CALAVO GROWERS INC Form 10-Q September 09, 2008

### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

### **FORM 10-0**

**DESCRIPTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934** 

For the quarterly period ended July 31, 2008

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number: 000-33385 CALAVO GROWERS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

California

33-0945304

(State of incorporation)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1141-A Cummings Road Santa Paula, California 93060

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(805) 525-1245

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer b

Non-accelerated filer o
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No b

Registrant s number of shares of common stock outstanding as of July 31, 2008 was 14,405,833

### **Table of Contents**

### **CAUTIONARY STATEMENT**

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains statements relating to our future results (including certain projections and business trends) that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and are subject to the safe harbor created by those sections. Forward-looking statements frequently are identifiable by the use of words such as believe. anticipate. will, and other similar expressions. Our actual results may d expect. intend. materially from those projected as a result of certain risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: increased competition, conducting substantial amounts of business internationally, pricing pressures on agricultural products, adverse weather and growing conditions confronting avocado growers, new governmental regulations, as well as other risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to those set forth in Part I., Item 1A, Risk Factors, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2007, and those detailed from time to time in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These forward-looking statements are made only as of the date hereof, and we undertake no obligation to update or revise the forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

2

# CALAVO GROWERS, INC. INDEX

PART I	I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION	PAGE
Item 1.	Financial Statements (unaudited):	
	Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets July 31, 2008 and October 31, 2007	4
	Consolidated Condensed Statements of Income Three Months and Nine Months Ended July 31, 2008 and 2007	5
	Consolidated Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income Three Months and Nine Months Ended July 31, 2008 and 2007	6
	Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows Nine Months Ended July 31, 2008 and 2007	7
	Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements	8
Item 2.	Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	17
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	25
<u>Item 4.</u>	Controls and Procedures	26
PART I	II. OTHER INFORMATION	
<u>Item 1.</u>	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	27
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	28
EXHIBIT EXHIBIT EXHIBIT EXHIBIT	<u>Γ31.1</u> <u>Γ31.2</u>	29

# PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CALAVO GROWERS, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED) (All amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 313 \$	967
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$2,432 (2008) and \$2,271 (2007) 34,079	25,992
Inventories, net 16,938	8,359
Prepaid expenses and other current assets 4,567	4,911
Advances to suppliers 1,891	2,292
Income tax receivable	1,539
Deferred income taxes 2,525	2,525
Total current assets 60,313	46,585
Property, plant, and equipment, net 33,075	20,888
Investment in Limoneira 44,079	48,962
Investment in Maui Fresh, LLC 613	403
Goodwill 3,591	3,591
Other assets 7,996	7,589
\$ 149,667 \$	128,018
Liabilities and shareholders equity	
Current liabilities:	
Payable to growers \$ 14,872 \$	2,414
Trade accounts payable 3,176	2,643
Accrued expenses 18,442	12,227
Income tax payable 376	
Short-term borrowings 5,830	6,630
Dividend payable	5,030
Current portion of long-term obligations 1,362	1,307
Total current liabilities 44,058	30,251
Long-term liabilities:	
Long-term obligations, less current portion 21,672	13,106
Deferred income taxes 8,773	10,658
Total long-term liabilities 30,445	23,764
Commitments and contingencies Shareholders equity: Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 100,000 shares authorized; 14,406 (2008) and	
14,371 (2007) issued and outstanding 14	14
Additional paid-in capital 38,496	38,068
Accumulated other comprehensive income 12,666	15,664

Retained earnings	23,988	20,257
Total shareholders equity	75,164	74,003
	\$ 149,667	\$ 128,018

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated condensed financial statements.

4

# CALAVO GROWERS, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED) (All amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three mor July		Nine months ended July 31,			
	2008	2007	2008	2007		
Net sales	\$ 96,903	\$91,307	\$ 267,921	\$217,700		
Cost of sales	89,211	82,680	246,906	192,998		
Gross margin	7,692	8,627	21,015	24,702		
Selling, general and administrative	5,301	4,803	14,752	14,162		
Operating income	2,391	3,824	6,263	10,540		
Interest expense	(366)	(315)	(1,060)	(996)		
Other income, net	248	68	907	456		
Income before provision for income taxes	2,273	3,577	6,110	10,000		
Provision for income taxes	884	1,355	2,377	3,860		
Net income	\$ 1,389	\$ 2,222	\$ 3,733	\$ 6,140		
Net income per share:						
Basic	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.43		
Diluted	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.43		
Number of shares used in per share computation:						
Basic	14,405	14,300	14,394	14,295		
Diluted	14,467	14,452	14,494	14,399		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated condensed financial statements.

.

# CALAVO GROWERS, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED) (All amounts in thousands)

	Three months ended July 31,		Nine months ende July 31,		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Net income	\$ 1,389	\$ 2,222	\$ 3,733	\$ 6,140	
Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax: Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during period Income tax (expense) benefit related to items of other	864	(3,457)	(4,883)	19,706	
comprehensive income (loss)	(334)	1,331	1,885	(7,466)	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	530	(2,126)	(2,998)	12,240	
Comprehensive income	\$ 1,919	\$ 96	\$ 735	\$ 18,380	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated condensed financial statements.

6

# CALAVO GROWERS, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Nine months ended Ju 31,			uly	
		2008	,	20	07
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Net income	\$	3,733	\$	6	5,140
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		1,795		1	1,812
Provision for losses on accounts receivable		59			332
Income from Maui Fresh LLC		(210)			(109)
Stock based compensation		14			14
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		70			
Effect on cash of changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable		(7,801)		(9	9,430)
Inventories, net		(7,636)			2,745)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		509			1,249)
Advances to suppliers		401			(369)
Income taxes receivable		1,657		1	1,689
Other assets		193			89
Payable to growers		12,458		(	5,384
Trade accounts payable and accrued expenses		2,034			2,236)
Income taxes payable		376		(-	2,200)
meome wites payable		570			
Net cash provided by operating activities		7,652			322
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		7,002			0
Loan to Agricola Belher		(750)		C	3,700)
Agricola Belher collections		1,000		(-	,,,,,,,
Acquisitions of and deposits on property, plant, and equipment		(1,670)		C	2,576)
Acquisition of Hawaiian Sweet and Hawaiian Pride, net of cash acquired		(5,030)		(2	2,370)
requisition of the wanten 5 weet and the wanten 1 flee, not of easir dequired		(3,030)			
Net cash used in investing activities		(6,450)		(6	5,276)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		(0, 100)		(,	, <u> </u>
Payment of dividend to shareholders		(5,032)		(4	4,573)
Proceeds from borrowings, net		4,200			9,226
Exercise of stock options		296		-	64
Collection on notes receivable from shareholders		270			2,430
Payments on long-term obligations		(1,320)		-	2,130
1 dynicitis on long-term congations		(1,320)			
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(1,856)		7	7,147
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(654)			1,193
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		967			50
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	313	\$	]	1,243

### **Noncash Investing and Financing Activities:**

Tax benefit related to stock option exercise	\$ 118	\$ 3
Capital lease obligation	\$ 1,125	\$
Unrealized holding gains (losses)	\$ (4,883)	\$ 19,707

In May 2008, we acquired all of the outstanding shares of Hawaiian Sweet, Inc. and all ownership interests of Hawaiian Pride, LLC for approximately \$5.0 million, as well as approximately \$7.7 million in deferred and contingent consideration, plus acquisition costs of approximately \$0.2 million. See Note 8 for further explanation. The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the non-cash assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition.

(in thousands)	2008
Current assets	\$ 1,303
Fixed assets	10,947
Intangible assets	1,310
Total non-cash assets acquired	13,560
Current liabilities assumed	809
Deferred and contingent consideration	7,721
Net non-cash assets acquired	\$ 5,030

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated condensed financial statements.

7

# CALAVO GROWERS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 1. Description of the business

### **Business**

Calavo Growers, Inc. (Calavo, the Company, we, us or our) procures and markets avocados and other perishable commodities and prepares and distributes processed avocado products. Our expertise in marketing and distributing avocados, processed avocados, and other perishable foods allows us to deliver a wide array of fresh and processed food products to food distributors, produce wholesalers, supermarkets, and restaurants on a worldwide basis. We procure avocados principally from California, Mexico, and Chile. Through our operating facilities in southern California, Texas, New Jersey, Arizona, and Mexico, we sort, pack, and/or ripen avocados for distribution both domestically and internationally. Additionally, we also distribute other perishable foods, such as Hawaiian grown papayas, and prepare processed avocado products. We report our operations in two different business segments: (1) fresh products and (2) processed products.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments, consisting of adjustments of a normal recurring nature necessary to present fairly the Company s financial position, results of operations and cash flows. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for a full year. These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2007.

### **Uncertain Tax Positions**

In November 2007, we adopted the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109, (FIN 48) which provides a financial statement recognition threshold and measurement attribute for a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Under FIN 48, a company may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position should be measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. FIN 48 also provides guidance on derecognition of income tax assets and liabilities, classification of current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, accounting for interest and penalties associated with tax positions, and income tax disclosures. The adoption of FIN 48 did not impact our financial position or results of operations.

We are subject to income taxes in both the United States and Mexico. In the ordinary course of our business, there are many transactions and calculations in which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain and significant judgment is required in determining our worldwide provision for income taxes. Although we believe our tax estimates are reasonable, the final determination of tax audits could be different than that which is reflected in historical income tax provisions and accruals. We do not expect our uncertain tax positions to otherwise change materially over the next twelve months. We file U.S., state and foreign income returns in jurisdictions with varying statutes of limitation. The fiscal years 2003 through 2007 generally remain subject to examination by federal and most state tax authorities.

8

### **Table of Contents**

### Recent Accounting Standards

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 163, Accounting for Financial Guarantee Insurance Contracts. The new standard clarifies how FASB Statement No. 60, Accounting and Reporting by Insurance Enterprises, applies to financial guarantee insurance contracts issued by insurance enterprises, including the recognition and measurement of premium revenue and claim liabilities. It also requires expanded disclosures about financial guarantee insurance contracts. The Statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and all interim periods within those fiscal years, except for disclosures about the insurance enterprise s risk-management activities. Disclosures about the insurance enterprise s risk-management activities are effective the first period beginning after issuance of the Statement. We are currently assessing the impact the adoption will have on our financial position and results of operations and do not expect this adoption to have a material effect on our financial position or results of operations.

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 162, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* (SFAS 162). The new standard is intended to improve financial reporting by identifying a consistent framework, or hierarchy, for selecting accounting principles to be used in preparing financial statements that are presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for nongovernmental entities. SFAS 162 is effective 60 days following the SEC s approval of PCAOB amendments to AU Section 411, *The Meaning of Present fairly in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles*. We are currently evaluating the potential impact, if any, the adoption of SFAS 162 will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* (SFAS 161). SFAS 161 requires expanded disclosures regarding the location and amount of derivative instruments in an entity s financial statements, how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under SFAS 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, and how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity s financial position, operating results and cash flows. SFAS 161 is effective for periods beginning on or after November 15, 2008. We do not believe the adoption of SFAS 161 will have a significant impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements* (SFAS 160). This Statement amends Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51, *Consolidated Financial Statements*, to establish accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. SFAS 160 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. We will adopt SFAS 160 no later than the first quarter of fiscal 2010 and are currently assessing the impact the adoption will have on our financial position and results of operations.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141(R), *Business Combinations* (SFAS 141(R)). This Statement provides greater consistency in the accounting and financial reporting of business combinations. It requires the acquiring entity in a business combination to recognize all assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the transaction, establishes the acquiried fair value as the measurement objective for all assets acquired and liabilities assumed, and requires the acquirer to disclose the nature and financial effect of the business combination. SFAS 141(R) is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. We will adopt SFAS 141(R) no later than the first quarter of fiscal 2010 and are currently assessing the impact the adoption will have on our financial position and results of operations.

9

### **Table of Contents**

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*, which permits entities to choose to measure at fair value eligible financial instruments and certain other items that are not currently required to be measured at fair value. The standard requires that unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected be reported in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. SFAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We will adopt SFAS No. 159 no later than the first quarter of fiscal 2009. We are currently assessing the impact the adoption of SFAS No. 159 will have on our financial position and results of operations.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements. SFAS No. 157 establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, clarifies the definition of fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 does not require any new fair value measurements. However, the application of SFAS No. 157 may change current practice for some entities. SFAS No. 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. In December 2007, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) FSP FAS 157-b, which provided a one-year deferral, until January 1, 2009, for the implementation of FAS 157 for non-financial assets and liabilities. The deferral is intended to provide the FASB additional time to consider the effects of various implementation issues that have arisen, or that may arise, from the application of FAS 157. We will adopt SFAS No. 157 in the first quarter of fiscal 2009. We are currently assessing the impact that the adoption of SFAS No. 157 will have on our financial position and results of operations.

### 2. Information regarding our operations in different segments

We report our operations in two different business segments: (1) fresh products and (2) processed products. These two business segments are presented based on how information is used by our president to measure performance and allocate resources. The fresh products segment includes all operations that involve the distribution of avocados grown both inside and outside of California, as well as the distribution of other non-processed, perishable food products. The processed products segment represents all operations related to the purchase, manufacturing, and distribution of processed avocado products. Additionally, selling, general and administrative expenses, as well as other non-operating income/expense items, are evaluated by our president in the aggregate. We do not allocate assets, or specifically identify them to, our operating segments. Prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

10

### **Table of Contents**

The following table sets forth sales by product category, by segment (in thousands):

	Nine months ended July 31, 2008			Nine months ended July 31, 2007				
	Fresh	Processed	TD 4.1	Fresh	Processed	75. 4. 1.		
mi i i i	products	products	Total	products	products	Total		
Third-party sales:	<b>4.71.626</b>	Φ.	<b>4. 51. 62.6</b>	<b>4.</b> 62.520	ф	ф. <b>62.52</b> 0		
California avocados	\$ 71,626	\$	\$ 71,626	\$ 62,530	\$	\$ 62,530		
Imported avocados	102,641		102,641	89,111		89,111		
Tomatoes	19,322		19,322	8,873		8,873		
Pineapples	11,744		11,744	19		19		
Papayas	5,456		5,456	3,726		3,726		
Diversified products	1,544		1,544	3,546		3,546		
Processed food service		28,733	28,733		27,913	27,913		
Processed retail and club		9,979	9,979		7,945	7,945		
Total fruit and product								
sales to third-parties	212,333	38,712	251,045	167,805	35,858	203,663		
Freight and other charges	22,629	1,117	23,746	19,761	497	20,258		
Total third-party sales	234,962	39,829	274,791	187,566	36,355	223,921		
Less sales incentives	(51)	(6,819)	(6,870)	(19)	(6,202)	(6,221)		
Total net sales to								
third-parties	234,911	33,010	267,921	187,547	30,153	217,700		
Intercompany sales	10,168	7,333	17,501	9,795	5,788	15,583		
Net sales before								
eliminations	\$ 245,079	\$ 40,343	285,422	\$ 197,342	\$ 35,941	233,283		
Intercompany sales								
eliminations			(17,501)			(15,583)		
Consolidated net sales			\$ 267,921			\$217,700		

	Three months ended July 31, 2008			Three months ended July 31, 2007			
	Fresh Processed			Fresh	<b>Processed</b>		
	products	products	Total	products	products	Total	
Third-party sales:							
California avocados	\$47,485	\$	\$ 47,485	\$40,665	\$	\$40,665	
Imported avocados	20,762		20,762	28,290		28,290	
Tomatoes	2,317		2,317	651		651	
Pineapples	3,890		3,890				
Papayas	1,661		1,661	1,266		1,266	
Diversified products	853		853	1,084		1,084	
Processed food service		10,014	10,014		10,894	10,894	
Processed retail and club		4,111	4,111		2,834	2,834	
	76,968	14,125	91,093	71,956	13,728	85,684	

Edgar Filing: CALAVO GROWERS INC - Form 10-Q

Total fruit and product sales to third-parties								
Freight and other charges	7,893		540	8,433	7,513		189	7,702
Total third-party sales	84,861		14,665	99,526	79,469		13,917	93,386
Less sales incentives	(33)		(2,590)	(2,623)	(2)		(2,077)	(2,079)
Total net sales to								
third-parties	84,828		12,075	96,903	79,467		11,840	91,307
Intercompany sales	2,064		2,527	4,591	3,178		2,181	5,359
Net sales before								
eliminations	\$ 86,892	\$	14,602	101,494	\$ 82,645	\$	14,021	69,666
Intercompany sales								
eliminations				(4,591)				(5,359)
Consolidated net sales				\$ 96,903				\$91,307
11								

### **Table of Contents**

N'	Fresh Processed Inter-segment Products products eliminations (All amounts are presented in thousand							
Nine months ended July 31, 2008 Net sales Cost of sales	\$ 245,079 230,846	\$ 40,343 33,561	\$ (17,501) (17,501)	\$ 267,921 246,906				
Gross margin	\$ 14,233	\$ 6,782		\$ 21,015				
Nine months ended July 31, 2007	Fresh Products	Processed products	Inter-segment eliminations	Total				
Net sales Cost of sales	\$ 197,342 180,899	\$ 35,941 27,682	\$ (15,583) (15,583)	\$ 217,700 192,998				
Gross margin	\$ 16,443	\$ 8,259		\$ 24,702				
Three months ended July 31, 2008	Fresh Products	Processed products	Inter-segment eliminations	Total				
Net sales Cost of sales	\$ 86,892 80,734	\$ 14,602 13,068	\$ (4,591) (4,591)	\$ 96,903 89,211				
Gross margin	\$ 6,158	\$ 1,534		\$ 7,692				
Three months ended July 31, 2007	Fresh Processe Products product		Inter-segment eliminations	Total				
Net sales Cost of sales	\$ 82,645 76,142	\$ 14,021 11,897	\$ (5,359) (5,359)	\$ 91,307 82,680				
Gross margin	\$ 6,503	\$ 2,124		\$ 8,627				
3. Inventories Inventories consist of the following (in thousands):								
			July 31, 2008	October 31, 2007				
Fresh fruit Packing supplies and ingredients Finished processed foods			\$ 8,313 3,359 5,266	\$ 3,884 2,389 2,086				
			\$ 16,938	\$ 8,359				

During the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2008 and 2007, we were not required to, and did not, record any provisions to reduce our inventories to the lower of cost or market.

### 4. Related party transactions

We sell papayas obtained from an entity previously owned by our Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and President. Sales of papayas procured from the related entity amounted to approximately \$4,383,000, and \$3,726,000 for the nine months ended July 31, 2008 and 2007, resulting in gross margins of approximately \$323,000 and \$354,000. Sales of papayas procured from the related entity amounted to approximately \$588,000, and \$1,226,000 for the three months ended July 31, 2008 and 2007, resulting in gross margins of approximately \$42,000 and \$136,000. Included in accrued liabilities is approximately \$438,000 at October 31, 2007 due to this entity. On May 30, 2008, we acquired all of the outstanding shares of this entity. See Note 8 for further discussion.

12

### **Table of Contents**

Certain members of our Board of Directors market avocados through Calavo pursuant to marketing agreements substantially similar to the marketing agreements that we enter into with other growers. During the three months ended July 31, 2008 and 2007, the aggregate amount of avocados procured from entities owned or controlled by members of our Board of Directors was \$6.0 million and \$4.1 million. During the nine months ended July 31, 2008 and 2007, the aggregate amount of avocados procured from entities owned or controlled by members of our Board of Directors was \$2.5 million and \$6.5 million. Amounts payable to these board members were \$2.4 million and \$0.2 million as of July 31, 2008 and October 31, 2007.

During the three months ended July 31, 2008 and 2007, we received \$0.1 million as dividend income from Limoneira. During the nine months ended July 31, 2008 and 2007, we received \$0.2 million as dividend income from Limoneira.

### 5. Other assets

At July 31, 2008, other assets in the accompanying consolidated condensed financial statements included the following intangible assets: customer-related, trade name and non-competition agreements of \$1.9 million (accumulated amortization of \$0.6 million) and brand name intangibles of \$0.3 million. The customer-related, trade name and non-competition agreements are being amortized over periods up to ten years. The intangible asset related to the brand name currently has an indefinite life and, as a result, is not currently subject to amortization. We anticipate recording amortization expense of approximately \$71,000 for the remainder of fiscal 2008, with \$196,000, \$166,000, 157,000, and \$143,000 of amortization expense for fiscal years 2009 through 2012. The remainder of approximately \$548,000 will be amortized over fiscal years 2013 through 2018. See Note 8.

### 6. Stock-Based Compensation

We have one active stock-based compensation plan under which employees and directors may be granted options to purchase shares of our common stock. Stock options are generally granted with exercise prices of not less than the fair market value at grant date, generally vest over one to five years and generally expire five years after the grant date. We settle stock option exercises with newly issued shares of common stock.

Our Employee Stock Option Purchase Plan has not had activity since fiscal 2002 and our Director Stock Option Plan was terminated in fiscal 2007.

We account for our stock option plans in accordance with SFAS No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payment*. Under SFAS No. 123(R), we are required to measure compensation cost for all stock-based awards at fair value on the date of grant and recognize compensation expense in our consolidated statements of operations over the service period that the awards are expected to vest. We measure the fair value of our stock based compensation awards on the date of grant.

In May 2008, our Board of Directors approved the issuance of options to acquire a total of 58,000 shares of our common stock to three members of our Board of Directors. Each grant vests in equal increments over a five-year period and have an exercise price of \$14.58 per share. Vested options have a term of five years from the vesting date. The market price of our common stock at the grant date was \$14.58. The estimated fair market value of such option grants was approximately \$184,000. The total compensation cost not yet recognized as of July 31, 2008 was approximately \$178,000, which will be recognized over the remaining service period of 58 months.

13

### **Table of Contents**

We measure the fair value of our stock option awards on the date of grant. The following assumptions were used in the estimated grant date fair value calculations for such stock options:

	2008
Risk-free interest rate	2.95%
Expected volatility	28.24%
Dividend yield	2.4%
Expected life (years)	4.0

A summary of stock option activity, related to our 2005 Stock Incentive Plan, is as follows (in thousands, except for per share amounts):

	Number of	Weigh	Aggregate Intrinsic				
	Shares	Exe	cise Price	Fair	r-Value		alue
Outstanding at October 31, 2007	333	\$	9.18				
Granted	58	\$	14.58	\$	3.18		
Exercised	(21)	\$	9.10				
Outstanding at July 31, 2008	370	\$	10.03			\$	426
Exercisable at July 31, 2008	296	\$	9.12			\$	610

At July 31, 2008, outstanding stock options had a weighted-average remaining contractual term of 3.0 years. At July 31, 2008, exercisable stock options had a weighted-average remaining contractual term of 2.1 years. The total cash received from employees/directors as a result of stock option exercises during the nine-month period ended July 31, 2008 totaled approximately \$0.3 million. The total recognized stock-based compensation expense was insignificant for the nine months ended July 31, 2008.

A summary of stock option activity, related to our Directors Stock Option Plan (which was terminated in fiscal 2007), is as follows (in thousands, except for per share amounts):

	Number of				
	Shares	Exerc	cise Price	$\mathbf{V}$	alue
Outstanding at October 31, 2007	49	\$	7.00		
Exercised	(12)	\$	7.00		
Forfeited	(21)	\$	7.00		
Outstanding at July 31, 2008	16	\$	7.00	\$	67
Exercisable at July 31, 2008	16	\$	7.00	\$	67

At July 31, 2008, outstanding and exercisable stock options had a weighted-average remaining contractual term of 0.4 years. The total cash received from non-employee directors as a result of stock option exercises during the nine months ended July 31, 2008 totaled \$0.1 million.

### 7. Other events

Dividend payment

In January 2008, we paid a \$0.35 per share dividend in the aggregate amount of \$5.0 million to shareholders of record on December 15, 2007.

14

### **Table of Contents**

### Capital Lease

In April 2008, we entered into a capital lease for various fixed assets related to our Swedesboro, New Jersey facility. The gross amount recorded in property, plant and equipment totaled approximately \$1.1 million as of July 31, 2008.

### Contingencies

Hacienda Suit We are currently under examination by the Mexican tax authorities (Hacienda) for the tax year ended December 31, 2000 and December 31, 2004. We have received assessments totaling approximately \$2.0 million and \$4.5 million from Hacienda related to the amount of income at our Mexican subsidiary. Subsequent to that initial assessment, the Hacienda offered a settlement of approximately \$400,000 related to the tax year 2000 assessment, which we declined. Based primarily on discussions with legal counsel and the evaluation of our claim, we maintain our belief that the Hacienda s position has no merit and that we will prevail. Accordingly, no amounts have been provided for in the financial statements as of July 31, 2008. We pledged our processed products building located in Uruapan, Michoacan, Mexico as collateral to Hacienda in regards to this assessment.

*IRS examination* We are currently under examination by the Internal Revenue Service for the year ended October 31, 2005. We do not believe that the settlement of such examination will have a material adverse impact on our financial statements.

From time to time, we are also involved in litigation arising in the ordinary course of our business that we do not believe will have a material adverse impact on our financial statements.

### Term Revolving Credit Agreement

In May 2008, we entered into a Term Revolving Credit Agreement (the Agreement ) with Farm Credit West, PCA. Under the terms of the Agreement, we are advanced funds for the purchase and installation of capital items and other corporate needs of the Company. Total credit available under the Agreement, which expires in February 2012, is now \$30 million, up from \$20 million. The credit facility contains various financial covenants, the most significant relating to working capital, tangible net worth (as defined), and Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) (as defined). We were in compliance with all such covenants at July 31, 2008.

### 8. Business Acquisitions

Calavo and Lecil E. Cole, Suzanne Cole-Savard, Guy Cole, Eric Weinert, and Lecil E. Cole and Mary Jeanette Cole, as trustees of the Lecil E. and Mary Jeanette Cole Revocable Trust dated October 19, 1993 (the Cole Trust ) (collectively, the Sellers ), have entered into an Acquisition Agreement, dated May 19, 2008 (the Acquisition Agreement ), which sets forth the terms and conditions pursuant to which Calavo purchased all of the outstanding shares of Hawaiian Sweet, Inc. (HS) and all ownership interests of Hawaiian Pride, LLC (HP). HS and HP engage in tropical-product packing and processing operations in Hawaii. The Acquisition Agreement provides, among other things, that as a result of the Acquisition Agreement, Calavo shall make an initial purchase price payment in the aggregate amount of \$3,500,000 for both entities. Calavo made the initial payment on May 20, 2008. Calavo shall also make two additional annual payments, ranging from \$2,500,000 to \$4,500,000, based on certain operating results (the Earn-Out Payment(s)), as defined. Mr. Cole is President, Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Directors of Calavo. Pursuant to SFAS 141, *Business Combinations*, we recorded approximately \$7.7 million as a liability related to deferred and contingent consideration to the Sellers, of which \$3.9 million is recorded in accrued expenses and \$3.8 million is recorded in long-term obligations, less current portion.

The first Earn-Out Payment to be made by Calavo will be adjusted if the aggregate working capital ( WC ) of HS and HP does not equal \$700,000 as of the closing date. In the event that WC is less than \$700,000, Calavo shall

15

### **Table of Contents**

reduce its first Earn-Out payment by an amount equal to the difference between \$700,000 and the closing date aggregate working capital of HS and HP. In the event that WC is greater than \$700,000, Calavo shall increase its first Earn-Out payment by an amount equal to the difference between \$700,000 and the closing date aggregate working capital of HS and HP.

Pursuant to the Acquisition Agreement, the transaction closed on May 30, 2008.

Concurrently with the execution of the Acquisition Agreement, Calavo and the Cole Trust have entered into an Agreement and Escrow Instructions for Purchase and Sale of Real Property (the Real Estate Contract ), dated the same date as the acquisition agreement, pursuant to which Calavo purchased from the Cole Trust approximately 727 acres of agricultural land located in Pahoa, Hawaii for a purchase price of \$1,500,000, which Calavo delivered on May 19, 2008. The Real Estate Contract also closed on May 30, 2008.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition (in thousands). We obtained third-party valuations for the long-term assets acquired.

### At May 30, 2008

Current assets Property, plant, and equipment Intangible assets	\$ 1,498 10,947 1,310
Total assets acquired	13,755
Current liabilities	(809)
Net assets acquired Deferred consideration	12,946 (4,709)
Contingent consideration	(3,012)
Net cash paid as of May 30, 2008	\$ 5,225

Of the \$1,310,000 of intangible assets, \$1,140,000 was assigned to customer contract/relationships with a weighted average life of 8 years, \$100,000 to trade names with an average life of 8 years and \$70,000 to non-competition agreements with an average life of 3 years.

16

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This information should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements and the notes thereto included in this Quarterly Report, and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2007 of Calavo Growers, Inc. (we, Calavo, or the Company). Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current period presentation.

### **Recent Developments**

Dividend payment

In January 2008, we paid a \$0.35 per share dividend in the aggregate amount of \$5.0 million to shareholders of record on December 15, 2007.

Capital Lease

In April 2008, we entered into a capital lease for various fixed assets related to our Swedesboro, New Jersey facility. The gross amount recorded in property, plant and equipment totaled approximately \$1.1 million as of July 31, 2008.

Contingencies

Hacienda Suit We are currently under examination by the Mexican tax authorities (Hacienda) for the tax year ended December 31, 2000 and December 31, 2004. We have received assessments totaling approximately \$2.0 million and \$4.5 million from Hacienda related to the amount of income at our Mexican subsidiary. Subsequent to that initial assessment, the Hacienda offered a settlement of approximately \$400,000 related to the tax year 2000 assessment, which we declined. Based primarily on discussions with legal counsel and the evaluation of our claim, we maintain our belief that the Hacienda s position has no merit and that we will prevail. Accordingly, no amounts have been provided for in the financial statements as of July 31, 2008. We pledged our processed products building located in Uruapan, Michoacan, Mexico as collateral to Hacienda in regards to this assessment.

*IRS examination* We are currently under examination by the Internal Revenue Service for the year ended October 31, 2005. We do not believe that the settlement of such examination will have a material adverse impact on our financial statements.

From time to time, we are also involved in litigation arising in the ordinary course of our business that we do not believe will have a material adverse impact on our financial statements.

Term Revolving Credit Agreement

In May 2008, we entered into a Term Revolving Credit Agreement (the Agreement ) with Farm Credit West, PCA. Under the terms of the Agreement, we are advanced funds for the purchase and installation of capital items and other corporate needs of the Company. Total credit available under the Agreement, which expires in February 2012, is now \$30 million, up from \$20 million. The credit facility contains various financial covenants, the most significant relating to working capital, tangible net worth (as defined), and Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) (as defined). We were in compliance with all such covenants at July 31, 2008.

### **Table of Contents**

### **Business Acquisitions**

Calavo and Lecil E. Cole, Suzanne Cole-Savard, Guy Cole, Eric Weinert, and Lecil E. Cole and Mary Jeanette Cole, as trustees of the Lecil E. and Mary Jeanette Cole Revocable Trust dated October 19, 1993 (the Cole Trust ) (collectively, the Sellers ), have entered into an Acquisition Agreement, dated May 19, 2008 (the Acquisition Agreement ), which sets forth the terms and conditions pursuant to which Calavo purchased all of the outstanding shares of Hawaiian Sweet, Inc. (HS) and all ownership interests of Hawaiian Pride, LLC (HP). HS and HP engage in tropical-product packing and processing operations in Hawaii. The Acquisition Agreement provides, among other things, that as a result of the Acquisition Agreement, Calavo shall make an initial purchase price payment in the aggregate amount of \$3,500,000 for both entities. Calavo made the initial payment on May 20, 2008. Calavo shall also make two additional annual payments, ranging from \$2,500,000 to \$4,500,000, based on certain operating results (the Earn-Out Payment(s)), as defined. Mr. Cole is President, Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Directors of Calavo. Pursuant to SFAS 141, *Business Combinations*, we recorded approximately \$7.7 million as a liability related to deferred and contingent consideration to the Sellers, of which \$3.9 million is recorded in accrued expenses and \$3.8 million is recorded in long-term obligations, less current portion.

The first Earn-Out Payment to be made by Calavo will be adjusted if the aggregate working capital ( WC ) of HS and HP does not equal \$700,000 as of the closing date. In the event that WC is less than \$700,000, Calavo shall reduce its first Earn-Out payment by an amount equal to the difference between \$700,000 and the closing date aggregate working capital of HS and HP. In the event that WC is greater than \$700,000, Calavo shall increase its first Earn-Out payment by an amount equal to the difference between \$700,000 and the closing date aggregate working capital of HS and HP.

Pursuant to the Acquisition Agreement, the transaction closed on May 30, 2008.

Concurrently with the execution of the Acquisition Agreement, Calavo and the Cole Trust have entered into an Agreement and Escrow Instructions for Purchase and Sale of Real Property (the Real Estate Contract), dated the same date as the acquisition agreement, pursuant to which Calavo purchased from the Cole Trust approximately 727 acres of agricultural land located in Pahoa, Hawaii for a purchase price of \$1,500,000, which Calavo delivered on May 19, 2008. The Real Estate Contract also closed on May 30, 2008.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition (in thousands). We obtained third-party valuations for the long-term assets acquired.

### At May 30, 2008

Current assets	\$ 1,498
Property, plant, and equipment	10,947
Intangible assets	1,310
Total assets acquired	13,755
Current liabilities	(809)
Net assets acquired	12,946
Deferred consideration	(4,709)
Contingent consideration	(3,012)
Net cash paid as of May 30, 2008	\$ 5,225

Of the \$1,310,000 of intangible assets, \$1,140,000 was assigned to customer contract/relationships with a weighted average life of 8 years, \$100,000 to trade names with an average life of 8 years and \$70,000 to non-competition agreements with an average life of 3 years.

Table of Contents

24

### **Table of Contents**

### Net Sales

The following table summarizes our net sales by business segment for each of the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2008 and 2007:

	Three m	onths ended ,	July 31,	Nine months ended July 31,				
(in thousands)	2008	Change	2007	2008	Change	2007		
Net sales to third-parties:								
Fresh products	\$ 84,828	6.7%	\$ 79,467	\$ 234,911	25.3%	\$ 187,547		
Processed products	12,075	2.0%	11,840	33,010	9.5%	30,153		
Total net sales	\$ 96,903	6.1%	\$91,307	\$ 267,921	23.1%	\$ 217,700		
As a percentage of net								
sales:								
Fresh products	87.5%		87.0%	87.7%		86.1%		
Processed products	12.5%		13.0%	12.3%		13.9%		
	100.0%		100.0%	100.0%		100.0%		

Net sales for the third quarter of fiscal 2008, compared to fiscal 2007, increased by \$5.6 million, or 6.1%; whereas net sales for the nine months ended July 31, 2008, compared to fiscal 2007, increased by \$50.2 million, or 23.1%. The increase in fresh product sales during the third quarter of fiscal 2008 was primarily related to increased sales in California sourced avocados, as well as increased sales from tomatoes and pineapples, partially offset by decreased sales in Mexican sourced avocados. The increase in fresh product sales during the nine months ended July 31, 2008 was primarily driven by increased sales related to California and Mexican sourced avocados, as well as increased tomato and pineapple sales. While the procurement of fresh avocados related to our fresh products segment is seasonal, our processed products business is generally not subject to a seasonal effect. For the related three and nine-month periods, the increase in net sales delivered by our processed products business was due primarily to an increase in total pounds of product sold and/or an increase in the net sales price.

Net sales to third parties by segment exclude value-added services billed by our Uruapan packinghouse and our Uruapan processing plant to the parent company. All intercompany sales are eliminated in our consolidated results of operations.

### Fresh products

Net sales delivered by the fresh products business increased by approximately \$5.4 million, or 6.7%, for the third quarter of fiscal 2008, when compared to the same period for fiscal 2007. This increase was primarily related to increased sales in California sourced avocados, as well as increased sales from tomatoes and pineapples, partially offset by decreased sales in Mexican sourced avocados.

California sourced avocado sales reflect a 7.5% increase in pounds of avocados sold, when compared to the same prior year period. This increase in pounds is primarily related to: (1) the timing of the delivery to the U.S. marketplace and (2) the expected increase in the overall harvest of the California avocado crop for the 2007/2008 season. Paradoxically, our market share of California avocados decreased to 27.3% in the third quarter of fiscal 2008, when compared to a 29.5% market share for the same prior year period. We believe this decrease is primarily related to a shift in the current year volume to growing areas where we do not command as significant a market share. The average selling price, on a per carton basis, of California avocados sold increased approximately 9.1% when compared to the same prior year period. We attribute some of this increase to the lower overall volume of avocados in the marketplace.

The volume of tomatoes and pineapples increased by approximately 0.2 million and 0.4 million cartons, or 174.4% and 100.0%, for our third fiscal quarter of 2008 when compared to the same prior year period. These increases were primarily related to improvements to the infrastructure/growing areas in fiscal 2008 (for the

19

### **Table of Contents**

tomatoes) and the new consignment and marketing agreement with Maui Pineapple Company, LTD (for the pineapples). Additionally, the average selling price, on a per carton basis, of tomatoes increased approximately 27.1% when compared to the same prior year period. We attribute some of this increase to increased demand for tomatoes in the U.S. marketplace.

Partially offsetting such increases, however, was a decrease in sales related to Mexican sourced avocados. For the 3<sup>rd</sup> fiscal quarter of 2008, as compared to the same prior period, the volume of Mexican fruit sold decreased by approximately 9.3 million pounds, or 36.7%. However, average selling prices, on a per carton basis, of Mexican avocados sold increased approximately 13.7%, when compared to the same prior year period. As discussed above, we attribute some of this increase in selling price to the lower overall volume of avocados in the marketplace. The decrease in pounds is primarily related to the expected, and, ultimately realized, smaller avocado crop in Mexico.

Net sales delivered by the business increased by approximately \$50.2 million, or 23.1%, for the nine months ended July 31, 2008, when compared to the same period for fiscal 2007. This increase was primarily driven by increased sales related to California and Mexican sourced avocados, increased tomato and pineapple sales, partially offset by decreased sales related to avocados sourced from Chile.

The average selling price, on a per carton basis, of Mexican avocados sold increased approximately 28.5% when compared to the same nine-month prior period. As discussed above, we attribute some of this increase to increased demand for avocados in the U.S. marketplace. Partially offsetting such increase, however, was a decrease in the volume of Mexican fruit sold, which decreased by approximately 6.7 million pounds, or 7.3%, when compared to the same nine-month prior period. The decrease in pounds was primarily related to the expected, and, ultimately realized, smaller avocado crop in Mexico.

California avocados sales reflect a 2.6% decrease in pounds of avocados sold, when compared to the same nine-month prior period. The decrease in pounds is primarily related to timing of the delivery to the U.S. marketplace, partially offset by the expected increase in the overall harvest of the California avocado crop for the 2008/2007 season. Our market share of California avocados decreased to 26.9% for the nine month period ending July 31, 2008, when compared to a 31.6% market share for the same prior year period. As discussed above, we believe this decrease is primarily related to a shift in the current year volume to growing areas where we do not command as significant a market share. The average selling price, on a per carton basis, of California avocados sold, however, increased approximately 17.9% when compared to the same prior year period. We attribute some of this increase to the lower overall volume of avocados in the marketplace.

The volume of tomatoes and pineapples increased by approximately 0.7 million and 1.3 million cartons, or 57.5% and 99.9%, when compared to the same nine-month prior period. These increases were primarily related to improvements to the Agricola Belher infrastructure/growing areas in fiscal 2008 (for the tomatoes) and the consignment and marketing agreement with Maui Pineapple Company, LTD (for the pineapples). Additionally, the average selling price, on a per carton basis, of tomatoes increased approximately 38.7% when compared to the same prior year period. We attribute some of this increase to increased demand for tomatoes in the U.S. marketplace.

We anticipate that net sales related to California sourced avocados, as well as tomatoes, to experience a seasonal decrease during our fourth fiscal quarter of 2008, as compared to the third fiscal quarter of 2008. We anticipate that net sales related to non-California sourced avocados to experience a seasonal increase in the fourth fiscal quarter of 2008, as compared to the third fiscal quarter of 2008.

20

### Processed products

For the quarter ended July 31, 2008, when compared to the same period for fiscal 2007, net sales increased by approximately \$0.2 million, or 2.0%. This increase is primarily related to a 14.1% increase in the average net selling price per pound during our third quarter of 2008, when compared to the same prior year period. Such increase was partially offset, however, by a 10.3% decrease in total pounds sold. The decrease in pounds sold primarily relates to a decrease in the sale of our food-service guacamole products, partially offset by an increase in retail guacamole products. The increase in the average net selling price was primarily related to a change in the sales mix, whereby we decreased the volume of certain lower net selling price items and/or increased the volume of higher net selling price items.

For the first nine-months ended July 31, 2008, when compared to the same period for fiscal 2007, net sales increased by approximately \$2.9 million, or 9.5%. This increase is primarily related to a 2.3% increase in total pounds sold, as well as a 7.1% increase in the average net selling price per pound for our first nine-months of 2008 when compared to the same prior year period. The increase in pounds sold primarily relates to an increase in the sale of our retail guacamole products, partially offset by a decrease in the sale of our foodservice guacamole products. The increase in the average net selling price was primarily related to a change in the sales mix, whereby we decreased the volume of certain lower net selling price items and/or increased the volume of higher net selling price items.

### **Gross Margins**

The following table summarizes our gross margins and gross profit percentages by business segment for each of the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2008 and 2007:

	Three n	nonths ended J	uly 31,	Nine months ended July 31,				
(in thousands)	2008	Change	2007	2008	Change	2007		
Gross margins:								
Fresh products	\$ 6,158	(5.3%)	\$ 6,503	\$ 14,233	(13.4%)	\$ 16,443		
Processed products	1,534	(27.8%)	2,124	6,782	(17.9%)	8,259		
Total gross margins	\$ 7,692	(10.8%)	\$ 8,627	\$ 21,015	(14.9%)	\$ 24,702		
Gross profit percentages:								
Fresh products	7.3%		8.2%	6.1%		8.8%		
Processed products	12.7%		17.9%	20.5%		27.4%		
Consolidated	7.9%		9.4%	7.8%		11.3%		

Our cost of goods sold consists predominantly of fruit costs, packing materials, freight and handling, labor and overhead (including depreciation) associated with preparing food products and other direct expenses pertaining to products sold. Gross margins decreased by approximately \$0.9 million, or 10.8%, and \$3.7 million, or 14.9%, for the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008, when compared to the same periods for fiscal 2007. These decreases were primarily attributable to gross margin deterioration in both our fresh products and processed products segments.

For the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008, as compared to the same prior year periods, gross margins related to our fresh products segment decreased. Such decreases were primarily driven by a significant increase in Mexican fruit costs. For the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008, we experienced a 27.0% and a 55.6% increase in the average fruit cost for Mexican sourced avocados. Such higher fruit costs were partially offset, however, by corresponding increases in the average sales prices of Mexican avocados. For the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2008, we experienced a 13.7% and 28.5% increase in the average sales price of Mexican sourced avocados. The significant increase in tomato volume, as well as the increase in the average net sales price for tomatoes, also positively impacted gross margins. Tomato sales volume increased 174.4% and 57.5% for the three and nine month periods ending July 31, 2008 when compared to the same prior period. Additionally,

21

### **Table of Contents**

the average net sales price for tomatoes increased 27.1% and 38.7% for the three and nine month periods ending July 31, 2008 when compared to the same prior period.

The processed products gross profit percentages for the first three and nine months of fiscal 2008, when compared to the same prior year period, decreased primarily as a result of higher Mexican fruit costs. Such was partially offset, however, by an increase in total pounds sold, and/or a shift in the sales mix to more profitable products. We anticipate that the gross profit percentage for our processed product segment will continue to experience significant fluctuations during the next fiscal quarter primarily due to the uncertainty of the cost of fruit that will be used in the production process.

### Selling, General and Administrative

	Three m	onths ended J	uly 31,	Nine months ended July 31,			
(in thousands)	2008	Change	2007	2008	Change	2007	
Selling, general and							
administrative	\$ 5,301	10.4%	\$ 4,803	\$ 14,752	4.2%	\$ 14,162	
Percentage of net sales	5.5%		5.3%	5.5%		6.5%	

Selling, general and administrative expenses include costs of marketing and advertising, sales expenses and other general and administrative costs. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$0.5 million, or 10.4%, for the three months ended July 31, 2008, when compared to the same period for fiscal 2007. This increase was primarily related to higher corporate costs, including, but not limited to, employee compensation costs (totaling approximately \$0.2 million), advertising expense (totaling approximately \$0.1 million), audit/SOX fees (totaling approximately \$0.2 million) and broker commissions (totaling approximately \$0.2 million). Such increases were partially offset, however, by lower bonus expense (totaling approximately \$0.2 million).

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$0.6 million, or 4.2%, for the nine months ended July 31, 2008, when compared to the same period for fiscal 2007. This increase was primarily related to higher corporate costs, including, but not limited to, employee compensation costs (totaling approximately \$0.6 million), broker commissions (totaling approximately \$0.4 million) and maintenance and repair expenses (totaling approximately \$0.2 million). Such increases were partially offset, however, by lower bonus expense (totaling approximately \$0.6 million).

### Other Income, net

	Three months ended July 31,						Nine months ended July 31,				
(in thousands)	2	008	Change	20	007	2	8008	Change	:	20	007
Other income, net	\$	248	264.7%	\$	68	\$	907	98.9	%	\$	456
Percentage of net sales		0.3%			0.1%		0.3%				0.2%

Other income, net, includes interest income and expense generated in connection with our financing and operating activities, as well as certain other transactions that are outside of the course of normal operations. For the three and nine-months months ended July 31, 2008, other income, net, includes dividend income of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million from Limoneira Company. For the three and nine months ended July 31, 2008, other income, net, includes \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million of income from Maui Fresh, LLC.

22

### **Provision for Income Taxes**

	Three	months ended .	July 31,	Nine months ended July 31,			
(in thousands)	2008	Change	2007	2008	Change	2007	
Provision for income taxes Percentage of income	\$ 884	(34.8%)	\$1,355	\$2,377	(38.4%)	\$3,860	
before provision for income taxes	38.9%		37.9%	38.9%		38.6%	

For the first nine months of fiscal 2008, our provision for income taxes was \$2.4 million, as compared to \$3.9 million recorded for the comparable prior year period. We expect our effective tax rate to approximate 38.9% during fiscal 2008.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Cash provided by operating activities was \$7.7 million for the nine months ended July 31, 2008, compared to \$0.3 million for the similar period in fiscal 2007. Operating cash flows for the nine months ended July 31, 2008 reflect our net income of \$3.7 million, net non-cash items (depreciation and amortization, stock compensation expense, and income from Maui Fresh, LLC) of \$1.8 million and a net increase in the noncash components of our working capital of approximately \$2.2 million.

These working capital increases include an increase in payable to growers of \$12.5 million, an increase in trade accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$2.0 million, a decrease in income tax receivable of \$1.7 million, a decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets of \$0.5 million, a decrease in advances to suppliers of \$0.5 million, and an increase in income tax payable of \$0.4 million. These increases were partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable of \$7.8 million and an increase in inventory of \$7.6 million.

The increase in payable to growers is primarily related to an increase in California fruit delivered in the month of July 2008, as compared to October 2007. The increase in trade accounts payable and accrued expenses primarily reflects the current payable related to our acquisition of Hawaiian Sweet and Hawaiian Pride, as well as an increase in payables to foreign tomato and pineapple suppliers as of July 2008, as compared to October 2007. The decrease in income tax receivable primarily relates to income from operations through the nine months ended July 31, 2008. The increase in our accounts receivable balance, as of July 31, 2008, when compared to October 31, 2007, primarily reflects higher sales recorded in the month of July 2008, as compared to October 2007. The increase in inventory is primarily related to an increase in California fruit delivered in the month of July 2008, as compared to October 2007, and an increase in processed guacamole products.

Cash used in investing activities was \$6.5 million for the nine months ended July 31, 2008 and related principally to the acquisition of Hawaiian Sweet and Hawaiian Pride of \$5.0 million (see note 8 to the condensed, consolidated financial statements) and the purchase of property, plant and equipment items of \$1.7 million.

Cash used in financing activities was \$1.9 million for the nine months ended July 31, 2008, which related principally to the payment of a \$5.0 million dividend, as well as payments on long-term obligations totaling \$1.3 million. Such proceeds were partially offset, however, by proceeds from borrowings on our lines of credit totaling \$4.2 million.

Our principal sources of liquidity are our existing cash reserves, cash generated from operations and amounts available for borrowing under our existing credit facilities. Cash and cash equivalents as of July 31, 2008 and October 31, 2007 totaled \$0.3 million and \$1.0 million. Our working capital at July 31, 2008 was \$16.3 million, compared to \$16.3 million at October 31, 2007. Our working capital remained consistent from October 31, 2007.

We believe that cash flows from operations and available credit facilities will be sufficient to satisfy our future capital expenditures, grower recruitment efforts, working capital and other financing requirements. We will

### **Table of Contents**

continue to evaluate grower recruitment opportunities and exclusivity arrangements with food service companies to fuel growth in each of our business segments. In May 2008 and October 2007, we renewed and/or extended our non-collateralized, revolving credit facilities with Farm Credit West, PCA and Bank of America, N.A. These two credit facilities expire in February 2012 and July 2009. Under the terms of these agreements, we are advanced funds for both working capital and long-term productive asset purchases. Total credit available under these combined borrowing agreements was \$40 million, with a weighted-average interest rate of 3.6% and 5.8% at July 31, 2008 and October 31, 2007. Under these credit facilities, we had \$13.6 million and \$10.6 million outstanding as of July 31, 2008 and October 31, 2007, of which \$7.8 million was classified as a long-term liability as of July 31, 2008 and October 31, 2007. These credit facilities contain various financial covenants, the most significant relating to working capital, tangible net worth (as defined), and Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) (as defined). We were in compliance with all such covenants at July 31, 2008.

### **Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

See footnote 1 to the consolidated condensed financial statements that are included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-O.

24

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, payable to growers, accounts payable, current and long-term borrowings pursuant to our credit facilities with financial institutions, and long-term, fixed-rate obligations. All of our financial instruments are entered into during the normal course of operations and have not been acquired for trading purposes. The table below summarizes interest rate sensitive financial instruments and presents principal cash flows in U.S. dollars, which is our reporting currency, and weighted-average interest rates by expected maturity dates, as of July 31, 2008.

		Expected maturity date July 31,						г.
(All amounts in thousands) Assets	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	Thereafter	Total	Fair Value
Cash and cash equivalents								
(1)	\$ 313	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 313	\$ 313
Accounts receivable (1)	34,079						34,079	34,079
Liabilities								
Payable to growers (1)	\$14,872	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$14,872	\$14,872
Accounts payable (1)	3,176						3,176	3,176
Current borrowings pursuant to credit facilities								
(1)	5,830						5,830	5,830
Long-term borrowings								
pursuant to credit facilities								
(2)		1,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	9,000	10,133
Fixed-rate long-term								
obligations (3)	42	5,286	5,199	1,371	1,374	4,684	17,956	18,414

(1) We believe the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable. advances to suppliers, payable to growers, accounts payable, and current borrowings pursuant to credit facilities approximate their fair value due to the short maturity of these financial instruments.

(2)

Long-term borrowings pursuant to our credit facility bears interest at 6.4%. We believe that a portfolio of loans with a similar risk profile would currently yield a return of 3.2%. We project the impact of an increase or decrease in interest rates of 100 basis points would result in a change of fair value by approximately \$369,000.

### (3) Fixed-rate

long-term

obligations bear

interest rates

ranging from

3.8% to 5.7%

with a

weighted-average

interest rate of

4.8%. We believe

that loans with a

similar risk profile

would currently

yield a return of

4.2%. We project

the impact of an

increase or

decrease in

interest rates of

100 basis points

would result in a

change of fair

value of

approximately

\$620,000.

We were not a party to any derivative instruments during the fiscal year. It is currently our intent not to use derivative instruments for speculative or trading purposes. Additionally, we do not use any hedging or forward contracts to offset market volatility.

Our Mexican-based operations transact business in Mexican pesos. Funds are transferred by our corporate office to Mexico on a weekly basis to satisfy domestic cash needs. Consequently, the spot rate for the Mexican peso has a moderate impact on our operating results. However, we do not believe that this impact is sufficient to warrant the use of derivative instruments to hedge the fluctuation in the Mexican peso. Total foreign currency gains and losses for each of the three years in the period ended October 31, 2007 do not exceed \$0.1 million.

25

### **Table of Contents**

### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act ), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

There were no changes in the Company s internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended July 31, 2008 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

26

### **Table of Contents**

# PART II. OTHER INFORMATION ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved in litigation in the ordinary course of business, none of which we believe will have a material adverse impact on our financial position or results from operations.

27

### **Table of Contents**

### **ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

- 10.1 Amendment to Business Loan Agreement dated October 15, 2007 between Calavo Growers, Inc. and Bank of America, N.A.
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 7241, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 7241, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32 Certification by Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

28

### **Table of Contents**

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Calavo Growers, Inc.

(Registrant)

Date: September 8, 2008 By /s/ Lecil E. Cole

Lecil E. Cole

Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and President

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: September 8, 2008 By /s/ Arthur J. Bruno

Arthur J. Bruno

Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial

Officer

and Corporate Secretary (Principal Financial Officer)

29

### **Table of Contents**

### INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1	Amendment to Business Loan Agreement dated October 15, 2007 between Calavo Growers, Inc. and Bank of America, N.A.
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 7241, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 7241, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32	Certification by Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
	30