement to the Board;
 - FOR ratification of the selection of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending September 28, 2019;
- **AGAINST** each of the shareholder proposals.

What is the difference between a shareholder of record and a beneficial owner of shares held in street name?

Shareholder of Record. If your shares are registered directly in your name with the Company's transfer agent, Computershare, Inc., you are considered the shareholder of record with respect to those shares, and the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials was sent directly to you by the Company. As a shareholder of record, you can vote your shares via the Internet, telephone, mail or in person. If you request printed copies of the proxy materials by mail, you will also receive a proxy card.

Beneficial Owner of Shares Held in Street Name. If your shares are held in an account at a brokerage firm, bank, broker-dealer or other similar organization, then you are the beneficial owner of shares held in "street name," and the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials was forwarded to you by that organization. The organization holding your account is considered the shareholder of record for purposes of voting at the Annual Meeting. As a beneficial owner, you have the right to direct that organization on how to vote the shares held in your account. If you request printed copies of the proxy materials by mail, you will also receive a voting instruction form from the organization holding your shares.

If I am a shareholder of record of the Company's shares, how do I vote using the Company's proxy materials?

There are four ways to vote using the Company's proxy materials:

Via the Internet. You may vote by proxy via the Internet by following the instructions provided in the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials, or, if you request printed copies of the proxy materials be sent to you by mail, by following the instructions provided with the proxy card.

By telephone. If you request printed copies of the proxy materials be sent to you by mail, you may vote by proxy by calling the toll-free number found on the proxy card.

By mail. If you request printed copies of the proxy materials be sent to you by mail, you may vote by proxy by filling out the proxy card and sending it back in the envelope provided.

In person. You may vote in person at the Annual Meeting. If you desire to vote in person at the Annual Meeting, please request an admission ticket via email at ir.tyson.com or by telephone at (479) 290-4524 and then request a ballot when you arrive.

If I am a beneficial owner of shares held in street name, how do I vote using the Company's proxy materials?

There are four ways to vote using the Company's proxy materials:

Via the Internet. You may vote by proxy via the Internet by visiting <http://www.proxyvote.com> and entering the control number found in the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials, or, if you request printed copies of the proxy materials be sent to you by mail, by following the instructions provided in the voting instruction form you received from the organization holding your shares.

By telephone. If you request printed copies of the proxy materials be sent to you by mail, you may vote by proxy by calling the toll-free number found on the voting instruction form you received from the organization holding your shares.

By mail. If you request printed copies of the proxy materials be sent to you by mail, you may vote by proxy by filling out the voting instruction form you received from the organization that holds your shares and sending it back in the envelope provided.

In person. You may vote in person at the Annual Meeting by first obtaining a legal proxy from the organization that holds your shares. If you obtain such a proxy and desire to vote in person at the Annual Meeting, please request a ballot when you arrive.

Can I change my vote after I have voted?

You may revoke your proxy and change your vote at any time before the final vote at the Annual Meeting. You may vote again on a later date via the Internet or by telephone (only your latest Internet or telephone proxy submitted prior to the Annual Meeting will be counted), by signing and returning a proxy card or voting instruction form with a later date, or by attending the Annual Meeting and voting in person. However, your attendance at the Annual Meeting will not automatically revoke your proxy unless you vote again at the Annual Meeting or specifically request that your prior proxy be revoked by delivering to the Company's corporate secretary at 2200 West Don Tyson Parkway, Mail Stop CP004, Springdale, Arkansas 72762-6999, a written notice of revocation prior to the Annual Meeting.

Is my vote confidential?

Proxy instructions, ballots and voting tabulations that identify individual shareholders are handled in a manner that protects your voting privacy. Your vote will not be disclosed either within the Company or to third parties, except:

- as necessary to meet applicable legal requirements;
- to allow for the tabulation and certification of votes; and
- to facilitate a successful proxy solicitation.

Occasionally, shareholders provide written comments on their proxy cards, which may be forwarded to the Company's management and the Board.

Where can I find the voting results of the Annual Meeting?

The preliminary voting results will be announced at the Annual Meeting. The final voting results will be tallied by Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc., the inspector of the Annual Meeting, and published within four business days following conclusion of the Annual Meeting.

How can I attend the Annual Meeting?

Only persons owning shares at the close of business on December 10, 2018, the record date for the Annual Meeting, will be entitled to attend and vote at the Annual Meeting and any adjournments or postponements thereof. If you plan to attend the Annual Meeting, an admission ticket is required and can be obtained by contacting Tyson Foods Investor Relations via email at ir@tyson.com or by telephone at (479) 290-4524. The Annual Meeting will also be webcast live on the Company's Investor Relations website at <http://ir.tyson.com>.

OUTSTANDING STOCK AND VOTING RIGHTS

Generally. As of December 10, 2018, the outstanding shares of the Company's capital stock consisted of 295,629,705 shares of Class A Common Stock, \$0.10 par value ("Class A Common Stock"), and 70,010,355 shares of Class B Common Stock, \$0.10 par value ("Class B Common Stock"). The holders of record of the shares of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock outstanding at the close of business on December 10, 2018, the record date for the Annual Meeting, will vote together as a single class on all matters submitted to shareholders and such other matters as may properly come before the Annual Meeting and any adjournments or postponements thereof. Each share of Class A Common Stock will entitle the holder to one vote on all such matters and each share of Class B Common Stock will entitle the holder to ten votes on all such matters.

Quorum. The holders of a majority of the voting power of the Company's outstanding Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock, treated as a single class, must be present in person or represented by proxy to hold the Annual Meeting.

Approval Standards. The Company's by-laws provide that in an uncontested election of directors, each director nominee will be elected by a majority of the votes cast for his or her election at the meeting. A majority of votes cast means that the number of shares cast "for" a director's election exceeds the number of votes cast "against" that director. In a contested election (an election in which the number of nominees exceeds the number of directors to be elected), the directors will be elected by a plurality of the votes cast on the election of directors. The election of directors to be held at the Annual Meeting is an uncontested election, thus the majority vote standard will apply.

A majority of the votes cast at the Annual Meeting is required to ratify the selection of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP ("PwC") as the independent registered public accounting firm for the Company for the fiscal year ending September 28, 2019 and to approve each of the shareholder proposals.

The form of proxy card or voting instruction form provides a method for shareholders to vote for, against or to abstain from voting with respect to (i) each director nominee, (ii) the ratification of the selection of PwC as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm, and (iii) each shareholder proposal.

Broker Non-Votes and Abstentions. Under the rules of the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), brokers, banks or other similar organizations holding shares in street name for customers who are beneficial owners of such shares are prohibited from voting or giving a proxy to vote such customers' shares on "non-routine" matters in the absence of specific instructions from such customers. This is commonly referred to as a "broker non-vote." Broker non-votes will be counted for quorum purposes but will not be counted as votes cast either for or against a proposal. In other words, broker non-votes are not considered "votes cast." The election of directors and the shareholder proposals are considered "non-routine" matters under applicable NYSE rules and, therefore, if you hold your shares through a bank, broker or other similar organization, the organization may not vote your shares on these matters absent specific instructions from you. As such, there may be broker non-votes with respect to these matters. However, broker non-votes will have no impact on the outcome of these matters because, as stated above, they are not considered "votes cast" for voting purposes. On the other hand, the ratification of the selection of PwC as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm is considered a "routine" matter under the current rules of the NYSE, therefore, the organization that holds your shares may vote on this matter without instructions from you and no broker non-votes will occur with respect to this matter.

As with broker non-votes, abstentions are counted for quorum purposes but will not be counted as votes cast either for or against a proposal. In other words, abstentions are not considered "votes cast." Accordingly, abstentions will have no impact on the outcome on the proposals contained in this Proxy Statement.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS

The table below sets forth certain information as of December 10, 2018 regarding the only persons known by the Company to own, directly or indirectly, more than 5% of either of its two classes of Common Stock:

Title of Class	Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class
Class B Common Stock	Tyson Limited Partnership 2200 West Don Tyson Parkway Springdale, AR 72762-6999	70,000,000 (1)	99.99 %
Class A Common Stock	T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. 100 East Pratt Street Baltimore, MD 21202	41,564,041 (2)	14.08 %
Class A Common Stock	The Vanguard Group 100 Vanguard Blvd. Malvern, PA 19355	25,492,790 (3)	8.63 %
Class A Common Stock	BlackRock, Inc. 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055	22,666,119 (4)	7.68 %
Class A Common Stock	T. Rowe Price Value Fund 100 East Pratt Street Baltimore, MD 21202	14,907,845 (5)	5.05 %

70,000,000 shares of Class B Common Stock and 2,743,680 shares of Class A Common Stock are owned of record by the Tyson Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership (“TLP”). The limited partners (and their respective partnership interests in the TLP) are as follows: the DT Family 2009, LLC (53.4881%), the BT 2015 Fund (45.2549%) and the JCC Family, LLC (.1257%). Trusts for the descendants of Don Tyson, including Mr. John Tyson, Chairman of the Board of the Company, are the sole members of the DT Family 2009, LLC and the JCC Family, LLC. Ms. Barbara A. Tyson, a director of the Company, is the sole income beneficiary of and has limited dispositive power with respect to the BT 2015 Fund. Mr. John Tyson is one of the contingent beneficiaries of the BT 2015 Fund. The general partners of the TLP, who in the aggregate have a 1.1313% partnership interest in the TLP, are Mr. John Tyson, Ms. Tyson, Mr. Harry C. Erwin, III and the Donald J. Tyson Revocable Trust of which Mr. John Tyson, Mr. Erwin and Mr. Thomas B. Schueck are the trustees. A managing general partner of the TLP has the exclusive right, subject to certain restrictions, to do all things on behalf of the TLP necessary to manage, conduct, control and operate the TLP’s business, including the right to vote all shares or other securities held by the TLP, as well as the right to mortgage, pledge or grant security interests in any assets of the TLP. However, the TLP has no managing general partner at this time. Until a new managing general partner is selected, the management rights of the managing general partner may be exercised by a majority of the percentage interests of the general partners, which no single general partner currently possesses. The percentage of general partnership interests of the TLP are as follows: Donald J. Tyson Revocable Trust (44.44%); Mr. John Tyson (33.33%); Ms. Tyson (11.115%); and Mr. Erwin (11.115%). The TLP terminates December 31, 2040. The descendants of Don Tyson, including Mr. John Tyson, are the sole beneficiaries of the Donald J. Tyson Revocable Trust. Additionally, the TLP may be dissolved upon the occurrence of certain events, including (i) a written determination by the managing general partner that the projected future revenues of the TLP will be insufficient to enable payment of costs and expenses, or that such future revenues will be such that continued operation of the TLP will not be in the best interest of the partners, (ii) an election to dissolve the TLP by the managing general partner that is approved by the affirmative vote of a majority in percentage interest of all general partners, or (iii) the sale of all or substantially all of the TLP’s assets and properties. The withdrawal of the managing general partner or any other general partner (unless such partner is the sole remaining general partner) will not cause the dissolution of the TLP. Upon dissolution of the TLP, each partner, including all limited partners, will receive in cash or otherwise, after payment of creditors, loans from any partner, and return of capital account balances, their respective percentage interests in the TLP assets.

(2)

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This amount includes 15,070,847 shares and 41,517,291 shares in which the holder exercises sole voting power and sole dispositive power, respectively. The information provided is based solely on information obtained from a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on or about February 14, 2018, by T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. and T. Rowe Price Value Fund. The information has been included solely in reliance upon, and without independent investigation of, the disclosures contained in such Schedule 13G/A.

(3) This amount includes 407,034 shares, 69,141 shares, 25,020,715 shares and 472,075 shares in which the holder exercises sole voting power, shared voting power, sole dispositive power and shared dispositive power, respectively. The information provided is based solely on information obtained from a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on or about February 9, 2018, by The Vanguard

Group. The information has been included solely in reliance upon, and without independent investigation of, the disclosures contained in such Schedule 13G/A.

This amount includes 19,632,198 shares and 22,666,119 shares in which the holder exercises sole voting power and sole dispositive power, respectively. The information provided is based solely on information obtained from a (4) Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on or about January 23, 2018, by BlackRock, Inc. The information has been included solely in reliance upon, and without independent investigation of, the disclosures contained in such Schedule 13G/A.

This amount includes 14,907,845 shares in which the holder exercises sole voting power. The information provided is based solely on information obtained from a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on or about February 14, 2018, (5) by T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. and T. Rowe Price Value Fund. The information has been included solely in reliance upon, and without independent investigation of, the disclosures contained in such Schedule 13G/A.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF MANAGEMENT

The table below sets forth information with respect to the beneficial ownership of Class A Common Stock, as of December 10, 2018, by the Company's directors (each of whom is a director nominee), named executive officers and by all directors and executive officers as a group (who, individually or collectively, do not directly own any shares of Class B Common Stock):

Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature Of Beneficial Ownership (#)(1)	Percent of Class
John Tyson (2)(3)	3,386,348	1.15 %
Gaurdie E. Banister Jr. (4)	26,991	*
Dean Banks	0	*
Mike Beebe (4)	4,323	*
Mikel A. Durham (4)	5,153	*
Kevin M. McNamara (4)	28,845	*
Cheryl S. Miller	4,323	*
Jeffrey K. Schomburger	4,994	*
Robert Thurber (4)	14,466	*
Barbara A. Tyson (2)(4)	202,267	*
Noel White	212,062	*
Stewart F. Glendinning	29,835	*
Sally Grimes	249,006	*
Tom Hayes (5)	345,195	*
Dennis Leatherby (6)	-	*
All Directors and Executive Officers as a Group (22 persons)	4,993,568	1.69 %

* Indicates less than 1%.

The amounts in this column include beneficial ownership of shares with respect to which voting or investment power may be deemed to be directly or indirectly controlled. Accordingly, the shares shown in the table include shares owned directly, shares held in such person's account under the Company's Employee Stock Purchase Plan, shares owned by certain of the individual's family members and shares held by the individual as a trustee or in a fiduciary or other similar capacity, unless otherwise disclaimed and/or described below. The amounts in this column also include shares subject to options exercisable on or within 60 days of December 10, 2018, held by Mr. Glendinning (12,592) and the other executive officers (5,091).

The amounts in these rows do not include any shares of Class A Common Stock or Class B Common Stock owned by the TLP, of which Mr. Tyson and Ms. Tyson are general partners. The TLP owns 99.99% of the outstanding Class B Common Stock and 0.93% of the outstanding Class A Common Stock, which results in the TLP (2)controlling 70.58% of the aggregate vote of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock. When combined with the total ownership of directors and executive officers as a group, the aggregate voting percentage increases to 71.08%. The TLP and its ownership of such stock are further described in footnote 1 to the table titled "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners" in this Proxy Statement.

(3)Mr. Tyson's amount includes 1,455,844 shares pledged as security for loans.

The amounts in these rows do not include grants of deferred stock awards of Class A Common Stock made on the date(s) of re-election to the Board by shareholders (see the section titled "Director Compensation for Fiscal Year (4)2018" in this Proxy Statement) to each of Mr. Banister (9,331); Mr. Banks (2,056); Mr. Beebe (2,728); Ms. Durham (4,783); Mr. McNamara (46,561); Mr. Schomburger (2,056); Mr. Thurber (36,180); and Ms. Tyson (27,524).

(5)Mr. Hayes stepped down as the Company's Chief Executive Officer, and resigned as a director, effective September 30, 2018.

(6)

Mr. Leatherby stepped down as the Company's Chief Financial Officer effective February 10, 2018. He passed away on August 6, 2018, and we have no information concerning any holdings.

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ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The number of directors that will serve on the Board following the Annual Meeting will be eleven but may be changed from time to time in the manner provided in the Company's by-laws. Each director is elected until the next annual meeting of shareholders and until such director's successor is duly elected and qualified. Our by-laws provide that no person shall be nominated to serve as a director after he or she has passed his or her 72nd birthday (the "Retirement Age By-law"), unless the Board has voted, on an annual basis, to waive or continue to waive the Retirement Age By-law for a nominee.

Set forth below is biographical information for each director nominee chosen by the Board to stand for election at the Annual Meeting. The slate consists of nine independent directors and two non-independent directors. Each of the director nominees is currently serving as a director of the Company and, except for Mr. White, was elected at the 2018 annual meeting of shareholders. The Board recommends that each director nominee be elected at the Annual Meeting.

John Tyson, 65, is Chairman of the Board. Mr. Tyson has been a member of the Board since 1984, has served as Chairman since 1998, and served as Chief Executive Officer from 2001 until 2006. Mr. Tyson has devoted his professional career to the Company and brings extensive understanding of the Company, its operations and the protein and food processing industries to the Board. Through his leadership experience gained as a former Chief Executive Officer of the Company, Mr. Tyson provides the Board with critical insight into the Company's business. In addition, Mr. Tyson, through his association with the TLP, has a substantial personal interest in the Company. The Board believes that Mr. Tyson's leadership experience and knowledge of the Company acquired through his years of service to the Company and his personal stake in its success qualify him to serve on the Board.

John
Tyson

Gaurdie E. Banister Jr., 61, currently retired, was the President and Chief Executive Officer of Aera Energy LLC, a \$5 billion oil and gas producer jointly owned by Shell and ExxonMobil, from 2007 until his retirement in 2015. Prior to joining Aera Energy, Mr. Banister held a number of management positions with Shell. Mr. Banister also serves on the board of Bristow Group. Mr. Banister served as a member of the board of Marathon Oil from October 2015 to May 2018. Mr. Banister has been a member of the Board since 2011. The Board believes his more than 30 years in the oil and gas industry, which included significant involvement in international business, strategic planning and mergers and acquisitions, along with his leadership experience as CEO of one of California's largest oil and gas producers, qualify him to serve on the Board.

Gaurdie
E.
Banister
Jr.

Dean Banks, 45, is a senior executive at X, an Alphabet Inc. company, where he leads the development of emerging technology projects. He has been in that role since 2016, prior to which he was a managing partner and the interim CEO at SEED Ventures since 2015. Previously, in 2014 he served as a consultant to Cleveland Clinic Innovations and as the CEO of Occelerator. Prior to those roles, at OrthoHelix (acquired by Tornier, Inc.) he was the SVP of Business Development and Strategic Marketing from 2011 to 2012 and, from 2012 through 2013 at Tornier, the Vice President of Product Excellence. Mr. Banks serves on the board of Vergent Bioscience, which develops molecular imaging probes for life science research and development. He formerly served on the board of Connective Orthopaedics and as Chairman of Stratifund, Inc, an online crowdfunding educational platform. Mr. Banks has been a member of the Board since November 2017. The Board believes that his substantial experience as a recognized leader in the innovation and technology industries, together with his expertise in corporate and business development and venture capital investment, qualify him to serve on the Board.

Dean
Banks

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Mike Beebe, 71, currently serves as a member of the Governors' Council of the Bipartisan Policy Center ("BPC") in Washington, D.C. Prior to joining the BPC, he served as the Governor of the State of Arkansas from 2007 to 2015. Prior to the governorship, he served as the state's Attorney General from 2003 to 2007, prior to which he served as a state senator for 20 years. Mr. Beebe also serves on the board of Home BancShares, Inc. Mr. Beebe has been a member of the Board since 2015. The Board believes that his extensive leadership experience, ability to collaborate and his long-time support and understanding of business qualify him to serve on the Board.

Mike Beebe

Mikel A. Durham, 55, has served as Chief Executive Officer of American Seafoods Group, a private organization that harvests and markets a diverse array of seafood products and develops innovative new products for human and animal nutrition and cosmetic and other industrial applications, since January 2017. She previously served as the Chief Commercial Officer of CSM Bakery Solutions LLC ("CSM"), a global bakery supply manufacturer from 2014 to 2016. Prior to joining CSM, Ms. Durham held a number of management positions with PepsiCo, Inc. between 2009 and 2014, finally serving as Global Growth Officer for PepsiCo Foodservice. Ms. Durham has been a member of the Board since 2015. The Board believes her background in branded consumer packaged goods, deep understanding of the foodservice industry and experience leading international growth strategies qualify her to serve on the Board.

Mikel A.
Durham

Kevin M. McNamara, 62, is the founding principal of McNamara Family Ventures, a family investment office providing venture and growth capital to health care companies. He is currently a director at SignifyHealth (formerly CenseoHealth), a nationwide leader in physician in-home health assessments, after having served as its Chief Executive Officer from 2015 to June 2018. He also served as an operating partner in Health Evolution Partners, a healthcare focused private equity firm, from April 2013 through October 2014, and in that capacity served on the board of directors of Optimal Radiology Partners. He also served as the Chairman of Agilum Healthcare Intelligence, a healthcare business intelligence company, from 2011 to 2015. He previously served as the Vice Chairman of Leon Medical Centers, a healthcare provider for Medicare patients in Miami-Dade County, Florida, from 2010 to 2011. From 2005 to 2009 he was Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of HealthSpring, Inc., a managed care company. Mr. McNamara also serves on the board of Luminex Corporation. Mr. McNamara has been a member of the Board since 2007. Mr. McNamara's financial expertise and professional experience are critical to the Board, the Audit Committee and the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee. His experience overseeing financial reporting processes, internal accounting and financial controls, as well as managing independent auditor engagements, qualifies him as an "audit committee financial expert" within the meaning of the regulations of the SEC. The Board believes that Mr. McNamara's financial expertise and management experience as both a principal financial officer and director of other public companies qualify him to serve on the Board.

Kevin M.
McNamara

Cheryl S. Miller, 46, is Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer for AutoNation, Inc., a publicly-traded automotive retailer with major metropolitan franchises and e-commerce operations. She has served in this position since 2014, prior to which she served as Treasurer and Vice President of Investor Relations since 2010 in which she was responsible for all aspects of treasury, investor relations and risk management. Prior to this position, Ms. Miller served as Vice President and Treasurer for JM Family Enterprises, a diversified automotive company, and ION Media Networks. Ms. Miller has been a member of the Board since December 2016. Her experience overseeing financial reporting processes,

internal accounting and financial controls, as well as managing independent auditor engagements, qualifies her as an “audit committee financial expert” within the meaning of the regulations of the SEC. The Board believes that Ms. Miller’s more than 20 years of corporate finance experience, financial statement expertise and deep understanding of public company shareholder matters qualify her to serve on the Board.

Cheryl S.
Miller

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Jeffrey K. Schomburger, 56, is Global Sales Officer, Customer Business Development, for The Procter & Gamble Company (P&G). He has held numerous leadership positions with P&G since joining the company in 1984, including President of the global Walmart team from 2005 to 2015. He began his career with P&G as a sales representative and held positions of increasing responsibility in the company's paper products business. He progressed to the company's customer marketing organization, managing various assignments in western Europe before returning to the United States to manage P&G's Walmart team in 2005. Mr. Schomburger has been a member of the Board since 2016. The Board believes that Mr. Schomburger's deep understanding of the branded consumer packaged goods business and his extensive management experience qualify him to serve on the Board.

Jeffrey K.
Schomburger

Robert Thurber, 71, currently retired, served as Vice President of purchasing for Sysco Corporation, which markets and distributes food products to restaurants, healthcare and educational facilities, hotels and inns, and other foodservice and hospitality businesses from 1987 to 2007. Mr. Thurber served as director of Capstone Bancshares, Inc. until April 2015. Mr. Thurber has been a member of the Board since 2009. Mr. Thurber's experience at a leading marketer and distributor of food products to the foodservice industry is particularly relevant given the Company's position as a leading supplier of high quality protein and other food products to the foodservice industry. The Board benefits greatly from Mr. Thurber's extensive understanding of the foodservice industry, which provides him the insight necessary to address the challenges, opportunities and operations of the Company's complex business operations. The Board believes these attributes qualify him to serve on the Board.

Robert
Thurber

Barbara A. Tyson, 69, served as Vice President of the Company until 2002, when she retired and became a consultant to the Company. She ceased serving as a consultant in 2011. Ms. Tyson has been a member of the Board since 1988. Through her years of experience as both an officer and director of the Company, Ms. Tyson developed an understanding of the Company and its operations, which allows her to assist the Board in its development of the Company's long-term strategy. Ms. Tyson, as the sole income beneficiary of the BT 2015 Fund, also has a substantial personal interest in the Company. The Board believes that Ms. Tyson's management experience, understanding of the Company and personal interest in the Company's success qualify her to serve on the Board.

Barbara A.
Tyson

Noel White, 60, is President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, having been appointed to that position in September 2018. Mr. White has been a member of the Board since October 2018. Prior to his appointment as President and Chief Executive Officer, he served as a Group President Fresh Meats and International and Chief Operations Officer for the Company in 2017, prior to which he served as a President, Poultry since 2013 after serving as a Senior Group Vice President, Fresh Meats since 2009. The Board believes Mr. White's more than 35 years of experience in the food industry with the Company and its predecessor companies and his successful tenure in senior leadership roles with the Company qualify him to serve on the Board.

Noel White

Board Recommendation

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY RECOMMENDS THAT SHAREHOLDERS VOTE “FOR” THE SLATE OF DIRECTORS NOMINATED BY THE BOARD.

PROXIES SOLICITED BY THE BOARD WILL BE VOTED “FOR” EACH COMPANY NOMINEE UNLESS SHAREHOLDERS SPECIFY A CONTRARY VOTE.

Vote Required

Approval of a nominee for director requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast at the Annual Meeting, with the holders of shares of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock voting together as a single class.

Shareholders are not entitled to cumulate voting with respect to the election of directors. The Board contemplates that all of the director nominees will be able to stand for election, but should any director nominee become unavailable for election, all proxies will be voted for the election of a substitute nominated by the Board (unless the Board chooses to reduce the number of directors on the Board).

INFORMATION REGARDING THE BOARD AND ITS COMMITTEES

Family and Other Relationships. Ms. Tyson is the aunt of Mr. Tyson. There are no other family relationships among the director nominees or the Company's executive officers. By reason of its beneficial ownership of the Company's common stock, the TLP is deemed to be a controlling person of the Company. Other than the TLP, none of the companies or organizations listed in the director nominees' biographies above is a parent, subsidiary or affiliate of the Company.

Director Independence. After reviewing all relevant relationships of the directors, the Board has determined that each of director nominees Mr. Banister, Mr. Banks, Mr. Beebe, Ms. Durham, Mr. McNamara, Ms. Miller, Mr. Schomburger, Mr. Thurber and Ms. Tyson qualify as independent directors in accordance with the NYSE corporate governance rules. In making its independence determinations, the Board considered all relevant transactions, relationships or arrangements disclosed in this Proxy Statement under the section titled "Certain Transactions."

Board and Shareholder Meetings. The Board held ten meetings and undertook seven actions by written consent during fiscal year 2018. Directors' attendance rate during fiscal year 2018 for all Board and committee meetings was 98.1%. The Company expects all directors to attend each annual meeting of shareholders. All directors as of the 2018 annual meeting of shareholders attended the meeting.

Executive Sessions; Lead Independent Director. Independent directors meet in executive session without management present each time the Board holds its regularly scheduled quarterly meetings, and these sessions are presided over by the Lead Independent Director. Mr. Banister served as the Lead Independent Director for fiscal year 2018. The independent directors held four executive sessions during fiscal year 2018. In addition, each Board committee regularly holds an executive session after each quarterly meeting with the chair of the committee presiding over the executive session.

Leadership Structure. The Board's current leadership structure consists of a Chairman of the Board and a Lead Independent Director. Pursuant to the Company's Corporate Governance Principles, the Board is permitted to either separate or combine the positions of Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board as it deems appropriate from time to time. Since 2006, these positions have been held by separate individuals. The Lead Independent Director is annually selected by the Board from among the independent directors. The Board reviews the continued appropriateness and effectiveness of this leadership structure at least annually. At the present time, the Board believes that separation of the positions of Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board, combined with the role of the Lead Independent Director, improves the ability of the Board to exercise its oversight role over management, provides multiple opportunities for discussion and evaluation of management decisions and the direction of the Company, and ensures a significant role for non-management directors in the oversight and leadership of the Company. The Board understands that maintaining qualified independent and non-management directors on the Board is an integral part of effective corporate governance. Accordingly, it believes the current leadership structure of the Board strikes an appropriate balance between independent directors, management and directors affiliated with the TLP, the Company's controlling shareholder, which allows the Board to effectively represent the best interests of the Company's entire shareholder base.

Risk Oversight. Management has the primary responsibility for identifying and managing the risks facing the Company, subject to the oversight of the Board. The Board's committees assist in discharging its risk oversight role by performing the subject matter responsibilities outlined below in the descriptions of each committee. The Board retains full oversight responsibility for all subject matters not specifically assigned to a committee, including risks presented by competition, regulation, general industry trends and capital structure and allocation. Management conducts an enterprise risk assessment with monitoring on a regular basis as well as an evaluation and alignment of its risk mitigation activities. Management reviews the results of these periodic assessments with the appropriate committees

of the Board.

The Board's administration of its risk oversight function has not specifically affected the Board's leadership structure. In establishing the Board's current leadership structure, risk oversight was one factor among many considered by the Board, and the Board believes that the current leadership structure is conducive to and appropriate for its risk oversight function. The Board regularly reviews its leadership structure and evaluates whether it, and the Board as a whole, is functioning effectively. If in the future the Board believes that a change in its leadership structure is required to, or potentially could, improve the Board's risk oversight function, it may make any change it deems appropriate.

Audit Committee. The Audit Committee's primary function is to assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities through regular review and oversight of the Company's financial reporting, audit and accounting processes. See the section titled "Report of the Audit Committee" in this Proxy Statement. The present members of the Audit Committee are Ms. Miller, as chairperson since November 15, 2017, Mr. Beebe (since November 15, 2017) and Mr. McNamara. During fiscal year 2018, the Audit Committee members were Mr. McNamara, as chairperson prior to November 15, 2017, Mr. Beebe (since November 15, 2017), Ms. Durham (replaced November 15, 2017), Ms. Miller and Mr. Thurber (replaced November 15, 2017). Each of these individuals qualifies as an "independent" director under the SEC rules and the NYSE listing standards relating to audit committees. The Board has determined each member of the Audit Committee is knowledgeable and qualified to review financial statements. In addition, the Board has determined that each of Ms. Miller and Mr.

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McNamara qualifies as an “audit committee financial expert” within the meaning of the regulations of the SEC. The Audit Committee held four meetings during fiscal year 2018.

Compensation and Leadership Development Committee. The Compensation and Leadership Development Committee’s primary functions are to (i) establish the Company’s compensation policies, (ii) oversee the administration of the Company’s employee benefit plans, and (iii) oversee the development, retention and succession of the Company’s executive officers. The present members of the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee are Mr. Banister, as chairperson, Mr. McNamara and Mr. Schomburger (since November 15, 2017). Mr. Beebe served on the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee from March 22, 2017 through November 15, 2017. Each member of the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee qualifies as an “independent” director under the SEC rules and the NYSE listing standards relating to compensation committees. In addition, each member of the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee meets the definition of “outside director” under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, as in effect prior to the 2017 changes in the tax law (“Section 162(m)”) and “non-employee director” under Rule 16b-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). The Board had previously determined that Mr. Beebe, who served as a member of the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee during part of the 2018 fiscal year, was an “independent” director under the SEC rules and NYSE listing standards, as an “outside director” under Section 162(m) and was a “non-employee” director under Rule 16b-3 of the Exchange Act. The Compensation and Leadership Development Committee held six meetings and undertook six actions by written consent during fiscal year 2018.

Although the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee is currently composed entirely of independent directors, is governed by a charter in accordance with NYSE rules, and intends to conduct annual performance evaluations, the Company has elected to rely on the “controlled company” exemption from certain of the NYSE corporate governance rules applicable to compensation committees, including the requirements that the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee:

• determine and approve the compensation of the Chief Executive Officer; and

take into consideration any factors relevant to a person’s independence from management before selecting such person as a compensation consultant, legal counsel or other adviser to the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee.

While the Company has elected not to implement NYSE corporate governance rules requiring the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee to determine the compensation of the Chief Executive Officer, the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee has approved the employment contracts and total compensation for our Chief Executive Officer since 2003. For more information regarding the duties of the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee, see the subsection titled “How We Determine Compensation—Role of the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee” under the section titled “Compensation Discussion and Analysis” in this Proxy Statement.

Governance and Nominating Committee. The Governance and Nominating Committee’s primary functions are to (i) review and recommend to the Board Corporate Governance Principles applicable to the Company; (ii) review and recommend to the Board a Code of Conduct applicable to the Company; (iii) oversee and review related party and other special transactions between the Company and its directors, executive officers or their affiliates; and (iv) identify, evaluate and recommend individuals qualified to be directors of the Company for either appointment to the Board or to stand for election at a meeting of the shareholders.

The present members of the Governance and Nominating Committee are Mr. Thurber, as chairperson, Mr. Banks (since November 15, 2017), Mr. Beebe and Ms. Durham. The Governance and Nominating Committee held four

meetings during fiscal year 2018.

While the Company has not established minimum qualifications for director nominations, the Company has established, and the Governance and Nominating Committee charter contains, criteria by which the Governance and Nominating Committee is to evaluate candidates for recommendation to the Board. In evaluating candidates, the Governance and Nominating Committee takes into account the applicable requirements for directors under the Exchange Act, the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder and the listing standards of the NYSE. The Governance and Nominating Committee also may take into consideration the factors and criteria set forth in the Company's Corporate Governance Principles and by-laws and such other factors or criteria that the Governance and Nominating Committee deems appropriate in evaluating a candidate, including but not limited to the applicable requirements for members of committees of the Board. While the Governance and Nominating Committee does not have a formal policy on diversity with regard to its consideration of nominees, it considers diversity in its selection process and seeks to nominate candidates that have a diverse range of views, backgrounds, leadership and business experiences.

The Governance and Nominating Committee may consider candidates suggested by management or other members of the Board. In addition, the Governance and Nominating Committee may consider shareholder recommendations for candidates to the Board. In order to recommend a candidate to the Board, shareholders should submit the recommendation to the Chairman of the Governance and Nominating Committee in the manner described in the section of this Proxy Statement titled "Shareholder Communications." Shareholders

who wish to nominate a candidate to the Board must submit such nominations in accordance with the Company's by-laws as discussed below in the section of this Proxy Statement titled "Shareholder Proposals and Director Nominations."

Strategy and Acquisitions Committee. The Strategy and Acquisitions Committee's primary purpose is to assist the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities relating to long-term strategy for the Company, risks and opportunities relating to such strategy, and strategic decisions regarding investments, acquisitions and divestitures by the Company. Among other things, the Strategy and Acquisitions Committee is required to develop, together with the Chief Executive Officer and executive leadership team, and recommend to the Board an annual strategic plan and long-term strategy and to continuously monitor the Company's progress against such plan. The present members of the Strategy and Acquisitions Committee are Ms. Durham, as chairperson, Mr. Banister, Mr. Banks and Mr. Schomburger. During fiscal year 2018, the Strategy and Acquisitions Committee members were Ms. Durham, as chairperson, Mr. Banister, Mr. Banks since November 15, 2017, Mr. Beebe prior to November 15, 2017 and Mr. Schomburger. The Strategy and Acquisitions Committee held eight meetings during fiscal year 2018.

Executive Committee. The Executive Committee's primary function is to act on behalf of the Board during intervals between regularly scheduled meetings of the Board. The Executive Committee may exercise all powers of the Board, except as otherwise provided by law and the Company's by-laws; however, its actions are typically ministerial, such as approving (i) the opening and closing of bank accounts and (ii) amendments to benefit plans for which Compensation and Leadership Development Committee approval is not required. All actions taken by the Executive Committee between meetings of the Board are reviewed for ratification by the Board at the following quarterly Board meeting. The members of the Executive Committee are Mr. Tyson, Mr. McNamara and Ms. Tyson. The Executive Committee undertook six actions by written consent during fiscal year 2018.

Corporate Governance Principles; Committee Charters; Code of Conduct. The Board has adopted Corporate Governance Principles, and each of the board committees, other than the Executive Committee, has adopted a written charter. The Board has also adopted a Code of Conduct applicable to all directors, officers and employees. Copies of these corporate governance documents are available on the Company's Investor Relations website at <http://ir.tyson.com> and in print to any shareholder who sends a request to Tyson Foods, Inc., Attention: Secretary, 2200 West Don Tyson Parkway, Mail Stop CP004, Springdale, Arkansas 72762-6999.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation. The present members of the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee are Mr. Banister, Mr. McNamara and Mr. Schomburger (effective November 15, 2017). All members of the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee during fiscal year 2018 were independent directors, and no member was an officer or employee of the Company or a former officer or employee of the Company. No member of the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee serving during fiscal year 2018 was party to a transaction, relationship or arrangement requiring disclosure under Item 404 of Regulation S-K. Mr. Beebe, who served as a member of the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee during part of the 2018 fiscal year, was an independent director, was not an officer or employee of the Company or a former officer or employee of the Company, and was not party to a transaction, relationship or arrangement requiring disclosure under Item 404 of Regulation S-K. During fiscal year 2018, none of our executive officers served on the compensation committee (or its equivalent) or board of directors of another entity whose executive officer served on our Compensation and Leadership Development Committee or Board.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 2018

In fiscal year 2018, the Company's Director Compensation Policy provided the following elements of compensation to non-employee directors:

• An annual retainer of \$100,000 (payable in quarterly installments).

A grant of a deferred stock award for shares of Class A Common Stock having a value of \$150,000 on the date of election or re-election as a director at the Annual Meeting, which award does not become payable until 180 days after the director ceases to serve on the Board. The director may elect, however, to not have the award deferred and instead be distributed on the date of election or re-election, as applicable.

• An additional annual retainer (payable in quarterly installments) for each of the following positions in the amounts shown:

Lead Independent Director	\$25,000
Chairperson of the Audit Committee	\$20,000
Chairperson of the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee	\$15,000
Chairperson of the Governance and Nominating Committee	\$15,000
Chairperson of the Strategy and Acquisitions Committee	\$15,000

Each non-employee director also had the option to defer any portion of his or her cash retainer (which would be credited with interest semi-annually) or to take Class A Common Stock in lieu of the cash retainer. In fiscal year 2018, Mr. McNamara elected to receive two quarterly retainers (totaling \$55,000) in the form of Class A Common Stock. Except for Mr. McNamara, none of our non-employee directors opted to defer any portion of the cash retainer or receive Class A Common Stock in lieu of the cash retainer.

The table below summarizes the total compensation earned or paid by the Company to non-employee directors during fiscal year 2018.

Name	Fees earned or paid in cash \$(1)	Stock awards (\$)(2)(3)	Option awards (\$)	Non-equity incentive plan compensation (\$)	Change in pension value and nonqualified deferred compensation earnings (\$)	All other compensation \$(4)	Total (\$)
Gaurdie E. Banister Jr.	140,000	150,000	0	0	0	1,049	291,049
Dean Banks	100,000	150,000	0	0	0	0	250,000
Mike Beebe	100,000	150,000	0	0	0	672	250,672
Mikel A. Durham	115,000	150,000	0	0	0	0	265,000
Kevin M. McNamara	105,000	150,000	0	0	0	0	255,000
Cheryl S. Miller	115,000	150,000	0	0	0	0	265,000
Jeffrey K. Schomburger	100,000	150,000	0	0	0	579	250,579
Robert Thurber	115,000	150,000	0	0	0	0	265,000
Barbara A. Tyson	100,000	150,000	0	0	0	14,599	(5)264,599

(1) In fiscal year 2018, Mr. McNamara elected to receive two quarterly retainers (totaling \$55,000) in the form of Class A Common Stock.

(2) The amounts in this column represent the grant date fair value of deferred stock awards granted in fiscal year 2018. The Company has determined the fair value of these awards in accordance with the stock-based compensation accounting rules set forth in Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718. The assumptions used in the calculation of the amounts shown are included in Note 14 to our audited consolidated financial statements, which are included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2018. Recipients of these awards are entitled to dividends during the deferral period. These

dividends are converted to additional shares and credited to each recipient, who then receives these additional shares upon distribution.

(3) As of the last day of fiscal year 2018, outstanding deferred stock awards for individuals serving as non-employee directors during fiscal year 2018 were as follows: Mr. Banister (9,331); Mr. Banks (2,056); Mr. Beebe (2,728); Ms. Durham (4,783); Mr. McNamara (46,561); Ms. Miller (0); Mr. Schomburger (2,056); Mr. Thurber (36,180); and Ms. Tyson (27,524).

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The amounts in this column, other than as noted in footnote 5, represent taxes reimbursed to the recipient in connection with the use of Company-owned aircraft to accommodate the director's spouse's attendance at a board retreat. The amounts do not include perquisites and other personal benefits or property with an aggregate value of less than \$10,000.

(4) This amount represents premiums paid by the Company for a health insurance plan and personal use of Company-owned aircraft, including reimbursement of taxes of \$1,823 for such use.

RATIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Company's Audit Committee has selected PwC to serve as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending September 28, 2019. Shareholders are asked to ratify this selection at the Annual Meeting. Representatives of PwC will be present at the Annual Meeting and will have the opportunity to make a statement and respond to appropriate questions. Even if the selection is ratified, the Audit Committee, in its sole discretion, may change the appointment at any time during the year if it determines that such a change would be in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.

Audit Fees

The fees for professional services rendered by PwC for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements for each of the fiscal years ended September 29, 2018, and September 30, 2017, and the reviews of the financial statements included in the Company's quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and for services that are normally provided by the independent registered public accounting firm in connection with statutory or regulatory filings or engagements for each of those fiscal years were \$5,663,007 and \$5,593,027, respectively.

Audit-Related Fees

Aggregate fees billed or expected to be billed by PwC for assurance and related services reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of the Company's financial statements for the fiscal years ended 2018 and 2017, and not included in the audit fees listed above, were \$2,102,724 and \$2,797,024, respectively. For the fiscal years ended September 29, 2018, and September 30, 2017, these services comprise engagements to perform audits of employee benefit plans, a due diligence project and audit work related to information systems and new accounting pronouncements in the year prior to implementation.

Tax Fees

Aggregate fees billed or expected to be billed by PwC for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning, which included expatriate tax services, federal research and development credit consulting and tax audit assistance, for each of the fiscal years ended September 29, 2018, and September 30, 2017 were \$756,237 and \$320,200, respectively.

All Other Fees

For each of the fiscal years ended September 29, 2018, and September 30, 2017, PwC billed the Company \$1,773 and \$3,600, respectively, for services rendered, other than those services covered in the sections captioned "Audit Fees," "Audit-Related Fees" and "Tax Fees." These amounts were for on-line research tools for accounting and financial reporting rules and guidance.

None of the services described above were approved pursuant to the de minimis exception provided in Rule 2-01(c)(7)(i)(C) of Regulation S-X promulgated by the SEC.

Audit Committee Pre-Approval Policy

The Audit Committee has adopted policies and procedures for the pre-approval of all audit and non-audit services to be performed by the Company's independent registered public accounting firm. The Audit Committee charter provides that the Audit Committee must approve in advance all audit services to be performed by the independent registered public accounting firm. The Audit Committee has approved a separate written policy for the approval of engagements for non-audit services to be performed by the independent registered public accounting firm. For non-audit services, any person requesting that such services be performed by the independent registered public accounting firm must prepare a written explanation of the project (including the scope, deliverables and expected benefits), the reason for choosing the independent registered public accounting firm over other service providers, the estimated costs, the estimated timing and duration of the project and other pertinent information. Non-audit services must first be pre-approved by each of the Company's Chief Accounting Officer and Chief Financial Officer before being submitted for pre-approval to the Audit Committee, and then the Audit Committee or a designated member of the Audit Committee must pre-approve the proposed engagement before the engagement can proceed. The requirement for Audit Committee pre-approval of an engagement for non-audit services may be waived only if (i) the aggregate amount of all such non-audit services provided is less than five percent (5%) of the total amount paid by the Company to the independent registered public accounting firm during the fiscal year when the services are provided; (ii) the services were not recognized by the Company at the time of the engagement to be non-audit services; and (iii) the services are promptly brought to the attention of the Audit Committee and approved prior to the completion of the

audit of the fiscal year in which the non-audit services were provided.

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Board Recommendation

THE AUDIT COMMITTEE AND THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY RECOMMEND THAT SHAREHOLDERS VOTE “FOR” RATIFICATION OF PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS LLP AS THE COMPANY’S INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 28, 2019.

PROXIES SOLICITED BY THE BOARD WILL BE VOTED “FOR” RATIFICATION OF PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS LLP AS THE COMPANY’S INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM UNLESS SHAREHOLDERS SPECIFY A CONTRARY VOTE.

Vote Required

Ratification of PwC as the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending September 28, 2019, requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast at the Annual Meeting, with the holders of shares of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock voting together as a single class. Ratification of the selection of PwC by shareholders is not required by law. However, as a matter of policy, such selection is being submitted to the shareholders for ratification at the Annual Meeting. If the shareholders fail to ratify the selection of this firm, the Board will reconsider the matter.

SHAREHOLDER PROPOSALS

The Company has received notice of the intention of shareholders to present two separate proposals for voting at the Annual Meeting. The texts of the shareholder proposals and supporting statements appear exactly as received by the Company. All statements contained in a shareholder proposal and supporting statement are the sole responsibility of the proponents of those shareholder proposals. The Company will provide the names, addresses and shareholdings (to the Company's knowledge) of the proponents of any shareholder proposal upon request made to the Company's corporate secretary by mail at 2200 West Don Tyson Parkway, Mail Stop CP004, Springdale, Arkansas 72762-6999, or by calling (479) 290-4524.

SHAREHOLDER PROPOSAL REGARDING CORPORATE LOBBYING

Whereas, we believe in full disclosure of our company's direct and indirect lobbying activities and expenditures to assess whether Tyson's lobbying is consistent with Tyson's expressed goals and in the best interests of shareholders.

Resolved, the shareholders of Tyson Foods ("Tyson") request the preparation of a report, updated annually, disclosing the following information:

1. Company policy and procedures governing lobbying, both direct and indirect, and grassroots lobbying communications;
2. Payments by Tyson used for (a) direct or indirect lobbying or (b) grassroots lobbying communications, in each case including the amount of the payment and the recipient;
3. Tyson's membership in and payments to any tax-exempt organization that writes and endorses model legislation;
4. Description of the decision-making process and oversight by management and the Board for making payments described in sections 2 and 3 above.

For purposes of this proposal, a "grassroots lobbying communication" is a communication directed to the general public that (a) refers to specific legislation or regulation, (b) reflects a view on the legislation or regulation and (c) encourages the recipient of the communication to take action with respect to the legislation or regulation. "Indirect lobbying" is lobbying engaged in by a trade association or other organization of which Tyson is a member.

Both "direct and indirect lobbying" and "grassroots lobbying communications" include efforts at the local, state and federal levels.

The report shall be presented to the Audit Committee or other relevant oversight committees and posted on Tyson's website.

Supporting Statement

As shareholders, we encourage transparency and accountability in the use of corporate funds to influence legislation and regulation, both directly and indirectly. Tyson spent over \$13 million on federal lobbying since 2010. These figures do not include lobbying expenditures to influence legislation in states, where Tyson also lobbies but disclosure is uneven or absent. Tyson has drawn attention for its lobbying at the federal level ("U.S. Farm Lobby Turns up Heat on Trump Team as NAFTA Talks Near," Reuters, July 14, 2017), and also for its state lobbying on concentrated chicken farms in Kansas ("Tyson Championed Plan to Expand Number of Birds Allowed on Farms," Garden City Telegram, March 9, 2018).

Tyson serves on the board of the Business Roundtable, which spent over \$43 million on lobbying for 2016 and 2017 and is lobbying against the right of shareholders to file resolutions, and also on the boards of the North American Meat Institute (NAMI) and the National Chicken Council (NCC). Tyson fails to comprehensively disclose its trade association memberships, nor payments and the portions used for lobbying on its website. We are concerned that Tyson's incomplete trade association disclosure presents reputational risk. For example, Tyson is committed to protect food safety and worker health and safety, yet the NCC submitted a petition to the USDA in favor of waiving line speeds limitations in poultry processing facilities ("Too Fast for Safety? Poultry Industry Wants to Speed Up the Slaughter Line," NPR, October 27, 2017).

Board of Directors' Statement

In Opposition to Shareholder Proposal Regarding Corporate Lobbying

The Board recommends that shareholders vote AGAINST this shareholder proposal. The Board believes that this proposal is not in the best interests of the Company or its shareholders and opposes it for the following reasons. The focus of the proposal appears to be on ensuring the transparency and accountability of the Company's lobbying and political activities. The Company has from time to time pursued and will continue to pursue efforts to help inform public policy decisions at both the state and federal levels that have the potential to affect our customers, team members, and the communities in which we operate. We believe, however, that the Company already has in place a number of policies and processes that ensure the transparency and accountability sought by the proposal. Our Code of Conduct requires us to adhere to strict laws governing corporate political activities, lobbying, and contributions that vary around the globe. For this reason, we have specific individuals with the responsibility of engaging in efforts to discuss legislation or government policy with political officials. The Code of Conduct is publicly available to all shareholders on our website at ir.tyson.com under "Corporate Governance". We also disclose to the U.S. House and Senate corporate expenditures paid to trade associations that are involved with advocacy efforts, and our reports are publicly available at http://www.senate.gov/legislative/Public_Disclosure/LDA_reports.htm; and <http://lobbyingdisclosure.house.gov>.

In addition, the Company has a policy that ensures that any charitable donation or political contribution made by the Company complies with relevant laws. Any political contributions made by the Company will be made and reported in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws. All political contributions from the Company must be made through the Company's Government Relations department and must be approved by an officer in such department.

The Company also has a political action committee ("TYPAC") that is a multicandidate committee. TYPAC is required to comply with all laws and files mandatory disclosures of receipts and disbursements with the Federal Election Commission, which are available at <http://fec.gov/>. Certain of the Company's executive officers and Treasury team members are the officers of TYPAC, and contributors are salaried management team members. The Company's senior vice president of global government affairs makes disbursement requests that the executive vice president and general counsel must approve. The Company's Treasury department manages the bank account, makes deposits, writes disbursement checks, and files compliance reporting with the Federal Election Commission, and the Company's Accounting department reconciles the bank statements to the account ledger quarterly.

The proposal also highlights a particular concern regarding the transparency of trade associations to which the Company may belong. Participation as a member of these associations comes with the understanding that we may not always agree with all of the positions of the organizations or other members, but that we believe that the associations take many positions and address many issues in a meaningful and influential manner and in a way that will be to the Company's benefit. Furthermore, we continually evaluate our support of office-holders, industry groups, and other associations to focus on key supporters of initiatives of value to the interests of the Company and its shareholders. As noted, we have in place effective reporting and compliance procedures to ensure that our contributions are made in accordance with applicable law, and we closely monitor the appropriateness and effectiveness of the political activities undertaken by the most significant trade associations of which we are a member. And, as discussed above, the Company is required to, and does, make certain disclosures at the federal level related to federal political activity, specifically lobbying.

We believe that participating in the political process in a transparent manner is key to good governance and an important way to enhance shareholder value and promote healthy corporate citizenship. However, given the existing system of reporting and accountability already in place for the Company, the proposal would require the Company to produce duplicative information that we already disclose, incurring additional expense with no added benefit to shareholders. If adopted, because the proposal would apply only to Tyson and to no other company in its industry, it could also result in a competitive disadvantage for the Company.

For the reasons stated above, the Board recommends a vote AGAINST this proposal.

Board Recommendation

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY RECOMMENDS THAT THE SHAREHOLDERS VOTE
“AGAINST” THIS SHAREHOLDER PROPOSAL.

PROXIES SOLICITED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS WILL BE VOTED
“AGAINST” THIS SHAREHOLDER PROPOSAL UNLESS SHAREHOLDERS SPECIFY
A CONTRARY VOTE.

Vote Required

Approval of this shareholder proposal requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast at the Annual Meeting, with the holders of shares of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock voting together as a single class.

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SHAREHOLDER PROPOSAL REGARDING HUMAN RIGHTS REPORT

Report on Human Rights Due Diligence 2019 - Tyson Foods

Whereas: Corporations have a responsibility to respect human rights within company-owned operations and through business relationships under the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.¹ To meet this responsibility, companies are expected to conduct human rights due diligence, informed by the core international human rights instruments, to assess, identify, prevent, and mitigate adverse human rights impacts.²

Industrial meat production exposes workers, farmers, and communities to actual and potential adverse human rights impacts. Inadequate regulatory frameworks do not sufficiently protect against these impacts. Poultry processing workers face serious labor rights violations, including injuries from unsafe line speeds and other hazards, exposure to toxins, wage and hour violations, sexual harassment, and workplace discrimination. Factory farming contributes to economic struggles for contract growers and family farmers, exploitation of migrant farmworkers, and occupational health and safety risks. Monoculture farming to grow animal feed requires heavy use of chemical fertilizers and pesticides, impacting human health, soil and water quality, and biodiversity. An estimated 99% of U.S. farm animals are raised in confined animal feeding operations (CAFOs), which release high levels of toxic pollutants from animal waste into the water and air.

Tyson faces community resistance to the expansion of its operations and footprint to meet growing demand for protein. In 2017, community protests in Kansas prevented construction of a new poultry processing plant, citing concerns about Tyson's history of water pollution incidents and inadequate community consultation.³ A proactive assessment of Tyson's salient human rights risks, informed by meaningful stakeholder consultation, would mitigate adverse human rights impacts and threats to the company's social license to operate and business opportunities.

While Tyson commits to respect human rights in its Code of Conduct and Supplier Code, adoption of principles is only the first step in effectively managing human rights risks. Tyson committed to improve working conditions in 2017, but does not comprehensively report on implementation, monitoring efforts, or improvements in workers' ability to exercise their rights.⁴ Tyson's sustainability initiatives, which include a Social Baseline Study and land stewardship target, do not address all of Tyson's human rights impacts or cover the entire value chain. Tyson has yet to disclose progress towards implementing these efforts, or how they will be factored into business decisions, growth, and supplier expectations, to ensure they are embedded throughout the business.

Resolved: Shareholders request the Board of Directors prepare a report, at reasonable cost and omitting proprietary information, on Tyson's human rights due diligence process to assess, identify, prevent and mitigate actual and potential human rights impacts.

Supporting Statement: The report should:

- Include the human rights principles used to frame its risk assessments;
- Outline the human rights impacts of Tyson's business activities, including company-owned operations, contract growers, and supply chain and plans to mitigate them;
- Explain the types and extent of stakeholder consultation; and
- Address Tyson's plans to track effectiveness of measures to assess, prevent, mitigate, and remedy adverse human rights impacts.

¹https://www.ohchr.org/Documents/Publications/GuidingPrinciplesBusinessHR_EN.pdf

²<https://www.ohchr.org/en/professionalinterest/pages/coreinstruments.aspx>;

<https://www.ilo.org/declaration/lang--en/index.htm>; <http://www.oecd.org/investment/mne/1922428.pdf>

³<http://nototyson.com/>

⁴<https://www.tysonfoods.com/sites/default/files/2018-03/Commmitments%20for%20Continuous%20Improvement%20in%20>

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Board of Directors' Statement

In Opposition to Shareholder Proposal Regarding Human Rights Report

The Board recommends that shareholders vote AGAINST this shareholder proposal. The Board believes that this proposal is not in the best interests of the Company or its shareholders and opposes it for the following reasons. Contrary to the implications raised in the proposal, the Company greatly values the health and safety of its team members and is focused on maintaining a safety culture with the goal of eliminating workplace incidents, risks and hazards. We are committed to making a positive impact in the communities in which we operate around the world by conducting business in a sustainable and ethical manner, and we support the principles contained within the United Nation's Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the International Labor Organization Labor Standards. The focus of the proposal appears to be on ensuring the Company adopts and implements suitable efforts to respect the human rights of the Company's team members and the communities in which we operate. The Board agrees with the proponent on the importance of conducting human rights due diligence and the Company is strongly committed to promoting social responsibility and human rights in every area of our operations throughout the world. The Board believes the Company's present policies and practices appropriately and adequately address the concerns raised in the proposal and a separate human rights report is not an effective way for the Company to "assess, identify, prevent and mitigate actual and potential human rights impacts."

Our human rights practices are grounded in our Code of Conduct, Core Values, and Team Member Promise, which outline the many rights, benefits, and responsibilities enjoyed by and expected of team members. As mentioned by the proposal, our Code of Conduct requires us to commit to upholding the principles of human rights. Pursuant to our Code of Conduct, we do not tolerate child or forced labor in any of our operations or facilities, we strive to comply with all applicable wage and hour laws, and we respect our employees' rights to join or not join a trade union or to have recognized employee representation in accordance with local law. The Code of Conduct is publicly available to all shareholders on our website at ir.tyson.com under "Corporate Governance". Our Core Values - which define who we are, what we do, and how we do it - are the foundation of corporate sustainability at Tyson Foods and recognize that we strive to provide a safe work environment for our team members. Finally, our Team Member Promise is a commitment to making sure our team members have the tools, resources and support necessary to meet their responsibilities, be successful, and achieve their goals.

We already engage in a number of additional practices that make the report requested by the proponent unnecessary. We maintain a social compliance audit program for our facilities. As part of that program, an independent third-party audits approximately twenty-five percent of our production facilities each year using Workplace Conditions Assessment criteria to verify our adherence to the four pillars of social compliance standards regarding labor, health and safety, environment, and business integrity. The results of those audits are published in our annual sustainability report. Additionally, we recently joined the United Nations Global Compact, which requires us to produce an annual report that reiterates our commitment to the global compact and how we are upholding our commitment to its principles, including those related to human rights. Finally, we utilize an independent third-party to maintain an "Ethics Help Line" through both a toll-free phone number and a web-based reporting mechanism for team members to anonymously report suspected violations of our Code of Conduct or the law. The Ethics Help Line gives us insight into how our Code of Conduct is being implemented across our organization and the number of Ethics Help Line contacts and general areas of complaint are published in our annual sustainability report.

In our supply chain, we depend on independent farmers to supply our plants with chicken, beef, pork, and turkey. We strive to support farmers in their efforts to run their businesses wisely and to be independent and sustainable enterprises. While we do not have responsibility for the day-to-day management of these operations, we do require that farmers comply with all local, state, and federal regulations applicable to their operations.

In 2010, we implemented a Supplier Code of Conduct that sets forth the principles and high ethical standards that we strive to achieve and expect our supply partners to try to work toward throughout the course of our business relationship. These principles and ethical standards include, among other things, a dedication to observing fair labor practices and having controls in place that: verify the employment eligibility of their employees; respect the right of employees to freely associate; ensure compliance with applicable wage and hour laws; and prohibit discrimination, forced labor, and child labor. We fully expect our supply partners to demonstrate a strong commitment to ethical

behavior and to operate in a manner that strives to responsibly manage the impacts of their operations on their workers.

Lastly, we are committed to our role as a steward of the environment in the areas where we do business. We have committed to support improved environmental practices on two million acres of corn production by the end of 2020, which we believe is the largest-ever land stewardship commitment by a U.S. based protein company. In furtherance of our announced goal of reducing greenhouse gas emissions thirty percent by 2030, we expect this will lower the greenhouse gas emissions generated by our supply chain by reducing the amount of fertilizer applied per acre of corn production and thereby reducing total nitrous oxide emissions.

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In light of our current policies and continuous efforts to protect human rights throughout our operations, the preparation of an additional report as requested by this shareholder proposal is unnecessary and not in our shareholders' best interest. Accordingly, the Board recommends that shareholders vote AGAINST this shareholder proposal.

Board Recommendation

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY RECOMMENDS THAT THE SHAREHOLDERS VOTE
"AGAINST" THIS SHAREHOLDER PROPOSAL.

PROXIES SOLICITED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS WILL BE VOTED

"AGAINST" THIS SHAREHOLDER PROPOSAL UNLESS SHAREHOLDERS SPECIFY

A CONTRARY VOTE.

Vote Required

Approval of this shareholder proposal requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast at the Annual Meeting, with the holders of shares of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock voting together as a single class.

COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Introduction

This Compensation Discussion and Analysis provides information regarding the compensation paid to our Chairman, our fiscal year 2018 Chief Executive Officer, our current Chief Financial Officer, certain other executive officers who were the most highly compensated in fiscal year 2018 and our former Chief Financial Officer. These individuals, referred to as “named executive officers” or “NEOs,” are identified below along with their offices held during fiscal year 2018:

John Tyson, Chairman of the Board (“Chairman”)

Tom Hayes, President and Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) (through September 30, 2018)

Stewart T. Glendinning, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”) (effective February 10, 2018)

Sally Grimes, Group President Prepared Foods

Noel White, Group President Fresh Meats and International (through September 30, 2018)

Dennis Leatherby, Former Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (through February 10, 2018)

In September 2018, the Company announced that Mr. Hayes would step down as President and CEO, effective September 30, 2018, and Mr. White would assume that role on such date. In connection with this management change, the Company entered into a separation and release agreement with Mr. Hayes and an amended and restated employment agreement with Mr. White. The terms of each are described further below. For purposes of this Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the term “CEO” refers to Mr. Hayes.

In addition, in November 2017, the Company announced that Mr. Leatherby would step down as Chief Financial Officer, effective February 10, 2018, Mr. Glendinning would assume that role on such date, and following which Mr. Leatherby would remain employed by the Company until April 6, 2018. In connection with this management change, the Company entered into a separation and release agreement with Mr. Leatherby and an employment agreement with Mr. Glendinning. The terms of each are described further below. For purposes of this Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the term “CFO” refers to Mr. Glendinning.

Compensation Philosophy and Objectives

Our executive compensation program is designed to provide a competitive level of compensation necessary to attract, motivate and retain talented and experienced executives and to motivate them to achieve short- and long-term corporate goals that enhance shareholder value. Consistent with this philosophy, the following are the key objectives of our executive compensation program.

Shareholder Alignment. One of the primary objectives of our executive compensation philosophy is to appropriately link executive pay with the Company’s financial performance and the creation of shareholder value. We believe that linking executive compensation to corporate performance results in a better alignment of compensation with corporate goals and shareholder interests.

Attract, Motivate and Retain Key Employees. Our executive compensation program is shaped by the competitive market for management talent in the food industry and at other public and private companies. We believe our executive compensation should be competitive with the organizations with which we compete for talent. As such, it is our goal to provide compensation at levels (both in terms of benefits provided and amounts paid) that attract, motivate and retain superior executive talent for the long-term.

Link Pay to Performance. We believe that as an executive’s responsibility increases, a larger portion of his or her total compensation should be “at-risk” incentive compensation (both short-term and long-term), subject to corporate, segment, individual, stock price and/or earnings performance measures. Our compensation program is designed to link pay to performance by making a substantial portion of total executive compensation variable, or “at-risk,” through incentive awards based on Company earnings and performance goals. As performance goals are met or exceeded, executives are rewarded commensurately.

How We Determine Compensation

Role of the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee. In general, the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee (the “Compensation Committee”) works with management to set the Company’s executive compensation philosophy and objectives and to compensate key executives in accordance with such philosophy and objectives. More specifically, the Compensation Committee periodically reviews and approves the Company’s stated

compensation philosophy, corporate goals and objectives relevant to management compensation and total compensation policy to evaluate whether they support business objectives, create shareholder value, are consistent with shareholder interests, attract, motivate and retain key executive talent and link compensation to corporate performance. The Compensation Committee also annually reviews the composition of the peer groups used for competitive pay/performance benchmarking. Periodically the Compensation Committee compares total compensation for our NEOs and other executive officers to relevant external benchmarks. A discussion of the peer group and external benchmarks used in establishing compensation is

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set forth below under the heading “Role of Compensation Consultants/Benchmarking.” The Compensation Committee’s charter describes additional duties and responsibilities of the Compensation Committee with respect to the administration, oversight and determination of executive compensation. A copy of the Compensation Committee’s charter can be found on the Company’s Investor Relations website at <http://ir.tyson.com>.

The Compensation Committee works with the intention that its decisions will be consistent with tax regulations, relevant law and NYSE listing requirements while also ensuring that compensation matters are handled in a manner satisfactory to the Company’s principal shareholder. Because the Company meets the definition of a “controlled company” under NYSE corporate governance rules, the Compensation Committee is not required to determine the compensation of our CEO in its sole discretion. However, the Compensation Committee has approved the employment contracts and total compensation for the chief executive officer position since 2003.

The Compensation Committee is expressly authorized in its charter to retain outside legal, accounting or other advisors or experts at the Company’s expense. For fiscal year 2018 compensation decisions, the Compensation Committee used general industry and peer group information provided to the Company by Korn Ferry (“Korn Ferry”). Say on Pay. Approximately 98% of the votes cast at the 2017 Annual Meeting of Shareholders on the non-binding advisory vote on our named executive officer compensation were voted in support of our executive compensation program. Consistent with our shareholders’ approval, the Compensation Committee continued to apply the same effective principles and philosophy it has used in prior years to determine executive compensation and will continue to consider shareholder concerns and feedback in the future.

Executive Officer Compensation Structure. Our executive officers are compensated based on a pay structure (including salary, target annual cash performance incentive, and equity grants) determined for their respective roles and job grades within the Company’s job grade structure. The pay structure for an executive is designed to take into account the role, scope, capabilities and experience of the executive. An executive officer’s job grade level designation is made by the CEO, subject to Compensation Committee approvals.

Our executive compensation structure is periodically reviewed by our human resources group and senior management based on their collective review of information about the Compensation Peer Group (as discussed below) and recommendations provided by the Company’s compensation consultant (Korn Ferry during fiscal year 2018) together with market analysis and data of executive compensation trends of hundreds of public and private companies (“General Industry Data”). The most recent review was during fiscal year 2018. The General Industry Data, as updated from time to time, is used as the benchmark for the Company’s executive compensation structure because the Compensation Committee believes it serves as a stable representation of national pay levels. The Compensation Committee and the Company’s human resources group periodically review the executive compensation structure and updated market analysis (particularly the compensation practices of the Compensation Peer Group, discussed below) with senior management and suggest modifications as they deem necessary to ensure that our executive officers and key employees are generally compensated in accordance with our compensation philosophy and objectives. For a more detailed discussion regarding decisions with respect to each element and amount of compensation provided for in the grade structure, see the section below titled “Elements of Compensation.”

Interaction Between the Compensation Committee and Management. Grade level designations for all executive officers and key employment contract terms (other than Mr. Tyson, Mr. Hayes and, following his promotion, Mr. White) are determined by the then-serving chief executive officer in consultation with the Company’s human resources group. The Company’s human resources group then presents a summary of the key terms of each executive officer’s contract, including grade level designations, to the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee reviews and discusses the contracts and will meet with the Company’s human resources group as it deems necessary to discuss any questions or issues it has regarding these decisions. Once all questions and issues have been addressed to the satisfaction of the Compensation Committee, the Compensation Committee will ultimately ratify the employment contracts and grade level designations.

Role of Compensation Consultants/Benchmarking. Since fiscal year 2001, the Company has retained Korn Ferry or its predecessor to periodically identify, and provide data and market analyses regarding compensation practices of, a certain group of publicly traded companies in the protein and packaged foods industries (which we refer to as the “Compensation Peer Group”) and to periodically update the General Industry Data. The companies listed below made up the Compensation Peer Group for performance-based equity awards during fiscal year 2018 and for reviewing Mr. Hayes’ compensation. The Compensation Peer Group for fiscal year 2018 consisted of the same companies included in the Compensation Peer Group for fiscal year 2017 except Dean Foods Company and McCormick & Co., Inc. These companies were removed for fiscal year 2018 because their revenues or market capitalization were not deemed to be aligned with the Company or the rest of the Compensation Peer Group.

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company	Hormel Foods Corporation
Bunge Limited	The J.M. Smucker Company
Campbell Soup Company	Kellogg Company
Coca-Cola Co.	Kraft Heinz Co.
ConAgra Foods, Inc.	Mondelez International, Inc.
General Mills, Inc.	PepsiCo, Inc.
The Hershey Company	Pilgrim’s Pride Corporation

Korn Ferry furnishes the data and analyses to our human resources group, which is then presented to the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee uses this information in its review of compensation for the NEOs and compensation levels within our grade structure to determine whether the compensation levels are consistent with our compensation philosophy and our objective of providing competitive compensation that attracts, motivates and retains executive talent.

Market data is one of many factors considered by the Compensation Committee and management when setting compensation. For determining fiscal year 2018 executive compensation, in addition to market practices, the Compensation Committee considered individual experience and past performance inside or outside the Company, compensation history, role and responsibilities within the Company, tenure with the Company and associated institutional knowledge, long-term potential with the Company, leadership contributions, industry expertise, past and future performance objectives and the value of the position within the Company.

In fiscal year 2018, the data, market analyses and recommendations described above and input with respect to the CFO’s employment contract were the only consulting services provided by Korn Ferry to the Company. Neither the Compensation Committee nor the Company believes that the provision of these services by Korn Ferry raised any conflicts of interest.

How NEOs Are Compensated

It has been the Company’s practice to enter into employment contracts with its executive officers, including its Chairman and CEO. Once compensation decisions were made and an employment contract was executed, the executive officer was entitled to receive the compensation provided for in his or her contract until it was terminated or amended. Following fiscal year 2018, the Company determined officer employment contracts (other than for the Chairman and the CEO) were not consistent with market practice and asked all the Company’s officers to voluntarily terminate his or her contracts, which each did. For a more detailed discussion of each NEO’s employment contract in effect during fiscal year 2018, see the section titled “Employment Contracts” in this Proxy Statement.

John Tyson. On November 9, 2017, concurrent with the expiration of his previous employment contract, Mr. Tyson entered into an amended and restated employment contract, which provides for, among other things, (i) an increased minimum annual base salary of \$1,050,000 and (ii) an indefinite term (consistent with other officer contracts then in effect), subject to the Board of Directors’ right to terminate the agreement at any time upon written notice to Mr. Tyson. Any such termination without cause is subject to the Company’s obligation to pay, in a lump sum, an amount equal to two years of his base salary and two times his target annual cash bonus, plus continued medical coverage for life. Such termination will also trigger vesting of Mr. Tyson’s equity awards that are outstanding as of the date of termination.

The terms of Mr. Tyson's contract were approved by the Compensation Committee prior to execution. In addition to his base salary, which may be adjusted by the Compensation Committee from time to time, Mr. Tyson is entitled to participate in the Company's annual cash and long-term equity incentive plans, on terms and at levels determined by the Compensation Committee. Decisions regarding whether to increase Mr. Tyson's base salary and his participation in the Company's cash and equity performance incentive payment programs are made annually by the Compensation Committee. For a more detailed analysis regarding these decisions, see the section titled "Elements of Compensation" in this Proxy Statement.

Tom Hayes. Mr. Hayes entered into an amended and restated employment contract with the Company in November 2016, the terms of which were approved by the Compensation Committee prior to execution. Under his employment contract, Mr. Hayes was entitled to a base salary of \$1,150,000, subject to adjustment by the Compensation Committee from time to time, and to participate in the Company's annual cash and long-term equity incentive plans, on terms and at levels determined by the Compensation Committee, generally intended

to be consistent with the plans in place for other NEOs and commensurate with the duties and responsibilities of a chief executive officer. Decisions regarding whether to increase Mr. Hayes' base salary and his participation in the Company's cash and equity performance incentive payment programs were to be made annually by the Compensation Committee. For a more detailed analysis regarding these decisions, see the section titled "Elements of Compensation" in this Proxy Statement.

In September 2018, the Company announced that Mr. Hayes would step down as CEO, effective September 30, 2018. Mr. Hayes remained an employee of the Company until December 1, 2018, at which time the Company and Mr. Hayes entered into a separation and release agreement (the "Hayes Separation and Release Agreement"). The Hayes Separation and Release Agreement provides for (i) a pro-rated bonus of \$313,486 for the portion of fiscal year 2019 in which he was employed by the Company and (ii) his annual salary of \$1,207,500 and annual target bonus of \$1,811,250 for each of the two years following his separation from the Company, to be paid in equal, bi-weekly installments. Furthermore, his unvested restricted stock with performance criteria and performance shares vested on a pro-rata basis, but only to the extent the performance criteria are satisfied. These benefits are consistent with severance benefits provided under his employment contract. In exchange for these benefits, Mr. Hayes agreed to a non-competition agreement for two years beginning December 1, 2018.

Other NEOs. The compensation payable to Mr. Glendinning, Ms. Grimes, and Mr. White was based on their respective employment contracts in effect during fiscal year 2018 and their respective positions and grade level within the organization.

Mr. Glendinning, Ms. Grimes and Mr. White entered into an employment contract with the Company on December 11, 2017, August 29, 2014, and November 15, 2013, respectively, each of which was in effect during fiscal year 2018. Following fiscal year 2018, Mr. White and the Company entered into an amended and restated employment contract in connection with his promotion to the position of chief executive officer, as discussed further below. The decision to approve the employment contracts that were operative during fiscal year 2018 and the compensation payable thereunder was based upon recommendations by the Company's then-serving chief executive officer and human resources group and advice from Korn Ferry. Under these contracts, Mr. Glendinning, Ms. Grimes and Mr. White were entitled to a base salary, subject to adjustment by the Company from time to time, and to participate in the Company's annual cash and long-term equity incentive plans on terms and at levels determined by the Company's senior management and as approved by the Compensation Committee when deemed required. For a more detailed analysis regarding these decisions, see the section titled "Elements of Compensation" in this Proxy Statement.

In connection with his appointment to President and Chief Executive Officer, Mr. White entered into an amended and restated employment agreement with the Company on October 4, 2018. The employment agreement provides for, among other things, an annual base salary of \$1,150,000, participation in the Company's annual performance incentive programs on terms and in amounts as determined by the Compensation Committee, eligibility for equity awards under the Company's equity incentive plans on terms and in amounts as determined by the Compensation Committee, and participation in the Company's benefit plans. The employment agreement also provides that upon a termination by the Company (other than for "cause" or by reason of death or permanent disability) or if Mr. White resigns for "good reason," the Company will pay Mr. White an amount equal to two years of his base salary and two times his target annual cash bonus, to be paid out over two years, plus continued medical coverage for up to 18 months. Additionally, Mr. White is entitled to personal use of Company-owned aircraft in a manner consistent with the Company's policy governing aircraft use by executive officers. Current Company policy is to reimburse taxes associated with any approved personal use of Company-owned aircraft. The employment agreement contains a non-competition restriction for a period of 24 months post termination and a 36-month post-termination non-solicitation restriction.

Dennis Leatherby. During fiscal year 2018 until April 6, 2018. Mr. Leatherby was employed pursuant to an employment contract with the Company entered into on November 14, 2012. Mr. Leatherby was entitled to a base salary, which may have been adjusted by the Company from time to time, and to participate in the Company's annual cash and long-term equity incentive plans, on terms and at levels determined by the Company's senior management and as approved by the Compensation Committee when deemed required.

As discussed above, shortly following the conclusion of fiscal year 2017, the Company announced that Mr. Leatherby would step down as chief financial officer effective February 10, 2018, following which he would remain employed by the Company until April 6, 2018. In connection with this separation, the Company and Mr. Leatherby entered into a separation and release agreement (the “Leatherby Separation and Release Agreement”). Pursuant to the Leatherby Separation and Release Agreement, Mr. Leatherby, or his estate, as applicable, received (i) a prorated portion of his target fiscal year 2018 annual performance incentive payment; (ii) with respect to restricted stock with performance criteria and performance stock awards held by Mr. Leatherby, the awards vested on a pro-rata basis, but only to the extent the performance criteria are satisfied; (iii) with respect to stock options held by Mr. Leatherby, such grants vested, and Mr. Leatherby had one year subsequent to his employment to exercise the vested options; (iv) continued annual life insurance premiums (plus reimbursement of taxes based on the withholding rates for supplemental wages) under the Executive Life Insurance Program; (v) an amount equal to two years of Mr. Leatherby’s final base salary; and (vi) Company-subsidized health coverage under COBRA for Mr. Leatherby and his eligible dependents. In exchange for these benefits, Mr. Leatherby agreed to a two-year non-competition agreement beginning April 6, 2018. Mr. Leatherby passed away on August 6, 2018, and certain compensation due to Mr. Leatherby pursuant to the Leatherby Separation and Release Agreement may have accrued to his estate.

Elements of Compensation

The Company's executive compensation program consists of:

- base salary;
- annual performance incentive payments;
- equity-based compensation;
- financial, retirement and welfare benefit plans; and
- certain defined perquisites.

Compensation Mix

Because of the ability of executive officers to directly influence the overall performance of the Company, and consistent with our philosophy of linking pay to performance, it is our goal to allocate a significant portion of compensation paid to our executive officers to performance-based, short- and long-term incentive programs. In addition, as an executive officer's responsibility and ability to affect financial results of the Company increases, base salary becomes a smaller component of total compensation and long-term, equity-based compensation becomes a larger component of total compensation, further aligning the executive officer's interests with those of the Company and its shareholders. The following table illustrates the mix of total compensation for Messrs. Tyson and Hayes, individually, and Mr. Glendinning, Ms. Grimes and Mr. White, as a group, based on compensation paid in fiscal year 2018. The mix of total compensation for Mr. Glendinning, Ms. Grimes and Mr. White, as a group, does not include Mr. Glendinning's sign-on bonus of \$2,700,000. The percentages for Mr. Tyson in the table do not sum to 100% due to rounding.

Compensation Element	2018 Total Compensation Mix for Mr. Tyson	2018 Total Compensation Mix for Mr. Hayes	2018 Total Compensation Mix for Mr. Glendinning, Ms. Grimes and Mr. White
Base Salary	10.5%	12.7%	15.3%
Performance Incentive Payment	12.1%	14.7%	14.0%
Equity-Based Compensation	58.0%	64.0%	60.0%
Financial, Retirement and Welfare Benefit Plans and Perquisites	19.5%	8.6%	10.7%

In comparison to the compensation mix for fiscal year 2017, performance incentive payments our NEOs received for fiscal year 2018 represent a smaller percentage of each their total compensation primarily because fiscal year 2017 Company performance was approximately 130% of that year's target, while fiscal year 2018 performance was approximately 69% of target. For details regarding fiscal year 2018 performance, see the below subsection titled "Annual Performance Incentive Payments" in this Proxy Statement. Mr. Leatherby is not included in the above table as a result of his departure from the Company in April 2018.

Base Salary

Each NEO's employment contract sets an amount for base salary. The Compensation Committee approved such amounts for Messrs. Tyson and Hayes as part of its process in approving their respective employment contracts, and has the ability to adjust base salary as it deems appropriate. The base salary under Mr. Tyson's employment contract can be increased but not decreased. The CEO has discretion to set and adjust base salary amounts for all other NEOs based on each NEO's role, capabilities, experience and performance. In determining whether to adjust an NEO's base salary, the Compensation Committee or the CEO, as applicable, considers (i) the Compensation Peer Group and General Industry Data for the NEO's role, as applicable, (ii) the individual's past performance and experience, (iii) the NEO's capabilities, (iv) the NEO's potential for advancement within the Company, (v) changes in level and scope of responsibility for the NEO, and (vi) salaries of other Company executive officers. No requisite weight is assigned to any factor by the CEO or the Compensation Committee.

The table below discloses the base salary in effect for each NEO (other than Messrs. Glendinning and Leatherby) at the end of fiscal years 2017 and 2018. Mr. Glendinning was not an employee of the Company at the end of fiscal year 2017, and Mr. Leatherby was not an employee of the Company at the end of fiscal year 2018. Each NEO listed below (except for Mr. White) received an annual salary increase during fiscal year 2018. Mr. Tyson's salary increase was in connection with his new employment contract and was based, in part, on comparative data supplied by Korn Ferry. Mr. White did not receive a salary increase because he was deemed to be compensated commensurate with his position and experience. Mr. Glendinning's initial base salary was determined based on market data provided by Korn Ferry, his prior work experiences including as a chief executive officer, and internal pay equity considerations.

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Name	End of Fiscal Year 2017 Salary (\$)	End of Fiscal Year 2018 Salary (\$)
John Tyson	928,818	1,050,000
Tom Hayes	1,150,000	1,207,500
Sally Grimes	750,000	780,000
Noel White	850,000	850,000

Annual Performance Incentive Payments

Employment contracts with our NEOs provided them an opportunity to receive performance incentive payments. In fiscal year 2018, the cash performance incentive plan in place for senior executive officers was the Executive Incentive Plan. This plan is designed to align the interests of management towards the achievement of common corporate goals while attempting to maximize the Company's ability under then-existing tax laws to deduct for tax purposes any payments made under the Executive Incentive Plan. An NEO selected to participate in the Executive Incentive Plan is not eligible to participate in other cash performance incentive payment plans maintained by the Company. For fiscal year 2018, the Compensation Committee designated all NEOs, as well as other executive officers, as eligible participants under the Executive Incentive Plan. Pursuant to the terms of his separation from the Company in April 2018, Mr. Leatherby became entitled to a prorated portion of his 2018 target annual bonus. Performance incentive eligibility under the Executive Incentive Plan is based on one or more performance measures established each year by the Compensation Committee. For fiscal year 2018, the Compensation Committee selected Adjusted Operating Income as the performance measure under the plan. "Operating Income" is the Company's operating income (which takes into account accruals for performance incentive payments) before interest and taxes, and "Adjusted Operating Income" for purposes of performance incentive payments takes into account any unusual or unique items, such as one-time gains or losses. The Compensation Committee believes Adjusted Operating Income is an appropriate metric of Company performance to utilize in making performance-based compensation decisions because it is a good indicator of value creation and is used by senior management to evaluate the day-to-day performance of the business. For fiscal year 2018, the Compensation Committee set the threshold level of Adjusted Operating Income for 50% of target performance incentive payments at \$2.840 billion, the target Adjusted Operating Income level for 100% of target performance incentive payments at \$3.550 billion, and a maximum level of Adjusted Operating Income for 200% of target performance incentive payments at \$4.260 billion.

Target performance incentive payment eligibility under the Executive Incentive Plan, expressed as a percentage of base salary, is established each year by the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee sets each NEO's ultimate performance incentive payment eligibility to include an adjustment above the NEO's initial targeted eligibility to allow the Compensation Committee to recognize variations in individual and business unit performance and maintain tax deductibility under then-existing tax laws of incentive payments when possible. For fiscal year 2018, Messrs. Tyson and Hayes were awarded higher ultimate performance incentive payment eligibility by the Compensation Committee given their respective levels of responsibility and ability to affect shareholder value relative to the other NEOs. In determining actual performance incentive payments, the Compensation Committee has the discretion to award amounts below, but not above, the eligibility level pertaining to Adjusted Operating Income. Actual Adjusted Operating Income for purposes of performance incentive payments for fiscal year 2018 was approximately \$3.114 billion, resulting in the NEOs' eligibility for performance incentive payments of approximately 69.28% of their respective target eligibilities. At the end of fiscal year 2018, the Compensation Committee reviewed each NEO's (excluding Mr. Leatherby, who received a prorated target performance incentive payment upon his separation from the Company) eligibility based on this Adjusted Operating Income amount and the individual performance of each with our CEO and other members of management and the Board. Based on this review, the Compensation Committee awarded the NEOs listed below the performance incentive payment amounts set forth in the following table.

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Name	Salary at 2018 Fiscal Year-End (\$)	Eligibility at Target Adjusted OI of \$3.55 billion (100% of target performance incentive payment) (\$)	Eligibility at Target Adjusted OI (expressed as percentage of base salary)	Maximum Eligibility at Actual Adjusted OI of \$3.114 billion (69.28% of target performance incentive payment) (\$)	Actual Performance Incentive Payment for Fiscal Year 2018 (\$)
John Tyson	1,050,000	1,890,000	180%	1,309,392	1,205,998
Tom Hayes	1,207,500	2,173,500	180%	1,505,801	1,392,688
Stewart Glendinning	725,000	957,000	132%	660,009	497,699
Sally Grimes	780,000	1,029,600	132%	713,306	693,818
Noel White	850,000	1,326,000	156%	918,653	856,707

Mr. Glendinning's performance incentive payment for fiscal year 2018 was prorated based on his not being with the Company for the full fiscal year.

Equity-Based Compensation

We believe equity-based compensation awarded annually is an effective long-term incentive for executives and managers to create value for shareholders as the value of such compensation has a strong correlation to appreciation of the Company's stock price. The Compensation Committee believes that equity-based compensation allows the Company to provide employees with an incentive different from base salary and cash performance incentive payments, with equity-based compensation increasing in value when the Company share price increases. Messrs. Tyson's and Hayes' employment contracts provide for equity-based compensation as determined by the Compensation Committee. The remaining NEOs' employment contracts provided for equity-based compensation consistent with that provided to other employees in such NEO's grade level. In addition, in connection with his appointment to CFO, Mr. Glendinning received an additional equity award, with the amount of the award determined based on market data, compensation forfeited at Mr. Glendinning's prior employer when he joined the Company, Mr. Glendinning's prior work experiences including as a chief executive officer, and internal pay equity considerations. For details regarding these awards, see the table titled "Grants of Plan-Based Awards During Fiscal Year 2018" in this Proxy Statement. All equity-based compensation is issued under the Stock Incentive Plan.

The amounts and types of equity-based compensation to be awarded within the grade levels are determined by management and/or the Compensation Committee with a view towards aligning the interests of executives and other managers with the interests of the Company's shareholders. In determining these amounts, management and the Compensation Committee consider the relationship of long-term compensation to cash compensation, the goal of providing additional incentives to executives and managers to increase shareholder value and the value of equity-based compensation awarded to NEOs and other executives to awards made to executives in similar positions within the applicable peer group. In connection with his departure, Mr. Leatherby did not participate in the fiscal year 2018 equity compensation program.

For fiscal year 2018, the dollar value of annual equity compensation was weighted 25%, 25% and 50% among stock options, restricted stock with performance criteria ("restricted stock"), and performance stock, respectively, as discussed further below. From time to time, the Company may award additional equity compensation in connection with hiring, retention, and promotions. Accordingly, in connection with his hiring by the Company, Mr. Glendinning received an additional award of stock options. For details regarding equity awards granted to the NEOs in fiscal year 2018, see the table titled "Grants of Plan-Based Awards During Fiscal Year 2018" in this Proxy Statement.

Stock Options. Stock option awards comprised approximately 25% of the NEOs' annual equity-based compensation for fiscal year 2018. Stock options are typically awarded and approved annually by the Compensation Committee prior to or on a pre-determined grant date. The grant date for fiscal year awards usually occurs four business days after the Company announces fiscal year-end financial results, absent subsequent Compensation Committee action to the contrary. The actual number of stock options granted during fiscal year 2018 was determined by dividing the dollar value assigned by the CEO or Compensation Committee, as applicable, for stock options by the grant date fair value of such stock options. The exercise price for option awards is the closing price for our Class A Common Stock as reported on the NYSE on the grant date. Option awards expire ten years after the grant date. The Company does not backdate, re-price or grant equity awards retroactively. All stock options vest in equal annual increments on each of the first, second and third anniversary of the grant dates of the awards and become fully vested after three years, subject to certain exceptions in the event of the death, disability or retirement of the executive officer. For the fiscal year 2018 stock option awards, the Compensation Committee set the grant date of November 17, 2017 at its May 3, 2017 meeting and approved the awards at its November 8, 2017 meeting.

Restricted Stock with Performance Criteria. Restricted stock awards comprised approximately 25% of the NEOs' annual equity-based compensation for fiscal year 2018. The actual number of shares of restricted stock granted during fiscal year 2018 was determined by dividing the dollar value assigned by the CEO or Compensation Committee, as applicable, for restricted stock by the closing price of the Company's stock on the grant date. For example, if the designated dollar value for restricted stock was \$200,000 and the closing stock price on the grant date was \$50 per share, the executive received a grant of 4,000 shares of restricted stock.

Restricted stock awards represent the right to vest in shares of Class A Common Stock if one or more performance criteria are met within the time period indicated in the grant. Performance criteria are measured over a multi-year

period, and, if the performance criteria are achieved, the award vests. These awards were granted with a performance-based vesting condition intended to qualify the awards as performance-based compensation under then-existing tax laws. The right to vest in the shares of Class A Common Stock under a restricted stock award is conditioned upon the executive officer remaining continuously in the employment of the Company from the grant date through the vesting date, subject to certain exceptions in the event of the death, disability or retirement of the executive officer.

On November 8, 2017, the Compensation Committee determined the performance criterion pertaining to the restricted stock awards to be granted on November 17, 2017 would be the Company's achievement of a cumulative \$125 million Adjusted Operating Income for the 2018 through 2020 fiscal years. These awards ultimately did not qualify as performance-based compensation under federal tax laws as further discussed in the section titled "Tax and Accounting Considerations" in this Proxy Statement.

Performance Stock. Performance stock awards comprised approximately 50% of the NEOs' annual equity-based compensation for fiscal year 2018. Performance stock awards represent the right to receive shares of Class A Common Stock if certain performance criteria are met within the time period indicated in the grant. The target number of shares of performance stock granted during fiscal year 2018 was determined by dividing the dollar value assigned by the CEO or Compensation Committee, as applicable, for performance

stock by the closing price of the Company's stock on the grant date. The Compensation Committee approved the fiscal year 2018 performance stock awards at its November 8, 2017 meeting with a grant date of November 17, 2017.

Performance criteria are measured three years from the beginning of the fiscal year in which the performance stock is awarded, and, if the performance criteria are achieved, the award vests as set forth below. The right to receive Class A Common Stock under a performance stock award is conditioned upon the executive officer remaining continuously in the employment of the Company from the grant date through the vesting date, subject to certain exceptions involving the death, disability or retirement of the executive officer.

On an annual basis, the Company's senior management, Compensation Committee and human resources group meet to discuss the performance criteria options and levels to be considered for the following year's grants. Through the course of its review and discussions, the Compensation Committee chooses such performance criteria that the Compensation Committee believes provide the appropriate balance between (i) significant performance measures aimed at increasing shareholder value if achieved, and (ii) performance measures that are reasonably attainable so as to motivate the officers to achieve the performance goals.

The performance criteria adopted by the Compensation Committee for performance stock awards granted in fiscal year 2018 were as follows:

- achievement of a cumulative Adjusted Operating Income target over the 2018, 2019 and 2020 fiscal years (the "cumulative Operating Income criterion"); and

- a comparison of the relative total shareholder return of the Company's Class A Common Stock relative to the relative total shareholder return of the Compensation Peer Group over the 2018, 2019 and 2020 fiscal years (the "relative total shareholder criterion").

The Compensation Committee utilized Adjusted Operating Income as an element in both the Company's annual incentive program and long-term incentive program in recognition that this measure is viewed as a core driver of the Company's performance and shareholder value creation. In designing the Company's executive compensation program, the Compensation Committee supplemented this measure in the long-term incentive program with a relative total shareholder return comparison measure in order to strike an appropriate balance with respect to incentivizing top-line growth and shareholder returns over both the short-term and long-term horizons.

Each performance criterion accounts for one-half of the performance stock award and is subject to the achievement of performance goals as set forth in the below tables. With respect to the cumulative Adjusted Operating Income criterion, the Adjusted Operating Income measure selected is based on management's projected earnings for the Company over a three-year period. The targeted performance goal was established at a level that was designed to be reasonably attainable so as to motivate the officers to achieve or exceed the goal. Also, in selecting the cumulative Adjusted Operating Income criterion, the Compensation Committee recognized the importance placed by senior management on this measure in its evaluation of the day-to-day performance of the business. Based on the percentage of the Adjusted Operating Income measure achieved, our NEOs (other than Mr. Leatherby) are entitled to receive upon achievement of the Adjusted Operating Income goals the number of shares as set forth in the following table:

Name	Percentage of Cumulative Adjusted Operating Income Goal Achieved			Number of Shares Awarded*
	80%	100%	120%	
John Tyson	8,416	16,833	33,666	
Tom Hayes	8,817	17,634	35,269	
Stewart Glendinning	4,565	9,130	18,260	Number of Shares Awarded*
Sally Grimes	3,206	6,412	12,825	
Noel White	4,328	8,657	17,314	

* Amounts rounded down to the nearest share and may differ from the amounts reported in the table entitled "Grants of Plan-Based Awards During Fiscal Year 2018" due to rounding differences.

With respect to the relative total shareholder return criterion, the NEO is entitled to receive the number of shares set forth below, based on the percentile ranking of the Company's total shareholder return compared to the Compensation Peer Group members' total shareholder return during the measurement period:

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Name	Percentile of Companies' Relative Total Shareholder Return*			
	30th	50th	80th	
	John Tyson	8,416	16,833	33,666
Tom Hayes	8,817	17,634	35,269	
Stewart Glendinning	4,565	9,130	18,260	Number of Shares Awarded*
Sally Grimes	3,206	6,412	12,825	
Noel White	4,328	8,657	17,314	

* Amounts rounded down to the nearest share and may differ from the amounts reported in the table entitled "Grants of Plan-Based Awards During Fiscal Year 2018" due to rounding differences.

Following certification of the Company's fiscal year 2018 performance and stock price performance relative to certain peers, the Compensation Committee approved the vesting of performance shares awarded to the NEOs in fiscal year 2016 based on the Company's achievement of (i) three years' cumulative earnings before interest and taxes ("EBIT") of \$9.092 billion where the three-year cumulative target was \$6.877 billion and (ii) the stock price performance ranking of third against the fifteen other companies in the compensation peer group for purposes of this award in the following amounts:

Name	Number of Shares of Performance Stock	
	Stock Price Criterion (200%)	Cumulative EBIT Criterion (180.52%)
	John Tyson	50,101.670
Tom Hayes	16,864.950	15,222.304
Sally Grimes	16,864.950	15,222.304
Noel White	25,062.240	22,621.178
Dennis Leatherby	13,190.630	11,905.870

Financial, Retirement and Welfare Benefit Plans

Our NEOs are eligible to participate in the Company's financial, retirement and welfare benefit plans that are generally available to all employees of the Company. The NEOs are also eligible to participate in certain plans, described below, that are only available to contracted officers and managers. We believe these benefits are a basic component in attracting, motivating and retaining executives and are comparable to the benefits offered by the companies in our peer groups according to market data.

Deferred Compensation Plan. The Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan ("SERP") is a nonqualified deferred compensation plan providing a retirement benefit to certain officers of the Company, including all NEOs. The SERP also provided participants as of July 1, 2014 (including Messrs. Leatherby and White) life insurance protection. The SERP allows participating officers to supplement the officers' existing anticipated retirement payments and benefits. In fiscal year 2018, the Compensation Committee elected to freeze benefits under the SERP on December 31, 2018. Additional information about our SERP is included in the narrative text following the section titled "Pension Benefits" in this Proxy Statement.

Retirement Plans. We also provide the following qualified and nonqualified plans to the NEOs:

- Employee Stock Purchase Plan;
- Retirement Savings Plan;
- Executive Savings Plan; and
- Executive Long-Term Disability Plan.

The Employee Stock Purchase Plan is a nonqualified benefit plan available to all NEOs and most employees (some bargaining units do not participate). The purpose of the plan is to encourage employees to acquire stock in the Company by offering employees who participate a way to purchase our Class A Common Stock on terms better than those available to a typical investor. Participants are eligible to participate on the first day of the month following 59 days of service and can contribute (on an after tax basis) up to 20% of base pay to this plan per pay period. After one year of service the Company will match 25% of the first 10% of base pay contributed. The plan provides for 100% immediate vesting.

The Retirement Savings Plan is a qualified benefit plan (401(k)) available to all NEOs and most employees (some bargaining units do not participate). The plan allows employees who participate to save money for retirement while deferring income taxes on the amount saved and any earnings on those amounts until the funds are withdrawn. Participants may elect how their accounts are invested from a number of investment options. Participants are eligible to participate on the first day of the month following 59 days of service and can

contribute from 2% to 60% of eligible pay to this plan per pay period, subject to IRS annual limits on contributions and compensation. After one year of service the Company will match 100% of the first 3% of base pay contributed, plus 50% of the next 2% contributed. This plan provides for 100% immediate vesting.

The Executive Savings Plan is a nonqualified deferred compensation plan available to the NEOs and other highly compensated employees of the Company. The plan is available for those who wish to defer additional dollars over and above the IRS limits for qualified plans. After reaching the annual IRS limits in the Retirement Savings Plan, participants can begin deferring up to 60% of base pay into this plan. Participants can also defer up to 100% of the annual performance incentive payment to this plan. All deferrals and payout elections to this plan must be elected by December 31 of the year prior to the deferral year. This plan provides Company matching contributions in the same manner and amount as the Retirement Savings Plan not otherwise matched under the Retirement Savings Plan. Participants in fiscal year 2018 were able to elect the investment options available under the Retirement Savings Plan plus an investment option paying the prime rate as reported in the Wall Street Journal plus two hundred basis points. This plan provides for 100% immediate vesting. Additional information on the Executive Savings Plan can be found in the narrative text following the table titled “Nonqualified Deferred Compensation for Fiscal Year 2018” in this Proxy Statement.

Officers and certain managers of the Company who are party to a written employment contract (including the NEOs) participate in the Executive Long-Term Disability Plan. This plan replaces (tax free) up to 60% of “insured earnings” to a maximum benefit of \$25,000 per month. “Insured Earnings” include salary, annual performance incentive payment and the value of the most recent annual stock option, restricted stock and performance stock awards. The value of the premiums paid by the Company are included in the participant’s taxable income.

Welfare Benefit Plans. Our NEOs and other executives participate in our broad-based employee welfare plans, including medical, dental, vision and other insurance. These plans and benefits are available to all salaried employees.

Perquisites

We provide certain perquisites that the Compensation Committee believes are reasonable and consistent with our overall compensation program. The Company pays taxes owed by the NEOs on certain of these perquisites. The value of these perquisites and the estimated income taxes thereon are imputed as income to the executive. The Compensation Committee believes that these personal benefits provide executives with benefits that balance our compensation program and help attract executive talent. The Compensation Committee reviews the perquisites on a periodic basis to evaluate whether they are appropriate in light of the Company’s total compensation program and market practice. For the last completed fiscal year, Messrs. Tyson, Hayes, and White were permitted by their employment contracts to personal use of Company-owned aircraft (subject to certain contractual limits), and all other NEOs were eligible for personal use of Company-owned aircraft in the CEO’s discretion, subject to an overall limit established by the Compensation Committee. In addition, all NEOs are eligible to participate in the Executive Rewards Allowance, pursuant to which they receive an annual cash allowance of \$12,000 that can be used for an array of items based on the NEO’s needs. The attributed costs of the perquisites described above for the NEOs for fiscal year 2018 are included in the “All Other Compensation” column of the “Summary Compensation Table for Fiscal Year 2018” in this Proxy Statement.

Employment Contracts

The Company maintained employment contracts with each NEO during fiscal year 2018. A summary description of these contracts is provided below.

John Tyson. Mr. Tyson entered into an amended and restated employment contract with the Company on November 9, 2017 which was in effect during fiscal year 2018. The contract provided for, among other things, a minimum annual base salary \$1,050,000, participation in the Company’s annual performance incentive payment program on terms and in amounts as determined by the Compensation Committee, eligibility for equity awards under the Company’s equity incentive plans on terms and in amounts as determined by the Compensation Committee, continued annual payments of \$175,196 from his SERP account and participation in the Company’s benefit plans. Accordingly, Mr. Tyson is entitled to certain perquisites, including personal use of Company-owned aircraft for up to 275 hours per year, use of Company security personnel consistent with past practice (the expense for which the Company estimates to be \$80 per hour), security services up to \$50,000 annually and payment of an annual premium on a \$7,500,000 life insurance

policy. The Company has also agreed to reimburse Mr. Tyson and gross-up any tax liability incurred by Mr. Tyson from the receipt of any perquisites. The employment contract is for a perpetual term, subject to the Board of Directors' right to terminate the agreement at any time upon written notice to Mr. Tyson. Any such termination without cause is subject to the Company's obligation to pay, in a lump sum, an amount equal to two years of his base salary and two times his target annual cash bonus, plus continued medical coverage for life. Such termination will also trigger vesting of Mr. Tyson's equity awards that are outstanding as of the date of termination.

Tom Hayes. Mr. Hayes entered into an amended and restated employment contract with the Company in November 2016, which provided for a base salary \$1,150,000 and eligibility for awards under the Company's performance incentive payment program and equity plans on terms and in amounts consistent with those provided to other senior executive-level employees, subject to the discretion of the

Compensation Committee. Additionally, Mr. Hayes was entitled to personal use of Company-owned aircraft on the same terms and conditions as such use is made available to similarly situated executives.

In September 2018, the Company announced that Mr. Hayes was stepping down as its President and Chief Executive Officer effective September 30, 2018. The Company entered into a separation and release agreement with Mr. Hayes as described above, which provides for benefits consistent with severance benefits provided under his employment contract.

Other NEOs. The fiscal year 2018 employment contracts with Mr. Glendinning, Ms. Grimes, Mr. White and Mr. Leatherby, which are described below in more detail, provided for base salary and participation in the Company's performance incentive payment programs, equity plans and employee benefit plans. The employment contracts for Mr. Glendinning, Ms. Grimes, Mr. White and Mr. Leatherby were entered into on December 11, 2017, August 29, 2014, November 15, 2013, and November 14, 2012, respectively.

Mr. Glendinning's contract provided for an annual base salary of \$725,000. He also received a sign-on bonus of \$2,700,000, which Mr. Glendinning will be required to repay should he (i) voluntarily terminate his employment with the Company prior to the two year anniversary of December 11, 2017 (the "Start Date") or (ii) have not relocated and established a permanent residence in the Northwest Arkansas area prior to the one-year anniversary of the Start Date. Mr. Glendinning also became eligible to participate in the Company's performance incentive payment program and equity plans on terms and in amounts consistent with those provided to other senior executive-level employees, subject to the discretion of management.

Ms. Grimes' contract provided for an annual base salary of \$582,400, which had increased to \$780,000 at the end of fiscal year 2018. Ms. Grimes was also eligible to participate in the Company's performance incentive payment program and equity plans on terms and in amounts consistent with those provided to other senior executive-level employees, subject to the discretion of management.

Mr. White's contract in effect during fiscal year 2018 provided for an annual base salary of \$725,000, which had increased to \$850,000 at the end of fiscal year 2018. Mr. White was also eligible to participate in the Company's performance incentive payment program and equity plans on terms and in amounts consistent with those provided to other senior executive-level employees, subject to the discretion of management. The Company also agreed to reimburse Mr. White and gross-up any tax liability incurred by him through his use of Company-owned aircraft. In connection with his promotion to President and Chief Executive Officer subsequent to fiscal year-end, Mr. White entered into an amended and restated employment contract with the Company on October 4, 2018, as described above.

Prior to Mr. Leatherby's departure from the Company, his contract provided for an annual base salary of \$566,500, which had increased to \$700,000 at the time of his departure. Mr. Leatherby was also eligible to participate in the Company's performance incentive payment program and equity plans on terms and in amounts consistent with those provided to other senior executive-level employees, subject to the discretion of management. In November 2017, the Company announced that Mr. Leatherby would step down as Chief Financial Officer effective February 10, 2018, following which he would remain employed by the Company until April 6, 2018. In connection with this separation, the Company and Mr. Leatherby entered into a separation and release agreement as described above.

Notwithstanding the term of any employment contract, the Company has the right to terminate the contract at any time upon written notice subject to the obligation, if terminated without cause or for good reason, to continue to pay base salary for a period specified in the contract and subject to provisions relating to the early vesting of certain equity-based compensation. Severance information is more particularly described in the section titled "Potential Payments Upon Termination" in this Proxy Statement. The termination of employment contracts as described above in the section "How NEOs Are Compensated" did not trigger any severance obligations. Future severance obligations will be determined under a new executive severance plan.

Certain Benefits Upon a Change in Control

Employment Contracts. Each employment contract in effect during fiscal year 2018 between the Company and our NEOs provided for certain benefits payable to the NEO following a change in control of the Company. The Compensation Committee believes these benefits, which going forward will be provided for in other plans and policies, are an important part of the total executive compensation program because they protect the Company's

interest in the continuity and stability of the executive group. The Compensation Committee also believes that the change in control benefits are necessary to retain and attract highly qualified executives and help to keep them focused on minimizing interruptions in business operations by reducing any concerns they may have of being terminated prematurely and without cause during any ownership transition.

Impact of Change in Control on the SERP. No later than thirty days after a change in control of the Company, a grantor trust created under the SERP will be funded with the present value of the higher of (i) the minimum defined benefit or (ii) all accrued benefits for each participant under the SERP. Participants will vest in a benefit equal to the amount calculated under the general provisions of the SERP as of the effective date of the change in control, but without regard to any age or service requirements, if following the change in control the SERP is terminated in a manner that adversely affects a participant or a participant experiences a termination of employment (other than a voluntary resignation without good reason or an involuntary termination for cause). For this purpose, "good reason" means: (i) a

substantial adverse change in position, duties, title or responsibilities; (ii) any material reduction in base salary or annual performance incentive opportunity or benefit plan coverages; (iii) any relocation required by the Company to an office or location more than 25 miles from the current location; or (iv) failure by a successor to assume the plan. Payment of the amount calculated as of the effective date of the change in control would begin following termination of employment, regardless of age, on an actuarially adjusted basis.

Executive Life Insurance Program. Following a change in control of the Company, the Company will continue to pay the annual life insurance premiums (plus a tax gross-up based on the withholding rates for supplemental wages) under the Executive Life Insurance Program for active participants on the date of the change in control up to the earlier of termination of employment or age 62.

Change in control information is more particularly described in the section titled “Potential Payments Upon a Change in Control” in this Proxy Statement.

Tax and Accounting Considerations

Limits on Deductibility of Compensation. Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code generally prevents public corporations from deducting as a business expense that portion of compensation paid to certain of the Company’s executive officers that exceeds \$1,000,000. Historically, there was an exception to this \$1,000,000 deduction limit for compensation that qualified as “performance-based compensation” under Section 162(m). In connection with federal legislation signed into law on December 22, 2017, referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the “Tax Act”), the performance-based compensation exception was repealed for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018. In addition, the Tax Act expanded the group of covered employees under Section 162(m) to include the chief financial officer and mandated that once an individual is treated as a covered employee for a given year, that individual will be treated as a covered employee for all subsequent years. Accordingly, any compensation paid to our covered executive officers in excess of \$1 million in any one year will not be deductible unless it qualifies for transition relief applicable to certain arrangements in place as of November 2, 2017. In the past, the goal of the Compensation Committee was to comply with the requirements of Section 162(m), to the extent possible and consistent with the Company’s compensation objectives, to avoid losing this deduction. However, the Compensation Committee retained discretion to elect to provide compensation outside those requirements when it deemed it necessary to achieve the Company’s compensation objectives.

Compensation Expense. The Company accounts for equity-based awards by recognizing the compensation expense of the equity award to an employee based on the fair value of the award on the grant date. The Company has determined the fair value of these awards based on the assumptions set forth in Note 14 to our fiscal year 2018 audited financial statements included in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2018. Compensation expense of deferred cash awards are based on the amount of the award. The compensation expense for stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, phantom stock, performance stock and deferred cash is ratably recognized over the vesting period.

Stock Ownership Requirements

The Company’s stock ownership requirements require senior officers (which includes the NEOs) and directors to maintain a minimum equity stake in the Company. These requirements were put into place to strengthen the alignment between the interest of the Company’s directors and senior officers and the interests of its shareholders.

The requirements set forth the minimum amount of shares of Company stock a director and certain officers must own. Participants’ holdings are reviewed by the Company annually. Each officer subject to the requirements has five years from the effective date of their current employment contract to achieve the applicable level of ownership. Directors have five years from the later of the Company’s annual meeting of shareholders held on February 1, 2013 or his or her initial election as director.

For officers, the levels are based on a multiple of the officer’s salary. Officers that are promoted into new grades will be assigned the appropriate ownership levels based on the new grade and will have five years from the date of their promotion to comply with their new ownership requirements. The CEO’s current ownership level is six times annual salary and the remaining NEOs’ levels are currently two times annual salary. For directors, the level is four times the annual cash retainer (exclusive of any retainer amounts attributable to positions of Lead Independent Director or committee chairmanships), which they must attain within five years of being elected as a director. As of December 10,

2018, all continuing NEOs and directors were in compliance with the stock ownership requirements.

Risk Considerations in our Overall Compensation Program

We believe that the Company's compensation program is structured in such a way as to discourage excessive risk-taking. In making this determination, we considered various aspects of our compensation program, including the mix of fixed and performance-based compensation for management and other key employees. The Company's performance-based compensation awards are designed to reward both short- and long-term performance. By linking a portion of total compensation to the Company's long-term performance, we seek to mitigate short-term risks that could be detrimental to the Company's long-term best interests and the creation of shareholder value. Another aspect we considered is our practice of increasing an individual's equity-based performance compensation as a percentage of his or her total compensation as his or her responsibility and ability to affect the financial results of the Company increases. Such

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equity-based performance awards are subject to multi-year vesting periods and derive their value from the Company's total performance, which we believe further encourages decision-making that is in the long-term best interests of the Company and its shareholders. Finally, we considered our stock ownership guidelines for executive officers and directors, which are designed to strengthen the alignment between the interests of our Board of Directors and executive officers and the Company's shareholders. We believe these guidelines discourage excessive risk-taking that could be detrimental to the long-term interests of the Company, its performance or our stock price. In conclusion, we believe that the Company's compensation policies and practices for all employees, including executive officers, do not create risks that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company.

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REPORT OF THE COMPENSATION AND LEADERSHIP DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

We, the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee of the Board of Directors of Tyson Foods, Inc., have reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis contained in this Proxy Statement with management. Based on such review and discussion, we have recommended to the Board of Directors that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in this Proxy Statement and in Tyson Foods, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2018.

Compensation and Leadership Development Committee of the Board of Directors

Gaurdie E. Banister Jr., Chair

Kevin M. McNamara

Jeffrey K. Schomburger*

* Mr. Schomburger was appointed to the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee in November 2017

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Summary Compensation Table for Fiscal Year 2018

The table below summarizes the compensation for our NEOs during fiscal year 2018 and, where required by applicable SEC disclosure rules, fiscal years 2017 and 2016. Although Mr. Hayes was not an NEO during fiscal year 2016, the Summary Compensation Table for Fiscal Year 2018 includes, on an informational basis only, details of compensation paid or attributed to Mr. Hayes during fiscal year 2016. Neither Mr. Glendinning or Ms. Grimes was an NEO in fiscal years 2017 and 2016.

Name and Principal Position During Fiscal Year	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)(1)(2)	Option Awards (\$)(1)(2)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)(3)	Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$)(4)	All Other Compensation (\$)(5)	Total (\$)
John Tyson, Chairman of the Board	2018	1,046,619	0	4,485,158	1,312,505	1,205,998	554,030	1,392,305	9,996,615
	2017	937,587	0	4,099,207	1,252,542	1,813,982	561,251	1,789,232	10,453,801
	2016	928,818	0	3,068,728	1,252,547	2,448,875	183,113	1,734,084	9,616,165
Tom Hayes, President and Chief Executive Officer	2018	1,208,442	0	4,698,737	1,375,016	1,392,688	451,737	360,267	9,486,887
	2017	1,104,923	0	3,886,345	1,187,509	2,103,499	308,318	315,029	8,905,623
	2016	712,954	591,568	1,032,978	421,626	1,519,059	319,314	88,595	4,686,094
Stewart Glendinning, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	2018	581,096	2,700,000(6)	2,536,148	1,042,315	497,699	62,015	169,367	7,588,634
Sally Grimes, Group President Prepared Foods	2018	786,231	0	1,708,632	500,012	693,818	145,542	151,775	3,986,010
Noel White, Group President Fresh Meats & International	2018	862,000	0	2,306,653	675,002	856,707	684,867	351,708	5,736,937
	2017	835,786	0	2,256,632	638,202	1,402,060	516,918	336,280	5,985,878
	2016	777,716	0	1,535,062	626,560	1,781,149	917,108	383,083	6,020,678
Dennis Leatherby, Former Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	2018	390,654	405,625	(7)0	0	0	65,565	355,151	1,216,995
	2017	696,470	0	1,384,414	423,025	985,954	310,363	169,200	3,969,426
	2016	660,390	0	1,032,978	421,626	1,279,762	615,272	304,134	4,314,162

(1) The amounts included in these columns are the aggregate grant date fair values for stock and option awards granted in the fiscal year shown, computed in accordance with the stock-based compensation accounting rules set forth in Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718. The assumptions used in

the calculation of the amounts shown are included in Note 14 to our audited consolidated financial statements, which are included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2018. Recipients do not realize the value of equity-based awards until the awards vest. The actual value that a recipient will realize from these awards is determined by the Company's future share price and may be higher or lower than the amounts indicated in the table, which represent the full grant date fair value of such awards. Mr. Glendinning received two separate option grants in Fiscal Year 2018. For details regarding these awards to Mr. Glendinning, see the table titled "Grants of Plan-Based Awards During Fiscal Year 2018" in this Proxy Statement.

(2) The grant date fair values of the restricted stock with performance criteria are based on the maximum outcome of those awards as of the grant date, which is the probable payout of such awards based on what we have determined, in accordance with the stock-based compensation accounting rules, to be the probable levels of achievement of the performance goals related to those awards. The resulting number of shares of restricted stock with performance criteria that vest, if any, depends on whether we achieve the specified level of performance with respect to the performance measure tied to these awards. Descriptions of these awards and the performance criteria are provided in the subsection titled "Elements of Compensation—Equity-Based Compensation—Restricted Stock with Performance Criteria" in the section titled "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" in this Proxy Statement. The grant date fair values of performance stock awards are reported in the table above at the probable payout, which is less than the maximum possible payout. The table below shows the grant date fair values of the performance stock awards granted to each NEO during fiscal year 2018 at the probable payout and the maximum payout that would result if the highest levels of performance goals are achieved. The

grant date fair values for the performance stock awards are computed in accordance with the rules described in footnote (1). Descriptions of these awards and the performance criteria are provided in the subsection titled “Elements of Compensation—Equity-Based Compensation—Performance Stock” in the section titled “Compensation Discussion and Analysis” in this Proxy Statement.

Name	Grant Date Fair Value of Performance Stock Awards (Probable Payout) (\$)	Grant Date Fair Value of Performance Stock Awards (Maximum Payout) (\$)
John Tyson	3,172,658	4,222,658
Tom Hayes	3,323,737	4,423,737
Stewart Glendinning	1,794,046	2,387,727
Sally Grimes	1,208,632	1,608,632
Noel White	1,631,653	2,171,653

Amounts reflected in this column are cash payments made pursuant to the Executive Incentive Plan. For a more (3) detailed discussion, see the subsection titled “Elements of Compensation—Annual Performance Incentive Payments” under the “Compensation Discussion and Analysis” section of this Proxy Statement.

The amounts reflected in this column include above market earnings for fiscal year 2018 on nonqualified deferred compensation as follows: Mr. Tyson - \$0; Mr. Hayes - \$79,626; Mr. Glendinning - \$0; Ms. Grimes - \$4,364; Mr. (4) White - \$45,583; and Mr. Leatherby - \$63,500. For the assumptions used to determine the change in the pension value, see the table titled “SERP Assumptions” in the section titled “Pension Benefits” in this Proxy Statement.

The amounts reflected in this column for fiscal year 2018 represent the sum of all other compensation and (5) perquisites received by the NEOs from the Company, as more fully set forth in the table below.

This amount represents a sign-on bonus of \$2,700,000, which Mr. Glendinning will be required to repay should he (6) (i) voluntarily terminate his employment with the Company prior to the two year anniversary of December 11, 2017 or (ii) have not relocated and established a permanent residence in the Northwest Arkansas area prior to the one-year anniversary of December 11, 2017.

In connection with his separation from the Company in April 2018, Mr. Leatherby received a prorated portion of (7) his 2018 target annual bonus.

Name	Year	Reimbursement of Taxes (\$)	Executive Life Insurance Premiums (\$)	Company Contribution under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan (\$)	Company Contribution under the Executive Savings Plan (\$)(a)	Company Contribution Retirement Savings Plan (\$)	Severance and Consulting Pay (\$)	Perquisites (\$)(b)
John Tyson	2018	146,177	0	0	78,625	11,000	0	1,156,503 (c)
Tom Hayes	2018	66,155	5,682	0	2,750	11,000	0	274,680 (d)
Stewart Glendinning	2018	75,783	1,598	0	0	0	0	91,986 (e)

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Sally Grimes	2018	20,450	3,788	19,356	47,097	11,000	0	50,084	(f)
Noel White	2018	109,360	58,003	21,250	57,269	11,000	0	94,826	(g)
Dennis Leatherby	2018	43,728	35,384	9,605	7,603	7,765	249,577	*	

*Indicates value less than \$10,000.

Included in these amounts are matching contributions to the applicable NEOs pursuant to the Executive Savings Plan subsequent to the end of the fiscal year 2018, though attributable to performance in fiscal year 2018, as follows: Mr. Tyson - \$48,240; Mr. Hayes - \$0; Mr. Glendinning - \$0; Ms. Grimes - \$27,753; Mr. White - \$34,268; and Mr. Leatherby - \$0 (a description of the Executive Savings Plan is provided under the heading “Financial, (a) Retirement and Welfare Benefit Plans” in the “Compensation Discussion and Analysis” section of this Proxy Statement, as well as following the table titled “Nonqualified Deferred Compensation for Fiscal Year 2018” under “Executive Savings Plan”). The amounts do not include matching contributions that were attributable to performance in fiscal year 2017 but paid in fiscal year 2018, as those awards were previously reported as fiscal year 2017 compensation.

The amounts in this column include premiums paid by the Company for a long-term disability insurance policy for (b) each NEO. The values expressed for personal use of Company-owned aircraft in footnotes (d) through (g), below, are based on the aggregate incremental cost to the Company using a method that accounts for fuel,

maintenance, landing fees, other associated travel costs and charter fees. Mr. Tyson's and Mr. Hayes' personal use of Company-owned aircraft is permitted under their respective employment contracts, and other NEOs' personal use of Company-owned aircraft is at the CEO's discretion, subject to an overall limit established by the Compensation Committee; moreover, such use must comply with the Company's then existing aircraft policy and not interfere with the Company's use of the aircraft. The values of all perquisites are based on the incremental aggregate cost to the Company and are individually quantified only if they exceed the greater of \$25,000 or 10% of the total amount of perquisites for such NEO.

(c) This amount includes \$1,152,131 for personal use of Company-owned aircraft and amounts for event tickets and an insurance premium.

(d) This amount includes \$270,491 for personal use of Company-owned aircraft and amounts for spousal attendance at an event and an insurance premium.

(e) This amount includes \$52,913 for personal use of Company-owned aircraft, \$36,250 for a moving allowance paid directly to the executive, and amounts for event tickets and an insurance premium.

(f) This amount includes \$47,304 for personal use of Company-owned aircraft and an amount for an insurance premium.

(g) This amount includes \$90,346 for personal use of Company-owned aircraft and amounts for spousal attendance at an event and an insurance premium.

Grants of Plan-Based Awards During Fiscal Year 2018

The table below provides information on equity and cash-based performance awards granted to each of the Company's NEOs during fiscal year 2018. In light of his announced departure, Mr. Leatherby did not receive equity or cash-based performance awards for fiscal year 2018. The equity awards were granted under the Stock Incentive Plan. The cash-based performance awards were granted under the Executive Incentive Plan. More information on plan-based awards is provided in the subsection titled "Elements of Compensation" under the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section of this Proxy Statement.

Name	Grant Date	Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards(1)			Estimated Future Payouts Under Equity Incentive Plan Awards(2)			All Other Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Options (#)(3)	Exercise or Base Price of Awards (\$/Sh)(4)	Grant Date Fair Value of Stock and Option Awards (\$)(5)
		Threshold (\$)	Target (\$)	Maximum (\$)	Threshold (#)	Target (#)	Maximum (#)			
John Tyson	11/8/2017	945,000	1,890,000	3,780,000						
	11/17/2017				16,833	33,666	67,333			3,172,658
	11/17/2017					16,834				1,312,500
	11/17/2017							71,997	77.97	1,312,505
Tom Hayes	11/8/2017	1,086,750	2,173,500	4,347,000						
	11/17/2017				17,634	35,269	70,539			3,323,737
	11/17/2017					17,635				1,375,000
	11/17/2017							75,426	77.97	1,375,016
Stewart Glendinning	11/22/2017	478,500	957,000	1,914,000						
	12/15/2017				9,130	18,260	36,520			1,794,046
	12/15/2017					9,131				742,102
	12/15/2017							15,270	81.28	300,056
Sally Grimes	12/15/2017							37,774	81.28	742,259
	11/8/2017	514,800	1,029,600	2,059,200						

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	11/17/2017			6,412	12,825	25,650			1,208,632
	11/17/2017				6,413				500,000
	11/17/2017						27,428	77.97	500,012
Noel White	11/8/2017	663,000	1,326,000	2,652,000					
	11/17/2017			8,657	17,314	34,628			1,631,653
	11/17/2017				8,658				675,000
	11/17/2017						37,027	77.97	675,002

(1) The amounts in these columns represented the threshold, target and maximum amounts payable for performance in fiscal year 2018 under the Executive Incentive Plan based on the NEO's salary on September 29, 2018. The amounts paid to each NEO pursuant to this plan for fiscal year 2018 are set forth in the column titled "Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation" in the

“Summary Compensation Table for Fiscal Year 2018” in this Proxy Statement. For more detailed information on the Executive Incentive Plan and potential payments thereunder, see the discussion and tables in the subsection titled “Elements of Compensation—Annual Performance Incentive Payments” in the section titled “Compensation Discussion and Analysis” in this Proxy Statement.

The amounts in these columns represent (i) the threshold, target and maximum amount of shares of performance stock which would be awarded upon the achievement of specified performance criteria for the awards approved on November 8, 2017, and November 22, 2017, and (ii) the amount of shares of restricted stock with performance criteria which would be awarded upon the achievement of a specified performance criterion for the awards approved on November 8, 2017, and November 22, 2017. The vesting terms of the performance stock include the achievement of a three-year cumulative Adjusted Operating Income target and a favorable relative total (2) shareholder return comparison with the Compensation Peer Group. The vesting terms of the restricted stock with performance criteria granted on November 17, 2017, and December 15, 2017 include the achievement of a three-year cumulative Adjusted Operating Income of \$125 million over the 2018 - 2020 fiscal years. Assuming all performance criteria are satisfied, the November 17, 2017, and December 15, 2017, awards will vest on November 20, 2020. For a more detailed discussion, see the subsections titled “Elements of Compensation—Equity-Based Compensation—Performance Stock” and “Elements of Compensation—Equity-Based Compensation—Restricted Stock with Performance Criteria” in the section titled “Compensation Discussion and Analysis” in this Proxy Statement.

The amounts in this column represent nonqualified stock options that expire on November 17, 2027, except for those granted to Mr. Glendinning, which will expire on December 15, 2027. These options vest in equal annual (3) increments on each of the first, second and third anniversary dates of the grant and become fully vested after three years, except for 15,270 nonqualified stock options granted to Mr. Glendinning in connection with his hiring that will vest in their entirety on December 11, 2020.

Pursuant to the terms of the Stock Incentive Plan, the exercise price for these options is the closing price of our (4) Class A Common Stock on the grant date.

For a description of the methodology used to determine the grant date fair value of stock and option awards, see (5) footnote 1 of the “Summary Compensation Table for Fiscal Year 2018” in this Proxy Statement.

Outstanding Equity Awards at 2018 Fiscal Year-End

The table below provides information on the stock option, restricted stock and performance stock awards held by each of the Company's NEOs as of September 29, 2018.

Name	Grant Date	Option Awards			Stock Awards				
		Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)	Market Value of Shares of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$)(1)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Shares, Units or Rights That Have Not Vested (#)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Rights That Have Not Vested (\$)(1)
John Tyson	11/26/2012	160,600	0	19.36	11/26/2022				
	11/22/2013	160,600	0	31.82	11/22/2023				

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11/21/2014	231,239	0		42.26	11/21/2024		
11/30/2015	72,802	36,400	(2)	50.00	11/30/2025		
11/30/2015						26,082	(3) 1,552,661
11/30/2015						95,324	(4) 5,674,638
11/28/2016	31,112	62,222	(5)	58.34	11/28/2026		
11/28/2016						22,141	(6) 1,318,054
11/28/2016						85,878	(7) 5,112,317
11/17/2017	0	71,997	(8)	77.97	11/17/2027		
11/17/2017						17,116	(9) 1,018,915
11/17/2017						67,333	(10) 4,008,333

Tom
Hayes

11/21/2014	41,745	0		42.26	11/21/2024		
07/02/2015							
11/30/2015	12,253	12,252	(2)	50.00	11/30/2025		
11/30/2015						8,779	(3) 522,614
11/30/2015						32,087	(4) 1,910,139
11/28/2016	14,748	58,991	(5)	58.34	11/28/2026		
11/28/2016						20,992	(6) 1,249,654
11/28/2016						81,419	(7) 4,846,873
11/17/2017	0	75,426	(8)	77.97	11/17/2027		

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Name	Option Awards				Stock Awards		Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (#)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (\$)(1)
	Grant Date	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)		
	11/17/2017						17,931	(9) 1,067,432
	11/17/2017						70,539	(10) 4,199,187
Stewart	12/15/2017	0	15,270	(11) 81.28	12/15/2027			
Glendinning	12/15/2017	0	37,774	(12) 81.28	12/15/2027			
	12/15/2017						9,249	(9) 550,593
	12/15/2017						36,520	(10) 2,174,036
Sally Grimes	11/21/2014	83,490	0	42.26	11/21/2024			
	11/30/2015	24,507	12,252	(2) 50.00	11/30/2025			
	11/30/2015					8,779	(3) 522,614	
	11/30/2015					32,087	(4) 1,910,139	
	11/28/2016	10,508	21,014	(5) 58.34	11/28/2026			
	11/28/2016						7,478	(6) 445,165
	11/28/2016						29,003	(7) 1,726,549
	11/17/2017	0	27,428	(8) 77.97	11/17/2027			
	11/17/2017						6,520	(9) 388,136
	11/17/2017						25,650	(10) 1,526,945
Noel White	11/30/2015	0	18,208	(2) 50.00	11/30/2025			
	11/30/2015					13,047	(3) 776,688	
	11/30/2015					47,683	(4) 2,983,882	
	11/28/2016	0	31,703	(5) 58.34	11/28/2026			
	11/28/2016						11,281	(6) 671,558
	11/28/2016						43,757	(7) 2,604,854
	02/15/2017					2,642	(13) 157,278	
	11/17/2017	0	37,027	(8) 77.97	11/17/2027			
	11/17/2017						8,803	(9) 524,043
	11/17/2017						34,628	(10) 2,061,405
	11/30/2015					13,190	(4) 785,201	

Dennis
Leatherby

11/28/2016

6,602 (7) 393,017

The footnotes below are applicable to more than one executive where noted.

(1) The amounts listed in this column reflect a share price of \$59.53, the closing price of our shares on the NYSE on September 28, 2018, the last trading day of our 2018 fiscal year.

(2) These options vested and became exercisable on November 30, 2018.

(3) This represents an award of restricted stock with performance criteria that vested on December 1, 2018, resulting from the satisfaction of the applicable performance criterion. The performance criterion was the achievement of cumulative Adjusted EBIT of more than \$125 million for the 2016-2018 fiscal years.

(4) This represents an award of performance stock that vested on December 1, 2018, resulting from the satisfaction of the following performance criteria: (a) cumulative EBIT target of \$6.877 billion for the 2016-2018 fiscal years and (b) a favorable comparison of the Company's Class A Common Stock price relative to the stock prices of a predetermined peer group of publicly traded companies over the 2016-2018 fiscal years. Based on the actual level of performance, this award vested at 180.52% of the target award with respect to the cumulative EBIT criterion and 200% with respect to the stock price comparison criterion.

(5) One-half of these options vested and became exercisable November 28, 2018.

(6) This represents an award of restricted stock with performance criteria that vests on November 18, 2019, subject to the achievement of a three-year cumulative Adjusted EBIT of \$125 million. The amount includes shares accrued under the Company's dividend reinvestment plan.

(7) This represents an award of performance stock that vests on November 18, 2019, subject to the achievement of a three-year cumulative Adjusted EBIT target and favorable comparison of the Company's relative total shareholder return to a predetermined

peer group of publicly traded companies over the 2017-2019 fiscal years. The number of shares reported is based on the maximum potential payout.

One-third of these options vested and became exercisable on November 17, 2018. One-half of the remaining (8) options are scheduled to vest and become exercisable on November 17, 2019, and the remaining options are scheduled to vest and become exercisable on November 17, 2020.

This represents an award of restricted stock with performance criteria that vests on November 20, 2020, subject to (9) the achievement of a three-year cumulative Adjusted Operating Income of \$125 million. The amount includes shares accrued under the Company's dividend reinvestment plan.

This represents an award of performance stock that vests on November 20, 2020, subject to the achievement of a (10) three-year cumulative Adjusted Operating Income target and favorable comparison of the Company's relative total shareholder return to a predetermined peer group of publicly traded companies over the 2018-2020 fiscal years. The number of shares reported is based on the maximum potential payout.

(11) These options vest and become exercisable on December 11, 2020.

One-third of these options vested and became exercisable on December 15, 2018. One-half of the remaining (12) options are scheduled to vest and become exercisable on December 15, 2019, and the remaining options are scheduled to vest and become exercisable on December 15, 2020.

This represents an award of restricted stock with performance criteria that vests on February 15, 2020, subject to (13) the achievement of a two-year cumulative Adjusted EBIT of \$125 million over the 2017 and 2018 fiscal years.

The amount includes shares accrued under the Company's dividend reinvestment plan.

Option Exercises and Stock Vested During Fiscal Year 2018

The table below sets forth the number of shares acquired and the value realized upon exercise of stock options and vesting of stock awards during fiscal year 2018 by each of the NEOs.

Name	Option Awards		Stock Awards		
	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise (#)	Value Realized on Exercise (\$)	Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting (#)	Value Realized on Vesting (\$)	
John Tyson			60,781	(1)4,739,103	(2)
			22,019	(3)1,716,896	(2)
Tom Hayes	68,748	2,380,076	21,950	(1)1,711,492	(2)
			7,952	(3)620,044	(2)
			48,388	(4)3,331,553	(5)
Sally Grimes			21,950	(1)1,711,492	(2)
			7,952	(3)620,044	(2)
			48,388	(4)3,331,553	(5)
Noel White	91,876	3,127,823	31,236	(1)2,435,524	(2)
			11,316	(3)882,349	(2)
			24,194	(4)1,665,776	(5)
Dennis Leatherby	148,559	4,731,769	21,106	(1)1,645,664	(2)
			7,646	(3)596,196	(2)
			10,180	(6)713,745	(7)

(1) Represents previously awarded performance stock that vested on November 17, 2017.

(2) The value is based on our stock price of \$77.97 on November 17, 2017.

(3) Represents previously awarded restricted stock with performance criteria that vested on November 17, 2017.

(4) Represents previously awarded restricted stock with performance criteria that vested on July 1, 2018.

(5) The value is based on our stock price of \$68.85 on July 1, 2018.

(6) Represents previously awarded restricted stock with performance criteria that vested on April 6, 2018.

(7) The value is based on our stock price of \$70.11 on April 6, 2018.

Pension Benefits

The SERP is a nonqualified deferred compensation plan that provides a retirement benefit to certain officers of the Company, including all of the NEOs. It also provides life insurance protection for certain officers, including Mr. Leatherby and Mr. White. The retirement benefit is a lifetime annuity. The primary formula for calculating the amount of such benefit uses one percent of the average annual compensation paid to the officer for his or her final five years of service multiplied by his or her years of creditable service (the

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“normal retirement allowance”). “Creditable service” is the number of years and months that the participant has been a contracted officer beginning January 1, 2004, subject to certain grandfathering and grade level criteria. The SERP also provides for catch-up accruals for certain grandfathered participants (officers prior to 2002 receive an additional one percent of their final five-year average annual compensation multiplied by their final five years of creditable service). An officer’s normal retirement allowance cannot decrease from the highest normal retirement allowance amount calculated during the officer’s tenure. In addition, participants in the plan as of July 1, 2014, with at least 20 years of vesting service are generally eligible for a minimum benefit and a tax allowance based on the amount of their executive life insurance premium at the male nonsmoker rate. Participants do not vest in the retirement benefits until attaining age 62, although a participant who attains at least age 55 and whose combination of age and years of vesting service equals or exceeds 70 is considered vested. A participant who vests in his or her retirement benefit prior to age 62 may retire early and receive an actuarially reduced benefit. A participant who terminates employment or becomes ineligible to participate before vesting or a participant who is terminated for cause, even if fully vested, is not entitled to any benefits under the SERP. A participant in the plan as of July 1, 2014, who terminates prior to vesting because of disability is eligible for a fully vested and unreduced minimum benefit. The Compensation Committee has the discretion to grant early retirement benefits under the plan. In fiscal year 2018, the Compensation Committee elected to freeze benefits under the SERP on December 31, 2018.

If a Company-employed participant was in the SERP as of July 1, 2014, and subsequently dies, the participant’s beneficiaries receive a death benefit under the life insurance portion of the SERP. As of September 29, 2018, the life insurance portion of the SERP provided a death benefit of \$3,000,000 for Mr. White. Mr. Tyson no longer participates in the life insurance portion of the SERP because previous amounts accrued by him were monetized and are being paid in connection with his becoming a non-executive officer in fiscal year 2008, and Mr. Tyson is currently receiving the benefits. When Mr. Hayes, Mr. Glendinning and Ms. Grimes started participating in the SERP, the life insurance feature was no longer offered.

The following table shows the years of creditable service for benefit accrual purposes and the present value of the accrued benefits for each of the NEOs under the SERP as of September 29, 2018.

Name	Plan Name	Numbers of Years of Creditable Service (#)(1)	Present Value of Accumulated Benefit (\$)(2)	Payments During Last Fiscal Year (\$)
John Tyson	Tyson Foods, Inc. SERP	15.50	5,147,548	175,196
Tom Hayes	Tyson Foods, Inc. SERP	4.08	999,296	
Stewart Glendinning	Tyson Foods, Inc. SERP	0.75	62,015	
Sally Grimes	Tyson Foods, Inc. SERP	4.08	594,951	
Noel White	Tyson Foods, Inc. SERP	19.75	6,355,358	
Dennis Leatherby	Tyson Foods, Inc. SERP	19.25	4,512,491	

The plan considers only creditable service, as more fully described above. The NEOs’ actual years of service are as follows: Mr. Tyson - 46 years; Mr. Hayes - 12 years; Mr. Glendinning - 1 year; Ms. Grimes - 6 years; Mr. White - 35 years; and Mr. Leatherby - 28 years.

(2) The present value of these benefits is based on the following assumptions:

SERP Assumptions

	As of September 30, 2017	As of September 29, 2018
Discount Rate	3.93%	4.32%
Mortality Table for Annuities	RP-2014 mortality tables with MP-2016 generational improvement for males and females with white collar adjustment	RP-2014 mortality tables with MP-2017 generational improvement for males and females with white collar adjustment

The following table shows the estimated annual single life annuity payable from the plan upon retirement at age 62, based on the specific compensation and years of service classifications indicated below.

SERP Estimates

Average Cash Compensation	Years of Service				
	15	20	25	30	35
\$500,000	\$75,000	\$100,000	\$125,000	\$150,000	\$175,000
\$750,000	\$112,500	\$150,000	\$187,500	\$225,000	\$262,500
\$1,000,000	\$150,000	\$200,000	\$250,000	\$300,000	\$350,000
\$1,500,000	\$225,000	\$300,000	\$375,000	\$450,000	\$525,000
\$2,000,000	\$300,000	\$400,000	\$500,000	\$600,000	\$700,000
\$3,000,000	\$450,000	\$600,000	\$750,000	\$900,000	\$1,050,000
\$5,000,000	\$750,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,250,000	\$1,500,000	\$1,750,000

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation for Fiscal Year 2018

The table below provides information on benefits available to the NEOs for fiscal year 2018 under the Executive Savings Plan, the Hillshire 401(k) SERP, the Hillshire Executive Deferred Compensation Plan, and the Retirement Income Plan.

Name	Plan(1)	Executive Contributions in Last Fiscal Year (\$)(2)	Company Contributions in Last Fiscal Year (\$)(3)	Aggregate Earnings in Last Fiscal Year (\$)(4)	Aggregate Withdrawals in Last Fiscal Year (\$)(5)	Aggregate Balance at Last Year-End (\$)(6)
John Tyson	Executive Savings Plan	97,896	78,625	1,024,137	745,432	6,690,794
Tom Hayes	Executive Savings Plan	0	2,750	852	0	15,376
	Hillshire 401(k) SERP	0	0	60,338	0	969,486
	Hillshire Executive Deferred Compensation Plan	0	0	103,884	0	1,669,180
Stewart Glendinning	Executive Savings Plan	481,249	0	0	0	481,249
Sally Grimes	Executive Savings Plan	93,093	47,097	22,162	0	646,398
	Hillshire 401(k) SERP	0	0	2,861	0	45,963
Noel White	Executive Savings Plan	144,517	57,269	140,657	0	3,205,416
	Retirement Income Plan	0	0	43,567	0	700,026
Dennis Leatherby	Executive Savings Plan	19,007	7,603	131,630	0	2,131,226

As further detailed in the narrative below, all NEOs may participate in the Executive Savings Plan. As previous executives of The Hillshire Brands Company (“Hillshire”), Mr. Hayes and Ms. Grimes have account balances in the (1) Hillshire 401(k) SERP and, at the end of fiscal year 2018, Mr. Hayes had an account balance in the Hillshire Executive Deferred Compensation Plan, each as further described below. As a previous executive of IBP, inc. (“IBP”), Mr. White also has an account balance in the Company’s Retirement Income Plan as further described below. Amounts in this column are included in the “Salary” and/or “Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation” columns of the “Summary Compensation Table for Fiscal Year 2018” in this Proxy Statement. The amounts in this column include (2) post-fiscal year 2018 contributions made from the NEOs’ non-equity incentive plan compensation attributable to fiscal year 2018 performance as follows: Mr. Tyson - \$60,300; Mr. Hayes - \$0; Mr. Glendinning - \$481,249; Ms. Grimes - \$69,382; Mr. White - \$85,671; and Mr. Leatherby - \$0. (3) Included in these amounts are matching contributions to the applicable NEOs and pursuant to the Executive Savings Plan subsequent to the end of the fiscal year 2018, though attributable to performance in fiscal year 2018, as follows: Mr. Tyson - \$48,240; Mr. Hayes - \$0; Mr. Glendinning - \$0; Ms. Grimes - \$27,753; Mr. White - \$34,268; and Mr. Leatherby - \$0. A description of the Executive Savings Plan is provided in the subsection titled “Financial, Retirement and Welfare Benefit Plans” in the “Compensation Discussion and Analysis” section of this

Proxy Statement, as well as below under the heading “Executive Savings Plan.”

- (4) The above-market portion of these earnings is reported in footnote 4 to the “Summary Compensation Table for Fiscal Year 2018” in this Proxy Statement.
- (5) The amounts in this column include post-fiscal year 2018 executive contributions and Company matching contributions as described in footnotes (2) and (3) above.

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In addition to the amounts described in footnotes (2), (3) and (4) above, the amount shown in this column includes (6) the following amounts reported as compensation for each of the NEOs in the Company's Summary Compensation Tables in the previous years:

Name	Amount (\$)
John Tyson	1,732,900
Tom Hayes	93,707
Stewart Glendinning	481,249
Sally Grimes	360,468
Noel White	2,437,725
Dennis Leatherby	1,511,493

Executive Savings Plan

The Company sponsors the Executive Savings Plan which is available to NEOs and other highly compensated employees of the Company and is intended to provide participants the opportunity to defer up to 60% of their salaries in excess of the limits of the Internal Revenue Code imposed on the Retirement Savings Plan (the qualified 401(k) plan) and 100% of cash performance incentive payments. Participants must elect to defer their compensation for a year in the year prior to performing services, and deferral elections are generally irrevocable. The Executive Savings Plan also provides a matching contribution by the Company equal to 100% of the first 3% of base pay contributed, plus 50% of the next 2% contributed which is not otherwise matched under the Company's Retirement Savings Plan. Performance incentive payment deferrals are also matched at the same rates. Participants' accounts under the Executive Savings Plan are adjusted for investment gains or losses. Participants may elect how their accounts are invested from the investment options available under the Retirement Savings Plan plus an investment option paying the prime rate as reported in the Wall Street Journal plus two hundred basis points ("Prime+2"). The Prime+2 option will be discontinued on December 31, 2018.

For amounts deferred to the Executive Savings Plan on or after January 1, 2005, and any earnings, gains or losses thereon, the following distribution rules apply. Participants must elect the amount of their deferrals and the time and form of their distributions prior to the year their salaries and performance incentive payments to be deferred are earned. Participants may elect to receive distributions in January following termination of employment, in January of a specified calendar year as elected by the participant, or a combination of the foregoing. Participants may apply for an earlier distribution on account of an extraordinary and unforeseeable event. Participants may elect the form of their distributions in either a lump sum payment or annual installments payable over a period not to exceed 15 years from the later of the date the participant terminates employment or attains age 62. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a participant's account will be distributed in a lump sum if it does not exceed the maximum annual contribution limit under the Retirement Savings Plan following termination of employment. Changes are permitted to these elections only in accordance with limited rules of the plan. Certain key employees may be required to delay a distribution payable at termination of employment for six months as required by law. Notwithstanding a participant's distribution election, if a participant dies prior to distribution of the account, the account will be paid to the participant's designated beneficiary beginning in January of the year following the participant's death in five annual installments or in a lump sum in January of the year following the participant's death if the value of the account does not exceed the maximum annual contribution limit under the Retirement Savings Plan at the time of distribution. If a participant dies after distributions have begun to the participant, the participant's designated beneficiary receives payment in accordance with the participant's distribution election. For account balances prior to January 1, 2005, and earnings, gains and losses thereon, the distribution rules described in the section below titled "Retirement Income Plan" apply.

Any assets reserved for Company payments under the Executive Savings Plan remain subject to the claims of our creditors. Benefits are currently paid from a grantor trust originally established to pay benefits under the Retirement Income Plan. Assets from this grantor trust can be used to pay benefits under the Executive Savings Plan only if there are sufficient assets remaining in the trust after any such payment to satisfy all benefit obligations under the Retirement Income Plan. The Company currently provides funding for this grantor trust on an ongoing basis.

Hillshire 401(k) SERP

Hillshire, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, maintains The Hillshire Brands Company Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, which includes a nonqualified defined contribution (401(k)) benefit previously offered to certain employees of Hillshire (including Mr. Hayes and Ms. Grimes) prior to its acquisition by the Company. The plan was intended to provide retirement benefits that could not be provided under Hillshire's qualified 401(k) plan due to tax law restraints and to comply with non-discrimination requirements under the qualified plan. Eligible earnings for the 401(k) SERP notional contributions (since nonqualified plans are unfunded) were base salary, cash bonus, and deferred compensation in excess of the Internal Revenue Code compensation limit. Notional 401(k) SERP accounts were previously valued at the trading price of Hillshire's common stock and, therefore, earned a return based on that price. As of January 1, 2015, these accounts were valued from time to time to reflect a hypothetical investment in an interest bearing account. The rate of interest to be credited for a plan year was calculated by Hillshire at the beginning of each plan year by averaging quotes obtained from three nationally recognized investment banks as to the current cost to the Company of issuing five-year maturity debt; provided, however, the rate of interest is not to exceed the rate that would require disclosure as an "above market" interest rate

under SEC disclosure rules. Beginning January 1, 2017, and for all of fiscal year 2018, the investment options offered for accounts of active employees were the same as those offered under the Executive Savings Plan.

For 401(k) SERP participants between January 1, 2012, and August 27, 2014 (the date Hillshire terminated its qualified 401(k) plan), the plan provided a 100% matching contribution of up to 5% plus annual Hillshire contributions of 2.5% on eligible compensation. Hillshire contributed an additional amount, up to a maximum of 2.5% on eligible compensation, in the event Hillshire achieved pre-determined financial performance goals. The financial performance goals were set each calendar year.

Distributions are made in the form elected by a participant, either in a lump sum or installments over 5 or 10 years beginning in the seventh month following termination of employment. If the account balance at termination is less than \$25,000, the balance will be paid in a lump sum beginning in the seventh month following termination of employment. In the case of death, the balance will be paid to the participant's beneficiary or beneficiaries in an immediate lump sum.

Hillshire Executive Deferred Compensation Plan

Hillshire maintains The Hillshire Brands Company Executive Deferred Compensation Plan, which is a deferred compensation plan. The plan provides certain of our employees that were executives at Hillshire (including Mr. Hayes) the ability to defer the taxation of base salary and annual incentive award payments. The plan is non-tax-qualified, unfunded, and currently provides only an interest income account for compensation credited to the plan. The investment options offered were the same as those offered under the Hillshire 401(k) SERP.

Distributions are made in the form elected by a participant, either in a lump sum or installments not to exceed 10 years beginning in a given month and year, with an overriding election of lump sum following termination, if earlier, available. If the pre-2005 account balance at termination is less than \$10,000, the balance will be paid in an immediate lump sum. If the post-2004 account balance at termination is less than \$25,000, the balance will be paid in an immediate lump sum. In the case of death, the balance will be paid to the participant's beneficiaries in an immediate lump sum.

Retirement Income Plan

The Company maintains the Retirement Income Plan, which is a nonqualified deferred compensation plan originally maintained by IBP. The Retirement Income Plan is currently frozen, meaning that no further contributions are permitted to be made. Prior to being frozen, certain employees of IBP could defer their compensation to the Retirement Income Plan and receive matching contributions on their deferrals in excess of limits imposed on qualified plans under the Internal Revenue Code. Accounts under the Retirement Income Plan continue to realize gain or loss. Participants may elect how their accounts are invested from the investment options available under the Retirement Savings Plan plus an investment option paying the prime rate as reported in the Wall Street Journal plus two hundred basis points. The Retirement Income Plan will terminate after all distributions from the plan have been made.

A participant is eligible for a distribution from the Retirement Income Plan at termination or, if the participant elects, while in-service or on account of a hardship. In-service distributions requested by June 30 are paid in January of the year following the request. Distributions requested on account of hardship may be requested at any time and distributed when approved by the plan's administrative committee. Distributions are made in the form elected by the participant from a lump sum payment or annual or biannual installments payable over a period not to exceed 15 years from the later of the date the participant terminates employment or attains age 62. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a participant's account will be distributed in a lump sum if it does not exceed \$50,000 at the time of distribution following termination of employment. If a participant dies prior to distribution of the account, the account will be paid to the participant's designated beneficiary in ten annual installments following the later of the year the participant dies or would have attained age 62, in a lump sum if the value of the account does not exceed \$50,000 at the time of distribution or as the beneficiary elects from the distribution options available to the participant. If a participant dies after distributions have begun to the participant, the participant's designated beneficiary receives payment in accordance with the participant's distribution election.

The assets of the Retirement Income Plan, including NEOs' deferrals, are subject to the claims of our creditors and benefits are paid from a trust we established to secure our obligations under the plan.

Potential Payments Upon Termination

In fiscal year 2014, the Compensation Committee adopted a severance program for officers other than the Chairman and the CEO. The severance terms for Mr. Tyson are reflected in his employment contract. The severance terms for Messrs. Hayes and Leatherby are reflected in their respective separation and release agreements. The severance terms for Mr. Glendinning, Ms. Grimes, and Mr. White are reflected in their respective employment contracts and in the severance program.

As of the end of fiscal year 2018, in the event the Company terminated the employment of an NEO prior to the expiration of the NEO's respective employment contract term (other than for "cause" or by reason of their death or permanent disability), the Company will pay, in the case of Mr. Tyson, a lump sum payment equal to 24 months of his then-current base salary and two times his annual bonus target, in the case of Mr. Hayes, his then-current base salary for a period of two years and two times his annual bonus target, and, in the case of Mr. Glendinning, Ms. Grimes, and Mr. White, such officer's then current base salary for a period of two years. With respect to restricted stock with performance criteria and performance stock awards held by the NEO at the date of termination, the awards will

vest upon termination on a pro rata basis determined by taking the total number of days the NEO was employed during the applicable vesting period divided by the total number of days of the same vesting period, but only to the extent the performance criteria are satisfied. If an award vests in the future pursuant to satisfaction of performance criteria, such stock will be awarded to the NEO or the NEO's estate. With respect to stock options held by the NEO at the date of termination, such grants will vest 100% at the time of an NEO's termination.

During fiscal year 2018, Mr. Hayes' employment agreement would have provided severance benefits equal to his then current base salary for a period of two years and two times his annual bonus target in the event of a termination without cause prior to the expiration of the contract term. As discussed above, the Company announced that Mr. Hayes would step down as CEO, effective September 30, 2018. Mr. Hayes remained an employee of the Company until December 1, 2018 at which time the Company and Mr. Hayes entered into a separation and release agreement (the "Hayes Separation and Release Agreement"). The Hayes Separation and Release Agreement provides for (i) a pro-rated bonus of \$313,486 for the portion of fiscal year 2019 in which he was employed by the Company and (ii) his annual salary of \$1,207,500 and annual target bonus of \$1,811,250 for each of the two years following his separation from the Company, to be paid in equal, bi-weekly installments. Furthermore, his unvested restricted stock with performance criteria and performance shares vested on a pro-rata basis, but only to the extent the performance criteria are satisfied (the value of which is estimated to be \$5,471,816, assuming target performance and stock price as of Mr. Hayes' separation date). These benefits are consistent with severance benefits provided under his employment contract. In addition, as noted above, Mr. White entered into an amended and restated employment agreement in connection with his promotion to President and CEO following fiscal year 2018 year-end. Under the terms of Mr. White's employment agreement, upon termination by the Company (other than for "cause" or by reason of death or permanent disability) or if Mr. White resigns for "good reason", the Company will pay Mr. White an amount equal to two years of his base salary and two times his target annual cash bonus, to be paid out over two years, plus continued medical coverage for up to 18 months.

As discussed above, shortly following the conclusion of fiscal year 2017, the Company announced that Mr. Leatherby would step down as chief financial officer effective February 10, 2018, following which he would remain employed by the Company until April 6, 2018. In connection with this separation, the Company and Mr. Leatherby entered into a separation and release agreement (the "Leatherby Separation and Release Agreement"). Pursuant to the Leatherby Separation and Release Agreement, Mr. Leatherby, or his estate, as applicable, received (i) a prorated portion of his target fiscal year 2018 annual performance incentive payment in the amount of \$405,625; (ii) with respect to restricted stock with performance criteria and performance stock awards held by Mr. Leatherby, the awards vested on a pro-rata basis (the value of which is estimated to be \$2,068,782, assuming target performance and stock price as of Mr. Leatherby's separation date); (iii) with respect to stock options held by Mr. Leatherby, such grants vested, and Mr. Leatherby had one year subsequent to his employment to exercise the vested options (the value of which is estimated to be \$457,463); (iv) continued annual life insurance premiums (plus reimbursement of taxes based on the withholding rates for supplemental wages) under the Executive Life Insurance Program (\$65,832); (v) an amount equal to two years of Mr. Leatherby's final base salary of \$700,000; and (vi) Company-subsidized health coverage under COBRA for Mr. Leatherby and his eligible dependents (\$13,082.76). Mr. Leatherby passed away on August 6, 2018, and certain compensation due to Mr. Leatherby pursuant to the Leatherby Separation and Release Agreement may have accrued to his estate.

If an NEO's employment terminates for "cause" he is not entitled to any of the foregoing benefits and will receive only his accrued but unpaid compensation as of the date of his termination. The term "cause" generally includes, among other things, the NEO engaging in wrongful conduct which results in injury to the Company or engaging in certain criminal activities

The NEOs (other than Mr. Leatherby) would have been entitled to the following estimated payments and benefits from the Company if a termination occurred on September 29, 2018, under the following circumstances. In addition, NEOs may be eligible for payment of their accounts under the Company's qualified retirement plan, the Employee Stock Purchase Plan and nonqualified plans. For the benefits under these plans, see the sections titled "Compensation Discussion and Analysis," "Pension Benefits" and "Nonqualified Deferred Compensation for Fiscal Year 2018" of this Proxy Statement.

	Tyson			Hayes		
	Termination by Company Without Cause (\$)	Termination by Company for Cause (\$)	Termination Due to Death or Permanent Disability (\$)	Termination by Company Without Cause (\$)	Termination by Company for Cause (\$)	Termination Due to Death or Permanent Disability (\$)
Severance	5,880,000	(1)0	0	6,762,000	(1)0	0
Accrued and Unpaid Vacation	80,769	80,769	80,769	92,885	92,885	92,885
Acceleration of vesting of equity-based compensation awards(2)	10,494,872	0	11,814,134	5,658,777	0	6,927,306
Health Insurance(3)	0	0	0	21,564	0	21,564
Total	16,455,641	80,769	11,894,903	12,535,226	92,885	7,041,755
	Glendinning			Grimes		
	Termination by Company Without Cause (\$)	Termination by Company for Cause (\$)	Termination Due to Death or Permanent Disability (\$)	Termination by Company Without Cause (\$)	Termination by Company for Cause (\$)	Termination Due to Death or Permanent Disability (\$)
Severance	1,450,000	(4)0	0	1,560,000	(4)0	0
Accrued and Unpaid Vacation	55,769	55,769	55,769	60,000	60,000	60,000
Acceleration of vesting of equity-based compensation awards(2)	469,841	0	862,478	3,573,999	0	4,050,831
Health Insurance(3)	21,564	0	21,564	12,030	0	12,030
Total	1,997,174	55,769	939,811	5,206,029	60,000	4,122,861
	White					
	Termination by Company Without Cause (\$)	Termination by Company for Cause (\$)	Termination Due to Death or Permanent Disability (\$)			
Severance	1,700,000	(4)0	0			
Accrued and Unpaid Vacation	65,385	65,385	65,385			
Acceleration of vesting of equity-based compensation awards(2)	5,284,961	0	6,117,088			
Health Insurance(3)	15,192	0	15,192			
Total	7,065,538	65,385	6,197,665			

(1) This amount represents the continued payment of the NEO's base salary for two years and two times the annual target performance incentive payment.

The amounts in this row represent the value of each NEO's unvested stock options, restricted stock with (2) performance criteria and performance stock at the target level that would have vested in the event of a termination on September 29, 2018, based on our stock price of \$59.53 on September 28, 2018.

(3)

With the exception of Mr. Tyson, these amounts represent the premiums to continue the NEOs' health insurance for the severance period provided in the NEO's employment contract. Mr. Tyson's contract provides that in the case of his disability, he and his spouse are entitled to health insurance until each of their deaths, and his eligible dependents are entitled to health insurance until such time as their eligibility has ceased. In the case of Mr. Tyson's death, his spouse and eligible dependents are entitled to the same coverage. With respect to Mr. Tyson, this amount (a) excludes any amount for a spouse, as Mr. Tyson was not married as of September 29, 2018, and (b) excludes any amount for Mr. Tyson, as the period of time for coverage cannot be determined. As of September 29, 2018, the annual costs for Mr. Tyson's health insurance totaled \$5,312.

(4) These amounts represent continued payment of each of the NEO's base salary for two years.

Potential Payments Upon a Change in Control

Each employment contract in place between the Company and the NEOs in fiscal year 2018 contained change in control provisions in favor of the NEOs. Each of these contracts provided for the acceleration of vesting of the equity-based compensation awards held by the NEOs upon the occurrence of a change in control of the Company. Under the contracts, “change in control” was defined as any one of the following: (1) the acquisition by any individual or entity of the Company’s voting securities where the acquisition caused the individual or entity to own 25% or more of the combined voting power of the Company’s then outstanding voting securities entitled to vote in the election of directors; (2) a merger, consolidation, combination or like transaction involving the Company in which the shareholders of the Company immediately prior to the transaction did not own at least 50% of the voting power of the issued and outstanding capital stock of the Company immediately after the transaction; (3) the sale or transfer by the Company of more than 50% of its assets or by any shareholder or shareholders of the Company of more than 50% of the voting power of the issued and outstanding capital stock of the Company in any one transaction or a series of related transactions occurring within a one year period in which the Company, any corporation controlled by the Company or the shareholders of the Company immediately prior to the transaction did not own at least 50% of the voting power of the issued and outstanding equity securities of the acquirer immediately after the transaction; (4) a majority of the persons who were members of the Board ceased to be directors within any 12-month period; or (5) the dissolution or liquidation of the Company. However, for the purpose of the acceleration of vesting of equity-based compensation awards, a change in control does not include any event as a result of which one or more of the following persons or entities possessed, immediately after such event, over 50% of the combined voting power of the Company or any successor entity: (i) Tyson Limited Partnership, or any successor entity; (ii) individuals related to Don Tyson by blood, marriage or adoption, or the estate of any such individual (including Don Tyson); or (iii) any entity in which one or more individuals or estates described in the preceding clauses (i) and (ii) possessed over 50% of the combined voting power or beneficial interests of such entity. If such a change in control occurred, any stock options, restricted stock or performance stock that had been previously granted to the executive officer will vest (to the extent not already vested) 60 days after the occurrence of the change in control or upon any earlier date after such change in control if the executive officer is terminated other than for “cause,” as defined in the applicable contract.

Each NEO would have been entitled to the estimated payments from the Company or its successor described in the table below if a change in control occurred on September 29, 2018. The amounts represent the value of the listed NEOs’ unvested stock options, restricted stock with performance criteria and performance stock that would vest on account of the change in control, based on a closing stock price of \$59.53 as of the last trading day of fiscal year 2018. However, the employment contracts for each NEO contained a provision that if the payments due to a change in control were to result in an excise tax being due, the aggregate payments would be reduced to the largest amount which could be paid without triggering an excise tax. The amounts reported in the table below do not reflect the application of any reduction in benefits pursuant to the employment contracts.

Name	Estimated Amount (\$)
John Tyson	19,105,942
Tom Hayes	13,982,963
Stewart Glendinning	2,724,686
Sally Grimes	6,661,467
Noel White	9,845,743

If the Company terminated any NEO following a change in control, such officer is not entitled to any unique benefit because his termination followed a change in control. Instead, the officer would receive the termination benefits described above under the section titled “Potential Payments Upon Termination.”

CEO PAY RATIO DISCLOSURE

We are required by Item 402(u) of Regulation S-K, pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, to disclose the ratio of our fiscal year 2018 CEO's annual total compensation to the median of the annual total compensation of all of our employees. The SEC's rules for calculating this ratio allow companies to adopt a variety of methodologies, apply certain exclusions, and make reasonable estimates and assumptions that reflect their employee populations and compensation practices. Accordingly, the pay ratio reported by other companies may not be comparable to our pay ratio disclosed below.

We strive to offer competitive compensation for each position considering local labor markets. As a result, our compensation program varies amongst each local market and by position in order to allow us to provide a competitive total rewards package.

The median of the fiscal year 2018 annual total compensation of all of our employees, other than Mr. Hayes, was \$37,069. Mr. Hayes' fiscal year 2018 annual total compensation was \$9,486,887, as reported in the Summary Compensation Table for Fiscal Year 2018. The ratio of these amounts (our "Pay Ratio") for fiscal year 2018 is approximately 256:1.

We believe our fiscal year 2018 Pay Ratio is a reasonable estimate calculated in a manner consistent with SEC rules and in accordance with the methodology described below. From the employee population as of September 29, 2018 based on our payroll records, we identified the median compensated employee (the "Median Compensated Employee") using as our consistently applied compensation measure gross taxable wages prior to any pre-tax deductions, as reported in the Company's payroll records for the twelve months ended September 29, 2018. We calculated the annual total compensation for the Median Compensated Employee in accordance with the rules applicable to the Summary Compensation Table for Fiscal Year 2018.

As of September 29, 2018, we had 120,280 employees globally, with 115,822 employees based in the U.S. and 4,458 employees located outside of the U.S. The pay ratio disclosure rules provide an exemption for companies to exclude non-U.S. employees from the median employee calculation if non-U.S. employees in a particular jurisdiction account for five percent (5%) or less of the company's total number of employees. We applied this de minimis exemption when identifying the Median Compensated Employee by excluding all employees located outside of the U.S.¹ In addition, the pay ratio disclosure rules permit companies to omit employees that commenced employment with the company during the relevant fiscal year as a result of an acquisition or other corporate transaction. For purposes of the Pay Ratio, the Company is omitting 1,493 employees that commenced employment with the Company during fiscal year 2018 as a result of the Company's business acquisitions²

After applying the de minimis exemption and excluding acquisition-related employees, we calculated the Pay Ratio based on our 114,329 U.S. employees, representing approximately 95% of our global³ full-time, part-time, temporary and seasonal employees who were employed as of September 29, 2018.

¹Approximate excluded employee count by each country was as follows: Brazil (706); Canada (11); China (3,099); Costa Rica (1); Egypt (1); France (2); Germany (1); Hong Kong (6); Indonesia (2); Ireland (1); Italy (1); Japan (7); Korea (5); Lebanon (1); Mexico (135); Netherlands (153); New Zealand (21); Nicaragua (1); Peru (3); Philippines (94); South Africa (1); Taiwan (7); Thailand (3); Turkey (32); UAE (2); United Kingdom (161); and Venezuela (1).

²The Company omitted employees who joined the Company as a result of the Company's acquisition of certain operations as follows: American Proteins, Inc. (676); Tecumseh Poultry, LLC (623); Original Philly Holdings, Inc. (189); and a grain elevator operation located in Missouri (5).

³We employ people in 28 countries globally.

REPORT OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee has reviewed and discussed with management the Company's audited financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2018. The Audit Committee has discussed with PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, the independent registered public accounting firm for the Company, the matters required to be discussed by Auditing Standard No. 1301, Communications with Audit Committees, as adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board. The Audit Committee has received the written disclosures and the letter from PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP required by the applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding the independent accountant's communications with the Audit Committee concerning independence and has discussed with PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP its independence. Based on the review and discussions above, the Audit Committee recommended to the Board that the year-end audited financial statements be included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2018 for filing with the SEC.

The Board has delegated to the Audit Committee the responsibility to, among other things, (i) oversee and monitor the Company's financial reporting, auditing and accounting process, (ii) be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation and oversight of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm, (iii) review and oversee the Company's internal audit department, and (iv) provide an open avenue of communication among the Company's independent registered public accounting firm, financial and senior management, the internal auditor and the Board. The Audit Committee's duties and responsibilities are embodied in a written charter, which is evaluated annually. The Audit Committee's charter was last amended by the Board during August 2018 and is available on the Company's Investor Relations website at <http://ir.tyson.com> or in print to any shareholder who sends a request to Tyson Foods, Inc., Attention: Secretary, 2200 West Don Tyson Parkway, Mail Stop CP004, Springdale, Arkansas 72762-6999.

Audit Committee of the Board of Directors

Cheryl S. Miller, Chair

Mike Beebe*

Kevin M. McNamara

* Mr. Beebe was appointed to the Audit Committee in November 2017

CERTAIN TRANSACTIONS

The following are the transactions occurring since October 1, 2017 (i) in which the Company was a participant, (ii) where the annual amount involved exceeded \$120,000, and (iii) in which the Company's NEOs, directors, director nominees, principal shareholders and other related parties had a direct or indirect material interest or which the Company has chosen to voluntarily disclose. Other than described in this section, no other transactions of this type are currently proposed.

1. The Company has agreements with an entity for the lease of wastewater treatment plants that service chicken processing facilities owned by the Company in Nashville, Arkansas and Springdale, Arkansas. During fiscal year 2018, interests in the lessor entity were owned by the following persons: the Donald J. Tyson Revocable Trust (of which Mr. Tyson is one of the trustees); Berry Street Waste Water Treatment Plant, LP (of which the TLP owns 90%); Carla Tyson (sister of Mr. Tyson), Cheryl Tyson (sister of Mr. Tyson), and J.J. Caldwell-Tyson (sister of Mr. Tyson). Aggregate lease payments made by the Company during fiscal year 2018 with respect to the Nashville facility were \$750,000 plus \$10,428 for property taxes attributable to the treatment plant. Aggregate lease payments made by the Company during fiscal year 2018 with respect to the Springdale facility were \$450,000 plus an amount for property taxes; however, for property tax purposes the treatment plant is not segregated from the processing facility and, as such, the amount of property tax attributable to the treatment plant is not determinable.
2. In fiscal 2018, the Company provided administrative services to the Tyson Limited Partnership, and the Tyson Limited Partnership, through its affiliate, TLP Investments, L.P., reimbursed the Company \$221,211 for such services. The related party transactions described above have been reviewed by the Governance and Nominating Committee, which has determined that the transactions are fair to the Company. The Governance and Nominating Committee oversees and reviews related party and other special transactions between the Company and its directors, executive officers or their affiliates. This review typically entails the receipt of appraisals or other information from independent third parties which are utilized in the Governance and Nominating Committee's determination of fairness. The Board does not have a separate written policy regarding the review and approval of related party transactions. However, our Governance and Nominating Committee charter requires that the Governance and Nominating Committee review and approve all transactions with related persons as may be required to be disclosed by the rules of the SEC. The Governance and Nominating Committee is responsible for determining whether such transactions are fair to the Company. Directors and executive officers are specifically asked to disclose such transactions annually.

SECTION 16(a) BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP REPORTING COMPLIANCE

The Company's directors and executive officers and the beneficial owners of more than ten percent of the Company's Class A Common Stock or Class B Common Stock are required to file under the Exchange Act reports of ownership and changes of ownership with the SEC. Based solely on information provided to the Company by individual directors and executive officers and the beneficial owners of more than ten percent of any class of the Company's shares, the Company believes that during fiscal year 2018, all filing requirements applicable to directors and executive officers have been complied with in a timely manner, except that (1) an option exercise and concurrent sale of shares for Scott Rouse, Executive Vice President and Chief Customer Officer, and (2) a separate sale of shares by Mr. Rouse, were not timely filed.

SHAREHOLDER PROPOSALS AND DIRECTOR NOMINATIONS

The Company currently anticipates that the 2020 Annual Meeting of Shareholders ("2020 Annual Meeting") will be held on February 6, 2020. Proposals of shareholders intended to be presented at the 2020 Annual Meeting must be received by the Company's corporate secretary at the Company's principal executive offices on or before August 22, 2019 in order to be eligible for inclusion in the Company's Proxy Statement and form of proxy. To be so included, a proposal must also comply with all applicable provisions of Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act.

The Company's by-laws provide that no business may be brought before an annual meeting except as specified in the notice of the meeting or as otherwise properly brought before the meeting by or at the direction of the Company's board of directors or by a shareholder. The Company's by-laws provide that for any business (other than a proposal included in the Company's proxy materials pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act) to be brought before an annual meeting by a shareholder, the shareholder must (i) be a shareholder of record on the date the shareholder provides notice to the Company of its intention to bring business before the annual meeting and on the record date for

the determination of shareholders entitled to notice of and to vote at the annual meeting, (ii) be entitled to vote at the annual meeting, and (iii) give timely notice of the proposed business in proper written form in compliance with the notice procedures and informational requirements set forth in Article II, Section 10 of the Company's by-laws. To be timely, the notice must be received by the secretary of the Company at the principal executive office of the Company not less than 90 days nor more than 120 days prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting; provided, however, that in the event that the annual meeting is convened more than 30 days before or more than 60 days after such anniversary date, or if no annual meeting was held in the preceding year, notice by the shareholder to be timely must be so received no more than 120 days prior to such annual meeting nor less than the later of (i) 90 days prior to such annual meeting and (ii) ten days after the day on which public disclosure of the date of the annual meeting was made.

To be timely for purposes of the 2020 Annual Meeting, the notice must be received by the Company's corporate secretary at the Company's principal executive offices on or before November 9, 2019, but in no event earlier than October 10, 2019.

Under the Company's by-laws, nominations for director may be made only by the Board (or any duly authorized committee of the Board) or by any shareholder that (i) is a shareholder of record on the date the shareholder provides notice to the Company of its intention to nominate a director nominee for election to the board and on the record date for the determination of shareholders entitled to notice of and to vote at the meeting at which directors will be elected, (ii) is entitled to vote at such meeting, and (iii) gives timely notice of such nomination in proper written form in compliance with the notice procedures and informational requirements set forth in Article II, Section 9 of the Company's by-laws. To be timely, the notice must be received by the secretary of the Company at the principal executive offices of the Company (i) in the case of an annual meeting, not less than 90 nor more than 120 days prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting; provided, however, that in the event that the annual meeting is convened more than 30 days before or more than 60 days after such anniversary date, or if no annual meeting was held in the preceding year, notice by the shareholder to be timely must be so received no more than 120 days prior to such annual meeting nor less than the later of (x) 90 days prior to such annual meeting and (y) ten days after the day on which public disclosure of the date of the meeting was made; and (ii) in the case of a special meeting called for the purpose of electing directors, no more than ten days after the day on which public disclosure of the date of such special meeting was made. To be timely for purposes of the 2020 Annual Meeting, the notice must be received by the Company's corporate secretary at the Company's principal executive offices on or before November 9, 2019, but in no event earlier than October 10, 2019.

The Company's principal executive offices for notices of shareholder proposals, other Company business to be brought at an annual meeting, or nominations for director are located at the address provided below in "Shareholder Communications."

SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATIONS

Shareholders and other interested parties may direct communications to individual directors, including the Lead Independent Director, a Board committee, the non-management directors as a group or the Board as a whole, by addressing the communication to the named individual, the committee, the non-management directors as a group or the Board as a whole, c/o Tyson Foods, Inc., Attention: Secretary, 2200 West Don Tyson Parkway, Mail Stop CP004, Springdale, Arkansas 72762-6999.

EXPENSES OF SOLICITATION

The cost of soliciting proxies will be borne by the Company. Solicitations may be made by executive officers, directors and employees of the Company personally or by mail, telephone or other similar means of communication. Solicitations by such persons will be made on a part-time basis and no special compensation other than reimbursement of actual expenses incurred in connection with such solicitations will be paid.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE

Upon written request of any shareholder, the Company will furnish, without charge, a copy of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2018, as filed with the SEC, including the financial statements and data supplementary thereto. The written request should be sent to the corporate secretary at the Company's principal executive offices at the address provided above under "Shareholder Communications." The written request must state that as of December 10, 2018, the person making the request was a beneficial owner of securities entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting. In addition, the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2018, including the financial statements and data supplementary thereto, is available on the Company's Investor Relations website at <http://ir.tyson.com>.

HOUSEHOLDING OF PROXY MATERIALS

The Company has adopted a procedure called "householding," of which the SEC has approved. Under this procedure, the Company is permitted to deliver a single copy of the proxy materials to multiple shareholders who share the same address unless the Company has received contrary instructions from one or more of the shareholders. If the Company has not received such contrary instructions, then shareholders receiving a single copy of the Company's proxy materials are deemed to have consented to householding. This procedure reduces the Company's printing and mailing

costs. Shareholders who participate in householding will continue to be able to access and receive separate proxy cards or voting instruction forms. Upon written or oral request, the Company will promptly deliver a separate copy of the proxy materials to any shareholder at a shared address to which the Company delivered a single copy of any of these documents. To request additional copies of any of these documents, please submit your request to the Company in writing at the address, or by calling the phone number, provided below.

If you would like to revoke your consent to householding and in the future receive your own set of proxy materials, or if your household is currently receiving multiple copies of the proxy materials and you would like in the future to receive only a single set of proxy materials at your address, you may contact the corporate secretary by mail at 2200 West Don Tyson Parkway, Mail Stop CP004, Springdale, Arkansas 72762-6999, or by calling our Investor Relations department at (479) 290-4524, and provide your name, the name

of each of your brokerage firms or banks where your shares are held, and your account numbers. If you hold shares in “street name,” you may contact your brokerage firm, bank, broker-dealer or other similar organization to request information about householding.

OTHER MATTERS

The material referred to in this Proxy Statement under the caption “Audit Committee Report” shall not be deemed soliciting material or otherwise deemed filed and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by any general statement of incorporation by reference in any filings made under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act.

So far as is now known, there is no business other than that described above to be presented to the shareholders for action at the Annual Meeting. Should other business come before the Annual Meeting, votes may be cast pursuant to proxies in respect to any such business in the best judgment of the persons acting under the proxies.

By Order of the Board of Directors

R. Read Hudson

Secretary

December 20, 2018

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