REPUBLIC BANCORP INC /KY/ Form 10-Q August 07, 2015 Table of Contents

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

x Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

or

o Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File Number: 0-24649

# REPUBLIC BANCORP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

			-	
ĸ	er	٠tı	 ١lz	¥

(State of other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

61-0862051

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

601 West Market Street, Louisville, Kentucky

(Address of principal executive offices)

40202

(Zip Code)

(502) 584-3600

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding twelve months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding twelve months(or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer O

Accelerated filer X

Non-accelerated filer O

Smaller reporting company O

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). o Yes x No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant s Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock, as of July 31, 2015, was 18,603,369 and 2,245,492.

#### Table of Contents

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

<u>Item 1.</u> <u>Financial Statements.</u>

<u>Item 2.</u> <u>Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of</u>

Operations.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

<u>Item 4.</u> <u>Controls and Procedures.</u>

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

<u>Item 1.</u> <u>Legal Proceedings.</u>

<u>Item 2.</u> <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.</u>

<u>Item 6.</u> <u>Exhibits.</u>

**SIGNATURES** 

2

#### PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Financial Statements.

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands) (unaudited)

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 92,766	\$ 72,878
Securities available for sale	456,612	435,911
Securities held to maturity (fair value of \$43,600 in 2015 and \$45,807 in 2014)	43,070	45,437
Mortgage loans held for sale, at fair value	10,277	6,388
Other loans held for sale, at the lower of cost or fair value	1,542	
Loans	3,323,977	3,040,495
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(25,248)	(24,410
Loans, net	3,298,729	3,016,085
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	28,208	28,208
Premises and equipment, net	31,092	32,987
Premises, held for sale	2,468	1,317
Goodwill	10,168	10,168
Other real estate owned	2,920	11,243
Bank owned life insurance	52,117	51,415
Other assets and accrued interest receivable	36,250	34,976
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,066,219	\$ 3,747,013
LIABILITIES		
Deposits:		
Non interest-bearing	\$ 598,572	\$ 502,569
Interest-bearing	1,681,038	1,555,613
Total deposits	2,279,610	2,058,182
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase and other short-term borrowings	229,825	356,108
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	916,500	707,500
Subordinated note	41,240	41,240
Other liabilities and accrued interest payable	26,072	25,252
Total liabilities	3,493,247	3,188,282
Commitments and contingent liabilities (Footnote 9)		
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Preferred stock, no par value		
Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock, no par value	4,903	4,904
Additional paid in capital	135,246	134,889
Retained earnings	428,475	414,623

Accumulated other comprehensive income	4,348	4,315
Total stockholders equity	572,972	558,731
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY	\$ 4,066,219 \$	3,747,013

# $\textbf{CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME} \ (UNAUDITED)$

(in thousands, except per share data)

	Three	Months En	ded	Six M	Ionths End	ed		
		June,		_	June,	•		
NEEDECT NAME	2015		2014	2015		2014		
INTEREST INCOME:								
Loans, including fees	33,61	6 \$	30.110	\$ 65,20	7 \$	60,272		
Taxable investment securities	1,77		1,908	3,55		3,767		
Federal Home Loan Bank stock and other	32		387	724		863		
Total interest income	35,72	2	32,405	69,48	3	64,902		
INTEREST EXPENSE:								
Deposits	1,02	1	937	2,16	5	1,915		
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	1	7	22	z.	-	4.4		
and other short-term borrowings	1		22	5.00		44		
Federal Home Loan Bank advances Subordinated note	2,99 62		3,267 629	5,92		6,831		
2 00 00 00 00 00 00	-	-		1,258		1,258		
Total interest expense	4,66	4	4,855	9,40	,	10,048		
NET INTEREST INCOME	31,05	R	27,550	60,080	1	54,854		
NET INTEREST INCOME	31,03	O	27,330	00,000	J	54,654		
Provision for loan and lease losses	90	4	693	1,089	9	(10)		
110 1301011 101 10411 4114 10400 105000		•	0,0	1,00		(10)		
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN AND LEASE								
LOSSES	30,15	1	26,857	58,99	1	54,864		
LOSSES	50,15	+	20,837	30,99	ı	34,004		
NON INTEREST INCOME:								
TOTAL TELEBRICA TOTAL								
Service charges on deposit accounts	3,24	7	3,563	6,28	5	6,858		
Net refund transfer fees	1,90	7	1,836	17,24	2	16,224		
Mortgage banking income	1,22	4	812	2,57	7	1,298		
Interchange fee income	2,04	4	1,681	4,23	3	3,725		
Gain on call of security available for sale	8	8		8	3			
Net loss on other real estate owned	(15	5)	(69)	(27	4)	(551)		
Increase in cash surrender value of bank owned								
life insurance	35		379	703		570		
Other	77		879	1,612		1,672		
Total non interest income	9,48	5	9,081	32,47	l	29,796		
NON INTEREST EXPENSES:								
Salaries and employee benefits	14,32		13,965	29,60		28,448		
Occupancy and equipment, net	5,14		5,508	10,343		11,330		
Communication and transportation	77		856	1,81		1,882		
Marketing and development	97		803	1,56		1,331		
FDIC insurance expense	47		414	1,14		983		
Bank franchise tax expense	84		831	3,24		3,170		
Data processing	1,09		874	2,058		1,671		
Interchange related expense	93	1	847	1,93	3	1,844		

Edgar Filing: REPUBLIC BANCORP INC /KY/ - Form 10-Q

Other real estate owned expense         120         308         339         698           Legal and professional fees         528         438         2,143         949           Other         1,741         1,380         3,463         3,677           Total non interest expenses         27,165         26,284         58,239         56,483           INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX         EXPENSE         12,474         9,654         33,223         28,177           INCOME TAX EXPENSE         4,154         3,332         11,115         9,871           NET INCOME         \$ 8,320         6,322         22,108         18,306           BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE:         Class A Common Stock         \$ 0.40         \$ 0.31         1.07         \$ 0.88           Class B Common Stock         \$ 0.37         \$ 0.29         0.97         \$ 0.85           DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:         Class A Common Stock         \$ 0.40         \$ 0.30         1.07         \$ 0.88
Other         1,741         1,380         3,463         3,677           Total non interest expenses         27,165         26,284         58,239         56,483           INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX           EXPENSE         12,474         9,654         33,223         28,177           INCOME TAX EXPENSE         4,154         3,332         11,115         9,871           NET INCOME         \$ 8,320         6,322         22,108         \$ 18,306           BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE:           Class A Common Stock         \$ 0.40         0.31         1.07         \$ 0.88           Class B Common Stock         \$ 0.37         0.29         0.97         \$ 0.85           DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:
Total non interest expenses         27,165         26,284         58,239         56,483           INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX           EXPENSE         12,474         9,654         33,223         28,177           INCOME TAX EXPENSE         4,154         3,332         11,115         9,871           NET INCOME         \$ 8,320         \$ 6,322         \$ 22,108         \$ 18,306           BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE:         Class A Common Stock         \$ 0.40         \$ 0.31         \$ 1.07         \$ 0.88           Class B Common Stock         \$ 0.37         \$ 0.29         \$ 0.97         \$ 0.85           DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX  EXPENSE 12,474 9,654 33,223 28,177  INCOME TAX EXPENSE 4,154 3,332 11,115 9,871  NET INCOME \$ 8,320 \$ 6,322 \$ 22,108 \$ 18,306  BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE:  Class A Common Stock \$ 0.40 \$ 0.31 \$ 1.07 \$ 0.88  Class B Common Stock \$ 0.37 \$ 0.29 \$ 0.97 \$ 0.85  DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:
EXPENSE       12,474       9,654       33,223       28,177         INCOME TAX EXPENSE       4,154       3,332       11,115       9,871         NET INCOME       \$ 8,320       \$ 6,322       \$ 22,108       \$ 18,306         BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE:         Class A Common Stock       \$ 0.40       \$ 0.31       \$ 1.07       \$ 0.88         Class B Common Stock       \$ 0.37       \$ 0.29       \$ 0.97       \$ 0.85         DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:
EXPENSE       12,474       9,654       33,223       28,177         INCOME TAX EXPENSE       4,154       3,332       11,115       9,871         NET INCOME       \$ 8,320       \$ 6,322       \$ 22,108       \$ 18,306         BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE:         Class A Common Stock       \$ 0.40       \$ 0.31       \$ 1.07       \$ 0.88         Class B Common Stock       \$ 0.37       \$ 0.29       \$ 0.97       \$ 0.85         DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:
INCOME TAX EXPENSE 4,154 3,332 11,115 9,871  NET INCOME \$ 8,320 \$ 6,322 \$ 22,108 \$ 18,306  BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE:  Class A Common Stock \$ 0.40 \$ 0.31 \$ 1.07 \$ 0.88  Class B Common Stock \$ 0.37 \$ 0.29 \$ 0.97 \$ 0.85  DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:
NET INCOME         \$ 8,320         \$ 6,322         \$ 22,108         \$ 18,306           BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE:           Class A Common Stock         \$ 0.40         \$ 0.31         \$ 1.07         \$ 0.88           Class B Common Stock         \$ 0.37         \$ 0.29         \$ 0.97         \$ 0.85           DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE:           Class A Common Stock         \$ 0.40 \$ 0.31 \$ 1.07 \$ 0.88           Class B Common Stock         \$ 0.37 \$ 0.29 \$ 0.97 \$ 0.85           DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:
Class A Common Stock       \$ 0.40 \$ 0.31 \$ 1.07 \$ 0.88         Class B Common Stock       \$ 0.37 \$ 0.29 \$ 0.97 \$ 0.85         DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:
Class A Common Stock       \$ 0.40 \$ 0.31 \$ 1.07 \$ 0.88         Class B Common Stock       \$ 0.37 \$ 0.29 \$ 0.97 \$ 0.85         DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:
Class B Common Stock \$ 0.37 \$ 0.29 \$ 0.97 \$ 0.85  DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:
Class A Common Stock \$ 0.40 \$ 0.30 \$ 1.07 \$ 0.88
Class $R$ Common Stock $\psi$ 0.50 $\psi$ 1.07 $\psi$ 0.60
Class B Common Stock \$ 0.36 \$ 0.29 \$ 0.97 \$ 0.85
DIVIDENDS DECLARED PER COMMON
SHARE:
Class A Common Stock \$ 0.198 \$ 0.187 \$ 0.385 \$ 0.363
Class B Common Stock \$ 0.180 \$ 0.170 \$ 0.350 \$ 0.330

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)

	Three Mon Jur	 nded			nths Ended une,	
	2015	2014	2015			2014
Net income	\$ 8,320	\$ 6,322	\$ 2	22,108	\$	18,306
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME						
Change in fair value of derivatives used for cash						
flow hedges	175	(364)		(221)		(704)
Reclassification adjustment for derivative losses recognized in income	103	99		204		199
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on securities	103	99		204		199
available for sale	(1,056)	2,626		182		2,628
Reclassification adjustment for gain on security	(1,030)	2,020		102		2,020
available for sale recognized in earnings	(88)			(88)		
Change in unrealized gain on security available	(11)			()		
for sale for which a portion of an						
other-than-temporary impairment has been						
recognized in earnings	(4)	315		(26)		369
Net unrealized gains (losses)	(870)	2,676		51		2,492
Tax effect	304	(937)		(18)		(873)
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of						
tax	(566)	1,739		33		1,619
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 7,754	\$ 8,061	\$ 2	22,141	\$	19,925

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

#### SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(in thousands)	Class A Shares Outstanding	Common Stock Class B Shares Outstanding	Amount	A	Additional Paid In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	e \$	Total Stockholders Equity
Balance, January 1, 2015	18,603	2,245	\$ 4,904	\$	134,889 \$	414,623	\$ 4,315	\$	558,731
Net income						22,108			22,108
Net change in accumulated other comprehensive income							33		33
Dividend declared Common Stock:									
Class A Shares Class B Shares						(7,167) (786)			(7,167) (786)
Stock options exercised, net of shares redeemed	8		2		182	(65)			119
Repurchase of Class A Common Stock	(14)		(3)		(86)	(238)			(327)
Net change in notes receivable on Class A Common Stock					(51)				(51)
Deferred director compensation expense - Class A Common Stock	5				109				109
Stock based compensation - restricted stock					147				147
Stock based compensation expense - options					56				56
Balance, June 30, 2015	18,602	2,245	\$ 4,903	\$	135,246 \$	428,475	\$ 4,348	\$	572,972

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

	Six Montl Jur		
	2015	ic,	2014
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net income	\$ 22,108	\$	18,306
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Amortization on investment securities, net	380		330
Accretion on loans, net	(1,649)		(4,494)
Depreciation of premises and equipment	3,251		2,724
Amortization of mortgage servicing rights	716		662
Provision for loan and lease losses	1,089		(10)
Net gain on sale of mortgage loans held for sale	(2,353)		(1,166)
Origination of mortgage loans held for sale	(96,008)		(33,284)
Proceeds from sale of mortgage loans held for sale	94,472		31,147
Origination of other loans held for sale	(24,410)		
Proceeds from sale of other loans held for sale	22,868		
Gain on call of security available for sale	(88)		
Net gain realized on sale of other real estate owned	(430)		(666)
Writedowns of other real estate owned	704		1,217
Deferred director compensation expense - Company Stock	109		91
Stock based compensation expense	203		268
Increase in cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance	(702)		(570)
Net change in other assets and liabilities:	,		,
Accrued interest receivable	(131)		189
Accrued interest payable	(55)		(198)
Other assets	(1,859)		5,887
Other liabilities	581		(1,549)
Net cash provided by operating activities	18,796		18,884
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchases of securities available for sale	(889,325)		(109,549)
Proceeds from maturities, calls and paydowns of securities available for sale	868,424		81,567
Proceeds from maturities and paydowns of securities held to maturity	2,342		2,269
Net change in outstanding warehouse lines of credit	(169,474)		(94,555)
Purchase of loans, including premiums paid	(63,163)		(14,695)
Net change in other loans	(48,458)		(25,008)
Proceeds from redemption of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	(10,150)		134
Proceeds from sales of other real estate owned	7,009		8,136
Net purchases of premises and equipment	(2,507)		(2,297)
Purchase of bank owned life insurance	(2,307)		(25,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	(295,152)		(178,998)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Net change in deposits	221,428		14,126
Net change in securities sold under agreements to repurchase and other short-term	221,420		14,120
borrowings	(126,283)		31,884
Payments of Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(208,000)		(83,000)
Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank advances	417,000		118,000
Repurchase of Common Stock			
Net proceeds from Common Stock options exercised	(327) 119		(347)
Cash dividends paid			
Net cash provided by financing activities	(7,693)		(7,256)
thet easil provided by financing activities	296,244		73,524

Edgar Filing: REPUBLIC BANCORP INC /KY/ - Form 10-Q

NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	19,888	(86,590)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	72,878	170,863
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 92,766	\$ 84,273
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASHFLOW INFORMATION:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 9,458	\$ 10,246
Income taxes	6,130	7,304
SUPPLEMENTAL NONCASH DISCLOSURES:		
Transfers from loans to real estate acquired in settlement of loans	\$ 1,922	\$ 4,492
Loans provided for sales of other real estate owned	2,962	1,294

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015 and 2014 (UNAUDITED) AND DECEMBER 31, 2014

# 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Republic Bancorp, Inc. (the Parent Company ) and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Republic Bank & Trust Company (RB&T or the Bank) and Republic Insurance Services, Inc. (the Captive). The Bank is a Kentucky-based, state chartered non-member financial institution. The Captive, which was formed during the third quarter of 2014, is a wholly-owned insurance subsidiary of the Company. The Captive provides property and casualty insurance coverage to the Company and the Bank as well as five other third-party insurance captives for which insurance may not be available or economically feasible. Republic Bancorp Capital Trust (RBCT) is a Delaware statutory business trust that is a wholly-owned unconsolidated finance subsidiary of Republic Bancorp, Inc. All companies are collectively referred to as Republic or the Company. All significant intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for fair presentation have been included.

Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in Republic s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

As of June 30, 2015, the Company was divided into four distinct business operating segments: Traditional Banking, Warehouse Lending (Warehouse), Mortgage Banking and Republic Processing Group (RPG). Management considers the first three segments to collectively constitute Core Bank or Core Banking activities. The Warehouse segment was reported as a division of the Traditional Banking segment prior to the fourth quarter of 2014, but realized the quantitative and qualitative nature of a segment by the end of 2014. All prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

#### Table of Contents

#### Traditional Banking, Warehouse Lending and Mortgage Banking (collectively Core Banking)

The Traditional Bank provides traditional banking products primarily to customers in the Company s market footprint. As of June 30, 2015, in addition to Internet Banking and Correspondent Lending delivery channels, Republic had 40 full-service banking centers with locations as follows:

- Kentucky 32
- Metropolitan Louisville 19
- Central Kentucky 8
- Elizabethtown 1
- Frankfort 1
- Georgetown 1
- Lexington 4
- Shelbyville 1
- Western Kentucky 2
- Owensboro 2
- Northern Kentucky 3
- Covington 1
- Florence 1
- Independence 1
- Southern Indiana 3
- Floyds Knobs 1
- Jeffersonville 1
- New Albany 1
- Metropolitan Tampa, Florida 2

- Metropolitan Cincinnati, Ohio 1
- Metropolitan Nashville, Tennessee 2

Republic s headquarters are located in Louisville, which is the largest city in Kentucky based on population.

Core Banking results of operations are primarily dependent upon net interest income, which represents the difference between the interest income and fees on interest-earning assets and the interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities. Principal interest-earning Core Banking assets represent investment securities and commercial and consumer loans primarily secured by real estate and/or personal property. Interest-bearing liabilities primarily consist of interest-bearing deposit accounts, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, as well as short-term and long-term borrowing sources. Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) advances have traditionally been a significant borrowing source for the Bank.

Other sources of Core Banking income include service charges on deposit accounts, debit and credit card interchange fee income, title insurance commissions, fees charged to clients for trust services, increases in the cash surrender value of Bank Owned Life Insurance (BOLI) and revenue generated from Mortgage Banking activities. Mortgage Banking activities represent both the origination and sale of loans in the secondary market and the servicing of loans for others, primarily the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac or FHLMC).

Core Banking operating expenses consist primarily of salaries and employee benefits, occupancy and equipment expenses, communication and transportation costs, data processing, interchange related expenses, marketing and development expenses, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance expense, franchise tax expense and various general and administrative costs. Core Banking results of operations are significantly impacted by general economic and competitive conditions, particularly changes in market interest rates, government laws and policies and actions of regulatory agencies.

The Core Bank began acquiring single family, first lien mortgage loans for investment through its Correspondent Lending channel in May 2014. Correspondent Lending generally involves the Bank acquiring, primarily from its Warehouse clients, closed loans that meet the Bank s specifications. Substantially all loans purchased through the Correspondent Lending channel are purchased at a premium.

#### **Table of Contents**

The Core Bank provides short-term, revolving credit facilities to mortgage bankers across the Nation through its Warehouse segment in the form of warehouse lines of credit. These credit facilities are secured by single family, first lien residential real estate loans. Outstanding balances on these credit facilities may be subject to significant fluctuations consistent with the overall market demand for mortgage loans.

#### **Republic Processing Group**

All divisions of the RPG segment operate through the Bank. Nationally, RPG facilitates the receipt and payment of federal and state tax refunds under the Tax Refund Solutions ( TRS ) division, primarily through refund transfers ( RTs ). RTs are products whereby a tax refund is issued to the taxpayer after the Bank has received the refund from the federal or state government. There is no credit risk or borrowing cost associated with these products because they are only delivered to the taxpayer upon receipt of the tax refund directly from the governmental paying authority. Fees earned on RTs, net of rebates, are the primary source of revenue for the TRS division and the RPG segment, and are reported as non interest income under the line item. Net refund transfer fees.

The TRS division historically originated and obtained a significant source of revenue from Refund Anticipation Loans (RAL s), but terminated this product effective April 30, 2012. RALs were short-term consumer loans offered to taxpayers that were secured by the client s anticipated tax refund, which represented the sole source of repayment. While RALs were terminated in 2012, TRS may receive recoveries from previously charged-off RALs.

The Republic Payment Solutions ( RPS ) division is an issuing bank offering general purpose reloadable prepaid debit cards through third party program managers.

The Republic Credit Solutions (  $\,$  RCS  $\,$  ) division offers short-term consumer credit products.

Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2015-3 Interest Imputation of Interest (Topic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs

To simplify presentation of debt issuance costs, the amendments in this ASU require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented on the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. The recognition and measurement guidance for debt issuance costs are not affected by the amendments in this ASU. The amendments in this ASU are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. This ASU is not expected to have a material impact on the Company s financial statements.

#### 2. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

#### **Securities Available for Sale**

The gross amortized cost and fair value of securities available for sale and the related gross unrealized gains and losses recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) were as follows:

June 30, 2015 (in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury securities and U.S.				
Government agencies	\$ 198,071	\$ 905	\$ (125) \$	198,851
Private label mortgage backed security	4,037	1,194		5,231
Mortgage backed securities - residential	103,378	4,631	(129)	107,880
Collateralized mortgage obligations	127,922	1,065	(727)	128,260
Freddie Mac preferred stock		231		231
Mutual fund	1,000	15		1,015
Corporate bonds	15,010	134		15,144
Total securities available for sale	\$ 449,418	\$ 8,175	\$ (981) \$	456,612

December 31, 2014 (in thousands)	Gross Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury securities and U.S.				
Government agencies	\$ 146,625	\$ 312	\$ (15) \$	146,922
Private label mortgage backed security	4,030	1,220		5,250
Mortgage backed securities - residential	118,836	5,511	(91)	124,256
Collateralized mortgage obligations	143,283	1,034	(1,146)	143,171
Freddie Mac preferred stock		231		231
Mutual fund	1,000	18		1,018
Corporate bonds	15,011	52		15,063
Total securities available for sale	\$ 428,785	\$ 8,378	\$ (1,252) \$	435,911

#### **Securities Held to Maturity**

The carrying value, gross unrecognized gains and losses, and fair value of securities held to maturity were as follows:

June 30, 2015 (in thousands)	Carrying Value	Gross Unrecognized Gains		U	Gross nrecognized Losses	Fair Value
	\$ 1,536	\$	5	\$	(2) \$	1,539

U.S. Treasury securities and U.S.				
Government agencies				
Mortgage backed securities - residential	144	18		162
Collateralized mortgage obligations	36,390	554		36,944
Corporate bonds	5,000		(45)	4,955
Total securities held to maturity	\$ 43,070	\$ 577	\$ (47) \$	43,600

December 31, 2014 (in thousands)	Carrying Value	Gross Unrecognized Gains		Gross Unrecognized Losses	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury securities and U.S.					
Government agencies	\$ 1,747	\$ 1	\$	(7)	\$ 1,741
Mortgage backed securities - residential	147	20	)		167
Collateralized mortgage obligations	38,543	423		(4)	38,962
Corporate bonds	5,000			(63)	4,937
Total securities held to maturity	\$ 45,437	\$ 444	. \$	(74)	\$ 45,807

#### **Table of Contents**

At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there were no holdings of securities of any one issuer, other than the U.S. Government and its agencies, in an amount greater than 10% of stockholders equity.

#### Sales of Securities Available for Sale

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, the Bank recognized a gain of \$88,000 on the call of one available for sale security.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, there were no sales or calls of securities available for sale.

#### **Investment Securities by Contractual Maturity**

The amortized cost and fair value of the investment securities portfolio by contractual maturity at June 30, 2015 follows. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities if borrowers have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Securities not due at a single maturity date are detailed separately.

		Secu Available	rities e for S	ale	Securities Held to Maturity			
June 30, 2015 (in thousands)	A	mortized Cost		Fair Value		Carrying Value		Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$	10,020	\$	10,041	\$	1,016	\$	1,021
Due from one year to five years		193,061		193,854		5,520		5,473
Due from five years to ten years		10,000		10,100				
Due beyond ten years								
Private label mortgage backed								
security		4,037		5,231				
Mortgage backed securities -								
residential		103,378		107,880		144		162
Collateralized mortgage obligations		127,922		128,260		36,390		36,944
Freddie Mac preferred stock				231				
Mutual fund		1,000		1,015				
Total securities	\$	449,418	\$	456,612	\$	43,070	\$	43,600

#### Freddie Mac Preferred Stock

During 2008, the U.S. Treasury, the Federal Reserve Board, and the Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA) announced that the FHFA was placing Freddie Mac under conservatorship and giving management control to the FHFA. The Bank contemporaneously determined that its 40,000 shares of Freddie Mac preferred stock were fully impaired and recorded an other-than-temporarily impairment (OTTI) charge of \$2.1 million in 2008. The OTTI charge brought the carrying value of the stock to \$0. During the second quarter of 2014, based on active trading

volume of Freddie Mac preferred stock, the Company determined it appropriate to record an unrealized gain to Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) related to its Freddie Mac preferred stock holdings. Based on the stock is market closing price as of June 30, 2015, the Company is unrealized gain for its Freddie Mac preferred stock totaled \$231,000.

#### Mortgage Backed Securities and Collateralized Mortgage Obligations

At June 30, 2015, with the exception of the \$5.2 million private label mortgage backed security, all other mortgage backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) held by the Bank were issued by U.S. government-sponsored entities and agencies, primarily Freddie Mac and the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae or FNMA), institutions that the government has affirmed its commitment to support. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there were gross unrealized losses of \$856,000 and \$1.2 million related to available for sale mortgage backed securities and CMOs. Because the decline in fair value of these securities is attributable to changes in interest rates and illiquidity, and not credit quality, and because the Bank does not have the intent to sell these mortgage backed securities, and it is likely that it will not be required to sell the securities before their anticipated recovery, management does not consider these securities to be OTTI.

#### Table of Contents

#### **Market Loss Analysis**

Securities with unrealized losses at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, are as follows:

June 30, 2015 (in thousands)	F	Less than 12 months Unrealized Fair Value Losses		12 montl	12 months or more Unrealized air Value Losses			Total Fair Value		nrealized Losses	
Securities available for sale:											
U.S. Treasury securities and U.S.											
Government agencies	\$	19,880	\$	(120)	\$ 995	\$	(5)	\$ 20	,875	\$	(125)
Mortgage backed securities -											
residential		6,602		(129)				6	,602		(129)
Collateralized mortgage											
obligations		3,963		(142)	28,736		(585)		,699		(727)
Total securities available for sale	\$	30,445	\$	(391)	\$ 29,731	\$	(590)	\$ 60	,176	\$	(981)
		Less than	12 mc	onths	12 montl	ıs or me	ore		To	otal	
				nrealized			realized				nrealized
	Fa	air Value		Losses	Fair Value	]	Losses	Fair Va	lue		Losses
Securities held to maturity:											
U.S. Treasury securities and U.S.											
Government agencies	\$	518	\$	(2)	\$	\$		\$	518	\$	(2)
Corporate bonds	ф	4,955	Ф	(45)	Ф	ф			,955	Ф	(45)
Total securities held to maturity	\$	5,473	\$	(47)	\$	\$		\$ 5	,473	\$	(47)
		Less than	12 mc	onths	12 montl	ıs or ma	ore		Te	otal	
		Dess than		nrealized	Unrealized				- `		nrealized
December 31, 2014 (in thousands)	F	air Value		Losses	Fair Value	]	Losses	Fair Va	lue		Losses
	F	air Value		Losses	Fair Value	]	Losses	Fair Va	lue		Losses
Securities available for sale:	Fa	air Value		Losses	Fair Value	]	Losses	Fair Va	lue		Losses
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S.			¢				Losses				
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies	F:	2,089	\$	Losses (15)		\$	Losses		lue 2,089	\$	Losses (15)
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Mortgage backed securities -		2,089	\$	(15)			Losses	\$ 2	2,089		(15)
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Mortgage backed securities - residential			\$				Losses	\$ 2			
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Mortgage backed securities - residential Collateralized mortgage		2,089 7,535	\$	(15) (91)	\$			\$ 2	2,089		(15) (91)
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Mortgage backed securities - residential		2,089	\$	(15)	\$ 12,534		(265) (265)	\$ 2 7 58	2,089		(15) (91) (1,146)
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Mortgage backed securities - residential Collateralized mortgage obligations	\$	2,089 7,535 46,058		(15) (91) (881)	\$ 12,534	\$	(265)	\$ 2 7 58	2,089	\$	(15) (91)
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Mortgage backed securities - residential Collateralized mortgage obligations	\$	2,089 7,535 46,058	\$ 12 mo	(15) (91) (881) (987)	\$ 12,534	\$ \$ as or mo	(265) (265)	\$ 2 7 58	2,089 2,535 3,592 3,216	\$ \$	(15) (91) (1,146) (1,252)
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Mortgage backed securities - residential Collateralized mortgage obligations	\$	2,089 7,535 46,058 55,682 Less than	\$ 12 mo	(15) (91) (881) (987) onths nrealized	\$ 12,534 \$ 12,534 12 month	\$ \$ as or ma	(265) (265) ore realized	\$ 2 7 58 \$ 68	2,089 2,535 3,592 3,216	\$ \$ otal	(15) (91) (1,146) (1,252) nrealized
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Mortgage backed securities - residential Collateralized mortgage obligations Total securities available for sale	\$	2,089 7,535 46,058 55,682	\$ 12 mo	(15) (91) (881) (987)	\$ 12,534 \$ 12,534	\$ \$ as or ma	(265) (265)	\$ 2 7 58	2,089 2,535 3,592 3,216	\$ \$ otal	(15) (91) (1,146) (1,252)
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Mortgage backed securities - residential Collateralized mortgage obligations Total securities available for sale  Securities held to maturity:	\$	2,089 7,535 46,058 55,682 Less than	\$ 12 mo	(15) (91) (881) (987) onths nrealized	\$ 12,534 \$ 12,534 12 month	\$ \$ as or ma	(265) (265) ore realized	\$ 2 7 58 \$ 68	2,089 2,535 3,592 3,216	\$ \$ otal	(15) (91) (1,146) (1,252) nrealized
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Mortgage backed securities - residential Collateralized mortgage obligations Total securities available for sale  Securities held to maturity: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S.	\$ F:	2,089 7,535 46,058 55,682 Less than	\$ 12 mo U	(15) (91) (881) (987) onths nrealized Losses	\$ 12,534 \$ 12,534 12 month Fair Value	\$ sor me	(265) (265) ore realized	\$ 2 7 58 \$ 68	2,089 2,535 3,592 3,216 To	\$ Stal	(15) (91) (1,146) (1,252) nrealized Losses
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Mortgage backed securities - residential Collateralized mortgage obligations Total securities available for sale  Securities held to maturity: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies	\$	2,089 7,535 46,058 55,682 Less than	\$ 12 mo	(15) (91) (881) (987) onths nrealized	\$ 12,534 \$ 12,534 12 month Fair Value	\$ \$ as or ma	(265) (265) ore realized	\$ 2 7 58 \$ 68	2,089 2,535 3,592 3,216	\$ \$ otal	(15) (91) (1,146) (1,252) nrealized
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Mortgage backed securities - residential Collateralized mortgage obligations Total securities available for sale  Securities held to maturity: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Collateralized mortgage	\$ F:	2,089 7,535 46,058 55,682 Less than	\$ 12 mo U	(15) (91) (881) (987) onths nrealized Losses (7)	\$ 12,534 \$ 12,534 12 month Fair Value	\$ sor me	(265) (265) ore realized	\$ 2 7 58 \$ 68 <b>Fair Va</b>	2,089 2,535 3,592 3,216 To	\$ Stal	(15) (91) (1,146) (1,252) nrealized Losses
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Mortgage backed securities - residential Collateralized mortgage obligations Total securities available for sale  Securities held to maturity: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Collateralized mortgage obligations	\$ F:	2,089 7,535 46,058 55,682 Less than air Value	\$ 12 mo U	(15) (91) (881) (987) onths nrealized Losses	\$ 12,534 \$ 12,534 12 month Fair Value	\$ sor me	(265) (265) ore realized	\$ 2 7 58 \$ 68 <b>Fair Va</b>	2,089 2,535 3,592 3,216 To lue	\$ Stal	(15) (91) (1,146) (1,252) nrealized Losses
Securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Mortgage backed securities - residential Collateralized mortgage obligations Total securities available for sale  Securities held to maturity: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies Collateralized mortgage	\$ F:	2,089 7,535 46,058 55,682 Less than air Value 517 9,045	\$ 12 mo U	(15) (91) (881) (987) onths nrealized Losses (7)	\$ 12,534 \$ 12,534 12 month Fair Value	\$ sor me	(265) (265) ore realized	\$ 2 7 58 \$ 68 <b>Fair Va</b>	2,089 2,535 3,592 3,216 Tollue	\$ Stal	(15) (91) (1,146) (1,252) nrealized Losses (7) (4)

#### **Table of Contents**

At June 30, 2015, the Bank s security portfolio consisted of 159 securities, 19 of which were in an unrealized loss position. At December 31, 2014, the Bank s security portfolio consisted of 157 securities, 17 of which were in an unrealized loss position.

#### Other-than-temporary impairment ( OTTI )

Unrealized losses for all investment securities are reviewed to determine whether the losses are other-than-temporary. Investment securities are evaluated for OTTI on at least a quarterly basis and more frequently when economic or market conditions warrant such an evaluation to determine whether a decline in value below amortized cost is other-than-temporary. In conducting this assessment, the Bank evaluates a number of factors including, but not limited to:

- The length of time and the extent to which fair value has been less than the amortized cost basis;
- The Bank s intent to hold until maturity or sell the debt security prior to maturity;
- An analysis of whether it is more likely than not that the Bank will be required to sell the debt security before its anticipated recovery;
- Adverse conditions specifically related to the security, an industry, or a geographic area;
- The historical and implied volatility of the fair value of the security;
- The payment structure of the security and the likelihood of the issuer being able to make payments;
- Failure of the issuer to make scheduled interest or principal payments;
- Any rating changes by a rating agency; and
- Recoveries or additional decline in fair value subsequent to the balance sheet date.

The term other-than-temporary is not intended to indicate that the decline is permanent, but indicates that the prospects for a near-term recovery of value are not necessarily favorable, or that there is a general lack of evidence to support a realizable value equal to or greater than the carrying value of the investment. Once a decline in value is determined to be other-than-temporary, the value of the security is reduced and a corresponding charge to earnings is recognized for the anticipated credit losses.

The Bank owns one private label mortgage backed security with a total carrying value of \$5.2 million at June 30, 2015. This security, with an average remaining life currently estimated at five years, is mostly backed by Alternative A first lien mortgage loans, but also has an insurance wrap or guarantee as an added layer of protection to the security holder. This asset is illiquid, and as such, the Bank determined it to be a Level 3 security in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*. Based on this determination, the Bank utilized an income valuation model (present value model) approach, in determining the fair value of the security. This approach is beneficial for positions that are not traded in active markets or are subject to transfer restrictions, and/or where valuations are

adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability. Such adjustments are generally based on available market evidence. In the absence of such evidence, management s best estimate is used. Management s best estimate consists of both internal and external support for this investment.

See additional discussion regarding the Bank's private label mortgage backed security under Footnote 6 Fair Value in this section of the filing.

#### **Pledged Investment Securities**

Investment securities pledged to secure public deposits, securities sold under agreements to repurchase and securities held for other purposes, as required or permitted by law are as follows:

(in thousands)	J	une 30, 2015	Ι	December 31, 2014
Carrying amount	\$	328,844	\$	409,868
Fair value		329,417		410,307
		1.4		
		14		

#### 3. LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN AND LEASE LOSSES

The composition of the loan portfolio at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 follows:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014			
Residential real estate:					
Owner occupied	\$ 1,100,133	\$ 1,118,341			
Owner occupied - correspondent*	243,140	226,628			
Non owner occupied	101,765	96,492			
Commercial real estate	799,158	772,309			
Commercial real estate - purchased whole loans*	35,277	34,898			
Construction & land development	47,038	38,480			
Commercial & industrial	202,456	157,339			
Lease financing receivables	7,242	2,530			
Warehouse lines of credit	488,905	319,431			
Home equity	267,570	245,679			
Consumer:					
RPG loans	6,467	4,095			
Credit cards	10,942	9,573			
Overdrafts	1,404	1,180			
Purchased whole loans*	3,607	4,626			
Other consumer	8,873	8,894			
Total loans**	3,323,977	3,040,495			
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(25,248)	(24,410)			
Total loans, net	\$ 3,298,729	\$ 3,016,085			

<sup>\* -</sup> Identifies loans to borrowers located primarily outside of the Bank s historical market footprint.

The table below reconciles the contractually receivable and carrying amounts of loans at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2015	<b>December 31, 2014</b>
Contractually receivable	\$ 3,329,849 \$	3,050,599
Unearned income(1)	(635)	(174)
Unamortized premiums(2)	4,191	4,490
Unaccreted discounts(3)	(10,859)	(15,675)
Net unamortized deferred origination fees and costs	1,431	1,255
Carrying value of loans	\$ 3,323,977 \$	3,040,495

<sup>\*\* -</sup> Total loans are presented inclusive of premiums, discounts and net loan origination fees and costs. See table directly below for expanded detail.

- (1) Unearned income relates to lease financing receivables.
- (2) Premiums predominately relate to loans acquired through the Bank s Correspondent Lending channel.
- (3) Discounts predominately relate to loans acquired in the Bank s 2012 FDIC-assisted transactions.

15

#### **Table of Contents**

#### **Loan Purchases**

In May 2014, the Bank began acquiring single family, first lien mortgage loans for investment within its loan portfolio through its Correspondent Lending channel. Correspondent Lending generally involves the Bank acquiring, primarily from Warehouse clients, closed loans that meet the Bank s specifications. Substantially all loans purchased through the Correspondent Lending channel are purchased at a premium. Loans acquired through the Correspondent Lending channel generally reflect borrowers outside of the Bank s historical market footprint, with 83% of such loans as of June 30, 2015 secured by collateral in the state of California.

In addition to secured mortgage loans acquired through its Correspondent Lending channel, the Bank also began acquiring unsecured consumer installment loans for investment from a third-party originator in April 2014. Such consumer loans are purchased at par and are selected by the Bank based on certain underwriting characteristics.

The table below reflects the purchased activity of single family, first lien mortgage loans and unsecured consumer loans, by class, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands)		2015		2014		2015		2014		
Residential real estate:										
Owner occupied - correspondent*	\$	43,632	\$	12,067	\$	62,802	\$	12,067		
Consumer:										
Purchased whole loans*				2,628		361		2,628		
Total purchased loans	\$	43,632	\$	14,695	\$	63,163	\$	14,695		

<sup>\* -</sup> Represents origination amount, inclusive of purchase premiums, where applicable.

#### Purchased Credit Impaired ( PCI ) Loans

PCI loans acquired during the Bank s 2012 FDIC-assisted transactions are accounted for under ASC 310-30, Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality.

The table below reconciles the contractually required and carrying amounts of PCI loans at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014		
Contractually-required principal	\$ 20,080	\$	26,571	

Non-accretable amount	(2,076)	(6,784)
Accretable amount	(4,323)	(2,297)
Carrying value of PCI loans	\$ 13.681 \$	17,490

#### Table of Contents

The following table presents a rollforward of the accretable amount on PCI loans for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

17

	Three Mon June	 nded	Six Mont June	led	
(in thousands)	2015	2014	2015		2014
Balance, beginning of period	\$ (2,170)	\$ (2,765) \$	(2,297)	\$	(3,457)
Transfers between non-accretable and accretable	(3,378)	(1,029)	(3,354)		(2,340)
Net accretion into interest income					
on loans, including loan fees	1,225	1,307	1,328		3,310
Balance, end of period	\$ (4,323)	\$ (2,487) \$	(4,323)	\$	(2,487)

#### **Credit Quality Indicators**

Based on the Bank s internal analyses performed as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the following tables reflect loans by risk category. Risk categories are defined in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014:

June 30, 2015 (in thousands)	Pass	Special ention *	Substandard *	Doubtful / Loss	Purchased Credit Impaired Loans - Group 1	Purchased Credit Impaired Loans - Substandard	Total Rated Loans**
Residential real estate:							
Owner occupied	\$	\$ 24,473	\$ 15,456	\$	\$ 927	\$	\$ 40,856
Owner occupied - correspondent							
Non owner occupied		1,544	1,983		1,203		4,730
Commercial real estate	770,583	7,455	10,842		10,278		799,158
Commercial real estate -							
purchased whole loans	35,277						35,277
Construction & land							
development	44,199	115	2,687		37		47,038
Commercial & industrial	198,956	2,063	201		1,236		202,456
Lease financing receivables	7,242						7,242
Warehouse lines of credit	488,905						488,905
Home equity			2,658				2,658
Consumer:							
RPG loans							
Credit cards							
Overdrafts							
Purchased whole loans							
Other consumer		9	84				93
Total	\$ 1,545,162	\$ 35,659	\$ 33,911	\$	\$ 13,681	\$	\$ 1,628,413

<sup>\* -</sup> At June 30, 2015, Special Mention and Substandard loans included \$183,000 and \$4 million, respectively, which were removed from PCI accounting in accordance with ASC 310-30-35-13 due to a post-acquisition troubled debt restructuring.

<sup>\*\* -</sup> The above table excludes all non-classified residential real estate and consumer loans at the respective period ends. The table also excludes most non-classified small Commercial and Industrial ( C&I ) and Commercial Real Estate ( CRE ) relationships totaling \$100,000 or less. These loans are not rated by the Company since they are accruing interest and are not past due 80-days-or-more.

#### Table of Contents

December 31, 2014 (in thousands)	Pass	Special Mention *	Substandard *	Doubtful / Loss	Purchased Credit Impaired Loans - Group 1	Purchased Credit Impaired Loans - Substandard	Total Rated Loans**
Residential real estate:							
Owner occupied	\$	\$ 26,828	\$ 14,586	\$ \$	1,205	\$ \$	42,619
Owner occupied - correspondent							
Non owner occupied		844	2,886		1,709		5,439
Commercial real estate	736,012	7,838	15,636		12,823		772,309
Commercial real estate - purchased							
whole loans	34,898						34,898
Construction & land development	35,339	120	2,525		496		38,480
Commercial & industrial	153,362	625	2,108		1,244		157,339
Lease financing receivables	2,530						2,530
Warehouse lines of credit	319,431						319,431
Home equity			2,220				2,220
Consumer:							
RPG loans							
Credit cards							
Overdrafts							
Purchased whole loans							
Other consumer		13	38		13		64
Total	\$ 1,281,572	\$ 36,268	\$ 39,999	\$ \$	17,490	\$	1,375,329

<sup>\* -</sup> At December 31, 2014, Special Mention and Substandard loans included \$443,000 and \$6 million, respectively, which were removed from PCI accounting in accordance with ASC 310-30-35-13 due to a post-acquisition troubled debt restructuring.

<sup>\*\* -</sup> The above table excludes all non-classified residential real estate and consumer loans at the respective period ends. The table also excludes most non-classified small C&I and CRE relationships totaling \$100,000 or less. These loans are not rated by the Company since they are accruing interest and are not past due 80-days-or-more.

#### **Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses**

Activity in the allowance for loan and leases ( Allowance ) follows:

			d				nded
201		. 50,	2014			50,	2014
\$	24,631	\$	22,367	\$	24,410	\$	23,026
	(685)		(715)		(1,177)		(1,627)
	(21)				(26)		
	(706)		(715)		(1,203)		(1,627)
	377		364		715		857
	42		63		237		526
	419		427		952		1,383
	(308)		(351)		(462)		(770)
	21		63		211		526
	(287)		(288)		(251)		(244)
	717		710		1,092		470
	187		(17)		(3)		(480)
	904		693		1,089		(10)
\$	25,248	\$	22,772	\$	25,248	\$	22,772
	\$	308) 21 (287)  \$ 24,631  (685) (21) (706)  377 42 419	June 30, 2015  \$ 24,631 \$ (685) (21) (706)  377 42 419  (308) 21 (287)  717 187 904	2015 2014  \$ 24,631 \$ 22,367  (685) (715) (21) (706) (715)  377 364 42 63 419 427  (308) (351) 21 63 (287) (288)  717 710 187 (17) 904 693	June 30, 2015  2014  \$ 24,631 \$ 22,367 \$  (685) (715) (21) (706) (715)  377 364 42 63 419 427  (308) (351) 21 63 (287) (288)  717 710 187 (17) 904 693	June 30, 2014 2015  \$ 24,631 \$ 22,367 \$ 24,410  (685) (715) (1,177) (26) (26) (706) (715) (1,203)  377 364 715 42 63 237 419 427 952  (308) (351) (462) 21 63 211 (287) (288) (251)  717 710 1,092 187 (17) (3) 904 693 1,089	June 30, 2015     June 30, 2014       \$ 24,631     \$ 22,367     \$ 24,410     \$       (685)     (715)     (1,177)     (26)       (706)     (715)     (1,203)       377     364     715     42     63     237       419     427     952       (308)     (351)     (462)       21     63     211       (287)     (288)     (251)       717     710     1,092       187     (17)     (3)       904     693     1,089

The Allowance calculation includes the following qualitative factors, which are considered in combination with the Bank s historical loss rates in determining the general loss reserve within the Allowance:

- Changes in nature, volume and seasoning of the portfolio;
- Changes in experience, ability and depth of lending management and other relevant staff;
- Changes in the quality of the Bank s credit review system;
- Changes in lending policies and procedures, including changes in underwriting standards and collection, charge-off, and recovery practices not considered elsewhere in estimating credit losses;
- Changes in the volume and severity of past due, non-performing and classified loans and leases;
- Changes in the value of underlying collateral for collateral-dependent loans and leases;

- Changes in international, national, regional, and local economic and business conditions and developments that affect the collectability of portfolios, including the condition of various market segments;
- The existence and effect of any concentrations of credit, and changes in the level of such concentrations; and
- The effect of other external factors such as competition and legal and regulatory requirements on the level of estimated credit losses in the institution s existing portfolio.

20

#### Table of Contents

The following tables present the activity in the Allowance by portfolio class for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

								Co	mmercial			
		Re	esidenti	al Real Estat	te			Re	al Estate -			Lease
Three Months Ended	(	)wner	Owner	Occupied-	No	n Owner	Commercia	l P	urchased Cons	truction & C	Commercial &	& Financing
June 30, 2015 (in thousands)	O	ccupied	Corr	espondent	0	ccupied	Real Estate	Wh	iole LoansLand I	Development	Industrial	Receivables
Beginning balance	\$	8,629	\$	579	\$	920	\$ 7,55	3 \$	35 \$	958	\$ 1,157	\$ 40
Provision		(313)		29		10	35	3		142	52	36
Charge offs		(178)				(29)	(14	7)			(27	)
Recoveries		64				3	8	1			9	
Ending balance	\$	8,202	\$	608	\$	904	\$ 7,84	) \$	35 \$	1,100	\$ 1,191	\$ 76

(continued)	Li	rehouse ines of Credit	Home Equity	RPG Loans	Credit Cards	Consumer erdrafts	Purchased Whole Loans	C	Other onsumer	Total
Beginning balance	\$	1,058 \$	2,708 \$	44	\$ 362	\$ 245	\$ 184	\$	159 \$	24,631
Provision		164	56	187	40	57	83		8	904
Charge offs			(21)	(21)	(31)	(103)	(60)		(89)	(706)
Recoveries			22	42	28	87			83	419
Ending balance	\$	1,222 \$	2,765 \$	252	\$ 399	\$ 286	\$ 207	\$	161 \$	25,248

									Com	mercial				
		Re	esidentia	l Real Esta	te				Real	Estate -				Lease
Three Months Ended	C	)wner	Owner	Occupied-	Nor	Owner	Comme	rcial	Pur	chased	Co	nstruction &	Commercial &	& Financing
June 30, 2014 (in thousands)	Oc	cupied	Corre	spondent	Oc	cupied	Real Es	state	Who	le Loans	Land	l Development	t Industrial	Receivables
Beginning balance	\$	7,751	\$		\$	984	\$	7,901	\$	34	\$	1,192	\$ 1,080	\$
Provision		460		60		(141)		(206)	)			(185)	70	3
Charge offs		(202)				(7)		(2)	)			(1)	(20	))
Recoveries		46				3		3				84	22	!
Ending balance	\$	8,055	\$	60	\$	839	\$	7,696	\$	34	\$	1,090	\$ 1,152	2 \$ 3

	War	ehouse					Consumer				
(continued)		nes of redit	Home Equity	RPG Loans	Credit Cards	0	verdrafts	Purchased Whole Loans	_	ther sumer	Total
Beginning balance	\$	477 \$	2,371	\$	\$ 276	\$	212	\$	\$	89 \$	22,367
Provision		133	235	(17)	40		113			128	693
Charge offs			(217)		(37)		(142)			(87)	(715)
Recoveries			14	63	7		97			88	427
Ending balance	\$	610 \$	2,403	\$ 46	\$ 286	\$	280	\$	\$	218 \$	22,772

#### Table of Contents

The following tables present the activity in the Allowance by portfolio class for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

		Re	esidenti	al Real Esta	te				mmercial al Estate -			Lease
Six Months Ended	C	)wner	Owner	Occupied-	Non (	Owner	Commercia	l Pu	urchased	Construction &	Commercial	& Financing
June 30, 2015 (in thousands)	Oc	cupied	Corr	espondent	Occi	upied	Real Estate	Wh	ole Loans	Land Developmen	t Industrial	Receivables
Beginning balance	\$	8,565	\$	567	\$	837	\$ 7,74	0 \$	34	\$ 926	5 \$ 1,16	7 \$ 25
Provision		(173)		41		90	16	4	1	174	4:	2 51
Charge offs		(314)				(29)	(15	4)			(50	6)
Recoveries		124				6	9	0			38	8
Ending balance	\$	8,202	\$	608	\$	904	\$ 7,84	0 \$	35	\$ 1,100	1,19	1 \$ 76

(continued)	Li	rehouse nes of Credit	Home Equity	RPG Loans	Credit Cards	Ov	Consumer erdrafts	Purchased Vhole Loans	Other onsumer	Total
Beginning balance	\$	799 \$	2,730 \$	6 44	\$ 285	\$	382	\$ 185	\$ 124 \$	24,410
Provision		423	48	(3)	144		(22)	94	15	1,089
Charge offs			(72)	(26)	(71)		(249)	(72)	(160)	(1,203)
Recoveries			59	237	41		175		182	952
Ending balance	\$	1,222 \$	2,765 \$	252	\$ 399	\$	286	\$ 207	\$ 161 \$	25,248

								(	Commercial					
		R	esidentia	al Real Esta	te			R	Real Estate -				Lease	
Six Months Ended	C	)wner	Owner	Occupied-	No	n Owner	Commercia	ıl	Purchased	Co	onstruction & C	Commercial	& Financir	ıg
June 30, 2014 (in thousands)	O	cupied	Corre	spondent	0	ccupied	Real Estat	e V	Vhole Loans	Lan	d Development	Industrial	Receivab	les
Beginning balance	\$	7,816	\$		\$	1,023	\$ 8,30	9 \$	34	\$	1,296	\$ 1,089	9 \$	
Provision		578		60		(171)	(38	4)			(273)	13	3	3
Charge offs		(419)				(22)	(37	4)			(18)	(20	0)	
Recoveries		80				9	14	5			85	70	)	
Ending balance	\$	8,055	\$	60	\$	839	\$ 7,69	6 \$	34	\$	1,090	\$ 1,152	2 \$	3

	War	ehouse					Consumer				
(continued)		nes of redit	Home Equity	RPG Loans	Credit Cards	0	verdrafts	Purchased Whole Loans	_	other Isumer	Total
Beginning balance	\$	449 \$	2,396	\$	\$ 289	\$	199	\$	\$	126 \$	23,026
Provision		161	235	(480)	22		160			66	(10)
Charge offs			(283)		(42)		(293)			(156)	(1,627)
Recoveries			55	526	17		214			182	1,383
Ending balance	\$	610 \$	2,403	\$ 46	\$ 286	\$	280	\$	\$	218 \$	22,772

#### Non-performing Loans and Non-performing Assets

Detail of non-performing loans and non-performing assets follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Jur	ne 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Loans on non-accrual status(1)	\$	24,624 \$	23,337
Loans past due 90-days-or-more and still on accrual(2)			322
Total non-performing loans		24,624	23,659
Other real estate owned		2,920	11,243
Total non-performing assets	\$	27,544 \$	34,902
Credit Quality Ratios:			
Non-performing loans to total loans		0.74%	0.78%
Non-performing assets to total loans (including OREO)		0.83%	1.14%
Non-performing assets to total assets		0.68%	0.93%

Loans on non-accrual status include impaired loans. (1)

All loans past due 90-days-or-more and still accruing are PCI loans accounted for under ASC 310-30. (2)

The following table presents the recorded investment in non-accrual loans and loans past due 90-days-or-more and still on accrual by class of loans:

		Non	Accrual			90-Days-or-M	
(dollars in thousands)	Jui	ne 30, 2015		ember 31, 2014	June 30, 2015	Accruing Inter Decem	ber 31, 2014
Residential real estate:							
Owner occupied	\$	12,972	\$	10,903	\$	\$	322
Owner occupied - correspondent							
Non owner occupied		1,344		2,352			
Commercial real estate		5,878		6,151			
Commercial real estate - purchased							
whole loans							
Construction & land development		2,080		1,990			
Commercial & industrial		201		169			
Lease financing receivables							
Warehouse lines of credit							
Home equity		2,065		1,678			
Consumer:							
RPG loans							
Credit cards							
Overdrafts							
Purchased whole loans							

Edgar Filing: REPUBLIC BANCORP INC /KY/ - Form 10-Q

Other consumer	84	94	
Total	\$ 24,624	\$ 23,337 \$	\$ 322

<sup>\* -</sup> For all periods presented, loans past due 90-days-or-more and still on accrual consist entirely of PCI loans.

Non-accrual loans and loans past due 90-days-or-more and still on accrual include both smaller balance, primarily retail, homogeneous loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment and individually classified impaired loans. Non-accrual loans are typically returned to accrual status when all the principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and held current for six consecutive months and future contractual payments are reasonably assured. Troubled Debt Restructurings ( TDRs ) on non-accrual status are reviewed for return to accrual status on an individual basis, with additional consideration given to performance under the modified terms.

#### Table of Contents

#### **Delinquent Loans**

The following tables present the aging of the recorded investment in loans by class of loans:

June 30, 2015 (dollars in thousands)		80 - 59 Days linquent	]	60 - 89 Days Delinquent		90 or More Days Delinquent*		Total Delinquent		Total Not Delinquent		Total
Residential real estate:												
Owner occupied	\$	2,173	\$	1,551	\$	3,803	\$	7,527	\$	1,092,606	\$	1,100,133
Owner occupied - correspondent										243,140		243,140
Non owner occupied										101,765		101,765
Commercial real estate		20				263		283		798,875		799,158
Commercial real estate -												
purchased whole loans										35,277		35,277
Construction & land												
development						1,500		1,500		45,538		47,038
Commercial & industrial										202,456		202,456
Lease financing receivables										7,242		7,242
Warehouse lines of credit										488,905		488,905
Home equity		202		183		1,169		1,554		266,016		267,570
Consumer:												
RPG loans		113		31				144		6,323		6,467
Credit cards		49		17				66		10,876		10,942
Overdrafts		154						154		1,250		1,404
Purchased whole loans		13		17				30		3,577		3,607
Other consumer		86		11				97		8,776		8,873
	φ.	• 040	Φ.	1 010	_	< =0.	Φ.		Φ.	2 2 4 2 4 2 2	Φ.	2 222 255
Total	\$	,	\$	1,810	\$	6,735	\$	11,355		3,312,622	\$	3,323,977
Delinquency ratio**		0.08%	6	0.05%	,	0.20%	6	0.34%	6			

December 31, 2014 (dollars in thousands)	30 - Da Delino	ys	]	60 - 89 Days Delinquent	00 or More Days Delinquent*	Total Delinquent	Total Not Delinquent	Total
Residential real estate:								
Owner occupied	\$	3,039	\$	1,329	\$ 3,640	\$ 8,008	\$ 1,110,333	\$ 1,118,341
Owner occupied - correspondent							226,628	226,628
Non owner occupied		36		635	105	776	95,716	96,492
Commercial real estate		585			2,387	2,972	769,337	772,309
Commercial real estate -								
purchased whole loans							34,898	34,898
Construction & land								
development					1,990	1,990	36,490	38,480
Commercial & industrial		211				211	157,128	157,339
Lease financing receivables							2,530	2,530
Warehouse lines of credit							319,431	319,431
Home equity		706		158	498	1,362	244,317	245,679
Consumer:								
RPG loans		107		34		141	3,954	4,095
Credit cards		124		10		134	9,439	9,573

Overdrafts	178			178	1,002	1,180
Purchased whole loans	12			12	4,614	4,626
Other consumer	38	29		67	8,827	8,894
Total	\$ 5,036 \$	2,195 \$	8,620 \$	15,851 \$	3,024,644 \$	3,040,495
Delinquency ratio**	0.17%	0.07%	0.28%	0.52%		

<sup>\* -</sup> All loans, excluding PCI loans, 90-days-or-more past due as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were on non-accrual status.

<sup>\*\* -</sup> Represents total loans past due by aging category divided by total loans.

#### Table of Contents

#### **Impaired Loans**

The Bank defines impaired loans as follows:

- All loans internally rated as Substandard, Doubtful or Loss;
- All loans internally rated in a PCI category with cash flows that have deteriorated from management s initial acquisition day estimate;
- All loans on non-accrual status and non-PCI loans past due 90 days-or-more still on accrual;
- All retail and commercial TDRs; and
- Any other situation where the full collection of the total amount due for a loan is improbable or otherwise meets the definition of impaired.

See the section titled Credit Quality Indicators in this section of the filing for additional discussion regarding the Bank's loan classification structure.

Information regarding the Bank s impaired loans follows:

(in thousands)	Jun	e 30, 2015	Decemb	per 31, 2014
Loans with no allocated allowance for loan losses	\$	30,772	\$	32,560
Loans with allocated allowance for loan losses		45,647		53,620
Total impaired loans	\$	76,419	\$	86,180
Amount of the allowance for loan losses allocated	\$	5,757	\$	5,564

Approximately \$7 million and \$10 million of impaired loans at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were PCI loans. Approximately \$4 million and \$6 million of impaired loans at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were formerly PCI loans which became classified as Impaired through a post-acquisition troubled debt restructuring.

#### Table of Contents

The following tables present the balance in the Allowance and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio class based on impairment method as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

		Re	sider	ntial Real Esta	te				-	ommercial eal Estate -				T	ease
June 30, 2015 (in thousands)		Owner Occupied	Owr		No	on Owner Occupied			P	Purchased		nstruction & Co		Fin	ancing
June 30, 2013 (in thousands)	•	occupicu	Cu	respondent		ccupicu	1	cai Estate	**	noic Loans	anc	Development	muustiai	Rec	civables
Allowance:															
Ending Allowance balance:															
Individually evaluated for															
impairment, excluding PCI	_		_		_		_		_		_			_	
loans	\$	3,874	\$		\$	129	\$	757	\$		\$	166 \$	233	\$	
Collectively evaluated for		4.050		600		706		6.040		2.5		024	0.1.0		7.0
impairment		4,258		608		706		6,849		35		934	818		76
PCI loans with post acquisition impairment		70				69		234					140		
PCI loans without post		70				09		234					140		
acquisition impairment															
acquisition impairment															
Total ending Allowance:	\$	8,202	\$	608	\$	904	\$	7,840	\$	35	\$	1,100 \$	1,191	\$	76
Ž.															
Loans:															
Impaired loans individually															
evaluated, excluding PCI															
loans	\$	39,845	\$		\$	3,272	\$	17,530	\$		\$	2,787 \$	3,702	\$	
Loans collectively evaluated		4 050 060		242440		07.004		==1 210		25.255			405.540		<b>5.0.10</b>
for impairment		1,059,362		243,140		97,291		771,349		35,277		44,214	197,518		7,242
PCI loans with post		200				1.002		2.002					1.167		
acquisition impairment PCI loans without post		398				1,083		3,882					1,167		
		528				119		6,397				37	69		
acquisition impairment		320				119		0,397				31	09		
Total ending loan balance	\$	1,100,133	\$	243,140	\$	101,765	\$	799,158	\$	35,277	\$	47,038 \$	202,456	\$	7,242

	Warehouse					Consumer			
(continued)	Lines of Credit	Home Equity	RPG Loans	Credit Cards	Ove	erdrafts	urchased nole Loans	Other onsumer	Total
Allowance:									
Ending Allowance balance:									
Individually evaluated for									
impairment, excluding PCI loans	\$ 5	\$ 36.5	8	\$	\$		\$	\$ 49 \$	5,244
Collectively evaluated for	•							·	ŕ
impairment	1,222	2,729	252	399		286	207	112	19,491
PCI loans with post acquisition impairment									513
PCI loans without post acquisition impairment									
Total ending Allowance:	\$ 1,222 5	\$ 2,765	\$ 252	\$ 399	\$	286	\$ 207	\$ 161 \$	25,248

Loans: Impaired loans individually evaluated, excluding PCI loans	\$ \$	2.658 \$		\$	\$	\$	\$ 95 \$	69,889
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	488,905	264,912	6,467	10,942	1,404	3,607	8,777	3,240,407
PCI loans with post acquisition impairment								6,530
PCI loans without post acquisition impairment							1	7,151
Total ending loan balance	\$ 488,905 \$	267,570 \$	6,467	\$ 10,942	\$ 1,404	\$ 3,607	\$ 8,873 \$	3,323,977

## Table of Contents

December 31, 2014 (	(in thousands)	(		Own	tial Real Est ter Occupied rrespondent	l - No				e - d Consti			
Allowance:													
Ending Allowance ba	lance:												
Individually evaluate													
impairment, excludin		\$	3,251	\$		\$	101 \$	\$ 913	\$	\$	187 \$	302	\$
Collectively evaluate			5,264		567		672	6,462		34	739	800	25
PCI loans with post a	cquisition		50				64					65	
impairment PCI loans without poi impairment	st acquisition		30				04	365				03	
Total ending Allowar	nce:	\$	8,565	\$	567	\$	837 \$	\$ 7,740	\$	34 \$	926 \$	1,167	\$ 25
Loans:													
Impaired loans indivi	dually												
evaluated, excluding		\$	41,265	\$		\$	3,388 \$	\$ 22,521	\$	\$	2,627 \$	4,319	\$
Loans collectively ev impairment		Ψ	1,075,871	Ψ	226,628		91,395	736,965	34,8		35,357	151,776	
PCI loans with post a	cquisition		,,		-,		,,,,,,,	,.	- ,-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,	,
impairment	•		725				1,554	6,341				1,158	
PCI loans without po-	st acquisition												
impairment			480				155	6,482			496	86	
Total ending loan bal	ance	\$	1,118,341	\$	226,628	\$	96,492 \$	\$ 772,309	\$ 34,8	98 \$	38,480 \$	157,339	\$ 2,530
	Warehouse		**		DDC	•		Consu		urchased	0	ther	
(continued)	Lines of Credit		Home Equity		RPG Loans		redit Cards	Overdraft		iole Loan	_	sumer	Total
Allowance:								Overdraft			_		Total
` ′								Overdraft			_		Total
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance:								Overdraft			_		Total
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually								Overdraft			_		Total
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for								Overdraft			_		Total
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment,	Credit	\$	Equity	25 \$				Overdraft			_		<b>Total</b> 5,019
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans	Credit	\$	Equity			(			s WI		s Con	sumer	
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans Collectively	Credit	\$	Equity 22	25 \$		(		\$	s WI	ole Loan	s Con	sumer	5,019
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans Collectively evaluated for	Credit	\$	Equity	25 \$		(			s WI	ole Loan	s Con	sumer	
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans Collectively evaluated for impairment PCI loans with post	Credit	\$	Equity 22	25 \$	Loans	(	Cards	\$	s WI	ole Loan	s Con	40 \$	5,019
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans Collectively evaluated for impairment PCI loans with post acquisition	Credit	\$	Equity 22	25 \$	Loans	(	Cards	\$	s WI	ole Loan	s Con	40 \$ 83	5,019 18,846
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans Collectively evaluated for impairment PCI loans with post acquisition impairment	Credit	\$	Equity 22	25 \$	Loans	(	Cards	\$	s WI	ole Loan	s Con	40 \$	5,019
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans Collectively evaluated for impairment PCI loans with post acquisition impairment PCI loans without	Credit	\$	Equity 22	25 \$	Loans	(	Cards	\$	s WI	ole Loan	s Con	40 \$ 83	5,019 18,846
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans Collectively evaluated for impairment PCI loans with post acquisition impairment PCI loans without post acquisition	Credit	\$	Equity 22	25 \$	Loans	(	Cards	\$	s WI	ole Loan	s Con	40 \$ 83	5,019 18,846
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans Collectively evaluated for impairment PCI loans with post acquisition impairment PCI loans without post acquisition impairment	Credit	\$	Equity 22	25 \$	Loans	(	Cards	\$	s WI	ole Loan	s Con	40 \$ 83	5,019 18,846
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans Collectively evaluated for impairment PCI loans with post acquisition impairment PCI loans without post acquisition impairment Total ending	\$ 799		22 2,50	25 \$	Loans 44	\$	285	\$ 38	\$ WI	a <b>ole Loan</b>	\$ Con	40 \$ 83	5,019 18,846 545
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans Collectively evaluated for impairment PCI loans with post acquisition impairment PCI loans without post acquisition impairment	Credit		Equity 22	25 \$	Loans	(	Cards	\$ 38	s WI	a <b>ole Loan</b>	s Con	40 \$ 83	5,019 18,846
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans Collectively evaluated for impairment PCI loans with post acquisition impairment PCI loans without post acquisition impairment Total ending Allowance: Loans:	\$ 799		22 2,50	25 \$	Loans 44	\$	285	\$ 38	\$ WI	a <b>ole Loan</b>	\$ Con	40 \$ 83	5,019 18,846 545
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans Collectively evaluated for impairment PCI loans with post acquisition impairment PCI loans without post acquisition impairment Total ending Allowance: Loans: Impaired loans individually	\$ 799		22 2,50	25 \$	Loans 44	\$	285	\$ 38	\$ WI	a <b>ole Loan</b>	\$ Con	40 \$ 83	5,019 18,846 545
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans Collectively evaluated for impairment PCI loans with post acquisition impairment PCI loans without post acquisition impairment Total ending Allowance: Loans: Impaired loans individually evaluated, excluding	* 799	\$	22 2,50 2,73	25 \$	Loans 44	\$	285	\$ 38	\$ WI	a <b>ole Loan</b>	\$ Con \$	40 \$ 83 1 124 \$	5,019 18,846 545
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans Collectively evaluated for impairment PCI loans with post acquisition impairment PCI loans without post acquisition impairment  Total ending Allowance: Loans: Impaired loans individually evaluated, excluding PCI loans	\$ 799		22 2,50	25 \$	Loans 44	\$	285	\$ 38	\$ WI	a <b>ole Loan</b>	\$ Con	40 \$ 83	5,019 18,846 545
Allowance: Ending Allowance balance: Individually evaluated for impairment, excluding PCI loans Collectively evaluated for impairment PCI loans with post acquisition impairment PCI loans without post acquisition impairment Total ending Allowance: Loans: Impaired loans individually evaluated, excluding	* 799	\$	22 2,50 2,73	25 \$	Loans 44	\$	285	\$ 38	\$ WI	a <b>ole Loan</b>	\$ Con \$	40 \$ 83 1 124 \$	5,019 18,846 545

PCI loans with post acquisition impairment							10	9,788
PCI loans without post acquisition impairment							3	7,702
Total ending loan balance	\$ 319,431 \$	245,679 \$	4,095	\$ 9,573	\$ 1,180	\$ 4,626 \$	8,894 \$	3,040,495
				27				

#### Table of Contents

The following tables present loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. The difference between the Unpaid Principal Balance and Recorded Investment columns represents life-to-date partial write downs/charge offs taken on individual impaired credits.

			Jun	As of e 30, 2015						nths End 0, 2015		Basis		Si		ths Ende 30, 2015		. Dogia
(in thousands)	P	Jnpaid rincipal Balance		ecorded vestment		owance ocated	Avera Record Investm	led	In	terest come ognized	Inte Inc	erest ome	Av Re	verage corded estment	In	terest come ognized	Int Inc	n Basis erest come egnized
Impaired loans with no																		
related allowance recorded:																		
Residential real estate:																		
Owner occupied	\$	13,604	\$	12,738	\$		\$ 9.	,152	\$	192	\$		\$	7,769	\$	387	\$	
Owner occupied -		ĺ		ĺ	·				·		-			,	·			
correspondent																		
Non owner occupied		2,520		2,399			2.	494		45				2,268		90		
Commercial real estate		10,157		9,403			11.	,697		136				14,039		277		
Commercial real estate -		,		,										,				
purchased whole loans																		
Construction & land																		
development		2,120		2,120			2.	,122		33				2,138		67		
Commercial & industrial		1,559		1,559			2.	589		25				3,251		51		
Lease financing receivables																		
Warehouse lines of credit																		
Home equity		2,788		2,515			2.	,285		41				2,030		83		
Consumer:																		
RPG loans																		
Credit cards																		
Overdrafts																		
Purchased whole loans																		
Other consumer		38		38				19		1				19		2		
Impaired loans with an																		
allowance recorded:																		
Residential real estate:																		
Owner occupied		27,646		27,505		3,944	31	,677		243				33,436		487		
Owner occupied -																		
correspondent																		
Non owner occupied		1,956		1,956		198	2	,435		24				3,007		48		
Commercial real estate		12,051		12,009		991	11.	,804		143				13,085		287		
Commercial real estate -																		
purchased whole loans																		
Construction & land																		
development		667		667		166		673		10				580		20		
Commercial & industrial		3,310		3,310		373	2.	,331		50				1,890		101		
Lease financing receivables																		
Warehouse lines of credit		4.45		4.40		2.		200						440				
Home equity		147		143		36		389		2				419		4		
Consumer:																		
RPG loans																		
Credit cards																		
Overdrafts																		
Purchased whole loans		57		57		40		51						50				
Other consumer Total impaired loans	¢	57	ф	57 76 410	¢	49 5 757		51 ,718	¢	0.45	¢		¢	59 83,990	¢	1.004	¢	
rotai impaired toans	\$	78,620	\$	76,419	\$	5,757	<b>э</b> /9	,/18	\$	945	\$		\$	03,990	\$	1,904	\$	

## Table of Contents

	As of December 31, 2014									nths End 0, 2014	led Cash	Docis				nths Ende 30, 2014		h Basis
(in thousands)	Pr	Inpaid rincipal alance		ecorded vestment		owance located	Rec	erage orded stment	In	terest come ognized	Inte Inco	rest ome	Re	verage corded estment	Ir	nterest ncome ognized	In In	terest come ognized
Impaired loans with no related allowance																		
recorded:																		
Residential real estate:																		
Owner occupied	\$	6,598	\$	6,196	\$		\$	7,104	\$	78	\$	5	\$	6,925	\$	125	\$	
Owner occupied -																		
correspondent																		
Non owner occupied		2,368		2,215				1,474		15				1,401		25		
Commercial real estate		17,282		16,248				17,236		150				18,475		290		
Commercial real estate -																		
purchased whole loans																		
Construction & land																		
development		2,144		2,144				2,081		1				2,083		2		
Commercial & industrial		3,943		3,943				4,181		61				4,206		121		
Lease financing receivables																		
Warehouse lines of credit																		
Home equity		1,969		1,814				1,903		11				1,794		21		
Consumer:																		
RPG loans																		
Credit cards																		
Overdrafts																		
Purchased whole loans																		
Other consumer														6				
Impaired loans with an																		
allowance recorded:																		
Residential real estate:																		
Owner occupied		36,361		35,794		3,301		35,048		253				34,731		493		
Owner occupied -																		
correspondent																		
Non owner occupied		2,755		2,727		165		5,791		122				6,123		175		
Commercial real estate		12,653		12,614		1,278		19,078		207				21,744		374		
Commercial real estate -																		
purchased whole loans																		
Construction & land																		
development		483		483		187		508		6				563		11		
Commercial & industrial		1,534		1,534		367		1,540		58				1,651		60		
Lease financing receivables																		
Warehouse lines of credit																		
Home equity		452		406		225		586						620				
Consumer:																		
RPG loans																		
Credit cards																		
Overdrafts																		
Purchased whole loans																		
Other consumer		62		62		41		79						79		1		
Total impaired loans	\$	88,604	\$	86,180	\$	5,564	\$	96,609	\$	962	\$	5	\$	100,401	\$	1,698	\$	

#### Table of Contents

#### **Troubled Debt Restructurings**

A TDR is the situation where, due to a borrower s financial difficulties, the Bank grants a concession to the borrower that the Bank would not otherwise have considered. In order to determine whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulty, an evaluation is performed of the probability that the borrower will be in payment default on any of its debt in the foreseeable future without the modification. This evaluation is performed under the Bank s internal underwriting policy.

All TDRs are considered Impaired, including PCI loans subsequently restructured. The majority of the Bank's commercial related and construction TDRs involve a restructuring of financing terms such as a reduction in the payment amount to require only interest and escrow (if required) and/or extending the maturity date of the debt. The substantial majority of the Bank's residential real estate TDR concessions involve reducing the client's loan payment through a rate reduction for a set period of time based on the borrower's ability to service the modified loan payment. Retail loans may also be classified as TDRs due to legal modifications, such as bankruptcies.

Non-accrual loans modified as TDRs typically remain on non-accrual status and continue to be reported as non-performing loans for a minimum of six months. Accruing loans modified as TDRs are evaluated for non-accrual status based on a current evaluation of the borrower s financial condition and ability and willingness to service the modified debt. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, \$16 million and \$14 million of TDRs were on non-accrual status.

Detail of TDRs differentiated by loan type and accrual status follows:

	Restruc Non-Acc	Troubled Debt Restructurings on Non-Accrual Status			bled Del cturings 1al Statt	s on us	Total Troubled Debt Restructurings			
June 30, 2015 (dollars in thousands)	Number of Loans		Recorded nvestment	Number of Recorded Loans Investment		Number of Loans		Recorded nvestment		
Residential real estate	81	\$	8,043	233	\$	29,467	314	\$	37,510	
Commercial real estate Construction & land development	10		5,567 2,080	22 6		11,437 706	32		17,004 2,786	
Commercial & industrial	1		201	9		3,501	10		3,702	
Total troubled debt restructurings	95	\$	15,891	270	\$	45,111	365	\$	61,002	

	Troubled Debt Restructurings on Non-Accrual Status			Restruct	led Deb turings al Statu	on	Total Troubled Debt Restructurings			
December 31, 2014 (dollars in thousands)	Number of Loans		ecorded vestment	Number of Recorded Loans Investment		Number of Loans		Recorded evestment		
Residential real estate	74	\$	7,166	250	\$	31,966	324	\$	39,132	
Commercial real estate	8		5,030	30		14,502	38		19,532	
Construction & land development	2		1,990	6		637	8		2,627	
Commercial & industrial				8		3,975	8		3,975	

Total troubled debt restructurings 84 \$ 14,186 294 \$ 51,080 378 \$ 65,266

30

#### Table of Contents

The Bank considers a TDR to be performing to its modified terms if the loan is in accrual status and not past due 30 days or more as of the reporting date. A summary of the categories of TDR loan modifications outstanding and respective performance under modified terms at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 follows:

**Troubled Debt** 

Restructurings

Not Performing to

**Modified Terms** 

**Total** 

**Troubled Debt** 

Restructurings

**Troubled Debt** 

Restructurings

Performing to

**Modified Terms** 

	Modifie				ea rern			icturing	
	Number of		ecorded	Number of		ecorded	Number of		ecorded
June 30, 2015 (dollars in thousands)	Loans	In	vestment	Loans	Inv	vestment	Loans	Inv	vestment
Residential real estate loans									
(including home equity loans):									
Interest only payments	2	\$	637	5	\$	415	7	\$	1,052
Rate reduction	183		24,911	44		5,729	227		30,640
Principal deferral	10		843	7		789	17		1,632
Legal modifications	31		2,598	32		1,588	63		4,186
Total residential TDRs	226		28,989	88		8,521	314		37,510
Commercial related and									
construction/land development									
loans:									
Interest only payments	9		3,189	2		876	11		4,065
Rate reduction	13		6,664	5		2,564	18		9,228
Principal deferral	15		5,791	7		4,408	22		10,199
Total commercial TDRs	37		15,644	14		7,848	51		23,492
Total troubled debt restructurings	263	\$	44,633	102	\$	16,369	365	\$	61,002
	Restr	ıbled De ructurir orming	ngs	Restr	bled Del ucturing	gs		otal	ot
	Resti Perfe		ngs to	Restr Not Pe		gs g to	Troul	Total oled Deb ucturing	
	Resti Perfe	ructurii orming fied Tei	ngs to	Restr Not Pe	ucturing rforming fied Term	gs g to	Troul	oled Deb	
December 31, 2014 (dollars in thousands)	Resti Perfe Modi	ructuring fied Ten	ngs to rms	Restr Not Pe Modif	ructuring rforming fied Tern F	gs g to ms	Troul Restr	oled Deb ucturing R	gs
December 31, 2014 (dollars in thousands) Residential real estate loans (including	Resti Perfo Modii Number of	ructuring fied Ten	ngs to rms Recorded	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of	ructuring rforming fied Tern F	gs g to ms Recorded	Troul Restr Number of	oled Deb ucturing R	gs ecorded
	Resti Perfo Modii Number of	ructuring fied Ten	ngs to rms Recorded	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of	ructuring rforming fied Tern F	gs g to ms Recorded	Troul Restr Number of	oled Deb ucturing R	gs ecorded
Residential real estate loans (including	Resti Perfo Modii Number of	ructuring fied Ten	ngs to rms Recorded	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of	ructuring rforming fied Tern F	gs g to ms Recorded	Troul Restr Number of	oled Deb ucturing R	gs ecorded
Residential real estate loans (including	Resti Perfo Modii Number of	ructuring fied Ten	ngs to rms Recorded	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of	ructuring rforming fied Tern F	gs g to ms Recorded	Troul Restr Number of	oled Deb ucturing R	gs ecorded
Residential real estate loans (including home equity loans):	Resti Perfo Modii Number of Loans	ructurin forming fied Ter I	ngs to rms Recorded nvestment	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of Loans	ructurin; rformin; fied Terr F In	gs g to ms Recorded avestment	Troul Restr Number of Loans	oled Deb ucturing R In	s ecorded vestment
Residential real estate loans (including home equity loans):  Interest only payments Rate reduction Principal deferral	Restu Perfo Modif Number of Loans	ructurin forming fied Ter I	ngs to rms Recorded nvestment 218 25,080 1,408	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of Loans	ructurin; rformin; fied Terr F In	gs g to ms Recorded evestment	Troul Restr Number of Loans	oled Deb ucturing R In	ecorded vestment
Residential real estate loans (including home equity loans):  Interest only payments Rate reduction	Restu Perfo Modif Number of Loans	ructurin forming fied Ter I	ngs to rms Recorded nvestment 218 25,080	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of Loans 4 61	ructurin; rformin; fied Terr F In	gs g to ms Recorded evestment 389 7,376	Troul Restriction Number of Loans  6 234	oled Deb ucturing R In	ecorded vestment 607 32,456
Residential real estate loans (including home equity loans):  Interest only payments Rate reduction Principal deferral	Restu Perfo Modif Number of Loans 2 173 12	ructurin forming fied Ter I	ngs to rms Recorded nvestment 218 25,080 1,408	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of Loans 4 61 5	ructurin; rformin; fied Terr F In	gs g to ms Recorded evestment 389 7,376 349	Troul Restr Number of Loans  6 234 17	oled Deb ucturing R In	607 32,456 1,757
Residential real estate loans (including home equity loans):  Interest only payments Rate reduction Principal deferral Legal modifications	Restr Perfo Modif Number of Loans 2 173 12 33	ructurin forming fied Ter I	218 25,080 1,408 2,675	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of Loans 4 61 5 34	ructurin; rformin; fied Terr F In	gs gg to ms decorded evestment 389 7,376 349 1,637	Troul Restr Number of Loans  6 234 17 67	oled Deb ucturing R In	607 32,456 1,757 4,312
Residential real estate loans (including home equity loans):  Interest only payments Rate reduction Principal deferral Legal modifications	Restr Perfo Modif Number of Loans 2 173 12 33	ructurin forming fied Ter I	218 25,080 1,408 2,675	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of Loans 4 61 5 34	ructurin; rformin; fied Terr F In	gs gg to ms decorded evestment 389 7,376 349 1,637	Troul Restr Number of Loans  6 234 17 67	oled Deb ucturing R In	607 32,456 1,757 4,312
Residential real estate loans (including home equity loans):  Interest only payments Rate reduction Principal deferral Legal modifications Total residential TDRs	Restr Perfo Modif Number of Loans 2 173 12 33	ructurin forming fied Ter I	218 25,080 1,408 2,675	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of Loans 4 61 5 34	ructurin; rformin; fied Terr F In	gs gg to ms decorded evestment 389 7,376 349 1,637	Troul Restr Number of Loans  6 234 17 67	oled Deb ucturing R In	607 32,456 1,757 4,312
Residential real estate loans (including home equity loans):  Interest only payments Rate reduction Principal deferral Legal modifications Total residential TDRs  Commercial related and	Restr Perfo Modif Number of Loans 2 173 12 33	ructurin forming fied Ter I	218 25,080 1,408 2,675	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of Loans 4 61 5 34	ructurin; rformin; fied Terr F In	gs gg to ms decorded evestment 389 7,376 349 1,637	Troul Restr Number of Loans  6 234 17 67	oled Deb ucturing R In	607 32,456 1,757 4,312
Residential real estate loans (including home equity loans):  Interest only payments Rate reduction Principal deferral Legal modifications Total residential TDRs  Commercial related and construction/land development loans:	Restr Perfo Modif Number of Loans 2 173 12 33 220	ructurin forming fied Ter I	218 25,080 1,408 2,675 29,381	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of Loans 4 61 5 34 104	ructurin; rformin; fied Terr F In	389 7,376 349 1,637 9,751	Troul Restri Number of Loans  6 234 17 67 324	oled Deb ucturing R In	607 32,456 1,757 4,312 39,132
Residential real estate loans (including home equity loans):  Interest only payments Rate reduction Principal deferral Legal modifications Total residential TDRs  Commercial related and construction/land development loans: Interest only payments	Restr Perfo Modif Number of Loans 2 173 12 33 220	ructurin forming fied Ter I	218 25,080 1,408 2,675 29,381	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of Loans 4 61 5 34 104	ructurin; rformin; fied Terr F In	gs g to ms Recorded evestment 389 7,376 349 1,637 9,751	Troul Restrict Number of Loans  6 234 17 67 324	oled Deb ucturing R In	607 32,456 1,757 4,312 39,132
Residential real estate loans (including home equity loans):  Interest only payments Rate reduction Principal deferral Legal modifications Total residential TDRs  Commercial related and construction/land development loans: Interest only payments Rate reduction	Restr Performance Modif Number of Loans  2 173 12 33 220	ructurin forming fied Ter I	218 25,080 1,408 2,675 29,381	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of Loans  4 61 5 34 104	ructurin; rformin; fied Terr F In	389 7,376 349 1,637 9,751	Troul Restri Number of Loans  6 234 17 67 324	oled Deb ucturing R In	607 32,456 1,757 4,312 39,132 5,096 10,958
Residential real estate loans (including home equity loans):  Interest only payments Rate reduction Principal deferral Legal modifications Total residential TDRs  Commercial related and construction/land development loans: Interest only payments Rate reduction Principal deferral	Restr Perfo Modif Number of Loans  2 173 12 33 220  10 19 14	ructurin forming fied Ter I	218 25,080 1,408 2,675 29,381 4,170 9,043 5,820	Restr Not Pe Modif Number of Loans  4 61 5 34 104	ructurin; rformin; fied Terr F In	389 7,376 349 1,637 9,751	12 22 20	oled Deb ucturing R In	607 32,456 1,757 4,312 39,132 5,096 10,958 10,080

#### Table of Contents

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, 73% and 74% of the Bank s TDRs were performing according to their modified terms. The Bank had provided \$5 million and \$4 million of specific reserve allocations to customers whose loan terms have been modified in TDRs as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. Specific reserve allocations are generally assessed prior to loans being modified as a TDR, as most of these loans migrate from the Bank s internal watch list and have been specifically provided for or reserved for as part of the Bank s normal loan and lease provisioning methodology. The Bank has not committed to lend any additional material amounts to its existing TDR relationships at June 30, 2015 or December 31, 2014.

#### Table of Contents

Interest only payments

Total commercial TDRs

Total troubled debt restructurings

A summary of the categories of TDR loan modifications and respective performance as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 that were modified during the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

**Troubled Debt** 

Restructurings

**Total** 

**Troubled Debt** 

Restructurings

		rming to		Not Performing to Modified Terms			Troubled Debt Restructurings			
June 30, 2015 (dollars in thousands)	Number of Loans		ecorded vestment	Number of Loans		ecorded estment	Number of Loans		Recorded evestment	
Residential real estate loans										
(including home equity loans):										
Rate reduction		\$		2	\$	308	2	\$	308	
Principal deferral				1		24	1		24	
Legal modifications				2		55	2		55	
Total residential TDRs				5		387	5		387	
Commercial related and construction/land development loans:										
Interest only payments	1		92				1		92	
Rate reduction	2		833	1		57	3		890	
Principal deferral	4		884	1		201	5		1,085	
Total commercial TDRs	7		1,809	2		258	9		2,067	
Total troubled debt restructurings	7	\$	1,809	7	\$	645	14	\$	2,454	
June 30, 2014 (dollars in thousands)	Restru Perfoi		S	Restru Not Per			Troul			
Residential real estate loans										
(including home equity loans): Rate reduction	2	\$	194	1	\$	251	7	\$	5.15	
	3 3	Ф	360	1	Ф	351 30	7 4	Ф	545 390	
Principal deferral										
Legal modifications	4		160	3		95	7		255	
Total residential TDRs	10		714	8		476	18		1,190	
Commercial related and										
construction/land development										
loans:										

As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, 74% and 44% of the Bank s TDRs that occurred during the second quarters of 2015 and 2014 were performing according to their modified terms. The Bank provided \$221,000 and \$54,000 in specific reserve allocations to customers whose loan terms were modified in TDRs during the second quarters of 2015 and 2014. As stated above, specific reserves are generally assessed prior to loans being modified as a TDR, as most of these loans migrate from the Bank s internal watch list and have been specifically reserved for as part of the Bank s normal reserving methodology.

714

10

\$

1

9

\$

443

443

919

1

19

\$

443

443

1,633

There were no significant changes between the pre and post modification loan balances for the three months ending June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014.

#### Table of Contents

A summary of the categories of TDR loan modifications and respective performance as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 that were modified during the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

June 30, 2015 (dollars in thousands)	Restru Perfor				Troubled Debt Restructurings Not Performing to Modified Terms Number of Recorded Loans Investment			
Residential real estate loans								
(including home equity loans):								
Interest only payments	1	\$	622		\$		1	\$ 622
Rate reduction	4		403	5		465	9	868
Principal deferral				2		48	2	48
Legal modifications				5		290	5	290
Total residential TDRs	5		1,025	12		803	17	1,828
Commercial related and								
construction/land development								
loans:								
Interest only payments	3		467				3	467
Rate reduction	2		833	2		1,825	4	2,658
Principal deferral	6		884	1		201	7	1,085
Total commercial TDRs	11		2,184	3		2,026	14	4,210
Total troubled debt restructurings	16	\$	3,209	15	\$	2,829	31	\$ 6,038

		oled De acturin			bled Deb ucturing		7	<b>Total</b>			
		rming	0		rforming	•	Troubled Debt				
	Modifi	ed Ter	ms		ied Tern	ns	Restructurings				
	Number of		Recorded	Number of		ecorded	Number of		Recorded		
June 30, 2014 (dollars in thousands)	Loans	I	nvestment	Loans	Loans Investment		Loans	In	vestment		
Residential real estate loans											
(including home equity loans):											
Rate reduction	13	\$	1,042	7	\$	1,470	20	\$	2,512		
Principal deferral	3		360	1		30	4		390		
Legal modifications	22		2,192	11		677	33		2,869		
Total residential TDRs	38		3,594	19		2,177	57		5,771		
Commercial related and											
construction/land development											
loans:											
Interest only payments				1		443	1		443		
Rate reduction				1		1,103	1		1,103		
Principal deferral				2		1,990	2		1,990		
Total commercial TDRs				4		3,536	4		3,536		
Total troubled debt restructurings	38	\$	3,594	23	\$	5,713	61	\$	9,307		

As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, 53% and 39% of the Bank s TDRs that occurred during the first six months of 2015 and 2014 were performing according to their modified terms. The Bank provided \$635,000 and \$142,000 in specific reserve allocations to customers whose loan terms were modified in TDRs during the first six months of 2015 and 2014. As stated above, specific reserves are generally assessed prior to loans

being modified as a TDR, as most of these loans migrate from the Bank s internal watch list and have been specifically reserved for as part of the Bank s normal reserving methodology.

There were no significant changes between the pre and post modification loan balances for the six months ending June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014.

#### Table of Contents

The following table presents loans by class modified as troubled debt restructurings within the previous twelve months of June 30, 2015 and 2014 and for which there was a payment default during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

			Thi	ree Mon	ths Ended	l					S	ix Mont	hs Ended			
				June	e <b>30</b> ,							Jun	e <b>30</b> ,			
	2	201	15			201	14			20	15			20	14	
	Number of	f		orded	Number				Number			orded	Number			corded
(dollars in thousands)	Loans		Inve	stment	Loans	,	Inve	stment	Loans		Inve	stment	Loans	3	Inv	estment
Residential real estate:																
Owner occupied	(	6	\$	432		3	\$	149		11	\$	753		6	\$	1,219
Owner occupied -																
correspondent																
Non owner occupied																
Commercial real estate						1		443						2		1,546
Commercial real estate -																
purchased whole loans																
Construction & land																
development														1		1,500
Commercial & industrial																
Lease financing																
receivables																
Warehouse lines of credit																
Home equity																
Consumer:																
RPG loans																
Credit cards																
Overdrafts																
Purchased whole loans																
Other consumer																
Total	(	6	\$	432		4	\$	592		11	\$	753		9	\$	4,265

The following table presents the carrying amount of foreclosed properties held at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 as a result of the Bank obtaining physical possession of such properties:

(in thousands)	J	une 30, 2015	D	ecember 31, 2014
Residential real estate	\$	405	\$	3,209
Commercial real estate		1,765		3,324
Construction & land development		750		4,710
Total other real estate owned	\$	2,920	\$	11,243

The following table presents the recorded investment in consumer mortgage loans secured by residential real estate properties for which formal foreclosure proceedings were in process according to local requirements of the applicable jurisdiction as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

(in thousands)	Jui	ne 30, 2015	December 31, 2014		
	\$	3,453	\$	2,466	

Recorded investment in consumer residential real estate mortgage loans in the process of foreclosure

#### Table of Contents

#### 4. **DEPOSITS**

Ending deposit balances at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2015	<b>December 31, 2014</b>
Demand	\$ 720,517	\$ 691,787
Money market accounts	489,440	471,339
Brokered money market accounts	120,379	35,649
Savings	104,532	91,625
Individual retirement accounts*	35,113	28,771
Time deposits, \$250,000 and over*	42,493	56,556
Other certificates of deposit*	120,904	104,010
Brokered certificates of deposit*(1)	47,660	75,876
Total interest-bearing deposits	1,681,038	1,555,613
Total non interest-bearing deposits	598,572	502,569
Total deposits	\$ 2,279,610	\$ 2,058,182

<sup>(\*)</sup> Represents a time deposit.

## 5. FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK (FHLB) ADVANCES

At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, FHLB advances were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Overnight advance with an interest rate of 0.15% due on July 1,		
2015	\$ 387,000	\$ 198,000
Variable interest rate advance indexed to 3-Month LIBOR plus		
0.14% due on December 19, 2015	10,000	10,000
Fixed interest rate advances with a weighted average interest rate of		
1.68% due through 2023	419,500	399,500
Putable fixed interest rate advances with a weighted average interest		
rate of 4.39% due through 2017(1)	100,000	100,000
Total FHLB advances	\$ 916,500	\$ 707,500

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes brokered deposits less than, equal to and greater than \$250,000.

(1) - Represents putable advances with the FHLB. These advances have original fixed rate periods ranging from one to five years with original maturities ranging from three to ten years if not put back to the Bank earlier by the FHLB. At the end of their respective fixed rate periods and on a quarterly basis thereafter, the FHLB has the right to require payoff of the advances by the Bank at no penalty. Based on market conditions at this time, the Bank does not believe that any of its putable advances are likely to be put back to the Bank in the short-term by the FHLB.

Each FHLB advance is payable at its maturity date, with a prepayment penalty for fixed rate advances that are paid off earlier than maturity. FHLB advances are collateralized by a blanket pledge of eligible real estate loans. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, Republic had available collateral to borrow an additional \$254 million and \$452 million, respectively, from the FHLB. In addition to its borrowing line with the FHLB, Republic also had unsecured lines of credit totaling \$166 million available through various other financial institutions as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

#### Table of Contents

Aggregate future principal payments on FHLB advances based on contractual maturity and the weighted average cost of such advances are detailed below:

Year (dollars in thousands)	Principal	Weighted Average Rate
2015 (Overnight)	\$ 387,000	0.15%
2015	10,000	0.41%
2016	82,000	1.74%
2017	145,000	3.44%
2018	117,500	1.53%
2019	100,000	1.80%
2020	45,000	1.84%
Thereafter	30,000	1.95%
Total	\$ 916 500	1 32%

Information regarding short-term overnight FHLB advances follows:

(dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2015		December 31, 2014		
Outstanding balance at end of period	\$ 387,000	\$	198,000		
Weighted average interest rate at end of period	0.15%	,	0.14%		

	Three Mon June	 ded	Six Months Ended June 30,			
(dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2015		2014	
Average outstanding balance during the period	\$ 111,193	\$ 11,047 \$	73,783	\$	3,199	
Average interest rate during the period	0.15%	0.25%	0.15%		0.25%	
Maximum outstanding at any month end during						
the period	\$ 387,000	\$ 93,000 \$	387,000	\$	93,000	

## Table of Contents

The following table illustrates real estate loans pledged to collateralize advances and letters of credit with the FHLB:

(in thousands)	Ju	une 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
First lien, single family residential real estate	\$	1,338,184	\$ 1,333,811
Home equity lines of credit		105,112	103,064
Multi-family commercial real estate		19,786	12,682
		20	
		38	

#### **Table of Contents**

#### 6. FAIR VALUE

Fair value represents the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

**Level 3:** Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a reporting entity s own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The Bank used the following methods and significant assumptions to estimate the fair value of each type of financial instrument:

**Securities available for sale:** Quoted market prices in an active market are available for the Bank s mutual fund investment and fall within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Except for the Bank s mutual fund investment and its private label mortgage backed security, the fair value of securities available for sale is typically determined by matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique used widely in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities, but rather by relying on the securities relationship to other benchmark quoted securities (Level 2 inputs).

The Bank s private label mortgage backed security remains illiquid, and as such, the Bank classifies this security as a Level 3 security in accordance with ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. Based on this determination, the Bank utilized an income valuation model (present value model) approach in determining the fair value of this security.

See in this section of the filing under Footnote 2 Investment Securities for additional discussion regarding the Bank's private label mortgage backed security.

Mortgage loans held for sale: The fair value of mortgage loans held for sale is determined using quoted secondary market prices. Mortgage loans held for sale are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Derivative instruments: Mortgage Banking derivatives used in the ordinary course of business primarily consist of mandatory forward sales contracts (forward contracts) and interest rate lock loan commitments. The fair value of the Bank s derivative instruments is primarily measured by obtaining pricing from broker-dealers recognized to be market participants. The pricing is derived from market observable inputs that can generally be verified and do not typically involve significant judgment by the Bank. Forward contracts and rate lock loan commitments are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Interest rate swap agreements: Interest rate swaps are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. The Company values its interest rate swaps using Bloomberg Valuation Service s derivative pricing functions and therefore classifies such valuations as Level 2. Valuations of these interest rate swaps are also received from the relevant counterparty and validated against internal calculations. The Company has considered counterparty credit risk in the valuation of its interest rate swap assets and has considered its own credit risk in the valuation of its interest rate swap liabilities.

#### **Table of Contents**

Impaired loans: Collateral dependent impaired loans generally reflect partial charge-downs to their respective fair value, which is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are usually significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. Non-real estate collateral may be valued using an appraisal, net book value per the borrower s financial statements or aging reports, adjusted or discounted based on management s historical knowledge, changes in market conditions from the time of the valuation, and management s expertise and knowledge of the client and client s business, resulting in a Level 3 fair value classification. Collateral dependent loans are evaluated on a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted accordingly.

Premises, held for sale: Premises held for sale are accounted for at the lower of cost or fair value less estimated costs to sell. Fair value is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches, including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments may be significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value.

Other real estate owned: Assets acquired through or instead of loan foreclosure are initially recorded at fair value less costs to sell when acquired, establishing a new cost basis. These assets are subsequently accounted for at lower of cost or fair value less estimated costs to sell. Fair value is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches, including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments may be significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value.

Appraisals for both collateral-dependent impaired loans, other real estate owned and premises held for sale are performed by certified general appraisers (for commercial properties) or certified residential appraisers (for residential properties) whose qualifications and licenses have been reviewed and verified by the Bank. Once the appraisal is received, a member of the Bank s Credit Administration Department reviews the assumptions and approaches utilized in the appraisal, as well as the overall resulting fair value in comparison with independent data sources, such as recent market data or industry-wide statistics. On at least an annual basis, the Bank performs a back test of collateral appraisals by comparing actual selling prices on recent collateral sales to the most recent appraisal of such collateral. Back tests are performed for each collateral class, e.g., residential real estate or commercial real estate, and may lead to additional adjustments to the value of unliquidated collateral of similar class.

Mortgage servicing rights: On at least a quarterly basis, MSRs are evaluated for impairment based upon the fair value of the MSRs as compared to carrying amount. If the carrying amount of an individual grouping exceeds fair value, impairment is recorded and the respective individual tranche is carried at fair value. If the carrying amount of an individual grouping does not exceed fair value, impairment is reversed if previously recognized and the carrying value of the individual tranche is based on the amortization method. The valuation model utilizes assumptions that market

participants would use in estimating future net servicing income and that can generally be validated against available market data (Level 2).

#### Table of Contents

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a **recurring basis** as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, including financial assets and liabilities for which the Bank has elected the fair value option, are summarized below:

				Aeasurements a	t		
	_			2015 Using:			
	_	ed Prices in ve Markets	S	ignificant Other	Sig	gnificant	
		Identical	O	bservable	,	bservable	Total
		Assets		Inputs		Inputs	Fair
(in thousands)	(I	Level 1)		(Level 2)	(I	Level 3)	Value
Financial assets:							
Securities available for sale:							
U.S. Treasury securities and U.S.							
Government agencies	\$		\$	198,851	\$		\$ 198,851
Private label mortgage backed security						5,231	5,231
Mortgage backed securities - residential				107,880			107,880
Collateralized mortgage obligations				128,260			128,260
Freddie Mac preferred stock				231			231
Mutual fund		1,015					1,015
Corporate bonds				15,144			15,144
Total securities available for sale	\$	1,015	\$	450,366	\$	5,231	\$ 456,612
Mortgage loans held for sale	\$		\$	10,277	\$		\$ 10,277
Rate lock commitments				376			376
Financial liabilities:							
Mandatory forward contracts				1			1
Interest rate swap agreements				505			505

				Measurements at 31, 2014 Using:	t		
(in thousands)	Quoted Pr Active Ma for Iden Asse (Level	rices in arkets itical ts	s o	ignificant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Uı	Significant nobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total Fair Value
Financial assets:	(LCVC)	11)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)	v aluc
Securities available for sale:							
U.S. Treasury securities and U.S.							
Government agencies	\$		\$	146,922	\$		\$ 146,922
Private label mortgage backed security						5,250	5,250
Mortgage backed securities -							
residential				124,256			124,256
Collateralized mortgage obligations				143,171			143,171
Freddie Mac preferred stock				231			231
Mutual fund		1,018					1,018
Corporate bonds				15,063			15,063
Total securities available for sale	\$	1,018	\$	429,643	\$	5,250	\$ 435,911
Mortgage loans held for sale	\$		\$	6,388	\$		\$ 6,388
Rate lock commitments				250			250
Financial liabilities:							
Mandatory forward contracts				33			33

Interest rate swap agreements 488 488

All transfers between levels are generally recognized at the end of each quarter. There were no transfers into or out of Level 1, 2 or 3 assets during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

41

#### Table of Contents

#### **Private Label Mortgage Backed Security**

The table below presents a reconciliation of the Bank s private label mortgage backed security. This is the only asset that was measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months En June 30,			led	
(in thousands)		2015		2014		2015		2014
Balance, beginning of period	\$	5,235	\$	5,270	\$	5,250	\$	5,485
Total gains or losses included in earnings:								
Net change in unrealized gain		(4)		315		(26)		369
Recovery of actual losses previously recorded				34		35		66
Principal paydowns				(158)		(28)		(459)
Balance, end of period	\$	5,231	\$	5,461	\$	5,231	\$	5,461

The fair value of the Bank s single private label mortgage backed security is supported by analysis prepared by an independent third party. The third party s approach to determining fair value involved several steps: 1) detailed collateral analysis of the underlying mortgages, including consideration of geographic location, original loan-to-value and the weighted average Fair Isaac Corporation (FICO) score of the borrowers; 2) collateral performance projections for each pool of mortgages underlying the security (probability of default, severity of default, and prepayment probabilities) and 3) discounted cash flow modeling.

The significant unobservable inputs in the fair value measurement of the Bank significant label mortgage backed security are prepayment rates, probability of default and loss severity in the event of default. Significant fluctuations in any of those inputs in isolation would result in a significantly lower/higher fair value measurement.

The following table presents quantitative information about recurring Level 3 fair value measurements at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

June 30, 2015 (dollars in thousands)	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Range
Private label mortgage backed security	\$ 5,231	Discounted cash flow	(1) Constant prepayment rate	(4.0)% - 6.5%
			(2) Probability of default	3.0% - 13.0%
			(2) Loss severity	60% - 90%
December 31, 2014 (dollars in thousands)	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Range
Private label mortgage backed security	\$ 5,250	Discounted cash flow	(1) Constant prepayment rate	0.5% - 6.5%

	(2) Probability of default	3.0% - 6.2%
	(2) Loss severity	60% - 75%
42		

#### Table of Contents

#### Mortgage Loans Held for Sale

The Bank has elected the fair value option for mortgage loans held for sale. These loans are intended for sale and the Bank believes that the fair value is the best indicator of the resolution of these loans. Interest income is recorded based on the contractual terms of the loan and in accordance with Bank policy for such instruments. None of these loans were past due 90-days-or-more nor on nonaccrual as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the aggregate fair value, contractual balance (including accrued interest), and gain or loss was as follows:

(in thousands)	June 3	June 30, 2015		ber 31, 2014
Aggregate fair value	\$	10,277	\$	6,388
Contractual balance		10,057		6,265
Gain		220		123

The total amount of gains and losses from changes in fair value included in earnings for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 for mortgage loans held for sale are presented in the following table:

		Three Mor	nded	Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in thousands)	2	2015	2014		2015		2014
Interest income	\$	57	\$ 49	\$	113	\$	95
Change in fair value		(81)	159		97		124
Total included in earnings	\$	(24)	\$ 208	\$	210	\$	219

#### Table of Contents

Premises, held for sale

Assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are summarized below:

#### Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2015 Using: **Quoted Prices in** Significant **Active Markets** Other Significant for Identical Observable Unobservable Total Assets Inputs Inputs Fair (in thousands) (Level 1) (Level 2) (Level 3) Value Impaired loans: Residential real estate: \$ \$ \$ Owner occupied 3,371 \$ 3,371 Non owner occupied 435 435 3,828 Commercial real estate 3,828 Home equity 1,266 1,266 \$ \$ \$ Total impaired loans\* 8,900 \$ 8,900 Other real estate owned: Residential real estate \$ \$ \$ 143 \$ 143 Commercial real estate 1,031 1,031 1,174 Total other real estate owned \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,174

\$

# Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2014 Using:

\$

1,251

\$

1,251

\$

(in thousands)	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	ets Other Significant		Total Fair Value	
Impaired loans:					
Residential real estate:					
Owner occupied	\$	\$	\$	1,678	\$ 1,678
Non owner occupied				702	702
Commercial real estate				6,122	6,122
Home equity				1,346	1,346
Total impaired loans*	\$	\$	\$	9,848	\$ 9,848
Other real estate owned:					
Residential real estate	\$	\$	\$	1,916	\$ 1,916
Commercial real estate				2,845	2,845
Construction & land development				4,427	4,427
Total other real estate owned	\$	\$	\$	9,188	\$ 9,188
Premises, held for sale	\$	\$	\$	1,317	\$ 1,317

<sup>\* -</sup> The impaired loan balances in the above two tables exclude TDRs which are not collateral dependent. The difference between the carrying value and the fair value of impaired loans measured at fair value is reconciled in a subsequent table of this Footnote 6 and represents estimated selling costs to liquidate the underlying collateral on such debt.

## Table of Contents

The following tables present quantitative information about Level 3 fair value measurements for financial instruments measured at fair value on a **non-recurring basis** at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

June 30, 2015 (dollars in thousands)	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Range (Weighted Average)
Impaired loans - residential real estate owner occupied	\$ 3,371	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments determined for differences between comparable sales	0% - 38% (10%)
Impaired loans - residential real estate non owner occupied	\$ 435	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments determined for differences between comparable sales	0% - 33% (14%)
Impaired loans - commercial real estate	\$ 1,884	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments determined for differences between comparable sales	0% - 22 (4%)
	\$ 1,944	Income approach	Adjustments for differences between net operating income expectations	42% (42%)
Impaired loans - home equity	\$ 1,266	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments determined for differences between comparable sales	2% - 37% (19%)
Other real estate owned - residential real estate	\$ 143	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments determined for differences between comparable sales	10% - 80% (14%)
Other real estate owned - commercial real estate	\$ 1,031	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments determined for differences between comparable sales	33% (33%)
Premises, held for sale	\$ 1,251	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments determined for differences between comparable sales	5% (5%)

## Table of Contents

December 31, 2014 (dollars in thousands)	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Range (Weighted Average)
Impaired loans - residential real estate owner occupied	\$ 1,678	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments determined for differences between comparable sales	0% - 33% (7%)
Impaired loans - residential real estate non owner occupied	\$ 702	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments determined for differences between comparable sales	0% - 33% (18%)
Impaired loans - commercial real estate	\$ 2,615	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments determined for differences between comparable sales	0% - 9% (2%)
	\$ 3,507	Income approach	Adjustments for differences between net operating income expectations	3%-37% (22%)
Impaired loans - home equity	\$ 1,346	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments determined for differences between comparable sales	0% - 35% (12%)
Other real estate owned - residential real estate	\$ 1,916	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments determined for differences between comparable sales	9% - 23% (19%)
Other real estate owned - commercial real estate	\$ 1,378	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments determined for differences between comparable sales	11% - 14% (13%)
	\$ 1,467	Income approach	Adjustments for differences between net operating income expectations	19% (19%)
Other real estate owned - construction & land development	\$ 2,000	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments determined for differences between comparable sales	13% - 70% (38%)
	\$ 2,427	Income approach	Adjustments for differences between net operating income expectations	8% - 9% (8%)
Premises, held for sale	\$ 1,317	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments determined for differences between comparable sales	1% (1%)
		46		

#### Table of Contents

The following section details impairment charges recognized during the period:

#### **Impaired Loans**

Collateral dependent impaired loans are generally measured for impairment using the fair value of the underlying collateral. The Bank s practice is to obtain new or updated appraisals on the loans subject to the initial impairment review and then to evaluate the need for an update to this value on an as necessary or possibly annual basis thereafter (depending on the market conditions impacting the value of the collateral). The Bank may discount the appraisal amount as necessary for selling costs and past due real estate taxes. If a new or updated appraisal is not available at the time of a loan s impairment review, the Bank may apply a discount to the existing value of an old appraisal to reflect the property s current estimated value if it is believed to have deteriorated in either: (i) the physical or economic aspects of the subject property or (ii) material changes in market conditions. The impairment review generally results in a partial charge-off of the loan if fair value less selling costs are below the loan s carrying value. Impaired loans that are collateral dependent are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy when impairment is determined using the fair value method.

Impaired loans, which are measured for impairment using the fair value of the collateral for collateral dependent loans are as follows:

(in thousands)	June	2 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Carrying amount of loans measured at fair value	\$	7,727	\$ 8,343
Estimated selling costs considered in carrying amount		1,173	1,505
Total fair value	\$	8,900	\$ 9,848

#### Other Real Estate Owned

Other real estate owned, which is carried at the lower of cost or fair value, is periodically assessed for impairment based on fair value at the reporting date. Fair value is determined from external appraisals using judgments and estimates of external professionals. Many of these inputs are not observable and, accordingly, these measurements are classified as Level 3. All of the Bank s individual other real estate owned properties were carried at the lower of their fair value or cost at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

Details of other real estate owned carrying value and write downs follow:

(in thousands)	Jun	e 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Other real estate carried at fair value	\$	1,174	\$ 9,188
Other real estate carried at cost		1,746	2,055
Total carrying value of other real estate owned	\$	2,920	\$ 11,243

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands)	:	2015		2014		2015			2014
Other real estate owned write-downs during the period	\$	220	\$		333	\$	704	\$	1,217
		47							

Tabl	le of	Contents

#### Premises, Held for Sale

The Company closed its Hudson, Florida banking center on January 16, 2015. The Hudson premises were held for sale at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and carried at \$1 million, its fair value less estimated selling costs. Fair value was determined from an external appraisal using judgments and estimates. Many of these inputs are not observable and, accordingly, these measurements are classified as Level 3.

The Hudson premises were written down \$33,000 and \$66,000 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, with no similar write-downs for the same periods in 2014.

In July 2015, the Company formally agreed to sell its banking center in Elizabethtown, Kentucky. As of June 30, 2015, the premises of the banking center were carried at approximately \$1 million, which equals the total costs of the premises less accumulated depreciation.

#### **Mortgage Servicing Rights**

MSRs are carried at lower of cost or fair value. No MSRs were carried at fair value at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

## Table of Contents

The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of all financial instruments, at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 follows:

# Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2015:

			•	-,			Total
(in thousands)	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2		Level 3	Level 3	
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 92,766	\$ 92,766	\$	\$		\$	92,766
Securities available for sale	456,612	1,015	450,366		5,231		456,612
Securities be held to maturity	43,070		43,600				43,600
Mortgage loans held for sale, at fair							
value	10,277		10,277				10,277
Other loans held for sale, at the lower							
of cost or fair value	1,542		1,542				1,542
Loans, net of Allowance	3,298,729				3,332,960		3,332,960
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	28,208						NA
Accrued interest receivable	8,938		8,938				8,938
Other assets	376		376				376
Liabilities:							
Non interest-bearing deposits	598,572		598,572				598,572
Transaction deposits	1,434,868		1,434,868				1,434,868
Time deposits	246,170		246,670				246,670
Securities sold under agreements to							
repurchase and other short-term							
borrowings	229,825		229,825				229,825
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	916,500		929,972				929,972
Subordinated note	41,240		40,874				40,874
Accrued interest payable	1,207		1,207				1,207
Other liabilities	506		506				506

NA - Not applicable

# Fair Value Measurements at

				December 31, 2014:							
(in thousands)	Carrying Value			Level 1 Level 2			Level 3			Total Fair Value	
Assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	72,878	\$	72,878	\$		\$		\$	72,878	
Securities available for sale		435,911		1,018		429,643		5,250		435,911	
Securities be held to maturity		45,437				45,807				45,807	
Mortgage loans held for sale, at fair											
value		6,388				6,388				6,388	
Loans, net of Allowance		3,016,085						3,045,443		3,045,443	
Federal Home Loan Bank stock		28,208								NA	
Accrued interest receivable		8,807				8,807				8,807	
Other assets		250				250				250	

Edgar Filing: REPUBLIC BANCORP INC /KY/ - Form 10-Q

Liabilities:									
Non interest-bearing deposits	502,569	502,569	502,569						
Transaction deposits	1,290,400	1,290,400	1,290,400						
Time deposits	265,213	265,858	265,858						
Securities sold under agreements to									
repurchase and other short-term									
borrowings	356,108	356,108	356,108						
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	707,500	721,346	721,346						
Subordinated note	41,240	41,198	41,198						
Accrued interest payable	1,262	1,262	1,262						
Other liabilities	521	521	521						

NA - Not applicable

#### Table of Contents

Fair value estimates are based on existing on and off-balance sheet financial instruments without attempting to estimate the value of anticipated future business and the value of assets and liabilities that are not considered financial instruments. In addition, the tax ramifications related to the realization of the unrealized gains and losses can have a significant effect on fair value estimates and have not been considered in any of the Bank s estimates.

The assumptions used in the estimation of the fair value of the Company s financial instruments are explained below. Where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using discounted cash flow and other valuation techniques. Discounted cash flows can be significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. The following fair value estimates cannot be substantiated by comparison to independent markets and should not be considered representative of the liquidation value of the Company s financial instruments, but rather a good-faith estimate of the fair value of financial instruments held by the Company.

In addition to those previously disclosed, the following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating the fair value of its financial instruments:

Cash and cash equivalents The carrying amounts of cash and short-term instruments approximate fair values and are classified as Level 1.

Other loans held for sale, at the lower of cost or fair value Other loans held for sale constitute short-term consumer loans generally sold within two business days of origination. The carrying amounts of these loans, due to their short-term nature, approximate fair value, resulting in a Level 2 classification.

Loans, net of Allowance The fair value of loans is calculated using discounted cash flows by loan type resulting in a Level 3 classification. The discount rate used to determine the present value of the loan portfolio is an estimated market rate that reflects the credit and interest rate risk inherent in the loan portfolio without considering widening credit spreads due to market illiquidity. The estimated maturity is based on the Bank s historical experience with repayments adjusted to estimate the effect of current market conditions. The Allowance is considered a reasonable discount for credit risk. The methods utilized to estimate the fair value of loans do not necessarily represent an exit price.

Federal Home Loan Bank stock It is not practical to determine the fair value of FHLB stock due to restrictions placed on its transferability.

Accrued interest receivable/payable The carrying amounts of accrued interest, due to their short-term nature, approximate fair value resulting in a Level 2 classification.

*Deposits* Fair values for time deposits have been determined using discounted cash flows. The discount rate used is based on estimated market rates for deposits of similar remaining maturities and are classified as Level 2. The carrying amounts of all other deposits, due to their short-term nature, approximate their fair values and are also classified as Level 2.

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase and other short-term borrowings The carrying amount for securities sold under agreements to repurchase and other short-term borrowings generally maturing within ninety days approximates its fair value resulting in a Level 2 classification.

Federal Home Loan Bank advances The fair value of the FHLB advances is obtained from the FHLB and is calculated by discounting contractual cash flows using an estimated interest rate based on the current rates available to the Company for debt of similar remaining maturities and collateral terms resulting in a Level 2 classification.

Subordinated note The fair value for subordinated debentures is calculated using discounted cash flows based upon current market spreads to London Interbank Borrowing Rate (LIBOR) for debt of similar remaining maturities and collateral terms resulting in a Level 2 classification.

*Other assets/liabilities* Other assets and liabilities consist of interest rate swap agreements and other derivative assets and liabilities previously described above.

The fair value estimates presented herein are based on pertinent information available to management as of the respective period ends. Although management is not aware of any factors that would dramatically affect the estimated fair value amounts, such

## Table of Contents

amounts have not been comprehensively revalued for purposes of these financial statements since that date and, therefore, estimates of fair value may differ significantly from the amounts presented.

## 7. MORTGAGE BANKING ACTIVITIES

Activity for mortgage loans held for sale was as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in thousands)		2015		2014		2015		2014	
Balance, beginning of period	\$	12,748	\$	2,414	\$	6,388	\$	3,506	
Origination of mortgage loans held for									
sale		50,173		19,174		96,008		33,284	
Proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans									
held for sale		(53,775)		(15,447)		(94,472)		(31,147)	
Net gain on sale of mortgage loans held									
for sale		1,131		668		2,353		1,166	
Balance, end of period	\$	10,277	\$	6,809	\$	10,277	\$	6,809	

The following table presents the components of Mortgage Banking income:

	Three Mon June	 ded	Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in thousands)	2015	2014	2015		2014	
Net gain realized on sale of mortgage loans held for						
sale	\$ 1,209	\$ 460 \$	2,098	\$	918	
Net change in fair value recognized on loans held for						
sale	(81)	159	97		124	
Net change in fair value recognized on rate lock						
commitments	(121)	99	126		179	
Net change in fair value recognized on forward						
contracts	124	(50)	32		(55)	
Net gain recognized	1,131	668	2,353		1,166	
Loan servicing income	471	492	940		794	
Amortization of mortgage servicing rights	(378)	(348)	(716)		(662)	
Net servicing income recognized	93	144	224		132	
Total Mortgage Banking income	\$ 1,224	\$ 812 \$	2,577	\$	1,298	

#### Table of Contents

Activity for capitalized mortgage servicing rights was as follows:

	Three Mon June	 ded	Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands)	2015	2014	2015		2014		
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 4,864	\$ 5,227 \$	4,813	\$	5,409		
Additions	485	130	874		262		
Amortized to expense	(378)	(348)	(716)		(662)		
Balance, end of period	\$ 4,971	\$ 5,009 \$	4,971	\$	5,009		

There was no balance or activity in the valuation allowance for capitalized mortgage servicing rights for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Other information relating to mortgage servicing rights follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Jur	ne 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Fair value of mortgage servicing rights portfolio	\$	6,922 \$	6,651
Monthly prepayment rate of unpaid principal balance*		105% - 462%	95% - 462%
Discount rate		12%	10%
Weighted average default rate		1.50%	1.50%
Weighted average life in years		6.42	5.70

<sup>\* -</sup> Rates are applied to individual tranches with similar characteristics.

Mortgage Banking derivatives used in the ordinary course of business primarily consist of mandatory forward sales contracts and interest rate lock loan commitments. Mandatory forward contracts represent future commitments to deliver loans at a specified price and date and are used to manage interest rate risk on loan commitments and mortgage loans held for sale. Interest rate lock loan commitments represent commitments to fund loans at a specific rate. These derivatives involve underlying items, such as interest rates, and are designed to transfer risk. Substantially all of these instruments expire within 90 days from the date of issuance. Notional amounts are amounts on which calculations and payments are based, but which do not represent credit exposure, as credit exposure is limited to the amounts required to be received or paid.

Mandatory forward contracts also contain an element of risk in that the counterparties may be unable to meet the terms of such agreements. In the event the counterparties fail to deliver commitments or are unable to fulfill their obligations, the Bank could potentially incur significant additional costs by replacing the positions at then current market rates. The Bank manages its risk of exposure by limiting counterparties to those banks and institutions deemed appropriate by management and the Board of Directors. The Bank does not expect any counterparty to default on their obligations and therefore, the Bank does not expect to incur any cost related to counterparty default.

The Bank is exposed to interest rate risk on loans held for sale and rate lock loan commitments. As market interest rates fluctuate, the fair value of mortgage loans held for sale and rate lock commitments will decline or increase. To offset this interest rate risk the Bank enters into derivatives, such as mandatory forward contracts to sell loans. The fair value of these mandatory forward contracts will fluctuate as market interest rates fluctuate, and the change in the value of these instruments is expected to largely, though not entirely, offset the change in fair value of loans held for sale and rate lock commitments. The objective of this activity is to minimize the exposure to losses on rate loan lock commitments and loans held for sale due to market interest rate fluctuations. The net effect of derivatives on earnings will depend on risk management activities and a variety of other factors, including: market interest rate volatility; the amount of rate lock commitments that close; the ability to fill the forward contracts before expiration; and the time period required to close and sell loans.

## Table of Contents

The following table includes the notional amounts and fair values of mortgage loans held for sale and mortgage banking derivatives as of the period ends presented:

53

(in thousands)		tional nount June 30	_	air Value		Notional Amount December		Fair Value 014
Included in Mortgage loans held for								
sale:								
Mortgage loans held for sale	\$	10,057	\$	10,277	\$	6,265	\$	6,388
Included in other assets:								
Rate lock loan commitments	\$	23,261	\$	376	\$	12,866	\$	250
rate fock four communents	Ψ	23,201	Ψ	510	Ψ	12,000	Ψ	230
Included in other liabilities:								
Mandatory forward contracts	\$	26,186	\$	1	\$	13,181	\$	33
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		-,	·			-, -		

#### 8. INTEREST RATE SWAPS

Interest rate swap derivatives are reported at fair value in other assets or other liabilities. The accounting for changes in the fair value of a derivative depends on whether it has been designated and qualifies as part of a hedging relationship. For a derivative designated as a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of the derivative sunrealized gain or loss is recorded as a component of other comprehensive income (loss). For derivatives not designated as hedges, the gain or loss is recognized in current period earnings.

Interest Rate Swaps Used as Cash Flow Hedges

The Bank entered into two interest rate swap agreements ( swaps ) during 2013 as part of its interest rate risk management strategy. The Bank designated the swaps as cash flow hedges intended to reduce the variability in cash flows attributable to either FHLB advances tied to the three-month London Interbank Offered Rate ( LIBOR ) or the overall changes in cash flows on certain money market deposit accounts tied to one-month LIBOR. The counterparty for both swaps met the Bank s credit standards and the Bank believes that the credit risk inherent in the swap contracts is not significant.

The swaps were determined to be fully effective during all periods presented; therefore, no amount of ineffectiveness was included in net income. The aggregate fair value of the swaps is recorded in other liabilities with changes in fair value recorded in OCI. The amount included in accumulated OCI would be reclassified to current earnings should the hedge no longer be considered effective. The Bank expects the hedges to remain fully effective during the remaining term of the swaps.

The following table reflects information about swaps designated as cash flow hedges as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

(in thousands)	Notion	al Amount	Pay Rate	Receive Rate	Term	June 30, 2015 Unrealized Gain (Loss) in Assets/(Liabilities) Accumulated OCAssets/(l				er 31, 2014 Unrealized Gain (Loss) in ) Accumulated OCI		
Interest rate												
swap on money				1-month	Dec. 2013 -							
market deposits	\$	10,000	2.17%	LIBOR	Dec. 2020	\$	(239)	\$	(155) \$	(232)	\$	(150)
Interest rate												
swap on FHLB				3-month	Dec. 2013 -							
advance		10,000	2.33%	LIBOR	Dec. 2020		(266)		(173)	(256)		(166)
	\$	20,000				\$	(505)	\$	(328) \$	(488)	\$	(316)

The following table reflects the total interest expense recorded in the consolidated statements of income during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 as a result of periodic swap settlements:

Three Months Ended June,

Six Months Ended June,

(in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Interest rate swap on money market deposits	\$ 50	\$ 51	\$ 99	\$ 100
Interest rate swap on FHLB advance	53	48	105	99
Total interest expense on swap transactions	\$ 103	\$ 99	\$ 204	\$ 199
	54			

#### Table of Contents

The following tables present the net gains (losses) recorded in accumulated OCI and the consolidated statements of income relating to the swaps used as cash flow hedges for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

		Three Mont		Si	Six Months Ended June,				
(in thousands)	2	2015	ς,	2014	2015	gun	/	2014	
Gains (losses) recognized in OCI on derivative (Effective Portion)	\$	175	\$	(364) \$	(	221)	\$	(7	704)
Losses reclassified from OCI on derivative (Effective Portion)	\$	(103)	\$	(99) \$	(	204)	\$	(1	199)
Gains (losses) recognized in income on derivative (Ineffective Portion)	\$		\$	\$			\$		

The estimated net amount of the existing losses that are reported in accumulated OCI at June 30, 2015 that is expected to be reclassified into earnings within the next twelve months is \$369,000.

Non-hedge Interest Rate Swaps

The Bank enters into interest rate swaps to facilitate client transactions and meet their financing needs. Upon entering into these instruments to meet client needs, the Bank enters into offsetting positions in order to minimize the Bank s interest rate risk. These swaps are derivatives, but are not designated as hedging instruments, and therefore changes in fair value are reported in current year earnings.

Interest rate swap contracts involve the risk of dealing with counterparties and their ability to meet contractual terms. When the fair value of a derivative instrument contract is positive, this generally indicates that the counter party or client owes the Bank, and results in credit risk to the Bank. When the fair value of a derivative instrument contract is negative, the Bank owes the client or counterparty and therefore, has no credit risk.

A summary of the Bank s interest rate swaps related to clients as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 is included in the following table:

(in thousands)	Bank Position	Notional Amount June 30	 ir Value	Notional Amount Dece	Fair Value mber 31, 2014
Interest rate swaps with Bank					
clients	Pay variable/receive fixed	\$ 19,277	\$ (69)	\$	\$
Offsetting interest rate swaps with					
counterparty	Pay fixed/receive variable	19,277	69		
Total		\$ 38,554	\$	\$	\$

The Bank is required to pledge securities as collateral when the Bank is in a net loss position for all swaps with non-client counterparties when such net loss positions exceed \$250,000. The fair value of investment securities pledged as collateral by the Bank to cover such net loss positions totaled \$974,000 and \$734,000 at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

#### 9. OFF BALANCE SHEET RISKS, COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company, in the normal course of business, is party to financial instruments with off balance sheet risk. These financial instruments primarily include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. The contract or notional amounts of these instruments reflect the potential future obligations of the Company pursuant to those financial instruments. Creditworthiness for all instruments is evaluated on a case by case basis in accordance with the Company s credit policies. Collateral from the client may be required based on the Company s credit evaluation of the client and may include business assets of commercial clients, as well as personal property and real estate of individual clients or guarantors.

The Company also extends binding commitments to clients and prospective clients. Such commitments assure a borrower of financing for a specified period of time at a specified rate. Additionally, the Company makes binding purchase commitments to third party loan correspondent originators. These commitments assure that the Company will purchase a loan from such correspondent originators at a specific price for a specific period of time. The risk to the Company under such loan commitments is limited by the terms of the contracts. For example, the Company may not be obligated to advance funds if the client s financial condition deteriorates or if the client fails to meet specific covenants.

An approved but unfunded loan commitment represents a potential credit risk and a liquidity risk, since the Company s client(s) may demand immediate cash that would require funding. In addition, unfunded loan commitments represent interest rate risk as market interest rates may rise above the rate committed to the Company s client. Since a portion of these loan commitments normally expire unused, the total amount of outstanding commitments at any point in time may not require future funding.

The table below presents the Company s commitments, exclusive of Mortgage Banking loan commitments, for each period ended:

)14
08,069
40,372
16,806
15,798
12,383
750
94,178

<sup>(1) -</sup> Commitments made through the Bank s Correspondent Lending channel.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a client to a third party. The terms and risk of loss involved in issuing standby letters of credit are similar to those involved in issuing loan commitments and extending credit. In addition to credit risk, the Company also has liquidity risk associated with standby letters of credit because funding for these obligations could be required immediately. The Company does not deem this risk to be material.

## 10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Class A and Class B Shares participate equally in undistributed earnings. The difference in earnings per share between the two classes of common stock results solely from the 10% per share cash dividend premium paid on Class A Common Stock over that paid on Class B Common Stock.

A reconciliation of the combined Class A and Class B Common Stock numerators and denominators of the earnings per share and diluted earnings per share computations is presented below:

	Three Mon June	 ded	Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in thousands, except per share data)	2015	2014		2015		2014
Net income	\$ 8,320	\$ 6,322	\$	22,108	\$	18,306
Weighted average shares outstanding	20,860	20,793		20,859		20,795
Effect of dilutive securities	81	95		80		96
Average shares outstanding including dilutive						
securities	20,941	20,888		20,939		20,891
Basic earnings per share:						
Class A Common Stock	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.31	\$	1.07	\$	0.88
Class B Common Stock	\$ 0.37	\$ 0.29	\$	0.97	\$	0.85
Diluted earnings per share:						
Class A Common Stock	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.30	\$	1.07	\$	0.88
Class B Common Stock	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.29	\$	0.97	\$	0.85

Stock options excluded from the detailed earnings per share calculation because their impact was antidilutive are as follows:

	Three Month June 30		Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Antidilutive stock options	330,150	15,500	332,150	15,500		
Average antidilutive stock options	237,118	15,500	126,684	15,500		

#### 11. STOCK PLANS AND STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

On January 15, 2015, the Company s Board of Directors adopted the Republic Bancorp, Inc. 2015 Stock Incentive Plan (the 2015 Plan ), which became effective April 23, 2015 when the Company s shareholders approved the 2015 Plan. The 2015 Plan replaced the Company s 2005 Stock Incentive Plan, which expired on March 15, 2015.

The number of authorized shares under the 2015 Plan is fixed at 3,000,000, with such number subject to adjustment in the event of certain events, such as stock dividends, stock splits or the like. There is a minimum three-year vesting period for awards granted to employees under the 2015 Plan that vest based solely on the completion of a specified period of service, with options and restricted stock awards generally exercisable five to six years after the issue date. Stock options generally must be exercised within one year from the date the options become exercisable and have an exercise price that is at least equal to the fair market value of the Company s stock on the date the options were granted.

All shares issued under the above mentioned plans through June 30, 2015 were from authorized and reserved unissued shares. The Company has a sufficient number of authorized and reserved unissued shares to satisfy all anticipated option exercises. There are no Class B stock options outstanding or available for exercise under the Company s plans.

The fair value of each stock option granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes based stock option valuation model. This model requires the input of subjective assumptions that will usually have a significant impact on the fair value estimate. Expected volatilities are based on historical volatility of Republic s stock and other factors. Expected dividends are based on dividend trends and the market price of Republic s stock price at grant. Republic uses historical data to estimate option exercises and employee terminations within the valuation model. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve at the time of grant.

All share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, are recognized as compensation expense over the service period (generally the vesting period) in the consolidated financial statements based on their fair values.

The following table summarizes stock option activity from January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015:

	Options Class A Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding, January 1, 2014	327,500 \$	20.03		
Granted	1,000	23.50		
Exercised	(90,500)	19.78		
Forfeited or expired	(83,000)	20.09		
Outstanding, December 31, 2014	155,000 \$	20.15	1.14	\$ 710,000

Edgar Filing: REPUBLIC BANCORP INC /KY/ - Form 10-Q

Granted	317,900	24.50		
Exercised	(11,000)	18.99		
Forfeited or expired				
Outstanding, June 30, 2015	461,900 \$	23.18	3.90 \$	1,204,000
Fully vested and expected to vest	461,900 \$	23.18	3.90 \$	1,204,000
Exercisable (vested) at June 30, 2015	128,000 \$	19.91	0.42 \$	753,000

## Table of Contents

Information related to stock options for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 follows:

	Three Months En June 30,	ıded		Six Montl June	led	
(in thousands)	2015	2014		2015		2014
Intrinsic value of options exercised	\$ \$		7	\$ 54	\$	26
Cash received from options exercised, net of shares						
redeemed			97	119		117
Total fair value of options granted	1,140			1,140		

The following table summarizes restricted stock activity from January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015:

	Restricted Stock Awards	Weighted-average grant date fair value per share
Outstanding, January 1, 2014	87,000 \$	19.85
Granted		
Forfeited or expired	(1,500)	19.85
Earned and issued	(5,000)	19.85
Outstanding, December 31, 2014	80,500	19.85
Granted	2,500	25.19
Forfeited or expired		
Earned and issued		
Outstanding, June 30, 2015	83,000 \$	20.01

The Company recorded expense related to stock options and restricted stock awards for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 as follows:

		Three Mon	ed	Six Mont June	hs End e 30,	led
(in thousands)	:	2015	2014	2015		2014
Stock option expense (credit)	\$	51	\$ (18) \$	56	\$	13
Restricted stock award expense	\$	74	\$ 180 \$	147	\$	255

59

## Table of Contents

Unrecognized stock option and restricted stock award expense related to unvested options and awards (net of estimated forfeitures) are estimated as follows:

(in thousands)	stricted k Awards	Options	Total
2015	\$ 152 \$	140	\$ 292
2016	304	273	577
2017	278	269	547
2018	123	266	389
2019	12	147	159
2020 and after	11	30	41
Total	\$ 880 \$	1,125	\$ 2,005

# 12. SECURITIES SOLD UNDER AGREEMENTS TO REPURCHASE AND OTHER SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase consist of short-term excess funds from correspondent banks, repurchase agreements and overnight liabilities to deposit clients arising from the Bank s treasury management program. While comparable to deposits in their transactional nature, these overnight liabilities to clients are in the form of repurchase agreements.

Repurchase agreements collateralized by securities are treated as financings; accordingly, the securities involved with the agreements are recorded as assets and are held by a safekeeping agent and the obligations to repurchase the securities are reflected as liabilities. Should the fair value of currently pledged securities fall below the associated repurchase agreements, the Bank would be required to pledge additional securities. To mitigate the risk of under collateralization, the Bank typically pledges at least two percent more in securities than the associated repurchase agreements. All such securities are under the Bank s control.

Information regarding securities sold under agreements to repurchase follows:

(dollars in thousands)		June 30, 2015	Decem	ber 31, 2014
Outstanding balance at end of period for overninght repurchase agreeme	nts			
accounted for as secured borrowings	\$	229,825	\$	356,108
Weighted average interest rate at end of period		0.02%		0.04%
Fair value of securities pledged as collateral				
U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government agencies	\$	87,912	\$	121,378
Mortgage backed securities - residential		91,591		105,144
Collateralized mortgage obligations		121,037		151,956
Total securities pledged	\$	300,540	\$	378,478
Three Months Ended		Six M	onths Ende	ed

		Three Mor June	ths Ene e 30,	ded	Six Mont Jun	ed	
(dollars in thousands)		2015		2014	2015		2014
Average outstanding balance							
during the period	\$	335,530	\$	259,132 \$	363,321	\$	241,205
Average interest rate during the							
period		0.02%		0.03%	0.03%		0.04%
Maximum outstanding at any	¢	240 106	¢	265 526 · ¢	400 055	ď	265 526
month end during the period	\$	340,196	\$	265,526 \$	408,955	\$	265,526

## 13. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

OCI components and related tax effects were as follows:

	Three Mon June		nded	Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands)	2015	30,	2014	2015	. 50,	2014		
Available for Sale Securities:								
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on securities available								
for sale	\$ (1,056)	\$	2,626 \$	182	\$	2,628		
Reclassification adjustment for gain on security								
available for sale recognized in earnings	(88)			(88)				
Change in unrealized gain on security available for sale								
for which a portion of an other-than-temporary								
impairment has been recognized in earnings	(4)		315	(26)		369		
Net unrealized gains (losses)	(1,148)		2,941	68		2,997		
Tax effect	401		(1,029)	(23)		(1,049)		
Net of tax	(747)		1,912	45		1,948		
Cash Flow Hedges:								
Change in fair value of derivatives used for cash flow								
hedges	175		(364)	(221)		(704)		
Reclassification amount for derivative losses realized								
in income	103		99	204		199		
Net unrealized gains (losses)	278		(265)	(17)		(505)		
Tax effect	(97)		92	5		176		
Net of tax	181		(173)	(12)		(329)		
Total OCI components, net of tax	\$ (566)	\$	1,739 \$	33	\$	1,619		
	(0							
	62							

## Table of Contents

Significant amounts reclassified out of each component of accumulated OCI for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Affected Line Items in the Consolidated		Amoun Three Mor	ths E	Comprehens		Accumulated Income Six Monti June	hs E	nded
(in thousands)	Statements of Income		2015	,	2014		2015	; 30,	2014
Available for Sale Securities:									
Reclassification adjustment for gain on security available for sale recognized in		¢.	00	¢		ф	00	¢	
earnings Tax effect	Gain on call of security available for sale Income tax expense	\$	(31)	\$		\$	(31)	\$	
Net of tax	Net income		57				57		
Title of tax	1 tot meome		51				31		
Cash Flow Hedges:									
Interest rate swap on money market deposits	Interest expense on deposits		(50)		(51)		(99)		(100)
Interest rate swap on FHLB			(50)		(40)		(4.0.5)		(00)
advance	Interest expense on FHLB advances		(53)		(48)		(105)		(99)
Total cash flow hedges Tax effect	Total interest expense		(103)		(99)		(204)		(199) 70
Net of tax	Income tax expense Net income		(67)		(64)		(133)		(129)
Net of tax	Net meome		(07)		(04)		(133)		(129)
Net of tax, total all reclassifications	Net income	\$	(10)	\$	(64)	\$	(76)	\$	(129)

The following is a summary of the accumulated OCI balances, net of tax:

(in thousands)	Dec. 31, 2014		2015 Change		June 30, 2015
Unrealized gain on securities available for sale	\$ 3,839	\$		61	\$ 3,900
Unrealized gain on security available for sale for which a portion of an other-than-temporary impairment has been recognized in					
earnings	792			(16)	776
Unrealized loss on cash flow hedge	(316)			(12)	(328)
Total unrealized gain	\$ 4,315 \$			33	\$ 4,348
(in thousands)	Dec. 31, 2013		2014 Change		June 30, 2014
Unrealized gain on securities available for sale	\$ 2,526	\$	1	1,708	\$ 4,234
Unrealized gain on security available for sale for which a portion of an other-than-temporary impairment has been recognized in	484			240	724

earnings Unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedge		111	(329)	(219)
		111	(329)	(218)
Total unrealized gain	\$	3,121 \$	1,619 \$	4,740
	63			
	03			

#### 14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

#### **Segment Data:**

Reportable segments are determined by the type of products and services offered and the level of information provided to the chief operating decision maker, who uses such information to review performance of various components of the business (such as banking centers and business units), which are then aggregated if operating performance, products/services, and clients are similar.

As of June 30, 2015, the Company was divided into four distinct operating segments: Traditional Banking, Warehouse Lending (Warehouse), Mortgage Banking and Republic Processing Group (RPG). Management considers the first three segments to collectively constitute. Core Bank or Core Banking activities. The RPG segment includes the Tax Refund Solutions (TRS) division, Republic Payment Solutions (RPS) and Republic Credit Solutions (RCS). TRS generates the majority of RPG s income, with the relatively smaller divisions of RPG, RPS and RCS, considered immaterial for separate and independent segment reporting. All divisions of the RPG segment operate through the Company.

The nature of segment operations and the primary drivers of net revenues by reportable segment are provided below:

	Segment:	<b>Nature of Operations</b>	<b>Primary Drivers of Net Revenues</b>
	Traditional Banking	Provides traditional banking products primarily to customers in the Company s market footprint.	Loans, investments and deposits
Core Banking	Warehouse Lending	Provides short-term, revolving credit facilities to mortgage bankers across the Nation.	Mortgage warehouse lines of credit
	Mortgage Banking	Primarily originates, sells and services long-term, single family, first lien residential real estate loans.	Gain on sale of loans and servicing fees
	Republic Processing Group	The TRS division facilitates the receipt and payment of federal and state tax refund products. The RPS division offers general purpose reloadable cards. The RCS division offers short-term credit products.	Net refund transfer fees

The accounting policies used for Republic s reportable segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies in the Company s 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Segment performance is evaluated using operating income. Goodwill is not allocated. Income taxes are generally allocated based on income before income tax expense unless specific segment allocations can be reasonably made. Transactions among reportable segments are made at carrying value.

## Table of Contents

Segment information for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

Three Months	s Ended June 30, 2015
--------------	-----------------------

Core Banking									_			
(dollars in thousands)	_	raditional Banking		arehouse Lending		Iortgage Banking		Total Core Banking	Pı	Republic rocessing Group	,	Total Company
Net interest income	\$	26,999	\$	3,505	\$	57	\$	30,561	\$	497	\$	31,058
Provision for loan and lease losses		553		164				717		187		904
Net refund transfer fees  Mortgage banking income						1,224		1,224		1,907		1,907 1,224
Gain on call of security available for sale		88						88				88
Other non interest income		5,774		6		71		5,851		415		6,266
Total non interest income		5,862		6		1,295		7,163		2,322		9,485
Total non interest expenses		23,835		610		1,274		25,719		1,446		27,165
Income before income tax expense		8,473		2,737		78		11,288		1,186		12,474
Income tax expense		2,648		958		27		3,633		521		4,154
Net income	\$	5,825	\$	1,779	\$	51	\$	7,655	\$	665	\$	8,320
Segment end of period assets	\$	3,520,996	\$	488,356	\$	15,635	\$	4,024,987	\$	41,232	\$	4,066,219
Net interest margin		3.24%		3.53%		NM		3.28%		NM		3.32%

## Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

	Core Banking												
(dollars in thousands)		raditional Banking		Varehouse Lending		Mortgage Banking		Total Core Banking		Republic Processing Group		Total Company	
Net interest income	\$	25,752	\$	1,689	\$	49	\$	27,490	\$	60	\$	27,550	
Provision for loan and lease losses		577		133				710		(17)		693	
Net refund transfer fees Mortgage banking income						812		812		1,836		1,836 812	
Other non interest income Total non interest income		5,927 5,927		3		71 883		6,001 6,813		432 2,268		6,433 9,081	
Total non interest expenses		23,050		448		1,013		24,511		1,773		26,284	
Income (loss) before income tax expense		8,052		1,111		(81)		9,082		572		9,654	
Income tax expense (benefit) Net income (loss)	\$	2,821 5,231	\$	389 722	\$	(29) (52)	\$	3,181 5,901	\$	151 421	\$	3,332 6,322	

Segment end of period assets	\$ 3,190,809	\$ 243,907	\$ 12,231	\$ 3,446,947	\$ 18,377	\$ 3,465,324
Net interest margin	3.32%	3.89%	NM	3.35%	NM	3.35%

Segment assets are reported as of the respective period ends while income and margin data are reported for the respective periods.

NM Not Meaningful

## Table of Contents

Segment information for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 Core Banking											
(dollars in thousands)	_	raditional Banking		/arehouse Lending		Mortgage Banking		Total Core Banking	Pı	Republic rocessing Group		Total Company
Net interest income	\$	52,757	\$	6,046	\$	113	\$	58,916	\$	1,164	\$	60,080
Provision for loan and lease losses		669		423				1,092		(3)		1,089
Net refund transfer fees Mortgage banking income						2,577		2,577		17,242		17,242 2,577
Gain on call of security available for sale		88						88				88
Other non interest income Total non interest income		11,171 11,259		11 11		155 2,732		11,337 14,002		1,227 18,469		12,564 32,471
Total non interest expenses		47,242		1,183		2,559		50,984		7,255		58,239
Income before income tax expense		16,105		4,451		286		20,842		12,381		33,223
Income tax expense Net income	\$	4,934 11,171	\$	1,558 2,893	\$	100 186	\$	6,592 14,250	\$	4,523 7,858	\$	11,115 22,108
Segment end of period assets	\$	3,520,996	\$	488,356	\$	15,635	\$	4,024,987	\$	41,232	\$	4,066,219
Net interest margin		3.17%		3.56%		NM		3.21%		NM		3.23%

	Core Banking												
(dollars in thousands)		raditional Banking		Varehouse Lending		Mortgage Banking		Total Core Banking		Republic Processing Group		Total Company	
Net interest income	\$	51,706	\$	2,848	\$	95	\$	54,649	\$	205	\$	54,854	
Provision for loan and lease losses		309		161				470		(480)		(10)	
Net refund transfer fees Mortgage banking income						1,298		1,298		16,224		16,224 1,298	
Other non interest income Total non interest income		10,999 10,999		5 5		145 1,443		11,149 12,447		1,125 17,349		12,274 29,796	
Total non interest expenses		46,532		828		2,223		49,583		6,900		56,483	
Income (loss) before income tax expense		15,864		1,864		(685)		17,043		11,134		28,177	
Income tax expense (benefit) Net income (loss)	\$	5,341 10,523	\$	653 1,211	\$	(240) (445)	\$	5,754 11,289	\$	4,117 7,017	\$	9,871 18,306	

Segment end of period assets	\$ 3,190,809	\$ 243,907	\$ 12,231	\$ 3,446,947	\$ 18,377	\$ 3,465,324
Net interest margin	3.29%	3.92%	NM	3.32%	NM	3.29%

Segment assets are reported as of the respective period ends while income and margin data are reported for the respective periods.

NM Not Meaningful

#### **Table of Contents**

Item 2.	Management	s Discussion and A	nalysis of Financi	al Condition and	Results of Operations.
---------	------------	--------------------	--------------------	------------------	------------------------

Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of Republic Bancorp, Inc. (Republic or the Company) analyzes the major elements of Republic s consolidated balance sheets and statements of income. Republic, a bank holding company headquartered in Louisville, Kentucky, is the parent company of Republic Bank & Trust Company (RB&T or the Bank) and Republic Insurance Services, Inc. (the Captive). The Bank is a Kentucky-based, state chartered non-member financial institution.

The Captive, which was formed during the third quarter of 2014, is a wholly-owned insurance subsidiary of the Company. The Captive provides property and casualty insurance coverage to the Company and the Bank as well as five other third-party insurance captives for which insurance may not be available or economically feasible.

Republic Bancorp Capital Trust is a Delaware statutory business trust that is a 100%-owned unconsolidated finance subsidiary of Republic Bancorp, Inc.

Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of Republic should be read in conjunction with Part I Item 1 Financial Statements.

As used in this filing, the terms Republic, the Company, we, our and us refer to Republic Bancorp, Inc., and, where the context requires, Republic Bancorp, Inc. and its subsidiaries; and the term the Bank refers to the Company s subsidiary bank, RB&T.

Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied as a result of certain risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to: changes in political and economic conditions; interest rate fluctuations; competitive product and pricing pressures; equity and fixed income market fluctuations; personal and corporate clients—bankruptcies; inflation; recession; acquisitions and integrations of acquired businesses; technological changes; changes in law and regulations or the interpretation and enforcement thereof; changes in fiscal, monetary, regulatory and tax policies; monetary fluctuations; success in gaining regulatory approvals when required; information security breaches or cyber security attacks involving either the Company or one of the Company s third party service providers; as well as other risks and uncertainties reported from time to time in the Company s filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), including Part 1 Item 1A Risk Factors of the Company s 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Broadly speaking, forward-looking statements include:

• projections of revenue, income, expenses, losses, earnings per share, capital expenditures, dividends, capital structure or other financial items:

- descriptions of plans or objectives for future operations, products or services;
- forecasts of future economic performance; and
- descriptions of assumptions underlying or relating to any of the foregoing.

The Company may make forward-looking statements discussing management s expectations about various matters, including:

- loan delinquencies; non-performing, classified, or impaired loans; and troubled debt restructurings ( TDR s);
- further developments in the Bank s ongoing review of and efforts to resolve possible problem credit relationships, which could result in, among other things, additional provisions for loan and lease losses ( Provision );
- future credit quality, credit losses and the overall adequacy of the Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses (Allowance);
- potential impairment charges or write-downs of other real estate owned (OREO);
- future short-term and long-term interest rates and the respective impact on net interest income, net interest spread, net income, liquidity, capital and economic value of equity ( EVE );
- the future impact of Company strategies to mitigate interest rate risk;
- future long-term interest rates and their impact on the demand for Mortgage Banking products, Warehouse lines of credit and Correspondent Lending products;
- the future value of mortgage servicing rights (MSRs);
- the potential impairment of investment securities;

#### Table of Contents

- the growth in the Bank s loan portfolio, in general and overall mix of such portfolio;
- the growth in the Bank s Warehouse Lending portfolio;
- the growth in single family residential, first lien real estate loans originated through the Bank s Correspondent Lending delivery channel;
- the volatility of the Bank s Warehouse Lending portfolio outstanding balances;
- the Bank s ability to maintain and/or grow deposits;
- the concentrations and volatility of the Bank s securities sold under agreements to repurchase;
- the future redemption or repricing option available in 2015 for the Company s Trust Preferred Securities (TPS);
- the Company s ability to successfully implement strategic plans, including, but not limited to, those related to future business acquisitions;
- future accretion of discounts on loans acquired in the Bank s 2012 FDIC-assisted transactions and the effect of such accretion on the Bank s net interest income and net interest margin;
- future amortization of premiums on loans acquired through the Bank s Correspondent Lending channel and the effect of such amortization on the Bank s net interest income and net interest margin;
- the future financial performance of Tax Refund Solutions ( TRS ), a division of the Republic Processing Group ( RPG ) segment;
- future Refund Transfer (RT) volume for TRS;
- the future net revenue associated with RTs at TRS;
- the future financial performance of Republic Payment Solutions (RPS), a division of RPG;
- the future financial performance of Republic Credit Solutions (RCS), a division of RPG;
- the extent to which regulations written and implemented by the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB), and other federal, state and local governmental regulation of consumer lending and related financial products and services, may limit or prohibit the operation of the Company s business;
- financial services reform and other current, pending or future legislation or regulation that could have a negative effect on the Company s revenue and businesses, including but not limited to, Basel III capital reforms; the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (Dodd-Frank Act); and legislation and regulation relating to overdraft fees (and changes to the Bank s overdraft practices as a result thereof), interchange fees, credit cards, and other bank services;

- the impact of new accounting pronouncements;
- legal and regulatory matters including results and consequences of regulatory guidance, litigation, administrative proceedings, rule-making, interpretations, actions and examinations;
- future capital expenditures; and
- the strength of the U.S. economy in general and the strength of the local and regional economies in which the Company conducts operations.

Forward-looking statements discuss matters that are not historical facts. As forward-looking statements discuss future events or conditions, the statements often include words such as anticipate, believe, estimate, expect, intend, plan, project, target, can, could, similar expressions. Do not rely on forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements detail management s expectations regarding the future and are not guarantees. Forward-looking statements are assumptions based on information known to management only as of the date the statements are made and management may not update them to reflect changes that occur subsequent to the date the statements are made.

See additional discussion under Part I Item 1 Business and Part I Item 1A Risk Factors of the Company s 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

68

may,

#### Table of Contents

#### **BUSINESS SEGMENT COMPOSITION**

As of June 30, 2015, the Company was divided into four distinct operating segments: Traditional Banking, Warehouse Lending (Warehouse), Mortgage Banking and Republic Processing Group (RPG). Management considers the first three segments to collectively constitute. Core Bank or Core Banking activities. The Warehouse segment was reported as a division of the Traditional Banking segment prior to the fourth quarter of 2014, but realized the quantitative and qualitative nature of a segment by the end of 2014. All prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

# Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 Core Banking

Core Bunking												
(dollars in thousands)		ditional anking		arehouse Lending		lortgage Banking		Total Core Banking	Pr	epublic ocessing Group	(	Total Company
Net income	\$	5,825	\$	1,779	\$	51	\$	7,655	\$	665	\$	8,320
Total assets	3	,520,996		488,356		15,635		4,024,987		41,232		4,066,219
Net interest margin		3.24%		3.53%		NM		3.28%		NM		3.32%

# Three Months Ended June 30, 2014 Core Banking

(dollars in thousands)		nditional anking	arehouse Lending	M	ortgage anking	Total Core Banking	Pr	epublic ocessing Group	Total Company
Net income (loss)	\$	5,231	\$ 722	\$	(52)	\$ 5,901	\$	421	\$ 6,322
Total assets	3	,190,809	243,907		12,231	3,446,947		18,377	3,465,324
Net interest margin		3.32%	3.89%		NM	3.35%		NM	3.35%

## Six Months Ended June 30, 2015

			Core Da	IIKIIIŞ	3			
(dollars in thousands)	 aditional Banking		arehouse Lending		ortgage anking	Total Core Banking	Republic rocessing Group	Total Company
Net income	\$ 11,171	\$	2,893	\$	186	\$ 14,250	\$ 7,858	\$ 22,108
Total assets	3,520,996		488,356		15,635	4,024,987	41,232	4,066,219
Net interest margin	3.17%	,	3.56%		NM	3.21%	NM	3.23%

#### Six Months Ended June 30, 2014 Core Banking

Core Danking												
(dollars in thousands)		aditional Banking		arehouse Lending		ortgage anking		Total Core Banking		Republic rocessing Group		Total Company
Net income (loss)	\$	10,523	\$	1,211	\$	(445)	\$	11,289	\$	7,017	\$	18,306
Total assets		3,190,809		243,907		12,231		3,446,947		18,377		3,465,324
Net interest margin		3.29%		3.92%		NM		3.32%		NM		3.29%

Segment assets are reported as of the respective period ends while income and margin data are reported for the respective periods.

NM Not Meaningful

For expanded segment financial data see Footnote 14 Segment Information of Part I Item 1 Financial Statements.

## Table of Contents

#### (I) Traditional Banking segment

The Traditional Bank provides traditional banking products primarily to customers in the Company s market footprint. As of June 30, 2015, in addition to Internet Banking and Correspondent Lending delivery channels, Republic had 40 full-service banking centers with locations as follows:

- Kentucky 32
- Metropolitan Louisville 19
- Central Kentucky 8
- Elizabethtown 1
- Frankfort 1
- Georgetown 1
- Lexington 4
- Shelbyville 1
- Western Kentucky 2
- Owensboro 2
- Northern Kentucky 3
- Covington 1
- Florence 1
- Independence 1
- Southern Indiana 3
- Floyds Knobs 1
- Jeffersonville 1
- New Albany 1
- Metropolitan Tampa, Florida 2

- Metropolitan Cincinnati, Ohio 1
- Metropolitan Nashville, Tennessee 2

Republic s headquarters are located in Louisville, which is the largest city in Kentucky based on population.

The Bank s principal lending activities consists of the following:

Retail Mortgage Lending Through its retail banking centers detailed above, its Correspondent Lending channel and its Internet Banking channel, the Bank originates single family, residential real estate loans. In addition the Bank originates home equity loans and home equity lines of credit (HELOCs) through its retail banking centers. All such loans are generally collateralized by owner occupied property. For those loans originated through the Bank s retail banking centers, the collateral is predominately located in the Bank s primary market footprint, while loans originated through the Correspondent Lending channel and Internet Banking are generally secured by collateral located outside of the Bank s market footprint. All mortgage loans retained on balance sheet are included as a component of the Company s Traditional Banking segment and are discussed below and elsewhere in this filing.

Commercial Lending The Bank s commercial real estate (CRE) loans are generally made to small-to-medium sized businesses in amounts up to 80% or 85% loan-to-value (LTV), depending on the market, of the lesser of the appraised value or purchase price of the property. The Bank s CRE loans are typically secured by improved property such as office buildings, medical facilities, retail centers, warehouses, apartment buildings, condominiums, schools, religious institutions and other types of commercial use property.

A broad range of short-to-medium-term collateralized commercial and industrial ( C&I ) loans are made available to businesses for working capital, business expansion (including acquisitions of real estate and improvements), and the purchase of equipment or machinery. These often represent term loans, lines of credit and equipment and receivables financing. Equipment loans are typically originated on a fixed-term basis ranging from one to five years.

In 2015, while continuing to increase its total commercial-related loan portfolio, the Bank intends to diversify its commercial loan mix by increasing the ratio of C&I loans to total commercial loans and conversely decreasing the ratio of CRE loans to total commercial loans.

#### **Table of Contents**

Construction and Land Development Lending The Bank originates residential construction real estate loans to finance the construction of single family dwellings. Construction loans also are made to contractors to build single family dwellings under contract. Construction loans are generally offered on the same basis as other single family, first lien residential real estate loans, except that a larger percentage down payment is typically required.

The Bank also originates land development loans to real estate developers for the acquisition, development and construction of commercial projects.

Consumer Lending Traditional consumer loans made by the Bank include home improvement and home equity loans, as well as other secured and unsecured personal loans in addition to credit cards. With the exception of home equity loans, which are actively marketed in conjunction with single family, first lien residential real estate loans, other traditional consumer loan products, while available, are not and have not been actively promoted in the Bank s markets.

**Internet Lending** The Bank accepts online loan applications through its website, www.republicbank.com. Historically, the majority of loans originated through the internet have been within the Bank s traditional markets of Kentucky and Indiana. Other states where loans are marketed include Tennessee, Florida, Ohio, Virginia, and Minnesota, as well as, the District of Columbia.

Correspondent Lending The Bank began acquiring single family, first lien mortgage loans for investment through its Correspondent Lending channel in May 2014. Correspondent Lending generally involves the Bank acquiring, primarily from its Warehouse clients, closed loans that meet the Bank s specifications. Substantially all loans purchased through the Correspondent Lending channel are purchased at a premium. Premiums on loans held for investment acquired though the Correspondent Lending channel are amortized into interest income on the level-yield method over the expected life of the loan. As previously disclosed, loans acquired through the Correspondent Lending channel are generally made to borrowers outside of the Bank s historical market footprint. As of June 30, 2015, 83% of loans originated through the Company s Correspondent Lending channel were secured by single family residences located in the state of California.

The Bank s other Traditional Banking activities generally consists of the following:

**Private Banking** The Bank provides financial products and services to high net worth individuals through its Private Banking Department. The Bank s Private Banking officers have extensive banking experience and are trained to meet the unique financial needs of this clientele.

**Treasury Management Services** The Bank provides various deposit products designed for commercial business clients located throughout its market areas. Lockbox processing, remote deposit capture, business on-line banking, account reconciliation and Automated Clearing House ( ACH ) processing are additional services offered to commercial businesses through the Bank s Treasury Management Department.

**Internet Banking** The Bank expands its market penetration and service delivery by offering clients Internet Banking services and products through its website, www.republicbank.com.

**Other Banking Services** The Bank also provides trust, title insurance and other financial institution related products and services.

**Bank Acquisitions** The Bank maintains an acquisition strategy to selectively grow its franchise as a complement to its internal growth strategies. The Bank s most recent acquisitions occurred during 2012 with the execution of two FDIC-assisted transactions.

See additional detail regarding the Traditional Banking segment under Footnote 14 Segment Information of Part I Item 1 Financial Statements.

#### Table of Contents

#### (II) Warehouse Lending segment

The Bank provides short-term, revolving credit facilities to mortgage bankers across the Nation through mortgage warehouse lines of credit. These credit facilities are secured by single family, first lien residential real estate loans. The credit facility enables the mortgage banking clients to close single family, first lien residential real estate loans in their own name and temporarily fund their inventory of these closed loans until the loans are sold to investors approved by the Bank or purchased by the Bank through its Correspondent Lending channel. Individual loans are expected to remain on the warehouse line for an average of 15 to 30 days. Interest income and loan fees are accrued for each individual loan during the time the loan remains on the warehouse line and collected when the loan is sold. The Bank receives the sale proceeds of each loan directly from the investor and applies the funds to pay off the warehouse advance and related accrued interest and fees. The remaining proceeds are credited to the mortgage banking client.

See additional detail regarding the Warehouse Lending segment under Foo