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MERCANTILE BANK CORP
Form 10-Q
August 08, 2006

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2006

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission File No. 000-26719

MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Michigan
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

38-3360865
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

310 LEONARD STREET, NW, GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49504
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(616) 406-3000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No
--- ---

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated filer --- Accelerated filer Non-Accelerated filer ---

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes --- No
--- ---

At August 8, 2006, there were 8,014,194 shares of Common Stock outstanding.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
	----- (Unaudited)	-----
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 47,142,000	\$ 36,208,000
Short-term investments	271,000	545,000
	-----	-----
Total cash and cash equivalents	47,413,000	36,753,000
Securities available for sale	119,023,000	112,961,000
Securities held to maturity (fair value of \$62,826,000 at June 30, 2006 and \$62,850,000 at December 31, 2005)	61,759,000	60,766,000
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	7,887,000	7,887,000
Total loans and leases	1,670,471,000	1,561,812,000
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(21,507,000)	(20,527,000)
	-----	-----
Total loans and leases, net	1,648,964,000	1,541,285,000
Premises and equipment, net	30,824,000	30,206,000
Bank owned life insurance policies	29,852,000	28,071,000
Accrued interest receivable	9,047,000	8,274,000
Other assets	14,660,000	12,007,000
	-----	-----
Total assets	\$1,969,429,000	\$1,838,210,000
	=====	=====
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits		
Noninterest-bearing	\$ 129,483,000	\$ 120,828,000
Interest-bearing	1,418,429,000	1,298,524,000
	-----	-----
Total deposits	1,547,912,000	1,419,352,000
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	64,431,000	72,201,000
Federal funds purchased	11,400,000	9,600,000
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	130,000,000	130,000,000
Subordinated debentures	32,990,000	32,990,000
Other borrowed money	2,957,000	2,347,000
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	18,079,000	16,595,000
	-----	-----
Total liabilities	1,807,769,000	1,683,085,000
Shareholders' equity		
Preferred stock, no par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized, none issued		0
Common stock, no par value: 20,000,000 shares authorized; 8,014,044 shares outstanding at June 30, 2006 and 7,590,526 shares outstanding at December 31, 2005	160,872,000	148,533,000

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Retained earnings	4,070,000	8,000,000
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(3,282,000)	(1,408,000)
	-----	-----
Total shareholders' equity	161,660,000	155,125,000
	-----	-----
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,969,429,000	\$1,838,210,000
	=====	=====

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006	Three Months Ended June 30, 2005	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	Six Months En June 30, 2005
	----- (Unaudited)	----- (Unaudited)	----- (Unaudited)	----- (Unaudited)
Interest income				
Loans and leases, including fees	\$31,304,000	\$22,250,000	\$60,031,000	\$42,000,000
Investment securities	2,299,000	2,036,000	4,536,000	3,900,000
Federal funds sold	139,000	56,000	271,000	1,000,000
Short-term investments	4,000	4,000	7,000	1,000,000
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total interest income	33,746,000	24,346,000	64,845,000	46,000,000
Interest expense				
Deposits	15,358,000	8,892,000	28,843,000	16,300,000
Short-term borrowings	720,000	375,000	1,321,000	700,000
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	1,369,000	1,006,000	2,684,000	1,800,000
Long-term borrowings	653,000	465,000	1,252,000	800,000
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total interest expense	18,100,000	10,738,000	34,100,000	19,700,000
	-----	-----	-----	-----
NET INTEREST INCOME	15,646,000	13,608,000	30,745,000	26,200,000
Provision for loan and lease losses	1,500,000	900,000	2,725,000	1,600,000
	-----	-----	-----	-----
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN AND LEASE LOSSES	14,146,000	12,708,000	28,020,000	24,600,000
Noninterest income				
Services charges on accounts	329,000	341,000	645,000	600,000
Net gain on sales of commercial loans	0	28,000	29,000	0
Other income	946,000	849,000	1,844,000	1,700,000
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total noninterest income	1,275,000	1,218,000	2,518,000	2,400,000
Noninterest expense				
Salaries and benefits	4,683,000	4,405,000	9,448,000	8,500,000
Occupancy	772,000	566,000	1,602,000	1,000,000

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Furniture and equipment	515,000	362,000	1,037,000	6
Other expense	2,061,000	1,812,000	3,950,000	3,6
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total noninterest expenses	8,031,000	7,145,000	16,037,000	13,9
	-----	-----	-----	-----
INCOME BEFORE FEDERAL INCOME TAX EXPENSE	7,390,000	6,781,000	14,501,000	13,0
Federal income tax expense	2,279,000	2,091,000	4,461,000	4,0
	-----	-----	-----	-----
NET INCOME	\$ 5,111,000	\$ 4,690,000	\$10,040,000	\$ 9,0
	=====	=====	=====	=====
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 3,567,000	\$ 5,424,000	\$ 8,166,000	\$ 8,9
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.59	\$ 1.26	\$
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.58	\$ 1.24	\$
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Cash dividends per share	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.25	\$
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Average basic shares outstanding	8,000,998	7,958,408	7,987,616	7,9
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Average diluted shares outstanding	8,119,820	8,099,740	8,111,449	8,0
	=====	=====	=====	=====

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Unaudited)

	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/ (Loss)	Sh
	-----	-----	-----	-----
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2005	\$131,010,000	\$ 10,475,000	\$ 132,000	\$
Payment of 5% stock dividend, 379,216 shares	17,187,000	(17,191,000)		
Employee stock purchase plan, 1,012 shares	39,000			
Dividend reinvestment plan, 2,255 shares	84,000			
Stock option exercises, 35,387 shares	319,000			
Stock tendered for stock option exercises, 6,836 shares	(266,000)			
Cash dividends (\$0.21 per share)		(1,515,000)		
Comprehensive income:				
Net income for the period from January 1, 2005 through June 30, 2005		9,052,000		
Change in net unrealized gain (loss) on securities available for sale, net of reclassifications and tax effect			(126,000)	

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Total comprehensive income			
BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2005	\$148,373,000	\$ 821,000	\$ 6,000

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Unaudited)

	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/ (Loss)	Sh
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2006	148,533,000	8,000,000	(1,408,000)	
Payment of 5% stock dividend, 379,432 shares	12,014,000	(12,018,000)		
Employee stock purchase plan, 1,448 shares	55,000			
Dividend reinvestment plan, 1,181 shares	45,000			
Stock option exercises, 55,757 shares	683,000			
Stock tendered for stock option exercises, 14,300 shares	(560,000)			
Stock option expense	102,000			
Cash dividends (\$0.25 per share)		(1,952,000)		
Comprehensive income:				
Net income for the period from January 1, 2006 through June 30, 2006		10,040,000		
Change in net unrealized gain (loss) on securities available for sale, net of reclassifications and tax effect			(1,874,000)	
Total comprehensive income				
BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2006	\$160,872,000	\$ 4,070,000	\$ (3,282,000)	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Three Months Ended	Three Months Ended	Six Mon Ended
-----------------------	-----------------------	------------------

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	June 30, 2006	June 30, 2005	June 30,
	-----	-----	-----
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income	\$ 5,111,000	\$ 4,690,000	\$ 10,040
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities			
Depreciation and amortization	794,000	584,000	1,579
Provision for loan and lease losses	1,500,000	900,000	2,725
Net gain on sales of commercial loans	0	(28,000)	(29)
Stock option expense	51,000	0	102
Net change in:			
Accrued interest receivable	327,000	333,000	(773)
Bank owned life insurance policies	(285,000)	(243,000)	(574)
Other assets	(2,774,000)	(1,503,000)	(1,907)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	2,571,000	1,772,000	1,484
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash from operating activities	7,295,000	6,505,000	12,647
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Loan and leases originations and payments, net	(59,108,000)	(49,999,000)	(110,375)
Purchases of:			
Securities available for sale	(4,880,000)	(8,044,000)	(13,013)
Securities held to maturity	(327,000)	(2,580,000)	(1,755)
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	0	(403,000)	
Proceeds from:			
Maturities, calls and repayments of available for sale securities	1,599,000	4,006,000	4,087
Maturities, calls and repayments of held to maturity securities	730,000	735,000	730
Purchases of premises and equipment, net	(1,591,000)	(2,999,000)	(1,921)
Purchases of bank owned life insurance policies	(1,207,000)	(440,000)	(1,207)
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash from investing activities	(64,784,000)	(59,724,000)	(123,454)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net increase in deposits	65,693,000	31,827,000	128,560
Net increase (decrease) in securities sold under agreements to repurchase	(3,525,000)	(4,174,000)	(7,770)
Net increase (decrease) in federal funds purchased	4,800,000	0	1,800
Proceeds from new FHLB advances	35,000,000	20,000,000	50,000
Maturities of FHLB advances	(35,000,000)	(10,000,000)	(50,000)
Net increase in other borrowed money	166,000	153,000	610
Employee stock purchase plan	26,000	22,000	55
Dividend reinvestment plan	24,000	51,000	45
Stock option exercises, net	123,000	0	123
Payment of cash dividends	(1,041,000)	(794,000)	(1,952)
Cash paid in lieu of fractional shares on stock dividend	0	(4,000)	(4)
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash from financing activities	66,266,000	37,081,000	121,467
	-----	-----	-----

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 ----- (Unaudited)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2005 ----- (Unaudited)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006 ----- (Unaudited)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	8,777,000	(16,138,000)	10,660,000
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	38,636,000	73,597,000	36,753,000
	-----	-----	-----
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$47,413,000	\$ 57,459,000	\$47,413,000
	=====	=====	=====
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information			
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest	\$15,876,000	\$ 9,070,000	\$30,177,000
Federal income tax	4,875,000	4,150,000	5,875,000

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation: The unaudited financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 include the consolidated results of operations of Mercantile Bank Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries. These subsidiaries include Mercantile Bank of Michigan ("our bank"), our bank's three subsidiaries, Mercantile Bank Mortgage Company, LLC ("our mortgage company"), Mercantile Bank Real Estate Co., LLC ("our real estate company"), and Mercantile Insurance Center, Inc. ("our insurance center"). These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q and Item 303(b) of Regulation S-K and do not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for a complete presentation of our financial condition and results of operations. In the opinion of management, the information reflects all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) which are necessary in order to make the financial statements not misleading and for a fair presentation of the results of operations for such periods. The results for the periods ended June 30, 2006 should not be considered as indicative of results for a full year. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Mercantile Bank Capital Trust I ("the trust"), a business trust formed by Mercantile Bank Corporation, sold 16,000 trust preferred securities at \$1,000.00 per trust preferred security in a September 2004 offering. The trust sold an additional 16,000 trust preferred securities at \$1,000.00 per trust preferred security in a December 2004 offering. Mercantile Bank Corporation issued subordinated debentures to the trust in exchange for the proceeds of the offerings. The debentures and related debt issuance costs represent the sole assets of the trust. Under current accounting guidance,

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FASB Interpretation No. 46, as revised in December 2003, the trust is not consolidated. Accordingly, Mercantile Bank Corporation does not report the securities issued by the trust as liabilities, and instead reports as liabilities the subordinated debentures issued by Mercantile Bank Corporation and held by the trust, as these are not eliminated in consolidation. The effect of not consolidating the trust does not significantly change the amounts reported as Mercantile Bank Corporation's assets, liabilities, equity or interest expense.

Earnings Per Share: Basic earnings per share is based on weighted average common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share include the dilutive effect of additional potential common shares issuable under stock options. Options for 7,163 shares were antidilutive and were not included in determining diluted earnings per share for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006.

Stock Dividend: Per share amounts and average shares outstanding have been adjusted for all periods presented to reflect the 5% stock dividend distributed on May 16, 2006. The Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity reflects a transfer from retained earnings to common stock for the value of the shares distributed to the extent of available retained earnings.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses: The allowance for loan and lease losses ("allowance") is a valuation allowance for probable incurred credit losses, increased by the provision for loan and lease losses and recoveries, and decreased by charge-offs. Management estimates the allowance balance required based on past loan loss experience, the nature and volume of the portfolio, information about specific borrower situations and estimated collateral values, and economic conditions. Allocations of the allowance may be made for specific loans and leases, but the entire allowance is available for any loan or lease that, in management's judgment, should be charged-off. Loan and lease losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a loan or lease balance is confirmed.

A loan or lease is impaired when full payment under the loan or lease terms is not expected. Impairment is evaluated in aggregate for smaller-balance loans of similar nature such as residential mortgage, consumer and credit card loans, and on an individual loan basis for other loans. If a loan or lease is impaired, a portion of the allowance is allocated so that the loan or lease is reported, net, at the present value of estimated future cash flows using the loan's or lease's existing rate or at the fair value of collateral if repayment is expected solely from the collateral. Loans and leases are evaluated for impairment when payments are delayed, typically 30 days or more, or when serious deficiencies are identified within the credit relationship.

Stock Options: Stock option plans are used to reward directors and employees and provide them with additional equity interest. Stock options granted to non-employee directors are at 125% of the market price on the

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date of grant, fully vest after five years and expire ten years from the date of grant. Stock options granted to employees are granted at the market price on the date of grant, generally fully vest after one year and expire ten years from the date of grant. Stock options granted to non-executive employees during 2005 vested about three weeks after being granted.

The Stock Incentive Plan of 2006 ("Incentive Plan") was approved by shareholders at the annual meeting held on April 27, 2006. The Incentive Plan provides for the grant of equity-based incentives to eligible participants. The forms of long-term incentive compensation include stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock units, restricted stock, stock awards and other awards based on or related to shares of Mercantile Bank Corporation common stock. The Incentive Plan provides for 350,000 shares of Mercantile Bank Corporation common stock to be available for incentive awards under the Incentive Plan, combined with the 245,769 shares available for issuance under previously authorized stock option plans, for a total of 595,769.

Prior to January 1, 2006, the Company accounted for stock-based compensation expense using the intrinsic value method as required by APB Opinion No. 25 "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" and as permitted by SFAS No. 123 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." No compensation cost for stock options was reflected in net income for 2005, as all options granted had an exercise price equal to the market price of the underlying common stock at date of grant.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

On January 1, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS No. 123(R), which requires measurement of compensation cost for all stock-based awards be based on the grant-date fair value and recognition of compensation cost over the service period of stock-based awards, which is usually the same as the vesting period. The fair value of stock options is determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model, which is consistent with the Company's valuation methodology previously utilized for options in the footnote disclosures required under SFAS No. 123. The Company has adopted SFAS No. 123(R) using the modified prospective method, which provides for no retroactive application to prior periods and no cumulative adjustment to equity accounts. As amended, this applies to awards granted or modified beginning with the first quarter of 2006. Compensation cost is also recorded for prior option grants that vest after the date of adoption. SFAS No. 123(R) also amends SFAS No. 95 "Statement of Cash Flows," and requires tax benefits relating to excess stock-based compensation deductions be presented in the consolidated statements of cash flows as financing cash inflows.

On March 29, 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") published Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 107, which expressed the views of the Staff regarding interaction between SFAS No. 123(R) and certain SEC rules and regulations and provided the Staff's views regarding the valuation of stock-based payment arrangements for public companies. SAB No. 107 requires that stock-based compensation be classified in the same expense category as cash compensation. Accordingly, the Company has included stock-based

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compensation expense in salaries and employee benefits in the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income.

The adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) had the following impact on reported amounts compared with amounts that would have been reported using the intrinsic value method under previous accounting.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2006			
	Using Previous Accounting	SFAS 123(R) Adjustments	As Reported
Income before taxes	\$7,441,000	\$(51,000)	\$7,390,000
Income taxes	2,279,000	0	2,279,000
Net income	\$5,162,000	\$(51,000)	\$5,111,000
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.65	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.64
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.64	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.63

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2006			
	Using Previous Accounting	SFAS 123(R) Adjustments	As Reported
Income before taxes	\$14,603,000	\$(102,000)	\$14,501,000
Income taxes	4,461,000	0	4,461,000
Net income	\$10,142,000	\$(102,000)	\$10,040,000
Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.27	\$ (0.01)	\$ 1.26
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.25	\$ (0.01)	\$ 1.24

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if expense had been measured using the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123(R).

Three Months Ended June 30, 2005

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	As Reported	Pro Forma Adjustments	Pro Forma As If Under SFAS 123(R)
Income before taxes	\$6,781,000	\$(94,000)	\$6,687,000
Income taxes	2,091,000	0	2,091,000
Net income	\$4,690,000	\$(94,000)	\$4,596,000
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.59	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.58
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.58	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.57

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2005			
	As Reported	Pro Forma Adjustments	Pro Forma As If Under SFAS 123(R)
Income before taxes	\$13,071,000	\$(187,000)	\$12,884,000
Income taxes	4,019,000	0	4,019,000
Net income	\$ 9,052,000	\$(187,000)	\$ 8,865,000
Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.14	\$ (0.03)	\$ 1.11
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.12	\$ (0.02)	\$ 1.10

The following is activity under the stock option plans:

Six Months Ended June 30, 2006		
	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at beginning of period	\$315,302	\$21.83
Granted	0	NA
Exercised	55,757	12.25
Forfeited	2,204	33.55
Outstanding at end of period	\$257,341	\$23.81

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	=====	=====
Exercisable at end of period	\$214,689	\$22.31
	=====	=====

The aggregate intrinsic value of all options outstanding at June 30, 2006 was \$4.1 million.

The aggregate intrinsic value of all options that were exercisable at June 30, 2006 was \$3.8 million.

The aggregate intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the first six months of 2006 was \$1.5 million.

The weighted average fair value of the 2,479 stock options that vested during the first six months of 2006 was \$10.90.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 (Unaudited)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Stock options outstanding as of June 30, 2006:

	Outstanding			Exercisable	
	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted Average Exercise Price		Weighted Average Exercise Price	
	Shares		Shares		
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
\$4.00 - \$8.00	8,952	1.1 Years	8,952	\$ 7.46	
\$8.01 - \$12.00	43,208	3.6 Years	43,208	9.19	
\$12.01 - \$16.00	29,306	5.3 Years	29,306	13.07	
\$16.01 - \$20.00	40,695	6.1 Years	33,063	16.83	
\$20.01 - \$24.00	7,272	6.3 Years	0	21.19	NA
\$24.01 - \$28.00	31,748	7.3 Years	31,748	27.94	
\$32.01 - \$36.00	42,664	8.2 Years	35,728	35.29	
\$36.01 - \$40.00	46,333	9.4 Years	32,684	37.68	
\$40.01 - \$44.00	7,163	8.3 Years	0	42.29	NA
	-----		-----		
Outstanding at end of period	257,341	6.6 Years	214,689	\$23.81	\$22.31
	=====		=====		

The compensation cost yet to be recognized for stock option grants that have been awarded but not vested is \$100,000 for the remainder of 2006, and \$27,000, \$17,000 and \$8,000 for 2007, 2008, and 2009, respectively.

Newly Issued but Not Yet Effective Accounting Standards: In June 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 ("FIN 48"), which

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clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company's financial statements in accordance with SFAS 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. FIN 48 prescribes a recognition and measurement threshold for a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company has not completed its evaluation of the impact of the adoption of FIN 48.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

2. LOANS AND LEASES

Our total loans and leases at June 30, 2006 were \$1,670.5 million compared to \$1,561.8 million at December 31, 2005, an increase of \$108.7 million, or 7.0%. The components of our outstanding balances at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, and the percentage change in loans and leases from the end of 2005 to the end of the second quarter 2006 are as follows:

	June 30, 2006		December 31, 2005		Percent Increase/ (Decrease)
	Balance	%	Balance	%	
Real Estate:					
Construction and land development	\$ 265,139,000	15.9%	\$ 226,544,000	14.5%	17.0%
Secured by 1-4 family properties	122,944,000	7.4	128,111,000	8.2	(4.0)
Secured by multi-family properties	35,397,000	2.1	30,114,000	2.0	17.5
Secured by nonresidential properties	776,542,000	46.5	714,963,000	45.8	8.6
Commercial	461,892,000	27.6	454,911,000	29.1	1.5
Leases	1,198,000	0.1	1,786,000	0.1	(32.9)
Consumer	7,359,000	0.4	5,383,000	0.3	36.7
	\$1,670,471,000	100.0%	\$1,561,812,000	100.0%	7.0%
	\$1,670,471,000	100.0%	\$1,561,812,000	100.0%	7.0%

3. ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN AND LEASE LOSSES

The following is a summary of the change in our allowance for loan and lease losses account for the three and six months ended June 30:

Three months ended		Six months ended	
June 30, 2006	June 30, 2005	June 30, 2006	June 30, 2005
-----	-----	-----	-----

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Beginning balance	\$20,995,000	\$18,097,000	\$20,527,000	\$17,819,000
Charge-offs	(1,083,000)	(211,000)	(1,863,000)	(704,000)
Recoveries	95,000	70,000	118,000	116,000
Provision for loan and lease losses	1,500,000	900,000	2,725,000	1,625,000
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance at June 30	\$21,507,000	\$18,856,000	\$21,507,000	\$18,856,000
	=====	=====	=====	=====

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

4. PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT - NET

Premises and equipment are comprised of the following:

	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
	-----	-----
Land and improvements	\$ 8,442,000	\$ 7,135,000
Buildings and leasehold improvements	18,870,000	18,450,000
Furniture and equipment	10,545,000	10,351,000
	-----	-----
	37,857,000	35,936,000
Less: accumulated depreciation	7,033,000	5,730,000
	-----	-----
Premises and equipment, net	\$30,824,000	\$30,206,000
	=====	=====

Depreciation expense amounted to \$0.7 million during the second quarter of 2006, compared to \$0.5 million in the second quarter of 2005. Depreciation expense amounted to \$1.3 million during the first six months of 2006, compared to \$0.8 million during the first six months of 2005.

5. DEPOSITS

Our total deposits at June 30, 2006 were \$1,547.9 million compared to \$1,419.4 million at December 31, 2005, an increase of \$128.6 million, or 9.1%. The components of our outstanding balances at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, and percentage change in deposits from the end of 2005 to the end of the second quarter 2006 are as follows:

	June 30, 2006		December 31, 2005		Percent Increase/ (Decrease)
	Balance	%	Balance	%	
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Noninterest-bearing demand	\$ 129,483,000	8.4%	\$ 120,828,000	8.5%	7.2%

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Interest-bearing checking	33,643,000	2.2	39,792,000	2.8	(15.5)
Money market	10,762,000	0.7	10,344,000	0.7	4.0
Savings	87,048,000	5.6	106,247,000	7.5	(18.1)
Time, under \$100,000	36,259,000	2.3	23,906,000	1.7	51.7
Time, \$100,000 and over	247,889,000	16.0	155,401,000	11.0	59.5
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	545,084,000	35.2	456,518,000	32.2	19.4
Out-of-area time, under \$100,000	69,185,000	4.5	80,048,000	5.6	(13.6)
Out-of-area time, \$100,000 and over	933,643,000	60.3	882,786,000	62.2	5.8
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	1,002,828,000	64.8	962,834,000	67.8	4.1
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total deposits	\$1,547,912,000	100.0%	\$1,419,352,000	100.0%	9.1%
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

6. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

Information relating to our securities sold under agreements to repurchase follows:

	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
	-----	-----
Outstanding balance at end of period	\$64,431,000	\$72,201,000
Average interest rate at end of period	3.69%	3.31%
Average balance during the period	\$69,315,000	\$60,743,000
Average interest rate during the period	3.52%	2.63%
Maximum month end balance during the period	\$76,113,000	\$74,639,000

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase ("repurchase agreements") generally have original maturities of less than one year. Repurchase agreements are treated as financings and the obligations to repurchase securities sold are reflected as liabilities. Securities involved with the agreements are recorded as assets of our bank and are primarily held in safekeeping by correspondent banks. Repurchase agreements are offered principally to certain large deposit customers as deposit equivalent investments.

7. FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK ADVANCES

Our outstanding balances at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 were as follows.

June 30, December 31,

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	2006	2005
	-----	-----
Maturities July 2006 through May 2008, fixed rates from 2.64 to 5.69%, averaging 4.45%	\$130,000,000	\$ 0
Maturities January 2006 through May 2008, fixed rates from 2.13% to 4.92%, averaging 3.68%	0	120,000,000
Maturities in May 2006, floating rates tied to Libor indices, averaging 4.42%	0	10,000,000
	-----	-----
Total Federal Home Loan Bank advances	\$130,000,000	\$130,000,000
	=====	=====

Each advance is payable at its maturity date, and is subject to a prepayment fee if paid prior to the maturity date. The advances are collateralized by residential mortgage loans, first mortgage liens on multi-family residential property loans, first mortgage liens on commercial real estate property loans,

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

and substantially all other assets of our bank, under a blanket lien arrangement. Our borrowing line of credit as of June 30, 2006 totaled \$295.9 million, with availability approximating \$154.0 million.

7. FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK ADVANCES (Continued)

Maturities of FHLB advances currently outstanding during the next five years are:

2006	\$65,000,000
2007	50,000,000
2008	15,000,000
2009	0
2010	0

8. COMMITMENTS AND OFF-BALANCE-SHEET RISK

Our bank is a party to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of our customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. Loan commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by our bank to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

These instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit risk in

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excess of the amount recognized, if any, in the balance sheet. Our bank's maximum exposure to loan loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual notional amount of those instruments. Our bank uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance sheet instruments. Collateral, such as accounts receivable, securities, inventory, property and equipment, is generally obtained based on management's credit assessment of the borrower. If required, estimated loss exposure resulting from these instruments is expensed and recorded as a liability. The balance of the liability account was \$0.5 million as of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005.

A summary of the contractual amounts of our financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 follows:

	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
	-----	-----
Commercial unused lines of credit	\$327,509,000	\$303,115,000
Unused lines of credit secured by 1-4 family residential properties	29,301,000	27,830,000

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

Credit card unused lines of credit	8,223,000	7,971,000
Other consumer unused lines of credit	7,719,000	10,791,000
Commitments to make loans	63,429,000	83,280,000
Standby letters of credit	66,586,000	59,058,000
	-----	-----
Total loan and leases commitments	\$502,767,000	\$492,045,000
	=====	=====

9. REGULATORY MATTERS

We are subject to regulatory capital requirements administered by federal banking agencies. Capital adequacy guidelines and prompt corrective action regulations involve quantitative measures of assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance-sheet items calculated under regulatory accounting practices. Capital amounts and classifications are also subject to qualitative judgments by regulators about components, risk weightings, and other factors, and the regulators can lower classifications in certain cases. Failure to meet various capital requirements can initiate regulatory action that could have a direct material effect on our financial statements.

The prompt corrective action regulations provide five classifications, including well capitalized, adequately capitalized, undercapitalized,

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significantly undercapitalized, and critically undercapitalized, although these terms are not used to represent overall financial condition. If not well capitalized, regulatory approval is required to accept brokered deposits. If undercapitalized, capital distributions are limited, as is asset growth and expansion, and plans for capital restoration are required.

Our actual capital levels and minimum required levels were (dollars in thousands):

	Actual		Minimum Required for Capital Adequacy Purposes		Minimum Required to be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Regulations	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
June 30, 2006						
Total capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Consolidated	\$218,449	11.7%	\$149,831	8.0%	\$NA	NA
Bank	214,900	11.5	149,685	8.0	187,106	10.0%
Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Consolidated	196,942	10.5	74,916	4.0	NA	NA
Bank	193,393	10.3	74,843	4.0	112,264	6.0
Tier 1 capital (to average assets)						
Consolidated	196,942	10.2	77,577	4.0	NA	NA
Bank	193,393	10.0	77,510	4.0	96,887	5.0

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

9. REGULATORY MATTERS (Continued)

	Actual		Minimum Required for Capital Adequacy Purposes		Minimum Required to be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Regulations	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
December 31, 2005						
Total capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Consolidated	\$209,060	12.0%	\$139,337	8.0%	\$ NA	NA
Bank	205,642	11.8	139,158	8.0	173,947	10.0%

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Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Consolidated	188,533	10.8	69,669	4.0	NA	NA
Bank	185,115	10.6	69,579	4.0	104,368	6.0
Tier 1 capital (to average assets)						
Consolidated	188,533	10.5	72,163	4.0	NA	NA
Bank	185,115	10.3	72,100	4.0	90,124	5.0

The consolidated capital levels as of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 include the \$32.0 million in trust preferred securities issued by the trust subject to certain limitations. Federal Reserve guidelines limit the amount of trust preferred securities which can be included in our Tier 1 capital to 25% of total Tier 1 capital. As of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, all \$32.0 million of the trust preferred securities were included as Tier 1 capital.

Our and our bank's ability to pay cash and stock dividends is subject to limitations under various laws and regulations and to prudent and sound banking practices. We declared a 5% stock dividend on April 11, 2006, that was distributed on May 16, 2006 to record holders as of April 24, 2006. All earnings per share and dividend per share information have been adjusted for the 5% stock dividend. We have also paid two cash dividends on our common stock during 2006. On January 10, 2006, we declared a \$0.12 per share cash dividend on our common stock, which was paid on March 10, 2006 to record holders as of February 10, 2006. On April 11, 2006, we declared a \$0.13 per share cash dividend on our common stock, which was paid on June 9, 2006 to record holders as of May 17, 2006. On July 11, 2006, we declared a \$0.13 per share cash dividend on our common stock, which is payable on September 8, 2006 to record holders as of August 10, 2006.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

10. BENEFIT PLANS

We sponsor an employee stock purchase plan which allows employees to defer after-tax payroll dollars and purchase our common stock on a quarterly basis. We have registered 30,387 shares of common stock to be issued and purchased under the plan; however, the plan allows for shares to be purchased directly from us or on the open market. During the six months ended June 30, 2006, we issued 1,448 shares under the plan.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

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This report contains forward-looking statements that are based on management's beliefs, assumptions, current expectations, estimates and projections about the financial services industry, the economy, and about our company. Words such as "anticipates", "believes", "estimates", "expects", "forecasts", "intends", "is likely", "plans", "projects", variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions ("Future Factors") that are difficult to predict with regard to timing, extent, likelihood and degree of occurrence. Therefore, actual results and outcomes may materially differ from what may be expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to update, amend, or clarify forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events (whether anticipated or unanticipated), or otherwise.

Future Factors include changes in interest rates and interest rate relationships; demand for products and services; the degree of competition by traditional and non-traditional competitors; changes in banking regulation; changes in tax laws; changes in prices, levies, and assessments; the impact of technological advances; governmental and regulatory policy changes; the outcomes of contingencies; trends in customer behavior as well as their ability to repay loans; changes in the national and local economies; and risk factors described in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. These are representative of the Future Factors that could cause a difference between an ultimate actual outcome and a preceding forward-looking statement.

INTRODUCTION

The following discussion compares the financial condition of Mercantile Bank Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries, Mercantile Bank of Michigan ("our bank"), our bank's three subsidiaries Mercantile Bank Mortgage Company ("our mortgage company"), Mercantile Bank Real Estate Co., LLC ("our real estate company") and Mercantile Insurance Center, Inc. ("our insurance center"), at June 30, 2006 to December 31, 2005 and the results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and June 30, 2005. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the interim consolidated financial statements and footnotes included in this report. Unless the text clearly suggests otherwise, references in this report to "us," "we," "our," or "the company" include Mercantile Bank Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries referred to above.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Generally accepted accounting principles are complex and require management to apply significant judgment to various accounting, reporting and disclosure matters. Management must use assumptions and estimates to apply these principles where actual measurements are not possible or practical. The Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited financial statements included in this report. For a complete discussion of our significant accounting policies, see footnotes to our Consolidated Financial Statements included on pages F-35 through F-40 in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005 (Commission file number 000-26719). Below is a discussion of our Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses policy. This policy is critical because it is highly dependent upon subjective or complex judgments, assumptions and estimates. Changes in such estimates may have a significant impact on the financial statements, and actual results may differ from those estimates. Management has reviewed the application of this policy with the Audit Committee of the Company's Board of Directors.

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Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses: The allowance for loan and lease losses ("allowance") is a valuation allowance for probable incurred credit losses, increased by the provision for loan and lease losses and recoveries, and decreased by charge-offs. Management estimates the allowance balance required based on past loan loss experience, the nature and volume of the portfolio, information about specific borrower situations and estimated collateral values, and economic conditions. Allocations of the allowance may be made for specific loans and leases, but the entire allowance is available for any loan or lease that, in management's judgment, should be charged-off. Loan and lease losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a loan or lease balance is confirmed.

A loan or lease is impaired when full payment under the loan or lease terms is not expected. Impairment is evaluated in aggregate for smaller-balance loans of similar nature such as residential mortgage, consumer and credit card loans, and on an individual loan basis for other loans. If a loan or lease is impaired, a portion of the allowance is allocated so that the loan or lease is reported, net, at the present value of estimated future cash flows using the loan's or lease's existing rate or at the fair value of collateral if repayment is expected solely from the collateral. Loans and leases are evaluated for impairment when payments are delayed, typically 30 days or more, or when serious deficiencies are identified within the credit relationship.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

During the first six months of 2006, our assets increased from \$1,838.2 million on December 31, 2005, to \$1,969.4 million on June 30, 2006. This represents a total increase in assets of \$131.2 million, or 7.1%. The asset growth was comprised primarily of a \$107.7 million increase in net loans, a \$10.6 million increase in cash and cash equivalents and a \$7.1 million increase in securities. The growth in total assets was primarily funded by a \$128.6 million increase in deposits, partially offset by a \$7.8 million decrease in securities sold under agreements to repurchase ("repurchase agreements").

Commercial loans and leases increased by \$111.9 million during the first six months of 2006, and at June 30, 2006 totaled \$1,540.2 million, or 92.2% of the total loan and lease portfolio. The continued significant concentration of the loan and lease portfolio in commercial loans and leases and the rapid growth of this portion of our lending business is consistent with our stated strategy of focusing a substantial amount of efforts on "wholesale" banking. Corporate and business lending continues to be an area of expertise of our senior management team, and our commercial lenders have extensive commercial lending experience, with most having at least 10 years experience. Of each of the loan categories that we originate, commercial loans and leases are most efficiently originated and managed; thus limiting overhead costs by necessitating the attention of fewer full-time employees. Our commercial lending business generates the greatest amount of local deposits, and is our primary source of demand deposits.

Residential mortgage loans decreased by \$5.2 million during the first six months of 2006, while the balance of our consumer loan portfolio increased by \$2.0 million. As of June 30, 2006, residential mortgage and consumer loans totaled a combined \$130.3 million, or 7.8% of the total loan and lease portfolio. Although we plan to increase our non-commercial loan portfolios in future periods, given our wholesale banking strategy, we expect the commercial sector of our lending efforts and resultant assets to remain the dominant loan portfolio category.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION

Management believes the quality of our loan and lease portfolio remains strong. Net loan and lease charge-offs during the first six months of 2006 totaled \$1.7 million, or 0.22% of average total loans and leases on an annualized basis. During the first six months of 2005, net loan and lease charge-offs totaled \$0.6 million, or 0.09% of average total loans and leases on an annualized basis. Nonperforming assets at June 30, 2006 totaled \$8.7 million, or 0.44% of period-ending total assets. Nonperforming assets at June 30, 2005 totaled \$3.7 million, or 0.22% of period-ending total assets, while at December 31, 2005, nonperforming assets totaled \$4.0 million, or 0.22% of period-ending total assets.

We believe we have instilled a strong credit culture within our lending departments as it pertains to the underwriting and administration processes, which in part is reflected in our loan and lease net charge-off and delinquency ratios. Over 98% of the loan portfolio consists of loans extended directly to companies and individuals doing business and residing within our market area. The remaining portion is comprised of commercial loans participated with certain commercial banks outside the immediate area, which we underwrite using the same loan underwriting criteria as though our bank was the originating bank.

Securities increased \$7.1 million during the first six months of 2006. Purchases during the first six months of 2006 totaled \$14.8 million, while proceeds from maturities, calls and repayments of securities totaled \$4.8 million. Our securities portfolio primarily consists of U.S. Government Agency bonds, mortgage-backed securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. Government Agencies, investment-grade tax-exempt municipal securities and Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis ("FHLBI") stock.

Cash and cash equivalents increased \$10.6 million during the first six months of 2006, totaling \$47.4 million on June 30, 2006. Cash and due from bank balances were up \$10.9 million, while short-term investments decreased \$0.3 million. Our commercial lending and wholesale funding focus results in relatively large day-to-day fluctuations of our cash and cash equivalent balances. The average cash and cash equivalents during the first six months of 2006 equaled \$49.4 million.

Premises and equipment at June 30, 2006 equaled \$30.8 million, an increase of \$0.6 million over the past six months. Purchases of premises and equipment during the first six months of 2006 totaled \$1.9 million, while depreciation expense equaled \$1.3 million.

Deposits increased \$128.6 million during the first six months of 2006, totaling \$1,547.9 million at June 30, 2006. Local deposits increased \$88.6 million, while out-of-area deposits increased \$40.0 million. As a percent of total deposits, local deposits increased from 32.2% on December 31, 2005, to 35.2% on June 30, 2006. Noninterest-bearing demand deposits, comprising 8.4% of total deposits, increased \$8.7 million during the first six months of 2006. Savings deposits (5.6% of total deposits) decreased \$19.2 million, interest-bearing checking deposits (2.2% of total deposits) decreased \$6.1 million and money market deposit accounts (0.7% of total deposits) increased \$0.4 million during the first six months of 2006. Local certificates of deposit, comprising 18.3% of total deposits, increased by \$104.8 million during the first six months of 2006. The increase in local certificates of deposit is primarily attributable to increases in balances from municipalities and transfers of monies by consumer and commercial customers from savings accounts to certificate of deposit products, the latter of which reflecting that rates offered on certificates of deposit have risen at a faster pace than the rates offered on savings accounts.

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Out-of-area deposits increased \$40.0 million during the first six months of 2006, totaling \$1,002.8 million as of June 30, 2006. Out-of-area deposits consist primarily of certificates of deposit obtained from depositors located outside our market area and placed by deposit brokers for a fee, but also include certificates of deposit obtained from the deposit owners directly. Out-of-area deposits are utilized to support our asset growth, and are generally a lower cost source of funds when compared to the deposit interest rates that would have to be offered in the local market to generate a sufficient level of funds. During the first six months of 2006, rates paid on new out-of-area certificates of deposit were similar to the rates paid on new certificates of deposit issued to local customers. Overhead costs associated with the out-of-area deposits are considerably less than the overhead costs that would be incurred to administer a similar level of local deposits. Although local deposits have and are expected to increase as new business, governmental and consumer deposit relationships are established, our relatively high reliance on out-of-area deposits is expected to continue.

Repurchase agreements decreased by \$7.8 million during the first six months of 2006, totaling \$64.4 million as of June 30, 2006. As part of our sweep account program, collected funds from certain business noninterest-bearing checking accounts are invested into over-night interest-bearing repurchase agreements. Although not considered a deposit account and therefore not afforded federal deposit insurance, the repurchase agreements have characteristics very similar to that of our business checking deposit accounts.

Federal funds purchased increased by \$1.8 million during the first six months of 2006, totaling \$11.4 million as of June 30, 2006. Advances obtained from the FHLBI totaled \$130.0 million as of June 30, 2006, unchanged from December 31, 2005, as \$50.0 million in new advances replaced the \$50.0 million from maturing advances during the first six months of 2006. The FHLBI advances are collateralized by residential mortgage loans, first mortgage liens on multi-family residential property loans and first mortgage liens on commercial real estate property loans, and substantially all other assets of our bank, under a blanket lien arrangement. Our borrowing line of credit as of June 30, 2006 totaled \$295.9 million, with availability approximating \$154.0 million. FHLBI advances, along with out-of-area deposits, are the primary components of our wholesale funding program.

LIQUIDITY

Liquidity is measured by our ability to raise funds through deposits, borrowed funds, capital or cash flow from the repayment of loans and securities. These funds are used to meet deposit withdrawals, maintain reserve requirements, fund loans and support our operations. Liquidity is primarily achieved through the growth of deposits (both local and out-of-area), advances from the FHLBI and federal funds purchased, as well as liquid assets such as securities available for sale, matured securities, and federal funds sold. Asset and liability management is the process of managing our balance sheet to achieve a mix of earning assets and liabilities that maximizes profitability, while providing adequate liquidity.

Our liquidity strategy is to fund asset growth with deposits, repurchase agreements and FHLBI advances and to maintain an adequate level of short- and medium-term investments to meet typical daily loan and deposit activity. Although deposit and repurchase agreement growth from depositors located in our

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market area has generally consistently increased, this growth has not been sufficient to meet our substantial loan growth and provide monies for additional investing activities. To assist in providing the additional needed funds, we have regularly obtained monies from wholesale funding sources. Wholesale funds, comprised of certificates of deposit from customers outside of our market area and advances from the FHLBI, totaled \$1,132.8 million, or 64.6% of combined deposits and borrowed funds as

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION

of June 30, 2006. As of December 31, 2005, wholesale funds totaled \$1,092.8 million, or 67.0% of combined deposits and borrowed funds. Reliance on wholesale funds is expected to continue due to our anticipated future asset growth.

As a member of the FHLBI, our bank has access to the FHLBI's borrowing programs. At June 30, 2006, advances from the FHLBI totaled \$130.0 million, unchanged from the amount outstanding at December 31, 2005. Based on available collateral at June 30, 2006, our bank could borrow an additional \$154.0 million.

Our bank has the ability to borrow money on a daily basis through correspondent banks via established unsecured federal funds purchased lines, totaling \$62.0 million as of June 30, 2006. The average balance of federal funds purchased during the first six months of 2006 equaled \$4.5 million, compared to an \$11.6 million average federal funds sold position during the same time period.

In addition to typical loan funding and deposit flow, we must maintain liquidity to meet the demands of certain unfunded loan commitments and standby letters of credit. As of June 30, 2006, our bank had a total of \$436.2 million in unfunded loan commitments and \$66.6 million in unfunded standby letters of credit. Of the total unfunded loan commitments, \$372.8 million were commitments available as lines of credit to be drawn at any time as customers' cash needs vary, and \$63.4 million were for loan commitments expected to close and become funded within the next three to six months. We monitor fluctuations in loan balances and commitment levels, and include such data in managing our overall liquidity.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

Shareholders' equity is a noninterest-bearing source of funds that provides support for asset growth. Shareholders' equity increased by \$6.6 million during the first six months of 2006, from \$155.1 million on December 31, 2005, to \$161.7 million at June 30, 2006. The increase is primarily attributable to net income of \$10.0 million recorded during the first six months of 2006. Shareholders' equity was negatively impacted during the first six months of 2006 by the payment of cash dividends totaling \$2.0 million and a \$1.9 million mark-to-market adjustment for available for sale securities as defined in SFAS No. 115. Shareholders' equity also increased \$0.2 million from the issuance of new shares of common stock resulting from our dividend reinvestment plan, employee stock purchase plan and stock option exercises.

We are subject to regulatory capital requirements primarily administered by federal bank regulatory agencies. Failure to meet the various capital requirements can initiate regulatory action that could have a direct material effect on the financial statements. The capital ratios of the company and our bank as of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 are disclosed under Note 9 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Our and our bank's ability to pay cash and stock dividends is subject to

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limitations under various laws and regulations and to prudent and sound banking practices. We declared a 5% stock dividend on April 11, 2006, that was distributed on May 16, 2006 to record holders as of April 24, 2006. All earnings per share and dividend per share information have been adjusted for the 5% stock dividend. We paid a \$0.12 per share cash dividend on March 10, 2006 and a \$0.13 per share cash dividend on June 9, 2006. On July 11, 2006, we declared a \$0.13 per share cash dividend payable on September 8, 2006 to record holders as of August 10, 2006.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net income for the second quarter of 2006 was \$5.1 million (\$0.64 per basic share and \$0.63 per diluted share), which represents a 9.0% increase over net income of \$4.7 million (\$0.59 per basic share and \$0.58 per diluted share) recorded during the second quarter of 2005. Net income for the first six months of 2006 was \$10.0 million (\$1.26 per basic share and \$1.24 per diluted share), which represents a 10.9% increase over net income of \$9.1 million (\$1.14 per basic share and \$1.12 per diluted share) recorded during the first six months of 2005. The improvement in net income during both time periods is primarily the result of higher net interest income and improved operating efficiency, which more than offset a higher provision expense.

Interest income during the second quarter of 2006 was \$33.7 million, an increase of 38.6% over the \$24.3 million earned during the second quarter of 2005. Interest income during the first six months of 2006 was \$64.8 million, an increase of 40.8% over the \$46.1 million earned during the first six months of 2005. The growth in interest income during both time periods is primarily attributable to growth in earning assets and an increasing interest rate environment. During the second quarter of 2006, earning assets averaged \$1,841.7 million, \$259.2 million higher than average earning assets of \$1,582.5 million during the second quarter of 2005. Average loans were up \$240.6 million and securities increased \$15.5 million. During the first six months of 2006, earning assets averaged \$1,810.4 million, \$263.0 million higher than average earning assets of \$1,547.4 million during the same time period in 2005. Average loans were up \$238.4 million and securities increased \$20.7 million. Also positively impacting the growth in interest income was the increased yield on earning assets. During the second quarter of 2006 and 2005, earning assets had a weighted average yield (tax equivalent-adjusted basis) of 7.42% and 6.24%, respectively. During the first six months of 2006 and 2005, earning assets had a weighted average yield of 7.29% and 6.07%, respectively. With approximately 65% of our total loans and leases tied to the prime rate, our asset yield has benefited from recent increases in the prime rate. Between June 30, 2004 and June 30, 2006, the Federal Open Market Committee has raised the target federal funds rate by a total of 425 basis points, with the prime rate increasing by the same magnitude.

Interest expense during the second quarter of 2006 was \$18.1 million, an increase of 68.6% over the \$10.7 million expensed during the second quarter of 2005. Interest expense during the first six months of 2006 was \$34.1 million, an increase of 72.3% over the \$19.8 million expensed during the first six months of 2005. The increase in interest expense is primarily attributable to an increase in interest-bearing liabilities necessitated by asset growth and a higher interest rate environment. During the second quarter of 2006, interest-bearing liabilities averaged \$1,644.8 million, \$246.4 million higher than average interest-bearing liabilities of \$1,398.4 million during the second quarter of

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2005. Interest-bearing deposits were up \$234.5 million and short-term borrowings increased \$13.1 million. During the first six months of 2006, interest-bearing liabilities averaged \$1,616.7 million, \$249.4 million higher than average interest-bearing liabilities of \$1,367.3 million during the same time period in 2005. Interest-bearing deposits were up \$236.0 million and short-term borrowings increased \$9.7 million. During the second quarter of 2006 and 2005, interest-bearing liabilities had a weighted average rate of 4.41% and 3.08%, respectively. During the first six months of 2006 and 2005, interest-bearing liabilities had a weighted average rate of 4.25% and 2.92%, respectively. The higher weighted average cost of interest-bearing liabilities is primarily due to the increase in market interest rates.

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Net interest income during the second quarter of 2006 was \$15.6 million, an increase of 15.0% over the \$13.6 million earned during the second quarter of 2005. Net interest income during the first six months of 2006 was \$30.7 million, an increase of 17.1% over the \$26.3 million earned during the same time period in 2005. The increase in net interest income is primarily due to the growth in earning assets, supported by a relatively stable net interest margin. The net interest margin during the second quarter of 2006 was 3.47%, compared to 3.52% during the second quarter of 2005. During the first six months of 2006, the net interest margin was 3.49%, unchanged from the level during the same time period in 2005.

The following table sets forth certain information relating to our consolidated average interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and reflects the average yield on assets and average cost of liabilities for the second quarter of 2006 and 2005. Such yields and costs are derived by dividing income or expense by the average daily balance of assets or liabilities, respectively, for the period presented. Tax-exempt securities interest income and yield have been computed on a tax equivalent basis using a marginal tax rate of 35%. Securities interest income was increased by \$301,000 and \$273,000 in the second quarter of 2006 and 2005, respectively, for this adjustment.

	Quarters ended June 30,				
	2006			2005	
	Average Balance	Interest	Average Rate	Average Balance	Interest
	(dollars in thousands)				
ASSETS					
Loans and leases	\$1,643,022	\$31,304	7.64%	\$1,402,469	\$22,250
Securities	187,102	2,600	5.56	171,620	2,309
Federal funds sold	11,230	139	4.96	7,853	56
Short term investments	312	4	4.80	511	4
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Total interest-earning assets	1,841,666	34,047	7.42	1,582,453	24,619
Allowance for loan losses	(21,457)			(18,620)	
Other assets	119,204			105,370	
	-----			-----	
Total assets	\$1,939,413			\$1,669,203	

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	=====			=====	
LIABILITIES AND					
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Interest-bearing deposits	\$1,403,912	\$15,358	4.39%	\$1,169,350	\$ 8,892
Short-term borrowings	75,894	720	3.81	62,802	375
FHLB advances	129,121	1,369	4.25	131,264	1,006
Long-term borrowings	35,830	653	7.31	34,965	465
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Total interest-bearing liabilities	1,644,757	18,100	4.41	1,398,381	10,738
Noninterest-bearing deposits	117,125			112,302	
Other liabilities	17,492			11,523	
Shareholders' equity	160,039			146,997	
	-----			-----	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,939,413			\$1,669,203	
	=====	-----		=====	-----
Net interest income		\$15,947			\$13,881
		=====			=====
Net interest rate spread			3.01%		
			=====		

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Net interest rate spread on average assets	3.30%
	=====
Net interest margin on earning assets	3.47%
	=====

Provisions to the allowance during the second quarter of 2006 were \$1.5 million, an increase of 66.7% over the \$0.9 million that was expensed during the second quarter of 2005. Provisions to the allowance during the first six months of 2006 were \$2.7 million, an increase of 67.7% over the \$1.6 million that was expensed during the same time period in 2005. The increase during both time periods primarily reflects the higher volume of net loan and lease charge-offs. Net loan and lease charge-offs of \$1.0 million were recorded during the second quarter of 2006, compared to net loan and lease charge-offs of \$0.1 million during the second quarter of 2005. During the first six months of 2006, net loan and lease charge-offs totaled \$1.7 million, compared to net loan and lease charge-offs of \$0.6 million during the same time period in 2005. The allowance, as a percentage of total loans and leases outstanding, was 1.29% as of June 30, 2006, compared to 1.32% at June 30, 2005.

In each accounting period, the allowance is adjusted to the amount believed necessary to maintain the allowance at adequate levels. Through the loan review and credit departments, we attempt to allocate specific portions of the allowance based on specifically identifiable problem loans and leases. The evaluation of the allowance is further based on, although not limited to, consideration of the internally prepared Allowance Analysis, composition of the loan and lease portfolio, third party analysis of the loan administration

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processes and loan portfolio and general economic conditions. In addition, the rapid growth of the loan and lease portfolio is taken into account.

The Allowance Analysis, used since the inception of our bank and completed monthly, applies reserve allocation factors to outstanding loan and lease balances to calculate an overall allowance dollar amount. For commercial loans and leases, which continue to comprise a vast majority of our loan and lease portfolio, reserve allocation factors are based upon the loan ratings as determined by our loan rating paradigm that is administered by our loan review function. For retail loans, reserve allocation factors are based upon the type of credit. Adjustments for specific loan relationships, including impaired loans, are made on a case-by-case basis. The reserve allocation factors are based on the experience of senior management making similar loans in the same community over almost 20 years. The Allowance Analysis is reviewed regularly by senior management and the Board of Directors and is adjusted periodically based upon identifiable trends and experience.

Noninterest income during the second quarter of 2006 was \$1.28 million, an increase of 4.7% over the \$1.22 million earned during the second quarter of 2005. Noninterest income during the first six months of 2006 was \$2.52 million, an increase of 3.7% over the \$2.43 million earned during the same time period in 2005. Service charge income on deposits and repurchase agreements decreased \$12,000 (3.5%) during the second quarter of 2006 when compared to the second quarter of 2005, and declined \$34,000 (5.0%) during the first six months of 2006 when compared to the same time period during 2005, primarily reflecting an increase in the earnings credit rate on noninterest-bearing checking accounts which was only partially offset by an increase in new accounts opened during the last twelve months. During both time periods, we recorded increased fee income in virtually all other major fee income categories.

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Noninterest expense during the second quarter of 2006 was \$8.0 million, an increase of 12.4% over the \$7.1 million expensed during the second quarter of 2005. Noninterest expense during the first six months of 2006 was \$16.0 million, an increase of 14.6% over the \$14.0 million expensed during the same time period in 2005. Employee salary and benefit expenses were \$0.3 million higher during the second quarter of 2006 than the level expensed during the second quarter of 2005, and were \$0.9 million higher during the first six months of 2006 than the level expensed during the first six months of 2005. The increases during both time periods primarily resulted from the hiring of additional staff and merit annual pay increases, partially offset by lower non-lender bonus program expenses. The level of full-time equivalent employees increased from 237 at June 30, 2005 to 277 as of June 30, 2006. During the second quarter of 2005 and the first six months of 2005, we expensed \$0.6 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, for the non-lender bonus program. During the second quarter of 2006 and the first six months of 2006, no expense was recorded for the non-lender bonus program, primarily reflecting management's assessment of the likelihood of achieving a 15% growth in net income for all of 2006. Occupancy and furniture and equipment costs increased \$0.4 million during the second quarter of 2006 over the level expensed during the second quarter of 2005, and increased \$0.9 million during the first six months of 2006 over the level expensed during the first six months of 2005, primarily reflecting the opening of our new main office during the second quarter of 2005 and the opening of our new leased facilities in Lansing and Ann Arbor during the third quarter of 2005. Other overhead costs increased \$0.2 million during the second quarter of 2006 over the level expensed during the second quarter of 2005, and increased \$0.3

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million during the first six months of 2006 over the level expensed during the first six months of 2005, primarily reflecting additional expenditures required to administer the increased asset base.

Monitoring and controlling noninterest costs, while at the same time providing high quality service to customers, is a key component to our business strategy. While the dollar volume of noninterest costs has increased, the rate of growth has been lower than the rate of increase in net interest income and noninterest income. Noninterest expenses increased by \$0.9 million during the second quarter of 2006 over the amount expensed during the second quarter of 2005, and increased by \$2.0 million during the first six months of 2006 over the amount expensed during the first six months of 2005. However, net revenues (net interest income plus noninterest income) increased at a substantially higher level of \$2.1 million and \$4.6 million during the same time periods, respectively.

Federal income tax expense was \$2.3 million during the second quarter of 2006, an increase of 9.0% over the \$2.1 million expensed during the second quarter of 2005. Federal income tax expense was \$4.5 million during the first six months of 2006, an increase of 11.0% over the \$4.0 million expensed during the first six months of 2005. The increases during both time periods primarily results from the increase in net income before federal income tax. Our effective tax rate was approximately 30.8% during the second quarter of 2006 and 2005, as well as during the first six months of 2006 and 2005.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our primary market risk exposure is interest rate risk and, to a lesser extent, liquidity risk. All of our transactions are denominated in U.S. dollars with no specific foreign exchange exposure. We have only limited agricultural-related loan assets and therefore have no significant exposure to changes in commodity prices. Any impact that changes in foreign exchange rates and commodity prices would have on interest rates is assumed to be insignificant. Interest rate risk is the exposure of our financial condition to adverse movements in interest rates. We derive our income primarily from the excess of interest collected on our interest-earning assets over the interest paid on our interest-bearing liabilities. The rates of interest we earn on our assets and owe on our liabilities generally are established contractually for a period of time. Since market interest rates change over time, we are exposed to lower profitability if we cannot adapt to interest rate changes. Accepting interest rate risk can be an important source of profitability and shareholder value; however, excessive levels of interest rate risk could pose a significant threat to our earnings and capital base. Accordingly, effective risk management that maintains interest rate risk at prudent levels is essential to our safety and soundness.

Evaluating the exposure to changes in interest rates includes assessing both the adequacy of the process used to control interest rate risk and the quantitative level of exposure. Our interest rate risk management process seeks to ensure that appropriate policies, procedures, management information systems and internal controls are in place to maintain interest rate risk at prudent levels with consistency and continuity. In evaluating the quantitative level of interest rate risk we assess the existing and potential future effects of changes in interest rates on our financial condition, including capital adequacy, earnings, liquidity and asset quality.

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We use two interest rate risk measurement techniques. The first, which is commonly referred to as GAP analysis, measures the difference between the dollar amounts of interest sensitive assets and liabilities that will be refinanced or repriced during a given time period. A significant repricing gap could result in a negative impact to our net interest margin during periods of changing market interest rates. The following table depicts our GAP position as of June 30, 2006 (dollars in thousands):

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	Within Three Months	Three to Twelve Months	One to Five Years	After Five Years	Total
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Assets:					
Commercial loans and leases (1)	\$838,371	\$ 57,265	\$594,775	\$ 49,757	\$1,540,
Residential real estate loans	54,687	2,672	52,139	13,446	122,
Consumer loans	1,291	562	4,935	571	7,
Investment securities (2)	8,888	2,143	33,306	144,332	188,
Short-term investments	271	0	0	0	
Allowance for loan and leases losses	0	0	0	(21,507)	(21,
Other assets	0	0	0	131,525	131,
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total assets	903,508	62,642	685,155	318,124	1,969,
Liabilities:					
Interest-bearing checking	33,643	0	0	0	33,
Savings	87,048	0	0	0	87,
Money market accounts	10,762	0	0	0	10,
Time deposits <\$100,000	27,288	43,655	34,501	0	105,4
Time deposits \$100,000 and over	315,038	522,257	344,237	0	1,181,
Short-term borrowings	75,831	0	0	0	75,
FHLB advances	30,000	75,000	25,000	0	130,
Long-term borrowings	35,947	0	0	0	35,
Noninterest-bearing checking	0	0	0	129,483	129,
Other liabilities	0	0	0	18,079	18,
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total liabilities	615,557	640,912	403,738	147,562	1,807,
Shareholders' equity	0	0	0	161,660	161,
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total sources of funds	615,557	640,912	403,738	309,222	1,969,
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net asset (liability) GAP	\$287,951	\$ (578,270)	\$281,417	\$ 8,902	
	=====	=====	=====	=====	
Cumulative GAP	\$287,951	\$ (290,319)	\$ (8,902)		
	=====	=====	=====		
Percent of cumulative GAP to total assets	14.6%	(14.8)%	(0.5)%		
	=====	=====	=====		

(1) Floating rate loans that are currently at interest rate ceilings are treated as fixed rate loans and are reflected using maturity date and not next repricing date.

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- (2) Mortgage-backed securities are categorized by expected final maturities based upon prepayment trends as of June 30, 2006

The second interest rate risk measurement we use is commonly referred to as net interest income simulation analysis. We believe that this methodology provides a more accurate measurement of interest rate risk than the GAP analysis, and therefore, serves as our primary interest rate risk measurement technique. The simulation model assesses the direction and magnitude of variations in net interest income resulting from potential changes in market interest rates. Key assumptions in the model include prepayment speeds on various loan and investment assets; cash flows and maturities of interest-sensitive

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION

assets and liabilities; and changes in market conditions impacting loan and deposit volume and pricing. These assumptions are inherently uncertain, subject to fluctuation and revision in a dynamic environment; therefore, the model cannot precisely estimate net interest income or exactly predict the impact of higher or lower interest rates on net interest income. Actual results will differ from simulated results due to the timing, magnitude, and frequency of interest rate changes and changes in market conditions and the company's strategies, among other factors.

We conducted multiple simulations as of June 30, 2006, whereby it was assumed that changes in market interest rates occurred ranging from up 200 basis points to down 200 basis points in equal quarterly instalments over the next twelve months. The following table reflects the suggested impact on our net interest income over the next twelve months, which are well within our policy parameters established to manage and monitor interest rate risk.

Interest Rate Scenario	Dollar Change In Net Interest Income	Percent Change In Net Interest Income
Interest rates down 200 basis points	\$(5,969,000)	(9.4)%
Interest rates down 100 basis points	(4,837,000)	(7.6)
No change in interest rates	(3,675,000)	(5.8)
Interest rates up 100 basis points	(1,725,000)	(2.7)
Interest rates up 200 basis points	215,000	0.3

In addition to changes in interest rates, the level of future net interest income is also dependent on a number of other variables, including: the growth, composition and absolute levels of loans, deposits, and other earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities; economic and competitive conditions; potential changes in lending, investing and deposit gathering strategies; client preferences; and other factors.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of June 30, 2006, an evaluation was performed under the supervision of and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, our

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management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2006. There have been no significant changes in our internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2006 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we may be involved in various legal proceedings that are incidental to our business. In our opinion, we are not a party to any current legal proceedings that are material to our financial condition, either individually or in the aggregate.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those previously disclosed in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

On April 18, 2006, we issued 19,227 shares of our common stock to one of our employees upon his exercise of employee stock options issued under our 1997 Employee Stock Option Plan. We received a weighted average exercise price of \$9.184 per share aggregating \$176,580 for these shares. The exercise price for these shares was substantially paid by the employee delivering to us common stock of the company that he already owned having an aggregate value of \$176,558, with the difference paid in cash. Also on April 18, 2006, we issued 2,888 shares of our common stock to one of our employees upon his exercise of employee stock options issued under our 1997 Employee Stock Option Plan. We received a weighted average exercise price of \$8.769 per share aggregating \$25,325 for these shares. The exercise price for these shares was substantially paid by the employee delivering to us common stock of the company that he already owned having an aggregate value of \$25,318, with the difference paid in cash. On May 24, 2006, we issued 8,963 shares of our common stock to one of our employees upon his exercise of employee stock options issued under our 1997 Employee Stock Option Plan. We received a weighted average exercise price of \$9.724 per share aggregating \$87,153 for these shares. The exercise price for these shares was substantially paid by the employee delivering to us common stock of the company that he already owned having an aggregate value of \$87,093, with the difference paid in cash. The shares issued under the 1997 Employee Stock Option Plan were issued in reliance on an exemption from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 based on Section 4(2) of that Act, and Regulation D issued under that Act.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid Per Share	(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	(d) Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under Plans or Programs
--------	--------------------------------------	----------------------------------	--	--

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April 1 - 30	8,500	\$39.61	0	0
May 1 - 31	3,244	39.59	0	0
June 1 - 30	0	N/A	0	0
Total	11,744	39.60	0	0

The shares shown in column (a) above as having been purchased were acquired from five of our employees when they used shares of common stock that they already owned to pay part of the exercise price when exercising stock options issued under our employee stock option plans.

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ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

At our Annual Meeting held on April 27, 2006, our shareholders voted to elect five directors, Doyle A. Hayes, Susan K. Jones, Lawrence W. Larsen, Michael H. Price and Dale J. Visser, each for a three year term expiring at the Annual Meeting of the shareholders of the company in 2009. The results of the election were as follows:

Nominee	Votes For	Votes Against	Votes Withheld	Broker Non-Votes
Doyle A. Hayes	6,754,553	0	260,758	0
Susan K. Jones	6,742,089	0	273,278	0
Lawrence W. Larsen	6,733,285	0	282,083	0
Michael H. Price	6,716,922	0	298,400	0
Dale J. Visser	6,521,371	0	493,997	0

The terms of office of the following directors (who were not up for election) continued after the Annual Meeting: Betty S. Burton, David M. Cassard, Edward J. Clark, Peter A. Cordes, C. John Gill, David M. Hecht, Gerald R. Johnson, Jr., Calvin D. Murdock, Merle J. Prins and Donald Williams, Sr.

Also at our Annual Meeting held on April 27, 2006, our shareholders voted to approve the Stock Incentive Plan of 2006. The results of the voting were as follows:

Votes For	Votes Against	Votes Abstained	Broker Non-Votes
4,053,059	583,640	26,658	2,353,501

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ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

Not applicable.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT NO. -----	EXHIBIT DESCRIPTION -----
3.1	Our Articles of Incorporation are incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2004
3.2	Our Amended and Restated Bylaws dated as of January 16, 2003 are incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of our Registration Statement on Form S-3 (Commission File No. 333-103376) that became effective on February 21, 2003
31	Rule 13a-14(a) Certifications
32.1	Section 1350 Chief Executive Officer Certification
32.2	Section 1350 Chief Financial Officer Certification

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on August 8, 2006.

MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION

By: /s/ Gerald R. Johnson, Jr.

Gerald R. Johnson, Jr.
Chairman of the Board and Chief
Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Charles E. Christmas

Charles E. Christmas
Senior Vice President, Chief
Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial and Accounting
Officer)

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EXHIBIT INDEX

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31	Rule 13a-14(a) Certifications
32.1	Section 1350 Chief Executive Officer Certification
32.2	Section 1350 Chief Financial Officer Certification